

TEST LAB	Waters Lab	TEST DATE	01/14/11	DATE	03/03/11	CUSTOMER NAME						
Field I.D.	FLD: 1A & 2B			CROP	FIELD CORN	JD Dairy						
Base Ca	Base Mg	Base K	Ca	Mg	K	P Lb/A	S Lb/A	B Lb/A	Zn Lb/A	Mn Lb/A	Fe Lb/A	Cu Lb/A
0.80	0.10	0.005	Calculated Using Base Sat.			204	16	0.62	27.5	13.0	26.0	48.91
Gypsum	Hi Cal	Dolomite	Ca	Mg	K	P	S	B	Zn	Mn	Fe	Cu
			(282.2)	42.9	113.4	(103.5)	28.0	0.38	(21.5)	13.0	(6.0)	(48.11)
CEC	pH	CEC #.	Base Saturation % vs CEC			CCS	ENTER LB/AC		FIELD CORN YIELD			
4.8	7.2	1.0	Ca	Mg	K		NITROGEN OVERRIDE		218	BUSHEL/AC		230
			0.65	0.14	0.035		POTASSIUM OVERRIDE		143	PHOSPHORUS OVERRIDE		
Production Nutrient Requirements in						Lbs/Ac Per Year			CCS		LCD	21.5
NUTRIENTS		N	P ₂ O ₅	K ₂ O	Ca	Mg	S	B	Zn	Mn	Fe	Cu
SOIL BASE NEEDS		40	(237)	136	(282)	42.9	28.0	0.380	(21.47)	13.00	(6.00)	(48.11)
CROP FACTOR		218	105	143	40	29	27	0.200	1.00	2.00	2.00	0.20
TOTAL REQUIRED		258	(66)	279	(243)	72.0	54.9	0.580	(20.5)	15.0	(4.0)	(47.91)
LB/AC	ANALYSIS	12.0		13.0		3.4	2.6	0.027		0.70		
70	3-18-18 St. PopUp L	2.1	12.6	12.6								
16,000	DAIRY MANURE	47.1	11.1	17.9	18.8	3.31	6.67		0.26	0.21	0.65	0.10
120	32-0-0	38.4										
1	MAP D	0.11	0.52									
10	FOLIAR-CAL				1.0			0.002	0.005			
1,900	9-0-13 S SD 1&2	171		247		19.0	47.5	0.665		14.82		
TOTAL ADDED NUT.		259	24	277	19.8	22.3	54.2	0.7	0.3	15.0	0.6	0.10
TOTAL NUTRITNE STATUS		(1)	(90)	2	(262.5)	49.7	0.7	(0.087)	(20.73)	(0.03)	(4.65)	(48.01)
NOTE	ST=Starter, F=Foliar, SD=Sidedress, L=Liquid, D=Dry, PLT=At Planting, D=Dry, Pop-Up = Starter, S = Suspension									If P ₂ O ₅ starter enter 1		1
Depending on previous crop, Nitrogen suggestions may be adjusted at planting or during side dress applications.												
If substituted materials are used adjust the rates to meet the nutrient goals for the target corn yield. The base saturation calcium is very important, especially if higher yields are expected.												
Base Saturation Calcium is fine for these fields. Magnesium levels are low and it will be added to the 9-0-13 Suspension Blend. Other trace minerals will also be added to this blend. The 3-18-18 Starter (pop-up) fertilizer should be applied side-dressed along with seeding to provide the young plant nutrients to establish the initial seminal and first primary roots. The 9-0-13 can then be applied in two additional applications. The 32-0-0 UAN solution can be side-dressed to maximize plant growth at the last practical time capable of side-dressing the corn.												

DATE	3/3/2011	FERTILIZER BLEND ANALYSIS FROM CALCULATION SHEET										PAGE 2	
TEST DATE	1/14/2011	Field I.D.	FLD: 1A & 2B					CUSTOMER	JD Dairy				
TOTAL REQUIRED		N	P ₂ O ₅	K ₂ O	Ca	Mg	S	B	Zn	Mn	Fe	Cu	
		258	(66)	279	(243)	72	55	0.580	(20.47)	15.00	(4.00)	(47.905)	
LB/AC	ANALYSIS	12		13		3.4	2.6	0.027		0.70			
	9-24-0 L PLT	9%	24%				3.0%	0.040%					
70	3-18-18 St. PopUp L	3%	18%	18%									
	9-24-4 St. L	9%	24%	4%				0.040%				0.020%	
	5-0-20 KTS F	5%		20%			13.0%						
16,000	DAIRY MANURE	0.295%	0.069%	0.112%	0.118%	0.021%	0.042%		0.002%	0.001%	0.004%	0.001%	
	TIGER 90						90.0%						
	Poultry Lit	1.9%	0.7%	2.1%	0.35%	0.12%	0.10%		0.011%	0.013%		0.013%	
120	32-0-0	32%											
	APP L ST	11%	37%										
	Tech Mangam D						17.0%			25.00%			
	0-0-21 SPM D			22%		11.0%	21.5%						
	3-18-18 F	3%	18%	18%									
	8-0-8 SD L	8%		8%		0.6%		0.040%	0.20%	0.30%	0.20%		
	DAP D	18%	46%										
	TSP D		46%										
1	MAP D	11%	52%										
10	FOLIAR-CAL				10.0%			0.020%	0.05%				
1,900	9-0-13 S SD 1&2	9.00%		13.00%		1.00%	2.50%	0.035%		0.78%			
NUTRIENTS FROM BLENDS		259	24	277	20	22	54	0.667	0.27	15.03	0.65	0.103	
COMBINED NUT. STATUS		(1)	(90)	2	(263)	50	1	(0.087)	(20.73)	(0.03)	(4.65)	(48.008)	
NOTES	NUTRIENTS	N	P ₂ O ₅	K ₂ O	Ca	Mg	S	B	Zn	Mn	Fe	Cu	
PART I - Calcium levels are fine, therefore, no limestone or gypsum is needed. 3-18-18 is recommended at 70 lb/ac as a starter pop-up material to provide the young corn seedling sufficient nutrients to establish the seminal and first set of primary roots. The 9-0-13 Suspension should be applied in split applications with the first application when the corn plants are 5 - 6" tall and then again in three weeks. The 32-0-0 UAN can be applied as a final application to increase biomass for ensilage. The Foliar Cal can be used if the corn stand is exceptional to increase grain content. If the first tissue test shows adequate calcium and boron this application is not needed. The Dairy Manure nutrient credits were provided by inclusion of the current analysis with application of 8 tons of manure. If more is applied, we need to adjust this information in the program. The total nutrients are provided to support ~ 230 bushels of corn/acre or ~ 22 - 25 Tons of ensilage (35% Dry Matter content) per acre. Plant population should be ~ 28 - 33 thousand/acre for optimum yields.					No express or implied guarantee or warranty is made with this program. It is strongly suggested that seasonal soil and tissue testing be conducted to insure crop nutrient levels are adequate. Irrigation testing will also help prevent/solve problems.			NO LIMING MATERIAL IS NEEDED					
								Average pH of the soil is 7.2 and Tiger-90 is needed for this					
								I DON'T FORGET IRRIGATION SUITABILITY TESTING !					
					PART II - Initiate tissue testing when corn plants have 4 - 6 leaves and again pre tassel. Foliar apply at 1.0 gal/acre the FOLIAR-CAL +Zn prior to tassels peaking above the whorl for silage or grain production, and repeat in two weeks if the crop will be harvested for grain. Foliar Manganese, Iron and other T.M.'s should be made if tissue testing indicates. Additional nutrients may be required based on environmental conditions, corn projected yield and variety. It is very important to initiate tissue testing timely to meet plant needs. IF DAIRY MANURE HAS BEEN ADDED TO THE SOIL, ADJUST THE INPUTS OF THE SUGGESTED BLENDS ACCORDINGLY. FOLLOW BMP GUIDELINES TO PREVENT LEACHING AND GROUND WATER CONTAMINATION.								

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

No Dolomitic Limestone is required for this program. The Manure rate of 16,000 lb/ac was included. See the Dairy Manure Availability chart for information on available nutrients from Dakin Dairy sample as submitted on the report heading. Environmental conditions, irrigation water and overall nutrient status of the corn will determine the effective utilization rates/efficiencies of applied materials. It is very important to not apply materials (especially Nitrogen and Phosphorus) above rates to support the corn silage crop in question. Refer to the "WHEN TO FERTILIZE CORN" worksheet for optimum timing of the side-dress 9-0-13 and 32% UAN. The 3-18-18 starter pop-up application should provide the young corn seedlings sufficient Nitrogen, Phosphorus and Potassium to reach the fourth leaf stage with no issues. First side-dressing should be timed when the corn plants are ~ 5 - 6 inches tall. The "CORN NUTRIENT GRAPH" will also show optimum timing for fertilizers to maximize yields.