In Texas, the **sale of nonprofit assets** is governed by a combination of state nonprofit corporation law (primarily **Texas Business Organizations Code, Title 2, Chapter 22**) and, in some cases, federal rules (IRS requirements for 501(c) entities). The key points depend on whether the transaction is **ordinary** (day-to-day operations) or a **fundamental change** (sale of substantially all assets). Here's a breakdown:

## 1. Routine Sale of Assets

- A nonprofit corporation may sell or lease assets in the regular course of business if authorized by its board of directors (unless restricted by the certificate of formation, bylaws, or special statutes).
- Example: Selling office furniture or surplus equipment does not usually require member approval.

## 2. Sale of Substantially All Assets

- If the nonprofit plans to sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets (not in the ordinary course of business):
  - **Board of Directors** must first adopt a resolution approving the sale.
  - If the nonprofit has **voting members**, the board must submit the resolution to the members for approval.
  - Approval Requirements:
    - Typically, a **two-thirds vote of members present** (unless the bylaws or certificate of formation set a different threshold).
    - If the nonprofit has no voting members, the **board alone** may authorize.
  - Notice must be given to members in advance, describing the proposed transaction.

(*Citation: Tex. Bus. Orgs. Code § 22.251 – § 22.256*)

SO YOU ARE STILL STUCK NEEDING 67% APPROVAL EVEN IF THE PLAN IS TO SELL THE CLUBHOUSE AND POOL. GOOD LUCK ON THAT!