

Coordinated White Mobbing: White Group Targeting Against White Individuals

Common in New England

What This Behavior Is Called

1. Collective Bullying or Mobbing

A group repeatedly targets one person through humiliation, exclusion, rumors, intimidation, or efforts to damage their reputation. In workplaces, this is often called workplace mobbing; in other settings, it may be called group bullying.

2. Social Ostracism and Exclusion

A group deliberately isolates someone, denies them acceptance, or encourages others to avoid them. When coordinated, exclusion can become a tool for social punishment.

3. Smear Campaigns and Reputational Aggression

People spread damaging allegations, rumors, or misleading portrayals to undermine someone's credibility, relationships, achievements, or standing in a community.

4. Scapegoating

A group singles out one individual and treats them as the source of a problem, directing hostility toward that person instead of addressing the actual issue.

5. Coordinated Harassment

Multiple people engage in repeated, targeted conduct intended to intimidate, distress, silence, or harm an individual. Whether it qualifies legally as harassment depends on the specific conduct and applicable law.

6. In-Group Favoritism and Out-Group Hostility

Social psychology studies how people favor those they perceive as members of their own group and may treat outsiders unfairly. When group identity is racial, this can involve racial prejudice or discrimination. However, the conduct of particular individuals should not automatically be attributed to an entire racial population.

7. Collective Aggression and Moral Justification

People sometimes rationalize harmful behavior by convincing themselves that the target deserves it. Group approval can reinforce this rationalization, making members feel that their actions are acceptable because others participate or approve.

Additional Characteristics

This behavior may include many forms of aggression. It often carries the energy of evil, which those involved feel is justified by their perceived reasoning. These groups are often guilty of other things, not just group mobbing, and may point fingers at individuals who see through their guilty behaviors. It is often a guilty team versus an innocent individual.

When highly volatile, may target individuals career, family or other and may resort to violence.