



**Job Description
Registered Nurse (RN)**

Position Requirements:

You must possess valid Registered Nursing License from the State of Ohio and demonstrate a minimum of six months of hands-on documented experience.
You must possess current CPR certification.

Position Description:

By signing below, you understand that Registered Nurses (RNs) promote and restore patients' health by collaborating with physicians and other team members, provide physical and psychological support to patients and their families and supervise assigned team members.

RNs identify patient care requirements by communicating with them and the family members in a position to understand their care requirements. As an RN, you provide emotional and psychological support to the patient, family and friends. RNs teach the patient to understand their condition and medications and answering questions.

RNs assure patients' quality of care by measuring health outcomes against the care goals and standards, recommending adjustments, following standards of care set by the Ohio Board of Nursing and the facility's requirements.

You are responsible for resolving patient needs and problems utilizing various team strategies and protocols and calling for assistance from health care support personnel. RNs assure the continuity between nursing teams by communicating information, responding to requests, building rapport and contributing to the team's effort and problem-solving methods.

RNs are responsible for documenting in both patient and department records and communicating actions and ongoing needs to support personnel.

RNs must be dressed appropriately, wear a photo ID badge at all times and maintain a clean and safe environment for the residents.

You acknowledge and understand that if there is an incident of any kind, that you are to immediately report it to your direct supervisor, complete an incident report and then report it to American Medical Personnel.

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Registered Nurse Skills Checklist

Please complete the following based upon your experience.

Description	Skill	Proficient	Observed	No Exp
Therapeutic Nursing Care	Enemas, rectal suppositories, fecal impaction, colostomy irrigation			
	Assessment & management of open wounds			
	Blood glucose testing devices			
	Gastrostomy tube			
	Catheter care, catheterization			
	Continuous bladder irrigation			
	External feedings			
	Insertion, care, of a gastrostomy tube			
	Insertion of suprapubic catheter			
	Nasogastric tube placement			
	Oil retention enema			
	Oral, nasopharyngeal, tracheostomy suction and care			
	Ostomy care			
	Seizure precautions			
	Suture removal			
	Wet or dry sterile dressing and wound irrigation			
Medications	SQ, IM injections, Z-Track			
	Administration of medications via nasogastric or gastrointestinal tube			
	Administration of potassium via IV infusion			
	Intermittent intravenous medication and IV therapy			
Oxygen	Arterial blood gas samples			
	Oxygen safety, therapy			
	Postural drainage			
Line Therapy	Administration of medication through Groshong, Hickman, Broviac, or epidural catheter			
	Blood administration			
	IV and central line dressing change			
	Irrigation of a Heparin lock			
	IV Gamma globulin administration			



Description	Skill	Proficient	Observed	No Exp
	Irrigation and obtaining blood specimens from a catheter			
	Picc lines, Port-a-cath system			
	Total parenteral nutrition, lipids			
Diagnostic Tests	Collection or culture of clean catch, foley, or urostomy urine specimen			
	Gastric analysis			
	Intermittent self-catheterization			
	Testing for occult blood in feces			
	Venipuncture for blood specimens			
Orthopedic Care	Care of patient with total hip replacement			
	Care of patient following total knee replacement			
	Care of patient in traction			
	Stump wrapping			
	Use of arm or leg splint			
Miscellaneous	Care of patient with heart conditions			
	Care of diabetic patient			
	Care of hemodialysis patient			
	Care of patient with acute myocardial infarction			
	Care of patient with Hypertension			
	Prevention and care of pressure or decubitus ulcers			
	Solutions for dilutions, reconstitutions, and irrigations			
	Teaching of self-injection of insulin			

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**In-service
Blood Borne Pathogens**

1. True False
Of all the blood borne pathogens, HBV is the major infectious hazard to healthcare workers.
2. True False
Blood borne pathogens may enter your body through accidental injury by a contaminated sharp object, through non-intact skin or via mucous membranes of your mouth, nose, or eyes.
3. True False
Your employer has a written exposure control plan mandated by OSHA that describes specific measure you and your facility take to minimize your risk of exposure to blood borne pathogens.
4. True False
Standard precautions provide you with a standard system of safeguards against blood borne infections.
5. True False
To be on the safe side, always wear personal protective equipment that covers your face, hands, and entire body.
6. True False
As long as your disposable, single-use gloves are not punctured, you can wash them on your hands with soap and running water for use with the next patient.
7. True False You should never eat, drink, apply cosmetics or lip balm, or handle contact lenses where exposures may occur.
8. True False
Discard contaminated sharps only in designated puncture-resistant containers.
9. True False
The biohazards signs on bags and containers designates contents contaminated with blood or other potentially infectious material
10. True False
If you have an accidental exposure, immediately wash exposed skin with soap and water or flush exposed mucous membranes with water, then report the incident to your supervisor

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**In-service
Elder Abuse and Neglect**

1. True False
If you position an elder incorrectly or force them to eat, you are physically abusing that person.
2. True False
It is never acceptable to restrain an elder chemically or physically for purposes of discipline or convenience.
3. True False
When an elder is treated like a child or an infant, they are being psychologically abused.
4. True False
Withholding adequate fluids or physical therapy or false teeth from a senior is considered physical neglect.
5. True False
When elders use their call bells inappropriately, you are not neglecting them if you take your time answering their calls.
6. True False
You are neglecting an elder if you leave them on the toilet for an extended period of time, even if you got busy and just forgot.
7. True False
Dehydration, decubitus ulcers, and poor personal hygiene may be signs of physical neglect.
8. True False
When you witness abuse, your primary concern is to report the abuser to prevent the abuse from happening again.
9. True False
When abuse or neglect is suspected, the elder should be assessed without the suspected abuser present.
10. True False
Failure to report observed or suspected abuse can result in a claim of negligence in some states.

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**In-service
HIPPA**

1. True False
The HIPPA Privacy Rule protects a patient's fundamental right to privacy and confidentiality.
2. True False
Protected Health Information (PHI) is anything that connects a patient to his or her health information.
3. True False
PHI is disclosed when it is shared, examined, applied, or analyzed.
4. True False
Authorization must be obtained for any use/disclosure of PHI for marketing purposes.
5. True False
After signing an authorization, the patient can decide to revoke it.
6. True False
You must obtain patient agreement to use/disclose PHI for public health activities related to disease prevention.
7. True False
In general, disclosure of PHI must be limited to the least amount needed to get the job done right.
8. True False
The Notice of Privacy Practices gives patients the right to request a history of routine disclosures.
9. True False
The Privacy Rule gives patients the right to take action if their privacy is violated.
10. True False
To protect patient confidentiality, learn about your facility's patient privacy rights and encourage others to do the same.

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**In-service
Infection Control**

1. True False
Both people and objects can be sources of infection.
2. True False
Newborns, elderly people, persons with weak immune systems and persons with chronic disease are especially susceptible to infection.
3. True False
Infection can enter your body through inhalation, your eyes, nose and mouth, a break in your skin or contaminated shared object.
4. True False
The longer someone is hospitalized, the less is his or her chance of acquiring an infection.
5. True False
Standard Precautions require that you treat all patients as though they may be infectious.
6. True False
Hand-washing is the single most important precaution for preventing the spread of infection.
7. True False
You should avoid unprotected mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
8. True False
If you avoid touching the outside of your gloves during their removal, you don't need to wash your hands.
9. True False
There is no specified order for PPE removal as long as you remove it before leaving the work area.
10. True False
You should never eat, drink, apply cosmetics or lip balm, or handle contact lenses where exposure to infection may occur.

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In-service Patient Rights

1. True False
Patients have a fundamental right to considerate healthcare that safeguards their dignity and respect their values.
2. True False
The Patient's Bill of Rights is legislated through state law and monitored by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO).
3. True False
Patients forfeit their right to be treated with respect and courtesy when they become demanding and impolite.
4. True False
Under HIPPA you are obligated to protect the privacy and confidentiality of all patient information.
5. True False
All persons providing any type of services to a patient must reveal their identity and professional status to the patient.
6. True False
When a patient refuses care, he or she is no longer entitled to other care or services provided by your facility.
7. True False
Your facility is required to have a system in place to advise patients of their right to an advance directive.
8. True False
Patients must be given access to healthcare regardless of national origin, race, age, religion, sex, creed, or sources of payment.
9. True False
Your facility must inform patients of their rights and responsibilities in receiving healthcare.
10. True False
Patients have the right to obtain an itemized explanation of the bills related to their healthcare.

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**In-service
Personal Protective Equipment**

1. True False
PPE can protect against infectious hazards like HIV, hepatitis B and infectious tuberculosis.
2. True False
You must use PPE that is designed to protect you against the specific hazards you face on the job.
3. True False
You don't have to wear gloves if you are allergic to latex.
4. True False
You should wash your hands before putting on gloves.
5. True False
It is not necessary to wash hands after removing gloves.
6. True False
A standard surgical mask provides adequate protection against infectious tuberculosis.
7. True False
You should wear goggles when working with hazardous chemicals.
8. True False
Lead-lined PPE shields the body from external beam radiation.
9. True False
You should wash your hands after working with radioactive materials.
10. True False
A good rule of thumb is to wear as much PPE as possible, whether you need it or not.

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