



*Dear Friends,*

*It gives me immense pleasure to share the Annual Report of GRAM VIKAS YUVA TRUST (GVYT) with all of you. The nature of governance with its inherent dynamics of Government and Non-Government mindsets and the professional execution of the negotiated mandate of the organization, make GRAM VIKASH YUVA TRUST a unique organization with unique character and this needs to be valued. Since the day of its establishment, the organization has been supporting remote and grass root communities to ensure decent conditions for life and work,*

*Today I am happy to mention considerable increase in efficiency and effectiveness of our work as well as involvement of new thrust area in our programs as a result of research and survey conducted by our organization. GRAM VIKAS YUVA TRUST is extremely happy for this performance and hopes to continue in the same spirit for years to come, bringing solace and prosperity to vulnerable.*

*I call upon our long-standing supporters to further strengthen GRAM VIKASH YUVA TRUST so that we can keep the organization relevant and live to the development needs of communities. Wish you all the Readers and the whole team a very happy and prosperous future.*

*Managing Director*

**VISION:-**

To establish a self-reliant society where there is no discrimination among people based on identity including caste, creed, sex, and religion.

This is laid on the principle of

- ❖ Legitimate rights,
- ❖ Equality,
- ❖ Justice,
- ❖ Honesty,
- ❖ Social sensitivity
- ❖ And self-Reliance.

### ***MISSION:-***

***“We mobilize, build capacity of, and empower the poorest of the poor, particularly women, so that they can access critical rights and supports such as health, education, income, and freedom from discrimination.”***

The main goal of our organization is to make planning for overall development of India. The exhaustive Planning will embrace all the sector development of mankind. Just as removal of illiteracy, provision of dissemination of information technology, provision of irrigation facilities for agriculture development. Provision of healthcenter, provision of safe drinking water and allied activities for sustainable development of the rural poor. Special focus on socio-economic condition of SC/ST and OBC, Disable persons and economically depressed classes of the society. In order to revolutionize the mass movement for development in agriculture green revolution programme will be taken up to change the entire scenario of the rural community.

### ***Legal Status:-***

- ✚ Registered under Indian trust Act-1882 at Madhubani and Bearing number-**7034/99-2000**.
- ✚ Registered under Foreign Contribution Regulation Act-1976 at New Delhi and bearing number - **031290107 dated-18.04.2018**.
- ✚ Registered under Income Tax 12 A bearing No.- **AAATG9641b24PT01 dated-09.07.2024**
- ✚ Registered under Income Tax80 G bearing No.- **AAATG9641b24PT02 dated-09.07.2024**
- ✚ Registered under TAN bearing No. - **PTNG07657G dated 29.04.2022**
- ✚ Registered under NITI Aayog bearing No. **BR/2018/0220817**

### Working Area:-

Work area in whole India.

Present operation district in Bihar state.

1. Madhubani
2. Darbhanga
3. Samastipur
4. Kishanganj
5. Sitamadhi

### Management:-

Sl. No.	Name	Designation	Experience
01.	Mrs. Priti Kumari	President	09 Years
02.	Mr. Narendra kumar Singh	Secretary	35 Years
03.	Mr. Chandan Kumar	Treasurer	22 Years
04.	Ms. Renuka Devi	Member	26 Years
05.	Ms. Bibha Devi	Member	27 Years
06.	Mr. Rohit Kumar Tiwari	Member	17 Years
07.	Mr. Ashok Kumar Singh	Member	28 Years

### Human Resources:-

GVYT is managed by a team of full time, part time and volunteers.

Sl. No.	Type	Member
01.	Full time	28
02.	Part Time	57
03.	Volunteers	152

### *Physical Resource:-*

Sl. No.	Resources	Number
01.	Office	03
02.	Training Hall	02
03.	Motorcycle	06
04.	Computer	06
05.	Bicycle	02
06.	Still Camera	02
07.	Aalmirah	03
08.	Chair	35
09.	Meeting table	01
10.	Office Table	05
11.	Sofa set	01

### *Migrant Resilience Collaborative Programme:-*

- **Gram Vikas Yuva Trust** has been working in Madhubani district from the year 1999 around various issues like migration, child protection, and violence against women. They have been currently engaged with the Panchayati raj institutions to give them training around their rights and entitlements. And they have been also working on safe mobility from year 2012 to 2018. They have been active in 5 blocks of Madhubani. And they have also carried out their work with adolescent girls around child marriage, sexual and reproductive health. Forum to engage men was also created by MMS to engage men in bringing equality for men and women from year 2018.

The organization conducted the programme of migrant resilience collaborative with the collaboration of Dignity Alliance International.

Migrant Resilience Collaborative (MRC) Project has been launched on October 2020 in Madhubani in collaboration with Gram Vikas Yuva Trust and Dignity Alliance International. MRC Project implemented in Five Block named Rahika, Pandaul, Rajnagar, Benipatti and Bisfi in Madhubani District and Kishanganj District of Bihar. In this time period some of key activities have been materialized which is discussed briefly in this report.

#### □ **Project main Goal and Objective**

- Creating a social registry of migrant workers and facilitating delivery of Social Security Entitlements – The project aims to register migrant workers and their families and support them in availing their rights and benefits from the social security entitlements of the government. This will help in creating a financial support system for the workers and give them an opportunity to decide where, when and for how long they want to migrate.
- Enabling worker protection support to the migrant workers and their families – To provide access of a 24\*7 helpline number and legal support to the migrant workers and their families to access related state remedies, leading to increased access to justice and reduction in forced labour and child labour.
- Facilitating better financial initiatives – Training the community on better financial practices such as opening bank accounts, accessing available micro-loans, using online services to manage their remittances.
- The project aims to work with migrant workers and their families to address these issues and support them in living a dignified life.

### 1. Progress towards Objective

S. No.		Target (for the reporting period / district)	Achieved (in the reporting period)	Target (for the reporting period / district)	Achieved (in the reporting period)
	<b>Indicator</b>	<b>Madhubani</b>		<b>Kishanganj</b>	
1	Total Number of Households registered	21888	32942	21888	32962
2	Number of females who have been registered as primary respondents (40% of total registered)	0	22730	0	21597

3	No. of community volunteers identified	0	108	0	16
4	No. of community volunteers trained	40	40	40	0
5	No. of meetings held with govt. officials at district level	0	42	0	<b>43</b>
6	No of meetings held with govt officials at block level	0	37	0	13
7	No of meetings held with govt officials at PRI level	0	26	0	145
8	Number of supporting documents created.	0	14363	0	21500
9	Number of supporting documents corrected.	0	41349	0	18879
10	Number of unique households whose applications have been submitted.	0	20342	0	13842
11	Number of unique individuals whose applications have been submitted.	0	23032	0	20028
12	Number of applications submitted.	40493	34509	40493	30730
13	Number of unique households who have received benefits.	0	18650	0	11973
14	Number of unique individuals who have received benefits.	0	19864	0	16975
15	Number of Benefits received.	34310	32742	34310	27247
16	Number of unique women who have received benefits.	13724	21185	13724	18799
17	Benefits delivered per Jan Saathi in that month	450	342	450	3405
18	No. of calls registered on the helpline from the district.	1140	1685	1140	1377
19	No. of cases registered from the field. (Please provide male and female disaggregation and scheme type)	0	66	0	20
20	No. of calls received on the helpline for seeking support on social security (Please provide male and female disaggregation)	0	310	0	380
21	Amount. of recovery	0	612800	0	239300
22	No of cases in which the district team. Provided support (recovered done/rescued/etc.)	0	56	0	10
23	No. of workers provided legal support are registered under social registry. (If possible, please include workers who are later registered for Jan Sathi App.)	0	28	0	400
24	No. of pre-departure/ post-arrival training conducted (to be verified by MEL team from the attendance sheet).	0	175	0	134
25	No. of workers trained in pre-departure/post arrival trainings conducted (to be verified by MEL team from the attendance sheet).	0	12408	0	4372

26	Government/Stakeholder Engagement (Capacity Building) - Joint workshop or meetings for worker protection and promotion of helpline		74		49
27	No. of promotional spots (locations where MRC work is being promoted and awareness meetings with the assistance of various government officials are held).		269		7
28	No of IEC kit distributed		26513		23248

## ***Ensuring Access to Justice for Children Programme:-***

The Organization conducted programme Ensuring Access to Justice for children with the collaboration of **Kailash Satyarthi Children's Foundation**.

We take a holistic approach to justice for children, which combine the prevention of crimes against children, rehabilitation for survivors, and prosecution of perpetrators. Using this combination of prevention and deterrence through legal action, we aim to end impunity against all forms of extreme violence and exploitation against children.

To eliminate all forms of violence against children, especially girls, we focus on four categories:

- Abuse of Children at Home and in the Community
- Abuse of Children in Commercial Settings
- Abuse of Children under Culturally Sanctioned Practices
- Abuse of Children in Digital Space

GVYT for justice to bring about the behavioural and systemic change required for a lasting, sustainable impact on child protection issues – **Child marriage, Child trafficking, Child labor, and Child sexual abuse including online** - through awareness and legal deterrence.

The needs of children, their families, and their communities are central to our work as demonstrated in our model, and the program is built from the ground up.

**GVYT** through the implementation of a systematic, highly focused and intensive intervention model, we are effectively addressing the root causes of these heinous crimes. We use a holistic, multi-faceted approach to tackle all forms of child abuse and exploitation with the close support from KSCF team:

- Policy intervention for prevention, protection, prosecution and rehabilitation.
- Investment in infrastructure and institutional framework.

- Capacity building, convergence of services, collaboration of stakeholders, and communication in real-time for action against crime.
- Knowledge and awareness at all levels so that all stakeholders such as children, parents, law enforcement agencies and institutions make informed decisions.
- Economics of the crime understood and addressed, ecosystem level response and 12 years of free, quality, public education for every child.
- Technology for change, deterrence, monitoring and time-bound justice delivery.

We work across these pillars to develop district and state strategies with our partners to achieve sustainable change for children. These strategies focus on:

- Systemic change
- Programmatic work and tactical interventions on the ground
- Innovation

## *Child Trafficking:*

Child trafficking is a grave human rights violation; a crime of economics, power, and patriarchy; and an organized crime for the purpose of child exploitation.

7 Blocks of Madhubani district in the state of Bihar are a source, transit and destination district for child trafficking as it borders the country of Nepal. Children are generally trafficked for the explicit purpose of commercial exploitation, resulting in child labour and slavery.

While industries such as manufacturing, hospitality and domestic work are where children are 'traditionally' trafficked into child labour, new industries have become emerging destination sectors. These include spas, massage parlors, placement agencies and online platforms.

Children trafficked into child marriage or commercial sexual exploitation also suffer crimes of child rape and other forms of sexual abuse.

Child trafficking is difficult to detect because of its clandestine nature. It is under-reported, with some parents not even aware that their child has been trafficked into forced labour.

*We intend to end child trafficking by:*

- ✚ Prevention through community awareness and action.
- ✚ Targeted advocacy to tackle the root causes of trafficking.
- ✚ Ensuring prosecution at scale of perpetrators to deter child trafficking

*Our Action:*

- ✚ Focus work in districts with high prevalence of being source or target destinations for child trafficking.

- ✚ Ensuring immediate child protection, rehabilitation and caregiver alertness for survivors.
- ✚ Strengthen communities, provide legal and psychosocial support, and strive for sustainable child protection in Villages/Panchayats/Blocks.
- ✚ Combat child trafficking and labor through awareness campaigns, advocacy to tackle root causes, and stakeholder engagement.
- ✚ Collaborate with law enforcement to enhance implementation mechanisms, and boost reporting and investigation of cases at the district and village level.

GVYT are making a significant impact in uncovering the crime of trafficking, recovering children who have been trafficked and realizing justice for survivors.

- 97 children were rescued from trafficking and FIRs were registered in 86 cases and 18 cases against child trafficking registered.

## *Child Sexual Abuse:*

Child sexual abuse (CSA) is one of the worst forms of violence against children, viciously curtailing childhoods and usually resulting in long-term harm.

All of these figures relate to cases which were reported to the police, but child sexual abuse is well-known to be under-reported, usually due to the stigma attached or likely repercussions, particularly given the extremely high likelihood of perpetrators being known to victims.

In Madhubani, research conducted by GVYT over the past two years shows that the prevalence of child sexual abuse is alarmingly high, with these studies consistently reporting that almost half of the children have suffered some form of sexual abuse. However, it is a crime that is very under-reported. Victims and their families fear the stigma associated with sexual crimes if they know about the crime and the community's response and reaction if information about the crime becomes public. The most violent sexual abuse crimes are likely to be committed by offenders known to the victim – usually family members or family friends. Children are easily put off speaking about the crime for fear of not being believed or punished.

## Our Strategy

GVYT aim to substantially increase the current district conviction rate of 60% to put an absolute halt on the impunity around this crime to stop the sexual abuse of children.

Advocate for all planned Fast Track Special Courts, including those focused on dealing with child sexual abuse cases, to become operational.

Support children to become aware of their rights about their bodies and the crimes of child sexual abuse, to empower them to speak up when they are at risk or have been victims, and to provide them with ways to report the crime safely and without fear.

Ensure every survivor of child sexual abuse has access to protection, legal support, and rehabilitation.

## Our Actions

**GVYT** provides legal aid to victims so that they feel empowered and safe to report crimes committed against them and to complete the legal process.

Mental health support and intervention, particularly counseling, is provided as part of each case. Appointment and training of Support Persons, based on government guidelines, to ensure survivors and their families have access to all their rights under the law.

Training law enforcement to strengthen state mechanisms to ensure time-bound prosecution against crime, identify incidents of abuse, track and monitor cases, provide evidence on suspects for investigation, and effectively protect children.

Sensitizing children and communities to understand their rights about their bodies and the law on child sexual abuse by running awareness activities and campaigns.

CSEAM includes images and videos depicting children being sexually abused, exploited or sexually exploited. This content leaves victims in a perpetual cycle of exploitation, stripped of their dignity and their suffering preserved in the digital world. The numbers have seen a rapid increase since the pandemic.

## Online Child Sexual Abuse

CSEAM includes images and videos depicting children being sexually abused, exploited or sexually exploited. This content leaves victims in a perpetual cycle of exploitation, stripped of their dignity and their suffering preserved in the digital world. The numbers have seen a rapid increase since the pandemic.

## Our Strategy

Current approaches largely focus on punishing those in possession of CSEAM, while the child victims behind these images often remain unidentified and without support.

Advocate for authorities to update the legal framework related to online exploitation and violence against children, which should include luring or 'luring' children online.

Hold social media platforms accountable for real-time reporting of online exploitation and violence against children, including luring and CSEAM.

Ensure that individuals convicted of all CSEAM-related crimes against women and children are recorded in a sex offenders database, and criminal record checks should be mandatory for anyone wishing to work with children and other vulnerable groups.

Advocate for an integrated, international response to end online child sexual exploitation and abuse that is legally binding through national legal frameworks, cross-border technological solutions for reporting, monitoring and data sharing on crimes and offenders, and global accountability for the private sector.

## Our Impact

Assisted in 253 cases of child sexual abuse, out of which 62 perpetrators were convicted and compensation of about Rs 1.18 crore was provided by District Legal Services Authority, Madhubani under Bihar Government Victim Compensation Scheme

## *Child Marriage*

**“Child marriage is a violence against children, violating their rights to protection, safety, health, and education, and leaving its victims with an enduring and often devastating legacy.”**

In India, child marriage is an outright crime, with the legal age for women to be married set at 18, and sexual intercourse with a child regardless of marriage is classified as rape. Yet poverty, inequality, outdated societal norms, and poor implementation of the law all contribute to a situation where girls, and sometimes boys, are still married as children.

Child marriage forces children to end their education early and subjects them to child sexual abuse, both of which have lifelong impacts. For girls who become pregnant before their bodies have matured to cope with pregnancy, the risk of death from maternal causes - at any point in their lives - increases significantly. In low- and

middle-income countries, complications in pregnancy and during childbirth are the leading cause of death in girls aged 15-19. If they survive, they can still develop potentially fatal health complications as a result of early pregnancy.

Infant mortality is also a consequence of child marriage. In India, this stands at 45 per 1,000 live births for mothers below the age of 20, compared to 33 per 1,000 for mothers aged 20-29 years old.

## **Our Strategy**

GVYT, in collaboration with its partner Just Rights for Children, has created a nationwide campaign led by GVYT that aims to reach a tipping point to end child marriage by 2030.

The campaign combines awareness and sensitization activities, including action days, community events and door-to-door interactions, with an intervention model that can be triggered by children, or concerned friends and family.

Through this combination model, we believe it is possible to reduce the current child marriage prevalence rate of 44% in Madhubani district to 15% – the threshold beyond which child marriage is expected to decline naturally with less reliance on intensive interventions.

## **Our Action**

Child abuse is prevalent in Madhubani district, with the majority of the villages reporting a child marriage rate of over 44%.

The campaign prevents child marriage at the community level through awareness and empowerment programmes, and by directly preventing planned child marriages.

Advocating for a stronger, better infrastructure at the community level, free education up to grade 12 or age 18, enhanced social protection and stronger enforcement of existing laws.

Each community social worker employed as part of the programme is allotted a cluster of villages. They are responsible for recording all children and preventing incidences of child marriage through persuasion and legal action.

## **Our Impact**

- ☞ 830 child marriages were stopped, out of which 55 were stopped through FIR and 775 by taking undertakings from both the families.
- ☞ Over 225,000 people have pledged to end child marriage.
- ☞ Eliminate child marriage and reduce the prevalence of trafficking, labour and sexual abuse in Madhubani district through greater awareness about exploitation and the impact of the law, and provide stronger deterrence through law enforcement.

### *Ayushman Aadhar project:-*

The organization conducted the Ayushman Aadhar camp at 2 district Madhubani & Kishanganj of Bihar with the collaboration of Aayushman Bharat district office. In this regards, organization successfully done health awareness camp regard this. GVYT aware community people on health checkup of children, women and old age people for seasonal disease.

### *Cataract Operation Camp:-*

The organization conducted the cataract operation camp in Madhubani district of Bihar with the collaboration of district health society, madhubani. In this regards, organization successfully done 256 persons cataract operation.

### *Environment Awareness Programme:-*

The organization conducted the programme in Madhubani District of Bihar state. Environment education refers to the awareness of physical and cultural environment and perceives its relevance for real life situation. The problems and issues are to be identified. The imbalances of environment are to be improved in view of sustainable development. It is practically impossible to list all the factors that pollute and degrade our environment and nature. One comes across pollution almost at every step in life. Our society categories some important factors, by which our environment is more affected and need for working to protect environment are following:-

- ☞ Human Population Explosion,
- ☞ Advancement of Technology
- ☞ Pollution due to the use of Pesticides
- ☞ Chlorofluorocarbon Problem
- ☞ Biodiversity in nature
- ☞ Oils spills and damaging ecosystem
- ☞ Toxic Time Bombs and water pollution
- ☞ Radiation hazards and Ecological balance
- ☞ Multinationals and Environment
- ☞ Integrated approach for white and green revolution.

To protect environment our society starting intervention programme in many panchayats of Madhubani district.

### **Women Empowerment:-**

Due to background of Bihar, women are always given secondary status here. The primary unit family itself does not respect its female members. They are treated as curse and a women reproduction a girl child is looked down upon. GVYT playing with the support of community contribution and donation started promoting SHGs for women of the deprived and marginalized section of the society. SHGs are participating with GRAM SABHA and also participating and know that the GOVT. scheme of block and District headquarters. The role of SHGs women is taken needy section of society to the Govt. scheme like that Old age pension, Indira awash yojna, Annapurna yojna, Antoydaya yojna, Laxmibai yojna, Kanya Vivah yojna. Organized SHGs women not only the Govt. law in order with inquiry for the responsibility of Govt. employees, i.e. Teachers, ANM, Anganwari worker etc.

### **Livelihood Promotion:-**

This financial year GVYT provide skill training program of the member of SHGs for the stab list economical status, livelihood at the time of these training sound knowledge of marketing are convince of SHGs women.

GVYT organized the training for selected trade like Madhubani painting, Lah-churi, Sikki, Pag etc. after training approx 75% to 85% women's flourishing self employment with the help and guidance of GVYT these women's are now well developed change the living standard saw the many neighbor women's also learn with the linkage of these women's.

## *Mithila painting training :-*

The organization conducted the program in madhubani district of Bihar state. The article deals with the history, subject matter, use of raw material sand style of Madhubani Paintings in the context of the role of local artisans of village in it. Articles focuses on the paintings of Madhubani with special emphasis to the present scenario of Madhubani Painting and how the village painters express their skill through colours and free hand brush drawing. Among these the wall painting and the floor –painting or Mural painting, popularly known as Mithila painting or Madhubani painting. Madhubani is a district of North Bihar , a place where art and crafts have reached its stage of excellence.

## *Sewing Cutting Training Programme:-*

The society has conducted skill development training at head and Registered office campus of society at Madhubani district of Bihar and given training to rural, poor, weaker, economically weaker, needy, below poverty line, schedule caste, schedule tribe, other backward classes , minority and disabled section men, women, girls and youth on making of vermin compost, vegetable, medicinal plant and vegetable cultivation, food processing, bee keeping and goatry with view to develop and enhance their technical and vocational skill and make able to they can establish own small scale industry/Business and get employment/ self- employment for generation sustainable and regular income and develop their socio-economic condition with also get opportunity for livelihood purpose.

## *Seminar on Safe drinking water :-*

The organization conducted the programme in Madhubani district of Bihar. Water I one of the most vital needs of living creatures. No one can survive in absence of water. in India the rural people facing a lots of problems. One of them is the problem of the less availability of safe drinking water. in rural areas the problem of safe drinking water is of two levels- one is the proper availability of water and the other is the quality of drinking water. The main cause of unsafe water is the access of nitrate, Fluoride, Iron etc. The organization conducted a seminar on water & sanitation. Through this seminar the rural people were trained to how they can use the safe drinking water.

## *Literacy Programme :-*

The organization conducted the programme in Madhubani District of Bihar.

Economic development is closely associated with poverty reduction. Human development is the end- economic growth. Literacy and education have a direct role in human development and are instrumental in facilitating other achievements.

The significant effects of primary education in poverty and improvement in income distribution, improvement in health and nutritional status of the population growth, and positive association with adoption of family planning methods and its positive relationship with general social, political and economic development and overall quality of life are well recognized.

Women have to be integrated in the mainstream society as by and large in India they do not enjoy equal status with men and still have to fight their way through if they want to achieve social or economic advancement.

## *Child Labour & Women Trafficking awareness Programme:-*

Despite serious efforts put by government to eliminate child labour, it still prevails in the society. Child labours are found engaged in activities like brick manufacturing, line hotel and garbage work. GVYT is sincere to bring awareness among the community towards the plights of this child labour by undertaking different activities like wall writing, distribution of pamphlets and posters and also organized street play at Madhubani. GVYT another making serious efforts to regular meeting with labor department, BDO for stability. At the time of survey activities find child labor school.

*Thanks*