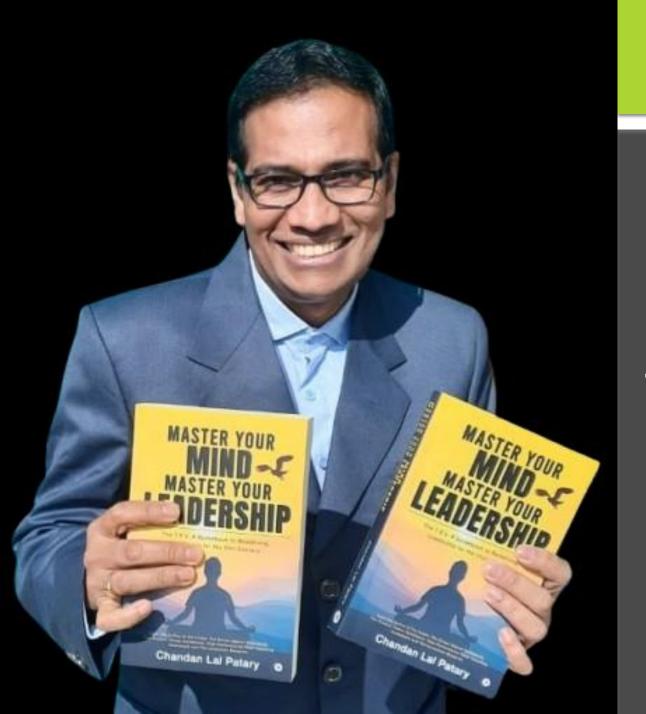


Innovation Lifecycle: How Ideas Become Market-Ready Solutions



Enterprise
Business
Transformation
Coach at H&M



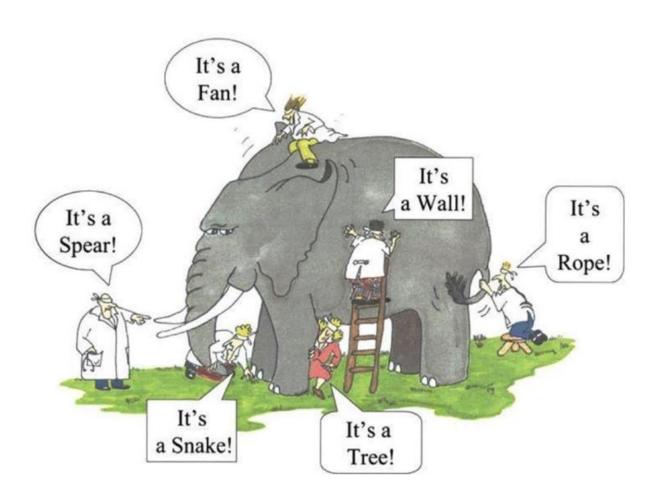
Honeywell









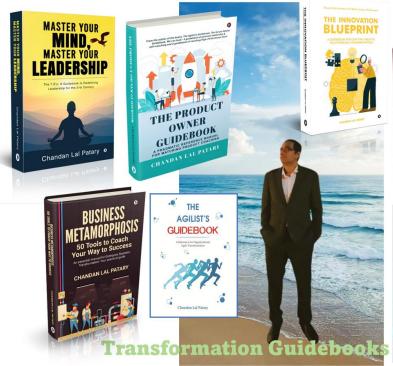


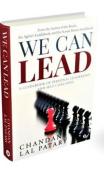
# I/We solve complex problem

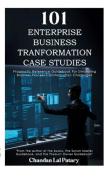
•	Retail (H&M)- 2 yr. + 14	•	Consumer Electronics (Samsung India), 1 yr. SAMSUNG	•	Oil and Gas (Shell India) - 1.9 Yrs.
•	Banking software (Société Generele) – 2.9 yrs. GENERALE	•	Industrial Automation & Power Automation Software - (ABB, India), 6.3 Yrs. ABB	•	Aerospace Software, (Honeywell, Bangalore), 4 yrs. Honeywell
•	Building Automation Management System (Honeywell)- 1.5 yrs. Honeywell	•	HealthCare System (Kshema Tech- GE Medical- 3.4 yrs.		IT-Training, Entrepreneurship, Start-up (System Domain) - 1.3 yrs. Systems Domain (Appendix Market

For the past 25 years, I've been diving deep into these labs, exploring, experimenting, and uncovering insights that might just change the way we think about Enterprise Business Transformation.

Curious about what I've discovered?



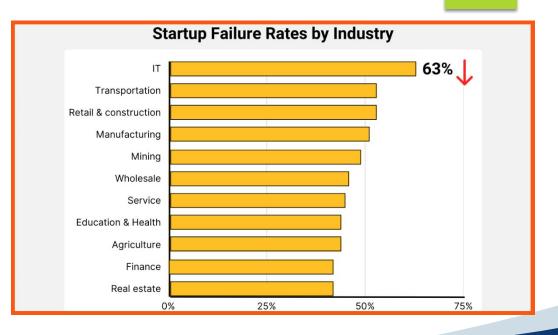






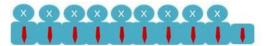
## My Journey

# Iore than 90% startup in India fail in their first 5 years

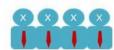


#### **FAILURE RATES OF STARTUPS**

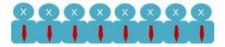




40% LIQUIDATE AND LOSE MOST OR ALL INVESTMENT



80% FAIL TO SEI PROJECTED RETURN

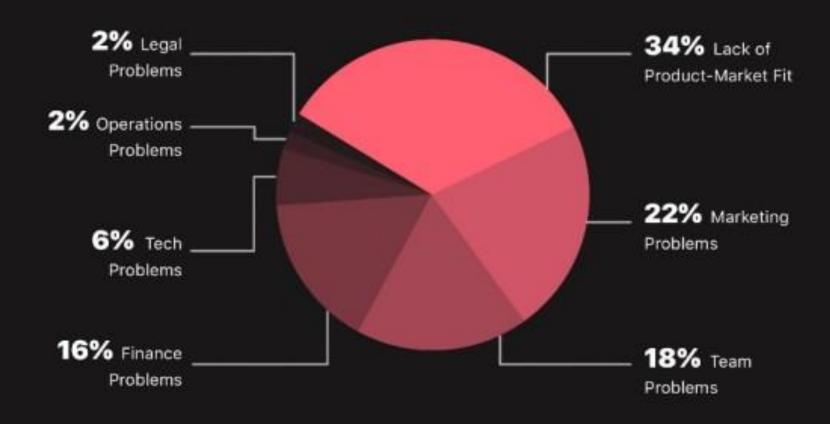


99% OF REASON FOR FAILURE IS LACK OF

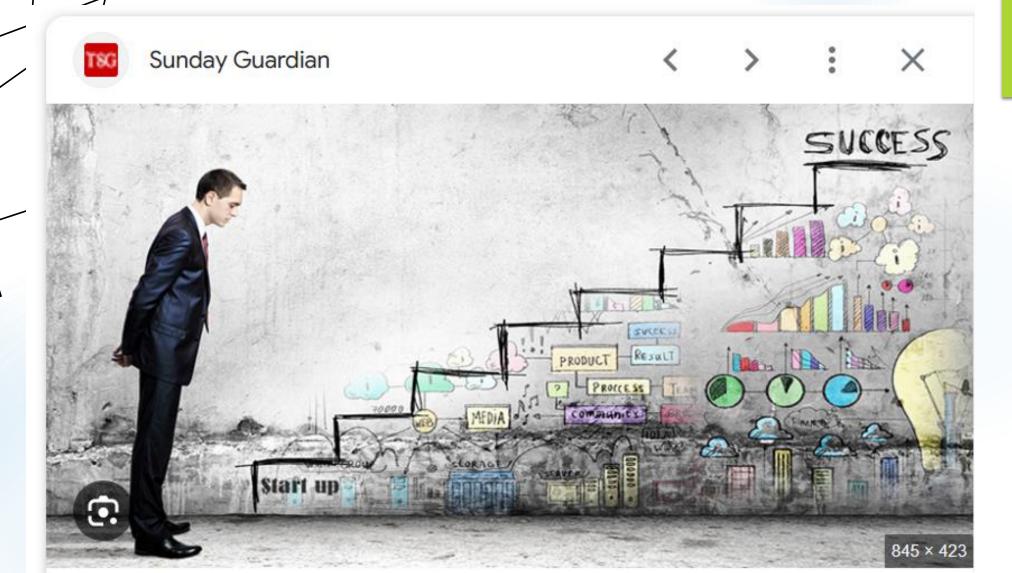
PLANNING & EXPERIENCE



#### **Common Reasons For Startup Failure**



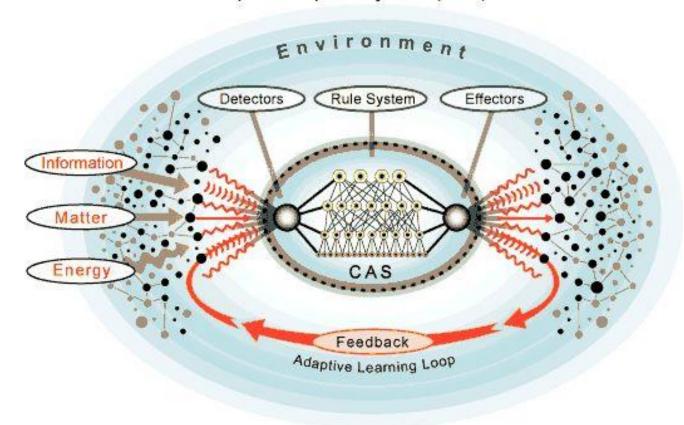
Information from 80+ failed startup interviews we've carried out.



Start-ups in India failing due to lack of innovation -The Sunday Guardian Live



#### Complex Adaptive System (CAS) Model



## Complex Adaptive System

#### Top 10 skills on the rise



1. Creative thinking	6. Systems thinking
2. Analytical thinking	7. Al and big data
3. Technological literacy	8. Motivation and self-awareness
4. Curiosity and lifelong learning	9. Talent management
5. Resilience, flexibility and agility	10. Service orientation and customer service

#### Type of skill

Cognitive skills Self-efficacy Management skills Technology skills Working with others Engagement skills

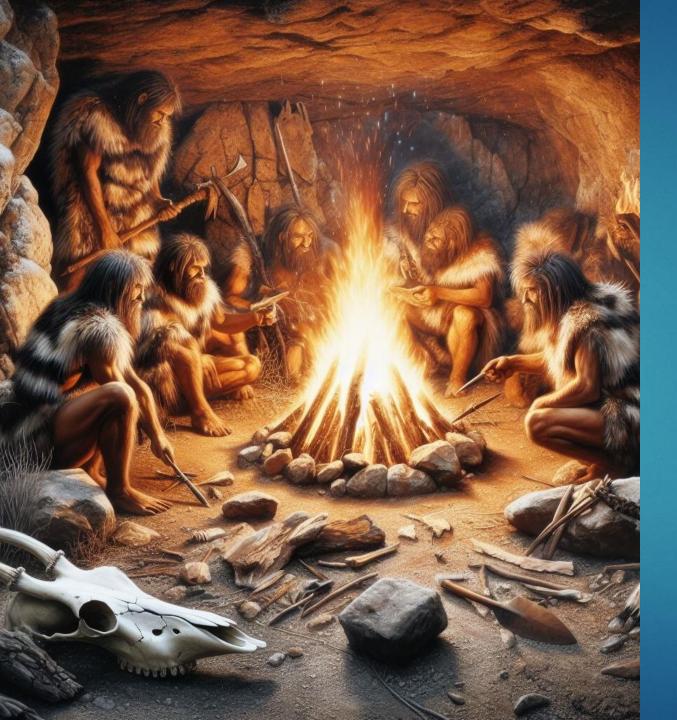
Source

World Economic Forum, Future of Jobs Report 2023.

#### Note

The skills judged to be increasing in importance most rapidly between 2023 and 2027

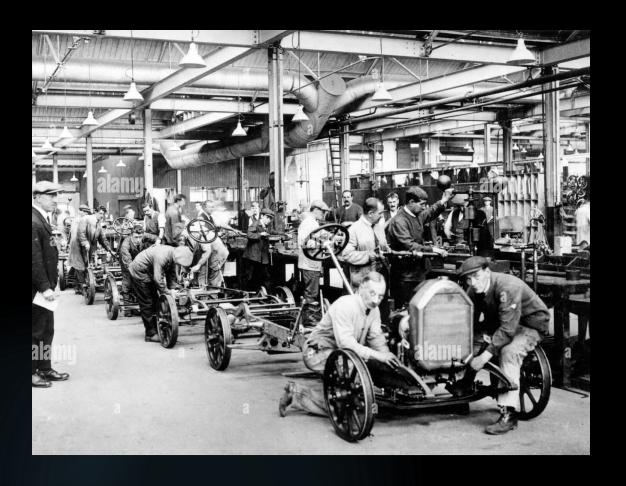




Next time you see a "spark" of an idea, don't ignore it

- One day, while striking rocks to make tools, a spark flew out, and a small fire ignited in dry grass nearby.
  - Observation Leads to Discovery
  - Curiosity Drives Progress
  - Experimentation Fuels Innovation

This story reminds us that even the smallest sparks of curiosity can lead to the greatest innovations.



What happens when innovation stops?
The answer might be extinction—sooner than we think.
Are we ready to embrace change before it's too late?

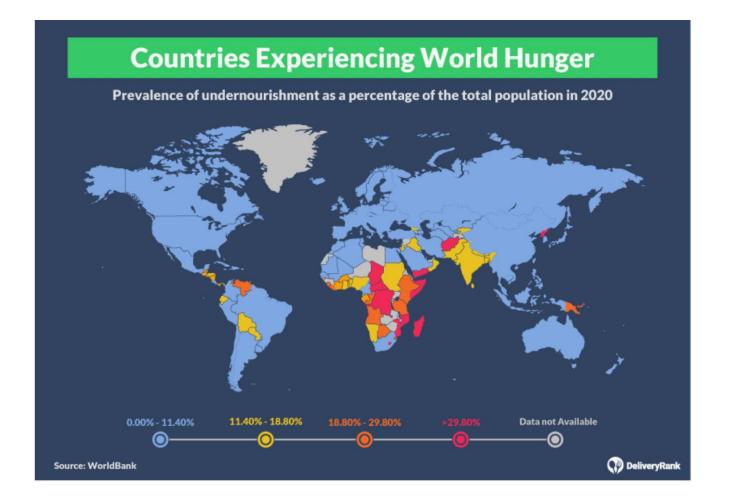




## How can I contribute?

"To eradicate hunger, we need to reimagine the way we feed the world. It requires innovative thinking." – José Graziano da Silva, former Director-General of the FAO

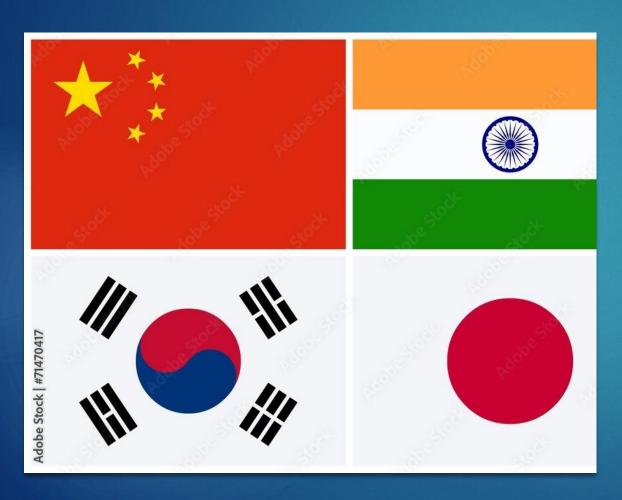




Hunger has an impact on every nation across the world.

countries, hunger is an issue, with many families unable to afford enough food.

These nations play pivotal roles in the global economy, contributing significantly to international trade, technology, and cultural exchange.



- As of the latest available data, the top Asian countries by Gross Domestic Product (GDP) are:
- China: With a GDP of approximately \$17.7 trillion, China stands as the largest economy in Asia and the second-largest globally.
- Japan: Japan's GDP is around \$4.2 trillion, making it the second-largest economy in Asia and the third-largest worldwide.
- India: India holds the third position in Asia with a GDP of about \$3.9 trillion, ranking fifth globally.
- South Korea: South Korea's GDP is approximately \$1.87 trillion, placing it fourth in Asia and tenth globally.
- Indonesia: With a GDP of around \$1.2 trillion, Indonesia ranks fifth in Asia and is among the top 20 economies worldwide.

#### Creativity & Innovation?

What is Creativity?

Creativity defines the power to create new ideologies, concepts, or solutions that are completely original, unique, and mostly valuable. The main focus is applied to idea generation.

What is Innovation?

Innovation, in simple words, is the process of converting creative ideas into the implementation or practical to deliver value to people. The main focus is applied to idea implementation.

Innovation Development: The journey from idea generation to a viable product, service, or solution.

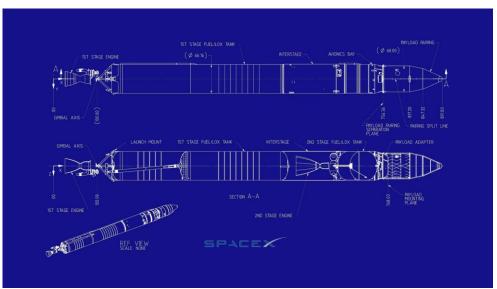
A structured process ensures concepts are transformed into impactful and scalable outcomes.

- Types of Innovation:
- Product Innovation: Example The iPhone revolutionized mobile communication.
- Process Innovation: Example Toyota's lean manufacturing streamlined efficiency.
- Service Innovation: Example Airbnb enhanced global travel experiences.
- Business Model Innovation: Example Netflix shifted entertainment to subscription streaming.
- Social Innovation: Example Solar-powered water purifiers improving access to clean water.

The Story of SpaceX
Falcon X

Idea → Prototyping
 → Validation →
 Commercialization
 → Scaling





#### Idea: Vision:

Elon Musk envisioned reusable rockets to reduce space exploration costs and make space travel more accessible.



#### **Prototyping: Execution:**

SpaceX engineers built multiple prototypes of the Falcon 1, experimenting with materials and rocket engines.



Validation: Proof of Concept:

After three failed launches, the fourth attempt succeeded, validating the technology and proving the concept of reusable rocket parts.



#### Commercialization Market Entry:

SpaceX secured contracts with NASA and commercial satellite providers, offering lower-cost launch services.



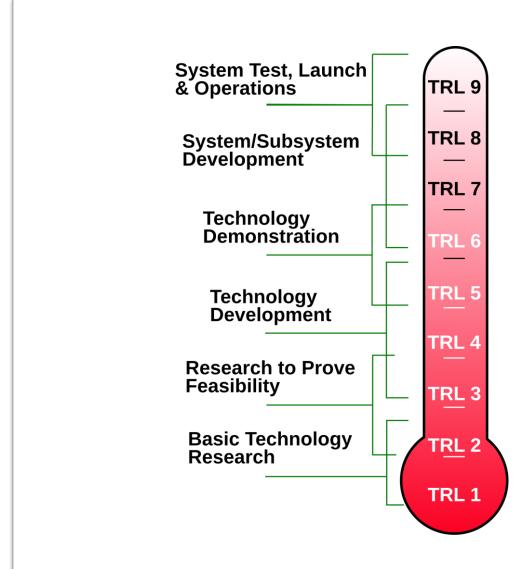
#### Scaling-> Growth:

Built on Falcon 1's success to develop Falcon 9 and Falcon Heavy, expanding capabilities to larger payloads and crewed missions.



SpaceX Falcon story is a testament to how embracing failure, challenging conventions, and leading with vision can ignite groundbreaking innovation and creativity.

- 1. Embrace Failure as a Stepping Stone to Success
  - Lesson: Failure isn't the end—it's a critical part of the innovation process. Creativity thrives when risks are taken, mistakes are embraced, and lessons are learned.
- 2. Break Conventional Barriers with First Principles Thinking
  - Lesson: Innovation requires breaking free from assumptions, questioning the norm, and reimagining what's possible from the ground up.
- 3. Visionary Leadership Drives Creative Teams
  - Lesson: Great innovation stems from a compelling vision that inspires individuals to think creatively, push boundaries, and work collectively toward a transformative goal.



#### Technology Readiness Levels (TRLs):

From Concept to Deployment

## The development of the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine

TRL 1: Basic Principles Observed	Observation: Initial research on mRNA technology and its potential use in vaccine development.
TRL 2: Concept Formulated	Formulation: The concept of using mRNA to target the spike protein of SARS-CoV-2 was proposed.
TRL 3: Experimental Proof of Concept	Proof of Concept: Experimental vaccines were created and tested in laboratory settings to confirm immune responses in cells.
TRL 4: Laboratory Testing of Prototype Components	<b>Testing</b> : mRNA formulations and delivery mechanisms (lipid nanoparticles) were refined in controlled lab conditions.
TRL 5: Validation in a Relevant Environment	Validation: Vaccine prototypes underwent Phase 1 clinical trials to assess safety and immune response in humans.
TRL 6: Demonstration in a Relevant Environment	<b>Demonstration</b> : Expanded Phase 2/3 clinical trials were conducted to confirm safety and efficacy in a broader population.
TRL 7: Prototype Demonstration in an Operational Environment	Operational Testing: Large-scale manufacturing and logistics systems were tested to ensure quality and consistency.
TRL 8: System Completed and Qualified	Completion: Regulatory approval was granted for emergency use, confirming the vaccine met all safety and efficacy standards.
TRL 9: Full Deployment and Commercial Use	<b>Deployment</b> : The vaccine was distributed and administered worldwide, becoming a critical tool in combating the pandemic.

## Development of a Self-Driving Car

TRL 1-3: Basic Research & Concept: **TRL 1:** Basic research on sensors (LiDAR, radar, cameras), artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms (object detection, path planning), and vehicle dynamics.

**TRL 2: Concept formulation**: Defining the core functionalities of a self-driving car (e.g., lane keeping, obstacle avoidance, traffic signal recognition).

**TRL 3: Proof-of-concept:** Demonstrating basic functionalities in a simulated environment or a very controlled setting.

TRL 4-6: Technology Validation & Proof of Concept: **TRL 4: Component validation:** Testing individual components like sensors, processors, and actuators in a laboratory setting.

**TRL 5: Component and/or breadboard validation in relevant environment**: Testing integrated components in a simulated environment that resembles real-world conditions.

TRL 6: System/model or prototype demonstration in a relevant environment: Testing a prototype of the self-driving car in a controlled environment like a test track.

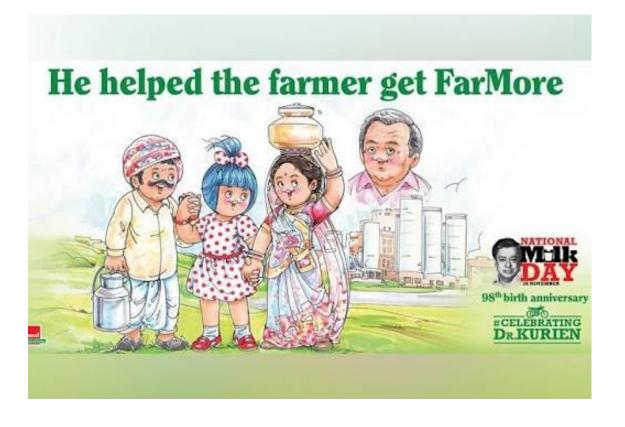
TRL 7-9:
System
Demonstratio
n &
Operational
Use:

**TRL 7: System/model demonstration in an operational environment**: Testing the self-driving car in real-world traffic conditions with safety drivers.

**TRL 8: System complete and qualified**: Conducting extensive testing and validation of the self-driving system in real-world conditions to ensure safety and reliability.

**TRL 9: System proven in operational environment**: Commercial deployment of fully autonomous vehicles in real-world conditions.

### Father of the White Revolution: Amul is one of the most significant innovations in India's agricultural sector



- Problem Identification & Vision (TRL 1): Kurien identified challenges in India's dairy sector and envisioned Amul as a cooperative model to bypass middlemen and empower farmers.
- Research & Innovation (TRL 2): Conducted research on cooperative models to streamline milk procurement and processing, ensuring fair pricing for farmers, and began developing early innovations.
- Technological & Supply Chain Development (TRL 3): Introduced dairy technologies like pasteurization and refrigeration, while creating an integrated system for milk collection, processing, and distribution.
- Pilot & Expansion (TRL 4-6): The successful pilot in Anand led to scaling Amul across Gujarat and nationally, building infrastructure for largescale milk processing.
- National Success & Global Leadership (TRL 7-9): Amul became a household name, making India the world's largest milk producer and setting a model for rural innovation and cooperative systems.

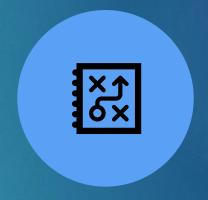
## Challenges in Innovation and Technology Readiness Level (TRL) Progression



CHALLENGE 1: BRIDGING THE VALLEY OF DEATH

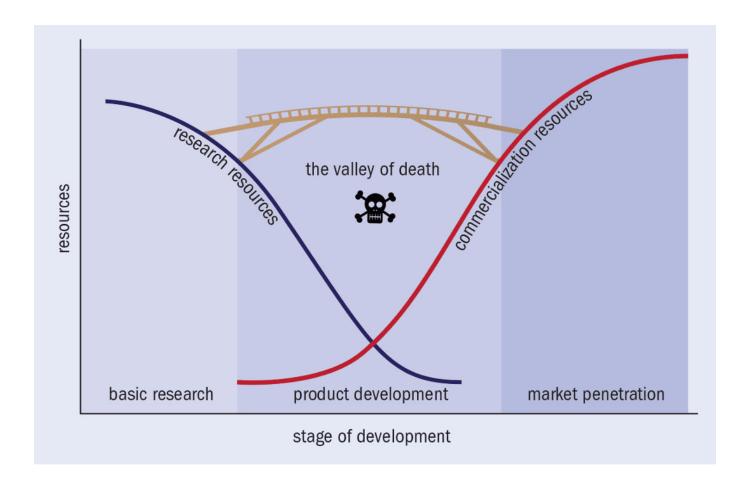


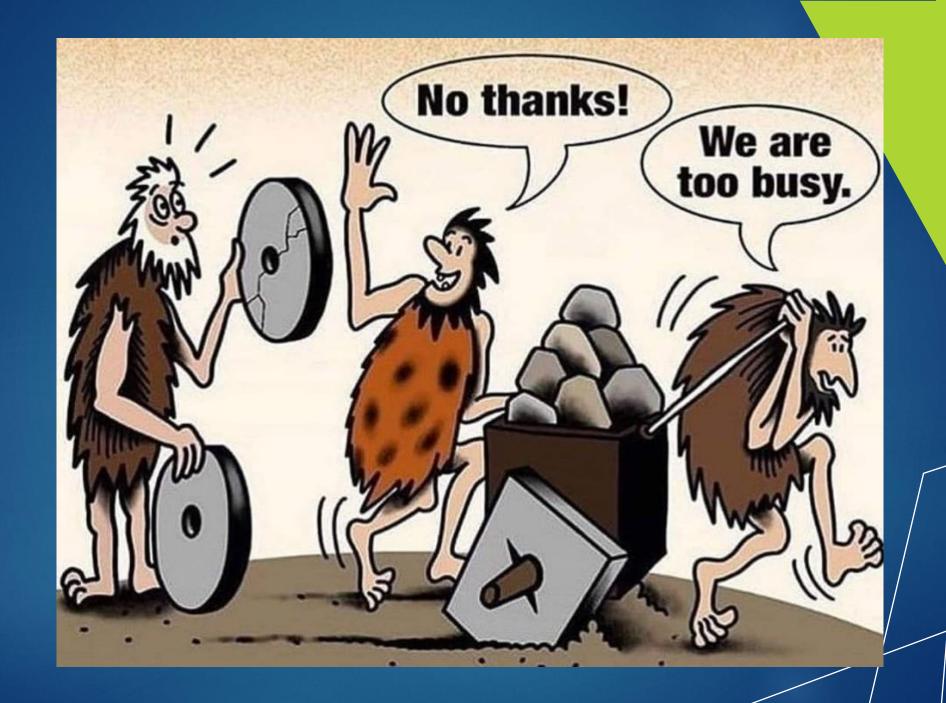
CHALLENGE 2: RESOURCE CONSTRAINTS



CHALLENGE 3: RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Challenge 1: Bridging the Valley of Death





Collaboration, strategic investment, and innovation in risk management helped Moderna overcome challenges to deliver a life-saving solution.

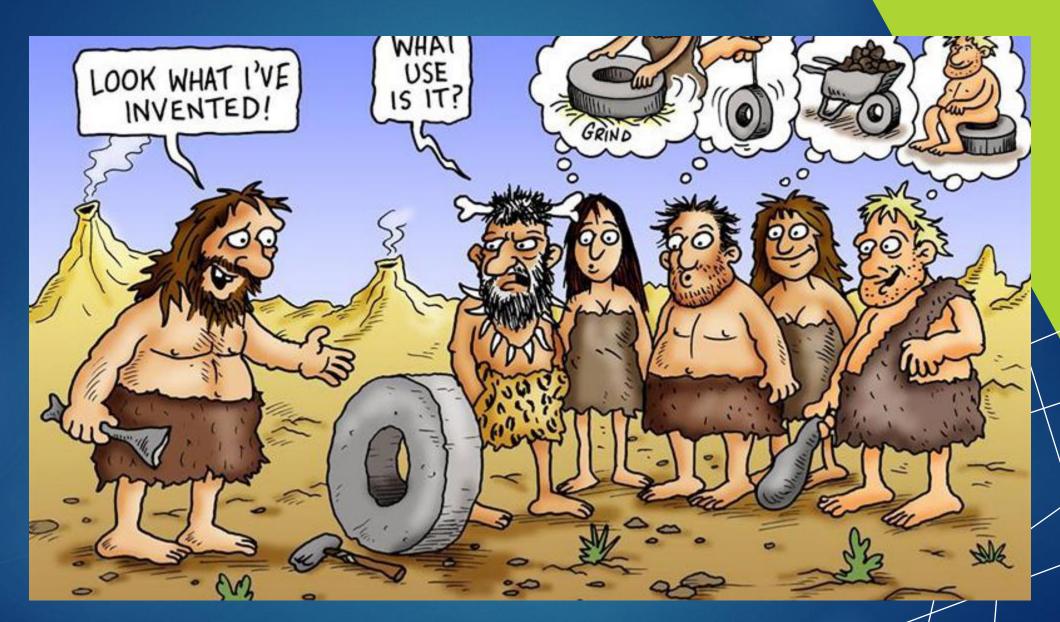
- Early mRNA vaccine research (TRL 1-3) faced funding and support issues due to skepticism about the technology's feasibility.
- Limited expertise in mRNA production and distribution at scale posed significant challenges.
- Fast-tracking clinical trials (TRL 5-7) meant balancing safety, efficacy, and regulatory compliance under tight timelines.



## Failure to Success Story – Post-it Notes by 3M from 1960 to 1980

- ▶ TRL 1-3: Dr. Silver's discovery and refinement of the adhesive
- ▶ Validation Phase (TRL 5-6):
  - ▶The adhesive was tested as a potential solution for note-taking and organizing, but initial market research showed lukewarm interest.
- ▶Learning from Setbacks:
  - ▶ Early trials with consumers failed to show traction because people didn't understand how to use the product.
  - ▶The team pivoted by distributing free samples to office workers to demonstrate its usefulness, which generated excitement.
- ▶ Commercial Success (TRL 7-9):
  - ▶3M rebranded the product as Post-it Notes and launched it in 1980.
- It quickly became one of the most successful and iconic office products in history, proving the value of embracing failure and iterative testing.





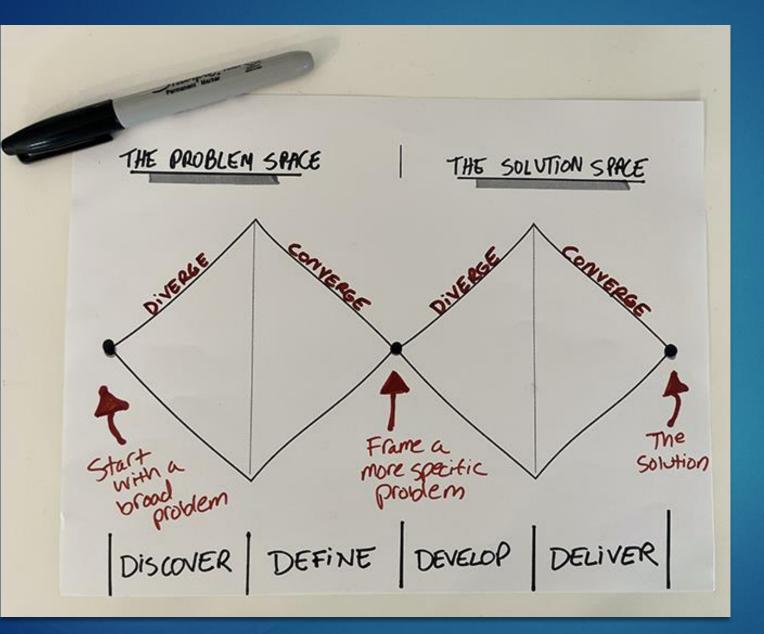
# Failed adhesive → Bookmark prototype → Market testing → Global success.

#### **Key Takeaways for the Post-it:**

A failed adhesive became one of the world's most successful office products.

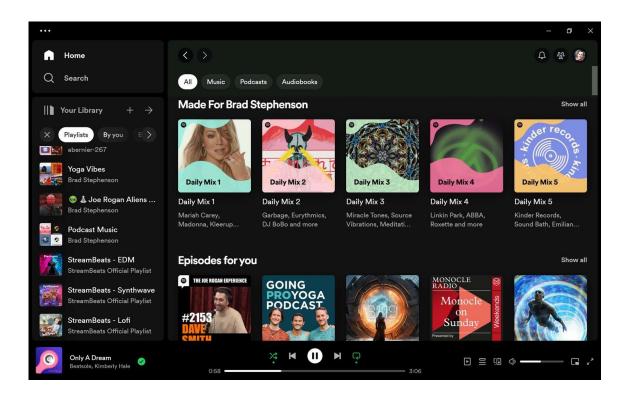
- Innovation Doesn't Follow a Straight Path: A failed adhesive turned into a breakthrough product by identifying a new use case.
- Validation Requires Creativity:
  Consumer trials and sampling were essential to prove the product's value and overcome initial skepticism.
- Embracing Failure is Essential: Setbacks in the lab and market research led to creative thinking and ultimately a huge commercial success.





# ToolDesign Thinking

### Design Thinking & Spotify



- **Empathy**: Spotify's founders saw that music lovers struggled with purchasing and organizing their music libraries. They wanted to create a solution that would give users access to music instantly, without needing to own it.
- Define: The challenge was to provide a legal, high-quality, and user-friendly music streaming platform that could rival illegal downloads.
- Ideate: Spotify's team experimented with various models, including freemium features, playlists, and smart recommendations, to find the right combination of value and accessibility.
- Prototype & Test: Spotify went through several iterations of the app, focusing on user experience, seamless streaming, and features that made the platform interactive (e.g., collaborative playlists).
- Spotify revolutionized the music industry by offering a **personalized**, **easy-to-use platform** that allows millions of users to stream music on-demand. It is now one of the largest music streaming services globally.

# Innovation Through Cross-Pollination

- James Dyson adapted cyclone technology from sawmills to design a vacuum cleaner without bags.
- Inspired by burrs sticking to clothing, Velcro was created by mimicking the tiny hooks found in nature.
- Borrowed knitting techniques from the textile industry to create lightweight, form-fitting shoes.



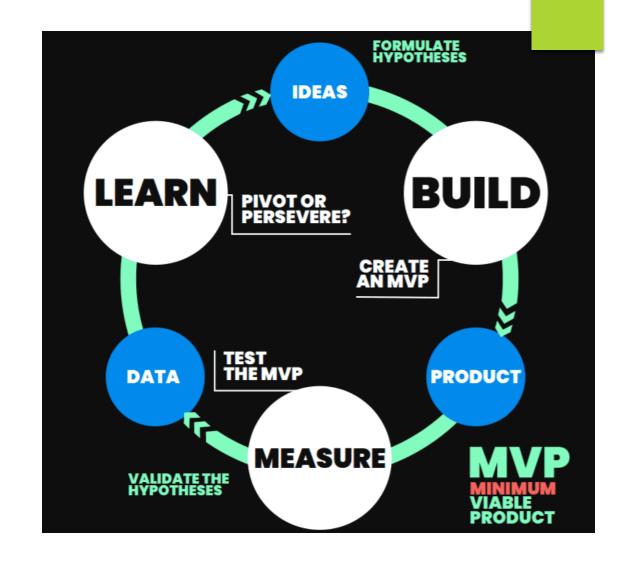


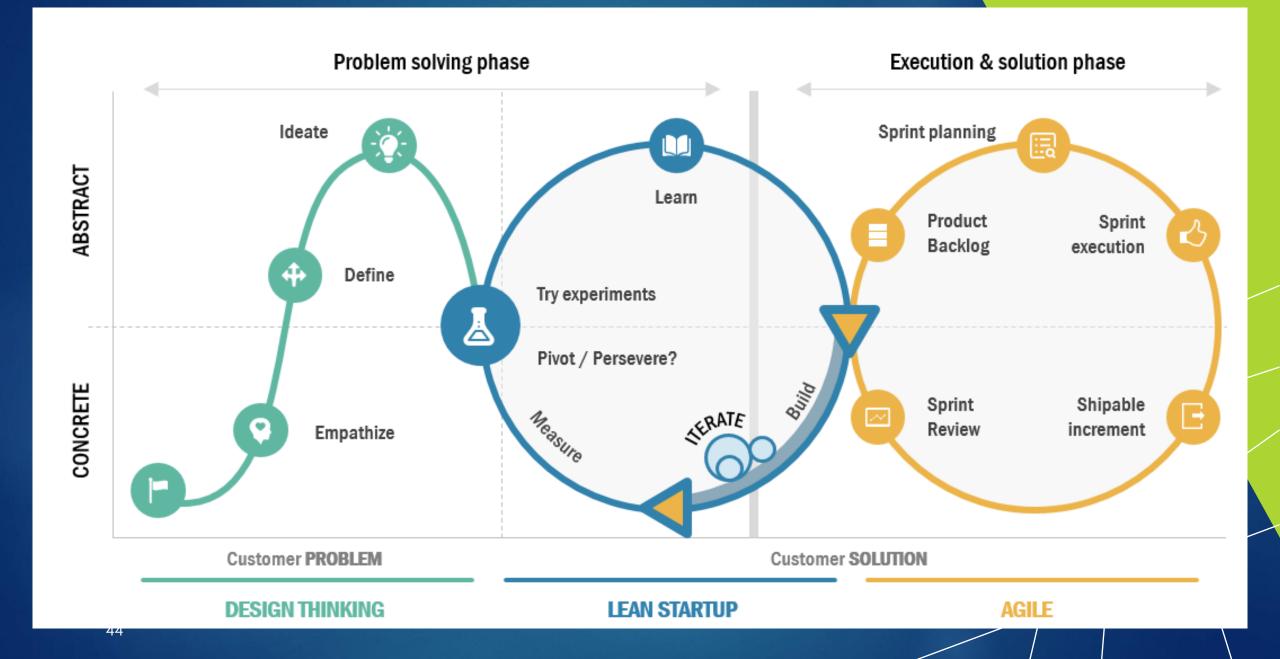


## Tool: Lean Startup

#### ▶Zappos:

- The founder, Nick Swinmurn, tested the concept by creating a website and manually fulfilling orders by buying shoes from local stores.
- This validated demand before scaling operations.





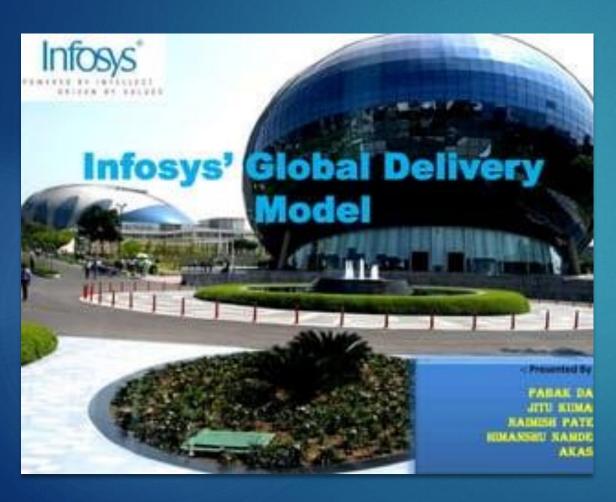




# Innovation **space** for collaboration

- by one person alone, but through collaboration with others and the tools they bring.
- Creative space, structure, and industry collaboration play significant role

# The Creative Spark: The Global Delivery Model



- 1981 by Narayana Murthy and six others, had to think differently to compete globally while operating from India.
- India for Development and Testing
- On-Site for Customer Interaction
- Seamless Coordination
- Infosys introduced innovative practices like:
  - 24/7 work cycles
  - Quality Assurance
  - Training Ecosystem



# 6 Pillars of innovation Agility

- Collaboration
- Resilience
- Exploration
- Ambition (Thinking, with a forward-driving mindset)
- Tenacity
- Energy (for sustaining creative drive)

### How can we better at Innovation by daily practice?

#### Seeking Feedback

Daily Innovation Practices

Gaining insights from others to refine ideas.

#### Creative Exercises Engaging in daily creative activities to stimulate magination.

#### Embracing Challenges

Viewing obstacles as opportunities for growth.

#### Learning New Skills

knowledge to enhance creativity.

#### Diverse Reading

Expanding knowledge and perspective through varied literature.

#### Mind Mapping

Organizing thoughts and ideas visually for clarity.

## Acquiring new

#### Challenging Assumptions

20

A COLOR

Questioning norms to foster innovative thinking.

#### Brainstorming

Q-3 Q-3

Generating a flow of ideas without limitations.

#### **Key Takeaways**

- Most Innovations Are Born from Constraints, Not Abundance (The Apollo 13 mission's use of duct tape and other materials onboard to solve life-threatening problems)
- Failure Is a Prerequisite for Innovation (James Dyson: 5,127 failed prototypes before creating the Dyson vacuum)
- ▶ The Best Ideas Often Come from **Outside** Your Industry (The **Velcro** fastener was inspired by burdock burrs clinging to clothing.)
- Ideas Are Overrated Execution Is Everything (Facebook wasn't the first social media platform (MySpace was bigger), but its execution redefined user experience.)
- Collaboration Outperforms Lone Genius (The iPhone was the product of cross-functional collaboration, not Steve Jobs alone)
- The Most Creative People Copy First, Innovate Later (Apple borrowed heavily from Xerox's GUI to create the Mac)
- Your Brain Is Wired to Resist Creativity
- Your Best Ideas Will Come When You're Not Working (Archimedes' "Eureka!" moment happened in a bathtub.)
- The Creative Process Isn't Linear
- Incremental Improvements Beat Revolutionary Ideas











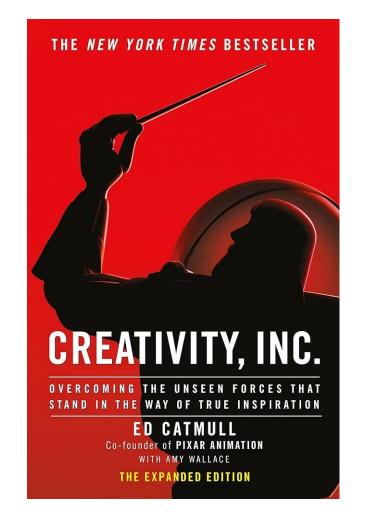


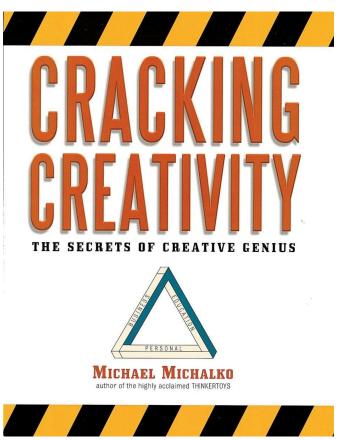






Books on Creativity That Have Inspired Me!







#### Chandan Lal Patary ♥

Bangalore Urban, Karnataka, India · Contact info

Transformation & Self-Coaching 🗷





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## Thank you

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