

HiSet Practice Quiz 1:

Commented [1]: Overall, excellent work!

1. Which word (s) in the following sentence should NOT be capitalized?

Can You Speak German?

- A. You and Speak
- B. Can and German
- C. Can, You, and Speak
- D. You, Speak, and German

2. Fill in the blank with the correctly capitalized form.

Every week, they get together to watch.

- A. the bachelor
- B. The Bachelor
- C. The bachelor
- D. the Bachelor

3. Choose the correct sentence.

- A. They used to live in the pacific northwest.
- B. They used to live in the Pacific northwest.
- C. They used to live in the pacific Northwest.
- D. They used to live in the Pacific Northwest.

4. What is the sentence with the correct use of punctuation?

- A. Offcampus apartments are nicer.
- B. Off campus apartments are nicer.
- C. Off-campus apartments are nicer.
- D. Off-campus-apartments are nicer.

5. Which of the following sentences is correct?

- A. I asked Scott, How was your day?
- B. Scott said, it was awesome.

C. He claimed, " My history presentation was great!"

D. I said, That' s wonderful!

6. What is the mistake in the following sentence?

The highestranking officer can choose his own work, including his own hours.

A. Highestranking needs a hyphen.

B. There should be a comma after officer.

C. There should be no comma after work.

D. There should be a semicolon after work.

7. Which of the following spellings is correct?

A. Busines

B. Business

C. Buseness

D. Bussiness

8. What is the correct plural of morning?

A. Morning

B. Mornings

C. Morningses

D. Morningies

9. On Earth, are seven continents.

A. their

B. there

C. theer

D. they' re

1. **Correct capitalization helps readers understand when a new sentence begins.** Ref pg. 54

2. **The titles of books, chapters, articles, poems, newspapers, and other publications should be capitalized.** Ref pg. 57

3. **Continents, countries, states, cities, and towns need to be capitalized.** Ref pg.55

Commented [2]: In the future, attach your citations to each appropriate item.

4. Hyphens (-) are mainly used to create compound words. Ref pg.
5. Commas are also used to set off an introductory phrase ref pg 66 and Quotation marks (“”) are used when directly using another person's word in your own writing. Ref pg70
6. Hyphens (-) are mainly used to create compound words. Ref pg. 70
7. Out of all the spelling choices Business was the only one I saw correct
8. Plurals are similar to suffixes as letters are added to the end of the word to signify more than one person, place, thing, or idea. Ref pg. 50
Morning doesn't end with a y etc...
9. A homophone is a word that has the same sound as another word, but does not have the same meaning or spelling. EX: to, too, and two, there, their, and they're. Ref pg. 51