LEGEND LENDING

THE 5 BUSINESS STRUCTURES



DEFINITION: Unincorporated business with one owner. Simplest, but riskiest, type of business.

LIABILITY: Owner has unlimited liability for any debts incurred by the business.

TAXATION: Owner is taxed at the individual tax rate.

TAX FORMS CAN INCLUDE: Form 1040, Individual Tax Return (Schedule C) & 1099'S.



DEFINITION: Business arrangement between 2 or more people.

LIABILITY: Operates according to a partnership agreement. General partners have unlimited liability.

TAXATION: Borrowers share of income taxes at the individual's tax rate. Earnings will be reported regardless of whether income was distributed.

CONSIDERATIONS: Income only considered if distributed OR if a business has adequate liquidity. Partners are not employees but may receive guaranteed payments.

TAX FORMS CAN INCLUDE: Form 1065 (Partnership Tax Return) & K1's



DEFINITION: A legal entity that has a limited number of stockholders.

LIABILITY: Stockholders are not personally liable for the debts of the corporation.

TAXATION: The borrower's share of the income will be taxed at the individual tax rate. Earnings will be reported regardless of whether income was distributed.

CONSIDERATIONS: Income can only be considered if it was distributed OR if the business has adequate liquidity. Stockholders are considered employees of the business and can receive W2 wages.

TAX FORMS CAN INCLUDE: Form 1120-S (SCorp Tax Return) & K1's



DEFINITION: A legal entity that exists seperate from its owners, who are shareholders.

LIABILITY: Owners are not personally liable for the debts of the corporation. Losses are limited to amount of investment in the company stock.

TAXATION: The business pays the taxes for the business. The owner is taxed at their individual tax rate for their earnings.

CONSIDERATIONS: Borrower must be 100% owner to utilize business' cash flow for qualiying income.

TAX FORMS CAN INCLUDE: Form 1120 (Corporate Tax Return), 1099-Div and W-2, Form 1125



DEFINITION: A hybrid business structure designed to offer members/owners tax efficiencies of a partnership and the limited liability of a corporation.

LIABILITY: LLC operating agreement outlines specific division of power among members/owners. Generally, they have limited liability.

TAXATION: Owner is taxed at the individual tax rate.

TAX FORMS CAN INCLUDE: Based on how business was formed. Doesn't have its own IRS forms - borrowers other entities' forms.