Network radiotherapy treatment protocol for Breast

SECTION 1: Treatment aims and regimes Radical/adjuvant/palliative radiotherapy to the breast and chest wall Radiotherapy			
		Intent and indications	Regime, technique and RCR
		C50-BR-40.05(I)15 Breast	 40.05 Gy in 15 fractions, daily over 19-21 days
		C50-CW-40.05(I)15 Chest wall	 NCCC - Isocentric field or conformal
Radical/adjuvant radiotherapy	JCUH - Dynamic MLC		
	 Prescribed to median dose (D50%) PTV 		
	RCR2, two missed fractions		
C50-BR-26(I)5 Breast	 26 Gy in 5 fractions, daily over 5-7 days 		
C50-CW-26(I)5 Chest wall	 NCCC - Isocentric field or conformal 		
Radical/adjuvant radiotherapy	JCUH - Dynamic MLC		
	 Prescribed to median dose (D50%) PTV 		
	RCR2, two missed fractions		
C50-BRSC-40.05(I)15 Breast + Nodes	• 40.05 Gy in 15 fractions, daily over 19-21 days		
C50-CWSC-40.05(I)15 Chest wall + Nodes	 NCCC - Isocentric field or conformal 		
Radical/adjuvant radiotherapy ++	JCUH - Dynamic MLC		
	 Prescribed to median dose (D50%) PTV 		
	RCR2, two missed fractions		
C50-BRSCIMC-40.05(I)15 Breast + Nodes	 40.05 Gy in 15 fractions, daily over 19-21 days 		
including IMC	 NCCC - Isocentric field or conformal 		
C50-CWSCIMC-40.05(I)15 Chest wall + Nodes	JCUH - VMAT		
including IMC	 Prescribed to median dose (D50%) PTV 		
Radical/adjuvant radiotherapy	RCR2, two missed fractions		
C50-BRSC-26(I)5 Breast + Nodes	 26 Gy in 5 fractions, daily over 5-7 days 		
excluding IMC	 NCCC - Isocentric field or conformal 		
C50-CWSC-26(I)5 Chest wall + Nodes	JCUH - Dynamic MLC		
excluding IMC	 Prescribed to median dose (D50%) PTV 		
Radical/adjuvant radiotherapy	RCR2, two missed fractions		
*at CCO discretion			
Tumour bed boost	 Following 40Gy in 15#; Boost 13.35 Gy in 5 		
With radical/adjuvant radiotherapy	fractions, daily over 5-7 days		
 All patients under the age of 40 years 	• JCUH only - Following 26Gy in 5#; Boost 10 Gy in 5		
 Consider for patients <50 years. May 	fractions, daily over 5-7 days		
reasonably be omitted in G1-2, ER+,	Where max skin to pectoralis distance at level of		
Her2- tumours.	boost < 4cm consider electron boost		
 Consider age of 50-60 with higher risk features, especially grade 3 and/or 	 NCCC Where distance > 5cm consider VMAT photo boost 		
extensive intraduct component,	• Depths between 4-5 cm at clinician discretion		
involved margins not amenable to further surgery.	 DIBH patients for photon boost irrespective of depth 		
 Consider >60 years with involved 	Electron boost prescribed to Dmax.		
margins not amenable to further	 Photon boost prescribed to D50% of PTV_Boost RCR2, two missed fractions 		
surgery.	• Renz, two misseu fractions		

 C50-PARTIALBR-26(I)5 Partial breast Radical/adjuvant radiotherapy >50 years Unifocal disease <= 3cm (excluding classical lobular) Nodes 0 Grade 1/2 Margins 1mm No NACT but primary hormones permitted 	 26 Gy in 5 fractions, daily over 5-7 days Isocentric field or conformal Prescribed to median dose (D50%) PTV NCCC only - Consider DIBH if Left sided Lower inner quadrant JCUH only - Consider DIBH if Left sided JCUH RCR2, two missed fractions
C50-32(I)4 Breast (NCCC only) <i>Palliative radiotherapy</i> Palliative whole breast for frail patients	 32 Gy in 4 fractions weekly Isocentric field or conformal Prescribed to median dose (D50%) PTV RCR3, two missed fractions
C50-26(I)5 Breast <i>Palliative radiotherapy</i> Palliative whole breast. Also consider for whole breast and nodal patients with significant co-morbidities	 26 Gy in 5 fractions, daily over 5-7 days Isocentric field or conformal Prescribed to median dose (D50%) PTV RCR3, two missed fractions
Chemotherapy	
 Trastuzumab/pertuzumab may be give Kadcyla may be given concurrently wit regime. Capecitabine may NOT be give 	s post chemotherapy with anthracycline/taxanes en concurrently with radiotherapy. In 15 fraction regime but NOT 5 fraction (Fast Forward)

• It is the shared responsibility of the clinical oncologist and the clinician prescribing the chemotherapy to ensure treatment are correctly scheduled.