

DC Metropolitan Chapter www.dcsofa.org

Social Security and Taxes in Retirement

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The Desire

We all desire a financial life that performs to its full potential.

Long Term Wealth

Retirement Income

O3 Minimized Taxes

O4 Lasting Legacy

Reduced Costs and Risk

And along the way we seek to keep it organized, flexible, and easy to control.





Financial Decisions = Challenge

One at a Time

We tend to avoid revisiting these decisions, making things worse over time, and causing us to have a "financial junk drawer."

At Different Times

With Different People

Under Different Circumstances

Junk Drawer

Undermines Financial Success

Disorganized

> Uncoordinated

> Non-integrated

> Inefficient

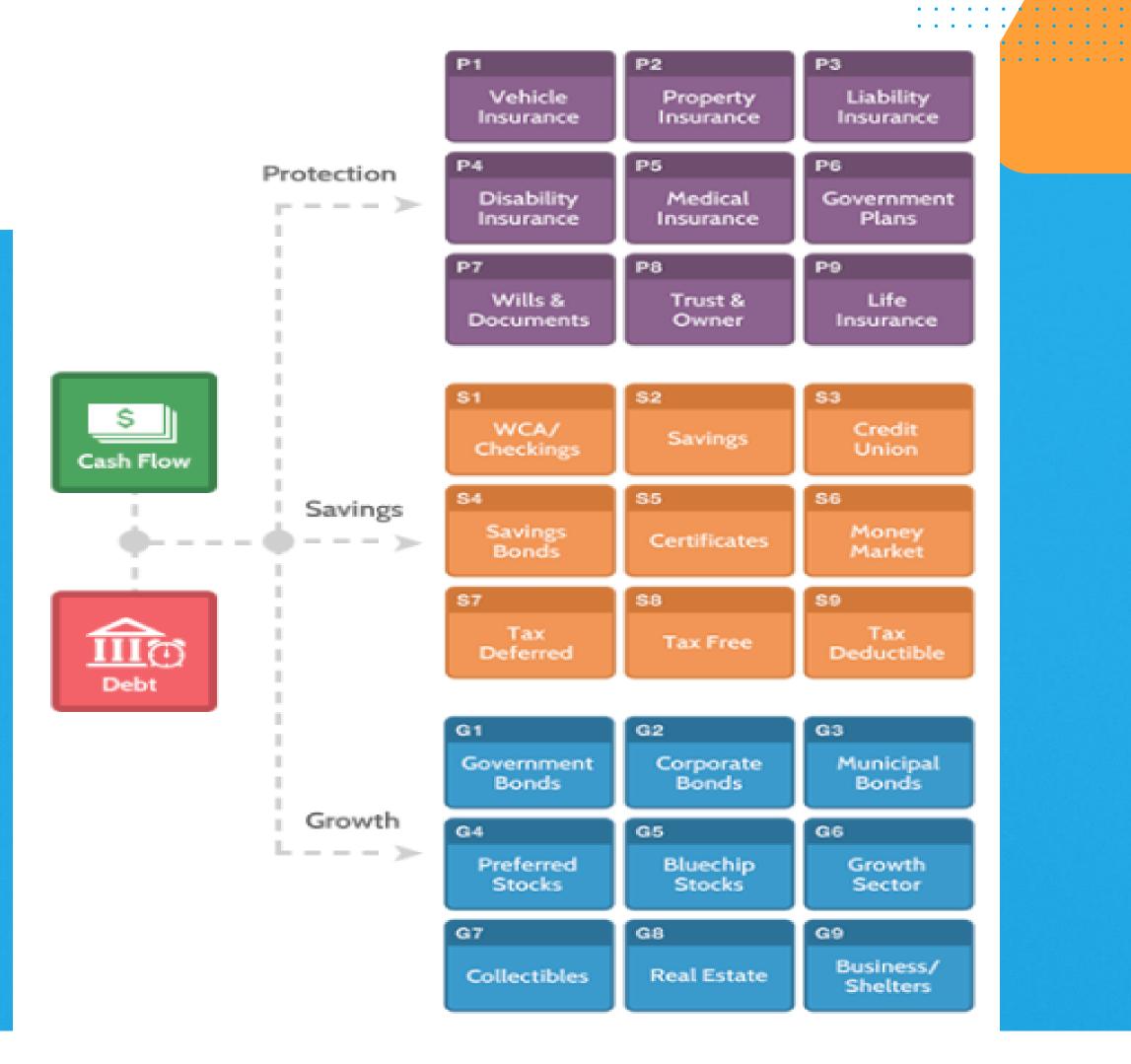
> Ineffective

>Hard to

Manage



Cash Flow



What is Your Financial Anatomy

TRI: Target Retirement Income

Identify the amount of money you are living on today.

- Retirement Income Projection
 - ☐ Gap
 - ☐ Same
 - ☐ Surplus
- Tax Position

What tax bracket will you be in when you retire?

- Lower
- ☐ Same
- ☐ Higher



Step #1: Understanding Your Target Retirement Income



TOTAL Gross Income	\$107,000
Less:	
TSP/401k	\$24,500
IRA	\$6,500
Social Security	\$6,634
Savings	
Mortgage	
College	
Credit Cards	
Debts	\$6,500
Tax Equivalent	
Non/Qualified IRA	
Roth	
Total Payments	\$44,134
TARGET RETIREMENT INCOME:	\$ 62,866

Step #2: Quantify Your Retirement Income Projections



Retirement Income Projections

	Pension	\$25,000
	Social Security	\$25,000
0% W/D	Tax Deferred Annuities	\$0
0% W/D	Tax Free	\$0
2.5% W/D	TSP/401(k) \$500,000	\$12,500
	TOTAL	\$0
	Pension	\$0
	Social Security	\$0
3% W/D	Tax Deferred	\$0
3% W/D	Tax Free	\$0
0% W/D	TSP/401(k)	\$0
	TOTAL	\$0
	W/D Rate from Cash Assets	\$0
	Total Income at year #2	\$62,500

Step #3:

Compare and Analyze \(\)

TOTAL Gross Income	\$107,000
Less:	
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(Less money in retirement than what you're living on today)

SAME

SURPLUS

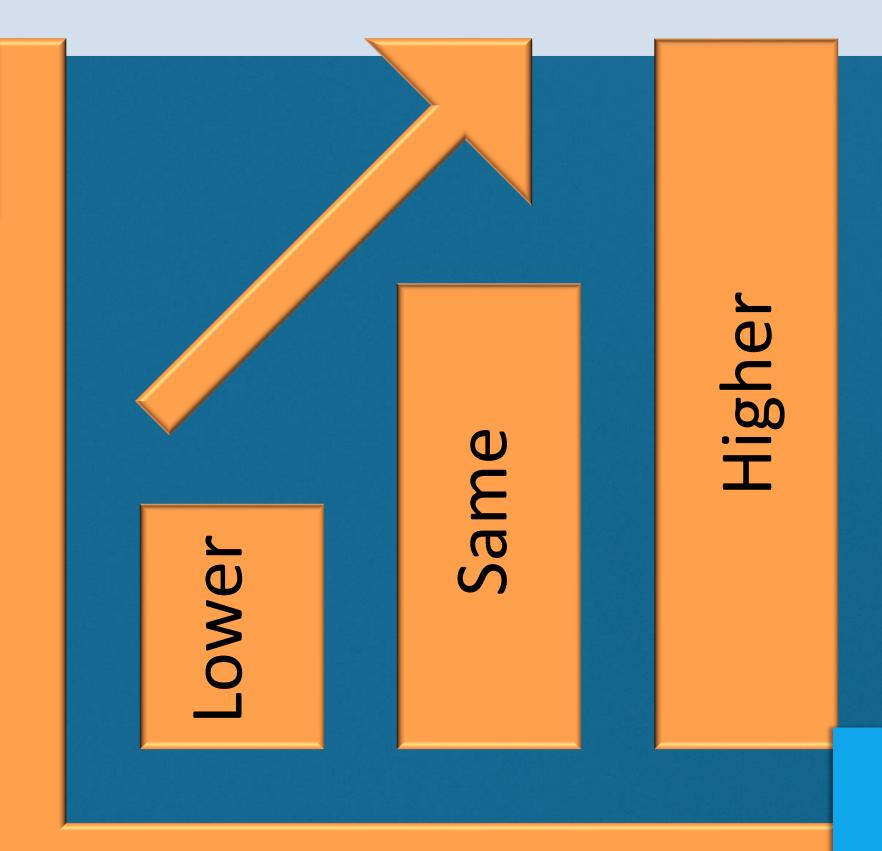
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3% W/D	Tax Free	\$0
0% W/D	TSP/401(k)	\$0
	TOTAL	\$0
	W/D Rate from Cash Assets	\$0
	Total Income at year #2	\$62,500

STEP #4:

Understanding Your Tax Picture

Will you be in a



TAX BRACKET when you retire?

Department of the Treasury-Internal Revenue Service U.S. Individual Income Tax Return OMB No. 1545-0074 IRS Use Only - Do not write or staple in this space. Filing Status Single Married filing jointly Married filing separately (MFS) Head of household (HOH) Qualifying surviving spouse (QSS) Check only one box. If you checked the MFS box, enter the name of your spouse. If you checked the HOH or QSS box, enter the child's name if the qualifying person is a child but not your dependent: Your first name and middle initial Last name Your social security number Spouse's social security number If joint return, spouse's first name and middle initial Last name Home address (number and street). If you have a P.O. box, see Instructions. Apt. no. Presidential Election Campaign Check here if you, or your spouse if filing jointly, want \$3 City, town, or post office. If you have a foreign address, also complete spaces below. State ZIP code to go to this fund. Checking a box below will not change your tax or refund. Foreign postal code Foreign country name Foreign province/state/county You Spouse At any time during 2022, did you: (a) receive (as a reward, award, or payment for property or services); or (b) sell, Digital Yes No Assets exchange, gift, or otherwise dispose of a digital asset (or a financial interest in a digital asset)? (See instructions.) Someone can claim: You as a dependent Your spouse as a dependent Standard Spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status alien Deduction Spouse: Was born before January 2, 1958 Is blind Age/Blindness You: Were born before January 2, 1958 Are blind (4) Check the box if qualifies for (see instructions): (3) Relationship (2) Social security Dependents (see instructions): number to you (1) First name Last name Child tax credit Credit for other dependents If more than four dependents, see instructions and check here . . Total amount from Form(s) W-2, box 1 (see instructions) 18 Income **1**b Household employee wages not reported on Form(s) W-2. Attach Form(s) Tip income not reported on line 1a (see instructions) 10 W-2 here. Also Medicaid waiver payments not reported on Form(s) W-2 (see instructions) 1 d attach Forms W-2G and Taxable dependent care benefits from Form 2441, line 26 10 1099-R If tax **1f** Employer-provided adoption benefits from Form 8839, line 29 was withheld. Wages from Form 8919, line 6 . 19 If you did not get a Form 1lb: Other earned income (see instructions) W-2, see Nontaxable combat pay election (see instructions) Instructions. 1z Add lines 1a through 1h Tax-exempt interest . 2bAttach Sch. B. b Taxable interest If required. Qualified dividends За b Ordinary dividends 3b IRA distributions . . . **4a** b Taxable amount. **4**b 5Ь Standard Pensions and annuities b Taxable amount . Deduction for-6a 6b Social security benefits . b Taxable amount Single or If you elect to use the lump-sum election method, check here (see instructions) Married filing separately... Capital gain or (loss). Attach Schedule D if required. If not required, check here 7 \$12,950 Other income from Schedule 1, line 10 . 8 Married filing ntly or lifying 9 Add lines 1z, 2b, 3b, 4b, 5b, 6b, 7, and 8. This is your total income . . . ng spouse. 10 Adjustments to income from Schedule 1, line 26 10 11 11 Subtract line 10 from line 9. This is your adjusted gross income hous 12 12 Standard deduction or itemized deductions (from Schedule A) \$19,40 13 If you cho Qualified business income deduction from Form 8995 or Form 8995-A . 13 arry box un 14 14 Standard 4 Deduction. Subtract line 14 from line 11. If zero or less, enter -0-. This is your taxable income 15 see instructions

For Disclosure, Privacy Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see separate instructions.

Form 1040 (2022)

Cat. No. 11320B

axable Income

What is Your Tax Bracket?

Tax Bracket 2025

How many of you think you will be in a lower tax bracket when you retire?

Tax Rate	For Single Filers	For Married Individuals Filing Joint Returns	For Heads of Households
10%	\$0 to \$11,925	\$0 to \$23,850	\$0 to \$17,000
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24%	\$103,350 to \$197,300	\$206,700 to \$394,600	\$103,350 to \$197,300
32%	\$197,300 to \$250,525	\$394,600 to \$501,050	\$197,300 to \$250,500
35%	\$250,525 to \$626,350	\$501,050 to \$751,600	\$250,500 to \$626,350
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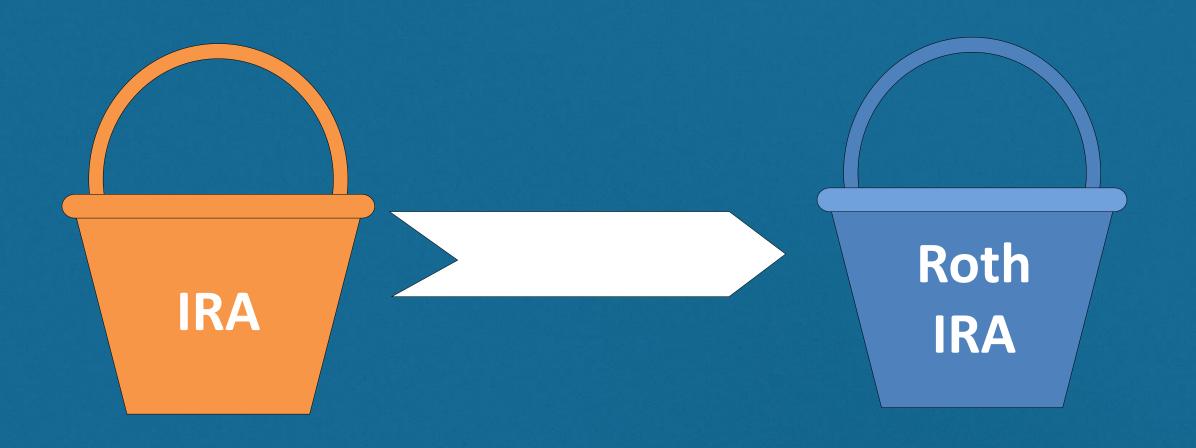
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	W/D Rate from Cash Assets	\$0
	Total Income at year #2	\$62,500

ROTH SOLUTIONS 2 Main Roth Strategies: Roth contributions and Roth conversions



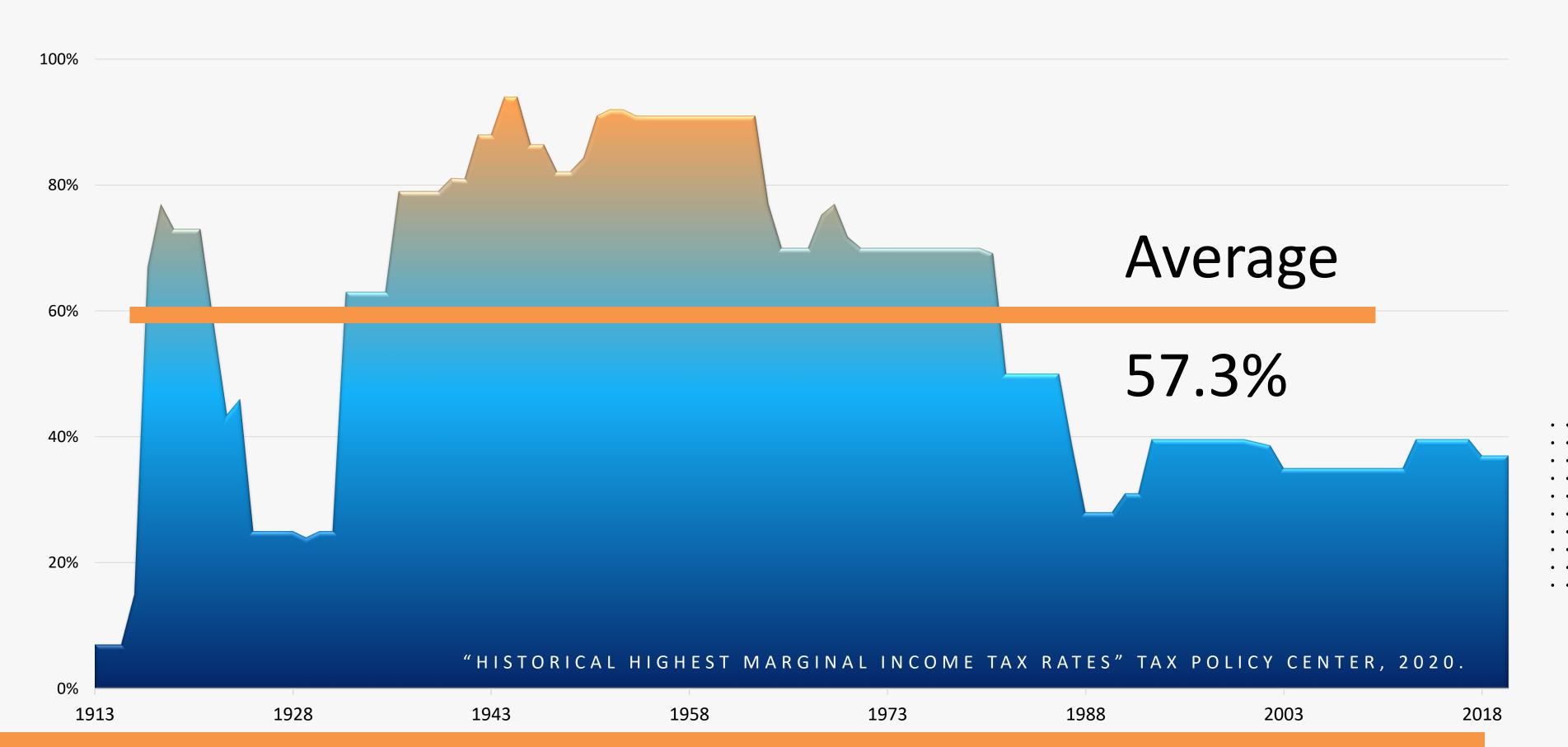
Converting a traditional IRA or qualified plan assets to a Roth IRA is a taxable event and could result in additional impacts on your personal tax situation, including a need for additional tax withholding or estimated tax payments, the loss of certain tax deductions and credits, and higher taxes on Social Security benefits and Medicare premiums. Please consult with a qualified tax advisor before making any decisions regarding your IRA. It is generally preferable that you have funds to pay the taxes due upon conversion from funds outside of your IRA or qualified plan. If you elect to take a distribution from your IRA or qualified plan to pay the conversion taxes, please keep in mind the potential consequences, such as an assessment of product surrender charges or additional IRS penalties for premature distributions.

Where do you think taxes will be in your future?



Your opinion matters

Top Marginal Income Tax Rates: 1913-2021



ROTH vs TRADITIONAL TSP Which is Right for YOU?



A Traditional TSP

B Roth/Roth TSP

\$18,000 @ 5% ROR → 401(k)

Accumulated: \$624,947

X 4% W/D \$24,997

(taxes, Fed 25% + State6%) -\$7,749

\$17,248.00

Accumulated: \$431,213 X 4% W/D

\$17,248.00

ROTH OR Traditional TSP --WHAT IS THE BEST CHOICE?

Advantages of Roth TSP

- Potentially tax-free withdrawals
- Heirs inherit a tax-free asset
- Roth withdrawals do not increase your taxable income, which may lower taxes on Social Security benefits and/or reduce Medicare premiums.
- Good candidates: Younger employees, those who won't need to withdraw funds for a long time, expect to be in a higher tax bracket when retired and more aggressive investors..

Disadvantages of Roth TSP:

- Paying taxes early
- Five year holding period before withdrawals are tax free
- Higher taxable income may reduce eligibility for some tax credits and deductions while you are working.
- Bad candidates: Will be in a lower tax bracket when funds are withdrawn, expect to need funds from TSP soon, conservative investors.

Critical decision factors

- Can you afford higher taxes when making the Roth contributions
- Tax rate differential (contribution years vs. withdrawal years
- Time horizon for needing funds to meet annual living expenses
- Rate of return on investments
- Concern about benefiting heirs.





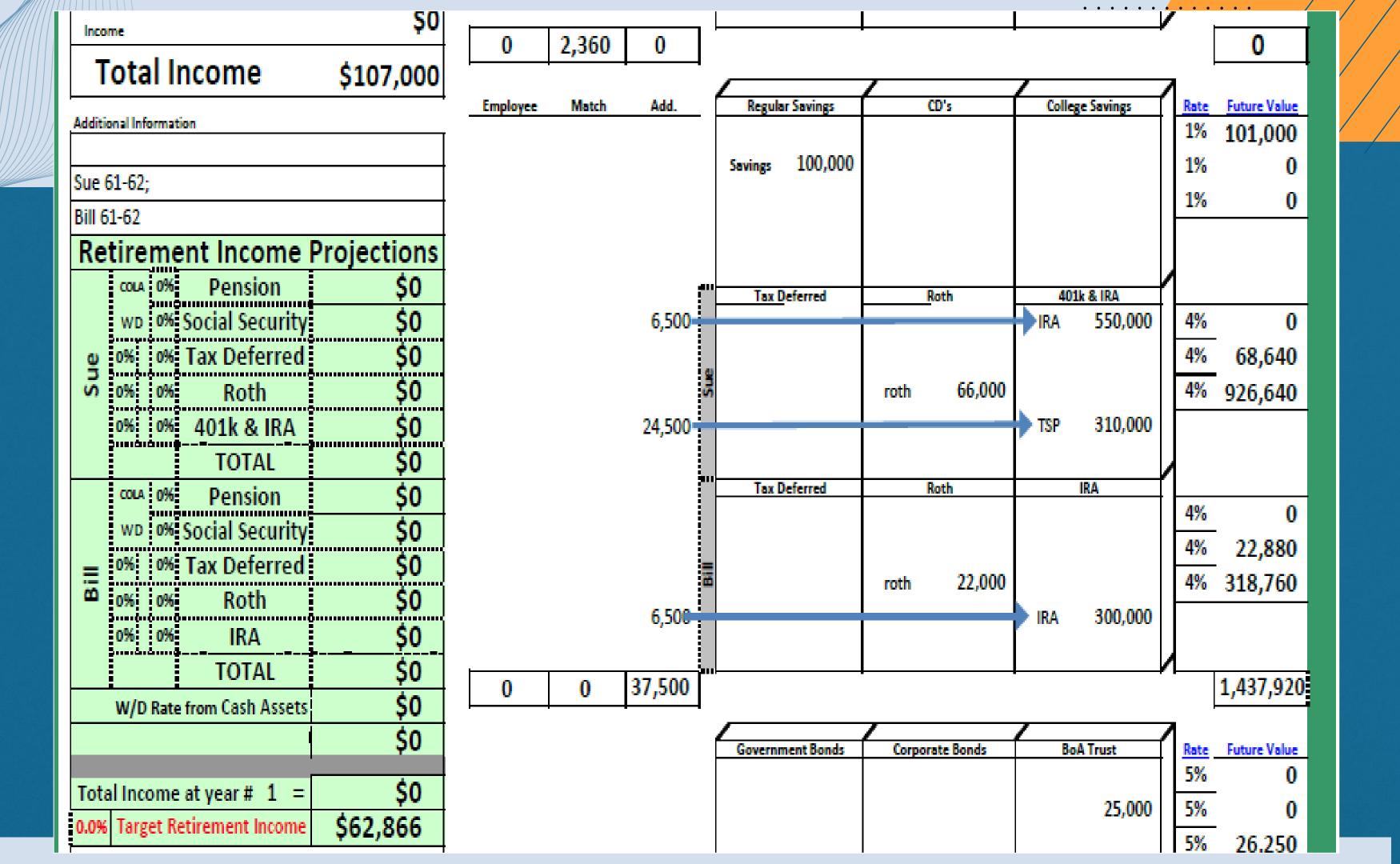
Benefits of Roth Conversion

- Tax-free distributions (assuming you follow the 5-year rules)
- If you are over 59 ½, immediate access to funds tax-free with no penalties (Principal only, earnings must wait 5 years)
- No required minimum distributions freedom of choice
- Tax-free inheritance to beneficiaries (spouse can do a rollover)
- Immunized against future tax law changes

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Retires

Sue

SS

8

RMD

What is Your Tax Bracket?

Tax Bracket 2025

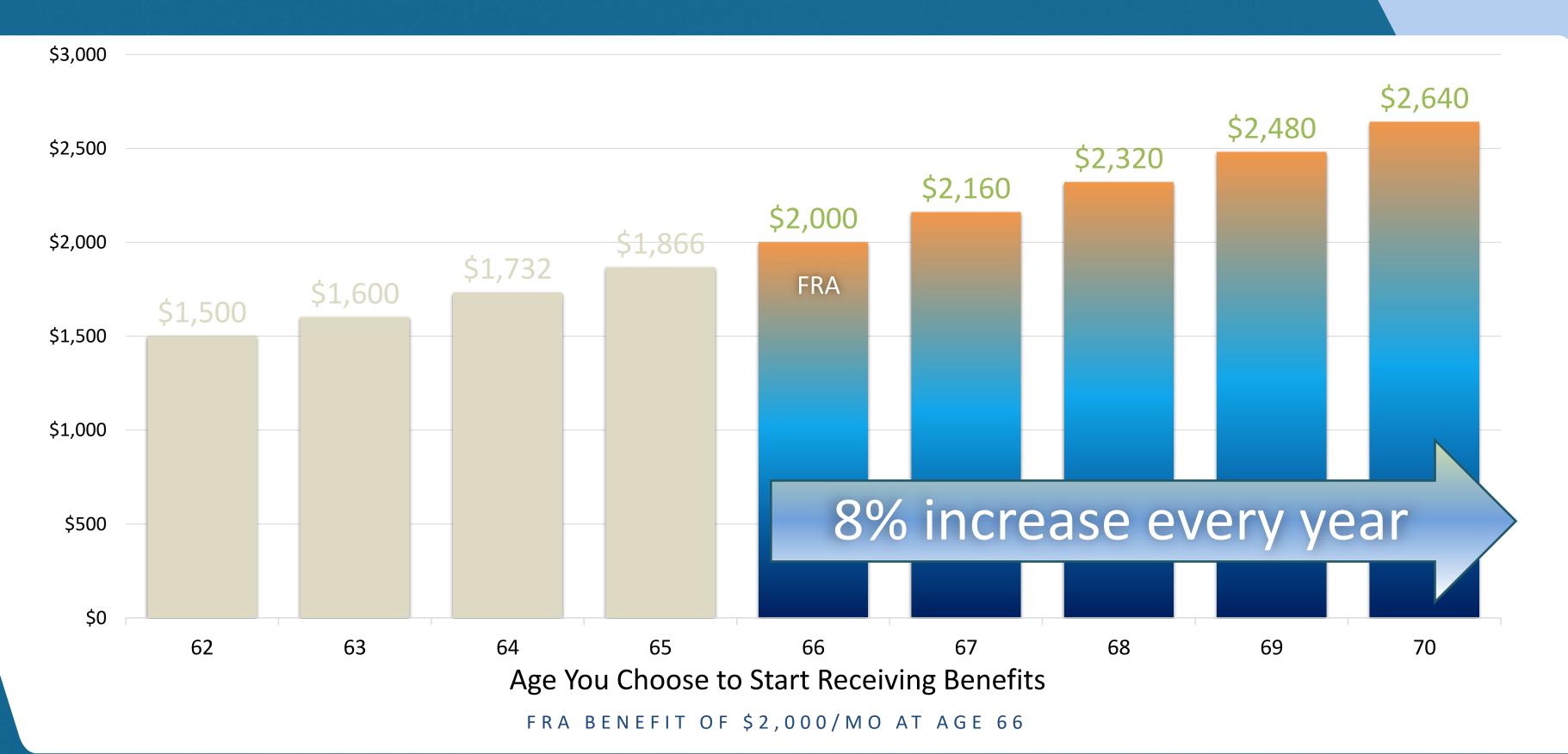
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Retires

Sue

Monthly Social Security Benefit Example



What to Know about Social Security

• How do I understand if I have a choice to delay SS given my planned retirement age?

Social Security Strategies: Born before 1/1/1954

Health Issues...Passing on the highest income possible

Perfect Storm 1st Death



Medicare B Coverage for 2024

Medicare 2024 Part B Premiums By Income

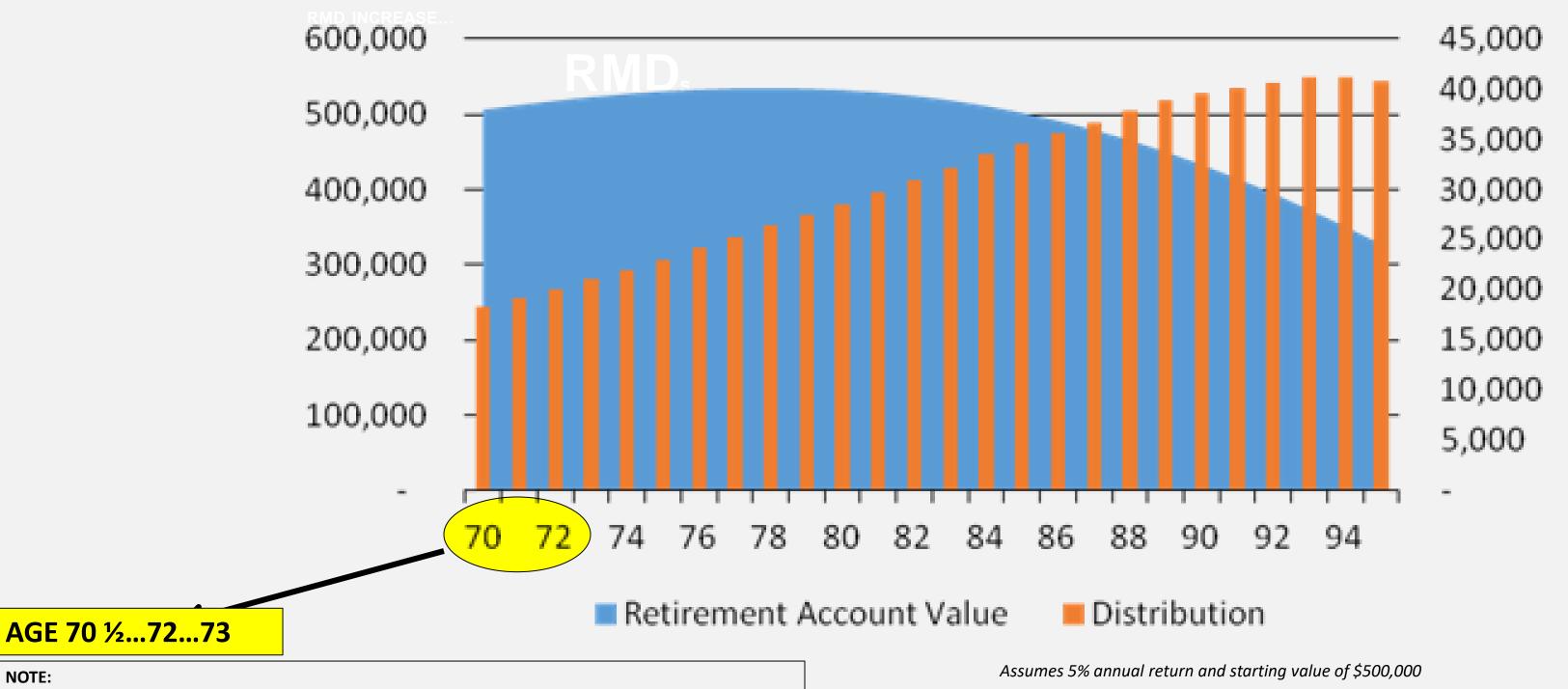
If Your Filing Status and Yearly Income in 2022 was:

	5
XIIII	

Individual Tax Return	Joint Tax Return	Married & Separate Tax Return	PART B Premium + IRMAA
\$103,000 or Less	\$206,000 or Less	\$103,000 or Less	\$174.70
\$103,001 to \$129,000	\$206,001 to \$258,000	N/A	\$244.60 (\$174.70 + \$69.90)
\$129,001 to \$161,000	\$258,001 to \$322,000	N/A	\$349.40 (\$174.70 + \$174.70)
\$161,001 to \$193,000	\$322,001 to \$386,000	N/A	\$454.20 (\$174.70 + \$279.50)
\$193,001 to \$499,999	\$386,001 to \$749,999	\$103,001 to \$396,999	\$559.00 (\$174.70 + \$384.30)
\$500,000+	\$750,000+	\$397,000+	\$594.00 (\$174.70 + \$419.30)



Effect of RMDs



NOTE:

The age for withdrawing from retirement accounts was increased in 2020 to 72 from 70 &1/2. **SECURE ACT 2.0** will raise the age for RMDs to 73 if you were born in 1951-1959. If you were born in 1960 or later, the SECURE 2.0 Act will raise the age for RMDs to 75.

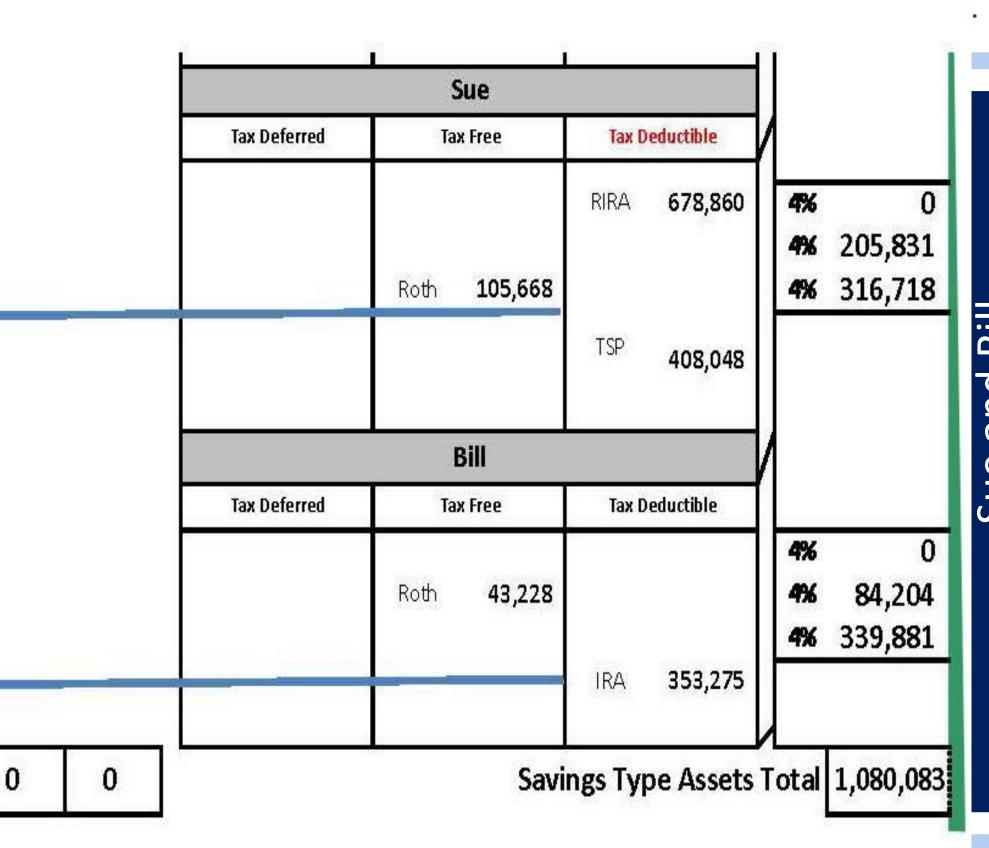
Which RMD to use?

NO RMD's for ROTH TSP/401(k)

Age	Individuals impacted	Effective Year
Age 72 (or 70 1/2)	Born 1950 or earlier	
Age 73	Born 1951 – 1959	2023
Age 75	Born 1960 or later	2033

Re	Retirement Income Projections				
		Sı	ue 73 to 9	0	
	WD	3.0%	Pension	\$31,133	
	COLA	3.0%	Social Security	\$52,891	ĺ
	0.0%	0.0%	Tax Deferred	\$0	
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	Tax Free	\$0	
	4.0%	3.1%	Tax Deductible	\$73,055	
			TOTAL	\$157,079	
		В	ill 73 to 9	0	
	COLA	0.0%	Pension	\$0	
	WD	3.0%	Social Security	\$52,891	١
	0.0%	0.0%	Tax Deferred	\$0	
	0.0%	0.0%	Tax Free	\$0	
	4.0%	0.0%	Tax Deductible	\$14,131	338
			TOTAL	\$67,022	
	W/D R	late fr	om Cash Assets	\$0	
				\$0	
Tot	tal Inco	me a	at year # 17 =	\$224,101	
0.0%	Targe	t Reti	rement Income	\$62,866	

0



What Tax Bracket Does it Fall into?

	Tax Rate	For Single Filers	For Married Individuals Filing Joint Returns
	10%	\$0 to \$11,925	\$0 to \$23,850
\$\$	12%	\$11,925 to \$48,475	\$23,850 to \$96,950
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For Heads of Households

\$17,000 to \$64,850

\$64,850 to \$103,350

\$103,350 to \$197,300

\$197,300 to \$250,500

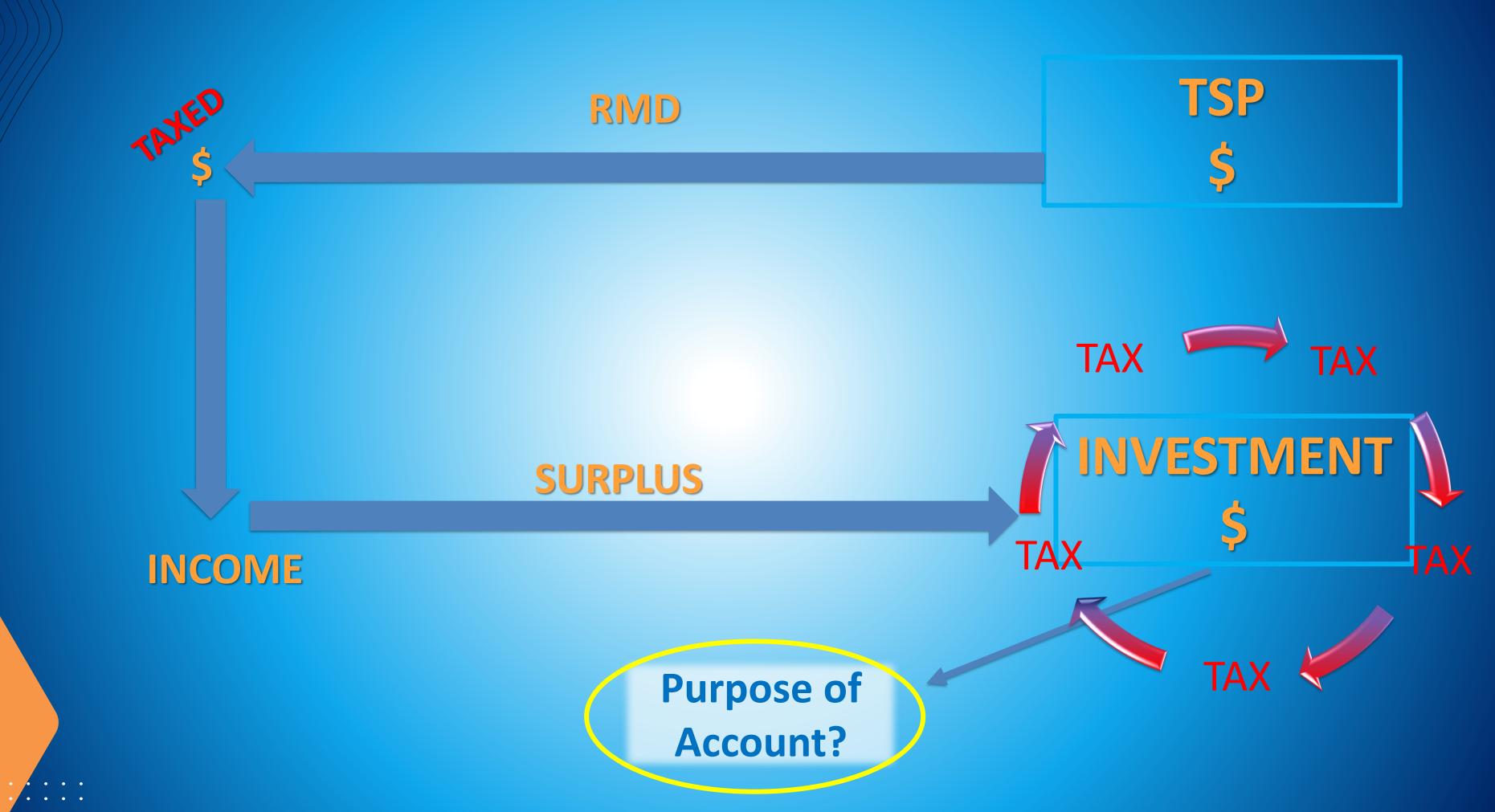
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\$626,350 or more

\$0 to \$17,000

Wealth Transfer: Pre-Tax Retirement Accounts

				• •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Ret.	To	Pre-Tax Accounts	Level B.o.Y.	Rate of Return	Total of	Federal+State
Age	Age	Initial Balance	Withdrawals	(Avg. Annual)	All Fees	Income Tax %
72	100	\$1,000,000	\$0	5.00%	0.00%	24%
		 -	Cross	Dalance	All Inclusive	Not of
Апо		Balance	Gross Withdrawal	Balance Net of Fees	All-Inclusive Tax Liability	Net of Fed+State
Age	Year		B.o.Y. RMD		-	
72	1	\$1,000,000	\$39,063	\$1,008,984	\$0	\$766,828
73	2	1,008,984	40,850	1,016,542	-	
	3		-		243,970	772,572
74		1,016,542	42,712	1,022,521	245,405	777,116
75	4	1,022,521	44,652	1,026,763	246,423	780,340
76	5	1,026,763	46,671	1,029,097	246,983	782,113
77	6	1,029,097	48,542	1,029,582	247,100	782,482
78	7	1,029,582	50,718	1,027,807	246,674	781,133
79	8	1,027,807	52,708	1,023,854	245,725	778,129
80	9	1,023,854	54,752	1,017,557	244,214	773,344
81	10	1,017,557	56,847	1,008,746	242,099	766,647
82	11	1,008,746	58,991	997,243	239,338	757,905
83	12	997,243	61,181	982,865	235,888	746,978
84	13	982,865	63,411	965,428	231,703	733,725
85	14	965,428	65,232	945,206	226,849	718,356
86	15	945,206	67,036	922,078	221,299	700,780
87	16	922,078	68,812	895,930	215,023	680,907
88	17	895,930	70,546	866,653	207,997	658,657
89	18	866,653	72,221	834,154	200,197	633,957
90	19	834,154	73,171	799,032	191,768	607,264
91	20	799,032	73,984	761,300	182,712	578,588
92	21	761,300	74,637	720,996	173,039	547,957
93	22	720,996	75,104	678,186	162,765	515,422
94	23	678,186	74,526	633,843	152,122	481,721
95	24	633,843	73,703	588,148	141,155	446,992
96	25	588,148	72,611	541,314	129,915	411,398
97	26	541,314	71,225	493,593	118,462	375,130
98	27	493,593	69,520	445,276	106,866	338,410
99	28	445,276	66,459	397,758	95,462	302,296



Purpose of Surplus





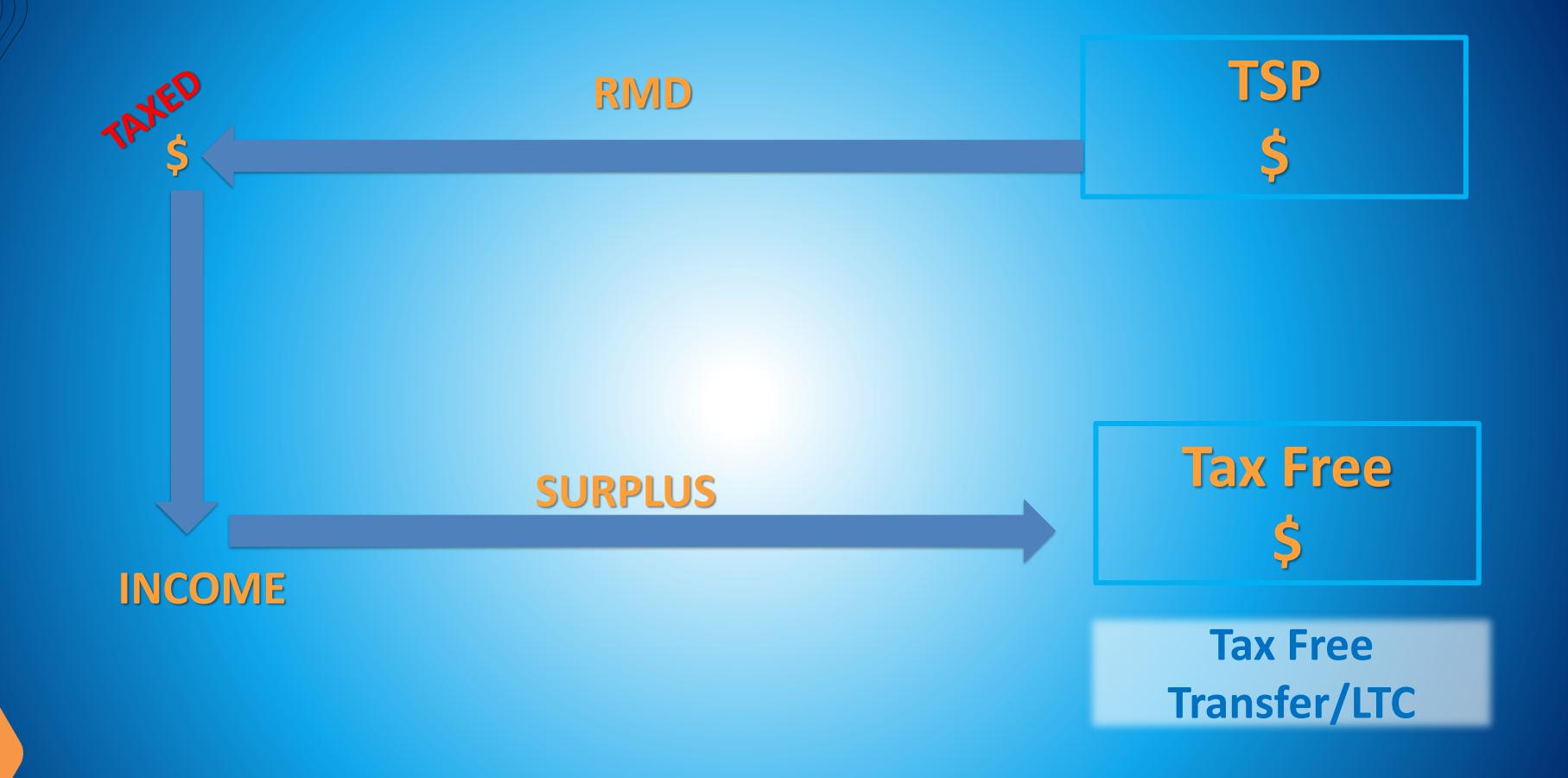
Emergency



Long Term Care of Health



Legacy

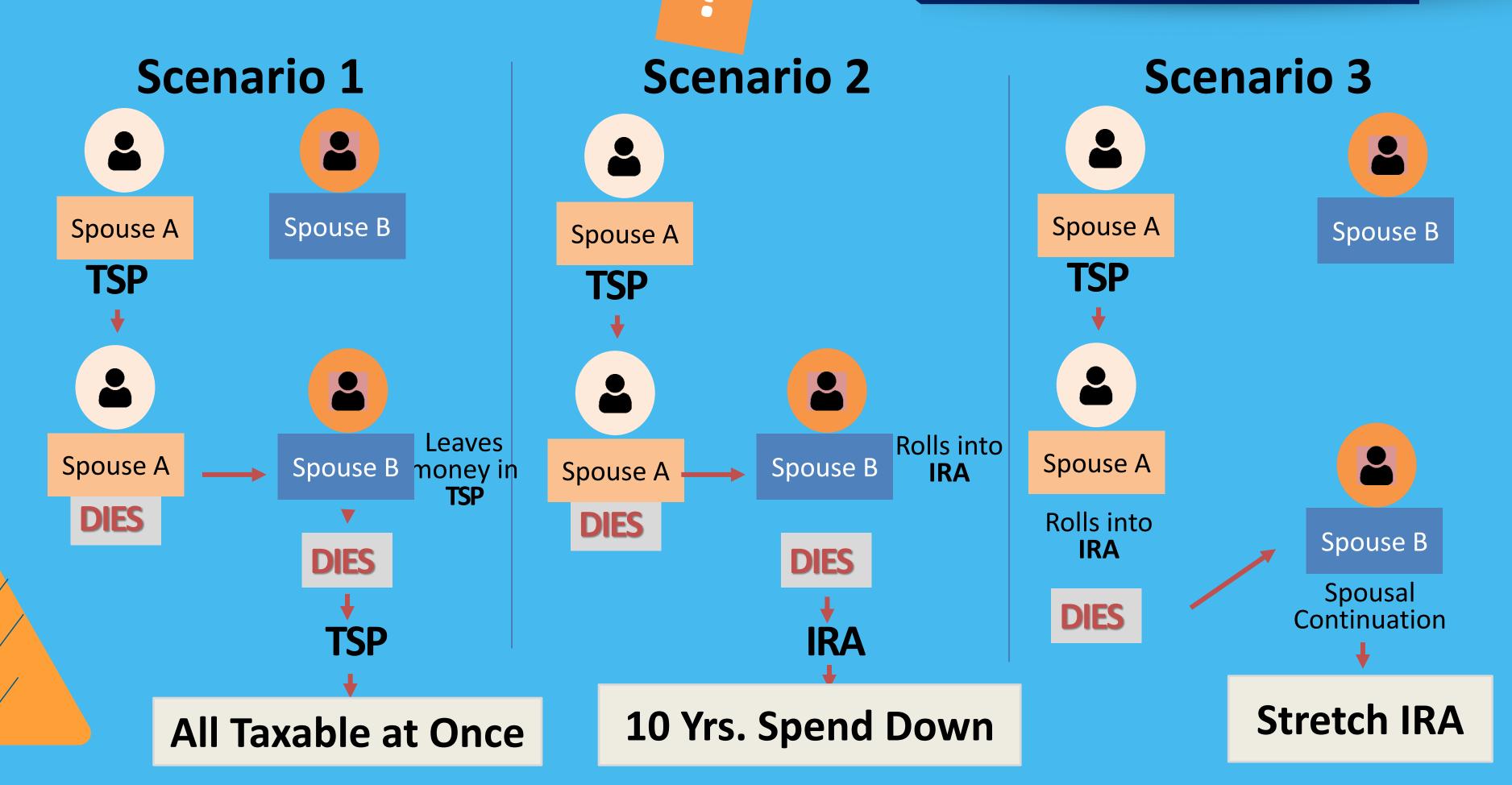


Life Insurance with LTC Rider

Year	Age End Year	Contract Prem for Gtd Values	Guaranteed Cash Value End Year	Guaranteed Death Benefit End Year	Contract Premium	Net Dividend End Year	Cash Value of Additions End Year	Total Cash Value End Year	Paid-Up Additions End Year	Total Death Benefit End Year	Total Paid-Up Insurance End Year
1	60	10,000	0	229,197	10,000	1,494	1,494	1,494	3,482	232,679	3,481
2	61	10,379	676	229,197	10,000	1,680	3,221	3,897	7,277	236,474	8,805
3	62	10,379	6,310	229,197	10,000	1,772	5,092	11,402	11,160	240,357	24,988
4	63	10,379	12,037	229,197	10,000	1,963	7,211	19,249	15,334	244,531	40,931
5	64	10,379	17,848	229,197	10,000	2,197	9,626	27,474	19,870	249,067	56,712
- 6	65	10,379	23,816	229,197	10,000	2,386	12,297	36,113	24,654	253,851	72,398
7	66	10,379	29,890	229,197	10,000	2,633	15,289	45,179	29,782	258,979	88,004
8	67	10,379	36,053	229,197	10,000	2,912	18,641	54,694	35,296	264,493	103,559
9	68	10,379	42,312	229,197	10,000	3,204	22,373	64,685	41,194	270,391	119,099
10	69	10,379	48,665	229,197	10,000	3,472	26,472	75,138	47,413	276,610	134,575
11	70	10,379	55,110	229,197	10,000	3,837	31,039	86,149	54,100	283,297	150,156
12	71	10,379	61,629	229,197	10,000	4,197	36,078	97,706	61,222	290,419	165,803
13	72	10,379	68,191	229,197	10,000	4,597	41,633	109,823	68,821	298,018	181,544
14	73	10,379	74,778	229,197	10,000	5,060	47,772	122,550	76,975	306,172	197,463
15	74	10,379	81,365	229,197	10,000	5,558	54,534	135,899	85,711	314,908	213,590
16	75	10,379	87,934	229,197	10,000	6,016	61,884	149,818	94,940	324,137	229,845
17	76	10,379	94,484	229,197	10,000	6,432	69,786	164,270	104,580	333,777	246,171
18	77	10,379	101,023	229,197	10,000	6,857	78,253	179,276	114,624	343,821	262,602
19	78	10,379	107,560	229,197	10,000	7,258	87,268	194,828	125,022	354,219	279,115
20	79	10,379	114,106	229,197	10,000	7,633	96,811	210,917	135,723	364,920	295,692
21	80	10,379	120,207	229,197	10,000	8,113	106,986	227,193	146,860	376,057	311,868
22	81	10,379	126,255	229,197	10,000	8,348	117,548	243,803	158,088	387,285	327,886
2.3	82	10,379	132,233	229,197	10,000	8,645	128,547	260,780	169,487	398,684	343,832
24	83	10,379	138,139	229,197	10,000	9,033	140,073	278,213	181,170	410,367	359,838
2.5	84	10,379	143,894	229,197	10,000	9,512	152,184	296,078	193,249	422,446	375,972
26	85	10,379	149,469	229,197	10,000	10,052	164,920	314,388	205,792	434,989	392,303
27	86	10,379	154,820	229,197	10,000	10,568	178,231	333,051	218,763	447,960	408,792
28	87	10,379	159,906	229,197	10,000	11,109	192,112	352,018	232,190	461,387	425,456
29	88	10,379	164,694	229,197	10,000	11,642	206,524	371,218	246,061	475,258	442,284
30	89	10,379	169,154	229,197	10,000	12,192	221,447	390,602	260,398	489,595	459,304
				•							

Stretch IRA is Back

Secure Act 2.0



Is Long Term Care in Your Future?



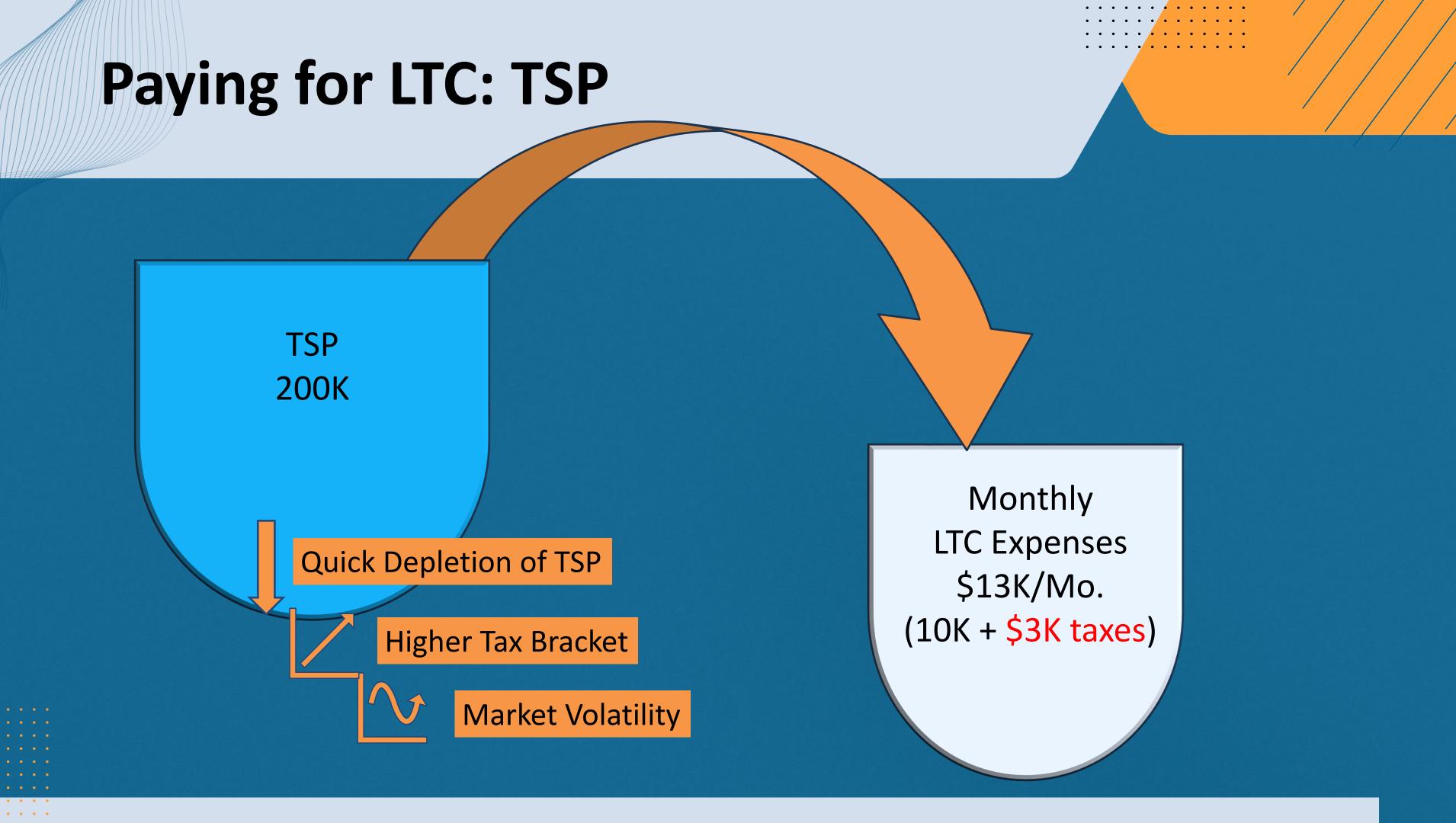
Median Nursing Home Costs

2024

Semi-Private Room \$9,277

> Private Room \$10,646

Fluctuations: labor costs, demand, and state regulations.



Existing Policies Premium Rate Increases

State	Filer	Calculated premium change (\$M) pr	n Ap	Number of policyholder rfected	Renewal business effective date
VA	Genworth Life Insurance Co. ¹	9.7		10,228	04/21/22
ОН	Genworth Life Insurance Co.			C 712	03/31/22
PA	John Hancock Life Insurance Co. US	,A	1%		05/09/22
TN	Genworth Life Insurance Co.			4,431	04/27/22
KY	Genworth Life Insurance Co.			4,617	03/31/22
IA	Ability Insurance Co. 1,2	An	nual	2,612	02/18/22
NE	Mutual of Omaha Insurance Co			2,383	01/01/22
AL	Genworth Life Insurance Co.			8,321	03/14/22
TX	Allianz Life Insurance Co. Of North	America	ease!	821	01/29/22
NE	Ability Insurance Co. ²			2,024	01/13/22
Data semi	nilod Aug 4, 2022				

Date compiled Aug 4, 2022

LTC = long-term care

Information collected on a best-effort basis. Rate filling information is sourced from the system. In Reflects individual long-term care rate filings for Type of Insurance LTC02I, LTC031, LTC041 and LTC051 with on the premium impacted was unavailable; fillings where the disposition table was unavailable, notably in Written premium, calculated premium change, approved rate change and number of policyholders affected to 10 fillings shown are based on calculated premium change.

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position section .e fillings. Approved rate change reflects the calculated premium change divided by written premium.

ın a given year.

ate insurance regulators within the filling.

ance Co.

^{*}Approved rate change shown may be the ultimate increase as some states cap the amount an insurer car

¹ Adjustments made to values shown due discrepancies between disposition table and correspondence fro

² Include LTC premium changes for policies of medico Insurance Co. that have been novated over to Ability Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence

Stress Test Your LTC Premiums

Gross Level ROR Beginning Balance \$3,930 **Annual Additions** # of Years or Withdrawals Ord. Inc. Tax Rate% Federal + State

Beginning Balance Year 3,930 4,272 4,643 5,046 5,485 5,961 6,479 7,042 7,654 8,320 9,042 11 9,828 10,682 11,611 12,620 13,716 16 14,908 17 16,204 17,612 19,142

Can you afford this?

The story of JIM...



But Theresa...







DC Metropolitan Chapter www.dcsofa.org

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