



Cordova for President

Moving Forward Together

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The United States Constitution

Article II, Section 1 of the U.S. Constitution imposes only three eligibility requirements on persons serving as president, based on the officeholder's age, time of residency in the U.S., and citizenship status:

U.S. Constitution – Presidential Candidate Eligibility

"No person except a natural born Citizen, or a Citizen of the United States, at the time of the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the Office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that Office who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty-five Years, and been fourteen Years a Resident within the United States."

Executive Presidential Plan for the Office of Constitutional Rights Enforcement (OCRE)

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Preamble

Why the Office of Constitutional Rights Enforcement (OCRE) is Necessary

The cornerstone of the American republic lies in the unwavering protection of constitutional rights. These rights, enshrined in the Constitution, are not mere ideals but binding principles designed to uphold liberty, equality, and justice for all. Yet, as history has shown and recent events have underscored, systemic violations of constitutional rights persist, often leaving individuals vulnerable and communities disenfranchised. When those entrusted to safeguard justice—District Attorneys, judges, and law enforcement officials—breach these rights, the consequences ripple across society, eroding public trust and undermining the integrity of our legal and judicial systems.

Current mechanisms for accountability are fragmented, inconsistent, and insufficient to address the magnitude of constitutional violations. This gap in oversight has led to instances of unchecked power, disparate treatment under the law, and a growing sense of injustice among the American people. The absence of a dedicated, independent federal agency to monitor, investigate, and enforce constitutional protections has allowed such violations to persist, fostering distrust in institutions meant to serve and protect.

The establishment of the Office of Constitutional Rights Enforcement (OCRE) is not just timely—it is imperative. By creating an independent body with the authority to address constitutional violations and hold public officials accountable, we reaffirm our commitment to the rule of law and the principles upon which our nation was founded. The OCRE will serve as a safeguard for individuals and communities, ensuring that constitutional rights are upheld without prejudice or exception.

Through the implementation of comprehensive measures, including the "Three Strikes Rule," transparent reporting systems, and robust training programs, the OCRE will create a framework of accountability and education, fostering a culture of ethical conduct within our legal and judicial systems. This plan represents



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a decisive step toward restoring faith in our institutions and empowering every American with the assurance that their rights will be protected.

As we face the challenges of an evolving society, the OCRE will be a beacon of justice, ensuring that the Constitution remains a living, active force in the lives of all citizens. This initiative is a testament to our nation's resolve to confront injustices, uphold accountability, and safeguard the rights of every individual, today and for generations to come.

Plan Title: Executive Action for the Protection of Constitutional Rights

Objective: To establish the Office of Constitutional Rights Enforcement (OCRE) as an independent federal agency responsible for monitoring, investigating, and enforcing compliance with constitutional rights protections among District Attorneys, judges, and law enforcement officials, ensuring accountability and safeguarding the rights of individuals.

Components of the Plan:

1. Establishment of the Office of Constitutional Rights Enforcement (OCRE)

- **Executive Order:** Issue an Executive Order to formally establish the OCRE as an independent federal agency, separate from the Department of Justice, with a clear mission, structure, and authority.
- **Director Appointment:** Appoint a qualified and experienced Director to lead the agency, emphasizing expertise in civil rights, law, and judicial processes.

2. Implementation of the Three Strikes Rule

- **Policy Development:** Direct the OCRE to develop and implement a "Three Strikes Rule" for District Attorneys, judges, and police officers who knowingly violate constitutional rights:
 - **First Violation:** Formal reprimand and mandatory training on constitutional rights and ethics.
 - **Second Violation:** Suspension from office and additional training.
 - **Third Violation:** Referral for permanent removal from office or revocation of law enforcement certification.
- **Collaboration with Relevant Authorities:** Work with state bar associations, judicial conduct boards, and police oversight bodies to ensure alignment and support for enforcing the Three Strikes Rule.

3. Creation of Reporting and Investigative Mechanisms

- **Complaint System:** Establish a transparent and accessible complaint system for individuals to report alleged violations of constitutional rights by District Attorneys, judges, and law enforcement officials.
- **Investigative Protocols:** Develop clear protocols for investigating complaints, ensuring timely and thorough assessments of allegations against all parties.

4. Training and Educational Initiatives

- **Comprehensive Training Programs:** Create mandatory training programs for District Attorneys, judges, and police officers on constitutional rights, ethical standards, and best practices in law enforcement and judicial conduct.
- **Public Awareness Campaigns:** Launch campaigns to educate the public about their constitutional rights and the role of the OCRE.

5. Funding and Resource Allocation



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- **Independent Funding:** Establish a funding mechanism for the OCRE independent from the Department of Justice. This could include direct federal appropriations and partnerships with non-profit organizations and philanthropic foundations to support its mission.
- **Grant Programs:** Develop grant programs to support state and local initiatives aimed at upholding constitutional rights and promoting accountability among judges, DAs, and law enforcement.

6. Public Accountability and Transparency

- **Annual Reports:** Mandate the OCRE to publish annual reports detailing its activities, findings, and recommendations for improvements in the legal and judicial systems.
- **Community Engagement:** Foster relationships with civil rights organizations, community groups, and legal associations to promote collaboration and public engagement.

7. Legislative Support and Long-term Goals

- **Propose Legislative Measures:** Work with Congress to draft and propose legislation that formalizes the OCRE's authority and provides for its long-term funding and operation.
- **Future Goals:** Set long-term goals for the OCRE, including establishing a national standard for constitutional rights training for judges, DAs, and law enforcement officials and promoting best practices in ethical conduct.

Implementation Timeline

- **Month 1-3:** Issue the Executive Order and appoint the Director of OCRE. Begin developing the Three Strikes Rule and complaint mechanisms.
- **Month 4-6:** Launch public awareness campaigns and training programs. Establish partnerships with relevant oversight bodies.
- **Month 7-12:** Begin investigating complaints and publishing annual reports. Secure initial funding through federal appropriations and grants.
- **Year 2:** Propose legislative measures to solidify the OCRE's authority and funding structure.

Conclusion

This Executive Presidential Plan aims to create a robust framework for the protection of constitutional rights in the United States. By establishing the Office of Constitutional Rights Enforcement as an independent agency and implementing a Three Strikes Rule for District Attorneys, judges, and police officers, this initiative seeks to ensure accountability, protect individual rights, and strengthen public trust in the legal and judicial systems.

Signed,

Vincent Cordova
President of the United States