## Music Basics Lesson 1

## The White Keys

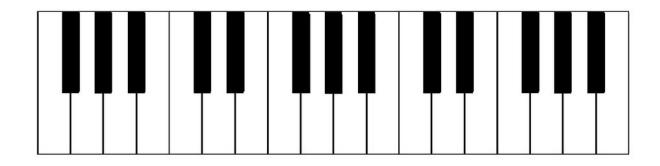
Check off each item as completed. Make sure you understand completely before moving on.

Naming the white keys;

Start by making the connection between the note names and the keys on the keyboard

\_\_\_\_Begin by looking for middle C.

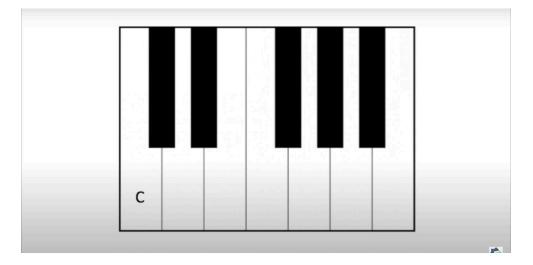
\_\_\_\_Locate the middle of the keyboard and notice the black key arrangement.



You've got black keys in groups of two and three.

\_\_\_\_Find the group of two Black Keys near the middle of the keyboard.

The white key directly to the left is middle C.



Using this method, you can find every C on the keyboard.

\_\_\_\_Go ahead and play every C on the keyboard. Listen to how they sound. It's essentially the same note but in different octaves. Some of them are high, some of them are low.

To find the rest of the white keys and you only need to know the first 7 letters of the alphabet. A B C D E F G.

\_\_\_\_Find middle C again, then go to the next white key down to the left.



That will be "B".

\_\_\_\_The next white key down is "A."



\_\_\_\_Now you can go up (left to right on the keyboard) from A and once you reach G the pattern repeats.

\_\_\_\_Memorize these seven notes and learn to identify them on the keyboard without hesitation. (You can always use The Black Keys to help guide you).

Two black key grouping:

- The key to the left is C
- The key in the middle is D
- The key to the right is E

Three black key grouping:

- The key to the left is F
- The key in the middle of the first and second black Keys is G
- The key in the middle of the second and third black keys is A
- The key to the right is B

