

8) Given the stated measurements below each with independent, uncorrelated and random uncertainties, calculate the value and uncertainty for the results q for each of the scenarios. note: quote properly the units in your final answer

- When q depends on x and y as $q = x^2 y$, $x = 3.0 \pm 0.3 \text{ cm}$, $y = 2.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ m}$.
- The charge to mass ratio e/m of an electron is determined from accelerating voltages V , and currents I and I_e ,

$$q = e/m = 1.6 \times 10^{10} \frac{V}{(I - I_e)^2}$$

where $V = 22.2 \pm 1.1 \text{ [V]}$, $I = 1.7 \pm 0.2 \text{ [A]}$ and $I_e = 0.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ [A]}$

$$a) \quad \Delta q = \sqrt{\left[\frac{\partial q}{\partial x} \Delta x\right]^2 + \left[\frac{\partial q}{\partial y} \Delta y\right]^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(2xy \Delta x)^2 + [x^2 \Delta y]^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\underbrace{2x^2 y}_{\substack{\text{w} \\ \uparrow \\ q}} \frac{\Delta x}{x}\right)^2 + \left(\underbrace{x^2 y}_{\substack{\text{w} \\ \uparrow \\ q}} \frac{\Delta y}{y}\right)^2}$$

$$\Delta q = q \sqrt{4 \left(\frac{\Delta x}{x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{y}\right)^2}$$

$$= (0.03)^2 2^2 \sqrt{4(0.1)^2 + (0.05)^2} \text{ m}^2$$

$$b) \quad \Delta q = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\partial q}{\partial V} \Delta V\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial q}{\partial I} \Delta I\right)^2} + \left(\frac{\partial q}{\partial I_e} \Delta I_e\right)^2$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{(I-I_e)^2} \Delta V\right)^2 + \left(-2 \frac{V}{(I-I_e)^3} \Delta I\right)^2} + \left(\frac{V}{(I-I_e)^2} \Delta I_e\right)^2$$

$$= \sqrt{\underbrace{\left(\frac{V}{(I-I_e)^2} \frac{\Delta V}{V}\right)^2}_9 + 4 \underbrace{\left(\frac{V}{(I-I_e)^3} \frac{\Delta I}{(I-I_e)}\right)^2}_9 + 4 \underbrace{\left(\frac{V}{(I-I_e)^2} \frac{\Delta I_e}{I_e}\right)^2}_9}$$

$$= 9 \sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta V}{V}\right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{\Delta I}{I-I_e}\right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{\Delta I_e}{I-I_e}\right)^2}$$