

What Are Super Worms?

SCIENTIFIC NAME: ZOPHOBAS MORIO

COMMON NAME: SUPERWORMS, KINGWORMS

Uses

- GREAT FEEDER INSECT FOR REPTILES, AMPHIBIANS, BIRDS, AND FISH.
- HIGH IN FAT; SHOULD BE FED IN MODERATION AS A TREAT.

HOUSING

KEEP IN A WELL-VENTILATED PLASTIC CONTAINER
WITH SMOOTH SIDES TO PREVENT ESCAPE.

• USE A SUBSTRATE OF BRAN, OATMEAL, OR WHEAT GERM (ABOUT 1–2 INCHES DEEP), WHICH DOUBLES AS FOOD.

AVOID EXCESSIVE MOISTURE TO PREVENT MOLD
GROWTH

Temperature & Humidity

• IDEAL TEMPERATURE: 75–85°F (WARMER TEMPS ENCOURAGE GROWTH).

• AVOID REFRIGERATION (UNLIKE MEALWORMS, SUPERWORMS WILL DIE IF REFRIGERATED).

Food& Hydration

• PROVIDE FRESH VEGETABLES (CARROTS, POTATOES, OR SQUASH) FOR HYDRATION.

• REPLACE VEGGIES AS NEEDED TO PREVENT MOLD.

• OPTIONAL: OFFER HIGH-PROTEIN FOODS (DRY DOG FOOD, FISH FOOD) FOR GUT-LOADING.

cleaning & Maintenance

• REMOVE UNEATEN PRODUCE REGULARLY TO PREVENT MOLD.

• EVERY FEW WEEKS, SIFT OUT FRASS (WASTE) AND REPLACE THE SUBSTRATE.

• IF PUPAE APPEAR, REMOVE THEM TO PREVENT CANNIBALISM.

Lifespan & Growth

• SUPERWORMS TAKE 2–3 MONTHS TO MATURE INTO BEETLES.

• TO PUPATE, EACH WORM MUST BE ISOLATED IN A DARK, ENCLOSED SPACE FOR ~10–14 DAYS.