

SDRI-TR 50KHZ TO 172MGZ SDR TR SWITCH

Unpack in a clear a clean area.
Verify for any damage to your SDr1-TR.
Connect your SDR Receiver via an SMA cable to the SMA connector located in the center rear of the SDRI.
Connect your antenna coax with a PL-259* to the SO-239* connector identified as ANTENNA, located on the left rear of your SDR1.
Connect your Transciever coax with PL-259* to the SO-239* connector identified as RADIO, located on the left rear of your SDRI
Connect 12VDC to 13.8VDC power source to the 5.1/2.1mm barrel connector below the SDR SMA connector in the center rear of your SDR1.
(optional but recommended**) connect a dry contact PTT relay output to the PTT connector in the fros left of your SDRI
Tr is using PL-259/SO-239 connectors, SDR1-TRPlus is using N-Type connectors.
recommended for operating modes like SSB that may drop signal levels to nil that would prevent the SDR1 from being triggered. Thus g high speed triggering of the SDR1.
RATIONS
The SDRI is an Hybrid Design T/R (Transmit Receive) switching device. It will automatically detect RF coming in from the Transceiver AND the PTT input to select the fastest detected input to trigger the SDRI in TX mode. The SDRI as three LEDs on the front panel;
Green: Power is present.
Red: TX Mode, RF from transceiver is detected and SDR1 is engaged. Yellow: in RX mode.
While in TX mode, you SDR receiver is either grounded* or loaded on 50ohm resistor.
If Power is lost at any time, the SDRI is automatically switched to the Transceiver to prevent any damage in case it goes in TX Mode.
t and highly recommended for best protection of your SDR receiver.
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