



TOILET TRAINING

Things to remember/Understanding your pets behaviour/Looking for signs/Adding cues/Programme

Powered by PetSitters and GnZ Paw Patrol





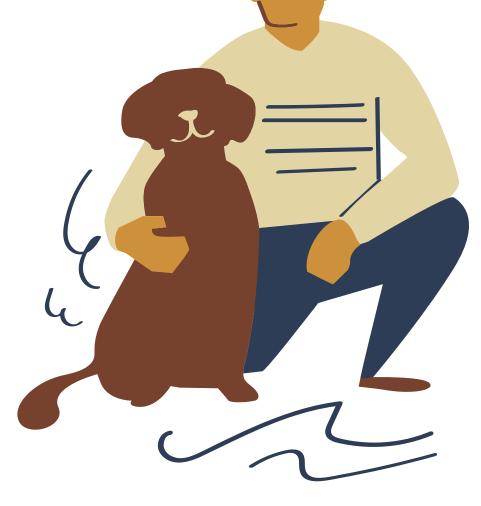






THINGS TO REMEMBER

- 1. Your puppy at times will have accidents
- 2. Key to a happy life with your pet is to have a clear communication
- 3. Every family member including staff should be on the same page
- 4. Clear boundaries should be set for your dog
- 5. Don't train with frustration
- 6. Be consistent
- 7. Be patient
- 8. Use positive reinforcement









UNDERSTANDING YOUR PET

- 1. How old is your pet?
- 2. Where does he/she pee and poop right now?
- 3. How long has it been since you got your puppy/dog.
- 4. Are there any particular surfaces that your puppy prefers to poop or pee on?
- 5. Have you scolded the puppy/dog when he has peed or pooped in the wrong spot?
- 6. Was the scolding after the act was already done or while you caught him in the act
- 7. Where do you want your pet to pee or poop?
- 8. Are you comfortable with dual toilet training?









LET'S START WITH SIGNS:

Let's accept the fact that every puppy/dog shows signs before they decide to pee or poop.

Signs can be:

- Excessive sniffing around
- Fidgeting
- Becoming restless or agitated
- Beginning to go in circles before squatting
- Whining or pacing
- Suddenly leaving a particular activity and starts sniffing or moving towards a corner can also indicate the same.

Important:

If you are vigilant in the toilet training process and watch out for signs it is easier to take them to the designated spot before the accident happens









CHOOSE AN AREA:

- You must fix a designated area for the toilet training programme where you want your puppy/dog to pee/poop
- This area should not be too far and puppies do not have much control on their bladders
- It should be easily accessible
- For the first few days you will have to guide your puppy/dog to this area as soon as you notice the signs
- Most puppies/dogs like particular surfaces like a doormat, lawn, mud, different surface tile compared to the hall tiles
- Dogs/pups many times repeat peeing or pooping in the same area as before so take that as your guide



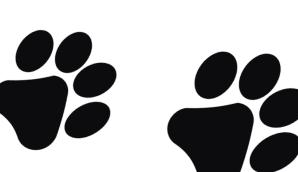


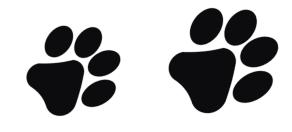


TIME TABLE:

- First few days once your puppy has explored your house, garden and backyard or balcony and is comfortable start watching out on timings
- Every puppy or dog have a routine of waking up, peeing and pooping. 2 days keep a continuous check on your pet to see when he pees and poops and at what time, where and after what activities
- Understand the time table and create a time table for yourself considering how many times and at what time you need to take your puppy for a walk or take him to the designated area.















- Compared to older dogs, puppies need to be given ample and consistent opportunity to relieve themselves throughout the day. Even if it means you take your pup/dog for a 10 min break every half an hour. So be it.
- The more accidents your puppy makes the more set the behaviour pattern starts to settle.
- The key times: are after waking up from a nap, after eating or after a play, after any hyper activity or training sessions. Puppies can't hold their bladder for that long.
- The programme still remains the same even if you have an older dog the frequency of wanting to pee will be less but showing them the right place and waiting will remain the same









WHAT DRIVES:

What outside surrounding, smells or action do they associate this behaviour to?

- Dogs tend to pee by sniffing the urine smell whether its their own or someone elses
- A puppy learns to associate urine, faeces or ammonia smell to toilet training
- A particular location or texture
- The texture or surface feeling that they feel on their paws
- Timings that the body conveys like after play, exercise, waking up from a nap, running or after eating
- When you start using cues while the dog is peeing or pooping









REWARD:

Your dog will soon associate going to the toilet in the correct spot, with the fact that it's doing something right.

- Every time your dog/pup relieves themselves in the right spot dont forget to praise while they are in the act and when they are done but the praise should be polite and not to loud or hyper or they dog will stop doing what they are doing and run to you.
- Positive reinforcement is the best way to toilet train your dog
- Remember if you want to correct your dog you need to reprimand them while you see the dog in that act not once its done.







Repeat Repeat

Repeat Repeat

> Repeat Repeat

Thank You

Team The DOGZ Place

