Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Horizon Group Properties, Inc.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

Horizon Group Properties, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Contents

HORIZON GROUP PROPERTIES, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(unaudited)

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
	(In thousands)	
ASSETS		
Real estate – at cost:		
Land	$ 18,334	$ 18,334
Buildings and improvements	58,224	58,040
Less accumulated depreciation	(18,891)	(18,300)
	57,667	58,074
Construction in progress	7,880	5,241
Land held for investment	18,253	18,253
Total net real estate	83,800	81,568
Investment in and advances to joint ventures	5,185	5,207
Cash and cash equivalents	2,078	4,326
Restricted cash	2,478	2,344
Tenant and other accounts receivable, net	1,670	1,325
Deferred costs (net of accumulated amortization of $408 and $343, respectively)	1,149	1,221
Other assets	5,265	4,787
Total assets	$ 101,625	$ 100,778
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Mortgages and other debt	$ 69,916	$ 67,486
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses	7,011	5,459
Prepaid rents and other tenant liabilities	328	450
Total liabilities	77,255	73,395
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common shares ($.01 par value, 50,000 shares authorized, 4,679 and 4,672 shares issued and outstanding)	47	47
Additional paid-in capital	37,149	37,058
Accumulated deficit	(21,516)	(20,476)
Total stockholders' equity attributable to the controlling interest	15,680	16,629
Noncontrolling interests in consolidated subsidiaries	8,690	10,754
Total stockholders' equity	24,370	27,383
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	$ 101,625	$ 100,778

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31, 2016	Three months ended March 31, 2015
	(In thousands)	
REVENUE		
Base rent	$ 2,058	$ 2,078
Percentage rent	103	131
Expense recoveries	252	264
Other	1,197	1,162
Total revenue	3,610	3,635
EXPENSES		
Property operating	1,021	880
Real estate taxes	294	342
Other operating	141	58
Depreciation and amortization	657	699
General and administrative	2,411	1,843
Interest	910	821
Total expenses	5,434	4,643
Income from investment in joint ventures	874	794
Consolidated net loss before gain on sale of real estate and loss on extinguishment of debt	(950)	(214)
Gain on sale of land held for investment	-	2,312
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	(1,761)
Consolidated net income (loss)	(950)	337
Less net (income) loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests	(90)	225
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	$ (1,040)	$ 562

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

HORIZON GROUP PROPERTIES, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
(In thousands)

	Common Shares	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity Attributable to the Controlling Interest	Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Subsidiaries	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, January 1, 2016	$ 47	$ 37,058	$ (20,476)	$ 16,629	$ 10,754	$ 27,383
Net income (loss)	-	-	(1,040)	(1,040)	90	(950)
Stock granted to or purchased by officer	-	91	-	91	-	91
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	-	-	-	-	(2,154)	(2,154)
Balance, March 31, 2016	$ 47	$ 37,149	$ (21,516)	$ 15,680	$ 8,690	$ 24,370

	Common Shares	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity Attributable to the Controlling Interest	Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Subsidiaries	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, January 1, 2015	$ 47	$ 37,046	$ (21,548)	$ 15,545	$ 11,866	$ 27,411
Net income (loss)	-	-	562	562	(225)	337
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	-	-	-	-	(6,152)	(6,152)
Contributions to noncontrolling interests	-	-	-	-	3,981	3,981
Balance, March 31, 2015	$ 47	$ 37,046	$ (20,986)	$ 16,107	$ 9,470	$ 25,577

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

HORIZON GROUP PROPERTIES, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(unaudited)

	Year Ended March 31, 2016	Year Ended * March 31, 2015
	(In thousands)	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	$ (1,040)	$ 562
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) attributable to the Company to net cash used in operating activities:		
Gain on sale of land	-	(2,312)
Loss on extingushment of debt	-	1,761
Distributions from joint ventrues included in income	896	736
Net income (loss) attributable to the noncontrolling interests	90	(225)
Income from investment in joint ventures	(874)	(794)
Depreciation	591	683
Amortization	66	16
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Restricted cash	(134)	(2)
Tenant and other accounts receivable	(345)	(8)
Deferred costs and other assets	119	(648)
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	1,552	(1,010)
Prepaid rents and other tenant liabilities	(122)	(49)
Net cash provided by (used) in operating activities	799	(1,290)
Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities:		
Distributions from joint ventures not included in income	-	227
Investment in future developments	(591)	(1,078)
Net proceeds from sale of real estate	-	2,371
Expenditures for buildings and improvements	(2,823)	(363)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(3,414)	1,157
Cash flows provided by financing activities:		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(2,154)	(6,152)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	-	3,981
Principal payments on mortgages and other debt	(55)	(49,126)
Proceeds from borrowings	2,485	52,914
Stock issued	91	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	367	1,617
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,248)	1,484
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of year	4,326	2,930
End of year	$ 2,078	$ 4,414

*** Reclassed to current period presentation**

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Note 1 – Organization and Basis of Presentation

Horizon Group Properties, Inc. ("HGPI" or, together with its subsidiaries "HGP" or the "Company") is a Maryland corporation that was established on June 15, 1998. The operations of the Company are conducted primarily through a subsidiary limited partnership, Horizon Group Properties, L.P. ("HGP LP") of which HGPI is the sole general partner. As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, HGPI owned approximately 78.7% of the partnership interests (the "Common Units") of HGP LP. In general, Common Units are exchangeable for shares of Common Stock on a one-for-one basis (or for an equivalent cash amount at HGPI's election).

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of all majority-owned subsidiaries, and all significant inter-company amounts have been eliminated. Due to the seasonal nature of certain operational activities, among other factors, the results for the interim period ended March 31, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be obtained for the full fiscal year.

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") and include selected information and disclosures for the interim periods. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by GAAP for complete financial statements. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The Company's primary assets are its investments in subsidiary entities that own real estate. HGPI consolidates the results of operations and the balance sheets of those entities of which the Company owns the majority interest and of those variable interest entities of which the Company is the primary beneficiary. The Company accounts for its investments in entities which do not meet these criteria using the equity or cost method. The entities referred to herein are consolidated subsidiaries of the Company, unless they are discussed in Note 4; those entities are accounted for using the equity method of accounting or the cost method, as identified.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP, which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities) at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the financial position and results of operations for the interim periods presented have been included in these condensed consolidated financial statements and are of a normal and recurring nature.

Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of HGPI and all subsidiaries that HGPI controls, including HGP LP. The Company considers itself to control an entity if it is the majority owner of or has voting control over such entity. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. In accordance with GAAP, the Company also consolidates variable interest entities if it is that entity's primary beneficiary.

Pre-Development Costs

The pre-development stage of a project involves certain costs to ascertain the viability of a potential project and to secure the necessary land. Direct costs to acquire the assets are capitalized once the acquisition becomes probable. These costs are carried in Other Assets until conditions are met that indicate that development is forthcoming, at which point the costs are reclassified to Construction in Progress. In the event a development is no longer deemed probable and costs are deemed to be non-recoverable, the applicable costs previously capitalized are expensed when the project is abandoned or those costs are determined to be non-recoverable.

At March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, predevelopment costs classified as Other Assets and Construction in Progress included projects in Hartford, Connecticut, Laredo, Texas and Malaysia and totaled \$4.8 million and \$7.9 million, and \$4.3 million and \$5.2 million, respectively. During 2015, costs related to a development in Tulsa, Oklahoma, totaling \$425,000, were written off to general and administrative expense, as management believes that it is unlikely that this development will be completed.

Fair Value Measurements

The various inputs that may be used to determine the fair value of the Company's assets are summarized in three broad levels:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities
Level 2 - Other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, credit risk, etc.)
Level 3 - Significant unobservable inputs (including Company's own assumptions used to determine value)

Revenue Recognition

Leases with tenants are accounted for as operating leases. Minimum annual rentals are recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective leases. Rents which represent basic occupancy costs, including fixed amounts and amounts computed as a function of sales, are classified as base rent. Amounts which may become payable in addition to base rent and which are computed as a function of sales in excess of certain thresholds are classified as percentage rents and are accrued after the reported tenant sales exceed the applicable thresholds. Expense recoveries based on common area maintenance expenses and certain other expenses are accrued in the period in which the related expense is incurred.

Other Revenue

Other revenue consists of income from management, leasing and development agreements, income from tenants with lease terms of less than one year, revenue from the Series C TIF bonds and restaurant income.

Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are recorded based on enacted statutory rates to reflect the tax consequences in future years of the differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts. Deferred tax assets, such as net operating loss carryforwards which will generate future tax benefits, are recognized to the extent that realization of such benefits through future taxable earnings or alternative tax strategies in the foreseeable future is more likely than not.

As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and for the periods then ended, the Company did not have a net liability for any unrecognized tax benefits. The Company recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits as interest or general and administrative expense in the statement of operations. For the periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, the Company did not incur any interest or penalties.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through July 8, 2016, the date the condensed consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 – Investment in Real Estate

The following table contains information on the operating properties and land held for investment owned by the Company and for which the Company consolidates the results of operations and the assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2016 (in thousands):

Property Name	Location	Property Type	Gross Leasable Area (Sq. Ft.)	Net Carrying Value (in thousands)	Ownership Percentage
The Outlet Shoppes at Burlington	Burlington, WA	Outlet Retail	174,260	$ 9,406	51.0%
The Outlet Shoppes at Fremont Phases II & III	Fremont, IN	Outlet Retail	110,500	5,137	51.0%
The Outlet Shoppes at Fremont Phase I	Fremont, IN	Outlet Retail	118,422	4,497	51.0%
The Outlet Shoppes at Oshkosh	Oshkosh, WI	Outlet Retail	270,512	23,697	51.0%
Village Green Shopping Center	Huntley, IL	Retail	22,204	2,339	100.0%
El Portal Center	Laredo, TX	Development	N/A	10,808	60.8%
Johnny Rockets	Oshkosh, WI	Restaurant	N/A	532	100.0%
Johnny Rockets	Woodstock, GA	Restaurant	N/A	416	100.0%
Johnny Rockets	Louisville, KY	Restaurant	N/A	640	100.0%
Corporate Assets	Norton Shores, MI	Miscellaneous	-	195	100.0%
	Total		**695,898**	**$57,667**	

			Acres		
Land Held for Investment	Fruitport, MI	Land	14	$ 379	100.0%
Land Held for Investment	Huntley, IL	Land	375	17,874	100.0%
	Total		**389**	**$ 18,253**	

The portion of the net income or loss of HGPI's subsidiaries owned by parties other than HGPI is reported as Net Income or Loss Attributable to the Noncontrolling Interests on the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations and such parties' portion of the net equity in such subsidiaries is reported on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Subsidiaries.

Note 4 - Investment in Joint Ventures

The following table contains information and the effective ownership percentage attributable to the Company for the joint venture outlet centers in operation or development as of March 31, 2016. In addition, the joint ventures' own out parcels and other land for development.

Property Name	Location	Property Type	Leasable Area (Sq. Ft.)	Ownership Percentage
The Outlet Shoppes at El Paso	El Paso, TX	Outlet Retail	433,045	10.29%
The Outlet Shoppes at Oklahoma	Oklahoma City, OK	Outlet Retail	394,661	8.71%
The Outlet Shoppes at Gettysburg	Gettysburg, PA	Outlet Retail	249,937	19.06%
The Outlet Shoppes at Atlanta	Woodstock, GA	Outlet Retail	413,969	12.08%
The Outlet Shoppes of the Bluegrass	Louisville, KY	Outlet Retail	428,060	15.64%
Total			1,919,672	

El Paso Entities

The Company owned 45.0% of the preferred interests and 41.2% of the common interests in Horizon El Paso, LLC ("Horizon El Paso"), which owned a 25% joint venture interest in El Paso Outlet Center Holding, LLC ("El Paso Holding"), at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. El Paso Holding owns an entity that owns the outlet shopping center in El Paso, TX (the "El Paso Center"). Horizon El Paso owns a 25% joint venture interest in El Paso Outlet Center II, LLC, which owns expansion land for the shopping center (the "Expansion Land"). Horizon El Paso owns a 50% joint venture interest in El Paso Outlet Outparcels, LLC which owns several outparcels and ancillary land adjacent to the shopping center (the "Outparcels").

On April 12, 2012, the Company sold CBL 75% of the El Paso Center and the Expansion Land and 50% of the Outparcels. On July 2, 2014, the Company and CBL agreed to a $2,783,285 increase of their purchase price related to an increase in value of the El Paso Entities due to a favorable property tax settlement and has been recorded as a gain on investment in joint venture in 2014. CBL paid the increase to Horizon El Paso on July 2, 2014.

The shopping center owned by El Paso Center secures a 30 year loan from NATIXIS Commercial Mortgage Funding, LLC which had a principal balance of $63.2 million and $63.5 million at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, bears interest at 7.06%, and is due December 5, 2017.

During 2014, additional retail space owned by El Paso Outlet Center II Expansion, LLC, was developed at the Outlet Shoppes at EL Paso. El Paso Outlet Center II Expansion LLC is 100% owned by El Paso Outlet Center II, LLC, which is owned 25% by Horizon El Paso and 75% by CBL & Associates Properties, Inc. ("CBL"). The construction was financed by a 48 month construction loan with an interest rate of LIBOR plus 2.75%. The principal balance was $6.8 million at both March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

The Company received management, leasing and similar fees from El Paso Center that totaled $159,000 and $240,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Distributions in excess of the Company's net investments in entities accounted for using the equity method are recognized as income if the Company is not obligated to make future contributions to those entities or budgeted capital contributions that would require the return of such excess distributions. Such distributions are included in Income from Investment in Joint Ventures on the consolidated statements of operations. There was no such income for the three months ended March 31, 2016. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, income recognized from distributions in excess of equity investments in the El Paso Entities totaled $192,000.

Summary financial information (stated at 100%) for the entities that own the El Paso Center, the Outparcels and the Expansion Land as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

	As of March 31, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
Assets		
Real estate - net	$ 99,601	$ 100,559
Cash and cash equivalents	530	1,069
Restricted cash	4,238	5,058
Other assets	2,419	2,582
Total assets	$ 106,788	$ 109,268
Liabilities and members' equity		
Mortgages and other debt	$ 70,027	$ 70,335
Other liabilities	1,846	3,839
Members' equity	34,915	35,094
Total liabilities and members' equity	$ 106,788	$ 109,268

	Three months ended March 31, 2016	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Statements of Operations		
Revenue	$ 3,917	$ 3,646
Operating expenses	1,543	1,091
General and administrative expenses	232	275
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,065	1,097
Interest expense	1,256	1,260
Total expenses	4,096	3,723
Loss on sale of land	-	(434)
Net loss	$ (179)	$ (511)

<u>*Oklahoma City Entities*</u>

In October 2010, the Company formed OKC JV, LLC (the "OKC Joint Venture") with an affiliate of CBL to develop The Outlet Shoppes at Oklahoma City. The Company formed a subsidiary entity ("Horizon OKC") to be CBL's partner in the OKC Joint Venture. Horizon OKC owns 25% of OKC Joint Venture. The Company leases and manages The Outlet Shoppes at Oklahoma City, which opened in August 2011.

In December 2011, the OKC Joint Venture obtained a $60.0 million loan from an affiliate of Goldman Sachs (the "OKC Loan") with a term of 10 years maturing March 2021, bearing interest at 5.73% and an amortization of 25-

year. The OKC Loan is secured by a mortgage on The Outlet Shoppes at Oklahoma City and is generally non-recourse. The Company and an affiliate of CBL have entered into guaranties to the lender with respect to certain environmental issues and customary "bad-boy" acts. The majority of the proceeds of the OKC Loan were used to repay the construction loan from US Bank related to the project. The loan had a principal balance of $54.9 million and $55.3 million at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

During 2012, additional retail space, which is owned by OK City Outlets II, LLC (OKC II), was developed at The Outlet Shoppes at Oklahoma City. OKC II, which is owned by OKC Joint Venture, secures a mortgage loan from US Bank with a principal balance of $5.7 million at both March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The loan term is five years, plus two one-year extension options and bears interest at LIBOR plus 2.75%.

During 2014, an additional retail space, which is owned by OK City Outlets III, LLC (OKC III) was developed at The Outlet Shoppes at Oklahoma City. OKC III is owned by OKC Joint Venture. OKC III secures a construction loan with a maximum balance of $5.4 million and a principal balance of $2.8 million and $2.9 million at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The loan term is five years, plus two one year extension options, bears interest at LIBOR plus 2.75% and is guaranteed by CBL & Associates Limited Partnership until construction is completed.

The Company has voting control over Horizon OKC and owns, directly and indirectly, approximately 34% of the preferred interests in Horizon OKC. The other preferred members include PL Skoien (an affiliate of Howard Amster and Gary Skoien), and Pleasant Lake Apts. Limited Partnership ("PLA LP") (an affiliate of Howard Amster), and Gary Skoien and Andrew Pelmoter. Howard Amster is a significant shareholder and director of the Company. The Company also granted common interests in Horizon OKC (the "OKC Net Profits Interests") to Gary Skoien, Thomas Rumptz and Andrew Pelmoter, all officers of the Company. Holders of the OKC Net Profits Interests are not entitled to any distributions until the holders of the preferred interests have received a return of their capital plus interest thereon calculated at an annual rate of 12.0%, compounded quarterly. The Company consolidates the results of operations and the assets and liabilities of Horizon OKC which uses the equity method to account for its investment in the OKC Joint Venture.

In December of 2015, Horizon OKC met certain return of investment and internal rate of return criteria stipulated in the joint venture agreement with CBL; therefore, the Company's share of future distributions from the OKC Joint Venture increased from 25% to 30%.

The Company received development, leasing, management and similar fees from the OKC Joint Venture that totaled $75,000 and $223,000 during the three months ended March 31,2016 and 2015, respectively.

Distributions in excess of the Company's net investments in entities accounted for using the equity method are recognized as income if the Company is not obligated to make future contributions to those entities or budgeted capital contributions that would require the return of such excess distributions. Such distributions are included in Income from Investment in Joint Ventures on the consolidated statements of operations. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, income recognized from distributions in excess of equity investments in the Oklahoma City Entities totaled $225,000. There was no such income for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Summary financial information (stated at 100%) of the OKC Joint Venture as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

	As of March 31, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
Assets		
Real estate - net	$ 51,205	$ 52,004
Cash and cash equivalents	842	1,321
Restricted cash	799	657
Other assets	3,589	3,486
Total assets	$ 56,435	$ 57,468
Liabilities and members' deficit		
Mortgages and other debt	$ 63,466	$ 63,875
Other liabilities	942	991
Members' deficit	(7,973)	(7,398)
Total liabilities and members' deficit	$ 56,435	$ 57,468

	Three months ended March 31, 2016	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Statements of Operations		
Revenue	$ 3,368	$ 3,448
Operating expenses	873	904
General and administrative expenses	125	124
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,305	3,081
Interest expense	889	912
Total expenses	3,192	5,021
Gain on sale of land	-	196
Net income (loss)	$ 176	$ (1,377)

Gettysburg Entities

An affiliate of CBL and PL Skoien, an affiliate of Howard Amster and Gary Skoien, own 62.63% of Gettysburg Outlet Center Holding, LLC and Gettysburg Outlet Center LLC (the Gettysburg entities). The Company owns 19.06% of the Gettysburg entities and Bright Horizons of South Florida, LLC ("Bright Horizons"), an affiliate of Howard Amster, owns the remaining 18.31% interest in the Gettysburg entities. Gettysburg Outlet Center Holding, LLC, owns Gettysburg Outlet Center, LP, which owns the shopping center. Gettysburg Outlet Center LLC owns vacant land around the shopping center. The Company uses the equity method of accounting with respect to the Gettysburg entities.

On September 11, 2015, Gettysburg Outlet Center, LP refinanced its mortgage loan. The new loan, secured by the shopping center, had an initial balance of $38.5 million, bears interest at 4.8% and matures in 2025. The Gettysburg entities mortgage balance was $38.5 million at both March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Members accrue a 10% return (Returns) on capital invested. Cash distributions go first to CBL and Somerset L.P., then to the Company and Bright Horizons to pay accrued returns.

The Company received management, leasing, and similar fees from the Gettysburg Entities that totaled $78,000 and $92,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Summary financial information (stated at 100%) of the Gettysburg entities as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 is as follows (in thousands):

	As of March 31, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
Assets		
Real estate - net	$ 42,459	$ 42,728
Cash and cash equivalents	792	867
Restricted cash	1,191	1,118
Other assets	1,002	1,247
Total assets	$ 45,444	$ 45,960
Liabilities and members' equity		
Mortgages and other debt	$ 38,450	$ 38,450
Other liabilities	1,120	1,375
Members' equity	5,874	6,135
Total liabilities and members' equity	$ 45,444	$ 45,960

	Three months ended March 31, 2016	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Statements of Operations		
Revenue	$ 1,640	$ 1,764
Operating expenses	605	740
General and administrative expenses	72	88
Depreciation and amortization expense	388	389
Interest expense	459	581
Total expenses	1,524	1,798
Net income (loss)	$ 116	$ (34)

Atlanta Entities

On May 11, 2012, the Company entered into a joint venture (the “Atlanta JV”) with an affiliate of CBL and began the development of an outlet center in Woodstock, Georgia to be named The Outlet Shoppes at Atlanta. The Company formed a subsidiary entity, Horizon Atlanta Outlet Shoppes, LLC (Horizon Atlanta) to be CBL’s partner in Atlanta JV. The Company owns 48.3% of the preferred interests and 44.3% of the common interests in Horizon Atlanta, but maintains voting control over Horizon Atlanta. The Atlanta JV is owned 25% by Horizon Atlanta and 75% by CBL. The Company and CBL are co-developers of the project; the Company is responsible for the leasing and management of the center.

The Atlanta JV purchased approximately 50 acres of land for the project from Ridgewalk Holding, LLC (“Holding”). Ridgewalk Property Investments, LLC (“RPI”) is the managing member of Holding. The Company and an affiliate of CBL own 25% and 75%, respectively, of Woodstock GA Investments (WGI). WGI lent RPI $6.0 million, which was contributed to Holding and, together with the proceeds from the sale of the parcel to Atlanta JV, were used to retire a loan secured by the land owned by Holding. In connection with its loan to RPI, WGI acquired an equity interest in RPI that is entitled to 30% of the economic interest in Holding. After the sale of the parcel to Atlanta JV, Holding owns approximately 123 acres of vacant land near The Outlet Shoppes at Atlanta.

On October 11, 2013, the Atlanta JV obtained an $80.0 million loan from an affiliate of Goldman Sachs (the “Atlanta Loan”). The proceeds from the Atlanta Loan were used to repay the construction loan. The Atlanta Loan has a term of 10 years and bears interest at 4.9%. Payments are based on a 30 year amortization. The Atlanta Loan is secured by a mortgage on The Outlet Shoppes at Atlanta and had a balance of $77.1 million and $77.4 million at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

On December 19, 2014, the Atlanta JV obtained a construction loan with a maximum balance of $2,435,000 from US Bank. The loan, guaranteed by CBL, bears interest at LIBOR plus 2.5% and matures on December 19, 2019. Proceeds were used to construct a strip center (Outparcel 5) at The Outlet Shoppes at Atlanta. The loan balance was $2.1 million and $1.8 million at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

On May 13, 2015, the Atlanta JV closed on a $6,200,000 construction loan for Atlanta Outlet Shoppes Phase II. The loan carries an initial interest rate of LIBOR plus 2.5%, and matures on December 19, 2019. This loan is cross-defaulted and cross-collateralized with the Outparcel 5 loan. Proceeds were used to construct Atlanta Outlet Shoppes Phase II. The loan balance was $4.0 million at both March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

In December of 2013, Horizon Atlanta met certain return of investment and internal rate of return criteria stipulated in the joint venture agreement with CBL; therefore, the Company’s share of future distributions from the Atlanta JV increased from 25% to 35%.

The Company received development, management, leasing, and similar fees from Atlanta JV that totaled $112,000 and $79,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Distributions in excess of the Company’s net investments in entities accounted for using the equity method are recognized as income if the Company is not obligated to make future contributions to those entities or budgeted capital contributions that would require the return of such excess distributions. Such distributions are included in Income from Investment in Joint Ventures on the consolidated statements of operations. During the three months ended March 31, 2016 income recognized from distributions in excess of equity investments in the Atlanta Entities totaled $168,000. There was no such income for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Summary financial information (stated at 100%) of the Atlanta JV and Woodstock GA Investments as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 is as follows (in thousands):

	As of March 31, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
Assets		
Real estate - net	$ 63,408	$ 64,657
Cash and cash equivalents	1,802	1,678
Restricted cash	593	481
Other assets	9,803	9,777
Total assets	$ 75,606	$ 76,593
Liabilities and members' deficit		
Mortgages and other debt	$ 83,308	$ 83,246
Other liabilities	777	912
Members' deficit	(8,479)	(7,565)
Total liabilities and members' deficit	$ 75,606	$ 76,593

	Three months ended March 31, 2016	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Statements of Operations		
Revenue	$ 3,438	$ 3,702
Operating expenses	759	846
General and administrative expenses	125	121
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,988	1,403
Interest expense	1,016	981
Total expenses	3,888	3,351
Gain on sale of land	15	-
Net income (loss)	$ (435)	$ 351

Louisville Entities

On May 6, 2013, the Company entered into a joint venture (the "Louisville JV") with an affiliate of CBL and began the development of an outlet center in Louisville, Kentucky to be named The Outlet Shoppes of the Bluegrass. The Company formed a subsidiary entity (Horizon Louisville) to be CBL's partner in the Louisville JV. On May 7, 2013, Horizon Louisville exercised its option to increase its ownership of the Louisville JV from 25% to 35%.

On November 24, 2014, the Louisville JV obtained a $77.5 million loan from JP Morgan (the "Louisville Loan"). The proceeds from the Louisville Loan were used to repay the construction loan. The Louisville Loan has a term of 10 years and bears interest at 4.045%. Payments are based on a 30 year amortization. The Louisville Loan is secured by a mortgage on The Outlet Shoppes of the Bluegrass. The loan balance was $75.8 million and $76.1 million at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

On July 15, 2015, the Louisville JV established Bluegrass Outlet Shoppes II, LLC and closed on an $11,320,000 construction loan to develop additional retail space at the Outlet Shoppes of the Bluegrass. The loan has a term of 60 months and an initial interest rate of LIBOR plus 2.5%. When the project reaches 90% occupancy, the interest rate is reduced to LIBOR plus 2.35%. The loan balance was $10.1 million at both March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

In December of 2014, Horizon Louisville met certain return of investment and internal rate of return criteria stipulated in the joint venture agreement with CBL; therefore, the Company's share of future distributions from the Louisville JV increased from 35% to 50%.

The Company received development, management, leasing, and similar fees from the Louisville JV that totaled $81,000 million and $75,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Distributions in excess of the Company's net investments in entities accounted for using the equity method are recognized as income if the Company is not obligated to make future contributions to those entities or budgeted capital contributions that would require the return of such excess distributions. Such distributions are included in Income from Investment in Joint Ventures on the consolidated statements of operations. During the three months ended March 31, 2016 income recognized from distributions in excess of equity investments in the Louisville Entities totaled $502,000. There was no such income for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Summary financial information (stated at 100%) of the Louisville JV as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 is as follows (in thousands):

	As of March 31, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
Assets		
Real estate - net	$ 73,494	$ 72,782
Cash and cash equivalents	1,132	3,288
Restricted cash	1,044	893
Other assets	5,138	4,977
Total assets	$ 80,808	$ 81,940
Liabilities and members' deficit		
Mortgages and other debt	$ 85,900	$ 86,222
Other liabilities	998	1,193
Members' deficit	(6,090)	(5,475)
Total liabilities and members' deficit	$ 80,808	$ 81,940

	Three months ended March 31, 2016	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Statements of Operations		
Revenue	$ 3,345	$ 2,977
Operating expenses	687	555
General and administrative expenses	129	114
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,268	1,024
Interest expense	868	787
Total expenses	2,952	2,480
Net income	$ 393	$ 497

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Note 5– Commitments

The Company has outstanding commitments for construction costs and tenant allowances on leases signed (which amounts become payable when the spaces are delivered to the tenants) at March 31, 2016 in the amount of $60.9 million and $18.1 million, respectively, which are not reflected on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2016. These amounts include the commitments for the pre-development projects (see Note 2). These capital expenditures are expected to be paid during 2016 and 2017, and are anticipated to be funded from capital improvement escrows, construction financing, equity contributions and additional borrowings.

Note 6 – Mortgages and Other Debt

Total secured indebtedness was $64.6 million and $67.5 million at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Cash paid for interest for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 was $910,000 and $821,000, respectively.

The Company's ability to secure new loans is limited by the fact that most of the Company's real estate assets are currently pledged as collateral for its current loans. The Company will pay the scheduled principal amortization in the normal course of business during 2016.

In March of 2015, BFO Factory Shoppes, LLC refinanced its mortgage prior to the stated maturity date. Management made the decision to refinance early to take advantage of a favorable lending environment and lower interest rates. The defeasance of the mortgage resulted in a loss of $1,761,000 which is shown as Loss on extinguishment of debt in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Effective July 1, 2015, US Bank extended the maturity date of the Huntley Development Limited Partnership (HDLP) loan to July 1, 2016, with an additional one year extension available. The Company agreed to make principal payments of $20,000 per month and cumulative minimum principal payments of $1.4 million by June 30, 2016. The amendment requires the Company to make principal payments in amounts equal to 100% of the positive net cash flow distributed to the Company from the Oklahoma City Entities, the El Paso Entities, and the Atlanta Entities (see note 4) until the required minimum principal payments have been made. As additional collateral, the Company also pledged its interest in Horizon OKC and Horizon El Paso, LLC. On August 28, 2015, the Company had made $1.4 million of principal payments to qualify for an additional one year extension until July 1, 2017.

Huntley Net Profits Interests and TIF Bonds

Gary J. Skoien was formerly the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of The Prime Group, Inc. ("Prime Group"). In connection with his employment with Prime Group, Mr. Skoien was previously granted an interest (the "Skoien Net Profits Interest") in the net profits generated by HDLP, an entity which owns approximately 400 acres of land in a master planned community in Huntley, Illinois (the "Huntley Project"), which obligation the Company assumed in connection with the purchase of the Huntley Project from Prime Group. The Skoien Net Profits Interest consists of a 9.675% participation in the Net Cash Flow (as defined in Mr. Skoien's Net Profits Agreement) distributed to the Company (excluding distributions of all amounts contributed or advanced by the Company to the Huntley Project plus interest per the terms of the agreement) from the Huntley Project. At March 31, 2016 and 2015, liabilities of $166,000 and $154,000, respectively, were recorded to reflect the estimated current fair value of the Skoien Net Profits Interests.

In 1993, the Village of Huntley (the "Village") created a Tax Increment Financing District (the "TIF District"). In 1995, the Village sold $7.0 million of Series A TIF bonds and $14.0 million of Series B TIF bonds and issued to HDLP Series C TIF bonds with a principal amount of $24.4 million. In May 2009, the Village sold $14.3 million of Series 2009 TIF Bonds (the "Series 2009 TIF Bonds"), the proceeds of which were used to retire the Series A and B TIF bonds.

In connection with the issuance of the Series 2009 TIF Bonds, HDLP assigned a portion of the tax increment allocable to the Series C TIF bonds to the Village. The assignment agreement provides that payments made with respect to the Series C TIF bonds will be distributed in the following order of priority: (i) HDLP will receive the first $204,285 annually until it has received a total of $1.43 million; (ii) the next $3.04 million will be allocated 75% to HDLP and 25% to the Village; and (iii) amounts in excess of those in (i) and (ii) will be allocated 25% to HDLP and 75% to the Village. The Series C bonds are subordinate to the Series 2009 TIF Bonds. Currently, no portion of the tax increment is available to the Series C TIF bonds and no value has been ascribed to them by the Company. Prior to 2014, no value has been ascribed to the Series C TIF bonds by the Company. In 2015 HDLP received payment of $840,000 from the Series C TIF bonds, which is recorded as other income and used to make principal payment to U S Bank on the Huntley debt. On June 3, 2016, HDLP received payment of $663,000 from the Series C TIF bonds.

The TIF District contains approximately 900 acres of land currently or previously owned by HDLP or Huntley Meadows Residential Venture. The source of repayment for the Series 2009 TIF Bonds and Series C TIF bonds is (a) 100% of the increase in real estate taxes on the land in the TIF District above the taxes in place when the TIF District was created, (b) one-half of the Village's one percent (1%) sales tax collected on retail sales occurring within the TIF District and (c) reserves associated with the Series 2009 TIF Bonds. The repayment of the Series 2009 TIF Bonds is not an obligation of the Company and thus is not reflected on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as a liability.

Note 7 - Related Party Transactions

In December 2009, the Company sold noncontrolling interests in the entities that owned five of its outlet centers to Bright Horizons of South Florida, LLC ("Bright Horizons"). The centers subject to the transaction are located in Burlington, Washington; El Paso, Texas; Fremont, Indiana; Gettysburg, Pennsylvania and Oshkosh, Wisconsin. Bright Horizons acquired a 22.5% interest in the entities that own the outlet centers (excluding the entity that owns the center in El Paso, in which it acquired a 19.6% preferred interest and a 17.8% common interest). In May 2010, Bright Horizons acquired an additional 26.5% interest in the entities that own the outlet centers (excluding the entity that owns the center in El Paso, in which it acquired an additional 23.6%, preferred interest and an additional 21.8 common interest. Bright Horizons is controlled by Somerset Outlet Center, L.P., ("Somerset, L.P.") of which Howard Amster, owns a controlling interest and Gary Skoien, owns a non-controlling interest. Howard Amster is a significant shareholder and director of the Company. Gary Skoien is Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, President, and a stockholder of the Company.

At March 31, 2016 and 2015, an affiliate of Howard Amster, PLA LP, owned the following interests: (1) 19.6% of Horizon El Portal LLC; (2) 5.9% of the preferred and common interests in Horizon El Paso, LLC; and (3) 7.88% of the preferred and common interests in Horizon OKC. Another affiliate of Howard Amster, Bright Horizons, owns 49% of the interests owned by the Company in the entities that own the outlet centers and related assets in Burlington, WA; Fremont, IN; Gettysburg, PA and Oshkosh, WI and 43.2% of Horizon El Paso, LLC. Somerset

Outlet Center, L.P. ("Somerset L.P."), another affiliate of Mr. Amster, owns (1) 12.6% of the interests in the entities that own the outlet center and related assets in Gettysburg, PA, (2) 46.4% of Horizon Atlanta, and (3) 47.54% of Horizon Louisville.

At March 31, 2016 and 2015, Gary Skoien owned the following interests (excluding the Net Profits Interests discussed below): (1) 4.9% of Horizon El Portal, LLC (2) 5.9% of Horizon El Paso, LLC; (3) 0.95% of Horizon OKC. Mr. Skoien also owns 9.28% of Bright Horizons and 9.66% of Somerset LP.

At March 31, 2016 and 2015, David Tinkham, an officer of the Company, owned 1.27% of Horizon Atlanta, and 3.24% of Horizon Louisville.

At March 31, 2016 and 2015, Andrew Pelmoter, an officer of the Company, owned 4.955% of Horizon OKC, 2.12% of Horizon Atlanta, and 4.31% of Horizon Louisville, in addition to the Net Profits Interests discussed below.

At March 31, 2016, Amster Skoien L.P owned jointly by Howard Amster and Gary Skoien owned 14.7% of Horizon El Portal, LLC.

The Company has granted Common interests in Horizon El Paso, Horizon OKC and Horizon Atlanta, LLC (the "Net Profits Interests") to certain officers of the Company. Holders of the Net Profits Interests are not entitled to any distributions until the holders of the preferred interests have received their capital plus a 12% return thereon. Amounts distributed to holders of the Net Profits Interests are accounted for as profit sharing arrangements with compensation expense being recognized for distributions related to such interests. Net profits interests have been granted as follows: (1) Horizon El Paso - 1.3%, 2.6% and 3.5%, to Gary Skoien, Thomas Rumptz and Andrew Pelmoter, respectively (2) Horizon OKC - 2.5%, 2.5% and 3% to Messers. Skoien, Rumptz and Pelmoter, respectively; (3) Horizon Atlanta, - 1.25%, 1.25%, 1.25% and .0375% to Messers Skoien, Rumptz, Pelmoter and James Harris, respectively and (4) Horizon Louisville, - 1.25%, 1.25%, 1.25% and .0375% to Messers Skoien, Rumptz, Pelmoter and Harris, respectively.

The Company incurred interest expense in the amount of $1,150 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 on loans from newAX, Inc. newAX, Inc. is an affiliate of Howard Amster.

The Company has granted 20,000 common shares of Horizon Group Properties, Inc. to Gary Skoien. The shares will vest over a three year period with 6,667 shares vesting in March of 2016. The cost basis is $3.30 per share.

Note 11 – Subsequent Event

On May 10, the Company, an Affiliate of CBL (CBL) and Lawrence Friedman formed a joint venture, Laredo Outlet JV, LLC (Laredo Outlet) to continue the development of an outlet shopping center in Laredo, Texas. The new venture is owned 65% by CBL and 35% by the Company. Lawrence Friedman is a Class B member and will participate in distributions after certain internal rate of return hurdles are met. On May 13, Laredo Outlet closed on a construction loan to finance the construction of the center. The loan has a maximum principal balance of $91.3 million, a 36 month term and one 24 month extension option. Interest will accrue on the loan at LIBOR plus 2.5% until the development reaches 90% occupancy, at which time the interest rate will drop to LIBOR plus 2.25%. After CBL has contributed its required equity, the Laredo Outlet will be deconsolidated and the accounting will follow the equity method of accounting.