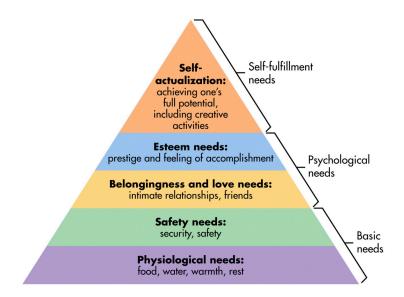
Caring for our families during the COVID Pandemic: Self Care for Parents and Signs of Concern for Our Children

WARNING SIGNS YOUR CHILD IS IN DISTRESS AND RESOURCES FOR SUPPORT

Main Thesis: "To care for someone, you must understand them"

Pt.1 The Human Design: Understanding ourselves and our families



What are the 5 Needs in order? P-S-L-E-SA

2 Categories of Needs: Tangible vs. Perceived

Side tips:

Each of the 5 categories pertain to a specific part of the brain Everyone has different needs at different times As you grow older, the need "cup" gets bigger

3 A's of Intrinsic Satisfaction:

- · Awareness of healthy needs
- · Accomplishing those needs in a healthy way
- Amplify those needs into an important part of your day

PAIR: Reasons for bad behavior: Power/Attention/Inadequacy/Revenge Pertains to a need not being met

Mistake #1: Calling a perceived need a tangible need

Healthy vs. unhealthy methods for each of the 5 categories

FAQ:

Can you meet more than 1 need at a time?

What happens if 2 needs clash? (Anxiety about initiating new social interactions)

How does advertising distract us from healthy needs? Fame, fortune, status, etc.

The importance of earning our needs:

We are designed to "EARN our good feelings"

- Eating healthy foods
- Good Sleep (no blue light 30 min before bed)
- Love and intimacy with a partner
- Respectful and enjoyable socializing
- Learning new things (to be present in the moment)
- Working toward a meaningful goal
- Maintain Safety / Escape danger

All have "Survival Value" and Happiness Value

- Example: Caveman starting with nothing vs. modern child who already has needs met
- Caveman has a goal and a purpose / modern child does not
- Caveman learns how to deal with adversity / modern child does not

We are not designed for:

- Artificial happiness
- Meaningless encounters
- Clout
- Success without effort

We crave meaning through effort

Depression = helpless detachment

Societal Programming vs. Pyramid of needs:

- Artificial accomplishments without the effort (300 likes) (artificial esteem need)
- Money and fame will make you happy (artificial esteem need)
- Inner purpose is alienating and irrelevant (artificial self actualization need)
- Fear through advertising (artificial safety need)
- External validation is 100% what matters (artificial love need)

Putting effort into something intrinsically meaningful = long-term fulfillment

Pro Tip: If our environment does not match what we are designed for, there is increased likelihood of depression, and anxiety BUT this does not constitute a clinical diagnosis!

A tea pot isn't designed to catch a baseball.

PEPSI Model - Nurture each of these 4 areas each day for 10 days and re-check your mood and engagement level

P=

Emotional

Physical

Social

Intellectual

Modern Biology: The great loophole:

There are over 100 neurotransmitters in the brain:

Classifications:

Inhibitory - Seratonin, sleep, eat, mood regulation

Excitatory - Adrenaline and Dopamine - pleasurable "Remember this and do it more"

- We've outsmarted our reward center
- When we run a mile, it feels great and dopamine says "Remember this and do it more"!
- When we don't feel like running a mile, we post something on instagram and get 300 likes, and our dopamine says "remember this and do it more"
- Less effort, same result

Examples of ways to trick your brain with a good feeling:

- Overeating or poor diet heavy on sugar
- Abusing sex and intimacy
- Creating a dangerous scenario that is unrealistic
- Drugs
- Social Media
- Video Games
- Tanning Beds Artificial Blue Light with 0 Vitamin D

Why is it bad to trick your brain into a good feeling?

- Less effort = less meaning = lack of commitment
- Decreases the ability to choose what is important and what is "Worth working toward"

- Diminishes the ability to overcome adversity (Instead of working out everyday, working with a team to win a championship over the course of 9 months, I'll smoke marijuana and get a source of quick satisfaction)
- Promotes lack of commitment = less intrinsic meaning = depression / anxiety
- "Hypofunctioning reward system" harder and harder to please a greater tolerance to pleasure called "satiation" = / depression / anxiety
- It teaches you to think in terms of short term quick solutions when all of the best things in life take time and development school, career, fitness, friendships, romantic relationships and personal growth
- It artificially changes the natural levels of excitatory neurotransmitters without the conscious effort to work at it
- The brain does not care if that good feeling was stemmed from a "positive" behavior. It feels good, end of story

Example: Running a mile vs. Getting 1000 likes on instagram

How does environment influence Behavior?

Positive Reinforcement: Increases a chosen behavior Negative Reinforcement: Decreases a chosen behavior Positive Punishment: increases a chosen behavior Negative Punishment: decreases a chosen behavior

Perspective check:

What is more reinforcing? Posting on instagram and getting 300 likes or cleaning my room?

Pro Tip #2: The best way to care for yourself and your family is to not trick your brain that you met real needs.

FAQ:

What are the positives & negatives of living through a pandemic?

Positive Elements of living in a Pandemic:

More home and family time More cooking which is healthy More predictable

Negative Elements of living in a Pandemic:

Isolation
Less creative outlets
Less socializing
Monotonous daily routines
Less exercise
Virtual School is challenging

What are key warning signs of distress during a pandemic?

Key Warning Signs of Distress During a Pandemic:

- Environment: Does day to day life fundamentally clash with the human design?
- Biology: Is there indication of emotional instability despite a sound environment?
- Fear of abandonment
- Lack of Engagement with things once enjoyed
- Lack of engagement with future
- Irrational worries
- Irritable
- Low appetite, low sleep
- · Self medicating

How can I tell if it is a serious mental health concern vs a "Normal Teen Issue"

• Adaptive vs. Maladaptive traits

When should I be concerned enough to reach out for help?

- If your child or teen has a history of impulsivity
- Apparent off mood for 2+ weeks
- Others are worried
- Less engagement
- Less productivity
- Rude, irritable or defiant
- Noticeable avoidance
- Self Harm

How can I care for myself?

- PEPSI
- Earn your good feelings
- Tune into what YOUR needs and make it apart of the day
- Self-Talk
- Massages
- Psychotherapy

How can I care for my family during a turbulent time?

Recommendations for parents to care for their families:

- 1. CREDIBILITY: Care for yourself and model healthy behavior. When you say you're going to do something, you do it
- 2. COMMUNICATION: Model honest yet respectful communication
- 3. CONSISTENCY: Day to day predictable routines have been proven to be effective in family dynamics

- 4. CENSORSHIP: Monitor the daily routine to ensure it fits what your child is designed for
- 5. COMPASSION: Show understanding of needs, and build rapport rather than a distant dictator
- 6. COMPARTMENTALIZE: Understand the different areas of life and act accordingly
- 7. COMPREHENSION: Understand what they are going through. Make a space for non-judgmental sharing. Listen to understand, not respond.
- 8. COMPROMISE: A team effort leads to healthier relationships
- 9. CHOOSE: Pick and choose your battles on a daily basis Mental Flexibility vs. Unwavering Standards
- 10. CONNECT: Listen, share, and be present with your family

How do we manage devices and social media time?

- Devices in general are not a bad thing. Games and youtube videos should be monitored but the real issue is social media
- The golden psychological rule of social media: Maintain control by TURNING OFF ALL NOTIFICATIONS
- Social Media Algorithm is designed to maximize time spent
- Walk through the mall and don't buy everything Get on social media but don't buy everything
- Recognize what needs you are or are not meeting

What are alternatives to medication?

Naturopathic supplements

B12 - Energy and immune support (Water Soluble)

D3 - Vitamin D during indoor times

Omega 3 Fatty acids - Brain Health

Magnesium - Sleep issues and Awareness

Probiotics - Gut health helps with anxiety and depression

Resources:

- Parental Rapport & Communication Allow them to talk about it
- "You're not the first to go through, you're not the last that will go through it. You are not alone."

Outpatient Counseling:

Adam - Community Mental Health Associates: 410.756.0035 (adam@cmhahelps.com)

Outpatient Psychiatric Referrals:

Dr. Caroline Poblete - child and adolescent psychiatry 410.461.3760

Dr. Taylor Scott - child and adolescent psychiatry 443.494.9696

Dr. Michael Labellarte - all ages 410.979.2326

Inpatient Hospitalization Home and Hospital - arranged through school Mobile Crisis Intervention Emergency Room Police