



The EU-FCCB Programme consists of three components, each implemented by a different implementing partner:



Support at the national/institutional level with spillover effects at the local/community level, implemented by Expertise France

€ 33.5 million | K133 million



Managalas conservation area and upscaling to Oro Province, implemented by CIFORICRAF

€18.2 million | K71 million



Expansion of the National Forest Inventory, implemented by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)

€3.0 million | K12 million

EU-FCCB Programme TOTAL

€ 54.7 million | K216 million

Duration: 4 years

BENEFICIARIES

- Public sector organisations at the national and subnational levels
- Education and research institutions
- Civil society organisations, including Communitybased organisations
- (Indirect beneficiaries) General public and local communities, including women and youth

The EU-FCCB Programme is funded by the **European Union**.

It is established in partnership with the **Government of Papua New Guinea** (GoPNG), represented by the Department of National Planning and Monitoring (DNPM).

It is implemented by Expertise France, CIFOR-ICRAF} and the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO):

Expertise France, an entity of the French Development Agency (Agence Française de Développement, AFD) Group, is the French government's international technical cooperation agency.

CIFOR-ICRAF is a world-class research institution that delivers actionable evidence and solutions to transform the way land and renewable resources are used, and how food is produced.

The Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) is a specialised agency of the United Nations that leads international efforts to defeat hunger and achieve food security for all and make sure that people have regular access to enough high-quality food to lead active, healthy lives.

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OBJECTIVE

Supporting PNG's ambition to protect its biodiversity and transition to a green, carbon neutral economy.

Papua New Guinea (PNG) has 78% forest cover according to PNG's second Forest Reference Level in January 2023, with three-quarters remaining largely undisturbed by human activities such as logging and subsistence farming. These forests are crucial in providing food security, supporting 85% of the population living in rural areas. They also play an integral role in the country's cultural, linguistic, and spiritual identity.

PNG is the home to the world's third-largest rainforest, following the Amazon and the Congo forest basins. Therefore, the forests of PNG are among the world's most important carbon and biodiversity reserves, significantly impacting climate change and biodiversity conservation globally.

PNG'S FORESTS REPRESENT ONE OF THE MOST VITAL RESERVES OF CARBON AND BIODIVERSITY IN THE WORLD.

The EU-FCCB Programme is a four-year cooperation initiative (2023-2027), funded by the European Union and established in partnership with the Government of Papua New Guinea (GoPNG), specifically through the Department of National Planning and Monitoring (DNPM).

The Programme was launched on 31 October 2023. With a budget of €54.7 million, it is the EU's largest environmental programme in the Pacific Islands region.



The overall objective of the Programme is to support a development model that reconciles forestry, climate change and biodiversity with sustainable, inclusive and gender-responsive green growth and jobs at national and pilot subnational/community levels.

The Programme has three specific objectives (SOs) as outlined below:



Effective implementation of evidence-based FCCB policies, governance and institutional frameworks:



Increased knowledge and awareness on FCCB issues among PNG's population;



Increased inclusive and gender responsive green public and private sector investments and deforestation-free livelihoods.

