1	Watch over yourselves, for the Evil One is lying in wait, ready to entrap you. Gird yourselves
2	against his wicked devices, and, led by the light of the name of the All-Seeing God, make your
3	escape from the darkness that surroundeth you. Let your vision be world-embracing, rather
4	than confined to your own self. The Evil One is he that hindereth the rise and obstructeth the
5	spiritual progress of the children of men. ⁱ
6	"Man becomes like a stone unless he continually supplicates to God. The heart of man is like a
7	mirror which is covered with dust and to cleanse it one must continually pray to God that it may
8	become clean. The act of supplication is the polish which erases all worldly desires. The delight
9	of supplicating and entreating before God cuts one's heart from the world. When the taste of
10	man is nourished by honey he never likes to taste any other sweetmeat. Therefore, prayer is a
11	key by which the doors of the kingdom are opened. There are many subjects which are
12	difficult for man to solve. But during prayer and supplication they are unveiled and there is
13	nothing that man cannot find out. Muhammad said: "Prayer is a ladder by which every one car
14	ascend to heaven." If one's heart is cut from the world his prayer is the ascension to heaven.
15	In the highest prayer men pray only for the love of God, not
16	because they fear him or hell or hope for bounty or heaven.
17	Thus the souls in whose hearts the fire of love is enkindled are attracted by supplication. True
18	supplication to God must therefore be actuated by love to God only When a man falls in
19	love with a human being it is impossible for him to keep from mentioning the name of his
20	beloved. How much more difficult is it to keep from mentioning the name of God when one has
21	come to love him. One can pray for the dead and by so doing their spiritual condition will
22	become better. The spiritual man finds no delight in anything save in commemoration of God.
23	When one is confirmed his heart becomes rejoiced through the commemoration of God." ii
24	1489. Praying to Bahá'u'lláh
25	"You have asked whether our prayers go beyond Bahá'u'lláh: It all depends whether we pray to
26	Him directly and through Him to God. We may do both and also can pray directly to God, but
27	our prayers would certainly be more effective and illuminating if they are addressed to Him
28	through His Manifestation, Bahá'u'lláh.
29	"Under no circumstances, however, we can, while repeating the
30	prayers, insert the name Bahá'u'lláh where the word 'God' is
31	used. This would be tantamount to a blasphemy."

	"We cannot know God directly, but only through His Prophets. We
	can pray to Him realizing that through His Prophets we know Him,
or we can address our prayer in thought to Bahá'u'lláh, <u>not as G</u>	
	but as the Door to our knowing God. ^{iv}
L486. H	low to Pray One must Start out with the right Concept of God
	nust not be rigid about praying; there is not a set of rules governing it; the mainust start out with the right concept of God, the Manifestation, the Master, the
sk Baha Naster (n we can turn, in thought, to any one of them when we pray. For instance you is a we can turn, in thought, to any one of them when we pray. For instance you is a wellah for some thing, or, thinking of Him, ask God for it. The same is true of the or the Guardian. You can turn in thought to either of them and then ask their sion, or pray direct to God.
	As long as you don't confuse their stations, and make them all
	equal, it does not matter much how you orient your thoughts."
	urn to Manifestation oraying it would be better to turn one's thoughts to the Manifestation as He cor
	ther world, to be our means of contact with the Almighty.
	· · ·
n the o	ther world, to be our means of contact with the Almighty.
n the of 1491. Votation	We can, however, pray directly to God Himself."vi We may Turn to the Guardian in Prayer, but Should not Confuse His with that of a Prophet y to God, or to Bahá'u'lláh, as we please. But if in our thoughts we desire to turn
n the of the of the the of the	We can, however, pray directly to God Himself." We may Turn to the Guardian in Prayer, but Should not Confuse His with that of a Prophet y to God, or to Bahá'u'lláh, as we please. But if in our thoughts we desire to turn in first and then address our prayer, there is no objection, as long as we always be
n the of the of the	We can, however, pray directly to God Himself." We may Turn to the Guardian in Prayer, but Should not Confuse His with that of a Prophet y to God, or to Bahá'u'lláh, as we please. But if in our thoughts we desire to turn first and then address our prayer, there is no objection, as long as we always b is only the Guardian, and do not confuse his station with that of the Prophet or
n the of the of the the the Mas	We can, however, pray directly to God Himself."vi We may Turn to the Guardian in Prayer, but Should not Confuse His with that of a Prophet y to God, or to Bahá'u'lláh, as we please. But if in our thoughts we desire to turn first and then address our prayer, there is no objection, as long as we always b is only the Guardian, and do not confuse his station with that of the Prophet or

61	Through 'Abdu'l-Bahá one can Address Bahá'u'lláh
62 63 64 65	"If you find you need to visualize someone when you pray, think of the Master. Through Him you can address Bahá'u'lláh. Gradually try to think of the qualities of the Manifestation, and in that way a mental form will fade out, for after all the body is not the thing, His Spirit is there and is the essential, everlasting element." ix
66	
67	Prayers Should be Read as Printed
68 69 70	"Regarding your question as to the changing of pronouns in Bahá'í prayers: The Guardian does not approve of such changes, either in the specific prayers on in any others. They should be read as printed without changing a single word."x
71	
72	THE FOLLOWING IS FROM THE WORLD ORDER OF BAHA'U'LLAH- PAGE 112
73 74 75 76	"To whoever may read these pages a word of warning seems, however, advisable before I proceed further with the development of my argument. Let no one meditating, in the light of the afore-quoted passages, on the nature of the Revelation of Bahá'u'lláh, mistake its character or misconstrue the intent of its Author.
77	The divinity attributed to so great a Being and the complete
78	incarnation of the names and attributes of God in so exalted a Person
79	should <mark>, under no circumstances, be misconceived or misinterpreted.</mark>
80	The human temple that has been made the vehicle of so
81	overpowering a Revelation must, if we be faithful to the tenets of our
82	Faith, ever remain entirely distinguished from that "innermost Spirit
83	of Spirits" and "eternal Essence of Essences" <mark>that invisible yet</mark>
84	rational God Who, however much we extol the divinity of His
85	Manifestations on earth, <u>can in no wise incarnate His infinite, His</u>
86	unknowable, His incorruptible and all-embracing Reality in the
87	concrete and limited frame of a mortal being.
88	Indeed, the God Who could so incarnate His own reality would, in the
89	light of the teachings of Bahá'u'lláh, cease immediately to be God.

So crude and fantastic a theory of Divine incarnation is as removed from, and incompatible with, the essentials of Bahá'í belief as are the no less inadmissible pantheistic and

90

anthropomorphic conceptions of God -- both of which the utterances of Bahá'u'lláh 92 93 emphatically repudiate and the fallacy of which they expose. 94 He Who in unnumbered passages claimed His utterance to be the "Voice of Divinity, the Call of God Himself" thus solemnly affirms in the Kitáb-i-Ígán: 95 "To every discerning and illumined heart it is evident that God, the 96 unknowable Essence, the Divine Being, is immeasurably exalted 97 beyond every human attribute such as corporeal existence, ascent 98 and descent, egress and regress... He is, and hath ever been, veiled 99 in the ancient eternity of His Essence, and will remain in His Reality 100 everlastingly hidden from the sight of men... He standeth exalted 101 beyond and above all separation and union, all proximity and 102 remoteness... 'God was alone; there was none else beside Him' is a 103 sure testimony of this truth." 104 "From time immemorial," Bahá'u'lláh, speaking of God, explains, "He, the Divine Being, hath 105 been veiled in the ineffable sanctity of His exalted Self, and will everlasting continue to be 106 wrapt in the impenetrable mystery of His unknowable Essence... Ten thousand Prophets, each 107 108 a Moses, are thunderstruck upon the Sinai of their search at God's forbidding voice, 'Thou 109 shalt never behold Me!; whilst a myriad Messengers, each as great as Jesus, stand dismayed 110 upon their heavenly thrones by the interdiction 'Mine Essence thou shalt never apprehend!'" "How bewildering to me, insignificant as I am," Bahá'u'lláh in His communion with God 111 112 affirms, "is the attempt to fathom the sacred depths of Thy knowledge! How futile my efforts to visualize the magnitude of the power inherent in Thine handiwork -- the revelation of Thy 113 creative power!" 114 "When I contemplate, O my God, the relationship that 115 bindeth me to Thee," He, in yet another prayer revealed in 116 His own handwriting, testifies, "I am moved to proclaim to 117 all created things 'verily I am God!'; and when I consider 118 my own self, lo, I find it coarser than clay!" 119

"The door of the knowledge of the Ancient of Days," Bahá'u'lláh further states in the Kitáb-i-Íqán, "being thus closed in the face of all beings, He, the Source of infinite grace ... hath caused those luminous Gems of Holiness to appear out of the realm of the spirit, in the noble form of

120

121

123	the human temple, and be made manifest unto all men, that they may impart unto the world
124	the mysteries of the unchangeable Being and tell of the subtleties of His imperishable
125	Essence All the Prophets of God, His well-favored, His holy and chosen Messengers are,
126	without exception, the bearers of His names and the embodiments of His attributes These
127	Tabernacles of Holiness, these primal Mirrors which reflect the Light of unfading glory, are but
128	expressions of Him Who is the Invisible of the Invisibles."

That Bahá'u'lláh should, notwithstanding the overwhelming intensity of His Revelation, be regarded as essentially one of these Manifestations of God, never to be identified with that invisible Reality, the Essence of Divinity itself, is one of the major beliefs of our Faith—— a belief which should never be obscured and the integrity of which no one of its followers should allow to be compromised.xi

129

130

131

132

133

134

i (Baha'u'llah, Gleanings from the Writings of Baha'u'llah, p. 94)

[&]quot; 'Abdu'l-Bahá from notes of Miss Alma Albertson and other pilgrims, November and December, 1900. (SOW - Star of the West, Star of the West - 5)

⁽From a letter written on behalf of the Guardian to an individual believer, October 14, 1937) (Compilations, Lights of Guidance, p. 457)

^{iv} (From a letter written on behalf of Shoghi Effendi to an individual believer: High Endeavours: Messages to Alaska, p.71) 458

^v (From a letter written on behalf of Shoghi Effendi to an individual believer, July 24, 1946) 457 (Compilations, Lights of Guidance, p. 456)

vi (From a letter written on behalf of Shoghi Effendi to the National Spiritual Assembly of India, April 27, 1937: Dawn of a New Day, p.67)

⁽From a letter written on behalf of Shoghi Effendi to an individual believer, August 22, 1947)

⁽From a letter written on behalf of Shoghi Effendi to an individual believer, November 15, 1953)

ix (From a letter written on behalf of Shoghi Effendi to an individual believer, January 31, 1959)

^{* (}Compilations, Lights of Guidance, p. 458)

xi FROM THE WORLD ORDER OF BAHA'U'LLAH