## It Is ...is ... et al

## By Jack Galmitz

WHY I LIKE IT: Poetry Editor HEZEKIAH writes... Jack Galmitz is lit, safe-cracked dynamite, an acrobat-parallel-universe-pyromaniac—on fire—with a wick not long enough to run from: "Here Are Some Word / You can cross out / or underline" If I should live forever, it is unlikely I could ever, be understood, for what I think is what's good. I'll bet Jack's not an Alpha (most poets aren't), as he sifts, shifts and surfs through his freeing-associated-wheeling indexedalphabet. I'm inclined to confess it is the best piece of verse I have read in my unsteady-staid tenure here—there is something for everyone. Except, I would have inserted 'Oden,' 'Odious' even gnashed in 'Ogden' before "Olden"—add your own words—it will be a bored-game in no time. 'It Is' is similarly as engaging and evocative. And, 'Sitting, Standing, Lying Down' is all about "running"...When gerunds collide with nouns and verbs...these are the times I wish I knew what 'parts of speech' were—(Spacing is poet's own. Our style is HOTS—hands off the submissions. Published as received.)

Submission to FOTD

Attentin: Tom Ball

Poems by Jack Galmitz

Here Are Some Word You can cross out or underline Abacus Alexandrian Line Border Collie Border Wall Borderline Personality Chronic Cough Chronicity Dielectric Water Dietician Diuretic

Family

Family Friends

Helios

Jacksonville Florida

Juke Joint

Jacks Set

Lambchops

Lamb Scallopini

Lounge Chair

Menstruate

Men

Nunc

Olden

Pauper

Penis

Queer

Rust

Salvador

Salvation

Tomato

Venice

Venice De Milo

Venice on a Half Shell

Wasted

Zero

## It Is

It's a heatwave

It's marvelous

It's wonderful

It's your birthday

It's a holiday

It's a game saver

It's scary

It's our anniversary

It's sad

It's a tie game

It's a romp

It's barbecued

It's streaming live

It's synonymous

It's going to collapse

It's a surprise
It's blemished
It's a trap
It's a trick
It's robbery
It's insulting
It's not funny
It's a riot
It's sold out
It's hysterical
It's bad
It's over

## Sitting, Standing, Lying Down

running to catch a bus running to get out of the rain running a light running to say goodbye running to the store running away from myself running away from a gang running for office running to keep in shape running the water running to catch the ball running to tackle a runner running to pass a runner running in a marathon running a temperature running from a mountain lion running from a charging elephant running up a debt running for the sake of it running across the bridge running from the police running from the law running up a bill running off at the mouth running an errand running amok running short running on empty running around running out of money

running out of steam
running out of ideas
running out of space
running out of time
running an ad
running the air conditioner
running the motor
running to catch a train
running for cover
running the country
running out of excuses
running for it

Okay, Tom. Please give my regard to the team. Be well, Jack

**THE POET SPEAKS...** As the reader can see, my poems are not self-referential. They are not, in other words, expressions of a self and emotions recollected in tranquility. These poems are generated by being lists, the words included sharing some of the characteristics of being members of a list. This idea is behind the making of the poems and is more essential than the outcomes themselves. I was influenced here by poets and critics Bernadette Mayer and Charles Bernstein, writers who have been associated with the L=A=N=G=U=A=G=E School of poetry. Mayer in her Writing Experiments recommends the writer write a poem as a list and so I have done in each of these poems.

Of course, there are differences in the three poems. Sitting, Stand, Lying Down refers to the basic physical postures human beings take. In each line, the reader is placed in a different position in the nexus of language and in the nexus of physical experiences in the world. The reader might just add their own memories and reflections to this list. Or subtract from it. In the poem It Is, the lines of the poem are all predicate adjectives, meaning the subject's description and defining quality is altered line by line. What compounds the difficulty is the subject remains throughout an ambiguous pronoun, "it," which has no noun to which it refers. This poem examines briefly the relationship of language to world and just how unsubstantiated and subject to flux it is. Again, the reader can have fun here by adding or subtracting or reflecting on how and what the experience of world is to them. In the poem Here Are Some Words, the subject of the poem is language itself, as poems are not just comprised of words but are words. In this poem are the associations of words in a list written alphabetically. They range in meaning and diversity and thereby range in experience in the reader's experience of them What is important and what is not is entirely within the scope of the reader. The poem is their experience of it.

So, I suppose for me writing is important because it grapples with our experience of structuring our world and our presentation of a self within that structure. It should always be new, inventive, and fun. If it isn't fun and instructive, what is the purpose of it?

**AUTHOR BIO:** Jack Galmitz was born in New York City in 1951. He attended the public schools and later received a Ph.D from the University of Bufffalo.

His poems and stories have appeared in such journals as And/Or, Otoliths, Otata, is/let, Heliosparrow Journal, and many more. He authored a book of criticism on the subject of minimalist poetry, Views, which was widely read in the gendai (experimental) haiku community. He is married and lives with his wife in New York.