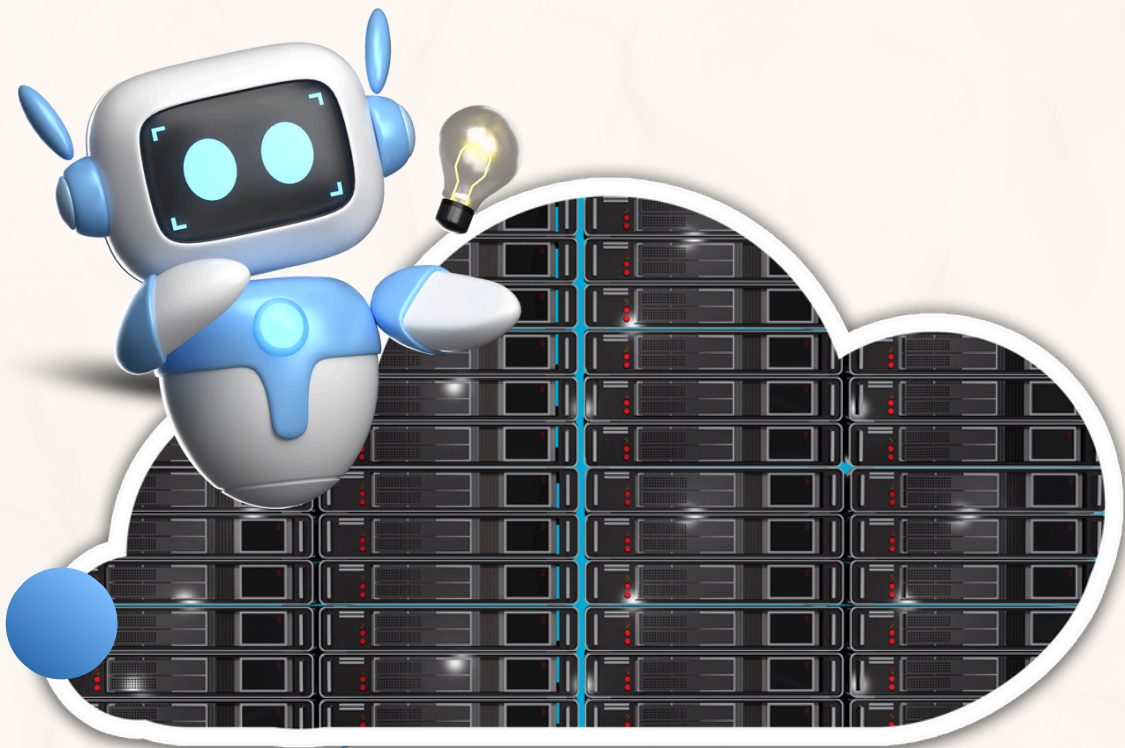


Becoming an AI-First Organisation: Frameworks for Enterprise Transformation



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Many firms experiment with AI, but few truly transform into AI-first organisations. The difference lies not in isolated pilots or technologies, but in a **systematic transformation** of strategy, governance, architecture, and culture. Leaders must treat AI not as an add-on, but as the foundation of their operating model.

1. Understanding the Transformation Journey

Becoming AI-first is not an overnight change. It is a staged journey that moves organisations from traditional structures, through incremental digital adoption, to full AI integration.

- **Traditional firms:** Manual processes, siloed data, legacy IT, human-driven decision-making.
- **Digitally enabled firms:** Some automation, cloud adoption, fragmented analytics, pilot AI projects.
- **AI-first firms:** Data at the core, algorithms driving critical decisions, experimentation embedded into daily work, and products that continuously improve with use.

Case examples:

- **Ping An (China):** Evolved from a traditional insurer into a diversified financial and healthcare platform by embedding AI across underwriting, lending, and medical diagnostics.
- **Walmart:** Moved from legacy retail processes to AI-driven supply chain optimisation, dynamic pricing, and personalised recommendations.

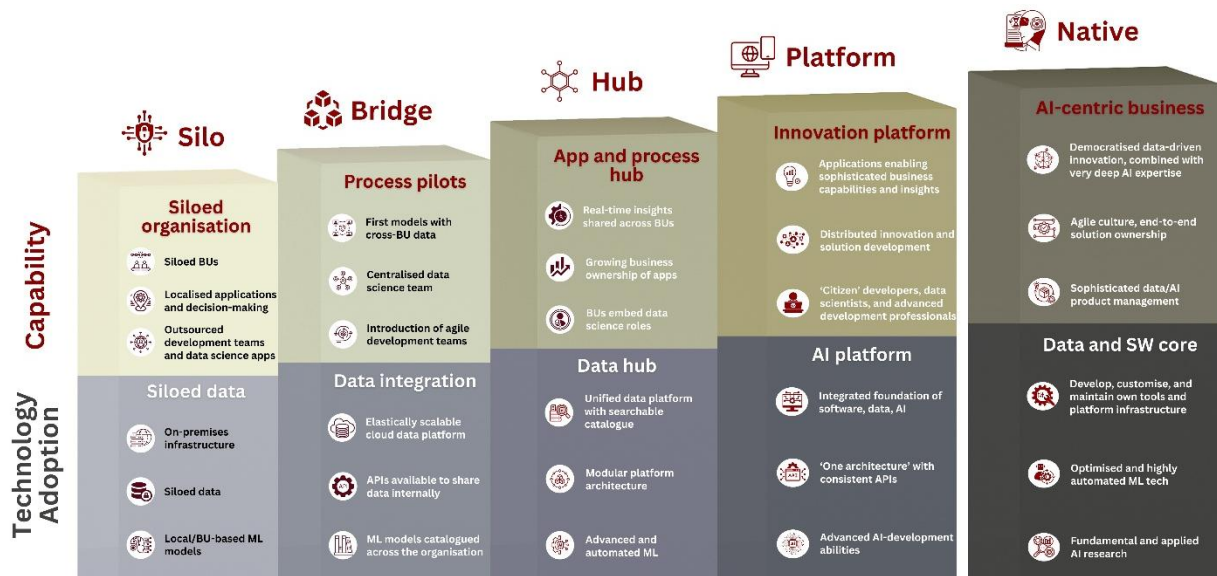


Figure 1: A Model for AI Maturity Across Companies (Source: Adapted from HBS)

Leadership imperative: Honestly assess where your organisation sits today and set clear milestones to move closer to an AI-first operating model.

2. The AI-First Scorecard

Transformation requires measurement. The AI-First Scorecard provides leaders with indicators to track progress. It shifts measurement from activity and efficiency toward adaptability, learning, and scale.

- **Strategy:** % of revenue linked to AI-enabled products and services.
- **Operations:** % of key decisions made with data-driven insights.
- **Technology:** % of processes supported by unified data pipelines and scalable infrastructure.
- **Culture:** % of employees engaged in experimentation, learning, and cross-functional teams.
- **Governance:** Existence of clear accountability, ethical AI principles, and risk management.

Case examples:

- **Siemens:** Uses KPIs on predictive maintenance adoption and time-to-deployment of AI models to track progress.
- **ING Bank:** Monitors cycle time from idea → experiment → scaled deployment as a key cultural metric.

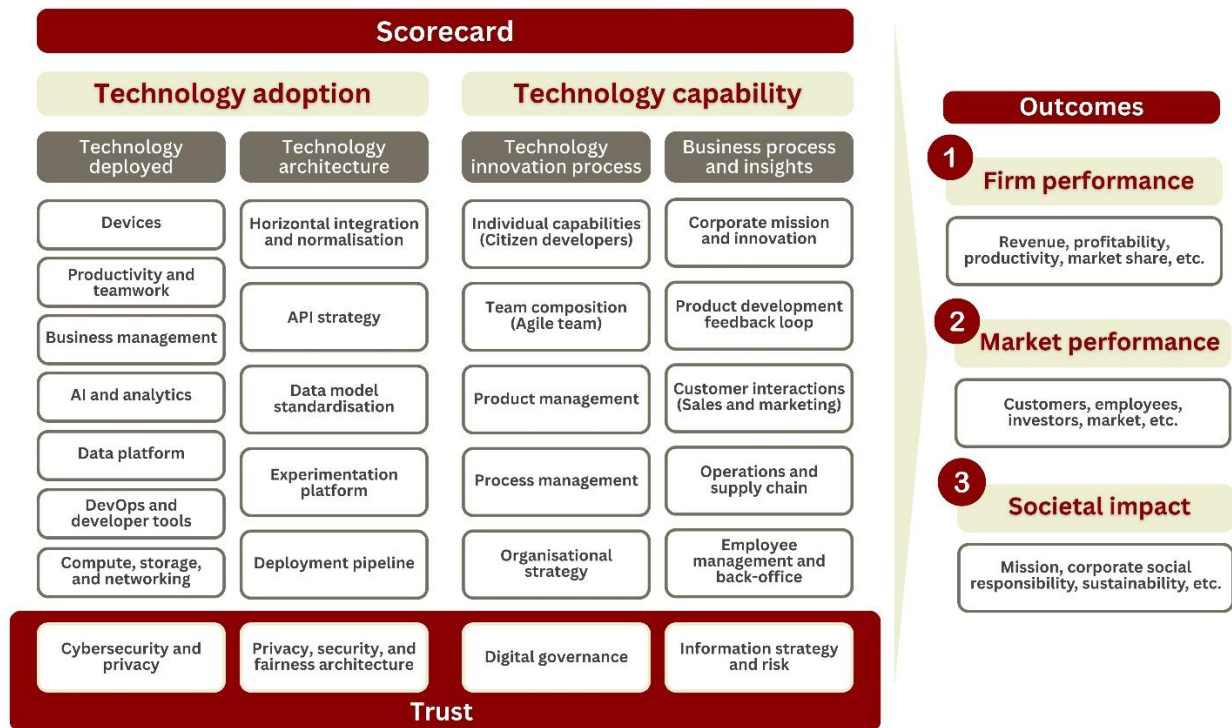


Figure 2: The AI-First Scorecard (Source: Keystone Strategy LLC)

Leadership imperative: Use metrics not just to measure but to change behaviour. Align incentives and rewards with progress toward becoming AI-first.

3. The Four Levers of Digital Transformation

Successful transformation requires coordinated action across four interdependent levers. Neglecting one weakens the entire transformation and creates imbalance.

1. Strategy:

- Define where AI creates differentiated value.
- Accept that legacy revenue streams may need cannibalisation.
- **Case:** Netflix pivoted from DVD rentals to streaming, then to AI-powered recommendations and content creation.

2. Governance:

- Establish clear accountability for AI outcomes.
- Embed ethics and risk management from the start.
- **Case:** Microsoft created an internal Responsible AI Committee to review high-impact AI systems.

3. Architecture:

- Build a digital core with unified data pipelines, scalable cloud, and experimentation platforms.
- **Case:** DBS Bank rebuilt its core on cloud-native infrastructure, enabling rapid experimentation and scaling of AI use cases.

4. Culture:

- Flatten hierarchies, empower teams, and reward learning.
- **Case:** Microsoft under Satya Nadella shifted from a “know-it-all” to a “learn-it-all” culture.
- **Counter-case:** Kodak clung to film culture despite owning digital technology, missing the opportunity to reinvent.

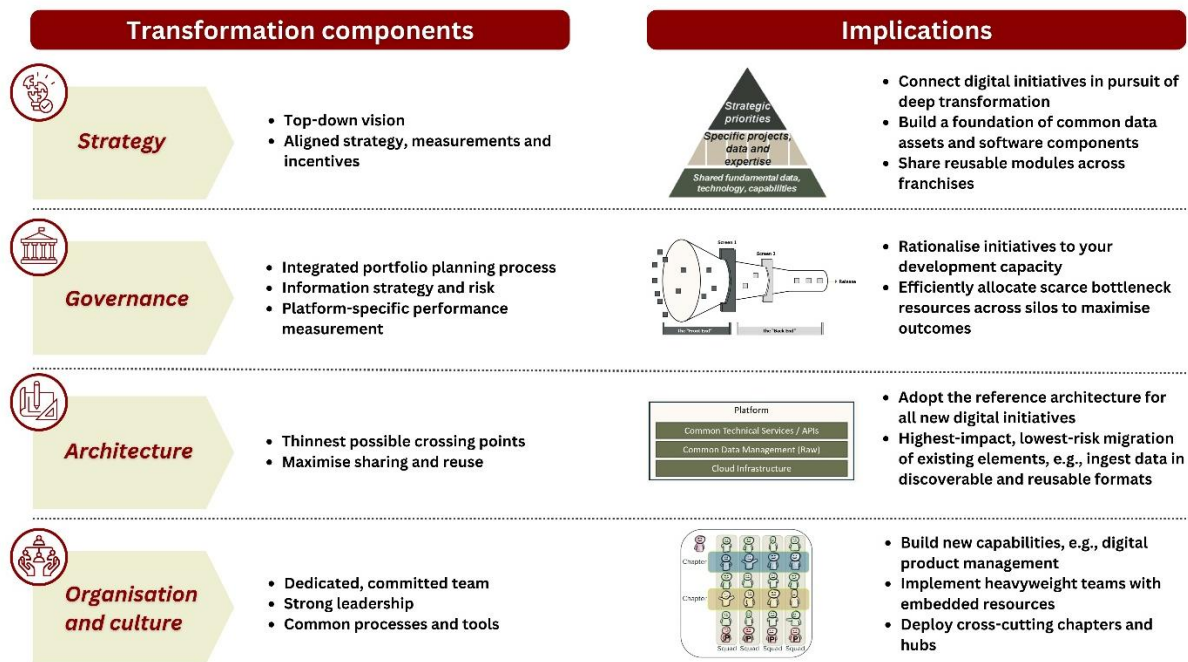


Figure 3: Four Levers of Digital Transformation (Source: Keystone Strategy LLC)

Leadership imperative: Balance all four levers. Over-investing in technology without cultural or governance change leads to stalled progress.

4. Barriers to Transformation

Many firms underestimate the scale of change required. Barriers include:

- **Technology-first bias:** Investing in AI tools without redesigning processes or governance.
- **Siloed structures:** Business and IT teams working separately, slowing integration.
- **Leadership gaps:** Lack of alignment at the top, or fear of cannibalising profitable businesses.
- **Short-term pressures:** Quarterly targets that discourage experimentation.

Case examples:

- **GE Digital:** Poured billions into its Predix AI platform without aligning culture or customer needs, leading to limited adoption.
- **Traditional banks:** Many launched chatbot pilots but failed to redesign back-end processes, leaving customer service fragmented.

Firms that fail to confront these barriers often end up with AI pilots that never scale, eroding both resources and credibility.

Leadership imperative: Name and confront these barriers early. Transformation requires visible sponsorship from the CEO and board, not just the CIO.

5. Leading Transformation as a Journey

Becoming AI-first is not about a single technology implementation. It is a journey of continuous reinvention. Leaders must:

- **Set a bold vision:** Communicate AI as core to the organisation's future.
- **Provide resources:** Fund both experimentation and scaling.
- **Align incentives:** Reward teams for learning and improvement, not just efficiency.
- **Build partnerships:** Collaborate with ecosystems, startups, and regulators to sustain trust.

Case examples:

- **Microsoft:** Embedded AI across Azure, Office, and consumer services by linking culture change with product innovation.
- **Siemens Healthineers:** Combined data partnerships with hospitals and AI-driven imaging to continuously reinvent its offerings.

The Takeaway for Leaders

An AI-first organisation is not built on pilots or tools but on a holistic transformation of strategy, governance, architecture, and culture.

Leader questions:

- Where are we today on the AI transformation journey?
- Which of the four levers do we need to strengthen most?
- Are we measuring progress with an AI-first scorecard?
- Do we have the leadership courage to disrupt ourselves?

Up next:

How Amazon and Microsoft Became AI-First: Lessons for Every Leader



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