

Beginning the Tiny Home Ecological Sustainability Village Project

Questions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Why wasn't employment-housing a project consideration to address the homelessness crisis?• Where is the data on the homeless population: how many are able bodied?
Financing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 16.02 million was spent on the C3P0 safe rest village pilot project and it received an additional 28.1 million by 2024.• More funding than this is needed for a project to house the homeless and stimulate the economy.
Motivations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• House the most able bodied houseless people and put them to work to produce biogas energy.• End the homelessness crisis.
Context	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Psychologists have been informing the state on how to address the homelessness crisis; yet the crisis has worsened every year with this approach.• Employment-housing models have worked in the past and only can work to decrease homelessness; yet lack political support.
Expectations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• A year to study employment-housing for biomass energy production.• The legislature passes a bill for funding employment-housing.• After a year of operation, each village is expected to return investment to the state and pay for all its operation costs.
Documentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• A study of employment-housing.• A study of biomass energy potential for Multnomah County.• Written letters of intent to collaborate on a biomass energy employment-housing project provided by non profit organizations, universities, companies and government agencies/departments.