

Beginning the Tiny Home Ecological Sustainability Village Project

Questions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Why wasn't employment-housing a project consideration to address the homelessness crisis? • Where is the data on the homeless population: how many are able bodied?
Financing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 16.02 million was spent on the C3P0 safe rest village pilot project and it received an additional 28.1 million by 2024. • More funding than this is needed for a project to house the homeless and stimulate the economy.
Motivations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • House the most able bodied houseless people and put them to work to produce biogas energy. • End the homelessness crisis.
Context	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Psychologists have been informing the state on how to address the homelessness crisis; yet the crisis has worsened every year with this approach. • Employment-housing models have worked in the past and only can work to decrease homelessness; yet lack political support.
Expectations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A year to study employment-housing for biomass energy production. • The legislature passes a bill for funding employment-housing. • After a year of operation, each village is expected to return investment to the state and pay for all its operation costs.
Documentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A study of employment-housing. • A study of biomass energy potential for Multnomah County. • Written letters of intent to collaborate on a biomass energy employment-housing project provided by non profit organizations, universities, companies and government agencies/departments.