Transgender/Non-Binary Patient Cultural Competence C.E. Course Evaluation

1. I rans	1. Fransgender Patient care begins with?					
	A) Using chosen name	C) Usir	ng the birth name			
	B) Correct pronouns	D) Bot	h A and B			
2. AFAE	2. AFAB means Assigned Female at Birth.					
	A) True					
	B) False					
3. AFAB takes care of						
	A) Transgender Males		C) Non-Binary AFAB			
	B) Cisgender Females		D) All of the above			
4. AMA	4. AMAB means Assigned Male at Birth.					
	A) True					
	B) False					
5. AMAB takes care of						
	A) Transgender Females		C) Non-Binary AMAB			
	B) Cisgender Males		D) All of the above			
6. Never ask the adolescent if they are transgender in front of their parents.						
	A) True					
	B) False					

7. When assess	ing Abdominal	Pain in Assigned Female at Birth patients, we are evaluating?
A) Cran	nps	C) Appendicitis
B) Activ	e Labor	D) Torn Vaginal Cuff
8 When assess	ing Ahdominal	Pain in Assigned Male at Birth, we are evaluating?
A) Pano	_	C) Testicular Torsion
B) Galls		D) Prostatitis
b) Galis	tones	D) Flostatitis
9. Spironolacto	ne can cause?	
А) Нуре	erkalemia	C) Hypertension
В) Нурс	kalemia	D) CVA
10. Finasteride	can cause?	
А) Нурс	ovolemia	C) Orthostatic Hypotension
В) Нуре	erglycemia	D) Hypoglycemia
11. On monitor be sex assigned		cific criteria for LVH/STEMI, sex selection of a transgender patient should
A) True		
B) Fals	Э	
12. When an In	tersex patient	has chest pain the 12-lead analysis algorithm is run as Female?
A) True		
B) False	:	

	tage Criteria states that LVH Assigned Female at Birth?	is present if the sum of the R wave in Avl and the S wave					
A) 18mm	C) 22mm						
B) 20mm	D) 21mm						
	tage Criteria states that LVH ssigned Males at Birth?	is present if the sum of the R wave in AvI and the S wave					
A) 16mm	C) 28mm						
B) 26mm	D) 30mm						
15. Items that can be found on a pre-operative transgender patient includes.							
A) Binder	C) STP/Pack	rer					
B)Gaph	D) all the al	oove					
16. Binders are to trans men what leathers are to bikers?							
A) True							
B) False							
17. How do you state the sex of a transgender patient during the Trauma Report?							
A) Using pr	onouns used	C) Using assumed sex then assessment					
B) Sex Assi	gned at Birth	D) None of the above					
18. A complication from a tracheal shave is?							
A) Anterio	Commissure Detachment	C) Scar Tissue					
B) Swollen	glands	D) Both A and C					

19. Combat Gauze will Cauterize and Necrot Penectomy Sutures rip.	ize any viable tissue left for graft in a patient who had their				
A) True					
B) False					
20. Correct hospital designation for a transgender patient who has ruptured sutures.					
A) Closest Hospital	C) Don't transport and obtain refusal				
B) Hospital that performed	D) Trauma Hospital				
the procedure					
21. For an unstable patient transport to the	closest facility.				
A) True					
B) False					
22. How do you chart a transgender patient	who hasn't legally changed their name or sex marker?				
A) Use chosen name and sex.	C) Use name and sex on Insurance				
B) Use name and sex on Government issued card					
I.D.	D) None of the Above				
23. How do you chart a Non-Binary patient whose legal sex marker is X, but the insurance card states M?					
A) Use sex on I.D.	C) Mark other on the chart				
B) Use sex on insurance card	D) None of the Above				