WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 WILSON COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4-8
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET	9-12
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	13
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	14-15
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	16
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	17-35
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND AND DEBT SERVICE FUND COMBINED	37
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS	38
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS	39
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS	40
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS – GENERAL FUND	42
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND	43
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS – DEBT SERVICE FUND	44
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – DEBT SERVICE FUND	45

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 Wilson County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 (the "District") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of the District as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Board of Commissioners Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund and Debt Service Fund Combined, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Asset and Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedule of District Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Commissioners Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, excluding that portion marked "Unaudited" on which we express no opinion or provide any assurance, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC

McColl Gibson Swedland Borfoot PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Houston, Texas

April 8, 2024

Management's discussion and analysis of Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements and (2) notes to the financial statements. The fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements combine both: (1) the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and (2) the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. This report also includes required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's annual report includes two financial statements combining the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The Statement of Net Position includes the District's assets, liabilities, and, if applicable, deferred inflows and outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors.

The Statement of Activities reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The combined statements also include fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District has two governmental fund types. The General Fund accounts for resources not accounted for in another fund, property tax revenues, EMS charges, costs of assessing and collecting taxes and service operations expenditures. The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources and expenditure relating to principal and interest payments.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental funds are reported in each of the financial statements. The focus in the fund statements provides a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of the District and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. The adjustments columns, the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position, and the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities explain the differences between the two presentations and assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information ("RSI") and other supplementary information. The budgetary comparison schedule is included as RSI for the General Fund.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4,033,992 as of September 30, 2023. A portion of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (i.e. land, buildings, vehicles and equipment, less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding). The District uses these assets to provide for firefighting and emergency services. The following is a comparative analysis of government-wide changes in net position:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Net Position					
		2023	2022		Change Positive (Negative)	
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets and	\$	2,675,636	\$	1,582,337	\$	1,093,299
Right-of Use Assets		3,478,364		3,105,946		372,418
Total Assets	\$	6,154,000	\$	4,688,283	\$	1,465,717
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	253,399	\$	147,662	\$	105,737
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities	\$	1,755,883 602,577	\$	1,836,148 533,065	\$	80,265 (69,512)
Total Liabilities	\$	2,358,460	\$	2,369,213	\$	10,753
Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position:	\$	14,947	\$	20,417	\$	5,470
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$	1,589,972 2,444,020	\$	1,098,187 1,348,128	\$	491,785 1,095,892
Total Net Position	\$	4,033,992	\$	2,446,315	\$	1,587,677

The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the years ended September 30, 2023, and September 30, 2022.

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Activities						
	2023			2022		Change Positive Negative)	
Revenues:							
Property Taxes	\$	1,954,525	\$	1,825,809	\$	128,716	
EMS Revenues		2,740,686		1,243,555		1,497,131	
Sales Tax		1,113,737		977,707		136,030	
Grants and Other Revenues		318,547		65,161		253,386	
Total Revenues	\$	6,127,495	\$	4,112,232	\$	2,015,263	
Expenses for Services		4,539,818		3,895,153		(644,665)	
Change in Net Position	\$	1,587,677	\$	217,079	\$	1,370,598	
Net Position, Beginning of Year		2,446,315		2,229,236		217,079	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	4,033,992	\$	2,446,315	\$	1,587,677	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUND

The District's General Fund fund balance as of September 30, 2023, was \$2,123,227, an increase of \$984,736 from the prior year. This was primarily due to property tax, sales tax and EMS revenues, exceeding service operations and capital outlay costs.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Board of Commissioners amended the budget during the current fiscal year. The budget was amended to increase expected EMS revenues, salaries and benefits, repairs and maintenance, capital outlay and debt service payments. Actual revenues were \$697,892 more than budgeted and actual expenditures were \$286,844 less than budgeted, which resulted in a positive variance of \$984,736. See the budget versus actual comparison for more information.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets as of September 30, 2023, total \$3,362,900 (net of accumulated depreciation) and include land, buildings, vehicles and equipment.

Capital Assets At Year-End, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

			Change Positive		
	2023		2022		Negative)
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land and Land Improvements	\$	1,516,384	\$ 1,516,384	\$	
Construction in Progress		169,975			169,975
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated					
Depreciation:					
Buildings and Improvements		800,471	714,063		86,408
Equipment and Vehicles		870,326	868,363		1,963
Intangible Assets		5,744	 7,136		(1,392)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	3,362,900	\$ 3,105,946	\$	256,954

RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

In accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 87, which was required to be implemented in the current fiscal year, the District recorded certain right-of-use assets. Right-of-use assets consisted of Station No. 2 in the amount of \$134,647, had current year amortization expense of \$19,183, and had an accumulated amortization balance of \$19,183 as of September 30, 2023.

LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

At year-end, the District had total debt payable of \$1,888,392. The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

Note Payable, October 1, 2022	\$ 2,007,760
Less: Principal Retired	 235,398
Note Payable, September 30, 2023	\$ 1,772,362
Lease Payable, October 1, 2022	\$ 134,647
Less: Principal Retired	 18,617
Lease Payable, September 30, 2023	\$ 116,030

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information, contact the District Treasurer by phone at 210-872-1347.

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Debt		
	Ge	eneral Fund	Ser	Service Fund	
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	415,890	\$		
Investments		1,616,722			
Cash With Wilson County		3,857			
Receivables:					
EMS Charges (Net of Allowance for Doubtfull Accounts)		308,882			
Property Taxes		70,405		6,322	
Penalty and Interest on Delinquent Property Taxes					
Sales Tax Receipts		189,794			
Inventory		43,689			
Land					
Construction in Progress					
Right-of-Use Assets (Net of Accumulated Amortization)					
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,649,239	\$	6,322	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflows - Pension	\$	- 0 -	\$	- 0 -	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED					
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	2,649,239	\$	6,322	

				St	tatement of
	Total	A	djustments	N	et Position
\$	415,890	\$		\$	415,890
	1,616,722				1,616,722
	3,857				3,857
	308,882				308,882
	76,727				76,727
			20,075		20,075
	189,794				189,794
	43,689				43,689
			1,516,384		1,516,384
			169,975		169,975
			115,464		115,464
			1,676,541		1,676,541
\$	2,655,561	\$	3,498,439	\$	6,154,000
-					
\$	- 0 -	\$	253,399	\$	253,399
Ψ		Ψ	200,000	4	200,000
\$	2,655,561	\$	3,751,838	\$	6,407,399

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Debt	
	General Fund		Service Fund	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	146,725	\$	
Accrued Interest Payable				
Compensated Absences				
Net Pension Liability				
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Lease Payable, Due Within One Year				
Lease Payable, Due After One Year				
Note Payable, Due Within One Year				
Note Payable, Due After One Year				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	146,725	\$	- 0 -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	\$	70,405	\$	6,322
Deferred Inflows - Pension				
EMS Charges		308,882		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	379,287	\$	6,322
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable: Inventory	\$	43,689	\$	
Unassigned		2,079,538		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	2,123,227	\$	- 0 -
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	2,649,239	\$	6,322

NET POSITION

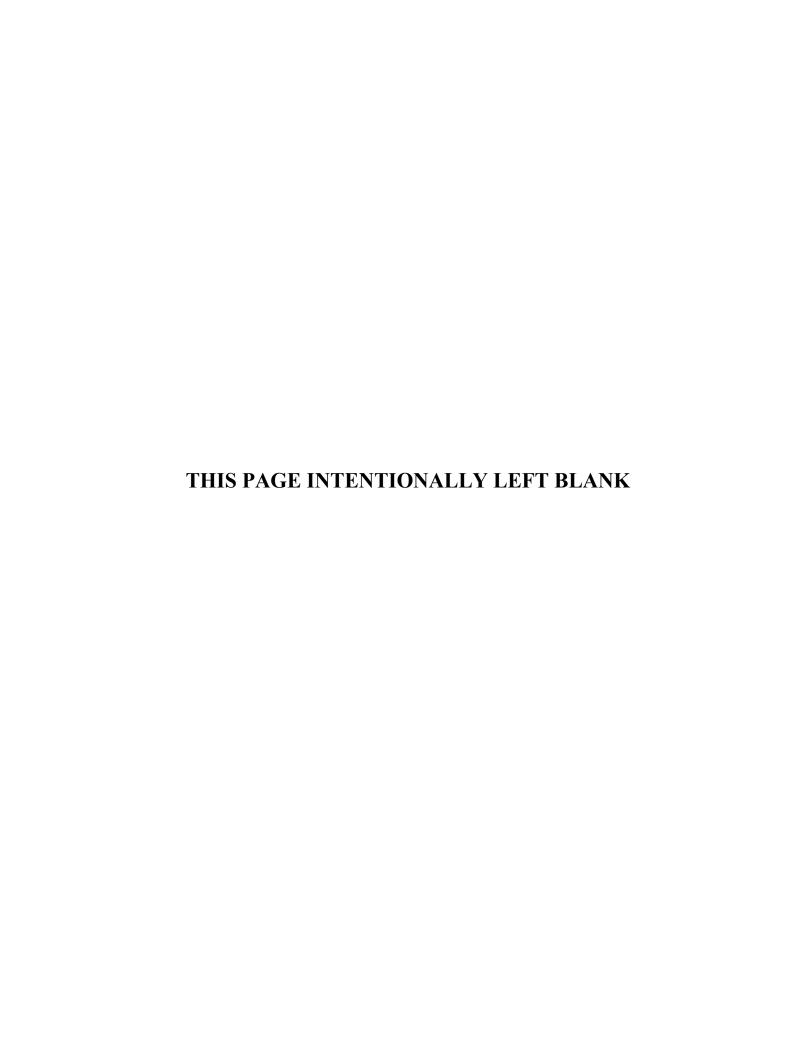
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted

TOTAL NET POSITION

				St	tatement of
	Total	A	djustments	N	et Position
			_		
\$	146,725	\$		\$	146,725
			2,884		2,884
			34,206		34,206
			286,253		286,253
			18,819		18,819
			97,211		97,211
			113,690		113,690
			1,658,672		1,658,672
\$	146,725	\$	2,211,735	\$	2,358,460
			(= c ==)		
\$	76,727	\$	(76,727)	\$	
			14,947		14,947
	308,882		(308,882)		
\$	385,609	\$	(370,662)	\$	14,947
\$	43,689	\$	(43,689)	\$	
Φ	2,079,538	Ψ	(2,079,538)	Ψ	
\$	2,123,227	\$	(2,079,336) $(2,123,227)$	\$	- 0 -
Ψ	2,120,227	<u>*</u>	(=,1=0,==1)	*	
\$	2,655,561				
		\$	1,589,972	\$	1,589,972
			2,444,020		2,444,020
		\$	4,033,992	\$	4,033,992

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	2,123,227
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues and penalty and interest receivable for 2022 and prior tax levies became part of recognized revenue in the governmental activites of the District.		96,802
EMS charges in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the fund statements.		308,882
Portions of the change in net pension liability/(asset) that are not immediately recognized as pension expense are recorded as deferred outflows and inflows of resources.		(47,801)
Accreud vacation leave payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.		(34,206)
Capital assets and right-of-use assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		3,478,364
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. These liabilities at year end consist of:		
Accrued Interest Payable \$ (2,884)		
Debt Payable Within One Year (132,509) Debt Payable After One Year (1755,882)		(1 901 276)
Debt Payable After One Year (1,755,883) Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	(1,891,276) 4,033,992
rotal Net rostion - Governmental Activities	Ф	4,033,332



WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Debt	
	General Fund		Ser	vice Fund
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$	1,712,296	\$	232,988
Penalty and Interest		33,906		
Sales Tax		1,113,737		
EMS Revenues		2,616,634		
Investment Revenues		58,440		
Miscellaneous Revenues		206,126		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	5,741,139	\$	232,988
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES				
Service Operations:				
Salaries and Benefits	\$	2,988,618		
Professional Fees		244,278		
Appraisal District Fees		44,076		
Tax Collection Fees		21,938		
Utilities		48,392		
Repairs and Maintenance		473,735		
Depreciation/Amortization				
Other		354,313		
Capital Outlay		499,633		
Debt Service:				
Principal		18,617		235,398
Interest Expense		1,383		59,010
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$	4,694,983	\$	294,408
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$	1,046,156	\$	(61,420)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In/(Out)	\$	(61,420)	\$	61,420
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	984,736	\$	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION -				
OCTOBER 1, 2022		1,138,491		
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION -				
SEPTEMBER 30, 2023	\$	2,123,227	\$	-0-

				Statement of	
	Total	A	djustments		Activities
\$	1,945,284	\$	9,241	\$	1,954,525
Ψ	33,906	Ψ	20,075	Ψ	53,981
	1,113,737		20,070		1,113,737
	2,616,634		124,052		2,740,686
	58,440		•		58,440
	206,126				206,126
\$	5,974,127	\$	153,368	\$	6,127,495
Φ.	2 000 (10	Φ.	45.610	Φ.	2 024 225
\$	2,988,618	\$	45,619	\$	3,034,237
	244,278 44,076				244,278
	21,938				44,076 21,938
	48,392				48,392
	473,735				473,735
	173,733		261,862		261,862
	354,313		- ,		354,313
	499,633		(499,633)		
	254,015		(254,015)		
	60,393		(3,406)		56,987
\$	4,989,391	\$	(449,573)	\$	4,539,818
\$	984,736	\$	602,941	\$	1,587,677
\$	- 0 -	\$	- 0 -	\$	- 0 -
\$	984,736	\$	(984,736)	\$	
			1,587,677		1,587,677
	1,138,491	_	1,307,824		2,446,315
\$	2,123,227	\$	1,910,765	\$	4,033,992

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 984,736
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report tax revenues when collected. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenue is recorded in the accounting period for which the taxes are levied.	9,241
Governmental funds report EMS revenues when collected. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenue is recorded in the accounting period for which the revenues are expected.	124,052
Governmental funds report penalty and interest revenue on property taxes when collected. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenue is recorded when penalties and interest are assessed.	20,075
However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets are depreciated and right-of-use asseets are amortized and the expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities.	(261,862)
Governmental funds report capital expenditures as expenditures in the period purchased. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets are increased by new purchases and the Statement of Activities is not affected.	499,633
Governmental funds report debt principal payments as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Net Position, principal payments are reported as decreases in long-term liabilities.	254,015
The changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources for pensions are recorded as pension expense in the government-wide financial statements.	(45,619)
Governmental funds report interest expenditures on long-term debt as expenditures in the year paid. However, in the Statement of Net Position, interest is accrued on the long-term debt through fiscal year-end.	3,406
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,587,677

NOTE 1. CREATION OF DISTRICT

The Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and was created by the Wilson County Commissioners' Court after a Public Election on November 6, 2012 to be effective January 1, 2013. The District was created to provide emergency services and promote public safety, welfare, health and convenience of persons residing in the District.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an appointed board. The GASB has established the criteria for determining whether an entity is a primary government or a component unit of a primary government. The primary criteria are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statement as component units.

Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Part II, Financial Reporting ("GASB Codification").

The GASB Codification sets forth standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which include a requirement for a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets; Restricted; and Unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on the use of assets imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

• Unrestricted Net Position – This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of Restricted or Net Investment in Capital Assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The District's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are combined with the governmental fund financial statements. The District is viewed as a special-purpose government and has the option of combining these financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report on the full accrual basis, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Any amounts recorded due to and due from other funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Activities is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report only items related to current year revenues and expenditures. Items such as capital outlay are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Internal activities between governmental funds, if any, are eliminated by adjustment to obtain net total revenue and expense of the government-wide Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements

As discussed above, the District's fund financial statements are combined with the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

Governmental Fund

The District has two governmental fund and considers it to be a major fund.

<u>General Fund</u> – To account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources included property tax revenues, EMS charges, costs of assessing and collecting taxes and service operations expenditures

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – To accounts for resources and expenditure relating to principal and interest payments.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when both "measurable and available." Measurable means the amount can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District considers revenue reported in governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end. Also, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Property taxes considered available by the District and included in revenue include taxes collected during the year and taxes collected after year-end, which were considered available to defray the expenditures of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues are those taxes which the District does not reasonably expect to be collected soon enough in the subsequent period to finance current expenditures.

Inventory

Inventories of medical supplies maintained by the District are valued using the first-in first-out method. At September 30, 2023, the District had an inventory balance of \$43,689.

Capital Assets and Right-of-Use Assets

Capital assets are defined as land, buildings, building improvements, firefighting apparatus, non-firefighting vehicles, communication equipment and all firefighting equipment. Items purchased by the District with an initial or individual cost greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years should be capitalized upon the books of the District. All items costing less than \$5,000 should be direct expensed and categorized in a general asset category.

In the case of donations, the District shall value these capital assets at the estimated fair market value of the item at the date of its donation. Depreciation is calculated on each class of depreciable property using no salvage value and the straight-line method of depreciation. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Years
Equipment	3-7
Vehicles	10
Buildings	25-50
Intangibles	7

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets and Right-of-Use Assets (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, at September 30, 2023, the District recorded Station No. 2 as a right-to-use asset (see Note 10). The right-to-use assets are being amortized over the estimated useful life using the straight-line method of amortization.

Budgeting

An annual unappropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Commissioners. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. The original General Fund budget for the current year was amended. The Budget Comparison Schedule – General Fund – presents the original and amended, if any, budget amounts compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.

Compensated Absences

The District permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits up to certain limits. Upon resignation, an employee may receive pay for any unused accrued vacation provided. Upon resignation or termination, a maximum of 120 hours of unused accrued vacation leave will be paid provided the employee gives sufficient notice of planned separation and all issued equipment and uniforms have been returned to the District.

Liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

Pensions

Payments are made into the social security system for all employees. The Internal Revenue Service has determined that fees of office received by Commissioners are considered wages subject to federal income tax withholding for payroll tax purposes only. See Note 8 for the District's pension plan.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recognized within the various financial statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet, and the reported fund balances provide an indication of available spendable or appropriable resources. Operating statements of governmental fund types report increases and decreases in available spendable resources. Fund balances in governmental funds are classified using the following hierarchy:

Nonspendable: amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are imposed externally. The District does not have any restricted fund balances.

Committed: amounts that can be spent only for purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. This action must be made no later than the end of the fiscal year. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned: amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances. The District does not have any assigned balances.

Unassigned: all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3. TAX LEVIES

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax rate of \$0.074744 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$1,710,457 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$2,363,920,174 for the 2022 tax year.

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the appraisal district. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Deposits</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of Texas statutes.

Texas statutes require that any cash balance in any fund shall, to the extent not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the District of securities eligible under the laws of Texas to secure the funds of the District, having an aggregate market value, including accrued interest, at all times equal to the uninsured cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged. At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$415,890 and the bank balance was \$403,568. The District ws not subject to custodial risk at year-end.

The carrying values of the deposits are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2023, as listed below:

	 Cash
GENERAL FUND	\$ 415,890

Investments

Under Texas law, the District is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity and that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management, and all District funds must be invested in accordance with the following investment objectives: understanding the suitability of the investment to the District's financial requirements, first; preservation and safety of principal, second; liquidity, third; marketability of the investments if the need arises to liquidate the investment before maturity, fourth; diversification of the investment portfolio, fifth;

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

and yield, sixth. The District's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." No person may invest District funds without express written authority from the Board of Commissioners.

Texas statutes include specifications for and limitations applicable to the District and its authority to purchase investments as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act. The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the guidelines by which it may invest. This policy is reviewed annually. The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust ("Texas CLASS"), an external public funds investment pool that is not SEC-registered. Public Trust Advisors, LLC serves as the pool's administrator and investment advisor. The pool is subject to the general supervision of the Board of Trustees and its Advisory Board. UMB Bank, N.A. serves as custodian for the pool. Investments held by Texas CLASS are priced to market on a weekly basis. The investments are considered to be Level I investments because their fair value is measured by quoted prices in active markets. The fair value of the District's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from Texas CLASS. The District's investments in certificates of deposit are recorded at acquisition cost.

As of September 30, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Fund and		Maturities of		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less	Than 1 Year	
GENERAL FUND				
Texas CLASS	\$ 1,616,722	\$	1,616,722	

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At September 30, 2023, the District's investment in Texas CLASS was rated "AAA" by Standard and Poor's. The District also manages credit risk by typically investing in certificates of deposit with balance below FDIC coverage.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District considers the investment in Texas CLASS to have a maturity of less than one year due to the fact the share positions can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the District, unless there has been a significant change in value. The District also manages interest rate risk by investing in certificates of deposit with maturities of less than one year.

<u>Restricted</u> All cash and investments of the Debt Service Fund are restricted for the payment of debt service principal and interest.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2023:

	October 1,			September 30,
	2022	Increases	Decreases	2023
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land and Land Improvements Construction in Progress	\$ 1,516,384	\$ 499,633	\$ 329,658	\$ 1,516,384 169,975
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 1,516,384	\$ 499,633	\$ 329,658	\$ 1,686,359
Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation Building and Improvements Equipment and Vehicles Intangibles	\$ 744,390 1,492,510 9,990	\$ 111,961 217,697	\$	\$ 856,351 1,710,207 9,990
Total Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation	\$ 2,246,890	\$ 329,658	\$ -0-	\$ 2,576,548
Less Accumulated Depreciation Building and Improvements Equipment and Vehicles Intangibles	\$ 30,327 624,147 2,854	\$ 25,553 215,734 1,392	\$	\$ 55,880 839,881 4,246
Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 657,328 \$ 1,589,562	\$ 242,679 \$ 86,979	\$ -0- \$ -0-	\$ 900,007 \$ 1,676,541
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 3,105,946	\$ 586,612	\$ 329,658	\$ 3,362,900

NOTE 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. To cover the risk the District contracts with Volunteer Firemen's Insurance Services (VFIS) of Texas to provide insurance coverage for Property/Casualty. Contributions are set annually by VFIS. Liability by the District is generally limited to the contributed amounts.

NOTE 7. FINANCING NOTE AGREEMENTS

On December 30, 2018, The District entered into a note payable with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of a 2012 Dodge 4500 Frazer Ambulance in the amount of \$90,100. The note calls for annual payments of \$20,464.01 beginning January 8, 2020 through January 8, 2024. The interest rate on the note is 4.395% and is secured by the ambulance. The remaining balance was paid off during the year.

On March 15, 2019, The District entered into a note payable with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of three bay metal ambulance storage facilities in the amount of \$100,000. The note calls for annual payments of \$22,713 beginning March 15, 2020 through March 15, 2024. The interest rate on the note is 4.395% and is secured by the three facilities. The remaining balance was paid off during the year.

On April 5, 2019, The District entered into a note payable with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of a modular building in the amount of \$100,000. The note calls for annual payments of \$22,713 beginning April 5, 2020 through April 5, 2024. The interest rate on the note is 4.395% and is secured by the building. The remaining balance was paid off during the year.

On May 14, 2020, the District signed a promissory note to purchase a EMS Truck (Ford F-450) for \$200,000. The note calls for annual payments of \$43,540 beginning May 14, 2021 through May 14, 2025. The interest rate on the note is 2.895% and is secured by ad valorem taxes.

On September 15, 2021, the District signed a promissory note to purchase land for a new station for \$1,830,000. The note calls for annual payments of \$121,192 beginning September 15, 2022 through September 15, 2041. The interest rate on the note is 2.84% and is secured by ad valorem taxes.

NOTE 7. FINANCING NOTE AGREEMENTS (Continued)

The following is a summary of transactions regarding the notes payable for the year ended September 30, 2023:

Note Payable, October 1, 2022	\$	2,007,760
Less: Principal Retired	_	235,398
Note Payable, September 30, 2023	\$	1,772,362
Note Payable		
Due Within One Year	\$	113,690
Due After One Year		1,658,672
Note Payable Payable, September 30, 2023	\$	1,772,362

As of September 30, 2023, the total debt service requirements on the notes outstanding were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		 Total	
2024	\$	113,690	\$	50,400	\$ 164,090	
2025		117,602		47,130	164,732	
2026		77,425		43,767	121,192	
2027		79,624		41,568	121,192	
2028		81,885		39,707	121,592	
2029-2033		445,660		160,302	605,962	
2034-2038		512,642		93,322	605,964	
2039-2041		343,834		19,714	 363,548	
	\$	1,772,362	\$	495,910	\$ 2,268,272	

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax rate of \$0.010256 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$234,700 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$2,363,920,174 for the 2022 tax year. The bond resolutions require the District to levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The District provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all its full-time employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of non-traditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) which includes financial statements, notes and required supplementary information which can be obtained at TCDRS, Finance Division, Barton Oaks Plaza IV Suite 500, 901 S. MoPac Expressway, Austin, Texas 78746 or at www.TCDRS.org.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions are adopted by the District, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 10 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 5 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the District.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the District within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	0
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefits	28
Active employees	34

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Contributions

The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 6.49% for the months of the 2023 accounting year and 7.3% for 2022. The contribution rate payable by the employee members for 2022 and 2023 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the District. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

For the District's accounting year ended September 30, 2023, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$211,705; the actual contributions were \$211,705. The employees contributed \$168,111 to the plan for the 2023 fiscal year.

Actuarial Assumptions

12/31/22

0.00%

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	15.3 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Return ¹	7.50%
Projected Salary Increases ¹	4.70%
Inflation	2.50%

¹ Includes inflation at the stated rate

Cost-of-living Adjustments

Actuarial Valuation Date

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The demographic assumptions were developed from an actual experience investigation of TCDRS over the years 2017-2020. They were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in December of 2021. All economic assumptions were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in March of 2021. These assumptions, except where required to be different by GASB 68, are used to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2022. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

Mortality rates were based on the following:

Depositing members – 135% of the PUB-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% of the PUB-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females projected with 100% of the MP-2021 ultimate scale after 2010.

Service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members – 135% of the PUB-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% of the PUB-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females projected with 100% of the MP-2021 ultimate scale after 2010.

Disabled retirees - 160% of the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% of the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females projected with 100% of the MP-2021 ultimate scale after 2010.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.6%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used, the actuary used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. This alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act:

- 1) TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2) Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

- 3) The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4) Any increased cost due to the adoption of a cost-of-living adjustment is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses. Therefore, the actuary has used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years and is based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The assumption for the long-term expected return is reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial s tandards of practice. Milliman relies on the expertise of Cliffwater in this assessment.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

<u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u> (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation)
US Equities	11.50%	4.95%
Global Equities	2.50%	4.95%
International Equities-Developed Markets	5.00%	4.95%
International Equities-Emerging Markets	6.00%	4.95%
Investment-Grade Bonds	3.00%	2.40%
Strategic Credit	9.00%	3.39%
Direct Lending	16.00%	6.95%
Distressed Debt	4.00%	7.60%
REIT Equities	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	25.00%	7.95%
Hedge Funds	6.00%	2.90%
Cash Equivalents	2.00%	0.20%

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) for the measurement year ended December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Inchessa (Dagraga)					
· ·					(D :
			•		et Pension
I	Liability	Net Position		Liability/(Asset)	
	(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
\$	451,690	\$	322,263	\$	129,427
	265,711				265,711
	54,385				54,385
152,618					152,618
	(11,569)				(11,569)
	(3,698)		(3,698)		
			(365)		365
			155,622		(155,622)
			(44,714)		44,714
			150,875		(150,875)
			42,901		(42,901)
\$	909,137	\$	622.884	\$	286,253
	I	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 451,690 265,711 54,385 152,618 (11,569)	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 451,690 \$ 265,711 54,385 152,618 (11,569) (3,698)	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 451,690 \$ 322,263 265,711 54,385 152,618 (11,569) (3,698) (365) 155,622 (44,714) 150,875 42,901	Liability Net Position Liab (a) (b) \$ 451,690 \$ 322,263 \$ 265,711 54,385 152,618 (11,569) (3,698) (3,698) (365) 155,622 (44,714) 150,875 42,901

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the District net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity Analysis (Continued)

	 1%		Current		1%	
	Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase	
	 6.60%		7.60%	8.60%		
Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,115,563	\$	909,137	\$	747,893	
Fiduciary Net Position	 622,884		622,884		622,884	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 492,679	\$	286,253	\$	125,009	

<u>Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources</u>

As of September 30, 2023, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

	 Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 12,345	\$	25,847	
Changes of Assumptions	2,602		10,735	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			50,151	
Contributions paid to TCDRS subsequent to the				
measurement date			166,666	
Total	\$ 14,947	\$	253,399	

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:

2023	\$ 15,165
2024	15,005
2025	14,497
2026	20,060
2027	3,644
Thereafter	3,415

NOTE 9. GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS). This plan is referred to as the Group Term Life Fund (GTLF). This optional plan provides group term life insurance coverage to current eligible employees and, if elected by employers, to retired employees.

The GTLF is a separate trust administered by the TCDRS board of trustees. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the GTLF. This report is available at www.tcdrs.org. TCDRS' CAFR may also be obtained by writing to the Texas County & District Retirement System; P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034, or by calling 800~823-7782.

Funding Policy: Each participating employer contributes to the GTLF at a contractually required rate. An annual actuarial valuation is performed and the contractual rate is determined using the unit credit method for providing one-year term life insurance. The District's contribution to the GTLF for the year ending September 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, were \$1,265, \$1,184, and \$577, respectively, which equaled the contractually required contribution.

NOTE 10. LEASE PAYABLE

In May 2020, the District entered into a lease agreement with Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 1 for the lease of space in Station No. 2. Assets under this lease totaled \$134,647 as of September 30, 2023. The term of this lease is 10 years. Quarterly installments of \$5,000 are due each January 10th, April 10th, July 10th and October 10th.

Right-of-use assets, current year amortization expense, and accumulated amortization is summarized below:

	October 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	September 30, 2023
Right-of-use Assets Subject				
to Amortization Buildings	\$ -0-	\$ 134,647	\$ -0-	\$ 134,647
Less Accumulated Amortization Buildings	\$ -0-	\$ 19,183	\$ -0-	\$ 19,183
Total Amortizable Right-of-use Assets, Net of Accumulated Amortization	\$ -0-	\$ 115,464	\$ -0-	\$ 115,464

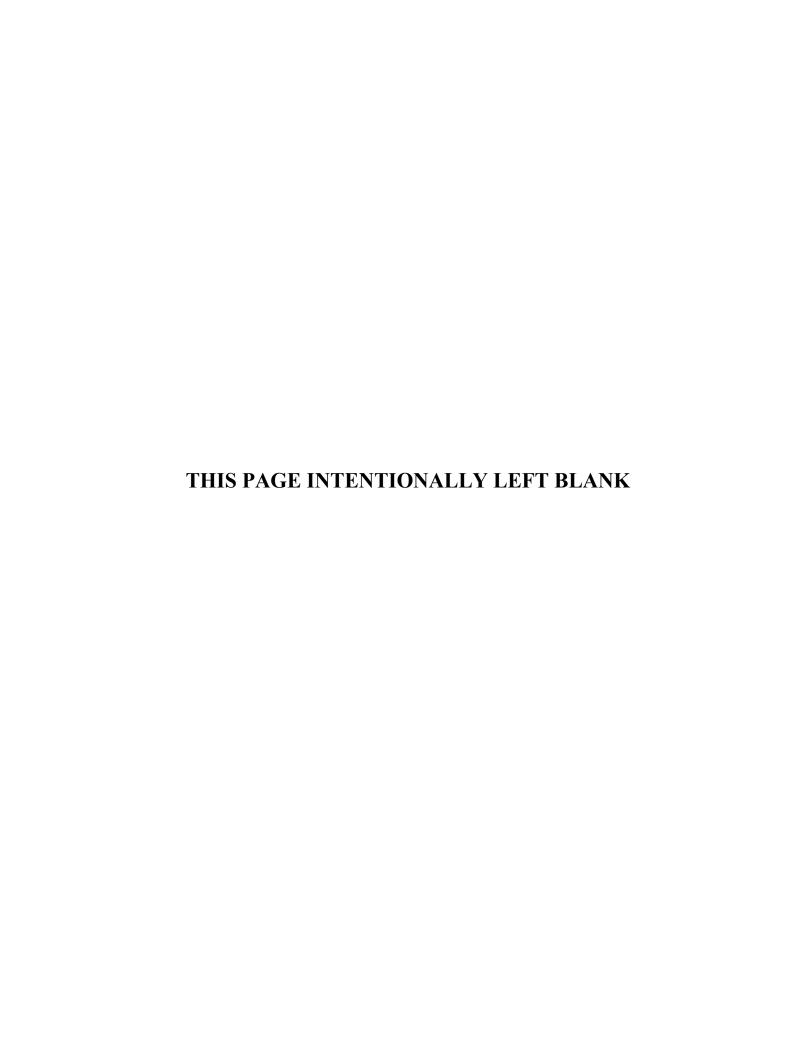
NOTE 10. LEASE PAYABLE (Continued)

The following is a summary of transactions regarding the lease payable for the year ended September 30, 2023:

Lease Payable, October 1, 2022	\$ 134,647
Less: Principal Retired	 18,617
Lease Payable, September 30, 2023	\$ 116,030
Lease Payable	
Due Within One Year	\$ 18,819
Due After One Year	 97,211
Lease Payable, September 30, 2023	\$ 116,030

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the lease as September 30, 2023.

Fiscal Year	P	Principal	I1	nterest		Total
2024	\$	18,819	\$	1,181	\$	20,000
2025		19,024		976		20,000
2026		19,231		769		20,000
2027		19,440		560		20,000
2028		19,651		349		20,000
2029		19,865		135	-	20,000
	\$	116,030	\$	3,970	\$	120,000



WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND DEBT SERVICE FUND COMBINED FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Final Original Amended Budget Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Property Taxes, Including Penalty and Interest EMS Revenues Sales Tax Miscellaneous Revenues TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 2,946,335 1,814,300	\$ 1,996,335 2,229,300 1,000,000 50,600 \$ 5,276,235	\$ 1,979,190 2,616,634 1,113,737 264,566 \$ 5,974,127	\$ (17,145) 387,334 113,737 213,966 \$ 697,892	
EXPENDITURES Service Operations:	<u>- 3</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Salaries and Benefits Professional Fees Appraisal District Fees	\$ 2,799,773 186,000	\$ 2,849,273 186,000 51,600	\$ 2,988,618 244,278 44,076	\$ (139,345) (58,278) 7,524	
Tax Collection Services Utilities Repairs and Maintenance	48,454 50,500 267,500	12,000 50,500 309,500	21,938 48,392 473,735	(9,938) 2,108 (164,235)	
Other Capital Outlay Debt Service:	525,645 642,050	693,328 829,626	354,313 499,633	339,015 329,993	
Principal Interest Expense	253,813	235,398 59,010	254,015 60,393	(18,617) (1,383)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 4,773,735	\$ 5,276,235	\$ 4,989,391	\$ 286,844	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE - OCTOBER 1, 2022	\$ -0- 1,138,491	\$ -0- 1,138,491	\$ 984,736 1,138,491	\$ 984,736	
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2023	\$ 1,138,491	\$ 1,138,491	\$ 2,123,227	\$ 984,736	

Budgetary Information - The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the District's Board and as such is a good management control device.

It is recommended that actual expenditures do not exceed appropriations. However, actual expenditures exceed appropriations for the year ended September 30, 2023 due to costs associated with the District's administration and capital outlay. The District amends the budget throughout the year approving such additional expenses. The amended budget used in presenting the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual.

The District does not use encumbrances.

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Year Ended ecember 31, 2022		ear Ended ecember 31, 2021		Year Ended ecember 31, 2020		ear Ended eember 31, 2019
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of economic/demographic	\$	265,711 54,385 152,618	\$	147,066 23,725 88,987	\$	74,368 7,423 58,082	\$	16,128 1,306
(gains) or losses Effect of assumptions changes or inputs Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		(11,569)		34,452 (3,470)		(3,176) 15,337 (340)		13
Net change in total pension liability	\$	(3,698) 457,447	\$	(8,211) 282,549	\$	151,694	\$	17,447
Total pension liability, beginning	Ψ	451,690	Ψ	169,141	Ψ	17,447	Ψ	17,117
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	909,137	\$	451,690	\$	169,141	\$	17,447
Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Member contributions	\$	150,875 155,622	\$	64,077 119,114	\$	24,094 52,664	\$	5,940 12,984
Investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments/refunds of		(44,714)		42,148		2,175		(19)
contributions Administrative expenses Other		(3,698) (365) 42,901		(8,211) (174) 4,985		(340) (73) 2,263		(15) 651
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	300,621	\$	221,939	\$	80,783	\$	19,541
Fiduciary net position, beginning		322,263		100,324		19,541		
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	622,884	\$	322,263	\$	100,324	\$	19,541
Net Pension Liability/(Asset), Ending = (a) - (b)	\$	286,253	\$	129,427	\$	68,817	\$	(2,094)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.51%		71.35%		59.31%		112.00%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	2,223,172	\$	1,701,635	\$	1,316,603	\$	324,608
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		12.88%		7.61%		5.23%		-0.65%

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	De	Actuarially Determined Contribution (1)		Actual Employer Contribution (1)		ntribution eficiency Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll (2)		Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
						,		, ,	
2019	\$	5,940	\$	5,940	\$	-0-	\$	324,608	1.8%
2020	\$	24,094	\$	24,094	\$	-0-	\$	1,316,603	1.8%
2021	\$	53,772	\$	64,077	\$	(10,305)	\$	1,701,635	3.8%
2022	\$	150,875	\$	150,875	\$	-0-	\$	2,223,172	6.8%
2023	\$	211,705	\$	211,705	\$	-0-	\$	2,401,581	8.8%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported by TCDRS

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 15.3 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/22

valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year, smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including

inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including

inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to

commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age

at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of

the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with

100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Change in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the

Schedule of Employer

Contributions*

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected. 2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were

reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions* 2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2018: No Changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2019: No Changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2020: No Changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2021: No Changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2022: Employer contributions reflect that the member contribution rate was increased to 150% and the prior service matching rate was

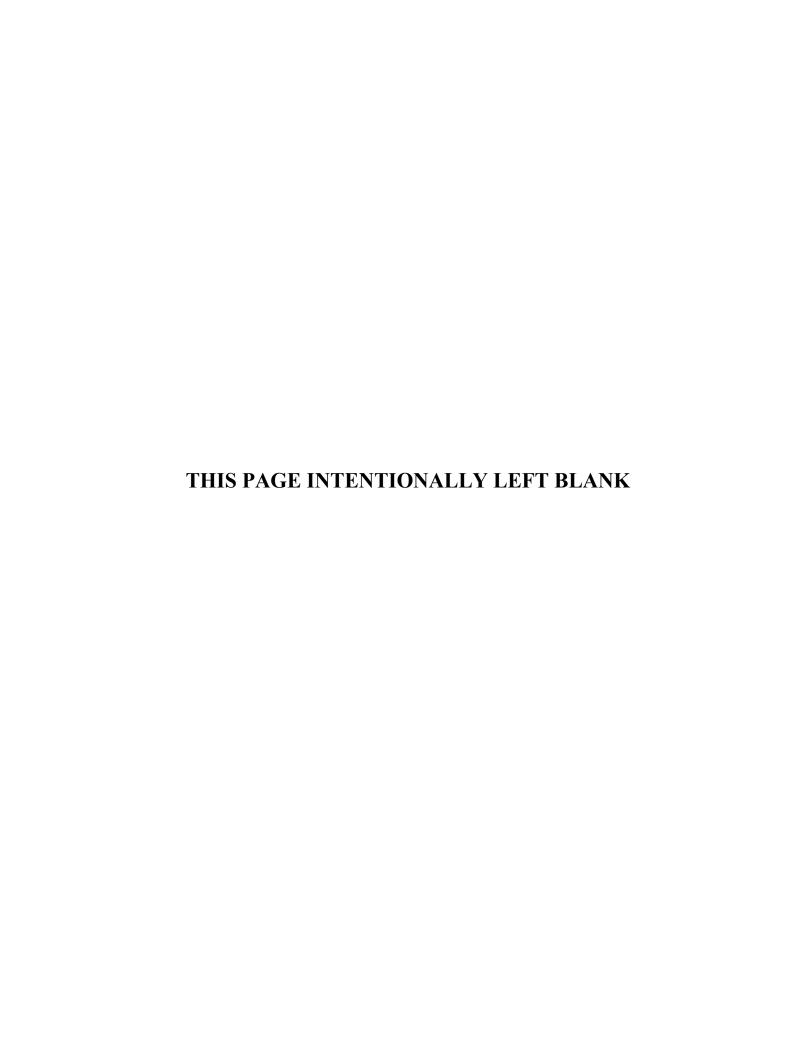
increased to 5%

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS – GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

	Amounts			
		2023		2022
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,036,469	\$	1,045,090
Receivables:				
EMS Charges (Net of Allowance for Doubtfull Accounts)		308,882		184,830
Property Taxes		70,405		73,751
Sales Tax Receipts		189,794		193,259
Contract Receivable				3,680
Inventory		43,689		52,995
Prepaid Items				26,427
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,649,239	\$	1,580,032
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	146,725	\$	79,362
Payroll Liabilities		ŕ		112,168
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	146,725	\$	191,530
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	\$	70,405	\$	65,181
EMS Charges		308,882		184,830
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	379,287	\$	250,011
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Costs	\$		\$	26,427
Inventory		43,689		52,995
Unassigned		2,079,538		1,059,069
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	2,123,227	\$	1,138,491
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	2,649,239	\$	1,580,032



WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

	Amounts			
	2023	2022		
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,712,296	\$ 1,704,734		
Penalty and Interest	33,906	4,255		
Sales Tax	1,113,737	977,707		
EMS Revenues	2,616,634	1,743,489		
Grant Revenue		59,081		
Investment and Miscellaneous Revenues	264,566	85,464		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 5,741,139	\$ 4,574,730		
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Emergency Services	\$ 2,988,618	\$ 2,854,743		
General Administration	1,186,732			
Capital Outlay	499,633			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 4,694,983	\$ 4,317,374		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,046,156	\$ 257,356		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In (Out)	\$ (61,420) \$ (115,307)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 984,736	\$ 142,049		
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	1,138,491	996,442		
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,123,227	\$ 1,138,491		

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS – DEBT SERVICE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

	Amounts			
	2023	2022		
ASSETS				
Property Taxes	\$ 6,322	\$ 2,305		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ -0-	\$ -0-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	\$ 6,322	\$ 2,305		
FUND BALANCE				
Unassigned	\$ -0-	\$ -0-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 6,322	\$ 2,305		

WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

	Amounts			
		2023		2022
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$	232,988	\$	115,313
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service:				
Principal	\$	235,398	\$	165,975
Interest Expense		59,010		64,645
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	294,408	\$	230,620
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(61,420)	\$	(115,307)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In (Out)	\$	61,420	\$	115,307
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	- 0 -	\$	- 0 -
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE				
ENDING FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u>	- 0 -	\$	- 0 -