

# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

# DISTRICT OFFICIALS

PRESIDENT	RACE SKAGGS
VICE PRESIDENT	CARLOS SALAZAR
SECRETARY	JEFF DUGI
TREASURER	EDDIE CALLENDER, JR.
ASSISTANT TREASURER	CINDY COUCH
ATTORNEY	BURNS, ANDERSON, JURY & BRENNER, L.L.P.



# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

District Commissioners Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the District's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major of Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

The Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the schedule of changes – net pension liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3's, financial statements. The comparative financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund comparative financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Armstrong, Vauspan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

June 5, 2023

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$2.4 million at September 30, 2022.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$217 thousand less than the \$4.1 million generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$1.14 million.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report

financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- *The governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

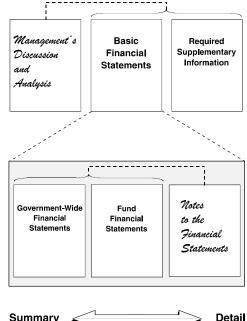


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements						
	Fund Statement					
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds				
Scope	Entire District's government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary				
Required financial statements	<ul><li>Statement of Net Position</li><li>Statement of Activities</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Balance Sheet</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures &amp; Changes in Fund Balances</li> </ul>				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus				
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included				
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter				

### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net Position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as Emergency Services and general administration. Property taxes and EMS charges will finance most of these activities.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• *Governmental funds*—All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them. The District has one fund: General Fund.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position. The District's combined net position was \$2.4 million at September 30, 2022. (See Table A-1).

			Total		
	Percentage				
	Activ	Activities			
	2022	2021	Change 2022-2021		
Current assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,045,090	\$ 939,245	11.3%		
Property Tax Receivable	76,056	68,075	11.7%		
EMS Charges Receivable	184,830	768,401	-75.9%		
Sales Taxes Receivable	193,259	147,965	30.6%		
Contract Receivable	3,680	3,680	0.0%		
Prepaid Items	26,427	14,056	88.0%		
Medical Supplies Inventory	52,995	29,542	79.4%		
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets	3,763,275	3,080,874	22.1%		
Accumulated Depreciation	(657,329)	(459,227)	43.1%		
Total Assets	4,688,283	4,592,611	2.1%		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	147,662	52,756	179.9%		
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	79,362	80,446	-1.3%		
Payroll Liabilities	112,168	63,949	75.4%		
Accrued Compensated Absences	34,206	19,902	71.9%		
Accrued Interest Payable	6,290	6,434	-2.2%		
Due within One Year	171,612	165,976	3.4%		
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	129,427	68,817	88.1%		
Long Term Debt, Net of Current	1,836,148	2,007,760	-8.5%		
Total Liabilities	2,369,213	2,413,284	-1.8%		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,417	2,847	617.1%		
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,098,187	776,526	41.4%		
Unrestricted	1,348,128	1,452,710	-7.2%		
Total Net Position	\$ 2,446,315	\$ 2,446,315 \$ 2,229,236			

# Table A-1 Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 Net Position

### Changes in Net Position.

The District's total revenues were \$4.1 million. The District's revenue comes from property taxes, sales taxes, EMS revenues, grants, donations and investment income. The District's funding primarily came from \$1.2 million in EMS charges and \$1.8 million in Property Taxes in the General Fund.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$3.9 million.

### **Governmental Activities**

• Property tax rates were assessed at \$0.087300 per \$100 valuation.

# Table A-2 Changes in District's Net Position

T-4-1

		Total	
	Govern	Percentage	
	Activ	Change	
	2022	2021	2022-2021
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ 1,825,809	\$ 1,502,438	21.5%
Sales Taxes	977,707	380,381	157.0%
Interest	4,255	1,793	137.3%
Miscellaneous	1,825	34,552	-94.7%
Charges for Service			
EMS Charges	1,243,555	1,243,555 2,361,104	
<b>Operating Grants and Contributions</b>	59,081 25,997		127.3%
Total Revenues	4,112,232	4,306,265	-4.5%
General Expenses			
Emergency Services	3,115,939	2,419,927	28.8%
General Government	714,713	563,645	26.8%
Interest on Long-term Debt	64,501	14,368	348.9%
Total Expenses	3,895,153	2,997,940	29.9%
Change in Net Position	217,079	1,308,325	-83.4%
Net Position at the Beginning of the Year Net Position at the End of the Year	2,229,236 \$ 2,446,315	920,911 \$ 2,229,236	142.1% 9.7%

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$4.7 million, an increase of 10.8%. The increase is primarily attributable to increase property tax in the current year.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget. Actual expenditures were \$1.3 less than budget amounts. Emergency Services was under budget due to personnel costs and cost of services. Revenues were \$39 thousand less than budgeted amounts. Revenues from State EMS Contributions were under budget, along with property taxes creating a majority of this deficit.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2022, the District had invested \$3.1 million in equipment and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation. (See Table A-3). More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

District's Ca	ipital Assets			
			Total	
	Govern	mental	Percentage	
	Activ	vities	Change	
	2022	2021	2022-2021	
Land	\$ 1,516,384	\$ 1,516,384	0.0%	
Buildings	744,390	253,511	193.6%	
Vehicles	1,492,511	1,300,989	14.7%	
Intangibles	9,990	9,990	0.0%	
Totals at Historical Cost	3,763,275	3,080,874	22.1%	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(657,329)	(459,227)	43.1%	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 3,105,946	\$ 2,621,647	18.5%	

# Table A-3District's Capital Assets

### Long Term Debt

At year-end the District had \$2.0 million in long-term debt outstanding as is shown in Table A-4. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Table A-4

Long-term Debt

	Govern Acti	Total Percentage Change	
	2022	2021	2022-2021
Notes Payable	\$ 2,007,760 \$ 2,007,760	\$ 2,173,736 \$ 2,173,736	-7.6% -7.6%

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The property tax rate for the 2023 fiscal year increased and is \$0.0885298 per \$100 of valuation. The projected revenues for the 2023 budget preparation increased to \$4.8 million.
- General operating fund spending increased in the 2023 budget. Expenditures are anticipated to increase from the actual 2022 expenditures by \$456 thousand or a 10% decrease over 2022 actual expenses. The significant increase is primarily due to increased budgeted personnel expenses.

If the estimates are realized, the District's budgetary general fund balance is expected to increase by \$0.04 by the close of 2023.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Treasurer by phone at 210-872-1347.



# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The sets of statements include:

- Government wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
  - Governmental funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	overnmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,045,090
Receivables (net of allowances	
for uncollectibles)	
Property Taxes	76,056
Sales Taxes	193,259
EMS Charges, Net	184,830
Contract Receivable	3,680
Prepaid Items	26,427
Medical Supplies Inventory	 52,995
Total Current Assets	 1,582,337
Noncurrent Assets:	
Property and Equipment:	
Land	1,516,384
Buildings	744,390
Equipment and Vehicles	1,492,511
Intangibles	9,990
Accumulated Depreciation	(657,329)
Total Property and Equipment	 3,105,946
Total Noncurrent Assets	 3,105,946
TOTAL ASSETS	 4,688,283
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Pension Related Outflows	 147,662
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
OF RESOURCES	\$ 147,662

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONT.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	79,362
Payroll Liabilities		112,168
Accrued Compensated Absences		34,206
Accrued Interest Payable		6,290
Due within One Year		171,612
Total Current Liabilities	403,638	
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Net Pension Liability		129,427
Due in more than One Year		1,836,148
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,965,575
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,369,213
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Pension Related Inflows		20,417
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES		20,417
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,098,187
Unrestricted		1,348,128
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	2,446,315



# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		D	D	Net
		Program Revenues		(Expenses),
			Operating	Revenues and
		Charges for	Grants and	Changes in
Functions and Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Net Assets
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
Emergency Services	\$ 3,115,939	\$ 1,243,555	\$ 59,081	\$ (1,813,303)
General Administration	714,713	-	-	(714,713)
Interest on Long-term Debt	64,501	-	-	(64,501)
Total Governmental Activities	3,895,153	1,243,555	59,081	(2,592,517)
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,895,153	\$ 1,243,555	\$ 59,081	(2,592,517)
General Revenues:				
General Property Taxes				1,825,809
Sales Taxes				977,707
Interest Income				4,255
Miscellaneous Income				1,825
<b>Total General Revenues</b>				2,809,596
Change in Net Position				217,079
Net Position at Beginning of Year				2,229,236
Net Position at End of Year				\$ 2,446,315

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,045,090	\$		\$	1 045 000
Accounts Receivable,	Ф	1,043,090	Ф	-	Э	1,045,090
Net of Allowance for Uncollectible						
Property Taxes		73,751		2,305		76,056
Sales Taxes		193,259		2,505		193,259
EMS Charges		184,830		_		184,830
Contract Receivable		3,680		_		3,680
Prepaid Items		26,427		_		26,427
Medical Supplies Inventory		52,995		_		52,995
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,580,032	\$	2,305	\$	1,582,337
	Ψ	1,500,052	Ψ	2,505	Ψ	1,502,557
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$	79,362	\$	-	\$	79,362
Payroll Liabilities		112,168		-		112,168
Total Liabilities		191,530		-		191,530
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		65,181		2,305		67,486
Unavailable EMS Charges		184,830		-		184,830
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		250,011		2,305		252,316
Fund Balance						
Nonspendable - Prepaid and Inventory Items		79,422		-		79,422
Unassigned		1,059,069		-		1,059,069
Total Fund Balance		1,138,491		-		1,138,491
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,580,032	\$	2,305	\$	1,582,337
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,138,491
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3,105,946
Property taxes receivable are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds statements.	67,486
EMS revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the fund statements.	184,830
Accrued vacation leave payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	(34,206)
Long-term notes payable are not due in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(2,007,760)
Net pension assets (and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources) do not provide current financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	
Net Pension Asset (Liability)	(129,427)
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	147,662
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	(20,417)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(6,290)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,446,315

# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

DEVENUES	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
EMS Charges	\$ 1,540,062	\$ -	\$ 1,540,062
Property Taxes	1,704,734	115,313	1,820,047
Sales Taxes	977,707	-	977,707
State EMS Contributions	203,427	-	203,427
Other Charges for Services	83,637	-	83,637
Grants and Contributions	59,081	-	59,081
Interest	4,255	-	4,255
Miscellaneous Income	1,827		1,827
TOTAL REVENUES	4,574,730	115,313	4,690,043
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Emergency Services	2,854,743	-	2,854,743
General Administrative	780,230	-	780,230
Capital Outlay	682,401	-	682,401
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	165,975	165,975
Interest	-	64,645	64,645
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,317,374	230,620	4,547,994
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In (Out)	(115,307)	115,307	_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	(115,507)	115,507	
SOURCES (USES)	(115,307)	115,307	
Net Change in Fund Balance	142,049	-	142,049
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	996,442		996,442
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,138,491	\$ -	\$ 1,138,491

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENT FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 142,049
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	682,401 (198,102)	484,299
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The changes are as follows: Property Taxes EMS Revenues	5,762 (583,571)	(577,809)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. notes payable) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal Payments of Notes Payable		165,975
Net Pension liabilities (and related deferred outflows of resources) do not consume current financial resources are not reported in the funds.		23,159
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Accrued Interest Compensated Absences		(6,290) (14,304)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 217,079

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and was created by the Wilson County Commissioners' Court after a Public Election on November 6, 2012 to be effective January 1, 2013. The District was created to provide emergency services and promote public safety, welfare, health and convenience of persons residing in the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below:

## A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define the government for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the foregoing criteria, there was no component units identified that would require inclusion in this report.

### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported primarily by property taxes and EMS revenues.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds. The General Fund and Debt Service meets the criteria of *major governmental fund*.

# NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

# C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

**Governmental fund level financial statements** are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue. EMS revenues which are measurable and collected as of September 30, 2022 are recorded as revenues.

Property taxes which were levied prior to September 30, 2021, and became due October 1, 2021 have been assessed to finance the budget of the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2021.

Expenditures generally are recorded when they become due and payable.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

**The General Fund** is the general operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, EMS charges and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration and emergency services.

The **Debt Service** Fund is used to account for resources and expenditures relating to principal and interest payments on outstanding debt.

### D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the District.

# NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

## E. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the District to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (d); or, (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations. The District has all its monies in interest bearing checking accounts, savings accounts and money market accounts. Earnings from these investments are added to each account monthly or quarterly.

The District reports investments at fair value based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for similar assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

### F. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Reimbursements for EMS services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Accounts receivable are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts. The allowance account represents management's estimate of uncollectible accounts based on historical trends.

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1 and past due after the following January 31. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property taxes receivable for prior year's levy is shown net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts.

### G. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made for goods and services in advance are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

# NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

### H. INVENTORY

Inventories of medical supplies maintained by the District are valued using the first-in first-out method. At September 30, 2022, the District had an inventory balance of \$52,995.

## I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land; buildings and improvements; and equipment and vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more and have a useful live of greater than one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years	
Equipment	3-7 Years	
Vehicles	10 Years	
Buildings	25-50 Years	
Intangibles	7 Years	

Land, construction in progress and Assets in progress are not depreciated.

### J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits up to certain limits. Upon resignation, an employee may receive pay for any unused accrued vacation provided. Upon resignation or termination, a maximum of 120 hours of unused accrued vacation leave will be paid provided the employee gives sufficient notice of planned separation and all issued equipment and uniforms have been returned to the District.

Liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

### K. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District currently has pension deferred outflows of resources.

# NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

# K. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (CONT.)

*Deferred inflows of resources* represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified basis of accounting. Unavailable revenues from property tax are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The District also has pension related deferred inflows.

Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Unavailable revenues from property tax and EMS charges are deferred and recognized as inflow of resource in the period the amount becomes available.

# L. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations (if any) are reported as liabilities under governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bond using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt proceeds. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### M. PENSIONS

The net pension liability, deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS), and additions to and deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

### N. FUND EQUITY

Fund balances in governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted – Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. The District Board of Commissioners is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned – Represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The District Commissioners may make assignments through formal documentation in the minutes. The District Commissioners are the only entities that may make assignments at this time.

Unassigned – Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the District.

When expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the District considers restricted balances spent first, committed second, assigned third, and unassigned fourth.

### O. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

# P. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

# Q. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior periods presented to conform to the current presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on fund equity.

### R. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Legally authorized transfers, if any, are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operation of Governmental Funds.

## S. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 87 regarding leases as of October 1, 2021. This Statement changed the way leases are presented and recorded. The District analyzed its contracts and found no leases at this time.

## NOTE 2 -- CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day to day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. <u>Cash</u>

At September 30, 2022, the District's deposits are fully collateralized.

2. <u>Investments</u>

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies, except for those regarding the review and re-approval of investment policies, which did not occur in fiscal year 2022.

# NOTE 2 -- CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS (CONT.)

### 2. <u>Investments (Cont.)</u>

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper. The District had investments with Texas Class as of September 30, 2022. The fair value and input level are displayed below:

			Input	Weighted Average
Investment Type	Fair Value		Level	Maturity (Days)
Primary Government				
Local Government Investment Pools:				
Texas CLASS	\$	200,302	1	44
Texas CLASS Government	_	250,601	1	28
	\$	450,903		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity				72

### 3. <u>Analysis of Specific Deposits and Investment Risks</u>

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end, and, if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures is required:

- a. Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter-party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.
- b. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.
- c. Concentration of Credit Risk The risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to a concentration of credit risk.
- d. Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that the changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

# NOTE 2 -- CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS (CONT.)

### 3. <u>Analysis of Specific Deposits and Investment Risks (Cont.)</u>

e. Foreign Currency Risk - This is the risk that the exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

# NOTE 3 -- AD VALOREM (PROPERTY) TAXES

The District has contracted with the Wilson County Tax Assessor-Collector to collect taxes on its behalf. Current year taxes become delinquent February 1. Current year delinquent taxes not paid by July 1 are turned over to attorneys for collection action.

For fiscal year 2022, the assessed tax rate for the District was \$0.087300 per \$100 on an assessed valuation of 2,084,373,603, net of exemptions. Legally, the District may assess up to \$0.1000 per hundred on assessed valuations. Total tax levy for fiscal year 2022 was \$1,789,102. As of September 30, 2022, the delinquent taxes for 2022 were \$35,936. An allowance for uncollectible property taxes has not been established as of September 30, 2022, as management considers all amounts to be collectible. The District does not offer any exemptions or Homestead. However, taxpayers over the age of 65 are eligible to receive a discount for paying early. The discount schedule is as follows: October - 3%, November - 2%, December - 1%. Total discounts for fiscal year 2022 were \$40,273.

# **NOTE 4 -- RECEIVABLES**

Governmental Funds			
	General Fund	Debt	
Assets	Receivable	Service	Total
Taxes:			
Property Taxes	\$ 73,751	\$ 2,305	\$ 76,056
Sales Taxes	193,259	-	193,259
Charges for Services:			
EMS Services	4,198,794	-	4,198,794
Less Allowance for Uncollectible	(4,013,964)	-	(4,013,964)
Other			
Gaudalupe Coutny Contract	3,680	-	3,680
Total	\$ 455,520	\$ 2,305	\$ 457,825

The following is a summary of the accounts receivable and the related allowances for uncollectible amounts:

### NOTE 5 -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

			Adjustments	
	Beginning		and	Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance
Land	\$ 1,516,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,516,384
Buildings	253,511	490,879	-	744,390
Vehicles	1,300,989	191,522	-	1,492,511
Intangibles	9,990	-	-	9,990
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(459,227)	(198,102)	-	(657,329)
	\$ 2,621,647	\$ 484,299	\$ -	\$ 3,105,946

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental function in the Emergency Services.

### NOTE 6 -- LONG TERM DEBT

On December 30, 2018, The District entered into a note payable with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of a 2012 Dodge 4500 Frazer Ambulance in the amount of \$90,100. The note calls for annual payments of \$20,464.01 beginning January 8, 2020 through January 8, 2024. The interest rate on the note is 4.395% and is secured by the ambulance.

On March 15, 2019, The District entered into a note payable with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of three bay metal ambulance storage facilities in the amount of \$100,000. The note calls for annual payments of \$22,713 beginning March 15, 2020 through March 15, 2024. The interest rate on the note is 4.395% and is secured by the three facilities.

On April 5, 2019, The District entered into a note payable with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of a modular building in the amount of \$100,000. The note calls for annual payments of \$22,713 beginning April 5, 2020 through April 5, 2024. The interest rate on the note is 4.395% and is secured by the building.

On May 14, 2020, the District signed a promissory note to purchase a EMS Truck (Ford F-450) for \$200,000. The note calls for annual payments of \$43,540 beginning May 14, 2021 through May 14, 2025. The interest rate on the note is 2.895% and is secured by ad valorem taxes.

On September 15, 2021, the District signed a promissory note to purchase land for a new station for \$1,830,000. The note calls for annual payments of \$121,192 beginning September 15, 2022 through September 15, 2041. The interest rate on the note is 2.84% and is secured by ad valorem taxes.

# NOTE 6 --- LONG TERM DEBT (CONT.)

Future minimum note payments are to be made as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 171,612	\$ 59,009	\$ 230,621
2024	177,477	53,173	230,650
2025	117,602	47,130	164,732
2026	77,425	43,767	121,192
2027	79,624	41,568	121,192
2028-2032	433,352	172,609	605,961
2033-2037	498,484	107,477	605,961
2038-2041	452,184	32,556	484,740
Total Debt Payments	\$ 2,007,760	\$ 557,289	\$ 2,565,049

The changes in general long-term debt during the year are summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
Notes Payable					
Loan #250301	\$ 56,367	\$ -	\$ (17,986)	\$ 38,381	\$ 18,778
Loan #259591	62,559	-	(19,964)	42,595	20,840
Loan #256225	62,559	-	(19,963)	42,596	20,840
Loan #9069	162,251	-	(38,843)	123,408	39,967
Loan #9633	1,830,000	-	(69,220)	1,760,780	71,187
Compensated Absences	19,902	14,304	-	34,206	34,206
Net Pension Liability	68,817	60,610	-	129,427	-
Total Notes Payable	\$2,262,455	\$ 74,914	\$ (165,976)	\$2,171,393	\$ 205,818

# NOTE 7 -- EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### Texas County and District Retirement System

### Plan Description

The District participates as one of over 700 plans in the nontraditional, defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). TCDRS is an agency created by the state of Texas and administered in accordance with the TCDRS Act as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for County and District employees in the State of Texas. The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration and management of the system. TCDRS in the aggregate issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at PO Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the District, within the options available in the State statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 20 years regardless of age or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. A member is vested after 10 years but must leave his accumulated contributions in the plan. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a partial lump sum are entitled to any amounts contributed by the employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the District within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute.

At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

### Contributions

The District has elected the annually determined contribution rate plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the District is actuarially determined annually. The District contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 3.21% for the months of the accounting year 2021, and 7.3% for the months of the accounting year in 2022.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members for 2021 and 2022 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the District. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

## NOTE 7 -- EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONT.)

#### Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the District, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the District-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

At the December 31, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

	2020	2021
Active employees	32	40
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	9	14
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	-	-
	41	54

#### Net Pension Liability

The District's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### NOTE 7 -- EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONT.)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (Cont.)

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Real Rate of Return	5.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.60%

\*Presented net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Depositing Members	135% of the RP-2010 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and 120% of the RP-2010 Active Employee Mortality Table for females, projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Service Retirees, Beneficiaries and Non-Depositing Members	135% of the RP-2010 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 120% of the RP-2010 Healthy Annuitant Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Disabled Retirees	160% of the RP-2010 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 125% of the RP-2010 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate Scale after 2010.

Actuarial Assumptions are reviewed annually. Updated mortality assumptions were adopted in 2017. All other actuarial assumptions that determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2021 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.60%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TCDRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultation, Cliffwater LLC. The number shown are based on the January 2021 information for a 10 year time horizon.

### NOTE 7 -- EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONT.)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (Cont.)

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is reassessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long term time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in March 2021. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for the period of January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2020 for more details.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

#### Asset Classes & Assumptions:

		Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected Minus
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Inflation)
US Equities	11.50%	3.80%
Global Equities	2.50%	4.10%
Int'l Equities - Developed Markets	5.00%	3.80%
Int'l Equities - Emerging Markets	6.00%	4.30%
Investment-Grade Bonds	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	9.00%	1.77%
Direct Lending	16.00%	6.25%
Distressed Debt	4.00%	4.50%
REIT Equities	2.00%	3.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	2.00%	3.85%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	6.00%	5.10%
Private Equity	25.00%	6.80%
Hedge Funds	6.00%	1.55%
Cash Equivalents	2.00%	-1.05%
	100.00%	

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

### NOTE 7 -- EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONT.)

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate		Discount Rate Discount Rate 6.60% 7.60%		e Discount Rate 8.60%	
Total Pension Liability	\$	556.006	\$	451.690	\$	370,093
Fiduciary Net Position	Ψ	322,263	Ψ	322,263	Ψ	322,263
Net Pension Liability	\$	233,743	\$	129,427	\$	47,830

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$121,714. Also as of September 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions form the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Int	flows of
	Resources		Re	esources
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$	27,615	\$	-
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		9,233		-
Differences Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		-		20,417
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		110,814		-
	\$	147,662	\$	20,417

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$110,814 is related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the plan year ending December 31, 2022.

### NOTE 7 -- EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONT.)

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont.)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows	
For the Year ended December 31,	of Resources	
2022	\$	192
2023		193
2024		33
2025		(475)
2026		5,090
Thereafter		11,398
	\$	16,431

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability

The below schedule presents the changes in the Net Pension Liability as of December 31, 2022:

	Total PensionPlan FiduciaryLiabilityNet Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 169,141	\$ 100,324	\$ 68,817	
Charges for the year:				
Service Cost	147,066	-	147,066	
Interest on Total Pension Liability	23,725	-	23,725	
Change in Annuity Purchase Rates	88,987	-	88,987	
Difference Between Expected				
and Actual Experience	34,452	-	34,452	
Changes of Assumptions	(3,470)	-	(3,470)	
Refund of Contributions	(8,211)	(8,211)	-	
Contributions - Employer	-	64,077	(64,077)	
Contributions - Employee	-	119,114	(119,114)	
Net Investment Income	-	42,148	(42,148)	
Benefit Payments	-	-	-	
Administrative Expense	-	(174)	174	
Other Charges	-	4,985	(4,985)	
Net Charges	282,549	221,939	60,610	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 451,690	\$ 322,263	\$ 129,427	

## NOTE 7 -- EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONT.)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issues TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained at <u>www.tcdrs.com</u>.

### NOTE 8 -- GROUP TERM LIFE FUND

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); this insurance is for active employees who are making deposits into the TCDRS system or have made the last deposit within the past two years. Total contributions for 2021 and 2022 were \$577 and \$1,184 respectively.

### **NOTE 9 -- LITIGATION**

The District is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation.

### NOTE 10 -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. To cover the risk the District contracts with Volunteer Firemen's Insurance Services (VFIS) of Texas to provide insurance coverage for Property/Casualty. Contributions are set annually by VFIS. Liability by the District is generally limited to the contributed amounts. Annual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$63,794.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Schedule of Changes Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Notes to Schedule of Changes Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

## WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Variance
	Budget A			Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
EMS Charges	\$ 1,215,000	\$ 1,470,000	\$ 1,540,062	\$ 70,062
Property Taxes	1,837,434	1,750,400	1,704,734	(45,666)
Sales Taxes	840,000	923,000	977,707	54,707
State EMS Contributions	100,000	320,000	203,427	(116,573)
Charges for Services	91,000	85,550	83,637	(1,913)
Grants	10,600	59,080	59,081	1
Interest	2,000	3,600	4,255	655
Miscellaneous Income	3,110	1,830	1,827	(3)
TOTAL REVENUES	4,099,144	4,613,460	4,574,730	(38,730)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> <i>Current:</i>				
Emergency Services	2,940,818	2,856,329	2,854,743	1,586
Administrative	775,924	835,977	780,230	55,747
Capital Outlay	682,401	682,401	682,401	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,399,143	4,374,707	4,317,374	57,333
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b> Transfers In (Out)		<u> </u>	(115,307)	(115,307)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			(115,307)	(115,307)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(299,999)	238,753	142,049	(96,704)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	996,442	996,442	996,442	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 696,443	\$ 1,235,195	\$ 1,138,491	\$ (96,704)

## WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**Budgetary Information** – The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the District's Board and as such is a good management control device.

It is recommended that actual expenditures do not exceed appropriations. However, actual expenditures exceed appropriations for the year ended September 30, 2022 due to costs associated with the District's administration and capital outlay. The District amends the budget throughout the year approving such additional expenses. The amended budget used in presenting the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual

The District does not use encumbrances.

### WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST THREE CALENDAR YEARS

Total Pension Liability			
	2019	2020	2021
Service Cost	\$ 16,128	\$ 74,368	\$ 147,066
Interest on Total Pension Liability	1,306	7,423	23,725
Change in Annuity Purchase Rates	-	58,082	88,987
Difference Between Expected			
and Actual Experience	13	(3,176)	34,452
Changes of Assumptions	-	15,337	(3,470)
Refund of Contributions	-	(340)	(8,211)
Benefit Payments	-		-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	17,447	151,694	282,549
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		17,447	169,141
Total Pension Liabiltiy - Ending	\$ 17,447	\$ 169,141	\$ 451,690
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
	2019	2020	2021
Contributions - Employer	\$ 5,940	\$ 24,094	\$ 64,077
Contributions - Employee	12,984	52,664	119,114
Net Investment Income	(19)	2,175	42,148
Other	651	2,263	4,985
Refund of Contributions	-	(340)	(8,211)
Benefit Payments	-		
Administrative Expense	(15)	(73)	(174)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	19,541	80,783	221,939
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	-	19,541	100,324
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 19,541	\$ 100,324	\$ 322,263
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$ (2,094)	\$ 68,817	\$ 129,427
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a			
Percentage of Total Pension Liability	112%	59%	71%
Covered Payroll	\$ 324,608	\$ 1,316,603	\$ 1,701,635
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of			
Covered Payroll	6.45%	5.23%	7.61%

Note: The schedule above reflects the changes in the net pension liability for the current year. GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. The District will build the schedule over the 10-year period beginning December 31, 2019 as data become available.

### WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Schedule of Contributions:

	2020	2021	2022	
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 22,542	\$ 43,790	\$ 134,922	
Contributions in Relation to the				
Actuarially Determined Contribution	22,542	43,790	124,632	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (10,290)	
Covered Payroll	\$1,231,827	\$1,507,158	\$2,087,717	
Contributions as a Percentage of				
Covered Payroll	1.83%	2.91%	5.97%	

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements for 10 years. However, the recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with GASB 68 they should not be shown here. Therefore only the years shown have been implemented for the GASB statements. The District began contributing to TCDRS in the year ended 2020.

### Wilson County Emergency Services District No. 3 NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR THEN ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

### Notes to Schedule of Contributions

#### Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

1	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
<b>Remaining Amortization Period</b>	16.1 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/21 valuation)
Asset Valuation Method	5 year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return	7.6%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	135% pf RP-2010 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 120% of the RP-2010 Helathy Annuitant Martality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Changes in Plan Provisions	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.
	2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected
Changes in Plan Assumptions	2015 and 2016: No changes in plan provisions
Reflected in the Schedule	2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.
	2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021: No changes in plan provisions

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Comparative Balance Sheets General Fund
- Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
- Comparative Balance Sheets Debt Service Fund Includes Budget to Actual

# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS – GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

ASSETSCash and Cash Equivalents\$ 1,045,090\$ 939,245Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible73,75167,088Property Taxes193,259147,965EMS Charges184,830768,401Contract Receivable3,6803,680Prepaid Items26,42714,056Medical Supplies Inventory52,99529,542TOTAL ASSETS\$ 1,580,032\$ 1,969,977LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS5 79,362\$ 80,446Payroll Liabilities112,16863,949TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES184,830768,401Unavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCE79,42243,598Nonspendable79,42243,598Unassigned (Deficit)1,059,069952,844TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS996,442TOTAL LIABIL	ASSETS	2022	2021		
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Property Taxes73,751 $67,088$ Sales Taxes193,259147,965EMS Charges184,830768,401Contract Receivable3,6803,680Prepaid Items26,42714,056Medical Supplies Inventory52,99529,542TOTAL ASSETS $$ 1,580,032$ $$ 1,969,977$ LIABILITIESDEFERRED INFLOWS $$ 79,362$ $$ 80,446$ Payroll Liabilities $$ 112,168$ $63,949$ TOTAL LIABILITIES $$ 79,362$ $$ 80,446$ Payroll Liabilities $$ 12,168$ $63,949$ TOTAL LIABILITIES $$ 191,530$ $$ 144,395$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $$ 100,739$ $$ 144,395$ Unavailable Property Tax Revenue $65,181$ $60,739$ Unavailable EMS Charges $$ 1059,069$ $$ 952,844$ TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $$ 1,059,069$ $$ 952,844$ FUND BALANCE $$ 1,059,069$ $$ 952,844$ Nonspendable $$ 9,96,442$ $$ 996,442$ TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS $$ 1,059,069$ $$ 952,844$	ASSEIS				
Property Taxes       73,751       67,088         Sales Taxes       193,259       147,965         EMS Charges       184,830       768,401         Contract Receivable       3,680       3,680         Prepaid Items       26,427       14,056         Medical Supplies Inventory       52,995       29,542         TOTAL ASSETS       \$ 1,580,032       \$ 1,969,977         LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       5       79,362       \$ 80,446         Payroll Liabilities       112,168       63,949         TOTAL LIABILITIES       191,530       144,395         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       191,530       144,395         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       250,011       829,140         FUND BALANCE       250,011       829,140         FUND BALANCE       1,059,069       952,844         TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       996,442         TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW	•	\$ 1,045,090	\$ 939,245		
Sales Taxes       193,259       147,965         EMS Charges       184,830       768,401         Contract Receivable       3,680       3,680         Prepaid Items       26,427       14,056         Medical Supplies Inventory       52,995       29,542         TOTAL ASSETS       \$ 1,580,032       \$ 1,969,977         LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       5       5       5         OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE       112,168       63,949         LIABILITIES       707AL LIABILITIES       8 0,446         Payroll Liabilities       112,168       63,949         TOTAL LIABILITIES       191,530       144,395         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       191,530       144,395         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       191,530       144,395         Unavailable Property Tax Revenue       65,181       60,739         Unavailable EMS Charges       184,830       768,401         TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       250,011       829,140         FUND BALANCE       1,059,069       952,844       1,059,069       952,844         TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       1,059,069       952,844       996,442         TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       1,138,491       9	Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible				
EMS Charges184,830768,401Contract Receivable $3,680$ $3,680$ Prepaid Items $26,427$ $14,056$ Medical Supplies Inventory $52,995$ $29,542$ TOTAL ASSETS $$$1,580,032$ $$$1,969,977$ LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS $$$79,362$ $$$80,446$ Payroll Liabilities $112,168$ $63,949$ TOTAL LIABILITIES $$179,362$ $$$80,446$ Payroll Liabilities $112,168$ $63,949$ TOTAL LIABILITIES $$191,530$ $144,395$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESUnavailable Property Tax Revenue $65,181$ $60,739$ Unavailable EMS Charges $184,830$ $768,401$ TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $250,011$ $829,140$ FUND BALANCE $79,422$ $43,598$ Unassigned (Deficit) $1,059,069$ $952,844$ TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS $1,138,491$ $996,442$	Property Taxes	73,751	67,088		
Contract Receivable3,6803,680Prepaid Items26,42714,056Medical Supplies Inventory52,99529,542TOTAL ASSETS\$ 1,580,032\$ 1,969,977LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE\$ 79,362\$ 80,446LIABILITIESAccounts Payable\$ 79,362\$ 80,446Payroll Liabilities112,16863,949TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES112,16860,739Unavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCE79,42243,598Unassigned (Deficit)1,059,069952,844TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS1,138,491996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS1,059,069952,844	Sales Taxes	193,259	147,965		
Prepaid Items26,42714,056Medical Supplies Inventory52,99529,542TOTAL ASSETS\$ 1,580,032\$ 1,969,977LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWSOF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE\$ 79,362\$ 80,446LIABILITIESAccounts Payable\$ 79,362\$ 80,446Payroll Liabilities112,16863,949TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES191,530144,395Unavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCE79,42243,598Unassigned (Deficit)1,059,069952,844TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS996,442	EMS Charges	184,830	768,401		
Medical Supplies Inventory TOTAL ASSETS52,995 \$1,580,03229,542 \$1,969,977LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES Accounts Payable\$79,362\$80,446 63,949Payroll Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES\$112,168 (63,949)63,949 (144,395)DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Property Tax Revenue Unavailable EMS Charges TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES65,181 (84,401)FUND BALANCE Nonspendable79,422 (43,598)43,598 (1,138,491)FUND BALANCE TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS79,422 (43,598)43,598 (1,138,491)TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS1,138,491996,442	Contract Receivable	3,680	3,680		
TOTAL ASSETS\$ 1,580,032\$ 1,969,977LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIESAccounts Payable\$ 79,362\$ 80,446Payroll Liabilities112,16863,949TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Property Tax RevenueUnavailable EMS Charges65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCENonspendable79,42243,598Unassigned (Deficit)1,059,069952,844TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS1,138,491996,442	Prepaid Items	26,427	14,056		
UnderstandLIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCELIABILITIESAccounts Payable\$ 79,362\$ 80,446Payroll Liabilities112,16863,949TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESUnavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCENonspendable79,42243,598Unassigned (Deficit)1,059,069952,844TOTAL FUND BALANCE1,138,491996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	Medical Supplies Inventory	52,995	29,542		
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCELIABILITIESAccounts Payable\$ 79,362\$ 80,446Payroll Liabilities112,16863,949TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES191,530144,395Unavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCE1,059,069952,844Nonspendable1,059,069952,844TOTAL FUND BALANCE1,138,491996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS1,138,491996,442	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,580,032	\$ 1,969,977		
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCELIABILITIESAccounts Payable\$ 79,362\$ 80,446Payroll Liabilities112,16863,949TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES191,530144,395Unavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCE1,059,069952,844Nonspendable1,059,069952,844TOTAL FUND BALANCE1,138,491996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS1,138,491996,442					
LIABILITIESAccounts Payable\$ 79,362\$ 80,446Payroll Liabilities112,16863,949TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES191,530144,395Unavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCE79,42243,598Unassigned (Deficit)1,059,069952,844TOTAL FUND BALANCE1,138,491996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS1,138,491996,442	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Accounts Payable\$ 79,362\$ 80,446Payroll Liabilities112,16863,949TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES112,16863,949Unavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCE79,42243,598Unassigned (Deficit)1,059,069952,844TOTAL FUND BALANCE1,138,491996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS1138,491	OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE				
Payroll Liabilities112,16863,949TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES191,530144,395Unavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCE79,42243,598Unassigned (Deficit)1,059,069952,844TOTAL FUND BALANCE1,138,491996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	LIABILITIES				
TOTAL LIABILITIES191,530144,395DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES100,739Unavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCE79,42243,598Unassigned (Deficit)1,059,069952,844TOTAL FUND BALANCE1,138,491996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS1,138,491996,442	Accounts Payable	\$ 79,362	\$ 80,446		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESUnavailable Property Tax Revenue65,18160,739Unavailable EMS Charges184,830768,401TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES250,011829,140FUND BALANCE79,42243,598Unassigned (Deficit)1,059,069952,844TOTAL FUND BALANCE1,138,491996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	Payroll Liabilities	112,168	63,949		
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue       65,181       60,739         Unavailable EMS Charges       184,830       768,401         TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       250,011       829,140         FUND BALANCE       79,422       43,598         Nonspendable       79,422       43,598         Unassigned (Deficit)       1,059,069       952,844         TOTAL FUND BALANCE       1,138,491       996,442         TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       1       1	TOTAL LIABILITIES	191,530	144,395		
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue       65,181       60,739         Unavailable EMS Charges       184,830       768,401         TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       250,011       829,140         FUND BALANCE       79,422       43,598         Nonspendable       79,422       43,598         Unassigned (Deficit)       1,059,069       952,844         TOTAL FUND BALANCE       1,138,491       996,442         TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       1       1					
Unavailable EMS Charges       184,830       768,401         TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       250,011       829,140         FUND BALANCE       79,422       43,598         Nonspendable       79,422       43,598         Unassigned (Deficit)       1,059,069       952,844         TOTAL FUND BALANCE       1,138,491       996,442         TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       1       1	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       250,011       829,140         FUND BALANCE       79,422       43,598         Nonspendable       79,422       43,598         Unassigned (Deficit)       1,059,069       952,844         TOTAL FUND BALANCE       1,138,491       996,442         TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       1       1	Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	65,181	60,739		
FUND BALANCE         Nonspendable       79,422       43,598         Unassigned (Deficit)       1,059,069       952,844         TOTAL FUND BALANCE       1,138,491       996,442         TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       1       1	Unavailable EMS Charges	184,830	768,401		
Nonspendable       79,422       43,598         Unassigned (Deficit)       1,059,069       952,844         TOTAL FUND BALANCE       1,138,491       996,442         TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS       Visit of the second seco	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	250,011	829,140		
Unassigned (Deficit)         1,059,069         952,844           TOTAL FUND BALANCE         1,138,491         996,442           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	FUND BALANCE				
Unassigned (Deficit)         1,059,069         952,844           TOTAL FUND BALANCE         1,138,491         996,442           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		79,422	43,598		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE1,138,491996,442TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE         \$ 1,580,032         \$ 1,969,977	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
	OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,580,032	\$ 1,969,977		

## WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

		2021		
REVENUES				
EMS Charges	\$	1,540,062	\$ 1,233,890	
Property Taxes		1,704,734	1,372,154	
Sales Taxes		977,707	380,381	
State EMS Contributions		203,427	365,975	
Charges for Services		83,637	173,353	
Grants		59,081	7,617	
Interest		4,255	1,793	
Miscellaneous		1,827	34,552	
TOTAL REVENUES		4,574,730	3,569,715	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Emergency Services		2,854,743	2,104,136	
General Administration		780,230	650,734	
Capital Outlay		682,401	1,891,653	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,317,374	4,646,523	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In (Out)		(115,307)	1,801,980	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			,	
SOURCES (USES)		(115,307)	1,801,980	
Net Change in Fund Balance		142,049	725,172	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year, (Deficit)		996,442	271,270	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	1,138,491	\$ 996,442	

# WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS – DEBT SERVICE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021		
ASSETS				
Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 2,305	\$	987	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,305	\$	987	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
<b>RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES</b>				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	-	
Total Liabilities	 -		-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	2,305		987	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 2,305		987	
Fund Balance:				
Unassigned	-		-	
Total Fund Balance	 -		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED				
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND				
FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,305	\$	987	

### WILSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

				Variance				
	2022					avorable		
	Budget Actual		Actual	(Unfavorable)		2021		
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	115,313	\$	(115,313)	\$	-
TOTAL REVENUES		-		115,313		(115,313)		_
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service:								
Principal		165,975		165,975		-		-
Interest Expense		64,645		64,645		-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		230,620		230,620		-		-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(230,620)		(115,307)		115,313		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCHES (USES) Transfers In (Out)				115,307		115,307		_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		115,307		115,307		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(230,620)		-		230,620		-
Fund Balance - October 1								
Fund Balance - September 30	\$	(230,620)	\$		\$	230,620	\$	-

