

ExplorationAtlas









Project Overview





PROJECT OVERVIEW

There is a fair bit to like about this Exploration Project

Away from known prospects (i.e. Feather Cap, Durack East and Wembley). Mostly at an early exploration stage there are quality datasets that have not been integrated and used in combination to undertake a targeting exercise.

Geology

Most of the FC project tenure covers basement rocks of Paleoproterozoic Bryah Basin units of Narracoota and Ravelstone Formation under variable regolith cover of few metres to >50m in areas associated with Murchison River drainage system

The northernmost tenement areas cover Robinson Range formation including 2 large regional synclinal folds.

Exploration History

Sporadically explored for gold and base metals mainly in 80's and 90's where focus was shallow open-pitable gold and copper resources

Formed part of Gleneagle's tenure when they still had Fortnum - then went into administration as Grosvenor Gold.

At some point Miles Kennedy got hold of Grosvenor Gold from administrators in RNI after he had a bust up with Karl Simich

This was never a focus package of ground for RNI/Auris and much of the work that they did apart from on known prospects (i.e. Feather Cap, Durack East) seems to be poorly conceived and appears to be done to meet tenement expenditure.

Wembley has pretty much always been separated from tenement ownership until now where RBH has consolidated the tenure

Conservatively there is probably around \$7M historical spend in current \$ terms on the project

Exploration Potential

Gold & Copper

Plenty of Cu smoke in geochem (remembering lots of the surface geochem is ineffective in areas of cover) and drilling over areas of mapped/interpreted Narracoota Formation

Some nice mid-time AEM bedrock conductors (courtesy of Sandfire flown AEM over western half of package) in E 52/4330 not properly drill tested

There is a mapped unit of metabasaltic vent breccia (BRYAH 100k = PAnx) in the south central E52/4303 – which is significant as it says that you are close to a volcanic vent.

This same unit was intersected in Geopecko BD1 (12km south of the SE corner of E

52/4302) and that hosts the Cashman's VMS deposit. It suggests that basal sequences of Narracoota (ie Karalundi Fm that hosts Degrussa Cu-Au-Ag) may be present throughout much of E 52/4302, E 52/4303, E 52/4330.

The actual outcrop of PAnx and a fault breccia to the south which is all good exposure has never had any reported surface geochem (rockchips)!!

The learnings of Degrussa and Monty discoveries was that you need to be near or in Karalundi Fm / hyaloclasite

There is leaching of Cu and need to be guided by >= 100ppm in the drilling in meaningful weathering profile (i.e. lower saprolite and below)

The supergene blanket at Degrussa is 100m below surface so away from drilled prospects (Feather Cap, Durack East-Jigsaw) none of the drilling which has an average depth of 30m has tested most of the Narracoota for Cu

Gold is a bit tricky and moves around on REDOX fronts in the Ravelstone and Narracoota - key is pinning down regional structures where they intersect favourable competency contrasts between the Narracoota and Ravelstone contacts

Wembley and along strike (particularly to the NW) need more drilling

The Fortnum (Starlight) ore is seriously hard and West Gold (WGX) are keen for softer/oxide sources to blende up to 20% with Fortnum ore – so toll treatment of small gold resources is real thing here

Iron

PepinNini Minerals Ltd JV'd into large package of ground covering Robertson Range granular iron formation (GIF = itabirite) and BIF including parts of current RBH tenure. Initial rock chipping in NW E52/4303 returned a lot of 50-60% Fe and some > 60% Fe - they

never drill tested any of this!!In addition, they (or anyone else) never sampled the synformal closure of the Robertson Syncline in the NE E52/4303.

Both of these units have additional strike extent (as can be seen in the magnetics) along strike in areas of lower relief / covered by colluvium and alluvium. Apart from magnetite there is potential for hematite DSO.

If any of the GIF and BIF has decent width extent then it will be very appealing to Fenix who are looking to monetise any bulk in the Muchison/Gascoyne

There are a couple of holes in DB with interesting Fe grades (at Durack East 5m @ 41.5% Fe from 40m in DEAC0004 and 5m @ 40.6% Fe from 20m in DEAC0004; at Feather Cap 8m @ 42.3% Fe from 16m in FCAC025) that appear to be unrelated to Robinson

Range Fm? (there are BIF in Horseshoe Formation which may occur in the more northern tenement areas)

Critical Minerals

A quick scan of the DH Assay file shows there are some interesting Ni, Ti and REE results but there might be others too...

Matthew Wheeler Terramin Geosciences



Exploration Summary

With these exploration Atlas's I like to give the end user descriptions of who completed the database, their role in the process, as much info about the contractors as possible, I think its good to tell the end user where, when , who and how this production was assembled.

Could I ask you or Richard just to give me descriptions of the contractors involved in the database setup, collection and publication.

I didn't have a TERRAMIN LOGO for you, if you have one could I request a copy (PNG) or vector graphic arts file would be good. If not then I made a logo for TERRAMIN If you like it, then let me know and I'll send a



Feather Cap 100% RBH The Feather Cap Project is prospective for both orogenic gold and Horseshoe Lights style Cu-Au VHMS mineralisation

RBH has two priority gold targets, being the Durack East and Feather Cap Prospects Gold potential of the area is highlighted by Westgold Resources' 112,000 ounce Durack Gold Resource west of Durack East and Sandfire significant gold intersections within Air Core drilling at Morck Well to the east.

Potential for 2.5km gold prospective trend at Durack East Prospect, of a total 5.7km inclusive of SFR Morck Well Air Core gold anomalism along strike to the east Historic intersections in the west of Durack East include -20m @ 3.01g/t Au incl 4m @ 10.7g/t Au (JR60)35m @ 1.80g/t Au incl 8m @ 5.19g/t Au (JRB43)

High-grade gold intercept of 8m @ 5.44g/t Au from 87m including 1m @ 26.7g/t Au from 87m (DEAC0089) returned from initial recent Air Core drilling at Durack East Prospect. Above high grade mineralisation is located 560m along strike to northwest of previous intersection 4m @ 0.69g/t Au from 141m including 2m @ 1.26g/t Au from 142m (DEAC0009 - returned within 2020 drill program), which supports RBH' interpretation that gold mineralisation extends into the Feather Cap Project from the Morck Well Project



(A summary to be completed) Recommend that we have a description of all the work that Matthew Wheeler has been tasked to investigate, manage, & allocate all the data & mapping in the following exploration altas describing the high level of detail that has

TO BE COMPLETED



(A summary to be completed) Recommend that we have a description of all the work that Kenex has been tasked to investigate, manage, & allocate all the data & mapping in the following exploration altas describing the high level of detail that has gone into this publication

TO BE COMPLETED



(A summary to be completed) Recommend that we have a description of all the work that Resource Potentials has been tasked to investigate, manage, & allocate all the data & mapping in the following exploration altas describing the high level of detail that has gone into this publication

TO BE COMPLETED



(A summary to be completed) Recommend that we have a description of all the work that Map Digital has been tasked to investigate, manage, & allocate all the data & mapping in the following exploration altas describing the high level of detail that has gone into this publication

TO BE COMPLETED



The Feather Cap Database is in MapInfo Pro / Discover GIS software format, the table files are also accessed for viewing in QGIS Open Source Software.



A QGIS Project link has been included in the database for end users that prefer the Open source QGIS software, QGIS accesses the MapInfo Table files and imagery in the database.







Atlas Contents

Matt
The Contents and pages are still work
in progress; this contents page will be
updated once we have all the atlas in
its correct order





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- 41. Au Geochemistry
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Regional Location

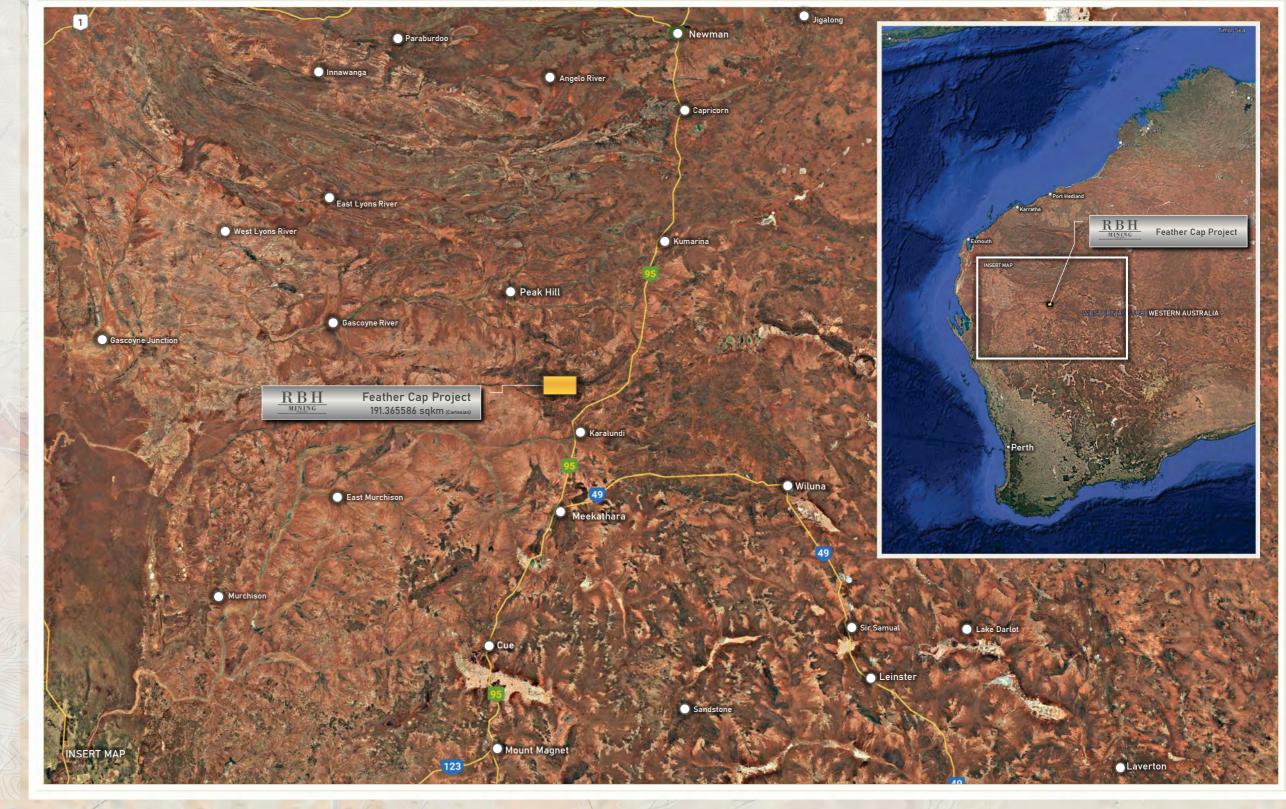
The Feather Cap Project is in Western Australia and is about 740km north-northeast of Perth . and is at an altitude of about 541m above sea level.

The nearest populated place is the township of Meekatharra which is 93km away with a population of around 960 (show me a map with

Wembley Mine and Meekatharra).

The nearest sealed road to the Feather Cap Project is the Great

Northern Highway (25.3km away).









Exploration Licences & Mine Lease

The Feather Cap Project covers 4 Exploration licences and 1 Mining lease for the Wembley Gold Mine

Exploration Licences

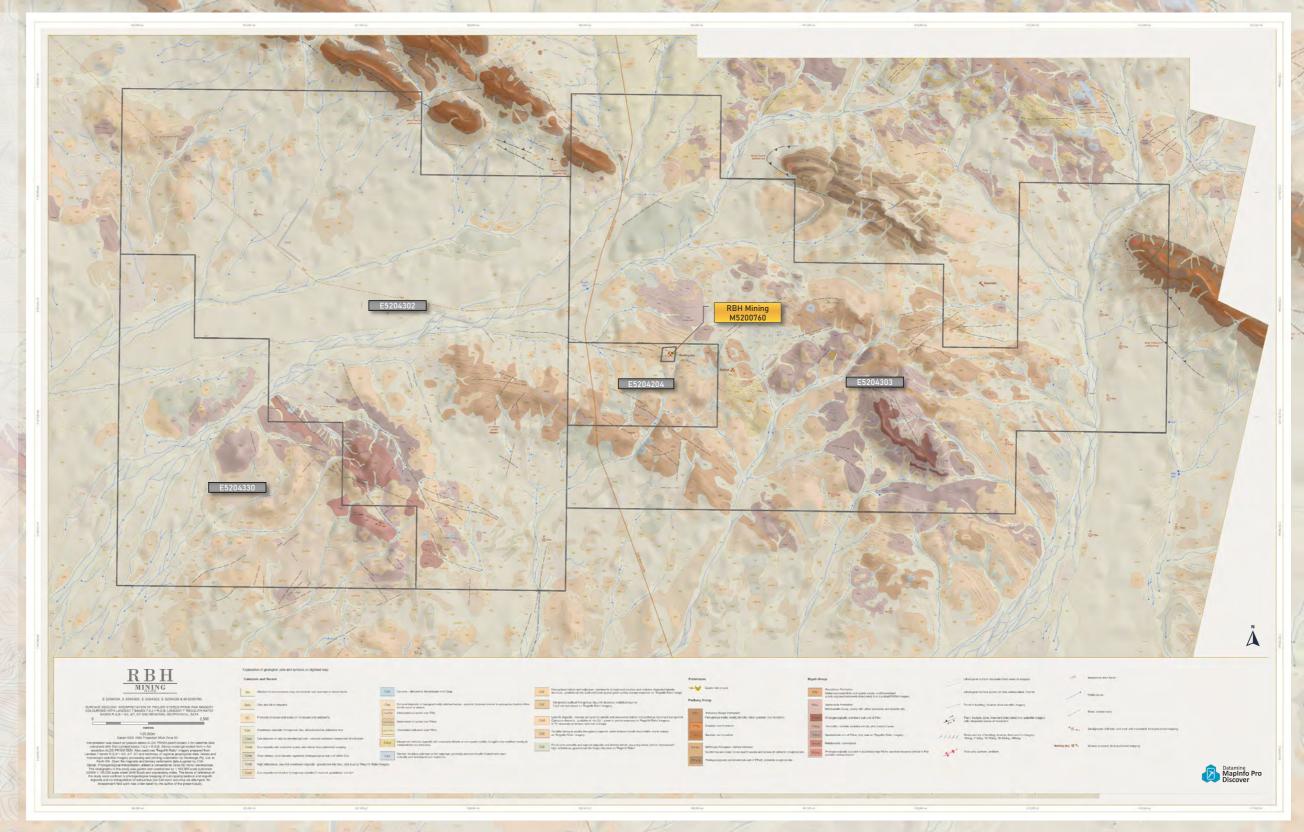
E5204303 76.14184 sq-km (Cartesian)
E5204204 6.077969 sq-km (Cartesian)
E5204302 74.079483 sq-km (Cartesian)
E5204330 30.857369 sq-km (Cartesian)

Wembley Gold Mine Lease

M5200760 0.094504 sq-km (Cartesian)









Exploration Licences & Mine Leases

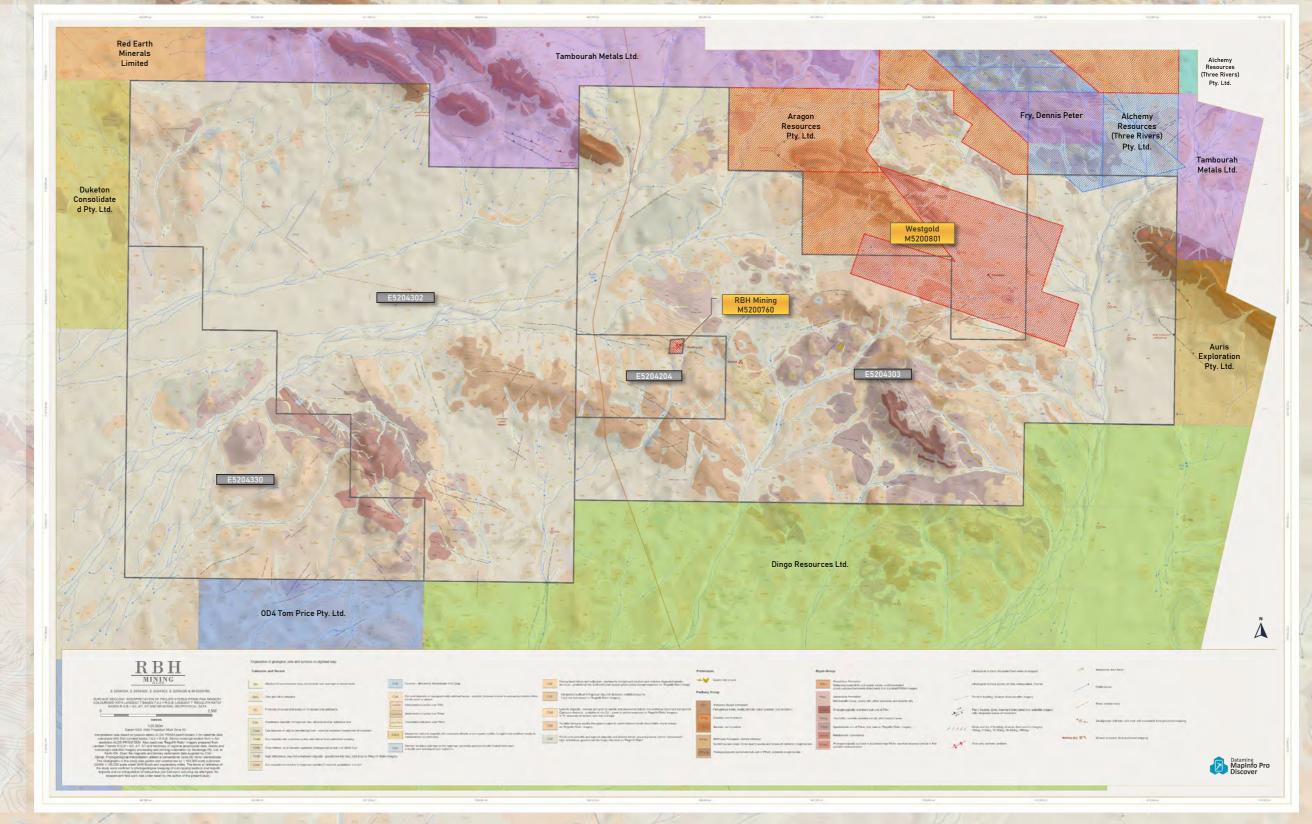
(Adjacent to the RBH Mining Licences)

This map displays the adjacent Exploration Licences and the holders

Exploration Licences Auris Exploration Pty. Ltd. OD4 Tom Price Pty. Ltd. Tambourah Metals Ltd. Duketon Consolidated Pty. Ltd. Red Earth Minerals Limited Aragon Resources Pty. Ltd. Fry, Dennis Peter Alchemy Resources (Three Rivers) Pty. Ltd. Dingo Resources Ltd. Mining Leases RBH Mining , Westgold Resources Prospecting Licences Alchemy Resources (Three Rivers) Pty. Ltd.





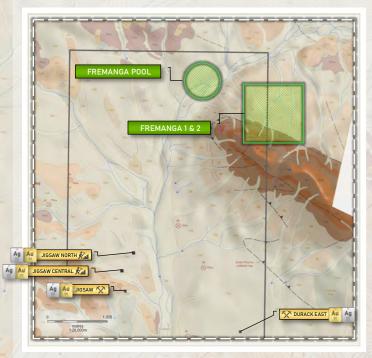




Native Titles

FREMANGA POOL Artefacts / Scatter

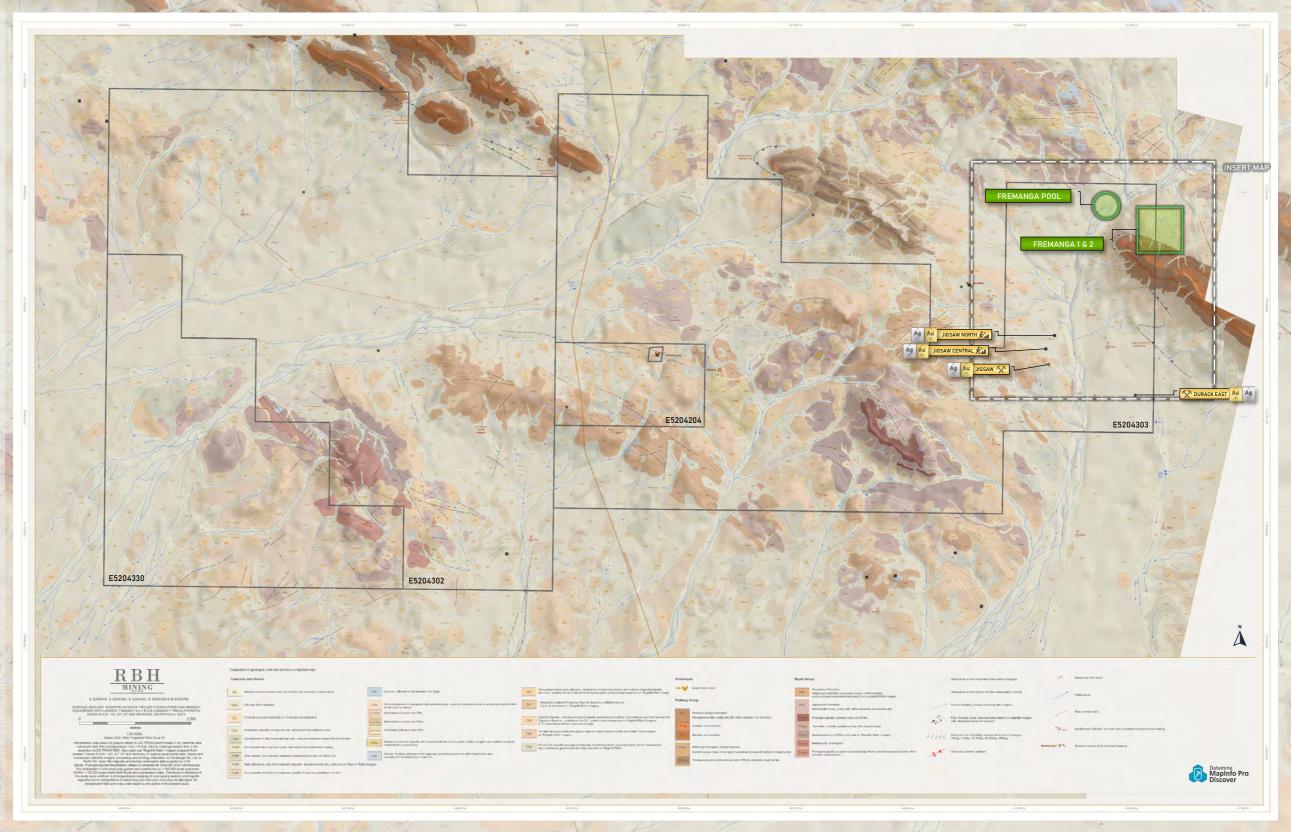
FREMANGA 1 FREMANGA 2 Artefacts / Scatter / Rockshelter Artefacts / Scatter / Ceremonial



Jigsaw Prospect INSERT MAP









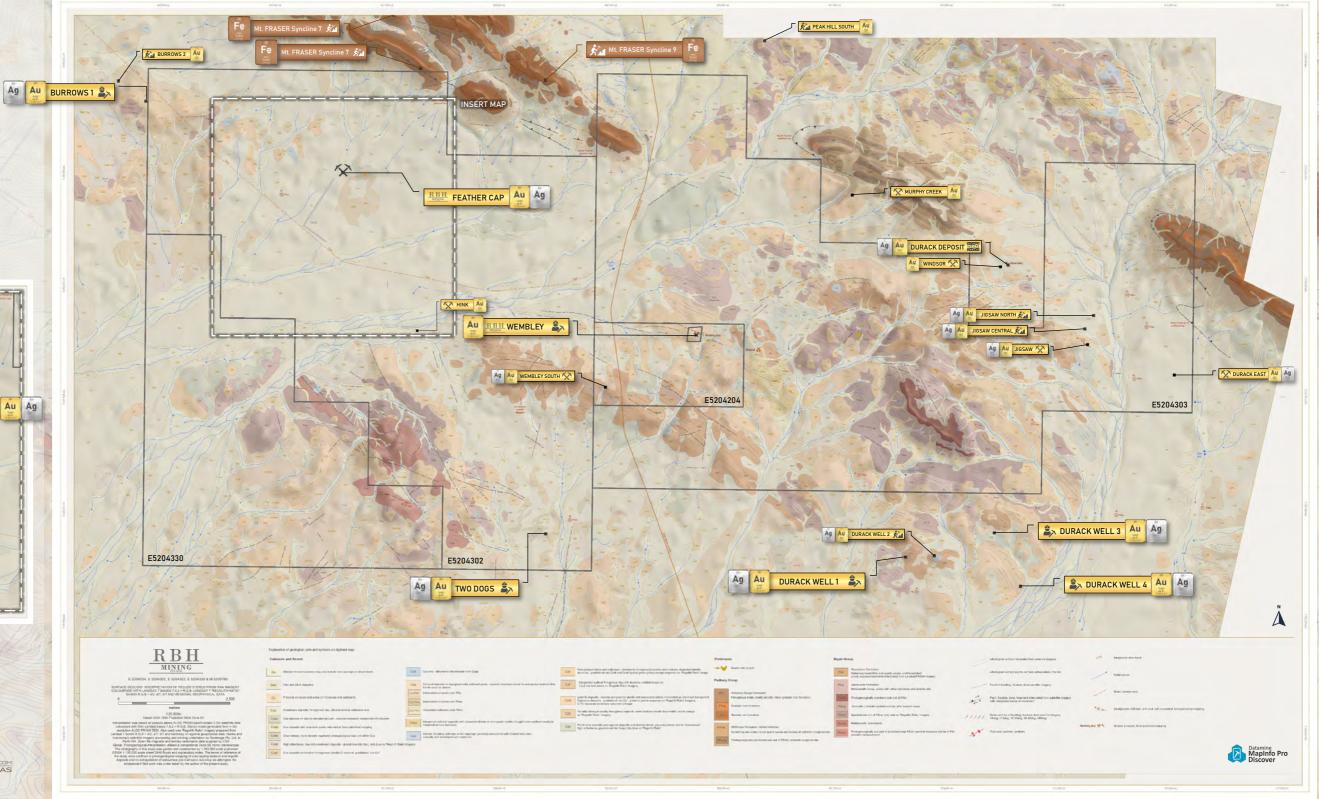
Mines - Prospects - Deposits & Mineral Occurrences

Mines, Prospects, Deposits & Mineral Occurrences are referenced from the Minedex DMIRS Database











Satellite Imagery
World Imagery (Maxar-CNES 2024 Distribution Airbus DS)

At this stage Satellite Imagery is online and available in the GIS software package as open-source link.



Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP









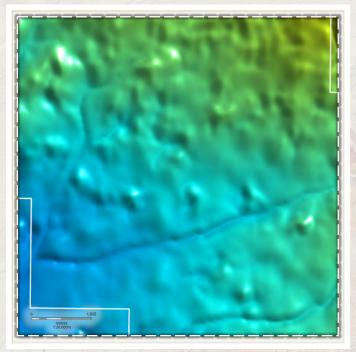




Digital Earth Model (DEM) Hydro-Enforced 1 Second DEM

The 1 second DEM, is a national elevation data product derived from the Shuttle Radar Topography Mission (SRTM) data.

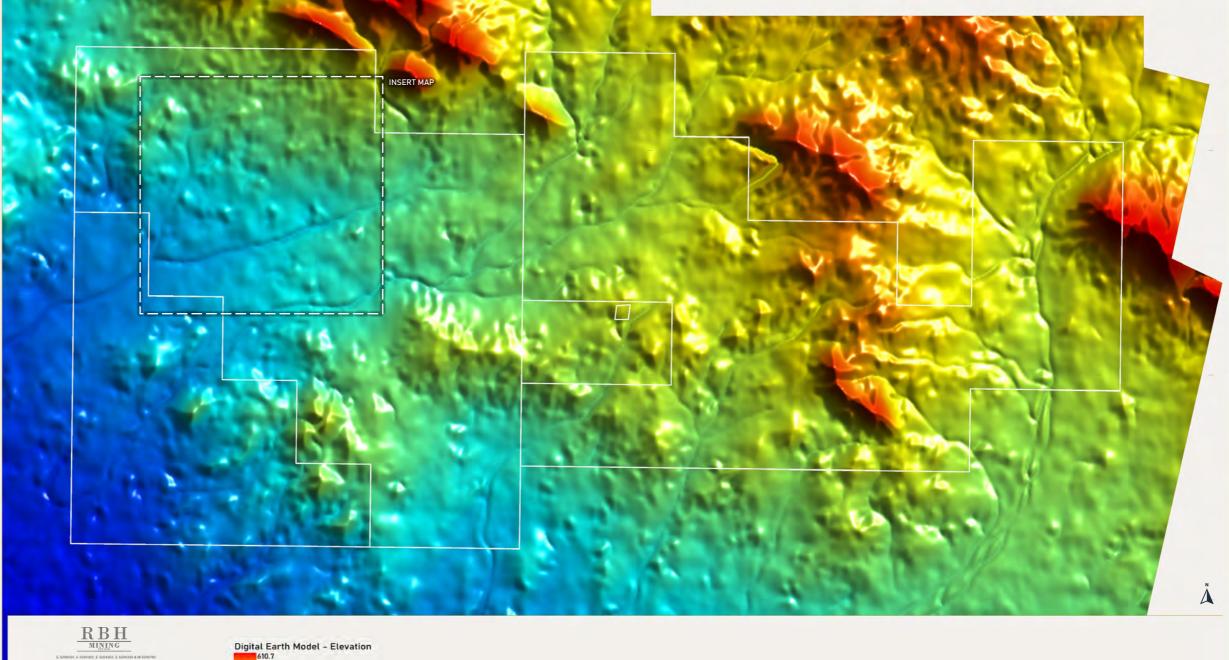
A hydrologically enforced DEM is based on DEM that has had drainage lines imposed and been further smoothed using the ANUDEM interpolation software.

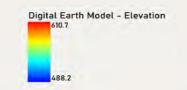


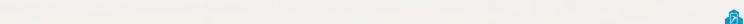
Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP















Historical Surface Geology Map

Nick Lockett & Associates Pty. Ltd. 2012

Photogeological interpretation of regolith, bedrock geology and structure using the supplied stereo and monoscopic Landsat imagery and available geophysical data.



Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP









Digitised Surface Geology Map

Map Digital 2024

A surface geology map has been fully digitised & attributed and would be available upon request.

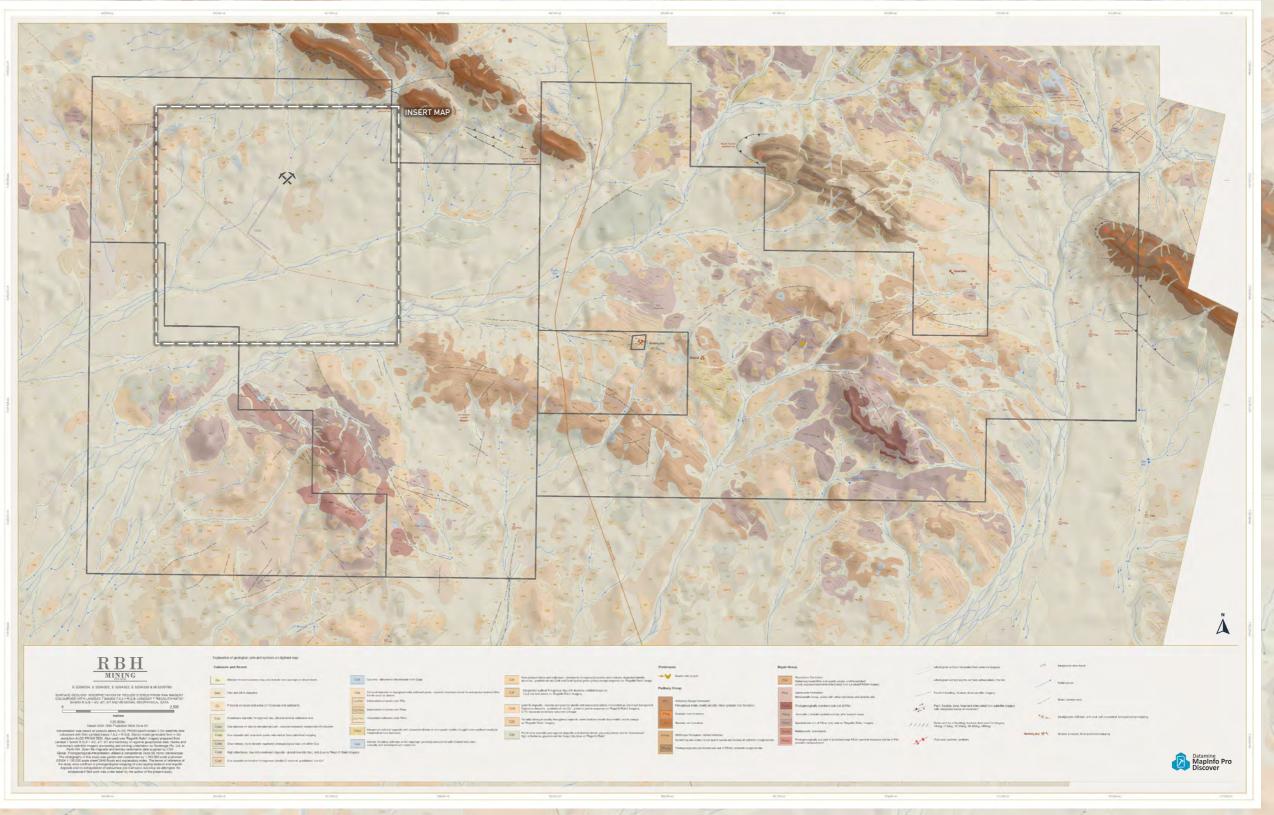
This mapping has been completed by hand drawn sheets for Grosvenor Gold in 2012 and digitised in 2024 from 2012 scans by David Hantke Map Digital GIS



Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP





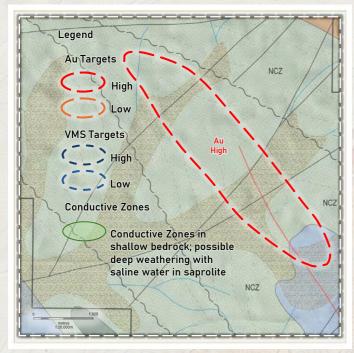




Bedrock Interpretation Map

Resource Potentials 2018

The solid geology geophysical interpretation completed by Resource Potentials in 2018 (West Bryah 100k Interp, a135004,).

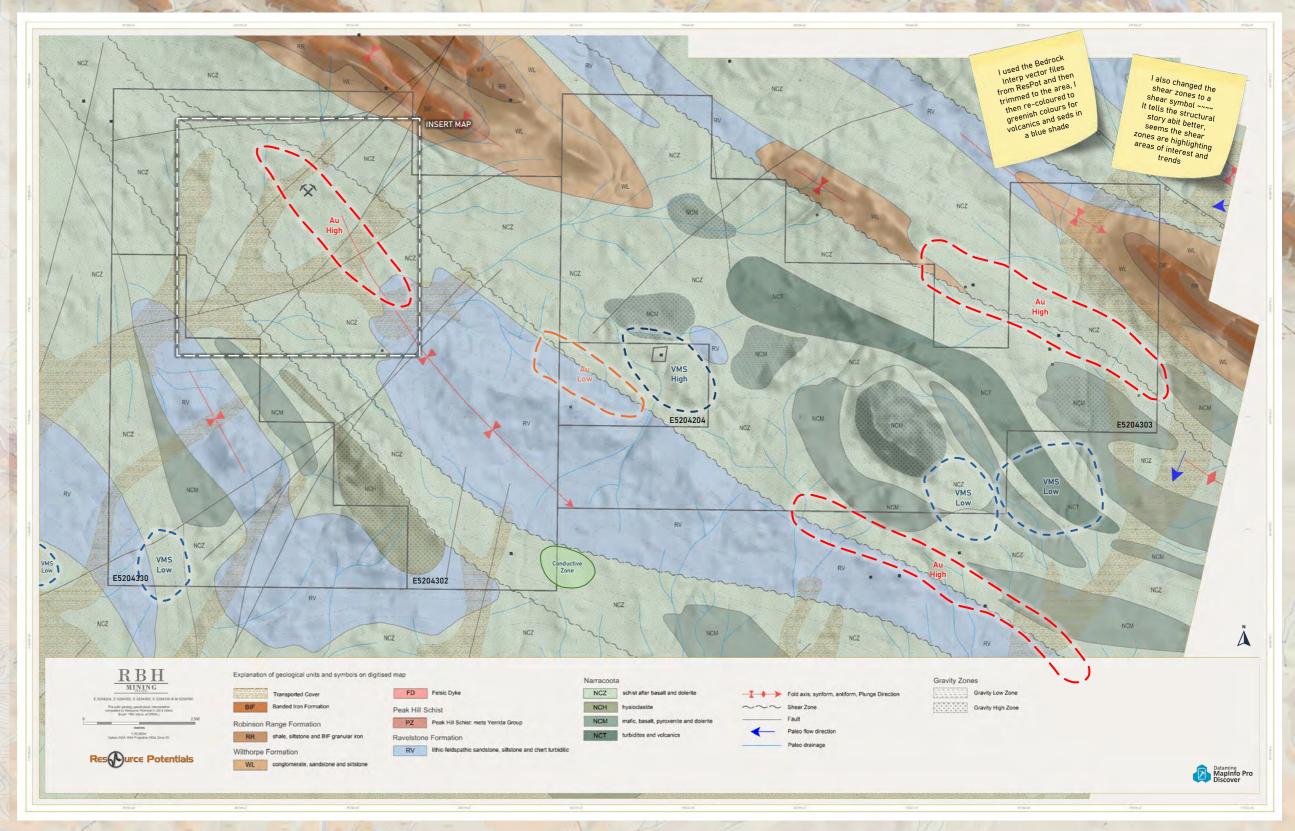


Feather Cap Prospect







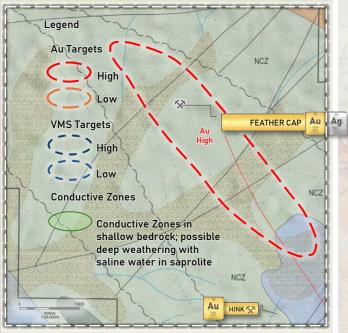




Bedrock Interpretation Map

Prospects, Mines, Deposits, Mineral Occurrences

The solid geology geophysical interpretation completed by Resource Potentials in 2018 (West Bryah 100k Interp, a135004,).
Mines, Prospects, Deposits & Mineral Occurrences are referenced from the Minedex DMIRS Database

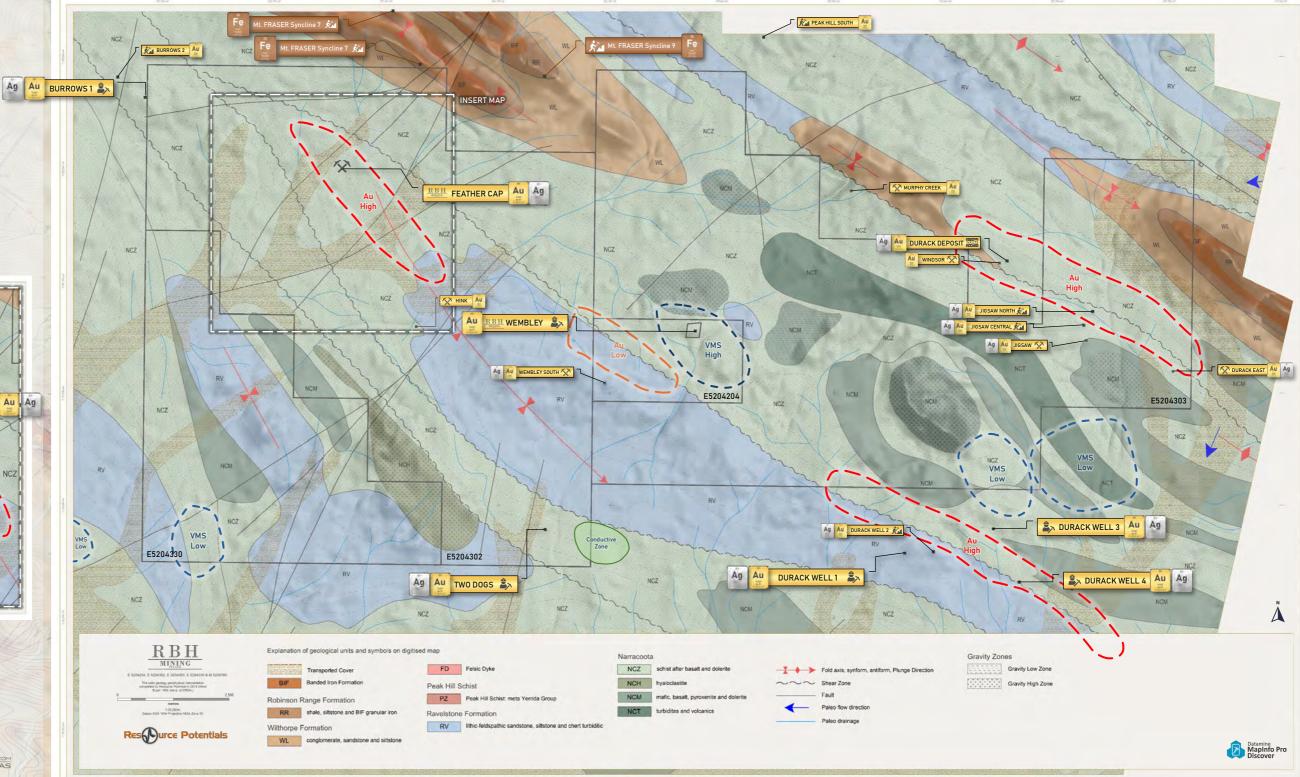


Feather Cap Prospect







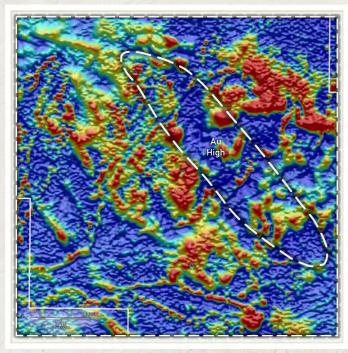




Geo Physical Imagery

Resource Potentials 2018

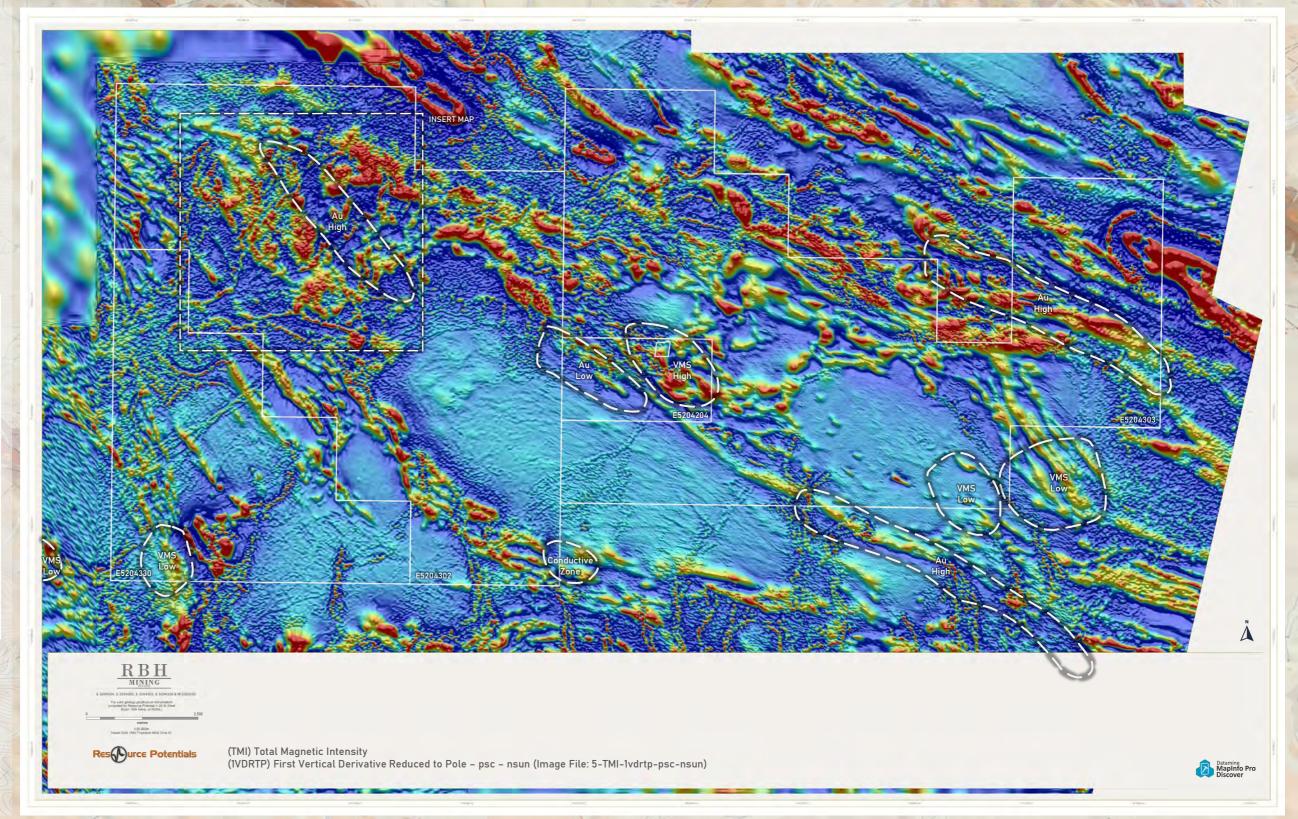
(TMI) Total Magnetic Intensity (1VDRTP) First Vertical Derivative Reduced to Pole Image File: 5-TMI-1vdrtp-psc-nsun









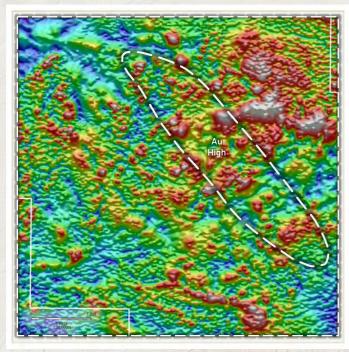




Geo Physical Imagery

Resource Potentials 2018

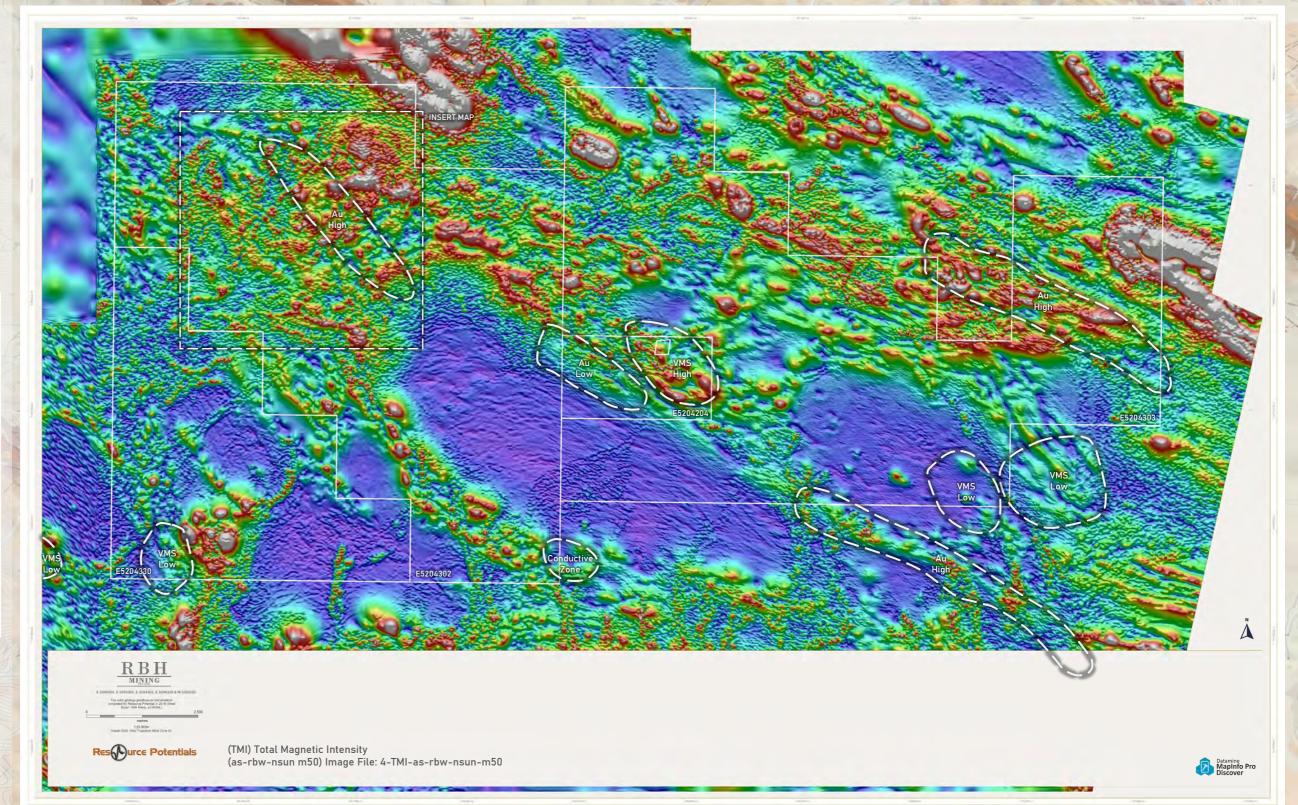
(TMI) Total Magnetic Intensity (as-rbw-nsun m50) Image File: 4-TMI-as-rbw-nsun-m50









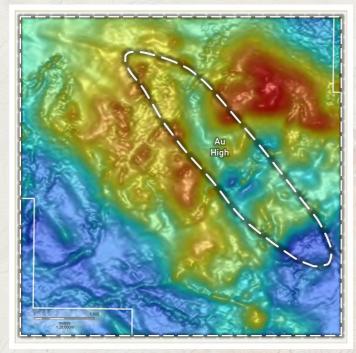




Geo Physical Imagery

Resource Potentials 2018

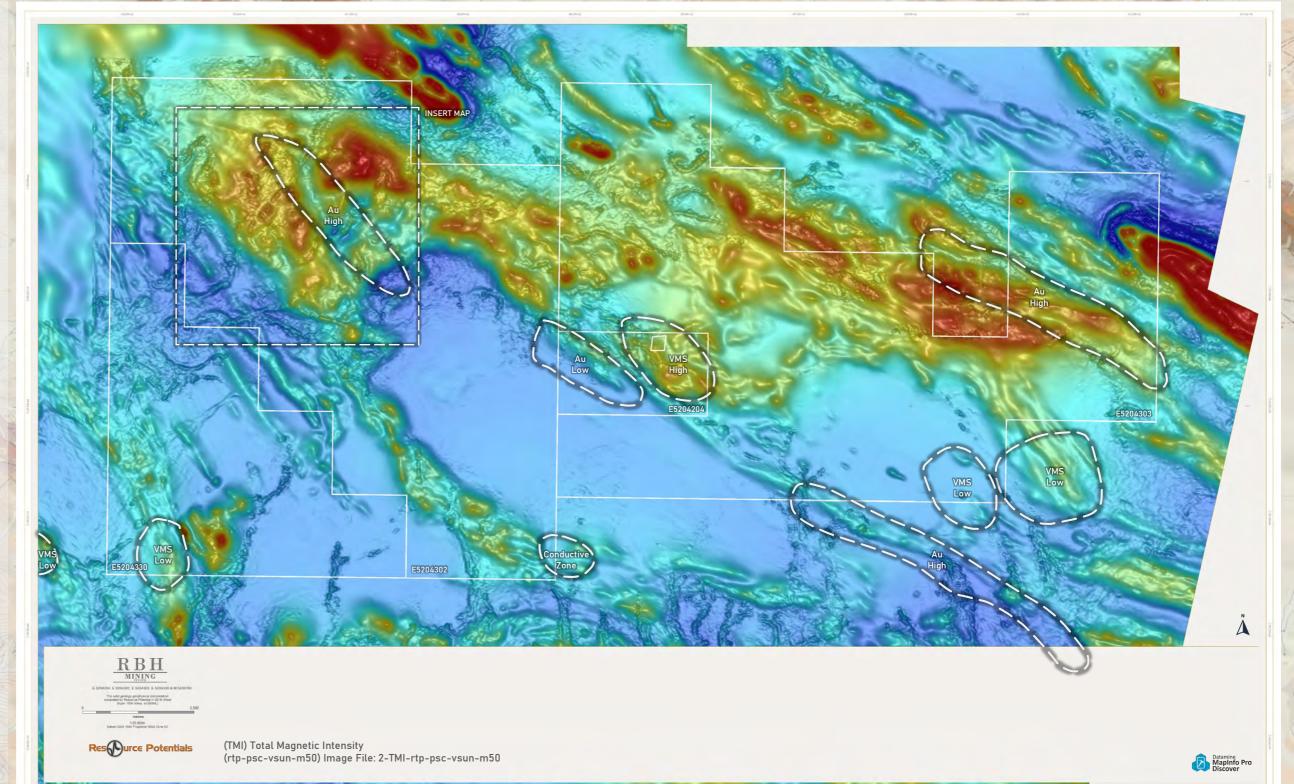
(TMI) Total Magnetic Intensity (rtp-psc-vsun-m50) Image File: 2-TMI-rtp-psc-vsun-m50









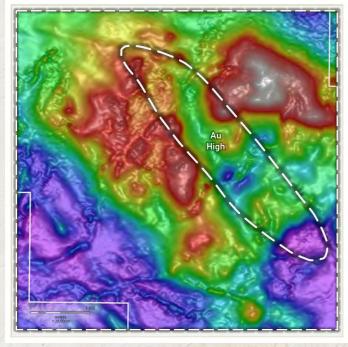




Geo Physical Imagery

Resource Potentials 2018

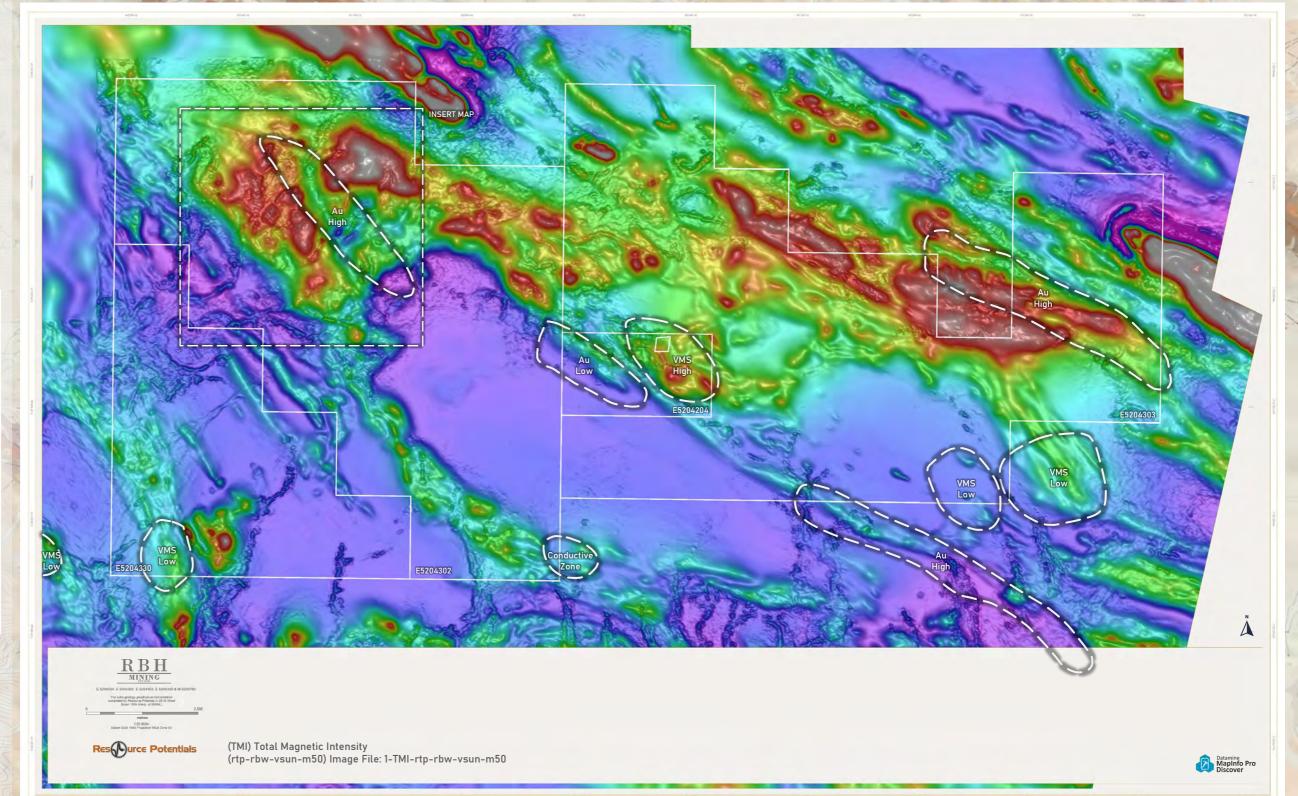
(TMI) Total Magnetic Intensity (rtp-rbw-vsun-m50) Image File: 1-TMI-rtp-rbw-vsun-m50









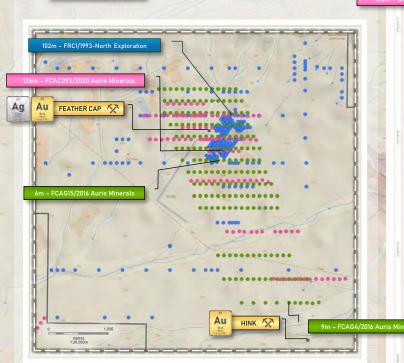




Drillhole Collar Locations

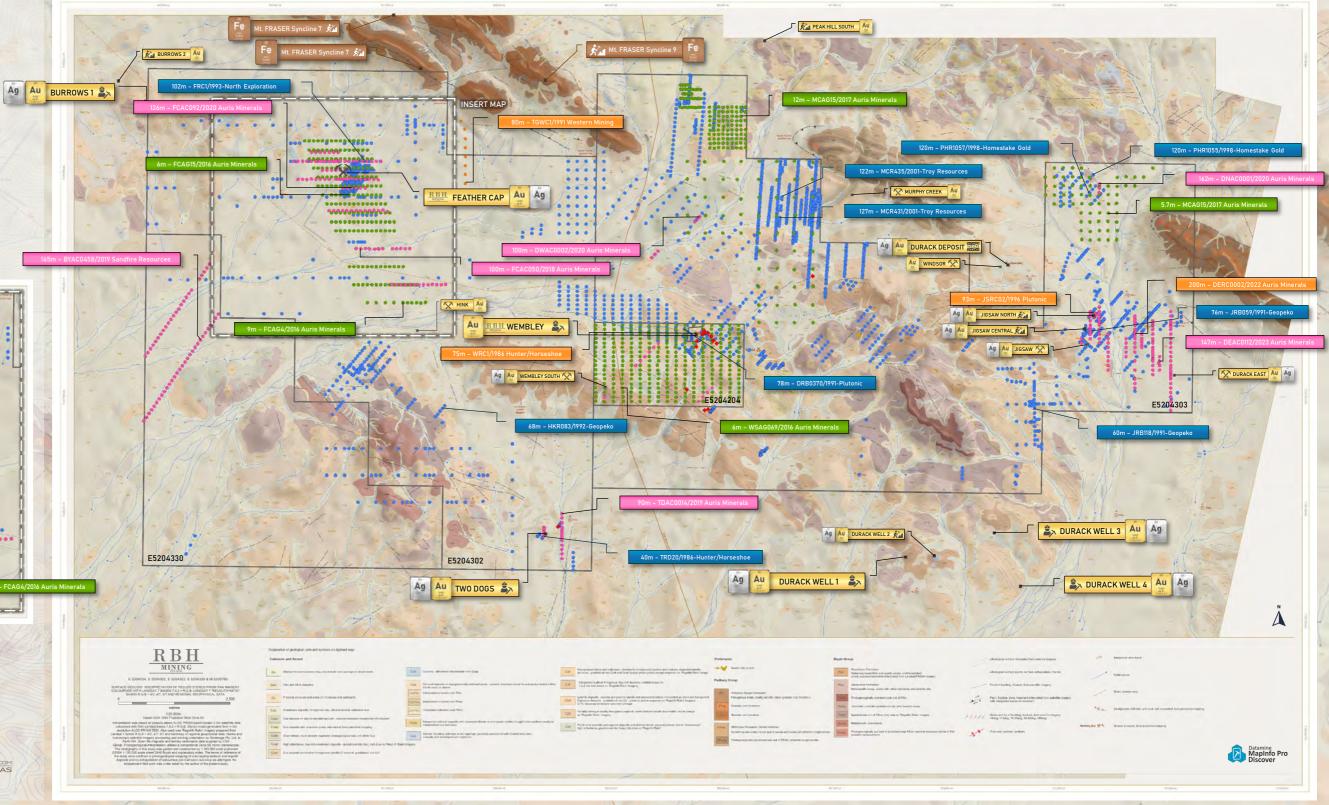
(Historical) 2882 Collars (Mixed)











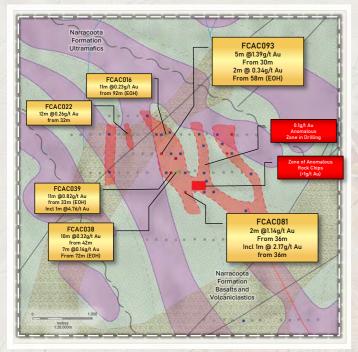




Feather Cap Drill Results

(Maximum Gold Downhole)

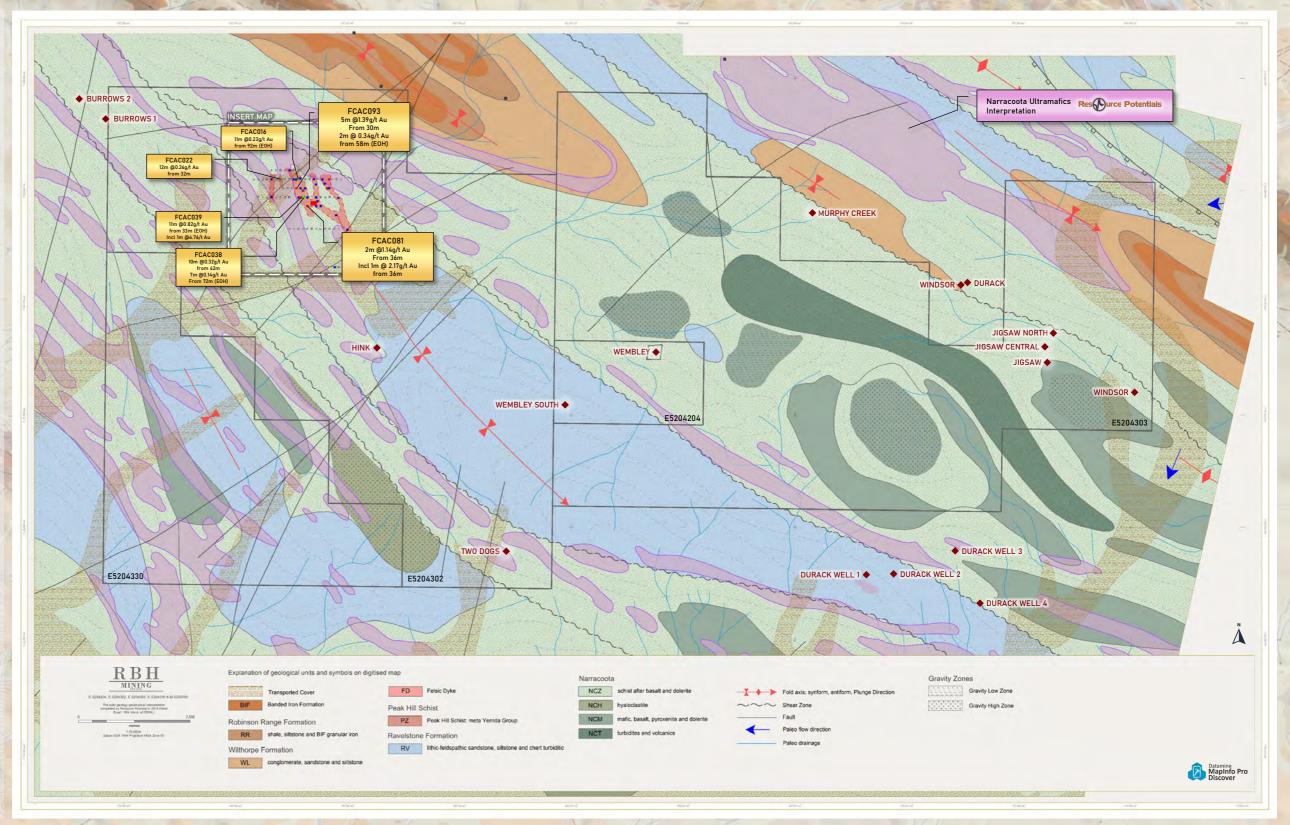
- < 0.1g/t Au
- 0.1 0.5g/t Au
- 0.5 1.0g/t Au
- 1.0 5.0g/t Au



Feather Cap Prospect





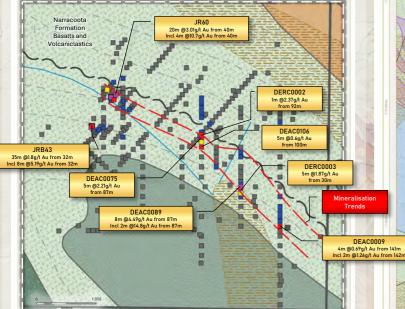






Jigsaw Prospect Drill Results (Maximum Gold in drilling)

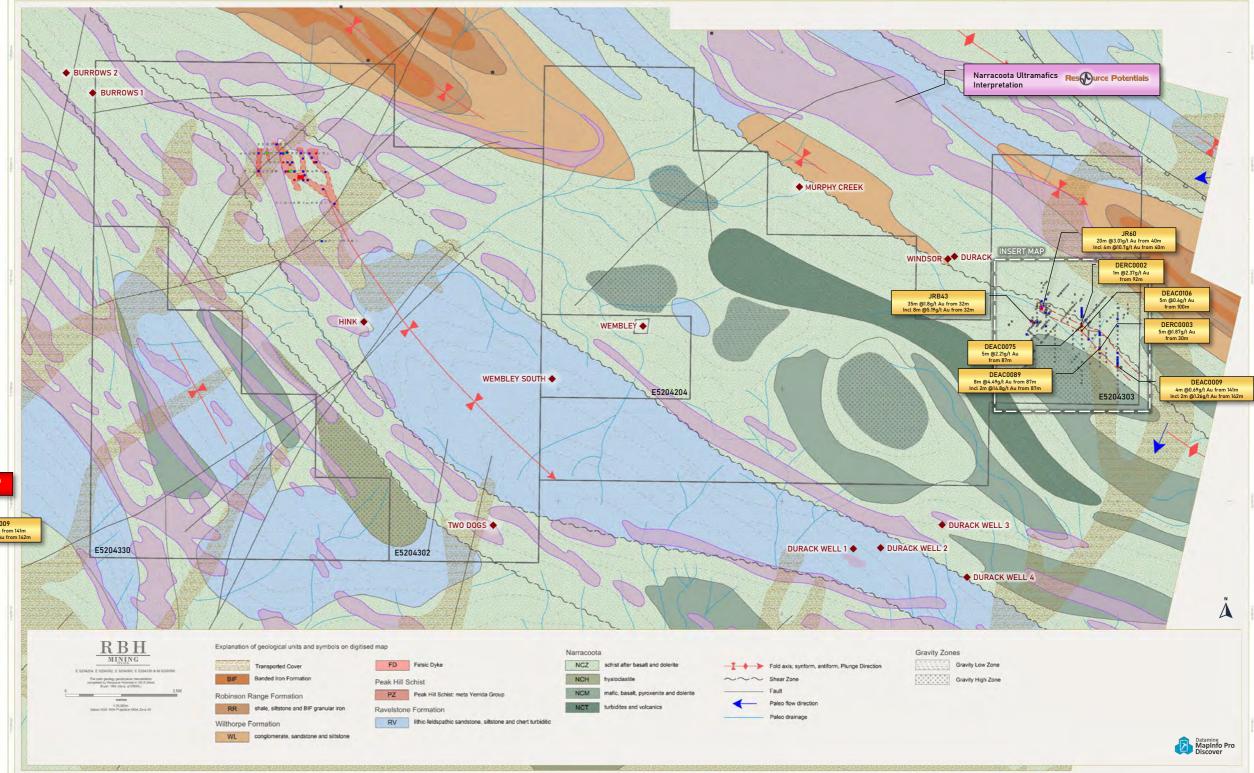
- < 0.1g/t Au
- 0.1 0.5g/t Au
- 0.5 1.0g/t Au
- 1.0 5.0g/t Au
- > 5g/t Au



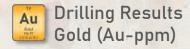
Jigsaw Prospect

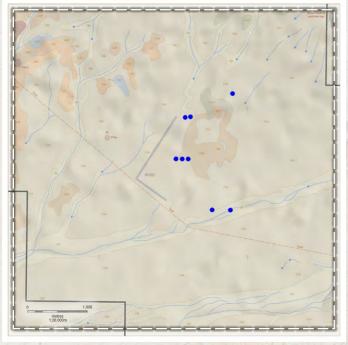








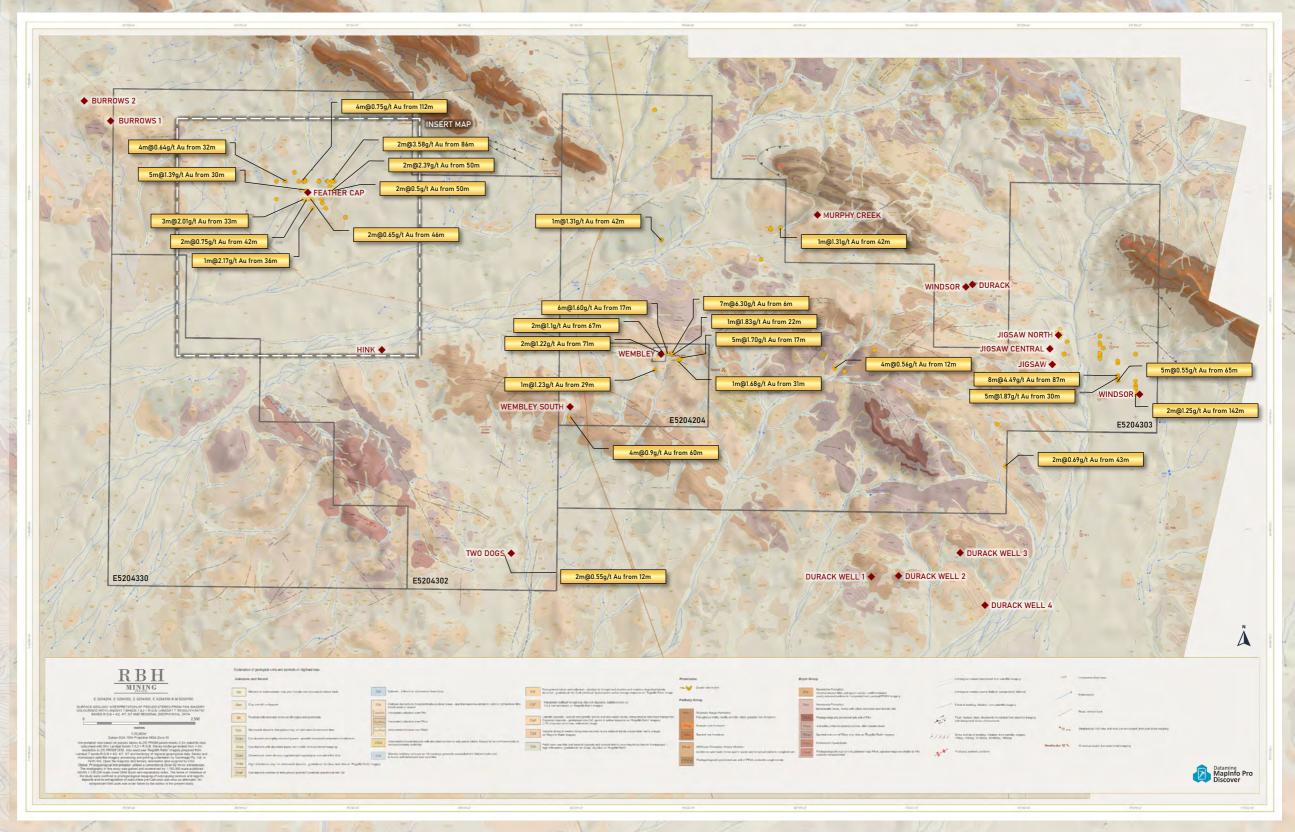




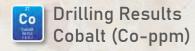
Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP

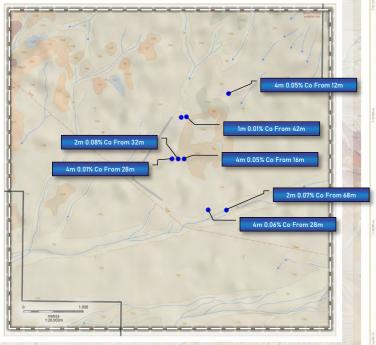








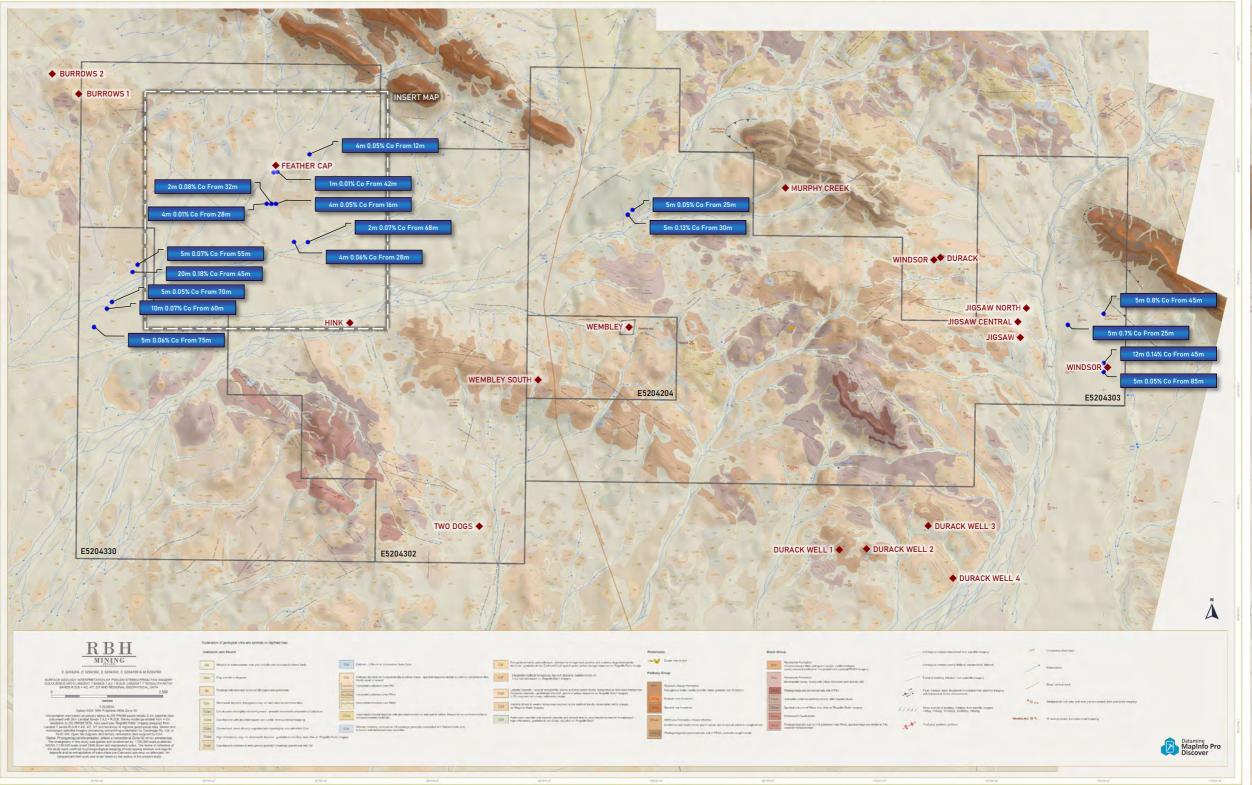




Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP





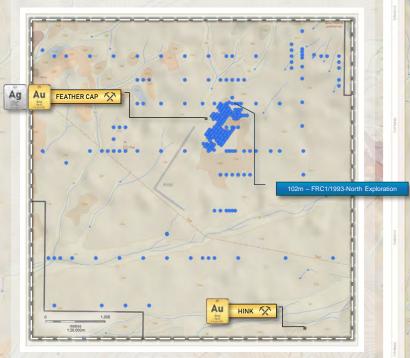




(RAB) Collar Location & Depth (Historical)

Highlighted - depth / ID / year / company

RAB (1796 Collars)

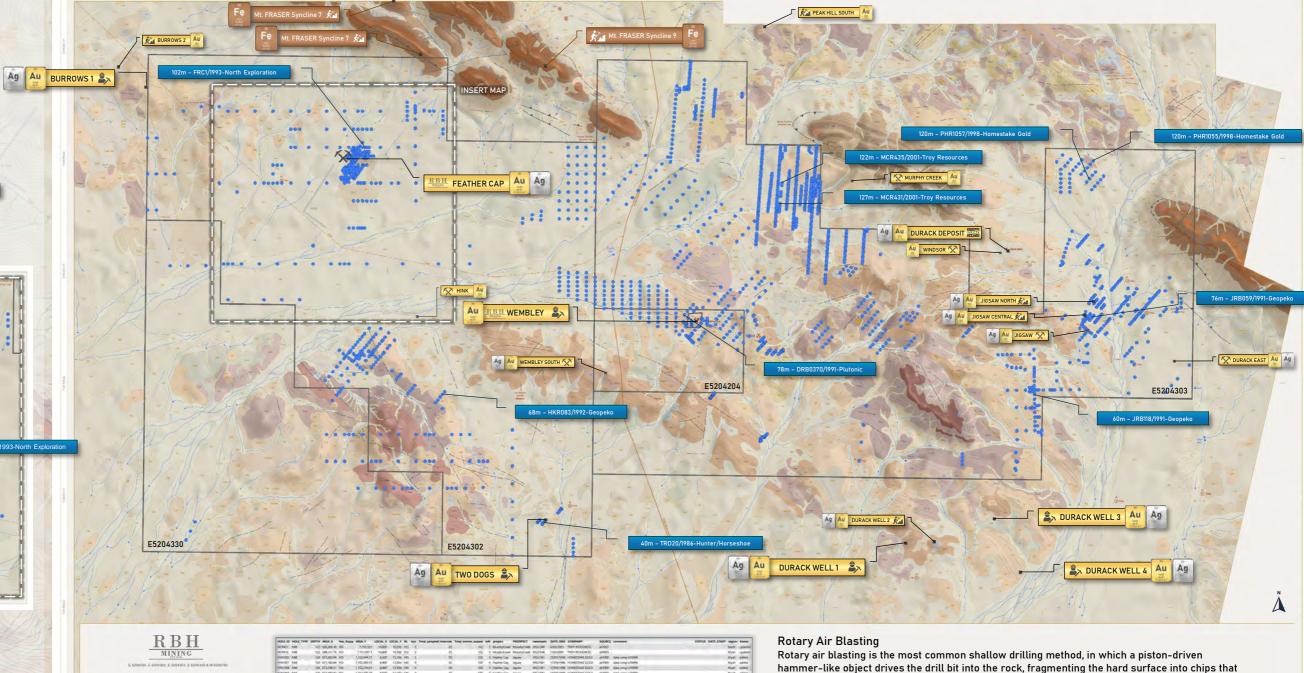


Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP





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Rotary air blasting is the most common shallow drilling method, in which a piston-driven hammer-like object drives the drill bit into the rock, fragmenting the hard surface into chips that are then lifted to the surface via compressed air. This method is ideal for drilling multiple holes in a short period of time, and less ideal for producing geological samples because the air blasting process can compromise the quality of the rock.

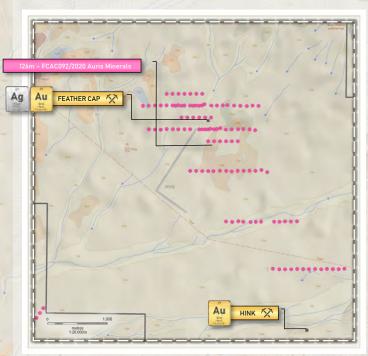




(AC) Collar Location & Depth (Historical) 318 Collars

Highlighted – depth / ID / year / company

AC (318 Collars)

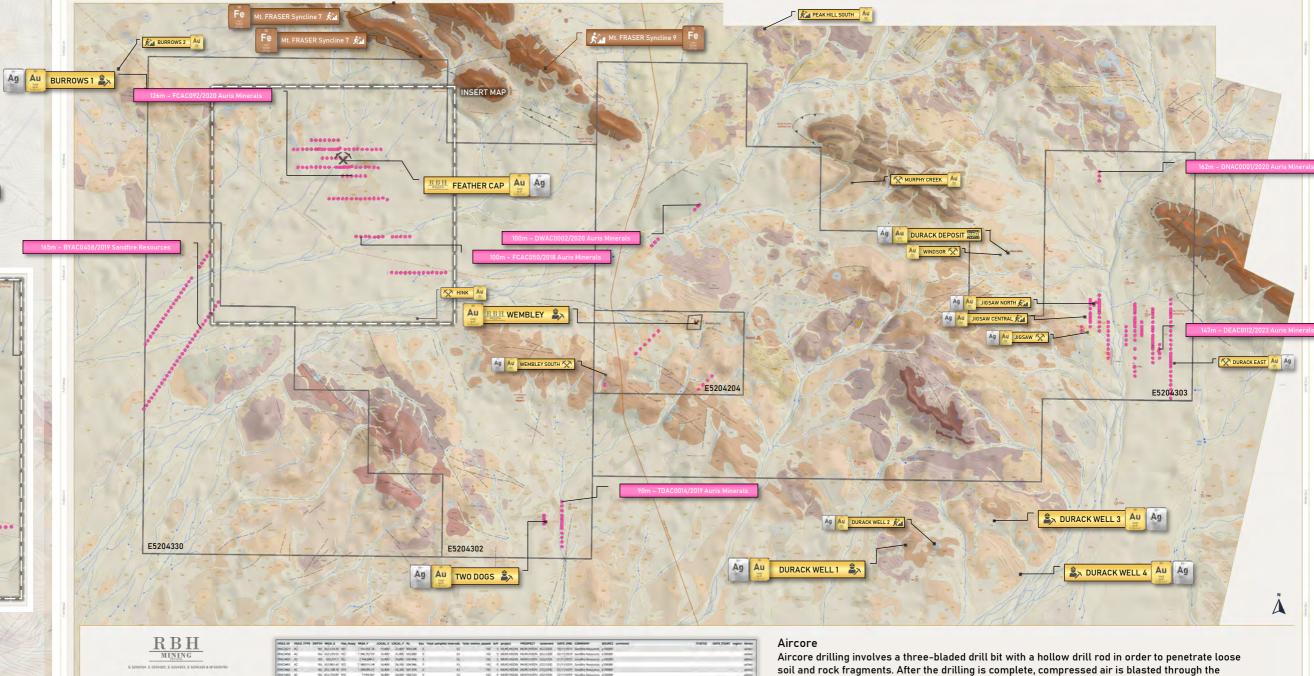


Feather Cap Prospect





Kenex



soil and rock fragments. After the drilling is complete, compressed air is blasted through the drill rod in order to bring the cuttings to the surface. While this method is typically slower than rotary air blasting, it is more precise, meaning that the samples collected are less prone to contamination.

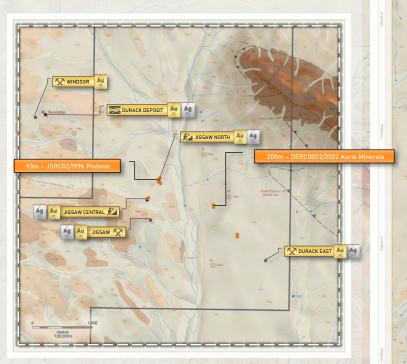




(RC) Collar Location & Depth (Historical) 20 Collars

Highlighted – depth / ID / year / compan

• RC (20 Collars)

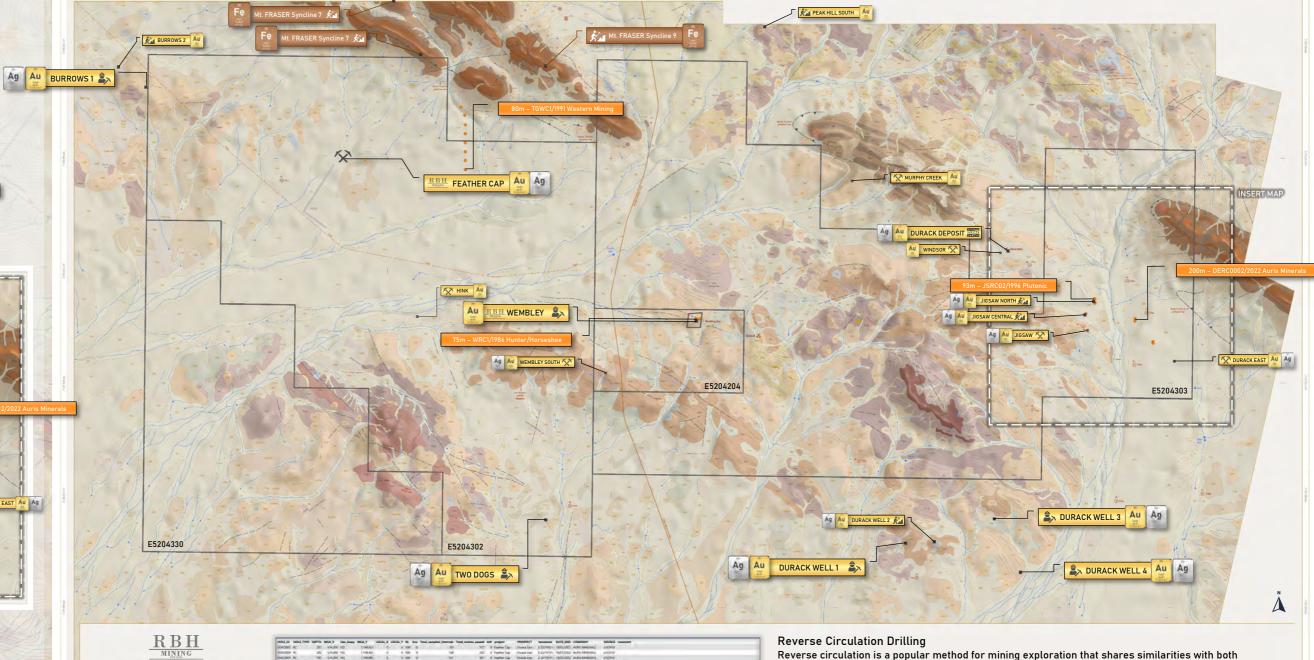


Jigsaw Prospect INSERT MAP





Kenex





Reverse circulation is a popular method for mining exploration that shares similarities with both rotary air blasting and aircore drilling. The same piston-driven hammer is used to drive the drill bit into the rock, however, the larger rigs and machinery associated with reverse circulation drilling allow for the drill bit to be driven even further into the earth. Compressed air is then used to drive the fragmented earth to the surface. This method is ideal for geological exploration, as it produces contaminant-free samples and requires less handling, resulting in cost reduction and faster turnaround times.

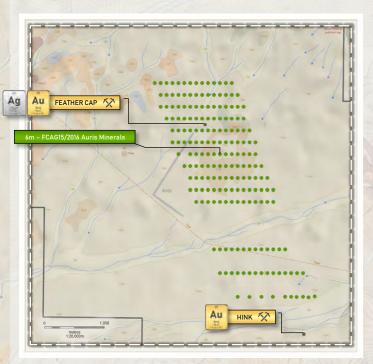




(AUG) Collar Location & Depth (Historical) 748 Collars

Highlighted - depth / ID / year / company

AUG (748 Collars)

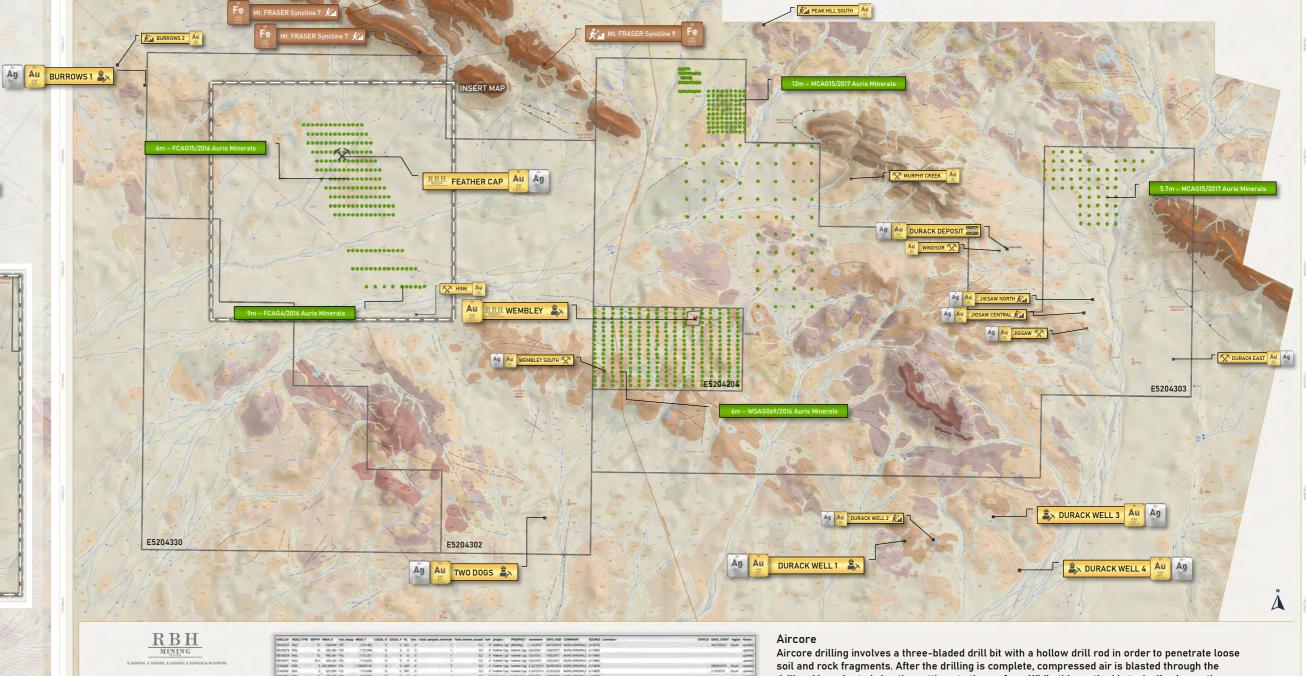


Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP





Kenex ==



Aircore drilling involves a three-bladed drill bit with a hollow drill rod in order to penetrate loose soil and rock fragments. After the drilling is complete, compressed air is blasted through the drill rod in order to bring the cuttings to the surface. While this method is typically slower than rotary air blasting, it is more precise, meaning that the samples collected are less prone to contamination.



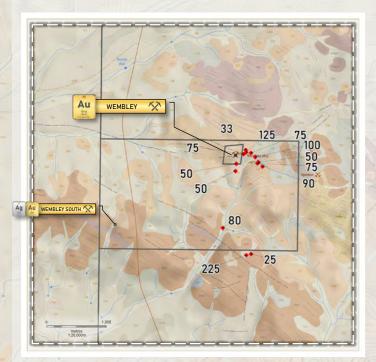


Costean Locations & Length

(Historical) 15 Costeans

Highlighted – length / ID / Name

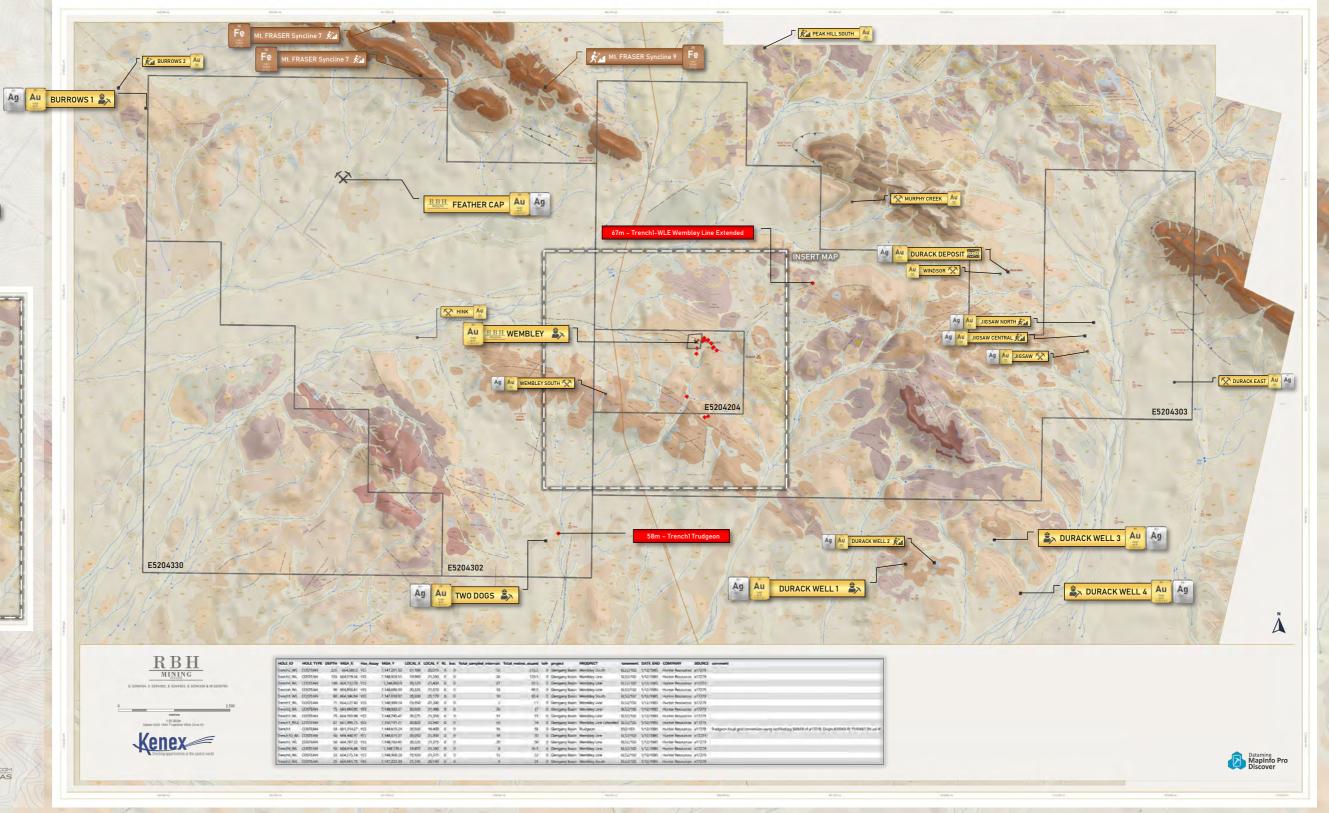
COSTEANS (



Wembley Prospect INSERT MAP









Surface Sample Locations

Soil, Lag, Rock, Stream, Float, Spoil, Vac

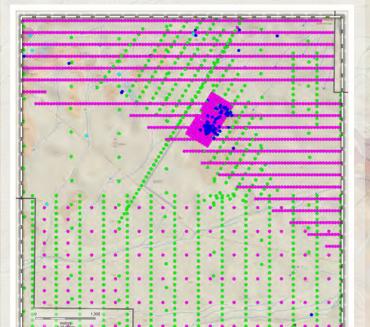
Float (3)

Spoil (1) Stream (86)

Soil

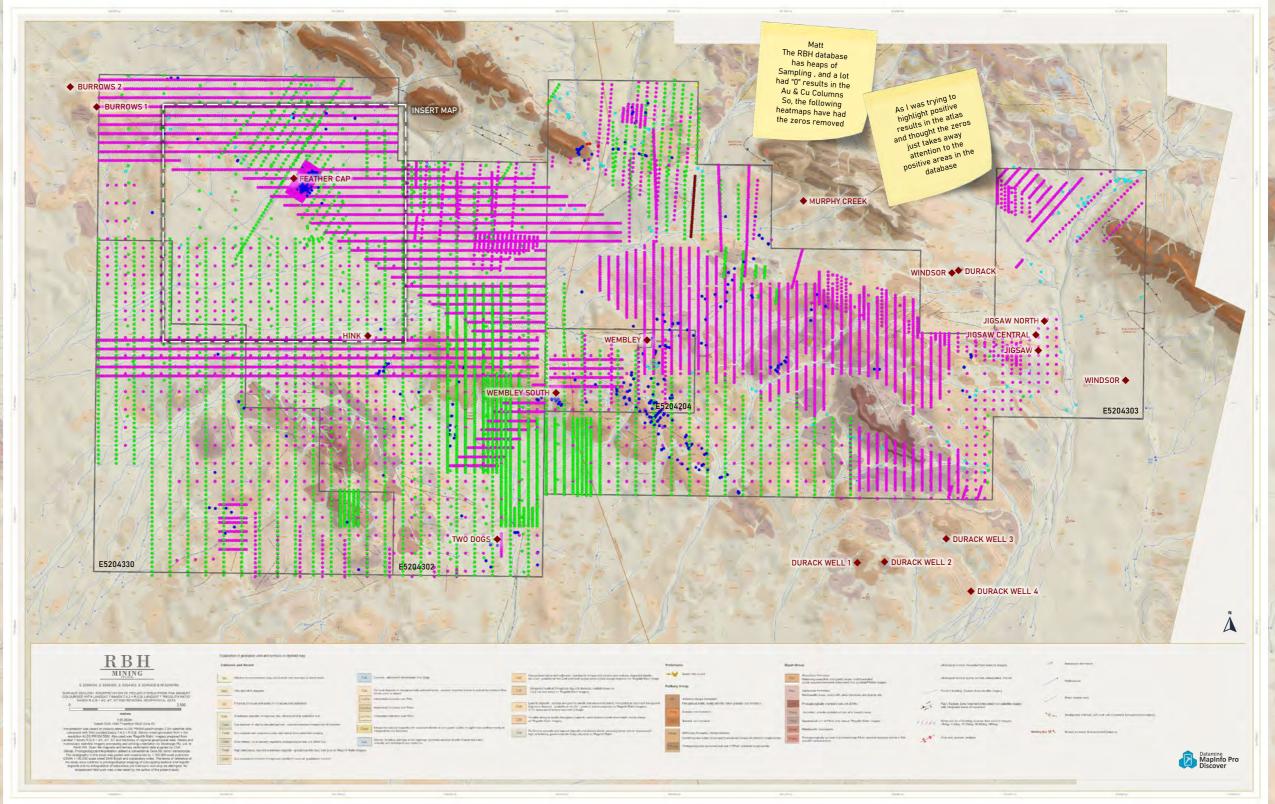
• Vac (29)

(8,902)











Surface Sample Density

Soil, Lag, Rock, Stream, Float, Spoil, Vac

(3)

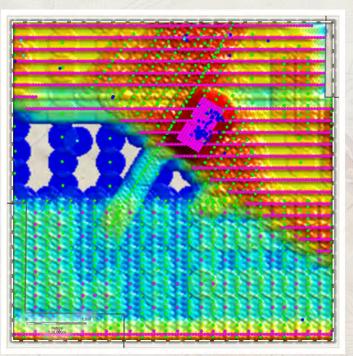
Spoil (1)

• Soil

(8,902)

• Stream (86)

• Vac (29)



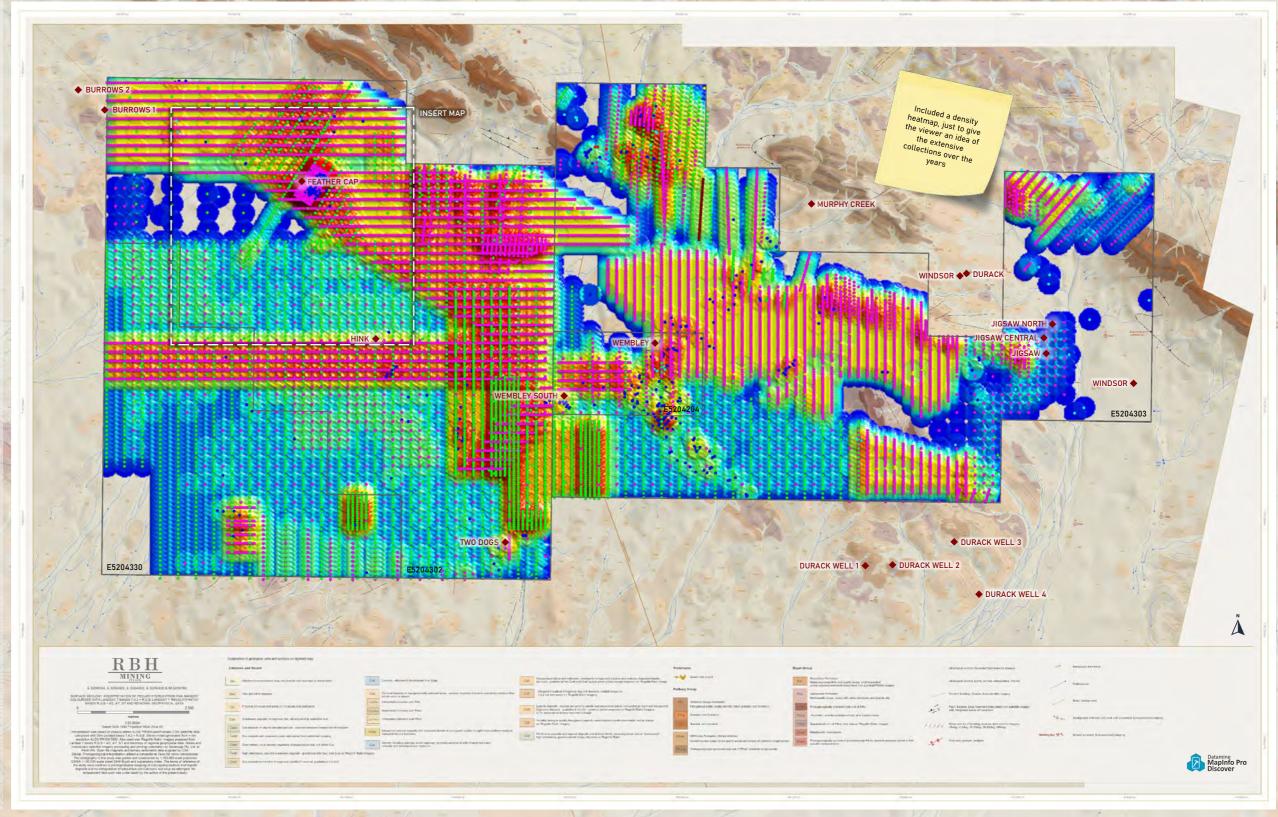
Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP



Heatmap of the Geo Chemistry sample location density





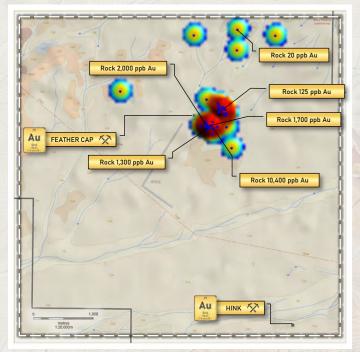


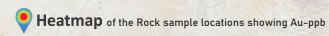




Rock Sample Locations Gold (Au-ppb)

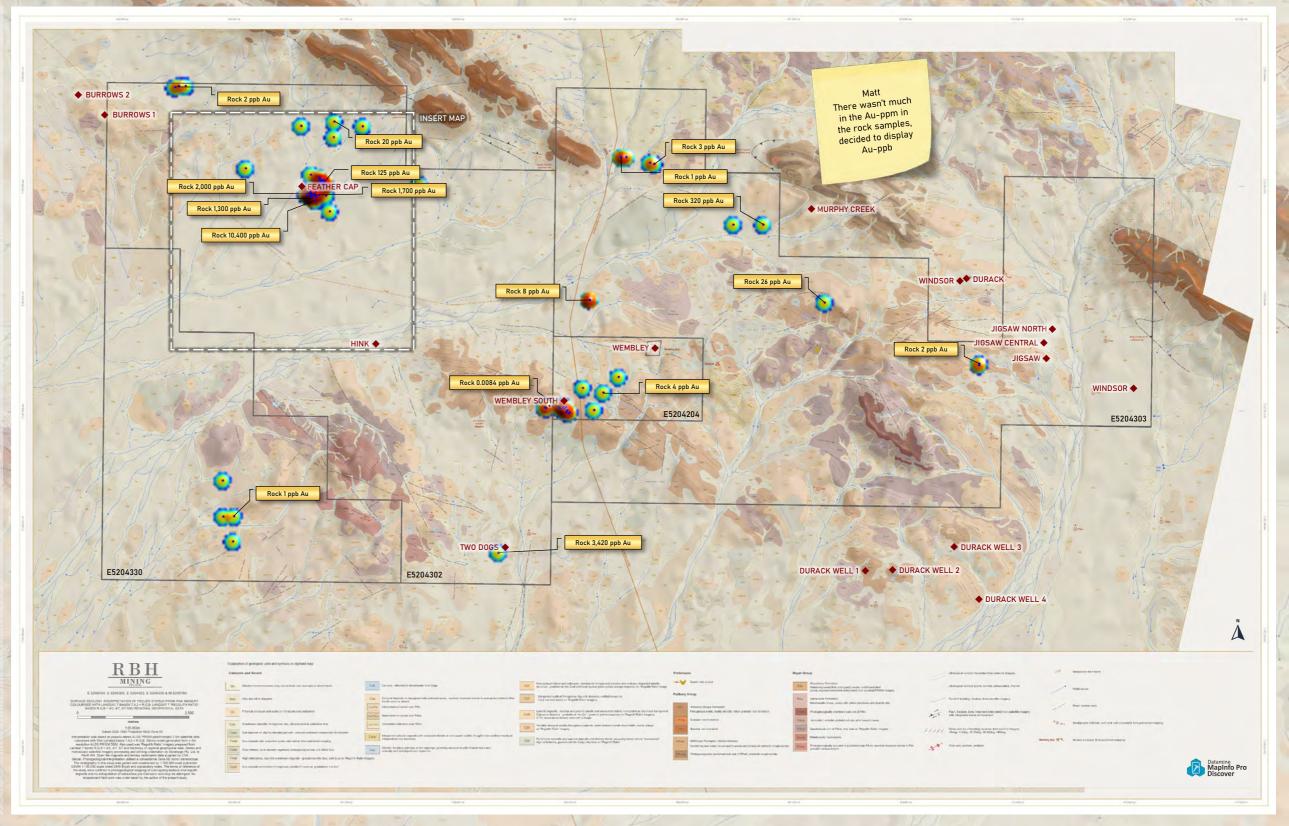
• Rock (462)









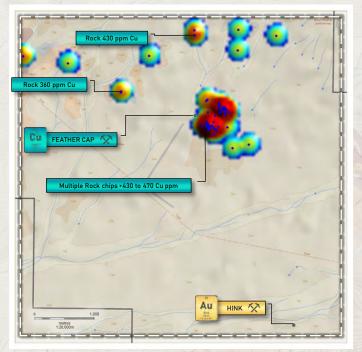


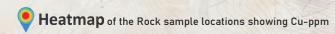




Rock Sample Locations Conner (Con Copper (Cu-ppm)

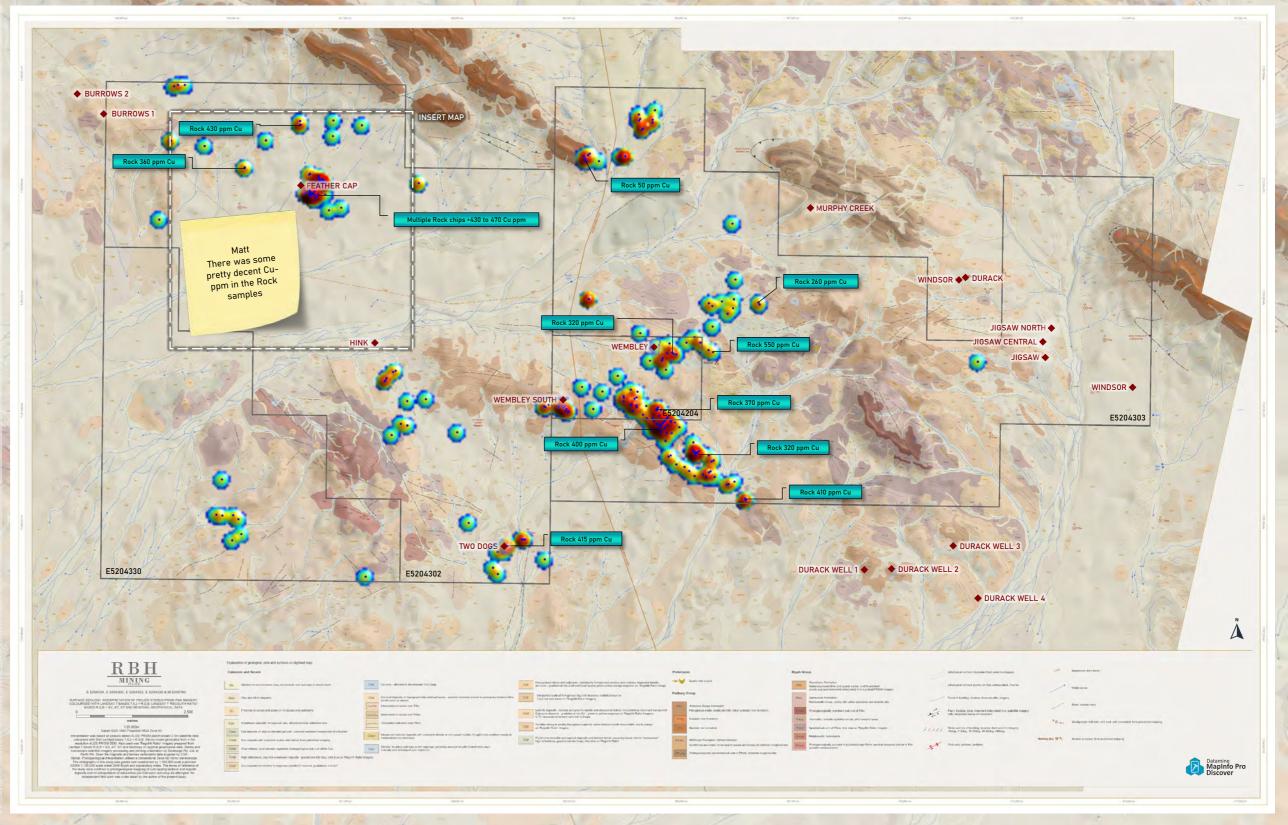
• Rock (462) with 0.1 > 47ppm Cu



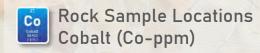




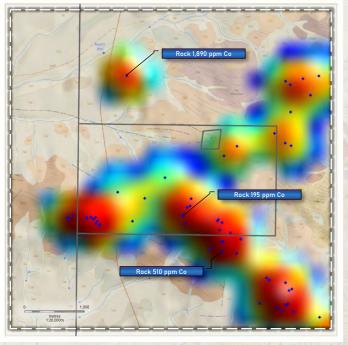




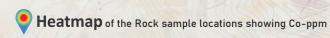




• Rock (96) with 0.5 > 1,890ppm Cu

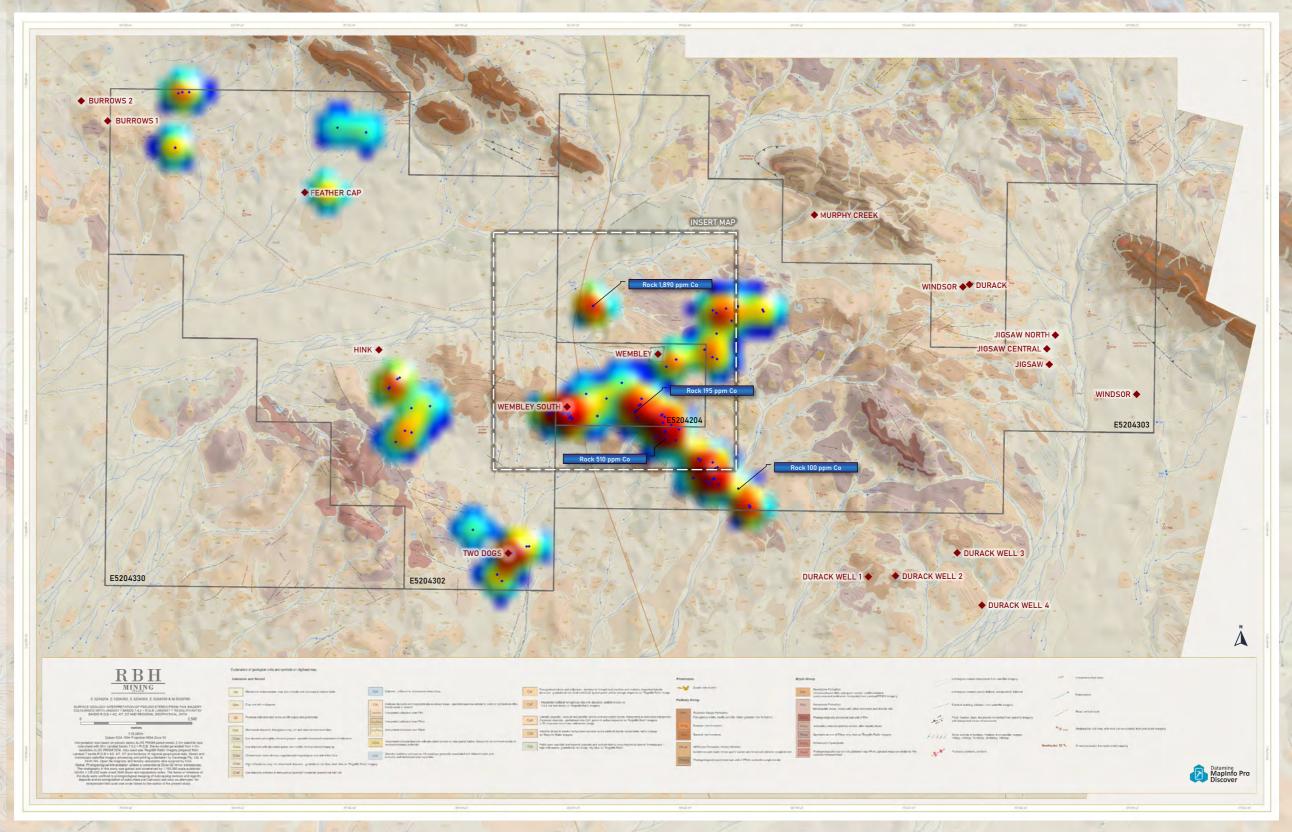


WembleyProject INSERT MAP







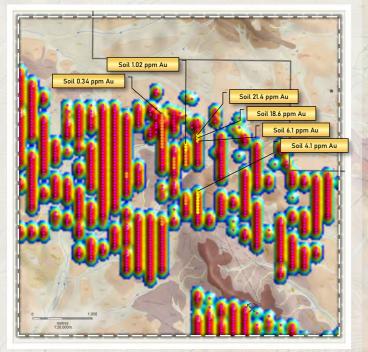




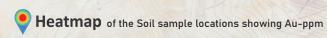


Soil Sample Locations Gold (Au-ppm)

• Soil (2137) with 0.1 > 21.4ppm Au

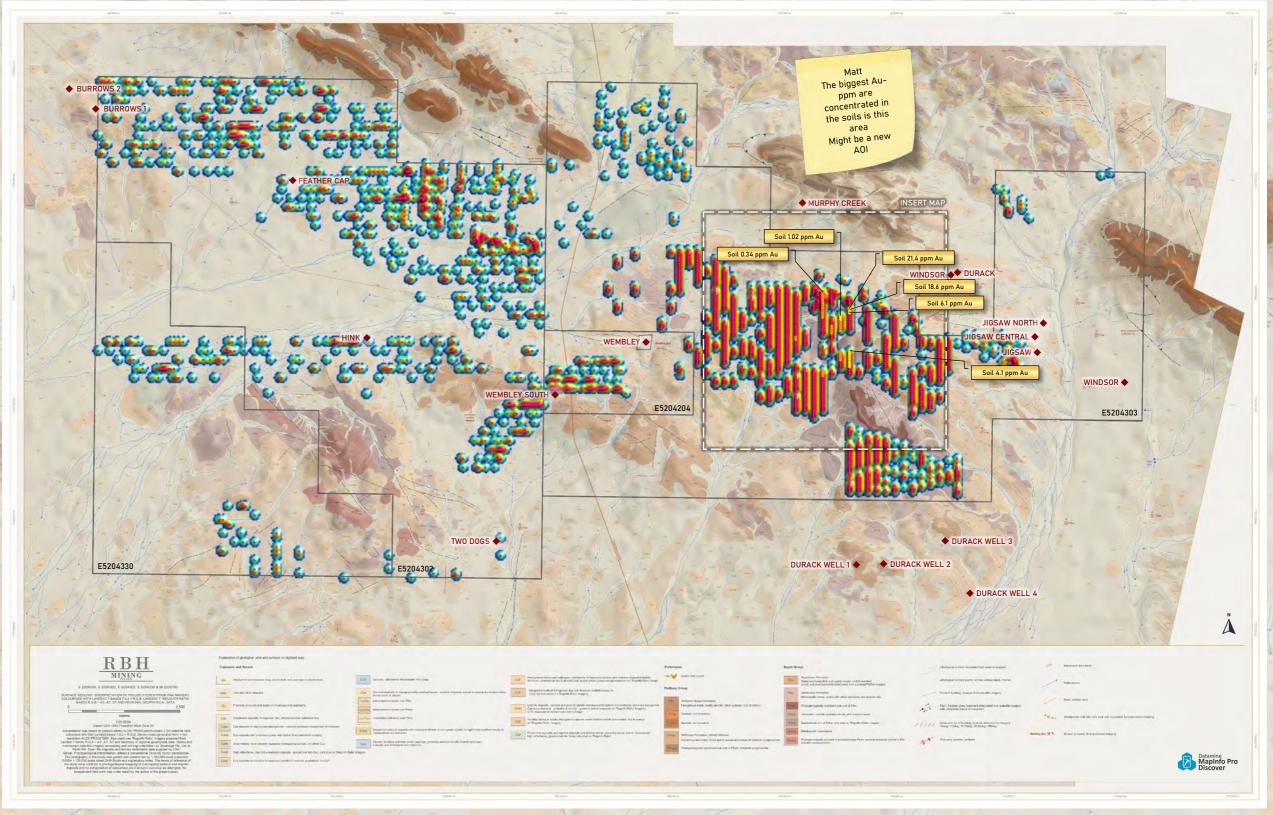


Area of Interest INSERT MAP







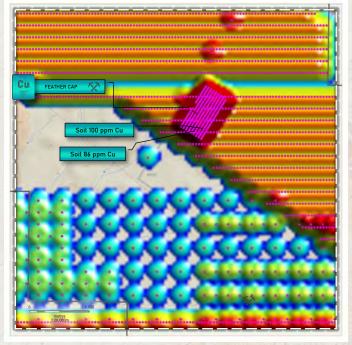


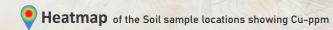




Soil Sample Locations Copper (Co. Copper (Cu-ppm)

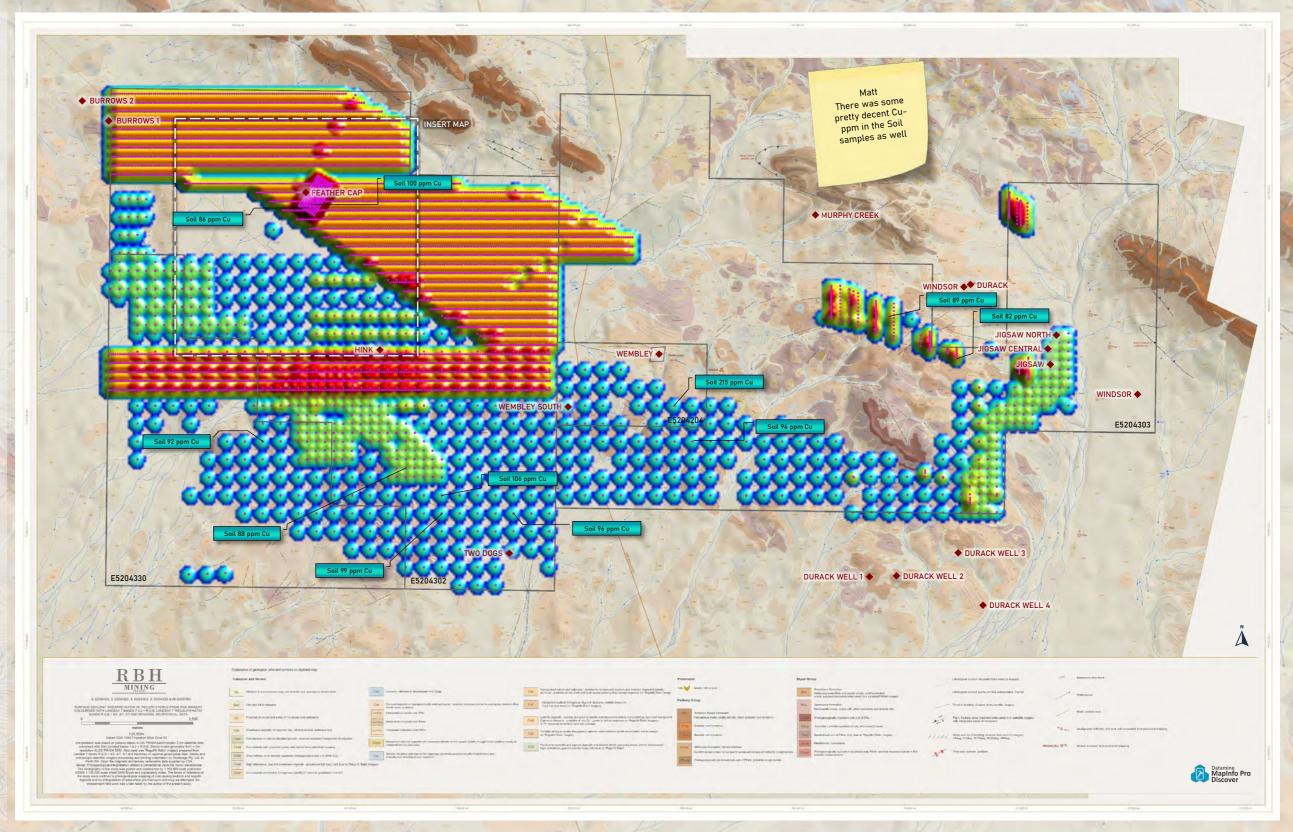
(5237) with 0.1 > 215ppm Cu









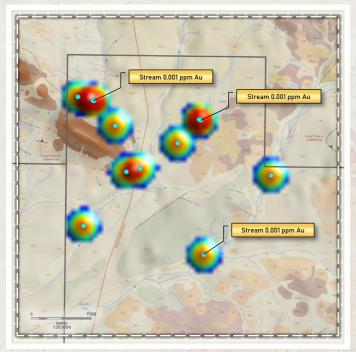




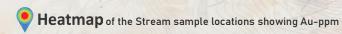


Stream Sample Locations Gold (Au-ppm)

• Stream (28) with 0 > 0.002ppm Au

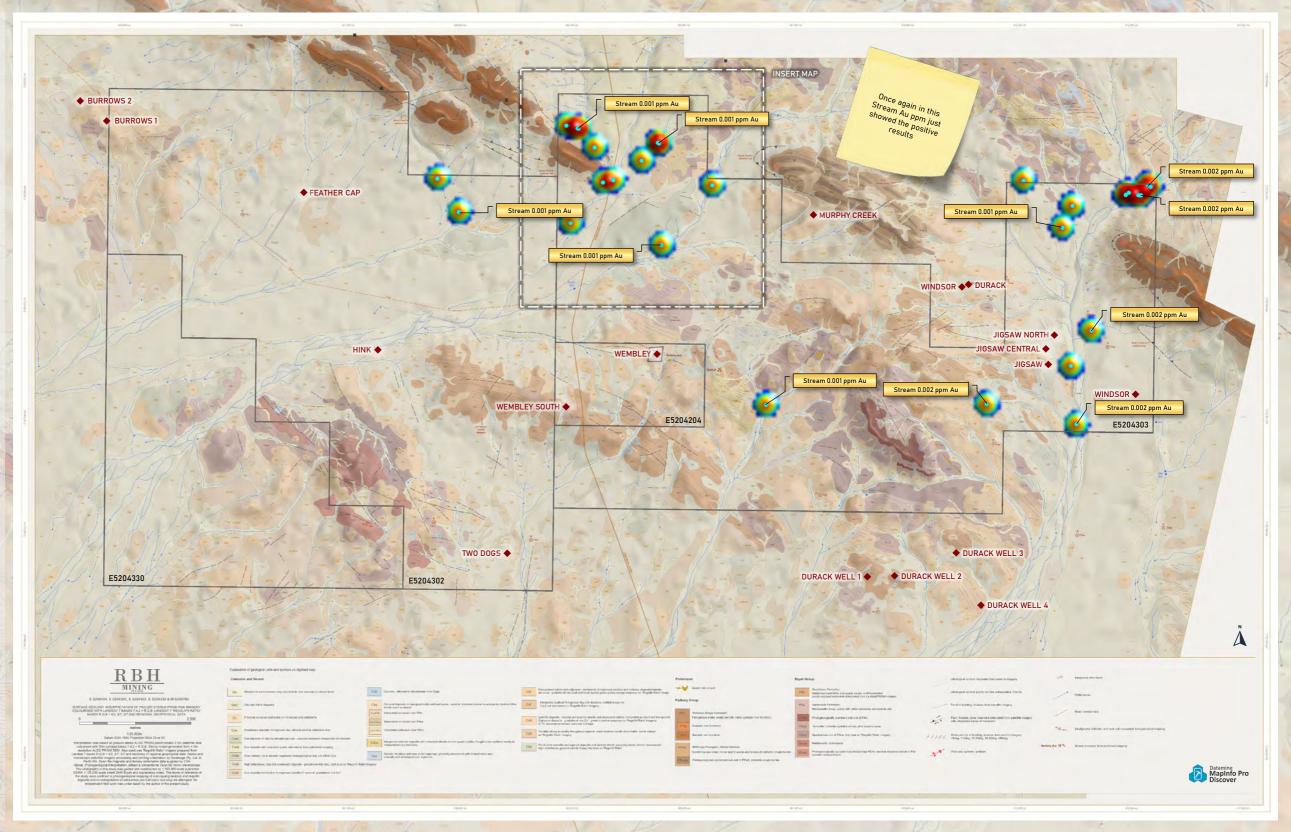


Area of Interest







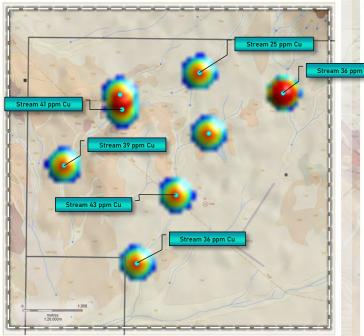




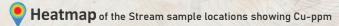


Stream Sample Locations
Conner (Cu. 757) Copper (Cu-ppm)

• Stream (10) with 0 > 43ppm Cu

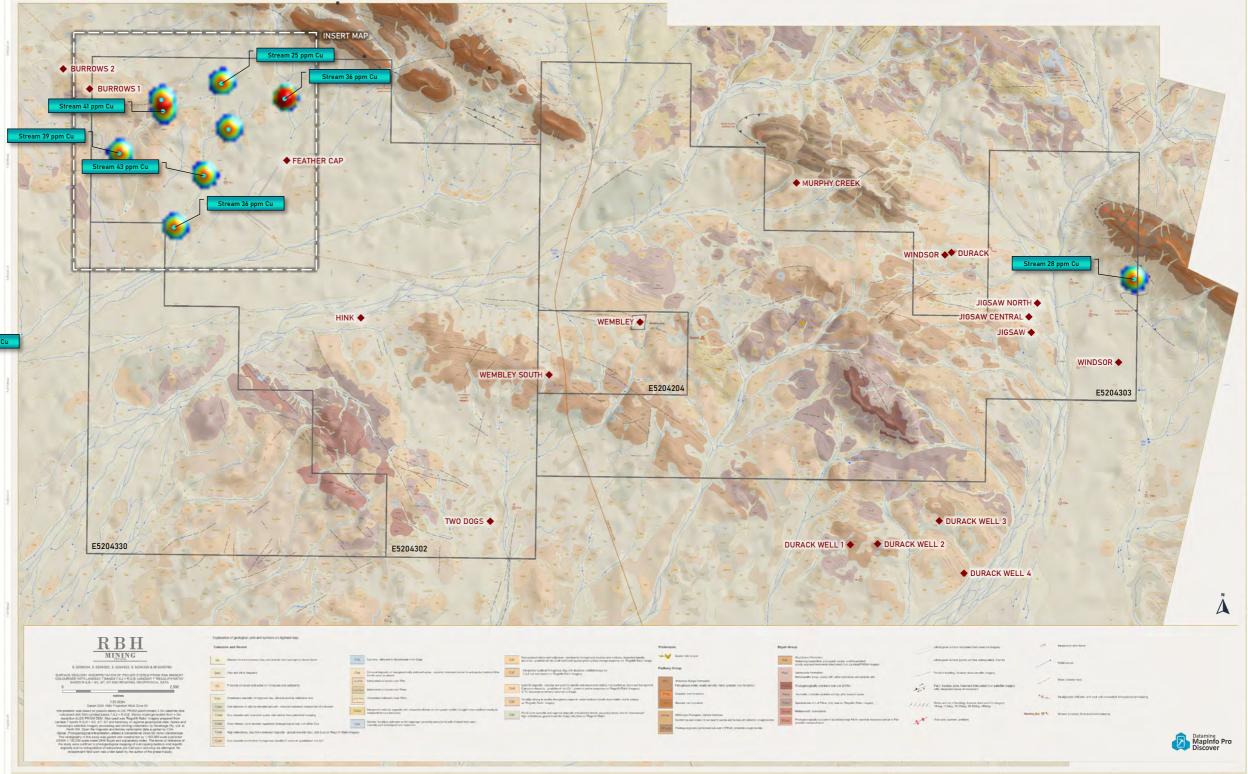


Area of Interest INSERT MAP







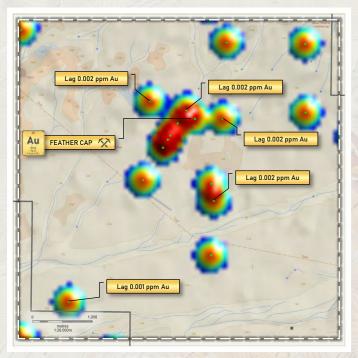


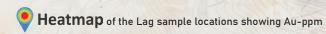




Lag Sample Locations Gold (Au-ppm)

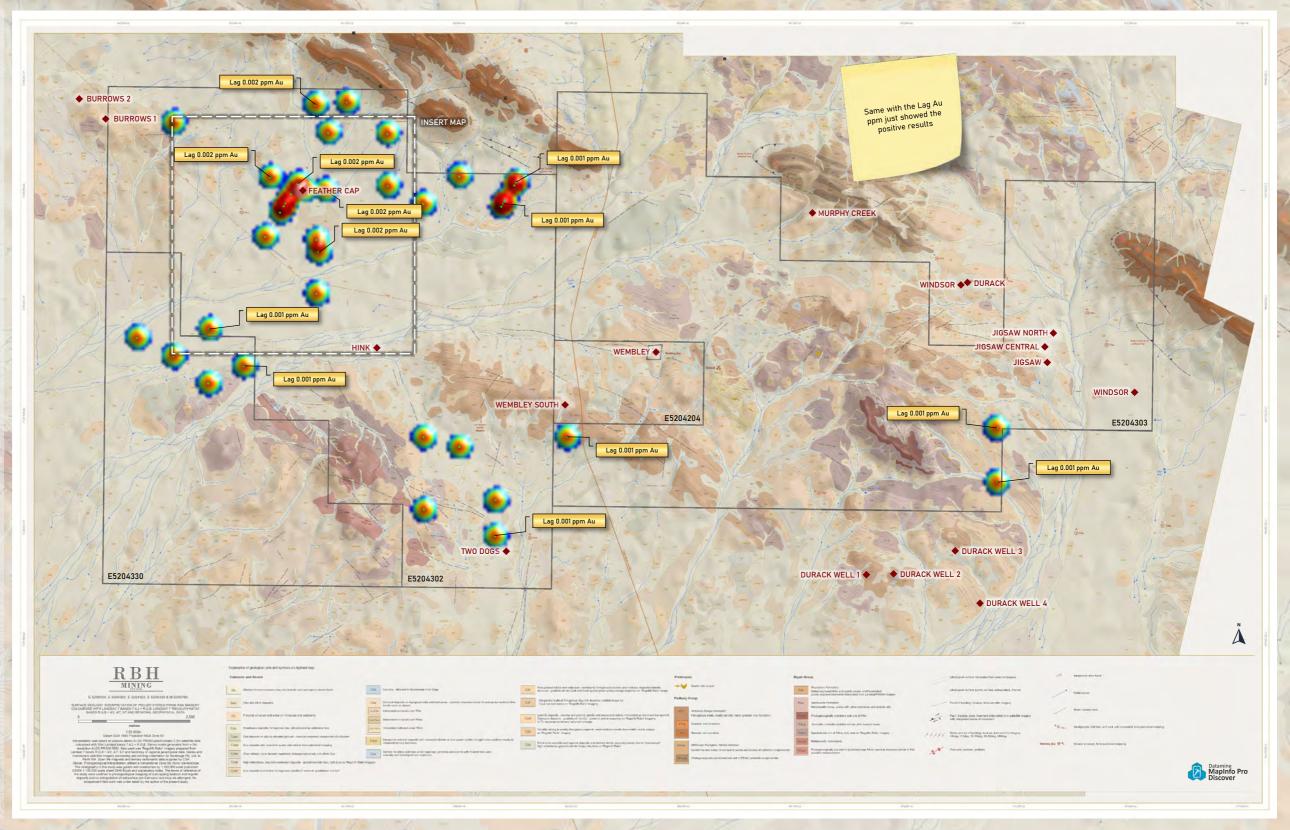
• Lag (38) with 0.001 > 0.002ppm Au



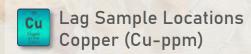


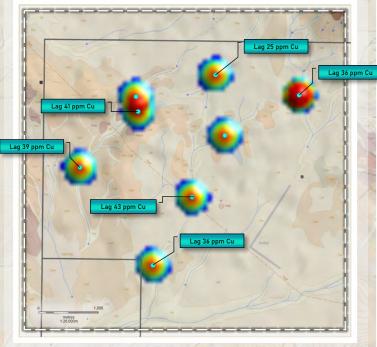










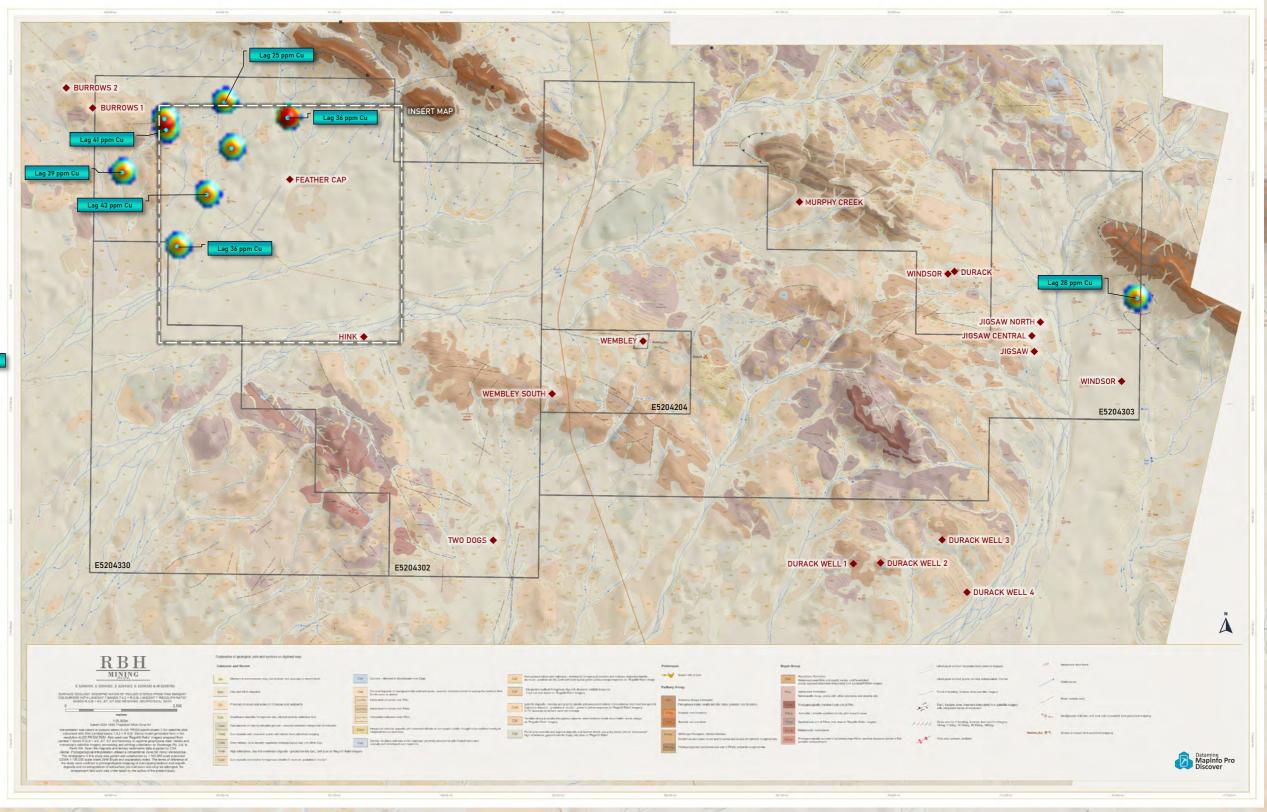


Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP

• Heatmap of the Stream sample locations showing Cu-ppm











Area of Interest Geo Chemistry

- Stream
- Lag
- Rock
- Soil

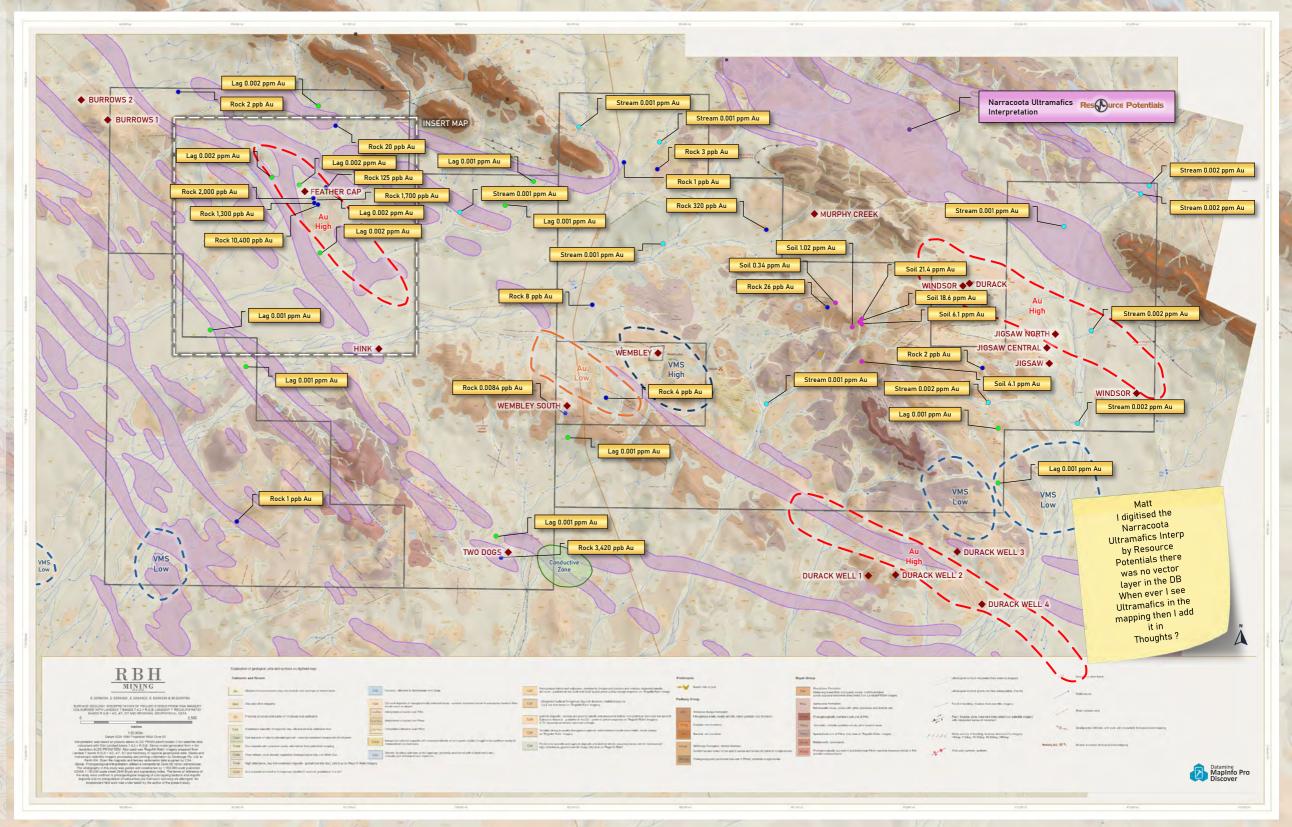


Feather Cap Prospect

Areas of Interest map showing Au highs in the Geo Chemistry Lags, Rock, Stream & Soils, also Resource potentials target areas plus, the Ultramafic Interp layer











Area of Interest Geo Chemistry

- Stream
- Lag
- Rock
- Soil

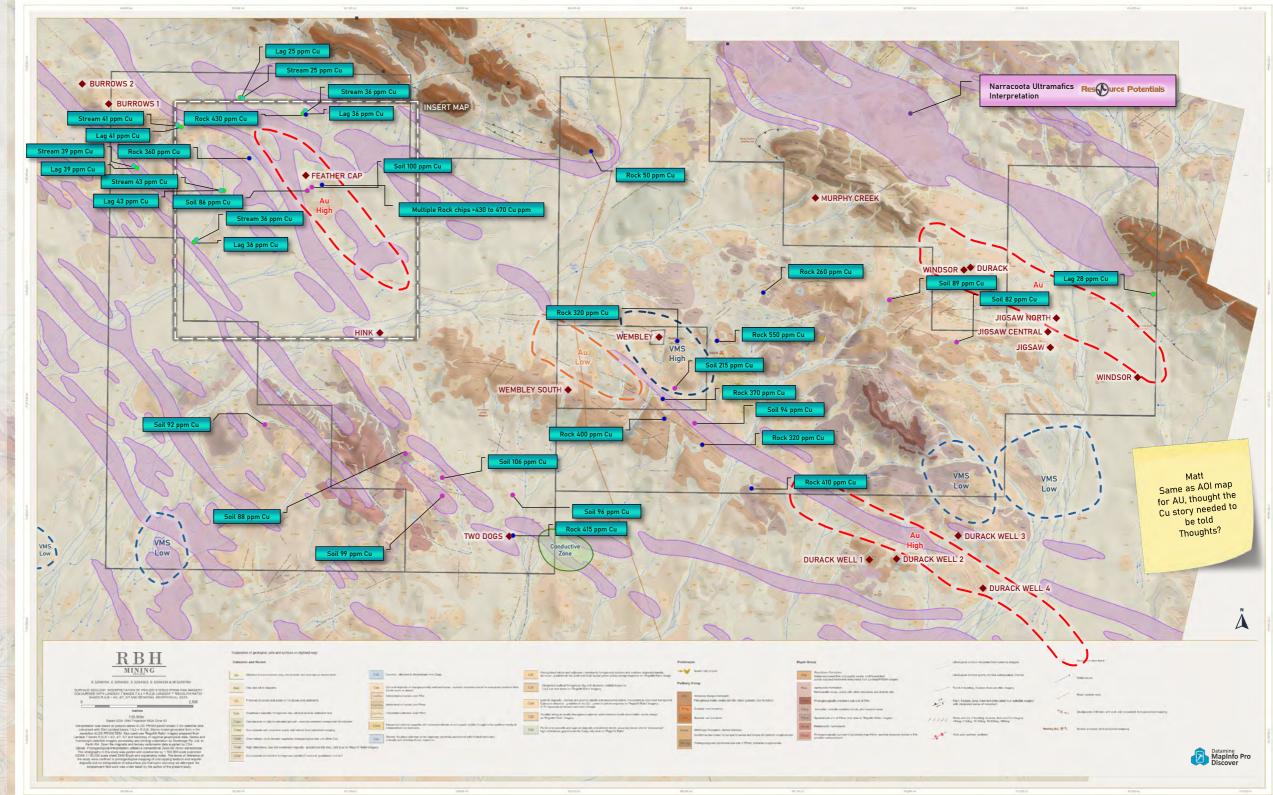


Feather Cap Prospect INSERT MAP

Areas of Interest map showing Cu highs in the Geo Chemistry Lags, Rock, Stream & Soils, also Resource potentials target areas plus, the Ultramafic Interp layer





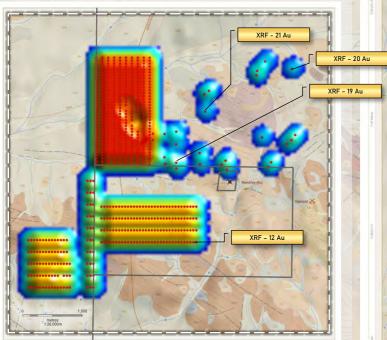






XRF Sample Locations (Au-ppm)

• XRF (624) with 1.9 > 21 Au



Wembley Prospect INSERT MAP

