

# MICRO THERMAL GAS MASS FLOWMETER

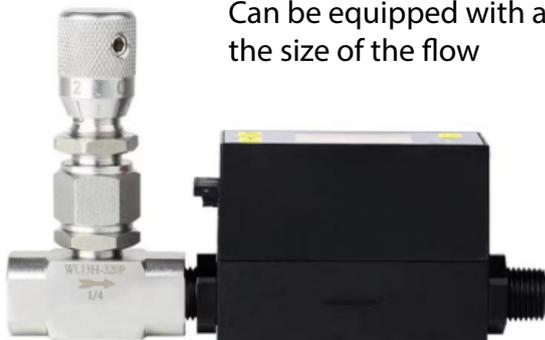
## RANGE

DN8mm: 50ml/min~10L/min

DN10mm: 0.3L/min~230L/min



Can be equipped with a micro manual regulating valve to adjust the size of the flow



## I Product introduction

Micro gas mass flow meters is specially designed for the measurement and process control of various types of small flow gases. This series of sensors are made with advanced micro-electro-mechanical system (MEMS) flow sensing chips, and are suitable for all types of clean gases. The Unique packaging technology makes it suitable for a wide range of pipe sizes, low cost, easy installation, no temperature and pressure compensation, and can replace traditional volumetric or differential pressure flow meters.

## II Product features

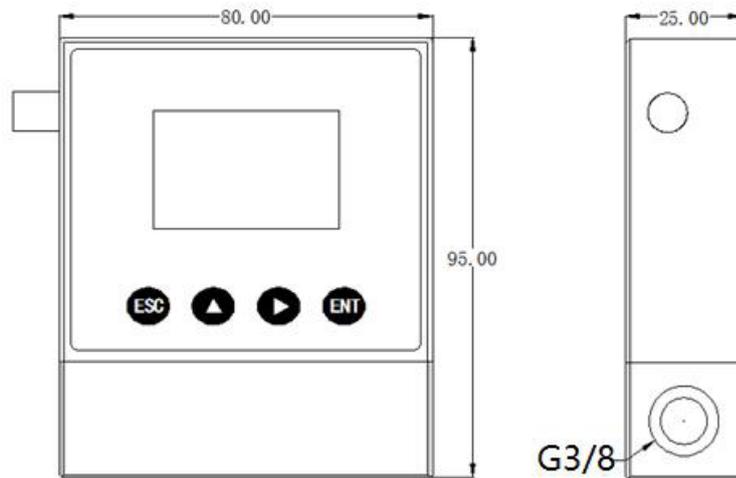
- Using MEMS flow sensor chip, the sensor has the characteristics of high precision, high sensitivity and strong anti-interference.
- This product has display screen and setting buttons, which is easy to operate and read directly.(optional)
- The zero point stability of the sensor is greatly improved compared with the ordinary thermal flow meters.
- Full range high stability.
- Full range precision and excellent repeatability.
- Combined with structural optimization, the flow meter can greatly reduce pressure loss and energy consumption compared with traditional mechanical instruments.
- LCD display instantaneous flow and cumulative flow, clear and intuitive, easy to read.
- 4~20mA standard signal output and second impulse output to choose.

## III Technical parameters

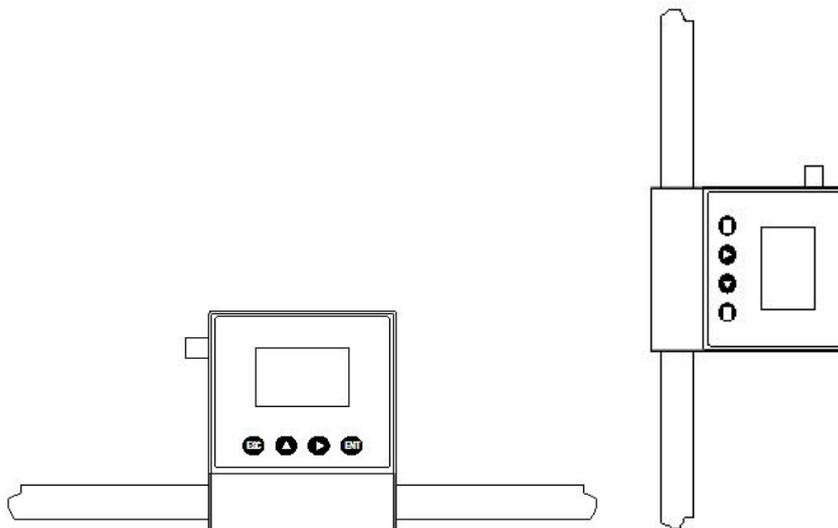
|                                |                                     |                               |                            |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| precision                      | + 1.5 + 0.2 (FS)                    | Medium temperature            | - 10 ~ 55                  |
| Response time (MS)             | 50- 1000.                           | Humidity                      | <95%RH(no frost, no icing) |
| Maximum working pressure (Mpa) | 1.0                                 | Connection                    | G3/8                       |
| Working power                  | 15v- 24v 100mA                      | The overall power consumption | < 2.4 W.                   |
| Output model                   | 4- 20mA, pulse (optional)           | Communication methods         | RS485 (Modbus protocol)    |
| Display                        | Instantaneous flow, cumulative flow | Calibration                   | Air (20°C, 101.325kPa)     |

Note: The above data were measured at 20°C, 101.32kPa, dry air

#### IV Mechanical dimensions (mm)

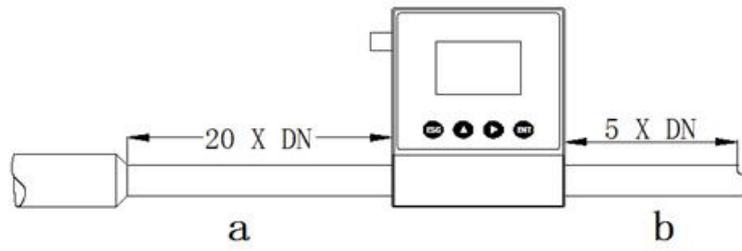


#### V installation

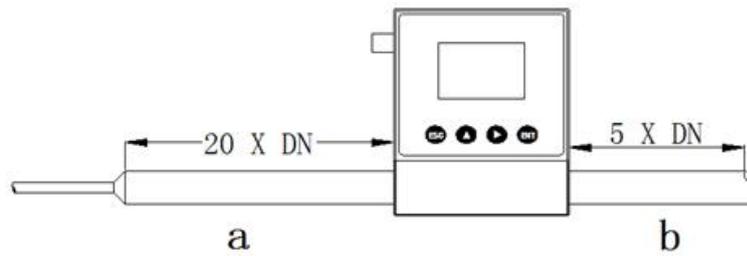


#### VI Installation Notes

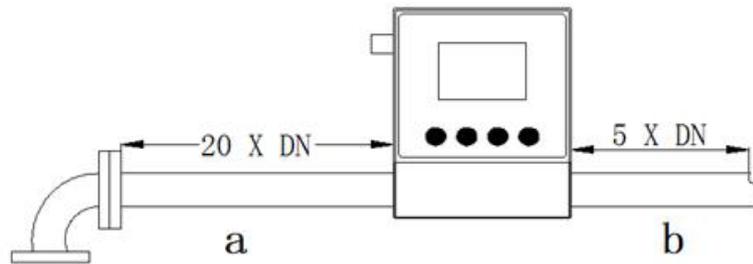
Reducing Coupling:



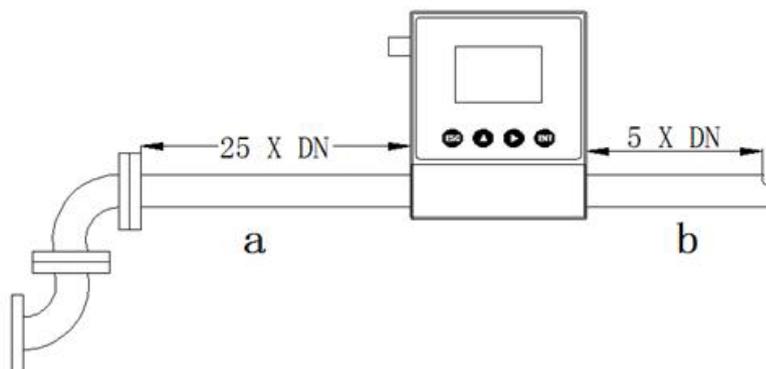
Expansion pipe:



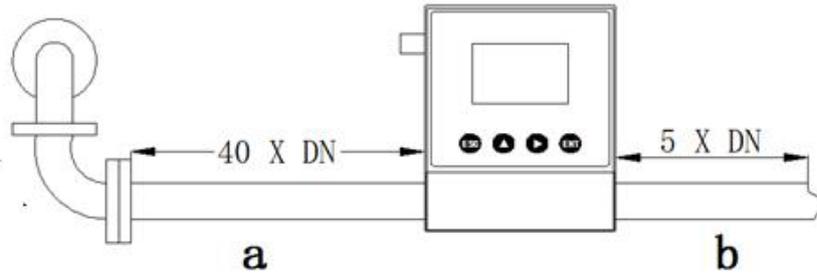
With a 90 degree joint or t-pipe:



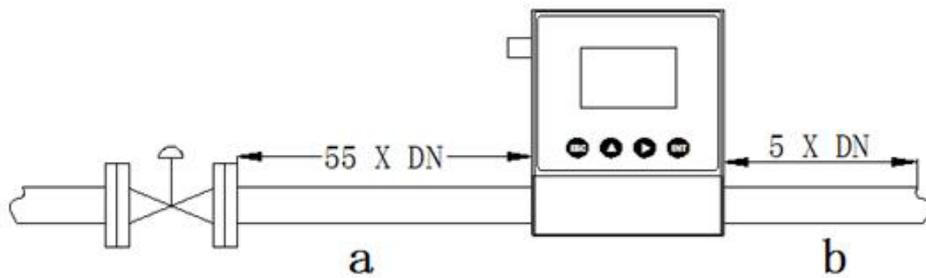
With two 90 degree joints:



With three 90 degree joints:



With control valve:

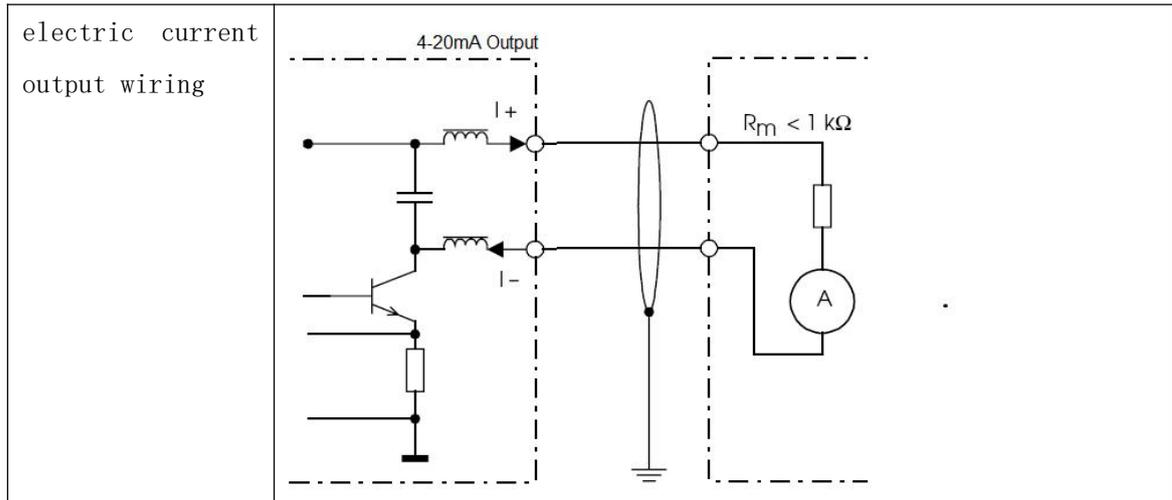


## VII Wiring diagram

### 1) Description of wiring terminal:

| logo       | meaning                      |
|------------|------------------------------|
| 1 - pi nk  | 24 V-/ electric current I-   |
| 2 - bl ack | electric current (I) +       |
| 3 - bl ue  | PE                           |
| 4 - whi te | 24V+                         |
| 5 - br own | RS485 communication output A |
| 6 - gr ay  | RS485 communication output B |

### 2) Wiring connection:



## VIII Operation instructions:

### Button Description

| logo | meaning                      |
|------|------------------------------|
| ESC  | Cancel or exit the interface |
| ▶    | The shift key                |
| ◀    | Modify/page key              |
| ENT  | Confirm/Enter key            |

### 1) Menu description

#### a) Display the menu

Flow NL/m

0.00

---

0 NL

Display instantaneous flow and instantaneous flow rate unit  
Cumulative flow and unit: Press ▶ to enter the detailed display window

V1.02 □ □ □ OK

**F** 00000030.2 NL/m

**T** 000000300. NL  
2341

**V** 00000080.2 Nm/s  
1.123v 5.23mA

All information display window  
The first line: V1.02 is the software version number, the box is the status indicator, OK indicates that the sensor is normal. Err indicates

## Table of conversion coefficients of gases with respect to air

At present, the laboratory cannot calibrate the mass flow rate according to the gas flow rate actually used by users. When the user uses, the direct output shows the actual mass flow rate or volume flow rate of the gas.

The conversion of different gases is carried out by conversion coefficient, the conversion coefficient of a single component gas can be found in the table. The following table:

|    | The gas body  | Specific heat (CAL/g °C) | Density (g/L 0°C) | Conversion factor |
|----|---|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 00 | Air Air   | 0.24                     | 1.293             | 1.0000            |
| 01 | Argon Ar  | 0.125                    | 1.6605            | 1.4066            |
| 02 | The arsenic hydride AsH <sup>3</sup>                          | 0.1168                   | 3.478             | 0.6690            |
| 03 | Boron tribromide BBr <sub>3</sub>                             | 0.0647                   | 11.18             | 0.3758            |
| 04 | Boron trichloride BCl <sub>3</sub>                            | 0.1217                   | 5.227             | 0.4274            |
| 05 | Boron trifluoride BF <sub>3</sub>                             | 0.1779                   | 3.025             | 0.4384            |
| 06 | Borane B <sup>2</sup> H <sup>6</sup>                          | 0.502                    | 1.235             | 0.5050            |
| 07 | Carbon tetrachloride CCl <sub>4</sub>                         | 0.1297                   | 6.86              | 0.3052            |
| 08 | Carbon tetrafluoride CF <sub>4</sub>                          | 0.1659                   | 3.9636            | 0.4255            |
| 09 | Methane CH <sub>4</sub>                                       | 0.5318                   | 0.715             | 0.7147            |
| 10 | Acetylene C <sup>2</sup> H <sup>2</sup>                       | 0.4049                   | 1.162             | 0.5775            |
| 11 | Vinyl C <sup>2</sup> H <sup>4</sup>                           | 0.3658                   | 1.251             | 0.5944            |
| 12 | Ethane C <sup>2</sup> H <sup>6</sup>                          | 0.4241                   | 1.342             | 0.4781            |
| 13 | Propiolic C <sup>3</sup> H <sup>4</sup>                       | 0.3633                   | 1.787             | 0.4185            |
| 14 | Propylene C <sup>3</sup> H <sup>6</sup>                       | 0.3659                   | 1.877             | 0.3956            |
| 15 | Propane C <sup>3</sup> H <sup>8</sup>                         | 0.399                    | 1.967             | 0.3459            |
| 16 | Ding acetylene C <sup>4</sup> H <sup>6</sup>                  | 0.3515                   | 2.413             | 0.3201            |
| 17 | Butene C <sup>4</sup> H <sup>8</sup>                          | 0.3723                   | 2.503             | 0.2923            |
| 18 | Butane C <sup>4</sup> H <sup>10</sup>                         | 0.413                    | 2.593             | 0.2535            |
| 19 | Pentane C <sup>5</sup> H <sup>12</sup>                        | 0.3916                   | 3.219             | 0.2157            |
| 20 | Methanol CH <sup>3</sup> OH                                   | 0.3277                   | 1.43              | 0.5805            |
| 21 | Ethanol C <sup>2</sup> H <sup>6</sup> O                       | 0.3398                   | 2.055             | 0.3897            |
| 22 | Trichloroethane C <sup>3</sup> H <sup>3</sup> Cl <sub>3</sub> | 0.1654                   | 5.95              | 0.2763            |
| 23 | Carbon monoxide   | 0.2488                   | 1.25              | 0.9940            |

|    |   |        |        |        |
|----|---|--------|--------|--------|
|    | CO  |        |        |        |
| 24 | Carbon dioxide CO <sup>2</sup>                  | 0.2017 | 1.964  | 0.7326 |
| 25 | Cyanide gas C <sup>2</sup> N <sup>2</sup>       | 0.2608 | 2.322  | 0.4493 |
| 26 | Chlorine Cl <sup>2</sup>                        | 0.1145 | 3.163. | 0.8529 |
| 27 | Deuterium gas D <sup>2</sup>                    | 1.7325 | 0.1798 | 0.9921 |
| 28 | Fluorine F <sup>2</sup>                         | 0.197  | 1.695  | 0.9255 |
| 29 | Germanium tetrachloride GeCl <sup>4</sup>       | 0.1072 | 9.565  | 0.2654 |
| 30 | Germane GeH <sub>4</sub>                        | 0.1405 | 3.418  | 0.5656 |
| 31 | Hydrogen, H. 2                                  | 3.4224 | 0.0899 | 1.0040 |
| 32 | Hydrogen bromide gets                           | 0.0861 | 3.61   | 0.9940 |
| 33 | Hydrogen chloride HCl                           | 0.1911 | 1.627  | 0.9940 |
| 34 | HF HF   | 0.3482 | 0.893  | 0.9940 |
| 35 | Hydrogen iodide HI                              | 0.0545 | 5.707  | 0.9930 |
| 36 | Hydrogen sulfide H <sub>2</sub> S               | 0.2278 | 1.52   | 0.8390 |
| 37 | Helium He                                       | 1.2418 | 0.1786 | 1.4066 |
| 38 | Krypton Kr                                      | 0.0593 | 3.739  | 1.4066 |
| 39 | Nitrogen N <sub>2</sub>                         | 0.2486 | 1.25   | 0.9940 |
| 40 | Neon Ne   | 0.2464 | 0.9    | 1.4066 |
| 41 | Ammonia NH <sub>3</sub>                         | 0.5005 | 0.76   | 0.7147 |
| 42 | Nitric oxide NO                                 | 0.2378 | 1.339  | 0.9702 |
| 43 | Nitrogen dioxide NO <sub>2</sub>                | 0.1923 | 2.052  | 0.7366 |
| 44 | Nitrous oxide <sub>2</sub> O                    | 0.2098 | 1.964  | 0.7048 |
| 45 | Oxygen O <sub>2</sub>                           | 0.2196 | 1.427  | 0.9861 |
| 46 | Phosphorus trichloride PCI <sub>3</sub>         | 0.1247 | 6.127  | 0.3559 |
| 47 | Phosphorus alkanes PH <sub>3</sub>              | 0.261  | 1.517  | 0.6869 |
| 48 | Phosphorous pentafluoride PF <sub>5</sub>       | 0.1611 | 5.62   | 0.3002 |
| 49 | Phopoci triclosan <sub>3</sub>                  | 0.1324 | 6.845  | 0.3002 |
| 50 | Silicon tetrachloride SiCl <sub>4</sub>         | 0.127  | 7.5847 | 0.2823 |
| 51 | Silicon tetrafluoride SiF <sub>4</sub>          | 0.1692 | 4.643  | 0.3817 |
| 52 | The silane SiH <sub>4</sub>                     | 0.3189 | 1.433  | 0.5954 |
| 53 | Dichlorosilane SiH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> | 0.1472 | 4.506  | 0.4095 |
| 54 | Trichlorosilicon SiHCl <sub>3</sub>             | 0.1332 | 6.043  | 0.3380 |

|    |   |        |       |        |
|----|---|--------|-------|--------|
| 55 | Sulfur hexafluoride<br>SF <sub>6</sub>      | 0.1588 | 6.516 | 0.2624 |
| 56 | So <sub>2</sub>                             | 0.1489 | 2.858 | 0.6829 |
| 57 | Titanium<br>tetrachloride TiCl <sub>4</sub> | 0.1572 | 8.465 | 0.2048 |
| 58 | Tungsten<br>hexafluoride WF <sub>6</sub>    | 0.0956 | 13.29 | 0.2137 |
| 59 | Xenon Xe                                    | 0.0379 | 5.858 | 1.4066 |



It can be equipped with a micro manual regulating valve to adjust the size of the flow. The regulating valve is made of 304 material and the working pressure can reach 5MPA.

Notice:

Working temperature: -20-55°C, PTFE sealing material is anti-corrosion type,

