

Detroit Wayne County Port Authority

Specifications Manual

Photovoltaic & Hydrokinetic Energy

Issued for Bids



PBA Project No. 2024.0064.00
August 2, 2024

5145 Livernois, Suite 100
Troy, MI 48098-3276
Tel: 248-879-5666
Fax: 248-879-0007
www.PeterBassoAssociates.com

| Division | Section Title |
|----------|---------------|
|----------|---------------|

SPECIFICATIONS GROUP

Facility Services Subgroup

DIVISION 26 - ELECTRICAL

| | |
|---------|---|
| 26 0010 | ELECTRICAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS |
| 26 0519 | CONDUCTORS AND CABLES |
| 26 0526 | GROUNDING AND BONDING |
| 26 0529 | HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS |
| 26 0533 | RACEWAYS AND BOXES |
| 26 0999 | ELECTRICAL TESTING |
| 26 2416 | PANELBOARDS |
| 26 2813 | FUSES |
| 26 2816 | ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS |
| 26 3100 | PHOTOVOLTAIC COLLECTORS |

END OF TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 26 0010 - ELECTRICAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

| | |
|---|---|
| PART 1 - GENERAL | 1 |
| 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS | 1 |
| 1.2 SUMMARY | 1 |
| 1.3 REFERENCES | 2 |
| 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE | 2 |
| 1.5 CODES, PERMITS AND FEES | 2 |
| 1.6 DRAWINGS | 3 |
| 1.7 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS | 3 |
| 1.8 INSPECTION OF SITE | 4 |
| 1.9 ITEMS REQUIRING PRIOR APPROVAL | 4 |
| 1.10 SHOP DRAWINGS/SUBMITTALS | 4 |
| 1.11 COORDINATION DRAWINGS | 4 |
| 1.12 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONAL MANUALS | 4 |
| 1.13 RECORD DRAWINGS | 5 |
| 1.14 INSTRUCTION OF OWNER PERSONNEL | 5 |
| 1.15 WARRANTY | 5 |
| 1.16 USE OF EQUIPMENT | 6 |
| 1.17 COORDINATION | 6 |
| PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT APPLICABLE) | 6 |
| PART 3 - EXECUTION | 6 |
| 3.1 COMMON REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION | 6 |
| 3.2 DEMOLITION WORK | 7 |
| 3.3 INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT | 7 |
| 3.4 WORK IN EXISTING BUILDINGS | 8 |
| 3.5 TEMPORARY SERVICES | 8 |
| 3.6 CHASES AND RECESSES | 8 |
| 3.7 CUTTING, PATCHING AND DAMAGE TO OTHER WORK | 8 |
| 3.8 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILLING | 8 |
| 3.9 EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS | 9 |
| 3.10 CLEANING | 9 |
| 3.11 PROTECTION AND HANDLING OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS | 9 |
| 3.12 EXTRA WORK | 9 |
| 3.13 DRAWINGS AND MEASUREMENTS | 9 |

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes electrical general administrative and procedural requirements. The following requirements are included in this Section to supplement the requirements specified in Division 1 Specification Sections.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. All materials shall be new. The electrical and physical properties of all materials, and the design, performance characteristics, and methods of construction of all items of equipment, shall be in accordance with the latest issue of the various, applicable Standard Specifications of the following recognized authorities:
1. ANSI - American National Standards Institute; www.ansi.org.
 2. ASTM - ASTM International; www.astm.org.
 3. CSI - Construction Specifications Institute (The); www.csiresources.org.
 4. ICEA - Insulated Cable Engineers Association, Inc.; www.icea.net.
 5. IEEE - Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (The); www.ieee.org.
 6. NEC - National Electrical Code
 7. NECA - National Electrical Contractors Association; www.necanet.org.
- a. NECA 1-2000, "Practices for Good Workmanship in Electrical Contracting (ANSI)."
8. NEMA - National Electrical Manufacturers Association; www.nema.org.
 9. NETA - InterNational Electrical Testing Association; www.netaworld.org.
 10. UL - Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; www.ul.com.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Scope of Work: Furnish all labor, material, equipment, technical supervision, and incidental services required to complete, test, and leave ready for operation the electrical systems as specified in the Division 26 Sections and as indicated on Drawings.
1. Contract Documents are complementary, and what is required by one shall be as binding as if required by all. In the event of inconsistencies or disagreements within the Construction Documents bids shall be based on the most expensive combination of quality and quantity of the work indicated.
 2. The Contractor understands that the work herein described shall be complete in every detail.
- B. Ordinances and Codes: Perform all Work in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local ordinances and regulations, the Rules and Regulations of NFPA, NECA, and UL, unless otherwise indicated.
1. Notify the Architect/Engineer if revisions to the Drawings or Specifications are required to conform to applicable ordinances, codes, or regulations. Identify the cost associated with these revisions in the bid.
- C. Source Limitations: All equipment of the same or similar systems shall be by the same manufacturer.
- D. Tests and Inspections: Perform all tests required by state, city, county, and/or other agencies having jurisdiction. Provide all materials, equipment, etc., and labor required for tests.
- E. Performance Requirements: Perform all work in a first class and workmanlike manner, in accordance with the latest accepted standards and practices for the trades involved.
- F. Sequence and Schedule: Avoid interference with the work of other trades. Remove and relocate any work which in the opinion of the Owner's Representatives causes interference.

1.5 CODES, PERMITS AND FEES

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, all required permits, licenses, inspections, approvals, and fees for electrical work shall be secured and paid for by the Contractor. All work shall conform to all applicable codes, rules, and regulations.

- B. Comply with rules of local utility companies. Coordinate with the utility company supplying service to the installation and determine all devices including, but not limited to, all current and potential transformers, meter boxes, C.T. cabinets, and meters which will be required and include the cost of all such items and all utilities costs in proposal.
- C. All work shall be executed in accordance with the rules and regulations outlined in local and state codes. Prepare any detailed Drawings or diagrams which may be required by the governing authorities. Where the Drawings and/or Specifications indicate materials or construction that exceed code requirements, the Drawings and/or Specifications shall govern.

1.6 DRAWINGS

- A. The Drawings show the location and general arrangement of equipment, electrical systems, and related items. They shall be followed as closely as elements of the construction will permit.
- B. Examine the Drawings of other trades and verify the conditions governing the work on the job site. Arrange work accordingly, providing such fittings, conduit, junction boxes, and accessories as may be required to meet such conditions.
- C. Deviations from the Drawings, apart from minor changes in routing and other such incidental changes that do not affect the functioning or serviceability of the systems, shall not be made without the written approval of the Architect/Engineer.
- D. The architectural and structural Drawings take precedence in all matters pertaining to the building structure, mechanical Drawings in all matters pertaining to mechanical trades, and electrical Drawings in all matters pertaining to electrical trades. Where there are conflicts or differences between the Drawings for the various trades, report such conflicts or differences to the Architect/Engineer for resolution.
- E. Drawings are not intended to be scaled for rough-in or to serve as shop drawings. Take all field measurements required to complete the Work.

1.7 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS

- A. All items of equipment shall be furnished complete with all accessories normally supplied with the catalog items listed and all other accessories necessary for a complete and satisfactory operating system. All equipment and materials shall be new, be standard products of manufacturers regularly engaged in the production of electrical equipment and be of the manufacturer's latest design.
- B. If an approved manufacturer is other than the manufacturer used as the basis for design, the equipment or product provided shall be equal in size, quality, durability, appearance, capacity, and efficiency through all ranges of operation, shall conform with arrangements and space limitations of the equipment shown on the plans and/or specified, shall be compatible with the other components of the system and shall comply with the requirements for Items Requiring Prior Approval specified in this section of the Specifications. All costs to make these items of equipment comply with these requirements including, but not limited to, electrical work, and building alterations shall be included in the original Bid. Similar equipment shall be by one manufacturer.
- C. Where existing equipment is modified to include new switches, circuit breakers, metering, or other components, the new components shall be by the original equipment manufacturer and shall be listed for installation in the existing equipment. Where original equipment manufacturer components are not available, third-party aftermarket components shall be listed for the application and submitted to the engineer for approval. Reconditioned or salvaged components shall not be used unless specifically indicated on the drawings.

1.8 INSPECTION OF SITE

- A. Visit the site, examine, and verify the conditions under which the Work must be conducted before submitting Proposal. The submitting of a Proposal implies that the Contractor has visited the site and understands the conditions under which the Work must be conducted. No additional charges will be allowed because of failure to make this examination or to include all materials and labor to complete the Work.

1.9 ITEMS REQUIRING PRIOR APPROVAL

- A. Bids shall be based upon manufactured equipment specified. All items that the Contractor proposes to use in the Work that are not specifically named in the Contract Documents must be submitted for review prior to bids. Such items must be submitted in compliance with Division 1 specifications. Requests for prior approval must be accompanied by complete catalog information, including but not limited to, model, size, accessories, complete electrical information, and performance data in the form given in the equipment schedule on the drawings at stated design conditions. Where items are referred to by symbolic designations on the drawings, all requests for prior approval shall bear the same designations.
 - 1. Equipment to be considered for prior approval shall be equal in quality, durability, appearance, capacity, and efficiency through all ranges of operation, shall fulfill the requirements of equipment arrangement and space limitations of the equipment shown on the plans and/or specified and shall be compatible with the other components of the system.
 - 2. All costs incurred to make equipment comply with other requirements, including providing maintenance, clearance, electrical, replacement of other components, and building alterations shall be included in the original bid.
- B. Voluntary alternates may be submitted for consideration, with listed addition or deduction to the bid.

1.10 SHOP DRAWINGS/SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit project-specific submittals for review in compliance with Division 1.
- B. All shop Drawings shall be submitted in groupings of similar and/or related items (lighting fixtures, switchgear, etc.). Incomplete submittal groupings will be returned unchecked.
- C. If deviations (not substitutions) from the Contract Documents are deemed necessary by the Contractor, the details of such deviations, the reason for the deviation, and the resulting changes shall be included with the submittal for approval.

1.11 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

- A. Submit project specific coordination drawings for review in compliance with Division 1 Specification Sections.

1.12 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONAL MANUALS

- A. Submit project specific Operation and Maintenance Instructional Manuals for review in compliance with Division 01 Specification Sections.
- B. Provide complete operation and maintenance instructional manuals covering all electrical equipment herein specified, together with parts lists. Maintenance and operating instructional manuals shall be job specific to this project. Generic manuals are not acceptable. Manual shall be provided on electronic media. All literature shall be combined in one document and shall be properly bookmarked with all applicable sections. Maintenance and operating instructional manuals shall be provided when construction is approximately 75% complete.

- C. The operating and maintenance instructions shall include a brief, general description for all electrical systems including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Routine maintenance procedures.
 - 2. Trouble-shooting procedures.
 - 3. Contractor's telephone numbers for warranty repair service.
 - 4. Submittals.
 - 5. Recommended spare parts list.
 - 6. Names and telephone numbers of major material suppliers and subcontractors.
 - 7. System schematic drawings on 8-1/2" x 11" sheets.

1.13 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. Submit record drawings in compliance with Division 01.
- B. Contractor shall submit to the Architect/Engineer, record drawings on electronic media which have been neatly marked to represent as-built conditions for all new electrical work. Modifications to original drawings shall be marked with a contrasting color so the marks are readily apparent.
- C. The Contractor shall keep accurate note of all deviations from the construction documents and discrepancies in the underground concealed conditions and other items of construction on field drawings as they occur. The marked up field documents shall be available for review by the Architect, Engineer, and Owner at their request during construction.

1.14 INSTRUCTION OF OWNER PERSONNEL

- A. Before final inspection, instruct Owner's designated personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of electrical equipment and systems at agreed upon times. A minimum of 8 hours of formal instruction to Owner's personnel shall be provided for each building. Additional hours are specified in individual specification sections.
- B. Use operation and maintenance manuals as basis for instruction. Review contents of manual with personnel in detail to explain all aspects of operation and maintenance.
- C. In addition to individual equipment training provide overview of each electrical system. Utilize the as-built documents for this overview.
- D. Prepare and insert additional data in operation and maintenance manual when need for such data becomes apparent during instruction, or as requested by Owner.

1.15 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty: Comply with the requirements in Division 01 Specification Sections. Contractor shall warranty that the electrical installation is free from defects and agrees to replace or repair, to the Owner's satisfaction, any part of this electrical installation which becomes defective within a period of one year (unless specified otherwise in other Division 26 sections) from the date of substantial completion following final acceptance, provided that such failure is due to defects in the equipment, material, workmanship, or failure to follow the contract documents.
- B. Contractor shall be responsible for any temporary services including equipment and installation required to maintain operation as a result of any equipment failure or defect during warranty period.
- C. File with the Owner all warranties from the equipment manufacturers including the operating conditions and performance capacities they are based on.

1.16 USE OF EQUIPMENT

- A. The use of any equipment, or any part thereof for purposes other than testing even with the Owner's consent, shall not be construed to be an acceptance of the work on the part of the Owner, nor be construed to obligate the Owner in any way to accept improper work or defective materials.
- B. Do not use Owner's lamps for temporary lighting except as allowed and directed by the Owner. Equip lighting fixtures with new lamps when the project is turned over to the Owner.

1.17 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate arrangement, mounting, and support of electrical equipment:
 - 1. To allow maximum possible headroom unless specific mounting heights that reduce headroom are indicated.
 - 2. To provide for ease of disconnecting the equipment with minimum interference to other installations.
 - 3. To allow right of way for piping and conduit installed at required slope.
 - 4. To ensure that connecting raceways, cables, wireways, cable trays, and busways will be clear of obstructions; and to maintain the working and access space of other equipment.
- B. Coordinate installation of required supporting devices and set sleeves in cast-in-place concrete, masonry walls, and other structural components as they are constructed.
- C. Coordinate location of access panels and doors for electrical items that are behind finished surfaces or otherwise concealed. Access doors and panels are specified in Division 8 Section "Access Doors and Frames."
- D. Coordinate electrical testing of electrical, mechanical, and architectural items, so equipment and systems that are functionally interdependent are tested to demonstrate successful interoperability.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT APPLICABLE)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 COMMON REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Measure indicated mounting heights to bottom of unit for suspended items and to center of unit for wall-mounting items.
- C. Headroom Maintenance: If mounting heights or other location criteria are not indicated, arrange, and install components and equipment to provide maximum possible headroom consistent with these requirements.
- D. Equipment: Install to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components of both electrical equipment and other nearby installations. Connect in such a way as to facilitate future disconnecting with minimum interference with other items in the vicinity.
- E. Right of Way: Give to raceways and piping systems installed at a required slope.

3.2 DEMOLITION WORK

- A. All demolition of existing electrical equipment and materials will be done by this Contractor unless otherwise indicated. Include all items related to the existing systems that are being removed such as, but not limited to, electrical equipment, cabinets, devices, lighting fixtures, conduit, fittings, boxes, wiring, and supports. No abandoned components of the electrical systems indicated to be removed shall remain.
 - 1. Where electrically powered equipment is included in the demolition scope of other trades, disconnect electrical wiring connections and remove circuit wiring complete.
- B. In general, demolition work is indicated on the Drawings. However, the Contractor shall visit the job site to determine the full extent and character of this work.
- C. Unless specifically noted otherwise, removed materials shall not be reused in the work.
 - 1. Materials indicated to be salvaged shall be carefully removed, stored, and protected from damage.
 - 2. Salvaged materials intended to be re-used shall be thoroughly cleaned, refurbished if necessary, and determined to be fully functional prior to placing back into service.
 - 3. Salvaged materials of value that are not to be reused shall remain the property of the Owner unless such ownership is waived. Items that the Owner has waived ownership shall become the property of the Contractor, who shall remove and legally dispose of same, away from the premises.
- D. Where equipment or fixtures are removed, outlet boxes that remain recessed in walls shall be properly blanked off, and conduits capped. After alterations are complete, the entire installation shall present a "finished" look, as approved by the Architect/Engineer. The original function of the present electrical systems remaining in service shall not be changed unless specifically indicated as part of the project scope.
- E. Reroute signal wires, lighting, and power wiring as required to maintain services that are to remain and/or unaffected by the renovations. Where walls and ceilings are to be removed as shown on the Drawings, the conduit is to be cut off by the Electrical Trades so that the abandoned conduit in these walls and ceilings may be removed with the walls and ceilings by the Architectural Trades. All dead-end conduit runs shall be plugged at the remaining line outlet boxes or the panels.
- F. Where new walls and/or floors are installed which interfere with existing outlets, devices, etc., the Electrical Trades shall adjust, extend and reconnect such items as required to maintain continuity of same.
- G. All electrical work in altered and unaltered areas shall be run concealed wherever possible. Use of surface raceway or exposed conduits will be permitted only where specifically indicated on the drawings or approved by the Architect/Engineer.
- H. Existing lighting shall be reused where indicated on plans. Reused fixtures shall be detergent cleaned, re-lamped, and reconditioned suitable for satisfactory operation and appearance.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT

- A. Install all equipment in strict accordance with all directions and recommendations furnished by the manufacturer. Where such directions conflict with the Drawings and Specifications, report such conflicts to the Architect/Engineer for resolution.
- B. Device Location:
 - 1. Allow for wiring devices, control devices, and fire alarm devices to be relocated within a 10' radius to accommodate final coordination with furnishings and other finish elements. Devices relocated prior to installation shall be done without additional cost to the project.

3.4 WORK IN EXISTING BUILDINGS

- A. The Owner will provide access to existing buildings as required. Access requirements to occupied buildings shall be identified on the project schedule. The Contractor, once Work is started in the existing building, shall complete same without interruption to return work areas as soon as possible to Owner.
- B. Adequately protect and preserve all existing and newly installed Work. Promptly repair any damage to same at Contractor's expense.
- C. Consult with the Owner's Representative as to the methods of carrying on the Work so as not to interfere with the Owner's operation any more than necessary. Accordingly, all service lines shall be kept in operation as long as possible and the services shall only be interrupted at such time as will be designated by the Owner's Representative.

3.5 TEMPORARY SERVICES

- A. Provide and remove upon completion of the project, following the general conditions and as described in Division 01, a complete temporary electrical and telephone service during construction.

3.6 CHASES AND RECESSES

- A. Provided by the architectural trades, but the Contractor shall be responsible for their accurate location and size.

3.7 CUTTING, PATCHING AND DAMAGE TO OTHER WORK

- A. Refer to General Conditions for requirements.
- B. All cutting, patching, and repair work shall be performed by the Contractor through approved, qualified subcontractors. Contractor shall include full cost of same in bid.

3.8 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILLING

- A. Provide all excavation, trenching, tunneling, dewatering, and backfilling required for the electrical work. Coordinate the work with other excavating and backfilling in the same area.
- B. Where conduit is installed less than 2'6" below the surface of pavement, provide concrete encasement, 4" minimum coverage, all around or as shown on the electrical Drawings.
- C. Backfill all excavations with well-tamped granular material. Backfill all excavations under wall footings with lean mix concrete up to underside of footings and extend concrete within excavation a minimum of four (4) feet each side of footing. Granular backfill shall be placed in layers not more than 8 inches in thickness, 95 percent compaction throughout with approved compaction equipment. Tamp, roll as required. Excavated material shall not be used.
- D. Backfill all excavations inside building, under drives, and parking areas with well-tamped granular material. Granular backfill shall be placed in layers not more than 8 inches in thickness, 95 percent compaction throughout with approved compaction equipment. Tamp, roll as required. Excavated material shall not be used.
- E. Backfill outside building with granular material to a height 12 inches over top of pipe compacted to 95 percent compaction as specified above. Backfill remainder of excavation with unfrozen excavated material in such a way as to prevent settling.

3.9 EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections to equipment and other items included in the work in accordance with the approved shop Drawings and rough-in measurements furnished by the manufacturers of the particular equipment furnished. All additional connections not shown on the Drawings, but called out by the equipment manufacturer's shop Drawings shall be provided.

3.10 CLEANING

- A. All debris shall be removed daily as required to maintain the work area in a neat, orderly condition.
- B. Final cleanup shall include, but not be limited to, washing of fixture lenses or louvers, switchboards, substations, motor control centers, panels, etc. Fixture reflectors and lenses or louvers shall be left with no water marks or cleaning streaks.

3.11 PROTECTION AND HANDLING OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- A. Equipment and materials shall be protected from theft, injury, or damage.
- B. Protect conduit openings with temporary plugs or caps.
- C. Provide adequate storage for all equipment and materials delivered to the job site. Location of the space will be designated by the Owner's representative or Architect/Engineer. Equipment set in place in unprotected areas must be provided with temporary protection.

3.12 EXTRA WORK

- A. For additional electrical work which may be proposed or requested, furnish an itemized cost breakdown of material and labor required to complete the work. Proceed only after receiving a written authorization.
- B. Before providing an itemized break-down for additional electrical work, submit unit prices for the following items: 1/2", 3/4", 1", 1-1/2" EMT conduit; #12, #10, #8, #6, #2 building wire; duplex receptacles, GFCI receptacles, data box and raceway, fire alarm audible/visual notification appliance and visual notification appliance, clocks and speakers, and other common electrical work which may be anticipated for any future revisions. These unit costs, once agreed to, shall be applied to additions and deducts for all project change orders.

3.13 DRAWINGS AND MEASUREMENTS

- A. The Drawings are not intended to be scaled for rough-in measurements nor to serve as Shop Drawings. Field measurements necessary for ordering materials and fitting the installation to the building construction and arrangement are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall check latest Architectural Drawings and locate light switches from same where door swings are different from Electrical Drawings.

END OF SECTION 26 0010

SECTION 26 0519 - CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

| | |
|--|---|
| PART 1 - GENERAL | 1 |
| 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS | 1 |
| 1.2 SUMMARY | 1 |
| 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS | 1 |
| 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS | 2 |
| 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE | 2 |
| PART 2 - PRODUCTS | 2 |
| 2.1 COPPER BUILDING WIRE | 2 |
| 2.2 ALUMINUM BUILDING WIRE | 2 |
| 2.3 METAL-CLAD CABLE, TYPE MC | 3 |
| 2.4 PHOTOVOLTAIC CABLE, TYPE PV | 4 |
| 2.5 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES | 4 |
| PART 3 - EXECUTION | 4 |
| 3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS | 4 |
| 3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS | 4 |
| 3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES | 5 |
| 3.4 CONNECTIONS | 6 |
| 3.5 IDENTIFICATION | 6 |
| 3.6 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS | 6 |
| 3.7 FIRESTOPPING | 6 |
| 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL | 7 |

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

1. Building wires and cables rated 600V and less.
2. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 26 Section "Medium-Voltage Cables" for single-conductor and multiconductor cables, cable splices, and terminations for electrical distribution systems with 2001 to 35,000 V.
2. Division 26 Section "Control-Voltage Electrical Power Cables" for multi-conductor cables for electrical control and communications systems operating at 70V and less.
3. Division 27 Section "Communications Horizontal Cabling" for cabling used for voice and data circuits.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit letter of compliance (intent) for copper and aluminum building wire.
- B. Provide product data for the following:

1. Metal-Clad Cable, Type MC
2. Photovoltaic Cable, Type PV

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Field Quality-Control Test Reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 COPPER BUILDING WIRE

- A. Description: Flexible, insulated and uninsulated, drawn copper current-carrying conductor with an overall insulation layer or jacket, or both, rated 600 V or less.
- B. Standards:
 1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
 2. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."
- C. Conductors: Copper, complying with ASTM B 3 for bare annealed copper and with ASTM B 8 for stranded conductors.
- D. Conductor Insulation:
 1. Type THHN/THWN-2: Comply with UL 83.
 2. Type THW/THW-2: Comply with NEMA WC-70/ICEA S-95-658 and UL 83.
 3. Type XHHW-2: Comply with UL 44.

2.2 ALUMINUM BUILDING WIRE

- A. Description: Flexible, insulated and uninsulated, drawn aluminum current-carrying conductor with an overall insulation layer or jacket, or both, rated 600 V or less.
 1. Allowed only for conductors used in feeders 100A and larger.
- B. Manufacturers:
 1. General Cable
 2. Southwire
- C. Standards:

1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
 2. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."
- D. Conductors: Aluminum, complying with ASTM B 800 and ASTM B 801.
- E. Conductor Insulation:
1. Type XHHW-2: Comply with UL 44.

2.3 METAL-CLAD CABLE, TYPE MC

- A. Description: A factory assembly of one or more current-carrying insulated conductors in an overall metallic sheath.
- B. Manufacturers:
1. AFC Cable Systems
 2. Alpha Wire Company
 3. American Bare Conductor
 4. Belden
 5. Encore
 6. General Cable
 7. Okonite
 8. Service Wire Co.
 9. Southwire Company
- C. Standards:
1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
 2. Comply with UL 1569.
 3. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."
- D. Circuits:
1. Single circuit and multi-circuit with color-coded conductors for branch circuit distribution.
 2. Power-Limited Fire-Alarm Circuits: Comply with UL 1424.
- E. Conductors:
1. Copper, complying with ASTM B 3 for bare annealed copper and with ASTM B 8 for stranded conductors.
 2. Aluminum, complying with ASTM B 800 and ASTM B 801 for conductors #1 AWG and larger.
- F. Ground Conductor: Insulated. Ground conductor sized as indicated on drawings (reduced ground conductor is not acceptable).
- G. Conductor Insulation:
1. Type TFN/THHN/THWN-2: Comply with UL 83.
 2. Type XHHW-2: Comply with UL 44.
- H. Armor: Steel OR Aluminum, interlocked.

2.4 PHOTOVOLTAIC CABLE, TYPE PV

- A. Description: Flexible, insulated and uninsulated, drawn copper current-carrying conductor with an overall insulation layer or jacket, or both, rated 600 V.
- B. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Encore
 - 2. General Cable
 - 3. Service Wire Co,
 - 4. Southwire Company
- C. Standards:
 - 1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
 - 2. RoHS compliant.
 - 3. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."
- D. Conductors: Copper, complying with ASTM B 3 for bare annealed copper and with ASTM B 8 for stranded conductors.
- E. Conductor Insulation: Comply with UL 44 and UL 4703.

2.5 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

- A. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS

- A. Refer to application schedule on the drawings
- B. If providing aluminum feeders, contractor is responsible for providing correct feeder, equipment ground and conduit size based on voltage drop and any de-rating required.
- C. Feeders and Branch Circuits: Solid or stranded for No. 12 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 10 AWG and larger.
- D. Each feeder shall be of the same conductor and insulation material (phase, neutral, and parallel).
- E. Use conductor not smaller than 14 AWG for 120V control circuits.
- F. Where equipment is listed for use with copper conductors only, use copper conductors for the entire length of feeder.

3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS

- A. Refer to application schedule on the drawings

- B. Cord Drops and Portable Appliance Connections: Type SO, hard service cord with stainless-steel wire-mesh strain relief device at terminations to suit application.
- C. Connection between Variable Frequency Controllers and Motors: Use power cable for variable frequency-controlled motors. Install and terminate according to cable manufacturer's recommendations.
- D. Isolated Power System Circuits: Use Type XLP in raceway.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Complete raceway installation between conductor and cable termination points according to Section 26 0533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" prior to pulling conductors and cables.
- C. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- D. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.
- E. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.
- F. Support cables according to Division 26 Section "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- G. Complete cable tray systems installation according to Section 26 0536 "Cable Trays for Electrical Systems" prior to installing conductors and cables.
- H. Neatly train and lace wiring inside boxes, equipment, and panelboards.
- I. Provide a separate neutral conductor for each circuit unless multi-wire branch circuits are specifically indicated on the drawings.
- J. Electrical Contractor shall be responsible for de-rating of conductors as required by N.E.C. when more than three current carrying conductors are installed in a single raceway or cable. Neutral conductors shall be considered current carrying conductors.
- K. Type MC cable shall be supported and secured at intervals not exceeding 4'-0" in new construction.
- L. AC/MC cable shall not be used for home runs to receptacle or distribution panels.
- M. Where AC/MC cable is permitted by the specifications, AC/MC cable shall not be bundled.
- N. Between support, hangers and termination no more than 3" deflection from the bottom of the cable to a horizontal line between the support/hanger or termination.
- O. Do not route conductors across roof without prior approval from engineer.
- P. Install and terminate power cable for variable frequency- controlled motors according to cable manufacturer's recommendations.
- Q. Install fire resistive cable assemblies (Type MI cable and/or fire rated MC cable) in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the product UL listing.

1. Do not paint fire resistive cable assemblies.

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- B. Make splices and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than un-spliced conductors.
 1. Use oxide inhibitor in each splice and tap conductor for aluminum conductors.
 2. Use compression type terminations for aluminum conductors.
- C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches of slack.
- D. Clean conductor surfaces before installing lugs and connectors.
- E. Make splices, taps, and terminations to carry full ampacity of conductors with no perceptible temperature rise.
- F. Use solderless pressure connectors with insulating covers for copper conductor splices and taps, 8 AWG and larger.
- G. Use piercing connector with insulating covers for conductor splices and taps, 8 AWG and larger only for taps to existing feeders. Do not use piercing connectors in new construction.
- H. Use Sta-Kon connectors to terminate stranded conductors #10 AWG and smaller to screw terminals.
- I. Use insulated spring wire connectors with plastic caps (wire nuts) for copper conductor splices and taps, 10 AWG and smaller. Push-in style connectors are not permitted.
- J. Provide lugs suitable for bussing and conductor material used.
- K. Use appropriately sized compression pin adapters to make terminations at equipment where equipment lugs cannot accommodate conductors that are oversized for voltage drop or similar conditions.

3.5 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Section 26 0553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Identify each spare conductor at each end with identity number and location of other end of conductor, and identify as spare conductor.

3.6 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

- A. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 26 0533 "Raceways and Boxes."

3.7 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Apply firestopping to electrical penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly according to Division 07 Section "Penetration Firestopping".

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following field quality control tests in accordance with Division 26 Section "Electrical Testing".
 - 1. Description: Test all feeders rated 100 A and above.
 - 2. Visual and Mechanical Inspection
 - a. Inspect cables for physical damage and proper connection in accordance with the one line diagram.
 - b. Test cable mechanical connections with an infrared survey.
 - c. Check cable color-coding against project Specifications and N.E.C. requirements.
 - 3. Electrical Tests
 - a. Perform insulation resistance test on each conductor with respect to ground and adjacent conductors. Applied potential to be 1000 volts dc for 1 minute.
 - b. Perform continuity test to insure proper cable connection.
 - 4. Test Values
 - a. Minimum insulation resistance values shall be not less than fifty mega-ohms.
- B. Test Reports: Prepare a written report to record the following:
 - 1. Test procedures used.
 - 2. Test results that comply with requirements.
 - 3. Test results that do not comply with requirements and corrective action taken to achieve compliance with requirements.

END OF SECTION 26 0519

SECTION 26 0526 - GROUNDING AND BONDING

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| PART 1 - GENERAL | 1 |
| 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS | 1 |
| 1.2 SUMMARY | 1 |
| 1.3 REFERENCES | 1 |
| 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS | 2 |
| 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS | 2 |
| 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS | 2 |
| 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE | 3 |
| PART 2 - PRODUCTS | 3 |
| 2.1 MANUFACTURERS | 3 |
| 2.2 GROUNDING CONDUCTORS | 3 |
| 2.3 CONNECTOR PRODUCTS | 4 |
| PART 3 - EXECUTION | 5 |
| 3.1 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING | 5 |
| 3.2 CONNECTIONS | 5 |
| 3.3 INSTALLATION | 6 |
| 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL | 7 |
| 3.5 GRADING AND PLANTING | 8 |

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes grounding of electrical systems and equipment. Grounding requirements specified in this Section may be supplemented by special requirements of systems described in other Sections.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
1. Division 26 Section "Electrical General Requirements".
 2. Division 26 Section "Conductors and Cables".

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM B 3: Specification for Soft or Annealed Copper Wire.
- B. ASTM B 8: Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Copper Conductors, Hard, Medium-Hard or Soft.
- C. ASTM B 33: Specification for Tinned Soft or Annealed Copper Wire for Electrical Purposes.
- D. ASTM B 187: Specification for Copper, Bus Bar, Rod, and Shapes and General Purpose Rod, Bar, and Shapes.
- E. IEEE 81: Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance, and Earth Surface Potentials of a Ground System.

- F. IEEE 142: Grounding of Industrial and Commercial Power Systems.
- G. IEEE 837: Qualifying Permanent Connections Used in Substation Grounding.
- H. IEEE 1100 – 1992: Recommended Practice for Powering and Grounding Sensitive Electronic Equipment.
- I. IEEE C2: National Electrical Safety Code.
- J. NETA MTS – 2001: Maintenance Testing Specifications.
- K. NFPA 70: National Electrical Code.
- L. NFPA 70B: Recommended Practice for Electrical Equipment Maintenance.
- M. NFPA 99: Health Care Facilities.
- N. NFPA 780: Lightning Protection Code.
- O. TIA/EIA 607: Commercial Building Grounding and Bonding Requirements Standard.
- P. UL 96: Lightning Protection Components.
- Q. UL 467: Grounding and Bonding Equipment.
- R. UL 486 A: Wire Connectors and Soldering Lugs for Use with Copper Conductors.
- S. UL 486B: Wire Connectors for Use with Aluminum Conductors.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Exothermic Connectors
 - 2. Compression-type connectors.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Field Quality Control Test Reports: Submit written test reports to include the following:
 - 1. Test procedures used.
 - 2. Test results that comply with requirements.
 - 3. Results of failed tests and corrective action taken to achieve test results that comply with requirements.
 - 4. Indicate overall system resistance to ground.
 - 5. Indicate overall Telecommunications system resistance to ground.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Project Record Documents
 - 1. Submit under provisions of Division 26 "Electrical General Requirements".
 - 2. Accurately record actual locations of grounding electrodes and connections to building steel.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
 - 1. Comply with UL 467.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70; for overhead-line construction and medium-voltage underground construction, comply with IEEE C2.
- C. Comply with NFPA 780 and UL 96 when interconnecting with lightning protection system.
- D. Comply with ANSI/TIA/EIA-607 "Standard for Commercial Building Grounding and Bonding Requirements for Telecommunications".
- E. Comply with ANSI/IEEE 1100 -1992 "Powering and Grounding Sensitive Electronic Equipment".

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Grounding Conductors and Cables:
 - a. Refer to Division 26 Section "Conductors and Cables".
 - 2. Grounding Rods:
 - a. American Electric-Blackburn.
 - b. Apache Grounding/Erico Inc.
 - c. Chance/Hubbell.
 - 3. Mechanical Connectors:
 - a. American Electric-Blackburn.
 - b. Burndy.
 - c. Chance/Hubbell.
 - 4. Exothermic Connections:
 - a. Cadweld.
 - 5. Compression-type Connectors:
 - a. Burndy HyGround
 - b. Blackburn EZ Ground.
 - c. Panduit.

2.2 GROUNDING CONDUCTORS

- A. For insulated conductors, comply with Division 26 Section "Conductors and Cables."
- B. Material: Aluminum, copper-clad aluminum, and copper.

- C. Equipment Grounding Conductors: Insulated with green-colored insulation.
- D. Isolated Ground Conductors: Insulated with green-colored insulation with yellow stripe. On feeders with isolated ground, use colored tape, alternating bands of green and yellow tape to provide a minimum of three bands of green and two bands of yellow.
- E. Grounding Electrode Conductors: Stranded cable.
- F. Underground Conductors: Bare, stranded, copper unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Bare Copper Conductors: Comply with the following:
 - 1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B 3.
 - 2. Assembly of Stranded Conductors: ASTM B 8.
 - 3. Tinned Conductors: ASTM B 33.
- H. Copper Bonding Conductors: As follows:
 - 1. Bonding Conductor: Stranded copper conductor; size per the NEC.
 - 2. Bonding Jumper: Bare copper tape, braided bare copper conductors, terminated with copper ferrules; size per the NEC.
 - 3. Tinned Bonding Jumper: Tinned-copper tape, braided copper conductors, terminated with copper ferrules; size per the NEC.
- I. Aluminum Bonding Conductors: As follows:
 - 1. Bonding Conductor: Stranded aluminum conductor; size per the NEC.
 - 2. Bonding Jumper: Aluminum tape, braided bare aluminum conductors, terminated with aluminum ferrules; size per the NEC.
- J. Ground Conductor and Conductor Protector for Wood Poles: As follows:
 - 1. No. 4 AWG minimum, soft-drawn copper conductor.
 - 2. Conductor Protector: Half-round PVC or wood molding. If wood, use pressure-treated fir, or cypress or cedar.
- K. Electrical Grounding Busbar
 - 1. 24" (min) x 2" x 1/4" tin plated, copper busbar with two rows of 1/4" x 20 tapped holes 1" on center.

2.3 CONNECTOR PRODUCTS

- A. Comply with IEEE 837 and UL 467; listed for use for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and connected items.
- B. Bolted Connectors: Bolted-pressure-type connectors, or compression type.
- C. Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welded type, in kit form, and selected for the specific application per manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Compression-Type Connectors: Pure, wrought copper, per ASTM B187.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

- A. Comply with NFPA 70, Article 250, for types, sizes, and quantities of equipment grounding conductors, unless specific types, larger sizes, or more conductors than required by NFPA 70 are indicated.
- B. Use only copper conductors for both insulated and bare grounding conductors in direct contact with earth, concrete, masonry, crushed stone, and similar materials.
- C. Underground Grounding Conductors: No. 2/0 AWG minimum. Bury at least 24 inches below grade or bury 12 inches above duct bank when installed as part of the duct bank.
- D. In raceways, use insulated equipment grounding conductors. Install equipment grounding conductors in all feeders and circuits. Terminate each end on suitable lugs, bus or bushing.
 - 1. Where existing branch circuits are using conduit as equipment grounding conductor and are extended, provide grounding bushing on existing conduit and provide new equipment grounding conductor with new branch circuit.
- E. Install equipment grounding conductors in all feeders and circuits. Terminate each end on suitable lugs, bus or bushing.
- F. Busway Supply Circuits: Install insulated equipment grounding conductor from the grounding bus in the switchgear, switchboard, or distribution panel to equipment grounding bar terminal on busway.
- G. Nonmetallic Raceways: Install an equipment grounding conductor in nonmetallic raceways unless they are designated for telephone or data cables.
- H. Air-Duct Equipment Circuits: Install an equipment grounding conductor to duct-mounted electrical devices operating at 120 V and more, including air cleaners and heaters. Bond conductor to each unit and to air duct.
- I. Water Heater, Heat-Tracing, and Anti-frost Heating Cables: Install a separate equipment grounding conductor to each electric water heater, heat-tracing, and anti-frost heating cable. Bond conductor to heater units, piping, connected equipment, and components.
- J. Metal Poles Supporting Outdoor Lighting Fixtures: Provide a separate equipment grounding conductor with supply branch-circuit conductors. Bond pole and foundation reinforcing steel to equipment ground conductor.
- K. Verify specific equipment grounding requirements with the manufacturer's recommendations.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. General: Make connections so galvanic action or electrolysis possibility is minimized. Select connectors, connection hardware, conductors, and connection methods so metals in direct contact will be galvanically compatible.
 - 1. Use electroplated or hot-tin-coated materials to ensure high conductivity and to make contact points closer to order of galvanic series.
 - 2. Make connections with clean, bare metal at points of contact.
 - 3. Make aluminum-to-steel connections with stainless-steel separators and mechanical clamps.

4. Make aluminum-to-galvanized steel connections with tin-plated copper jumpers and mechanical clamps.
 5. Coat and seal connections having dissimilar metals with inert material to prevent future penetration of moisture to contact surfaces.
- B. Exothermic-Welded Connections: Use for connections to structural steel and for underground connections, except those at test wells. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Welds that are puffed up or that show convex surfaces indicating improper cleaning are not acceptable.
- C. Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations
1. Use solderless pressure connectors with insulating covers for copper conductor splices and taps, 8 AWG and larger.
 2. Use insulated spring wire connectors with plastic caps for copper conductor splices and taps, 10 AWG and smaller.
- D. Noncontact Metal Raceway Terminations: If metallic raceways terminate at metal housings without mechanical and electrical connection to housing, terminate each conduit with a grounding bushing. Connect grounding bushings with a bare grounding conductor to grounding bus or terminal in housing. Bond electrically noncontinuous conduits at entrances and exits with grounding bushings and bare grounding conductors, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Connections at Test Wells: Use compression-type connectors on conductors and make bolted- and
- F. Tighten screws and bolts for grounding and bonding connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A or UL 486B as applicable.
- G. Compression-Type Connections: Use hydraulic compression tools to provide correct circumferential pressure for compression connectors. Connections shall be non-reversible. Use tools and dies recommended by connector manufacturer. Provide embossing die code or other standard method to make a visible indication that a connector has been adequately compressed on grounding conductor.
- H. Moisture Protection: If insulated grounding conductors are connected to ground rods or grounding buses, insulate entire area of connection and seal against moisture penetration of insulation and cable.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Equipotential Ground: Interconnect grounding electrodes to form one, electrically continuous, equipotential grounding electrode system. Grounding electrodes to be interconnected include:
1. Photovoltaic Panels
- B. Grounding Conductors: Route along shortest and straightest paths possible, unless otherwise indicated. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage. Install in conduit where routed above grade.
1. Aluminum and copper-clad aluminum conductors shall not be used in direct contact with masonry, within 18 inches of the earth, or where subject to corrosive conditions.
- C. Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install so vibration by equipment mounted on vibration isolation hangers and supports is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment. Use exothermic-welded connectors or non-reversing compression-type connectors for outdoor locations, unless a disconnect-type connection is required; then, use a bolted clamp. Bond straps directly to the basic structure taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts. Install straps only in locations accessible for maintenance.

D. Grounding Bus:

1. Install grounding bus in the locations listed below and elsewhere as indicated:
 - a. Electrical equipment rooms.
2. Use insulated spacer; space 2 inch from wall and support from wall 12 inches above finished floor, unless otherwise indicated.

E. Equipment Grounding: Provide a permanent and continuous bonding of conductor enclosures, equipment frames, power distribution equipment ground busses, cable trays, metallic raceways, and other non-current carrying metallic parts of the electrical system.

F. Bond together metal building elements not attached to grounded structure; bond to ground.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing: Perform the following field quality control tests in accordance with Division 26 section "Electrical Testing"

1. Inspect grounding and bonding system conductors and connections for tightness and proper installation and for compliance with the Drawings and Specifications.
2. After installing grounding system but before permanent electrical circuitry has been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
 - a. Test completed grounding system at each location where a maximum ground-resistance level is specified, at service disconnect enclosure grounding terminal.
 - b. Measure ground resistance not less than two full days after the last trace of precipitation, and without the soil being moistened by any means other than natural drainage or seepage and without chemical treatment or other artificial means of reducing natural ground resistance.
 - c. Perform tests, by the fall-of-potential method according to IEEE 81. Instrumentation utilized shall be as defined in Section 12 of IEEE 81 and shall be specifically designed for ground impedance testing. Provide sufficient spacing so that curves flatten in the 62% area of the distance between the item under test and the current electrode.
3. Provide drawings locating each ground rod and ground rod assembly and other grounding electrodes, identify each by letter in alphabetical order, and key to the record of tests and observations. Include the number of rods driven and their depth at each location and include observations of weather and other phenomena that may affect test results. Describe measures taken to improve test results.
 - a. Equipment Rated 500 kVA and Less: 10 ohms.
 - b. Equipment Rated 500 to 1000 kVA: 5 ohms.
 - c. Equipment Rated More Than 1000 kVA: 3 ohms.
 - d. Substations and Pad-Mounted Switching Equipment: 5 ohms.
 - e. Manhole Grounds: 10 ohms.
 - f. The telecommunications grounding system shall have a maximum resistance of 1 ohm as measured from the TMGB ground to earth ground.
4. Excessive Ground Resistance: If resistance to ground exceeds specified values, notify Architect promptly and include recommendations to reduce ground resistance.

3.5 GRADING AND PLANTING

- A. Restore surface features, including vegetation, at areas disturbed by Work of this Section. Reestablish original grades, unless otherwise indicated. If sod has been removed, replace it as soon as possible after backfilling is completed. Restore areas disturbed by trenching, storing of dirt, cable laying, and other activities to their original condition. Include application of topsoil, fertilizer, lime, seed, sod, sprig, and mulch. Comply with Division 2 Section "Landscaping." Maintain restored surfaces. Restore disturbed paving as indicated.

END OF SECTION 26 0526

SECTION 26 0529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

| | |
|---|---|
| PART 1 - GENERAL | 1 |
| 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS | 1 |
| 1.2 SUMMARY | 1 |
| 1.3 DEFINITIONS | 1 |
| 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS | 1 |
| 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS | 2 |
| 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE | 2 |
| 1.7 COORDINATION | 2 |
| PART 2 - PRODUCTS | 2 |
| 2.1 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS | 2 |
| 2.2 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES | 4 |
| 2.3 ROOF MOUNTED CONDUIT AND EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS | 4 |
| 2.4 BACKBOARDS | 4 |
| PART 3 - EXECUTION | 5 |
| 3.1 APPLICATION | 5 |
| 3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION | 5 |
| 3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS | 6 |
| 3.4 INSTALLATION OF ROOF MOUNTED SUPPORTS | 6 |
| 3.5 BACKBOARDS | 7 |
| 3.6 PAINTING | 7 |

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
 2. Construction requirements for concrete bases.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.
- B. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.
- C. RMC: Rigid metal conduit.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design supports for multiple raceways, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.

- B. Design supports for multiple raceways capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems and its contents.
- C. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.
- D. Rated Strength: Adequate in tension, shear, and pullout force to resist maximum loads calculated or imposed for this Project, with a minimum structural safety factor of five times the applied force.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Steel slotted support systems.
 - 2. Nonmetallic slotted support systems.
 - 3. Roof mounted supports

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.
- B. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4, factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Allied Tube & Conduit; a part of Atkore International..
 - b. B-Line, by Eaton..
 - c. GS Metals Corp.
 - d. Pentair Electrical & Fastening Solutions.
 - e. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
 - f. Unistrut; a part of Atkore International.
 - g. Wesanco, Inc.
 - 2. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
 - 3. Painted Coatings: Manufacturer's standard painted coating applied according to MFMA-4.
 - 4. Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.

- B. Nonmetallic Slotted Support Systems: Structural-grade, factory-formed, glass-fiber-resin channels and angles with 9/16-inch- diameter holes at a maximum of 8 inches o.c., in at least 1 surface.
1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Allied Tube & Conduit; a part of Atkore International..
 - b. B-Line by Eaton.
 - c. Fabco Plastics Wholesale Limited.
 - d. Seasafe, Inc.
 2. Fittings and Accessories: Products of channel and angle manufacturer and designed for use with those items.
 3. Fitting and Accessory Materials: Same as channels and angles, except metal items may be stainless steel.
 4. Rated Strength: Selected to suit applicable load criteria.
- C. Raceway and Cable Supports: As described in NECA 1 and NECA 101.
- D. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- E. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for non-armored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be malleable iron.
- F. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- G. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:
1. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
 - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1) Hilti Inc.
 - 2) ITW Ramset/Red Head; a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
 - 3) MKT Fastening, LLC.
 - 4) Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.; Masterset Fastening Systems Unit.
 2. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials in which used.
 - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1) B-Line by Eaton.
 - 2) Empire Tool and Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - 3) Hilti Inc.
 - 4) ITW Ramset/Red Head; a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
 - 5) MKT Fastening, LLC.

3. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units similar to MSS Type 18; complying with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
4. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58, type suitable for attached structural element.
5. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
6. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
7. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

2.2 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

- A. Description: Welded or bolted, structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.
- B. Materials: Comply with requirements in Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for steel shapes and plates.

2.3 ROOF MOUNTED CONDUIT AND EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. General: Shop- or field- fabricated assemblies made of manufactured corrosion-resistant components to support roof-mounted conduit and equipment.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 1. B-Line by Eaton; Dura-Blok.
 2. MIRO Industries.
 3. Pentair Electrical & Fastening Solutions; Caddy Pyramid.
 4. Pipe Pier Support Systems; Pipe Piers.
- C. Adjustable Compact Stand: Recycled rubber base unit with integral threaded coupling capable of accepting 3/8-16 threaded rod, or 1-5/8 inch by 1-5/8 inch metal strut and various supporting elements.
- D. Multiple-Conduit and Equipment Stand: Assembly of bases, vertical and horizontal members, and conduit supports, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
 1. Bases: One or more adjustable compact stand bases.
 2. Vertical Members: Two or more protective-coated-steel channels.
 3. Horizontal Member: Protective-coated-steel channel.
 4. Supports: Standard strut clamps, hangers, and accessories.

2.4 BACKBOARDS

- A. Backboards: Plywood, fire-retardant treated, 3/4 by 48 by 96 inches. Comply with requirements for plywood backing panels specified in Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry." Plywood sheets shall be free of all voids. Plywood shall have a minimum of two coats of fire-resistant, non-conducting paint applied to all sides of all sheets. Provide flush hardware and supports to mount plywood to wall. The provided hardware shall have sufficient strength to carry all anticipated loads including, but not limited to cabling, cable management and equipment racks.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems except if requirements in this Section are stricter.
- B. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMT, IMC, and RMC as required by NFPA 70 or as scheduled in NECA 1. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch in diameter.
- C. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
 - 1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with:
 - a. Two-bolt conduit clamps
 - b. Single-bolt conduit clamps
 - c. Single-bolt conduit clamps using spring friction action for retention in support channel.
- D. Support single runs of MC cable using spring-steel clamps from suspended ceiling hangers, hanger wire or building structure at intervals not to exceed three feet. Do not support MC cable from ceiling grid.

3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this Article.
- B. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, EMT may be supported by openings through structure members, as permitted in NFPA 70.
- C. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.
- D. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
 - 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
 - 2. To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts.
 - 3. To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
 - 4. To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.
 - 5. Instead of expansion anchors, powder-actuated driven threaded studs provided with lock washers and nuts may be used in existing standard-weight concrete 4 inches thick or greater. Do not use for anchorage to lightweight-aggregate concrete or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
 - 6. To Steel:
 - a. Welded threaded studs complying with AWS D1.1/D1.1M, with lock washers and nuts.
 - b. Beam clamps (MSS Type 19, 21, 23, 25, or 27) complying with MSS SP-69
 - c. Spring-tension clamps.
 - 7. To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.

8. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel support systems attached to substrate.
 - E. Slotted support systems applications:
 1. Indoor dry and damp Locations: Painted Steel
 2. Outdoors and interior wet locations: Galvanized Steel
 3. Corrosive Environments, including pool equipment rooms: Nonmetallic
 - F. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid reinforcing bars.
 - G. Do not fasten supports to pipes, ducts, mechanical equipment, and conduit.
 - H. Obtain permission from Architect/Engineer before using powder-actuated anchors.
 - I. Obtain permission from Architect/Engineer before drilling or cutting structural members.
 - J. Fabricate supports from structural steel or steel channel. Rigidly weld members or use hexagon head bolts to present neat appearance with adequate strength and rigidity. Use spring lock washers under all nuts.
 - K. Install surface-mounted cabinets and panelboards with minimum of four anchors.
 - L. In wet and damp locations use steel channel supports to stand cabinets and panelboards one inch off wall.
 - M. Use sheet metal channel to bridge studs above and below cabinets and panelboards recessed in hollow partitions.
 - N. The Contractor shall replace all supports and channels that sag, twist, and/or show signs of not providing proper structural support, to the equipment, it is intended for, as determined by the Owner and Architect/Engineer. All costs associated with replacing supports and steel channels shall be incurred by the Contractor.
- 3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS
- A. Comply with installation requirements in Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for site-fabricated metal supports.
 - B. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.
 - C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- 3.4 INSTALLATION OF ROOF MOUNTED SUPPORTS
- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
 - B. If gravel top roof, gravel must be removed around and under support.
 - C. Consult roofing manufacturer for roof membrane compression capacities. If required, a compatible sheet of roofing material (rubber pad) may be required under rooftop support to disperse concentrated loads and add further membrane protection.
 - D. Utilize properly sized clamps and accessories to suit conduit sizes.

- E. Provide vertical steel channel members as required for elevated conduit supports where required for clearances, coordination with other roof mounted systems or derating.

3.5 BACKBOARDS

- A. A minimum of two walls (or as indicated on drawings) shall be covered with plywood backboards to a minimum 8'-6" above finished floor in all Telecommunication Rooms and similar spaces and as indicated on Drawings.
- B. Securely fasten backboard to wall using appropriate hardware and mount at all four corners, minimum. Securely fasten backboard to wall-framing members (studs).
- C. Provide adequate backboard space to allow a clean and workable arrangement for telephone and data connections.

3.6 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
 - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Touchup: Comply with requirements in Division 09 painting Sections for cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint on miscellaneous metal.
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 26 0529

SECTION 26 0533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES

| | |
|--|----|
| PART 1 - GENERAL | 1 |
| 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS | 1 |
| 1.2 SUMMARY | 1 |
| 1.3 DEFINITIONS | 1 |
| 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS | 2 |
| 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE | 2 |
| 1.6 COORDINATION | 2 |
| PART 2 - PRODUCTS | 2 |
| 2.1 METAL CONDUIT AND TUBING | 2 |
| 2.2 NONMETALLIC CONDUIT AND TUBING | 3 |
| 2.3 METAL WIREWAYS | 4 |
| 2.4 NONMETALLIC WIREWAYS | 4 |
| 2.5 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS | 4 |
| 2.6 HANDHOLES AND BOXES FOR EXTERIOR UNDERGROUND WIRING | 5 |
| 2.7 SLEEVES FOR RACEWAYS | 5 |
| 2.8 SLEEVE SEALS | 5 |
| 2.9 GROUT | 6 |
| 2.10 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL FOR UNDERGROUND ENCLOSURES | 6 |
| PART 3 - EXECUTION | 6 |
| 3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION | 6 |
| 3.2 INSTALLATION | 7 |
| 3.3 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND CONDUIT | 10 |
| 3.4 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND HANDHOLES AND BOXES | 10 |
| 3.5 SLEEVE INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL AND COMMUNICATIONS PENETRATIONS | 11 |
| 3.6 SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION | 11 |
| 3.7 FIRESTOPPING | 12 |
| 3.8 PROTECTION | 12 |
| 3.9 CLEANING | 12 |

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes raceways, fittings, boxes, enclosures, and cabinets for electrical wiring.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
- Division 07 Section, "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping materials and installation at penetrations through walls, ceilings, and other fire-rated elements.
 - Division 26 Section "Wiring Devices" for devices installed in boxes and for floor-box service fittings, and for access floor boxes and service poles.
 - Division 26 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for concrete bases.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.

- B. ENT: Electrical nonmetallic tubing.
- C. FMC: Flexible metal conduit.
- D. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.
- E. LFMC: Liquidtight flexible metal conduit.
- F. LFNC: Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit.
- G. RNC: Rigid nonmetallic conduit.
- H. PVC: Polyvinyl Chloride.
- I. HDPE: High Density Polyethylene.
- J. RTRC: Reinforced Thermosetting Resin Conduit

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For surface raceways, wireways and fittings, floor boxes, hinged-cover enclosures, and cabinets.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of raceways, boxes, enclosures, cabinets, and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METAL CONDUIT AND TUBING

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
2. Alflex Inc.
3. Allied Tube Triangle Century.
4. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.
5. International Metal Hose.
6. Electri-Flex Co
7. Grinnell Co./Tyco International; Allied Tube and Conduit Div.
8. LTV Steel Tubular Products Company – Manhattan/CDT/Cole-Flex.
9. Maverick.
10. O-Z Gedney; unit of General Signal.

11. Wheatland.

- B. Rigid Steel Conduit: ANSI C80.1.
- C. IMC: ANSI C80.6.
- D. PVC-Coated Steel Conduit: PVC-coated rigid steel conduit.
 - 1. Comply with NEMA RN 1.
 - 2. Coating Thickness: 0.040 inch, minimum.
- E. EMT: ANSI C80.3.
- F. FMC: Zinc-coated steel or Aluminum.
- G. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket.
- H. Fittings for Conduit (Including all Types and Flexible and Liquidtight), EMT, and Cable: NEMA FB 1; listed for type and size raceway with which used, and for application and environment in which installed.
 - 1. Fittings for EMT: Steel, compression type.
 - 2. Coating for Fittings for PVC-Coated Conduit: Minimum thickness, 0.040 inch, with overlapping sleeves protecting threaded joints.

2.2 NONMETALLIC CONDUIT AND TUBING

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. American International.
 - 2. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.
 - 3. Arncorp Corp.
 - 4. Cantex Inc.
 - 5. CertainTeed Corp.; Pipe and Plastics Group.
 - 6. Condux International.
 - 7. ElecSys, Inc.
 - 8. Electri-Flex Co.
 - 9. Integral.
 - 10. Kor-Kap.
 - 11. Lamson and Sessions: Carlon Electrical Products.
 - 12. Manhattan/CDT/Cole-Flex.
 - 13. RACO; Division of Hubbell, Inc.
 - 14. Scepter.
 - 15. Spiraldut, Inc./AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - 16. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
- B. ENT: NEMA TC 13.
- C. RNC: NEMA TC 2, Schedule 40 and Schedule 80 PVC.
- D. ENT and RNC Fittings: NEMA TC 3; match to conduit or tubing type and material.
- E. LFNC: UL 1660.
- F. HDPE: UL 651, ASTM D 3350, ASTM D 1248 Schedule 40.
- G. RTRC: Comply with UL 2515A and NEMA TC 14.

2.3 METAL WIREWAYS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Hoffman.
 - 2. Square D.
- B. Material and Construction: Sheet metal sized and shaped as indicated, NEMA 1.
- C. Fittings and Accessories: Include couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.
- D. Select features, unless otherwise indicated, as required to complete wiring system and to comply with NFPA 70.
- E. Wireway Covers: Hinged type.
- F. Finish: Manufacturer's standard enamel finish.

2.4 NONMETALLIC WIREWAYS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Hoffman.
 - 2. Lamson & Sessions; Carlon Electrical Products.
- B. Description: PVC plastic, extruded and fabricated to size and shape indicated, with snap-on cover and mechanically coupled connections with plastic fasteners.
- C. Fittings and Accessories: Include couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.
- D. Select features, unless otherwise indicated, as required to complete wiring system and to comply with NFPA 70.

2.5 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

- A. Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA OS 1. Shall be used within walls or ceiling.
- B. Cast-Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA FB 1, Type FD, with gasketed cover. Shall be used in all exposed, non-recessed, locations.
- C. Nonmetallic Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA OS 2. Shall be used in corrosive areas.
- D. Floor Boxes: Cast metal, fully adjustable, rectangular.
- E. Floor Boxes: Nonmetallic, nonadjustable, round.
- F. Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.
- G. Cast-Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA FB 1, cast aluminum with gasketed cover. Shall be used in areas exposed to water.
- H. Hinged-Cover Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, with continuous hinge cover and flush latch.

1. Metal Enclosures: Steel, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.

- I. Cabinets: NEMA 250, Type 1, galvanized steel box with removable interior panel and removable front, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel. Hinged door in front cover with flush latch and concealed hinge. Key latch to match panelboards. Include metal barriers to separate wiring of different systems and voltage and include accessory feet where required for freestanding equipment.

2.6 HANDHOLES AND BOXES FOR EXTERIOR UNDERGROUND WIRING

- A. Description: Comply with ANSI/SCTE 77.

1. Color of Frame and Cover: Gray.
2. Configuration: Units shall be designed for flush burial and have open bottom, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Cover: Weatherproof, secured by tamper-resistant locking devices and having structural load rating consistent with enclosure.
4. Cover Finish: Nonskid finish shall have a minimum coefficient of friction of 0.50.
5. Cover Legend: Molded lettering, "ELECTRIC", "COMMUNICATIONS" or as indicated for each system service.
6. Conduit Entrance Provisions: Conduit-terminating fittings shall mate with entering ducts for secure, fixed installation in enclosure wall.
7. Handholes 12 inches wide by 24 inches long and larger shall have inserts for cable racks and pulling-in irons installed before concrete is poured.

- B. Polymer-Concrete Handholes and Boxes with Polymer-Concrete Cover: Molded of sand and aggregate, bound together with polymer resin, and reinforced with steel or fiberglass or a combination of the two.

1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Hubbell: Quazite
 - b. Armorcast Products Company.
 - c. Carson Industries LLC.
 - d. CDR Systems Corporation.
 - e. NewBasis.
 - f. Christy Concrete Products.

2.7 SLEEVES FOR RACEWAYS

- A. Steel Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, galvanized steel, plain ends.
- B. Cast-Iron Pipe Sleeves: Cast or fabricated "wall pipe," equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral waterstop, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Sleeves for Rectangular Openings: Galvanized sheet steel with minimum 0.052- or 0.138-inch thickness as indicated and of length to suit application.
- D. Coordinate sleeve selection and application with selection and application of firestopping specified in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

2.8 SLEEVE SEALS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
2. Calpico, Inc.
3. Metraflex Co.
4. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.

- B. Description: Modular sealing device, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between sleeve and cable.

1. Sealing Elements: EPDM interlocking links shaped to fit surface of cable or conduit. Include type and number required for material and size of raceway or cable.
2. Pressure Plates: Plastic. Include two for each sealing element.
3. Connecting Bolts and Nuts: Carbon steel with corrosion-resistant coating of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements. Include one for each sealing element.

2.9 GROUT

- A. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive, nonstaining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.

2.10 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL FOR UNDERGROUND ENCLOSURES

- A. Handhole and Pull-Box Prototype Test: Test prototypes of handholes and boxes for compliance with SCTE 77. Strength tests shall be for specified tier ratings of products supplied.
1. Tests of materials shall be performed by a independent testing agency.
 2. Strength tests of complete boxes and covers shall be by either an independent testing agency or manufacturer. A qualified registered professional engineer shall certify tests by manufacturer.
 3. Testing machine pressure gages shall have current calibration certification complying with ISO 9000 and ISO 10012, and traceable to NIST standards.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION

- A. Provide raceways in interior and exterior locations in accordance with the "Raceway Application Matrix" included on the drawings.
- B. Boxes and Enclosures, Exterior Aboveground: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
- C. Boxes, Enclosures, and Handholes:
1. Handholes and Pull Boxes in Driveway, Parking Lot, and Off-Roadway Locations, Subject to Occasional, Non-deliberate Loading by Heavy Vehicles: Polymer concrete, SCTE 77, Tier 15 structural load rating.
 2. Handholes and Pull Boxes in Sidewalk and Similar Applications with a Safety Factor for Non-deliberate Loading by Vehicles: Polymer-concrete units, SCTE 77, Tier 8 structural load rating.
- D. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, except use NEMA 250, Type 4, stainless steel in damp or wet locations.
- E. Minimum Raceway Size: 1/2-inch trade size.

- F. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.
 - 1. Rigid and Intermediate Steel Conduit: Use threaded rigid steel conduit fittings, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. PVC Externally Coated, Rigid Steel Conduits: Use only fittings listed for use with that material. Patch and seal all joints, nicks, and scrapes in PVC coating after installing conduits and fittings. Use sealant recommended by fitting manufacturer.
 - 3. EMT: Use setscrew or compression, steel fittings. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
 - 4. Flexible Conduit: Use only fittings listed for use with flexible conduit. Comply with NEMA FB 2.20.
- G. Do not install aluminum conduits in contact with concrete.
- H. Install surface raceways only where indicated on Drawings.
- I. Do not install nonmetallic conduit where ambient temperature exceeds 120 deg F.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except where requirements on Drawings or in this article are stricter. Comply with NECA 102 for aluminum conduits. Comply with NFPA 70 limitations for types of raceways allowed in specific occupancies and number of floors.
- B. Keep raceways at least 6 inches away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hot-water pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.
- C. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.
- D. Support raceways as specified in Division 26 Section "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- E. Install temporary closures to prevent foreign matter from entering raceways.
- F. Protect stub-ups from damage where conduits rise through floor slabs. Arrange so curved portions of bends are not visible above the finished slab.
- G. Make bends and offsets so ID is not reduced. Keep legs of bends in the same plane and keep straight legs of offsets parallel, unless otherwise indicated.
- H. Install no more than the equivalent of three 90-degree bends in any conduit run except for control wiring conduits, for which fewer bends are allowed. Support within 12 inches of changes in direction.
- I. Conceal conduit and EMT within finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Install concealed raceways with a minimum of bends in the shortest practical distance, considering type of building construction and obstructions, unless otherwise indicated.
- J. Support conduit within 12 inches of enclosures to which attached.
- K. Raceways Embedded in Slabs:
 - 1. Raceways embedded in slabs shall be limited to above grade concrete decks. Embedded conduit shall be limited to servicing floor boxes and equipment located in open spaces away from accessible walls.
 - 2. Install in middle 1/3 of slab thickness where practical and leave at least 2 inches (50 mm) of concrete cover.
 - 3. Secure raceways to reinforcing rods to prevent sagging or shifting during concrete placement.
 - 4. Space raceways laterally to prevent voids in concrete.

5. Run conduit larger than 1-inch trade size parallel or at right angles to main reinforcement. Where at right angles to reinforcement, place conduit close to slab support.
 6. Arrange raceways to cross building expansion joints at right angles with expansion fittings.
 7. Conduits shall run flat. Do not allow conduits to cross.
 8. Change from non-metallic raceway to EMT before turning up out of the concrete and rising above the floor.
- L. Install exposed raceways parallel or at right angles to nearby surfaces or structural members and follow surface contours as much as possible.
1. Run parallel or banked raceways together on common supports.
 2. Make parallel bends in parallel or banked runs. Use factory elbows only where elbows can be installed parallel; otherwise, provide field bends for parallel raceways.
- M. Raceway Terminations at Locations Subject to Moisture or Vibration: Use insulating bushings to protect conductors, including conductors smaller than No. 4 AWG.
- N. Terminate threaded conduits into threaded hubs or with locknuts on inside and outside of boxes or cabinets. Install bushings on conduits up to 1-1/4-inch trade size and insulated throat metal bushings on 1-1/2-inch trade size and larger conduits terminated with locknuts. Install insulated throat metal grounding bushings on service conduits.
- O. Install raceways square to the enclosure and terminate at enclosures with locknuts. Install locknuts hand tight plus 1/4 turn more.
- P. Do not rely on locknuts to penetrate nonconductive coatings on enclosures. Remove coatings in the locknut area prior to assembling conduit to enclosure to assure a continuous ground path.
- Q. Cut conduit perpendicular to the length. For conduits 2-inch trade size and larger, use roll cutter or a guide to make cut straight and perpendicular to the length.
- R. Threaded Conduit Joints, Exposed to Wet, Damp, Corrosive, or Outdoor Conditions: Apply listed compound to threads of raceway and fittings before making up joints. Follow compound manufacturer's written instructions.
- S. Where raceways are terminated with threaded hubs, screw raceways or fittings tightly into hub so end bears against wire protection shoulder. Where chase nipples are used, align raceways so coupling is square to box; tighten chase nipple so no threads are exposed.
- T. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches of slack at each end of pull wire.
- U. Communications and Signal Cabling Systems Raceways: In addition to above requirements, install raceways in maximum lengths of 150 feet and with a maximum of two 90-degree bends or equivalent. Separate lengths with pull or junction boxes where necessary to comply with these requirements.
1. Electrical conduit (LB's) are not permitted.
 2. Conduits shall have no more than two 90 degree bends between pull points or pull boxes.
 3. Conduits shall contain no continuous sections longer than 150 ft. without a pull point/box.
 4. Conduit for fiber cabling shall have a bend radius of at least 10 times the internal diameter.
 5. Conduit for copper cabling less than 2" shall have a bend radius of at least 6 times the internal diameter. Conduit for copper cabling 2" and larger shall have a bend radius of at least 10 times the internal diameter.
 6. All conduit ends shall have an insulated bushing.
- V. Install raceway sealing fittings at suitable, approved, and accessible locations and fill them with UL-listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install each fitting in a flush steel box with a blank cover plate having a finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces. Install raceway sealing fittings at the following points:

1. Where conduits pass from warm to cold locations, such as boundaries of refrigerated spaces.
 2. Where conduits route through, to, or from a hazardous classified space (Class I or II), provide proper seal offs when exiting or entering the hazardous classified space.
 3. Where conduits pass between spaces that are maintained at two different vapor pressures.
 4. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.
- W. Stub-up Connections: Extend conduits through concrete floor for connection to freestanding equipment. Install with an adjustable top or coupling threaded inside for plugs set flush with finished floor. Extend conductors to equipment with rigid steel conduit; FMC may be used 6 inches above the floor. Install screwdriver-operated, threaded plugs flush with floor for future equipment connections.
- X. Expansion-Joint Fittings:
1. Install in each run of aboveground RNC that is located where environmental temperature change may exceed 30 deg F and that has straight-run length that exceeds 25 feet. Install in each run of aboveground RMC and EMT conduit that is located where environmental temperature change may exceed 100 deg F and that has straight-run length that exceeds 100 feet.
 2. Install type and quantity of fittings that accommodate temperature change listed for each of the following locations:
 - a. Outdoor Locations Not Exposed to Direct Sunlight: 125 deg F temperature change.
 - b. Outdoor Locations Exposed to Direct Sunlight: 155 deg F temperature change.
 - c. Indoor Spaces Connected with Outdoors without Physical Separation: 125 deg F temperature change.
 3. Install fitting(s) that provide expansion and contraction for at least 0.00041 inch per foot of length of straight run per deg F of temperature change for PVC conduits. Install fitting(s) that provide expansion and contraction for at least 0.000078 inch per foot of length of straight run per deg F of temperature change for metal conduits.
 4. Install expansion fittings at all locations where conduits cross building or structure expansion joints.
 5. Install each expansion-joint fitting with position, mounting, and piston setting selected according to manufacturer's written instructions for conditions at specific location at time of installation. Install conduit supports to allow for expansion movement.
- Y. Flexible Conduit Connections: Comply with NEMA RV3. Use maximum of 72 inches of flexible conduit for recessed and semi-recessed lighting fixtures; for equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement; and for all motors. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations. Install separate ground conductor across flexible connections.
- Z. Surface Raceways: Install a separate, green, ground conductor in raceways from junction box supplying raceways to receptacle or fixture ground terminals. Provide cover clips to cover space between connecting pieces.
- AA. Recessed Boxes in Masonry Walls: Saw-cut opening for box in center of cell of masonry block, and install box flush with surface of wall.
- BB. Horizontally separate boxes mounted on opposite sides of walls so they are not in the same vertical channel.
- CC. Locate boxes so that cover or plate will not span different building finishes.
- DD. Support boxes of three gangs or more from more than one side by spanning two framing members or mounting on brackets specifically designed for the purpose.
- EE. Fasten junction and pull boxes to or support from building structure. Do not support boxes by conduits.
- FF. Set floor boxes level and flush with finished floor surface. Trim non-metallic boxes after installation to fit flush with finished floor surface.

- GG. Install hinged-cover enclosures and cabinets plumb. Support at each corner.
- HH. Do not route feeders across roof unless approved in writing by Engineer.
- II. Provide a pull box (a handhole for outdoor applications) for each conduit run that exceeds 250 feet. Provide two pull boxes (handholes for outdoor applications) for runs that exceed 500 feet.
- JJ. Route conduits in finished areas with exposed ceilings at underside of structural deck or as high as possible.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND CONDUIT

A. Direct-Buried Conduit:

1. Excavate trench bottom to provide firm and uniform support for conduit. Prepare trench bottom as specified in Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for pipe less than 6 inches in nominal diameter.
2. Install backfill as specified in Division 2 Section "Earthwork."
3. After installing conduit, backfill and compact. Start at tie-in point, and work toward end of conduit run, leaving conduit at end of run free to move with expansion and contraction as temperature changes during this process. Firmly hand tamp backfill around conduit to provide maximum supporting strength. After placing controlled backfill to within 12 inches of finished grade, make final conduit connection at end of run and complete backfilling with normal compaction as specified in Division 2 Section "Earthwork."
4. Install manufactured rigid steel conduit elbows for stub-ups at poles and equipment and at building entrances through the floor.
 - a. Couple steel conduits to ducts with adapters designed for this purpose, and encase coupling with 3 inches of concrete.
 - b. For stub-ups at equipment mounted on outdoor concrete bases, extend steel conduit horizontally a minimum of 60 inches from edge of equipment pad or foundation. Install insulated grounding bushings on terminations at equipment.
5. Warning Planks: Bury warning planks approximately 12 inches above direct-buried conduits, placing them 24 inches o.c. Align planks along the width and along the centerline of conduit.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND HANDHOLES AND BOXES

- A. Install handholes and boxes level and plumb and with orientation and depth coordinated with connecting conduits to minimize bends and deflections required for proper entrances.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated, support units on a level bed of crushed stone or gravel, graded from 1/2-inch sieve to No. 4 sieve and compacted to same density as adjacent undisturbed earth.
- C. Elevation: In paved areas, set so cover surface will be flush with finished grade. Set covers of other enclosures 1 inch above finished grade.
- D. Install handholes and boxes with bottom below the frost line, 42" below grade.
- E. Install removable hardware, including pulling eyes, cable stanchions, cable arms, and insulators, as required for installation and support of cables and conductors and as indicated. Select arm lengths to be long enough to provide spare space for future cables, but short enough to preserve adequate working clearances in the enclosure.
- F. Field-cut openings for conduits according to enclosure manufacturer's written instructions. Cut wall of enclosure with a tool designed for material to be cut. Size holes for terminating fittings to be used, and seal around penetrations after fittings are installed.

3.5 SLEEVE INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL AND COMMUNICATIONS PENETRATIONS

- A. Coordinate sleeve selection and application with selection and application of firestopping specified in Division 07 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."
- B. Concrete Slabs and Walls: Install sleeves for penetrations unless core-drilled holes or formed openings are used. Install sleeves during erection of slabs and walls.
- C. Use pipe sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.
- D. Rectangular Sleeve Minimum Metal Thickness:
 - 1. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter less than 50 inches and no side greater than 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.052 inch.
 - 2. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter equal to, or greater than, 50 inches and 1 or more sides equal to, or greater than, 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.138 inch.
- E. Fire-Rated Assemblies: Install sleeves for penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies unless openings compatible with firestop system used are fabricated during construction of floor or wall.
- F. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces of walls.
- G. Extend sleeves installed in floors 2 inches above finished floor level.
- H. Size pipe sleeves to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and raceway unless sleeve seal is to be installed.
- I. Seal space outside of sleeves with grout for penetrations of concrete and masonry and with approved joint compound for gypsum board assemblies.
- J. Interior Penetrations of Non-Fire-Rated Walls and Floors: Seal annular space between sleeve and raceway, using joint sealant appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Refer to Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for materials and installation.
- K. Fire-Rated-Assembly Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings, and floors at raceway penetrations. Install sleeves and seal with firestop materials. Comply with Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."
- L. Roof-Penetration Sleeves: Seal penetration of individual raceways with flexible, boot-type flashing units applied in coordination with roofing work.
- M. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Seal penetrations using sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.
- N. Underground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Install cast-iron "wall pipes" for sleeves. Size sleeves to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between raceway and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.

3.6 SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION

- A. Install to seal underground, exterior wall penetrations.
- B. Use type and number of sealing elements recommended by manufacturer for raceway material and size. Position raceway in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between raceway and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

3.7 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Apply firestopping to electrical penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly. Firestopping materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 07 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

3.8 PROTECTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure coatings, finishes, and cabinets are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
 - 1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
 - 2. Repair damage to PVC or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

3.9 CLEANING

- A. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished raceways and boxes, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.

END OF SECTION 26 0533

SECTION 26 0999 - ELECTRICAL TESTING

| | |
|--|---|
| PART 1 - GENERAL | 1 |
| 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS | 1 |
| 1.2 SECTION INCLUDES | 1 |
| 1.3 REFERENCES | 1 |
| 1.4 QUALIFICATIONS | 2 |
| 1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS | 2 |
| 1.6 TEST INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION | 3 |
| 1.7 TEST REPORTS | 4 |
| PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT APPLICABLE) | 4 |
| PART 3 - EXECUTION | 4 |
| 3.1 THERMOGRAPHIC SURVEY | 4 |

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 26 Section "Electrical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 26 Section "Conductors and Cables."
 - 3. Division 26 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
 - 4. Division 26 Section "Enclosed Switches."
 - 5. Division 26 Section "Panelboards."
 - 6. Division 26 Section "Fuses."

1.2 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Perform all tests and inspections as specified herein. All references made to "testing firm" shall apply to the work of the Contractor.
- B. The testing firm shall provide all material, equipment, labor, and technical supervision to perform such tests and inspections.
- C. It is the intent of these tests to assure that all tested electrical equipment is operational and within industry and manufacturer's tolerances and is installed in accordance with design Specifications.
- D. The test and inspections shall determine suitability for energization.
- E. Equipment to be tested and inspected shall be the equipment shown on the one line diagram and schedules as required by part three of each individual Specification Section. In addition, all equipment that is part of an emergency distribution system shall be tested.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. All inspections and tests shall be in accordance with the latest version of the following codes and standards except as provided otherwise herein.

1. National Electrical Manufacturer's Association - NEMA
 2. American Society for Testing and Materials - ASTM
 3. Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers - IEEE
 4. InterNational Electrical Testing Association - NETA Acceptance Testing Specifications - ATS-2017
 5. InterNational Electrical Testing Association - NETA Maintenance Testing Specifications-MTS-2015
 6. American National Standards Institute - ANSI C2: National Electrical Safety Code
 7. State and Local Codes and Ordinances
 8. Insulated Cable Engineers Association - ICEA
 9. Association of Edison Illuminating Companies - AEIC
 10. Occupational Safety and Health Administration
 11. National Fire Protection Association - NFPA
- a. ANSI/NFPA 70: National Electrical Code
 - b. ANSI/NFPA 70B: Electrical Equipment Maintenance
 - c. NFPA 70E: Electrical Safety Requirements for Employee Workplaces
 - d. ANSI/NFPA 101: Life Safety Code

1.4 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. The testing firm shall be corporately independent and function as an unbiased testing authority, professionally independent of the manufacturers, suppliers, and installers of equipment or systems evaluated by the testing firm.
- B. The testing firm shall be regularly engaged in the testing of electrical equipment devices, installations, and systems.
- C. The lead, on site, technical person and at least 50% of the on site crew shall be currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association (NETA) or National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies in Electrical Power Distribution System Testing.
- D. The testing firm shall only utilize technicians who are regularly employed by the firm on a full-time basis for testing services.
- E. The Contractor shall submit proof of the above qualifications with bid proposal.
- F. The terms test agency, test contractor, testing laboratory, test organization, or contractor test company, shall be construed to mean the testing firm.
- G. Acceptable Testing Firms:
 1. Potomac Testing; Phone (248) 689-8980.
 2. Utilities Instrumentation Services; Phone (734) 424-1200.
 3. High Voltage Maintenance Corporation; Phone (248) 305-5596.
 4. Powertech Services, Inc.; Phone (810) 720-2280.
 5. Power Plus Engineering, Inc.; Phone (800) 765-3120.
 6. Premier Power Maintenance, Inc.; (517) 230-6629

1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Electrical Contractor shall supply a suitable and stable source of electrical power to each test site. The testing firm shall specify the power requirements.
- B. The Electrical Contractor shall notify the testing firm when equipment becomes available for acceptance tests. Work shall be coordinated to expedite project scheduling.
- C. The testing firm shall notify the Owner's Representative prior to commencement of any testing.

- D. Any system, material or workmanship, which is found defective on the basis of acceptance tests, shall be reported to the Engineer. The Electrical Contractor shall correct all defects.
- E. The testing firm shall maintain a written record of all tests and shall assemble and certify a final test report.
- F. Safety and Precautions
 - 1. Safety practices shall include, but are not limited to, the following requirements:
 - a. Occupational Safety and Health Act.
 - b. Accident Prevention Manual for Industrial Operations, National Safety Council.
 - c. Applicable state and local safety operating procedures.
 - d. NETA Safety/Accident Prevention Program.
 - e. Owner's safety practices.
 - f. National Fire Protection Association - NFPA 70E.
 - g. American National Standards for Personnel Protection.
 - 2. All tests shall be performed with apparatus de-energized except where otherwise specifically required.
 - 3. The testing firm shall have a designated safety representative on the project to supervise operations with respect to safety.

1.6 TEST INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

A. Test Instrument Calibration

- 1. The testing firm shall have a calibration program, which assures that all applicable test instruments are maintained within rated accuracy.
- 2. The accuracy shall be directly traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
- 3. Instruments shall be calibrated in accordance with the following frequency schedule:
 - a. Field instruments: Analog - 6 months maximum Digital - 12 months maximum
 - b. Laboratory instruments: 12 months
 - c. Leased specialty equipment: 12 months (Where accuracy is guaranteed by Lessor)
- 4. Dated calibration labels shall be visible on all test equipment.
- 5. Records must be kept up-to-date which show date and results of instruments calibrated or tested.
- 6. An up-to-date instrument calibration instruction and procedures shall be maintained for each test instrument.
- 7. Calibrating standard shall be of higher accuracy than that of the instrument tested.

B. Field Test Instrument Standards

- 1. All equipment used for testing and calibration procedures shall exhibit the following characteristics:
 - a. Maintained in good visual and mechanical condition.
 - b. Maintained in safe, operating condition.

C. Suitability of Test Equipment

- 1. All test equipment shall be in good mechanical and electrical condition.
- 2. Selection of metering equipment should be based on knowledge of the waveform of the variable being measured. Digital multi-meters may be average of RMS sensing and may include or exclude the dc component. When the variable contains harmonics of dc offset and, in general, any deviation from a pure sine wave, average sensing, average measuring RMS scaled meters may be misleading. Use of RMS measuring meters is recommended.

3. Field test metering used to check power system meter calibration must have any accuracy higher than that of the instrument being checked.
4. Accuracy of metering in test equipment shall be appropriate for the test being performed.
5. Waveshape and frequency of test equipment output waveforms shall be appropriate for the test and tested equipment.

1.7 TEST REPORTS

- A. A test report shall be generated for each piece of major equipment or groups of equipment and shall include the following:
 1. A list of visual and mechanical inspections required by Division 26 Specification Sections in a checklist or similar format.
 2. Test reports, including test values where applicable, for all required electrical tests. Clearly indicate where test values fall outside of the limits of recommended values.
 3. Summary and interpretation of test results detailing problems located and recommended corrective measures.
 4. Record of infrared scan and photos showing potential problem locations.
 5. Signed and dated by the testing firm field superintendent stating that all required tests have been completed.
- B. Test reports shall be furnished to the Architect/Engineer within 14 days of the completion each test on an ongoing basis. Original copies of the reports shall be furnished directly to the Architect/Engineer by the testing company prior to formal submittal via the Contractors.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT APPLICABLE)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 THERMOGRAPHIC SURVEY

- A. Visual and Mechanical Inspection
 1. Remove all necessary covers prior to scanning.
 2. Inspect for physical, electrical, and mechanical condition.
- B. Equipment to be Scanned
 1. All components of the distribution system down to and including branch circuit panelboards and motor control centers. Return 3 months after equipment has been energized and loaded to do a final scan of all equipment.
- C. Provide report indicating the following:
 1. Problem area (location of "hot spot").
 2. Temperature rise between "hot spot" and normal or reference area.
 3. Cause of heat rise.
 4. Phase unbalance, if present.
 5. Areas scanned.
- D. Test Parameters
 1. Scanning distribution system with ability to detect 1°C between subject area and reference at 30°C.

2. Equipment shall detect emitted radiation and convert detected radiation to visual signal.
3. Infrared surveys should be performed during periods of maximum possible loading but not less than twenty percent (20%) of rated load of the electrical equipment being inspected.

E. Test Results

1. Interpretation of temperature gradients requires an experienced technician. Some general guidelines are:
 - a. Temperature gradients of 37°F to 44.6°F indicate possible deficiency and warrant investigation.
 - b. Temperature gradients of 44.6°F to 59°F indicate deficiency; repair as time permits.
 - c. Temperature gradients of 61°F and above indicate major deficiency; repair immediately.

END OF SECTION 26 0999

SECTION 26 2416 - PANELBOARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL 1

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS 1

1.2 SUMMARY 1

1.3 DEFINITIONS 1

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS 2

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS 2

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS 2

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE 2

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS 3

1.9 COORDINATION 3

1.10 EXTRA MATERIALS 3

PART 2 - PRODUCTS 3

2.1 MANUFACTURERS 3

2.2 MANUFACTURED UNITS 4

2.3 PANELBOARD SHORT-CIRCUIT RATING 4

2.4 LIGHTING AND APPLIANCE BRANCH-CIRCUIT PANELBOARDS 5

2.5 OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES 5

2.6 ACCESSORY COMPONENTS AND FEATURES 6

PART 3 - EXECUTION 6

3.1 INSTALLATION 6

3.2 IDENTIFICATION 7

3.3 CONNECTIONS 7

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL 7

3.5 CLEANING 8

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS
- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- 1.2 SUMMARY
- A. This Section includes the following:
1. Lighting and appliance branch-circuit panelboards.
- 1.3 DEFINITIONS
- A. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.
- B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- C. GFEP: Ground-fault equipment protection.
- D. AFCI: Arc-fault circuit interrupter.
- E. RFI: Radio-frequency interference.

- F. RMS: Root mean square.
- G. SPDT: Single pole, double throw.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of panelboard, overcurrent protective device, surge protective device, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensions and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.
- B. Related Submittals:
 - 1. Provide overcurrent device coordination study to demonstrate proper overcurrent device ratings, adjustments, and settings.
- C. Shop Drawings: For each panelboard and related equipment.
 - 1. Dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details. Show tabulations of installed devices, equipment features, and ratings. Include the following:
 - a. Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - b. Bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
 - c. Short-circuit current rating of panelboards and overcurrent protective devices.
 - d. Features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
 - 2. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Field quality-control test reports including the following:
 - 1. Test procedures used.
 - 2. Test results that comply with requirements.
 - 3. Results of failed tests and corrective action taken to achieve test results that comply with requirements.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Panelboard Schedules: For installation in panelboards. Submit final versions after load balancing.
- B. Operation and Maintenance Data: For panelboards and components to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1, include the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting overcurrent protective devices.
 - 2. Time-current curves, including selectable ranges for each type of overcurrent protective device.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain panelboards, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories through one source from a single manufacturer.

- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with NEMA PB 1.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Ambient Temperature: Not exceeding 104 deg F.
 - 2. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.
- B. Service Conditions: NEMA PB 1, usual service conditions, as follows:
 - 1. Ambient temperatures within limits specified.
 - 2. Altitude not exceeding 6600 feet.
- C. Interruption of Existing Electric Service: Do not interrupt electric service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electric service according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Owner's representative no fewer than seven days in advance of proposed interruption of electrical service.
 - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of electrical service without written permission from Owner's representative.

1.9 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of panelboards and components with other construction that penetrates walls or is supported by them, including electrical and other types of equipment, raceways, piping, and encumbrances to workspace clearance requirements.
- B. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases.

1.10 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Keys: Six spares for each type of panelboard cabinet lock.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Panelboards, Overcurrent Protective Devices, Controllers, Contactors, and Accessories:

- a. Eaton.
- b. ABB.
- c. [Siemens Industries, Inc.](#)
- d. Square D by Schneider Electric

2.2 MANUFACTURED UNITS

- A. Enclosures: Mounting as noted on panel schedules. NEMA PB 1, Type 1.
 - 1. Cabinet Front: Flush or surface cabinet as noted on the Drawings.
 - a. Eaton LTDD (Piano hinge trim)
 - b. ABB – FGB (front hinge to box).
 - c. Square D – Continuous piano hinge trim.
 - d. Siemens – Figure 4 hinge to box w/piano hinge.
 - 2. Finishes:
 - a. Panels and Trim: Steel and galvanized steel, factory finished immediately after cleaning and pretreating with manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat.
 - b. Back Boxes: Galvanized steel.
 - 3. Directory Card: With transparent protective cover, mounted in metal frame, inside panelboard door.
- B. Phase and Ground Buses:
 - 1. Material: Aluminum.
 - 2. Equipment Ground Bus: Adequate for feeder and branch-circuit equipment ground conductors; bonded to box.
 - 3. Isolated Equipment Ground Bus: Adequate for branch-circuit equipment ground conductors; insulated from box as called out on panel schedules.
- C. Conductor Connectors: Suitable for use with conductor material.
 - 1. Main and Neutral Lugs: Mechanical type.
 - 2. Ground Lugs and Bus Configured Terminators: Compression type.
 - 3. Feed-Through Lugs: Mechanical type suitable for use with conductor material. Locate at opposite end of bus from incoming lugs or main device.
 - 4. Double Lugs: Mechanical type mounted at location of main incoming lugs.
- D. Service Equipment Label: UL labeled for use as service equipment for panelboards with main service disconnect switches.
- E. Future Devices: Mounting brackets, bus connections, and necessary appurtenances required for future installation of devices.

2.3 PANELBOARD SHORT-CIRCUIT RATING

- A. Fully rated to interrupt symmetrical short-circuit current available at terminals.

2.4 LIGHTING AND APPLIANCE BRANCH-CIRCUIT PANELBOARDS

- A. Main bus bars, neutral and ground, shall be sized in accordance with U.L. Standards to limit temperature rise on any current carrying part to the maximums as indicated in UL67.
- B. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: Bolt-on circuit breakers, replaceable without disturbing adjacent units.

2.5 OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A. Molded-Case Circuit Breaker: NEMA AB 3, with interrupting capacity to meet available fault currents.
 - 1. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads, and instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits.
 - a. Circuit Breakers 250A and Larger: Magnetic trip element with front-mounted, field-adjustable trip setting with restricted access cover.
 - 2. Electronic trip-unit circuit breakers shall have RMS sensing; field-replaceable rating plug; and with the following field-adjustable settings with restricted access cover:
 - a. Instantaneous trip.
 - b. Long- and short-time pickup levels.
 - c. Long- and short-time time adjustments.
 - d. Ground-fault pickup level, time delay, and I²t response.
 - 3. Current-Limiting Circuit Breakers: Frame sizes 400 A and smaller; let-through ratings less than NEMA FU 1, RK-5.
 - 4. GFCI Circuit Breakers: Single- and double-pole configurations with Class A ground-fault protection (6-mA trip).
 - 5. GFEP Circuit Breakers: Class B ground-fault protection (30-mA trip).
 - 6. AFCI Circuit Breakers: Comply with UL 1699; 120/240-V, single-pole configuration.
- B. Molded-Case Circuit-Breaker Features and Accessories: Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - 1. Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor materials.
 - 2. Application Listing: Appropriate for application; Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HACR for heating, air-conditioning, and refrigerating equipment.
 - 3. Ground-Fault Protection: Integrally mounted relay and trip unit with adjustable pickup and time-delay settings, push-to-test feature, and ground-fault indicator.
 - 4. Communication Capability: Circuit-breaker-mounted communication module with functions and features compatible with power monitoring and control system specified in Division 26 Section "Electrical Power Monitoring and Control."
 - 5. Shunt Trip: 120-V trip coil energized from separate circuit.
 - 6. Do not use tandem circuit breakers.
 - 7. Provide lock on devices for circuit breakers when called out on panel schedules with "LOD" designation.
 - 8. Provide type GFEP circuit breakers for all self-regulating heating (snow melting and heat trace) cables branch circuits and where noted on panel schedules with "GFEP" designation.
 - 9. Provide GFCI circuit breaker when called out on panel schedules with "GFCI" designation.
 - 10. Provide Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupters where indicated on panel schedule with "AFCI" designation.
 - 11. Provide shunt trip breakers when called out on panel schedules with "STB" designation.
 - 12. Provide smart controllable circuit breakers when called out on panel schedules with "SMT" designation.
 - 13. Provide permanent padlockable handle for circuit breakers when called out on panel schedules with "PL" designation.

- C. Fused Switch: NEMA KS 1, Type HD; clips to accommodate specified fuses; lockable handle.
- D. Fuses are specified in Division 26 Section "Fuses."
- E. Circuit Breaker Selection for Transformer Primary Protection:
 - 1. Circuit Breaker Selection for Transformer Primary Protection: Provide circuit breakers with time-current characteristics to clear transformer inrush currents while still providing protection for the ANSI through-fault protection curve. Provide circuit breakers with adjustable magnetic trip or electronic trip units as necessary to provide time-current curve shaping to achieve long time trip indicated on drawings, inrush coordination and damage protection.

2.6 ACCESSORY COMPONENTS AND FEATURES

- A. Furnish accessory set including tools and miscellaneous items required for overcurrent protective device test, inspection, maintenance, and operation.
- B. Provide permanent provisions for padlocking all overcurrent devices in Distribution Panelboards. Provisions shall remain in place whether or not lock is installed.
- C. Provide permanent provisions for padlocking overcurrent devices in Branch Circuit Panelboards that serve equipment not provided with a local, lockable disconnecting means. Provisions shall remain in place whether or not lock is installed

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install panelboards and accessories according to NEMA PB 1.1.
- B. Comply with mounting and anchoring requirements specified in Division 26 Section "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- C. Mount top of trim 74 inches above finished floor, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Mount plumb and rigid without distortion of box. Mount recessed panelboards with fronts uniformly flush with wall finish.
- E. Install overcurrent protective devices and controllers.
 - 1. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges.
- F. Install filler plates in unused spaces.
- G. Stub four 1-inch empty conduits from recessed panelboard into accessible ceiling space or space designated to be ceiling space in the future. Stub four 1-inch empty conduits into raised floor space or below slab not on grade.
- H. Arrange conductors in gutters into groups and bundle and wrap with wire ties after completing load balancing.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs as specified in Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification."
- B. Create a directory to indicate installed circuit loads after balancing panelboard loads or created by retrofitting. Obtain approval before installing. Use a computer or typewriter to create directory; handwritten directories are not acceptable. Coordinate final directory room names and numbers with Owner's representative.
- C. Panelboard Nameplates: Label each panelboard with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate mounted with corrosion-resistant screws.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Ground equipment according to Division 26 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- B. Connect wiring according to Division 26 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prepare for acceptance tests as follows:
 - 1. Test insulation resistance for each panelboard bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
 - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.
- B. Testing: Perform the following field quality control tests in accordance with Division 26 section "Electrical Testing"
 - 1. Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection stated in NETA ATS, Section 7.5 for switches and Section 7.6 for molded-case circuit breakers. Certify compliance with test parameters. Perform electrical tests on all breakers and switches 200A and above or that constitute a component of an emergency distribution system. Main circuit breakers in branch circuit panelboards 225A and below are not required to be tested.
 - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- C. Load Balancing: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, measure load balancing and make circuit changes.
 - 1. Measure as directed during period of normal system loading.
 - 2. Perform load-balancing circuit changes outside normal occupancy/working schedule of the facility and at time directed. Avoid disrupting critical 24-hour services such as fax machines and on-line data processing, computing, transmitting, and receiving equipment.
 - 3. After circuit changes, recheck loads during normal load period. Record all load readings before and after changes and submit test records.
 - 4. Tolerance: Difference exceeding 20 percent between phase loads, within a panelboard, is not acceptable. Rebalance and recheck as necessary to meet this minimum requirement.
- D. Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scanning of each panelboard. Remove panel fronts so joints and connections are accessible to portable scanner.
 - 1. Instrument: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.

2. Record of Infrared Scanning: Prepare a certified report that identifies panelboards checked and describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

3.5 CLEANING

- A. On completion of installation, inspect interior and exterior of panelboards. Remove paint splatters and other spots. Vacuum dirt and debris; do not use compressed air to assist in cleaning. Repair exposed surfaces to match original finish.

END OF SECTION 26 2416

SECTION 26 2813 - FUSES

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| PART 1 - GENERAL | 1 |
| 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS | 1 |
| 1.2 SUMMARY | 1 |
| 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS | 1 |
| 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS | 2 |
| 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE | 2 |
| 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS | 2 |
| 1.7 COORDINATION | 2 |
| PART 2 - PRODUCTS | 2 |
| 2.1 MANUFACTURERS | 2 |
| 2.2 CARTRIDGE FUSES | 2 |
| PART 3 - EXECUTION | 3 |
| 3.1 EXAMINATION | 3 |
| 3.2 INSTALLATION | 3 |
| 3.3 IDENTIFICATION | 3 |

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
1. Cartridge fuses rated 600 V and less for use in switches.
 2. Spare-fuse cabinets.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include the following for each fuse type indicated:
1. Dimensions and manufacturer's technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, and ratings.
 2. Let-through current curves for fuses with current-limiting characteristics.
 3. Time-current curves, coordination charts and tables, and related data.
 4. Fuse size for elevator feeders and elevator disconnect switches.
- B. Ambient Temperature Adjustment Information: If ratings of fuses have been adjusted to accommodate ambient temperatures, provide list of fuses with adjusted ratings.
1. For each fuse having adjusted ratings, include location of fuse, original fuse rating, local ambient temperature, and adjusted fuse rating.
 2. Provide manufacturer's technical data on which ambient temperature adjustment calculations are based.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fuses to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
 - 1. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Closeout Procedures," include the following:
 - a. Let-through current curves for fuses with current-limiting characteristics.
 - b. Time-current curves, coordination charts and tables, and related data.
 - c. Ambient temperature adjustment information.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain fuses from a single manufacturer.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with:
 - 1. NEMA FU 1 – Low Voltage Cartridge Fuses.
 - 2. NFPA 70 – National Electrical Code.
 - 3. UL 198C – High-Interrupting-Capacity Fuses, Current-Limiting Types.
 - 4. UL 198E – Class R Fuses.
 - 5. UL 512 – Fuseholders.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Where ambient temperature to which fuses are directly exposed is less than 40 deg F or more than 100 deg F, apply manufacturer's ambient temperature adjustment factors to fuse ratings.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate fuse ratings with utilization equipment nameplate limitations of maximum fuse size.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. [Cooper Bussmann, Inc.](#)
 - 2. [Eagle Electric Mfg. Co., Inc.](#); Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - 3. [Ferraz Shawmut, Inc.](#)
 - 4. Tracor, Inc.; [Littelfuse, Inc.](#) Subsidiary.

2.2 CARTRIDGE FUSES

- A. Characteristics: NEMA FU 1, nonrenewable cartridge fuse; class and current rating indicated; voltage rating consistent with circuit voltage.

1. Feeders: Class RK1, time delay.
2. Other Branch Circuits: Class RK1, time delay.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine utilization equipment nameplates and installation instructions. Install fuses of sizes and with characteristics appropriate for each piece of equipment.
- B. Evaluate ambient temperatures to determine if fuse rating adjustment factors must be applied to fuse ratings.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Fuses shall be shipped separately. Any fuses shipped installed in equipment, shall be replaced by the Electrical Contractor with new fuses as specified above prior to energization at no additional expense to Owner. All fuses shall be stored in moisture free packaging at job site and shall be installed immediately prior to energization of the circuit in which it is applied.
- B. Install fuses in fusible devices. Arrange fuses so rating information is readable without removing fuse.
- C. Install spare-fuse cabinet(s).

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Install labels indicating fuse rating and type on outside of the door on each fused switch.

END OF SECTION 26 2813

SECTION 26 2816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

| | |
|---|---|
| PART 1 - GENERAL | 1 |
| 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS | 1 |
| 1.2 SUMMARY | 1 |
| 1.3 DEFINITIONS | 1 |
| 1.4 REFERENCES | 2 |
| 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS | 2 |
| 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS | 2 |
| 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS | 3 |
| 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE | 3 |
| 1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS | 3 |
| 1.10 COORDINATION | 3 |
| PART 2 - PRODUCTS | 3 |
| 2.1 MANUFACTURERS | 3 |
| 2.2 FUSIBLE AND NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES | 3 |
| 2.3 ENCLOSURES | 4 |
| PART 3 - EXECUTION | 4 |
| 3.1 EXAMINATION | 4 |
| 3.2 INSTALLATION | 4 |
| 3.3 IDENTIFICATION | 5 |
| 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL | 5 |
| 3.5 ADJUSTING | 5 |
| 3.6 CLEANING | 5 |

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS
- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
1. Division 26 Section "Fuses".
- 1.2 SUMMARY
- A. This Section includes the following individually mounted, enclosed switches and circuit breakers:
1. Fusible switches.
2. Nonfusible switches.
- B. Related Sections:
1. Division 26 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for concrete bases.
- 1.3 DEFINITIONS
- A. GD: General duty.
- B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.

- C. HD: Heavy duty.
- D. RMS: Root mean square.
- E. SPDT: Single pole, double throw.

1.4 REFERENCES

- A. NECA 1: Practices for Good Workmanship in Electrical Contracting.
- B. NETA ATS: Acceptance Testing Specifications for Electrical Power Distribution Equipment and Systems.
- C. NEMA 250: Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum).
- D. NEMA AB 1: Molded Case Circuit Breakers and Molded Case Switches.
- E. NEMA FU 1: Low Voltage Cartridge Fuses.
- F. NEMA KS 1: Enclosed and Miscellaneous Distribution Equipment Switches (600 Volts Maximum).
- G. NEMA PB1.1: General Instructions for Proper Installation, Operation, and Maintenance of Panelboards Rated 600 Volts or Less.
- H. NEMA PB2.1: General Instructions for Proper Installation, Operation, and Maintenance of Deadfront Switchboards Rated 600 Volts or Less.
- I. NFPA 70: National Electrical Code.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed switch, circuit breaker, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensioned elevations, sections, weights, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.
 - 1. Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 2. Current and voltage ratings.
 - 3. Short-circuit current rating.
 - 4. UL listing for series rating of installed devices.
 - 5. Features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
- B. Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Field quality-control test reports including the following:
 - 1. Test procedures used.
 - 2. Test results that comply with requirements.
 - 3. Results of failed tests and corrective action taken to achieve test results that comply with requirements.

1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Closeout Procedures," include the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting enclosed switches and circuit breakers.
 - 2. Time-current curves, including selectable ranges for each type of circuit breaker.

1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for enclosed switches and circuit breakers, including clearances between enclosures, and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.

1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Ambient Temperature: Not less than minus 22 deg F and not exceeding 104 deg F.
 - 2. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.

1.10 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of switches, circuit breakers, and components with other construction, including conduit, piping, equipment, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 FUSIBLE AND NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Eaton.
 - 2. ABB.
 - 3. Siemens Industries, Inc.

4. Square D by Schneider Electric.
- B. Fusible Switch: NEMA KS 1, quick make, quick-break load interrupter enclosed knife switch Type HD, with clips or bolt pads to accommodate specified fuses, externally operable lockable handle with capability to accept two padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.
- C. Nonfusible Switch: NEMA KS 1, quick make, quick-break load interrupter enclosed knife switch Type HD, externally operable lockable handle with capability to accept two padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.
- D. Accessories:
 1. Provide early break auxiliary contacts in motor disconnect switches for motors that are fed from variable frequency controllers.
 2. Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
 3. Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded, and bonded; and labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.
 4. Auxiliary Contact Kit: Auxiliary set of contacts arranged to open before switch blades open.

2.3 ENCLOSURES

- A. NEMA AB 1 and NEMA KS 1 to meet environmental conditions of installed location.
 1. Indoor Dry Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 2. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
 3. Kitchen Areas: NEMA 250, Type 4X, stainless steel.
 4. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine elements and surfaces to receive enclosed switches and circuit breakers for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with applicable portions of NECA 1, NEMA PB 1.1, and NEMA PB 2.1 for installation of enclosed switches and circuit breakers.
- B. Mount individual wall-mounting switches and circuit breakers with tops at uniform height, unless otherwise indicated. Anchor floor-mounting switches to concrete base.
- C. Install switches with off position down.
- D. Install NEMA KS 1 enclosed switch where indicated for motor loads $\frac{1}{2}$ HP and larger and equipment loads greater than 30A.
- E. Install toggle disconnect switch, surface mounted, where indicated for motor loads less than $\frac{1}{2}$ HP and equipment loads 30A. and less.

- F. Install fuses in fusible disconnect switches.
- G. Install flexible liquid tight conduit from toggle disconnect switch to portable equipment. Leave a 6'-0" whip.
- H. Install flexible liquid tight conduit from toggle disconnect switch to stationary equipment.
- I. Install control wiring from early break contacts in motor disconnect switch to variable frequency controllers to shut down controller when switch is open.
- J. Install equipment on exterior foundation walls at least one inch from wall to permit vertical flow of air behind breaker and switch enclosures.
- K. Support enclosures independent of connecting conduit or raceway system.
- L. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting eyes, channels, and brackets and temporary blocking of moving parts from enclosures and components.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs as specified in Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification."
- B. Enclosure Nameplates: Label each enclosure with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate as specified in Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification."
- C. Provide adhesive label as specified in Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification" on inside door of each switch indicating UL fuse class and size for replacement.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prepare for acceptance testing as follows:
 - 1. Inspect mechanical and electrical connections.
 - 2. Verify switch and relay type and labeling verification.
 - 3. Verify rating of installed fuses.
- B. Perform the following field quality control tests in accordance with Division 26 section "Electrical Testing":
 - 1. Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection stated in NETA ATS, Section 7.5 for switches. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.

3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip and time delay settings to values as determined by the protective device coordination study.

3.6 CLEANING

- A. On completion of installation, vacuum dirt and debris from interiors; do not use compressed air to assist in cleaning.

- B. Inspect exposed surfaces and repair damaged finishes.

END OF SECTION 26 2816

SECTION 26 0240 - PHOTOVOLTAIC AND WIND TURBINE ELECTRIC GENERATING SYSTEMS

| | |
|--|----|
| PART 1 - GENERAL | 1 |
| 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS | 1 |
| 1.2 SUMMARY | 1 |
| 1.3 DEFINITIONS | 2 |
| 1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION | 2 |
| 1.5 SUBMITTALS | 3 |
| 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE | 4 |
| 1.7 PRE-INSTALLATION CONFERENCE | 5 |
| 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING | 5 |
| 1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS | 5 |
| 1.10 WARRANTY | 5 |
| PART 2 - PRODUCTS | 5 |
| 2.1 MANUFACTURERS | 5 |
| 2.2 PV MODULES – CRYSTALLINE SILICON | 6 |
| 2.3 PV SYSTEM GRID INTERACTIVE INVERTER: | 6 |
| 2.4 MOUNTING SYSTEM | 7 |
| 2.5 AC DISCONNECT SWITCH: | 7 |
| 2.6 ACCESSORIES | 7 |
| PART 3 - EXECUTION | 8 |
| 3.1 EXAMINATION | 8 |
| 3.2 INSTALLATION | 8 |
| 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL | 9 |
| 3.4 ADJUSTING | 9 |
| 3.5 CLEANING | 9 |
| 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL | 9 |
| 3.7 DEMONSTRATION | 10 |

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 26 Section “Electrical General Requirements.”

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes:
 - 1. Fully operational grid-tie photovoltaic electric generating system(s) including:
 - a. Mono Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Modules
 - b. Inverters
 - c. Balance of system components

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Array: A mechanically-integrated assembly of modules, together with support structure and foundation, tracking, thermal control, and other components, if used, to form a DC power-producing unit.
- B. Module: A number of solar cells connected together electrically and sealed inside a weatherproof package with a clear face.
- C. Panel: A designation for a number of PV modules assembled in a single mechanical frame.
- D. Photovoltaic (PV): Pertaining to the direct conversion of light into electricity.
- E. String: A number of modules interconnected electrically in series to produce the operating voltage required by the load.
- F. STC (Standard Test Conditions): Test conditions applied to PV modules. Irradiance of 1000 W/m², cell temperature of 25 degrees C and an air mass of 1.5.
- G. Utility-Interactive Inverter or Grid-tie inverter: An inverter that can function only when electrically connected to the utility grid, and uses the prevailing line-voltage frequency on the utility line as a control parameter to ensure that the photovoltaic array's DC output is converted to usable AC power and fully synchronized with the utility power.
- H. MPPT: Maximum power point tracking.
- I. PTC: PVUSA Test Condition. Commonly regarded as a "real-world" measure of PV output. See below for definition of "PVUSA."

1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Design Requirements:
 - 1. Contractor is responsible for installing PV modules on structural support system located on roof, including attachment to structural system and necessary modifications to meet specified requirements and maintain visual design concepts.
 - 2. Contract Drawings are diagrammatic and are intended to establish basic dimension of units, sight lines, and profiles of units.
 - 3. Provide details for attachment, fastening, and electrical connections.
- B. Photovoltaic System Performance Requirements:
 - 1. Crystalline Silicon system Ballasted Mount:
 - a. Nominal 90W DC output at STC ratings and is estimated to produce 102 kWh AC of energy per year.
 - 2. AC kWh energy production shall take into consideration system losses, including but not limited to wire losses, fault protection losses, inverter efficiency, and system component degradation over life expectancy of system.
 - 3. AC kWh energy production estimation shall utilize one of following web sites or software programs or equal:
 - a. PV Watts
 - b. RETScreen® International
 - c. PV Design Pro
 - d. PVSYST

4. Method and results of PV system performance estimate shall be submitted as part of bid.
5. AC kWh energy production estimate shall report quantities of physical area required for PV modules and PV system size and DC STC Power Rating.
6. Standard photovoltaic modules shall produce no less than 80 percent of minimum rated power during first 20 years of service.

C. Interface with building systems

1. PV system AC connection point shall be at the 480/277V-wye, 3-phase, 4-wire building service entrance.

D. Delegated Design: Design structural support of photovoltaic racking system to attach to structural "table" provided for mounting, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.

1. Specified Design Wind Loads: Not less than the wind loads applicable to project as required by ASCE 7 "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures.": Section 6.0, "Wind Loads"
2. Specified Design Snow Loads: Not less than snow loads applicable to project as required by ASCE 7, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures.": Section 7.0, "Snow Loads"

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Product Data for the Following:

1. PV modules
2. PV inverters
3. PV racking system
4. Rapid Shutdown Devices

C. Shop Drawings:

1. Submit shop drawings covering fabrication, installation, and finish of specified systems.
 - a. Fully dimensioned plans and elevations with detail coordination keys.
 - b. Locations and types of exposed fasteners and joints.
 - c. Electrical calculations including:
 - 1) Module series string voltage and current calculations
 - 2) Over current ratings at source combiner box
 - 3) Array rated voltage and current
 - 4) Maximum system DC voltage and current
 - 5) Battery and charger and array calculations for off grid system.
 - d. Wiring diagrams
 - e. Rough-in requirements

D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For structural support systems indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

E. Closeout Submittals

1. Project Record Documents:
 - a. Record actual locations of grounding systems and penetration of building envelope.

2. Operation and Maintenance Data: Submit manufacturer's printed recommended operation and maintenance data.
3. Warranty: Submit specified product warranty in accordance with Division 1.

F. Qualification Data: For Installer.

G. Field quality-control test reports.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Single Source Responsibility: To ensure quality of appearance and performance, obtain equipment for systems from single source:

1. Photovoltaic systems shall be provided from a single supplier responsible for compatibility between all components, optimum energy performance and structural integrity.

B. Installer Qualifications:

1. Certified in writing by equipment manufacturers as qualified for installation of specified systems.
2. Installer must be a licensed electrician in the jurisdiction of the project.
3. The on-site supervisory personnel must be a master or journeyman electrician that has participated in training courses and has passed the NABCEP (North American Board of Certified Energy Practitioners) Entry Level Certificate of Knowledge exam for photovoltaic systems.

C. Structural Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of working plans, calculations, and field test reports by a qualified professional engineer.

D. Manufacturer Qualifications: All PV system components, including the modules, inverters and support systems shall be manufactured in the United States.

E. Regulatory Requirements:

1. Provide system meeting requirements of National Electric Code (NEC), edition adopted by local jurisdiction, containing information on photovoltaic systems such as grounding, conductor, over-current protection, disconnect, and labeling requirements.
2. Provide system meeting requirements of federal, state, and local building codes.
3. Provide system that meets or exceeds the local electric utility company interconnection requirements for self-generating equipment.
4. Prepare all interconnection agreements, net metering agreements and all requirements necessary to participate in the local Utility incentive program (DTE Energy Solar Currents program). Provide all submittal requirements and arrange for all necessary approvals prior to completion of project.
5. Provide inverters that are compliant with requirements of IEEE 1547 Standard for Interconnecting Distributed Resources with Electric Power Systems and are certified by an NRTL as meeting requirements of UL-1741 - Standard for Inverters, Converters, and Controllers for Use in Independent Power Systems.
6. Provide photovoltaic modules and components compliant with requirements of UL-1703 - Standard for Flat Plate Photovoltaic Modules and Panels.
7. PV modules, inverters and wind turbine shall be certified by the California Energy Commission.

F. Certifications: Submit system component manufacturer's certification that products furnished for Project meet or exceed specified requirements.

G. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

H. All electrical components and accessories associated with the PV module installation shall be listed to UL 1703.

- I. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.7 PRE-INSTALLATION CONFERENCE

- A. Conduct pre-installation conference with the owner, Architect, Engineer and all affected trades.
- B. Review requirements of Contract Documents and submittals.
 - 1. Discuss process, sequencing and scheduling
 - 2. Discuss plans for demonstration and training.
 - 3. Review anchor and weather-tight installation requirements.

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with requirements of Division 1
- B. Protect finished surfaces as necessary to prevent damage.
- C. Do not use adhesive papers or sprayed coatings that become firmly bonded when exposed to sun.
- D. Do not leave coating residue on any surfaces.
- E. Replace damaged units.

1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Requirements:
 - 1. Do not install system during rain, snow, or windy conditions.
- B. Existing Conditions: Ensure existing conditions are stable, solid, and ready to accept new construction.

1.10 WARRANTY

- A. PV Modules: Warranted to provide 80% of STC power rating for 25 years
- B. PV Inverters: 10 years
- C. Provide standard 1 year warranty for general materials and workmanship of the installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2. Alternate manufacturers that demonstrate equivalent or better energy production will be considered provided comparable product quality, warranty and cost effectiveness is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Owner, Architect and Engineer.
 - a. Submit request for alternates, with all appropriate technical information required to evaluate alternate, prior to bid. Specifically identify any dimensional changes necessary to accommodate alternate products.
 - b. All costs associated with revisions to electrical infrastructure, mechanical systems, structural systems or architectural elements must be included in the contractor's bid if the alternate is allowed.
3. Funding sources require U.S. based manufacturing for major system components.

2.2 PV MODULES – CRYSTALLINE SILICON

- A. Basis of Design Manufacturer:
 1. Jinko Solar – Tiger Neo N-Type 60HL4
- B. Listed to UL 1703.
- C. UL Class C fire rating.
- D. Electrical Characteristics (STC):
 1. 120 multi-crystalline string ribbon silicon cells
 2. Pmax: 460Wp
 3. Voc: 42.05V
 4. Vpm: 34.72V
 5. Isc: 13.99A
 6. Ipm: 13.25A
- E. Output Interconnect Cables: 12 AWG with MC4 locking connectors
- F. Mechanical Characteristics:
 1. Weight: 53.35 lbs
 2. Dimension: 74in x 44in
 3. Frame: Anodized Aluminum
 4. Front cover: Anti-glare tempered glass, 1/8" thick
 5. Encapsulant/Back Cover: EVA/TPE
- G. Compatible with specified inverter.

2.3 PV SYSTEM GRID INTERACTIVE INVERTER:

- A. Basis of Design Manufacturer:
 1. CPS SCA50KTL-DO/US-480
- B. Description: Sized to provide maximum power point tracking for voltage and current range expected from photovoltaic array for temperatures and solar irradiance expected for Project conditions.
- C. Listed to UL 1741 and UL 98, 13th Edition.

- D. IEEE 1547 Compliant
- E. Factory integrated enclosed, dead front DC and AC disconnects.
- F. Electrical Input Characteristics: Input power, DC input voltage, peak power tracking voltage, etc. selected to maximize performance with specified modules.
- G. Electrical Output Characteristics: 480V nominal, 60Hz, CEC weighted efficiency of 95.5% or better
- H. Enclosure: NEMA 3R
- I. FCC Part 15 Class A & B compliant

2.4 MOUNTING SYSTEM

- A. Manufacturer:
 - 1. Unirac
 - 2. Professional Solar Products (ProSolar)
 - 3. Powerfab
- B. Description: Engineered ballasted mounting system designed specifically for flat roof condition.
- C. Materials:
 - 1. Mounting Channels: Structural grade aluminum or galvanized steel
 - 2. Fasteners: Stainless Steel
- D. Finishes: PV array mounting system shall match PV module frames.
- E. Engineered systems shall be designed to support PV modules to structural "table" system and comply with the structural design criteria indicated.

2.5 AC DISCONNECT SWITCH:

- A. Provide in accordance with Division 26 specification "Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers."
- B. Coordinate with local electric utility service provider requirements.
- C. Provide switch to disconnect ungrounded AC conductors.
- D. Easily visually inspected to determine that switch is in open or closed position and clearly labeled in compliance with NEC and local electric utility service provider requirements.

2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Provide Accessories for complete operating system:
- B. Grounding and Bonding attachments for grounding PV modules to aluminum mounting rails.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Wiley Electronics: WEEB Grounding Products

C. Rapid Shut Down Devices

1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Tigo Energy
2. Listed to UL 3741.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify items provided by other Sections of work are properly sized and located.
- B. Examine supporting members to ensure surfaces are at proper elevation and are free from dirt or other deleterious matter.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Locate PV array as shown on Drawings and approved shop drawings.
- B. Install photovoltaic system in accordance with NEC, manufacturer's printed instructions, electric utility service provider requirements, and approved shop drawings.
- C. Install PV modules and DC to AC inverters with sufficient clearance to allow for proper ventilation and cooling.
- D. Comply with manufacturer's clearance recommendations.
- E. Install operational PV modules in location and manner to ensure maximum unobstructed, direct sun exposure.
- F. Provide suitable means to secure attachments to mounting surfaces and structures.
- G. Anchors, fasteners and braces shall be structurally stressed not more than 50% of allowable stress when maximum loads are applied.
- H. Allow for expansion and contraction due to thermal changes and structural movement without detriment to appearance or performance.
- I. Installer shall verify that site, mounting surface substrate, supports and other site and work conditions are adequate and proper for installation.
- J. Neatly train and support all cables throughout PV array. Do not use tie-wraps to support cable. Use Wiley cable clips or similar products.
- K. All wiring methods shall be suitable for wet location, including wiring in raceways.
- L. Refer to Division 26 section "Electrical Identification".
 1. Install signage in to meet NFPA 70 requirements.
 2. Identify all PV source conductors at each junction and termination point with unique identification of the array string those conductors serve.
- M. Install supplemental grounding electrode at each array as required by NFPA 70. Refer to Division 26 section "Grounding and Bonding"

- N. Apply ambient temperature correction factors for all conductors installed on rooftops based on Copper Association of America ambient temperature correction factor tables.
- O. Install wind turbine, inverter and support structure in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- P. Coordinate mounting of wind turbine on structural support with structural trades.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust field-assembled components and equipment installation, including connections, and to assist in field testing. Report results in writing.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Test and adjust operating functions in accordance with manufacturer's instructions to ensure smooth operation.

3.5 CLEANING

- A. Clean surfaces in compliance with manufacturer's recommendations; remove excess mastic, mastic smears, foreign materials, and other unsightly marks.
- B. Clean metal surfaces exercising care to avoid damage.
- C. Clean energy generating surfaces of the PV module to ensure no obstructions block sunlight.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prior to starting any PV system testing:
 - 1. Verify that all non-current carrying metal parts are properly grounded.
 - 2. Ensure that all labels and safety signs are in place.
 - 3. Verify that all disconnect switches are in the open position.
- B. PV Array start-up:
 - 1. Visually inspect any plug and receptacle connectors between the modules and panels and to ensure they are fully engaged.
 - 2. Verify that all modules are properly anchored and secured to mounting structures.
 - 3. Inspect that array for damaged modules.
 - 4. Verify the open circuit voltage of each module in the string to verify that it provides manufacturer's specified voltage in full sun. Record voltages and investigate and replace panels that have a 2V or more difference.
 - 5. Verify the polarity of each source string circuit in the DC combiner.
 - 6. Verify the open circuit voltage of each string is within the proper range in full sunlight.
 - 7. Record test results in writing.
- C. Inverter start-up:
 - 1. Test continuity of all DC fuses to be installed in DC combiner and install fuses.
 - 2. Verify open circuit voltages at the DC disconnect are within proper limits according to manufacturer's instructions.
 - 3. Start-up inverter in accordance with manufacturer's published start-up procedures

4. Verify the inverter is operating.
5. Verify the DC operating voltage is within proper limits according to the manufacturer's instructions.
6. Verify the inverter is producing the expected power output on the AC supply.

D. Acceptance Testing: Perform the following acceptance in the presence of the owner and Engineer for each inverter:

1. Perform acceptance testing in full mid-day sun.
2. Measure and record the solar irradiance with a calibrated pyranometer.
3. Measure the ambient temperature.
4. Measure and record the AC power output at each inverter.
5. Compare to the expected peak AC output based on the submitted performance calculations, adjusting for actual irradiance and temperature.
6. Troubleshoot and correct system output is not within 90% of calculated value.
7. Provide written acceptance report compiled with the start-up test reports to the owner.

3.7 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain the all components of the photovoltaic systems.

END OF SECTION 26 0240