

Assessment of prerequisite skills in orientation and mobility for transitioning to guide dog travel.

~ Dog guide program for blind youth ~

Developed by the Nazareth and Louis Braille Institute in Montreal

The following skills are related to the use of a guide dog during navigation.

Please note: This is translated from French, so some terms may seem unfamiliar. We have tried to clarify them, but please feel free to ask questions if you are unsure.

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andidate Name:
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Developed by Hélène Guérette Orientation and Mobility Specialist



1. Auditory skills	Acquired	In Progress	Needs To Develop
Detection of openings while walking in a hallway.			
Detects (auditorily) the end of a hallway.			
Localizes different sounds while walking indoors and outdoors (detects sound and localizes sound source).			
Utilizes moving parallel traffic to situate oneself and maintain a straight line of travel, while walking on a sidewalk.			
Performs accurate parallel alignments at intersections.			
Performs accurate perpendicular alignments at intersections.			
Analyzes intersections with accuracy (shape, direction of traffic, type of traffic control);	a.		
a. intersection controlled by 2-way stops;	b.		
b. intersection controlled by 4-way stops;c. intersection controlled by simple traffic lights.	C.		
Initiates street crossing at appropriate time.			
Crosses streets in a straight line while using parallel traffic to maintain a straight line of travel.			
At intersections controlled by stop signs, describes the movement of traffic: a. Identifies the street where the car(s) is(are) moving	a.		
(parallel or perpendicular street);b. Describes the movement of each car (continues straight ahead, turns right, turns left, etc.).	b.		
When exiting a parking lot or a business area, localizes the sidewalk with safety, while using available traffic cues.			





2. Kinesthetic skills	Acquired	In Progress	Needs To Develop
Walks in a straight line on the sidewalk.			
Performs accurate turns (90, 180 and 360°), in a static position. Estimates distance traveled or to be traveled within a block (eastwest and north-south).			
Detects surface elevation changes while walking (entrance driveways, camber of the street).			
Integrates and applies at all times the notion of a light touch or grip, while being guided (Modified human guide technique – MHGT or HGT.) MHGT refers to a sighted human guide using a modified guide dog harness or modified two handled walking cane to guide instead of direct contact.			
Follows and reacts to the guide's movements with flexibility, while being guided (MHGT or HGT).			
While being guided in familiar environments (MHGT or HGT)	a.		
detects and adjusts movements accordingly:	b.		
 a. inaccurate turns (less or more than 90°); b. arrival position at an angle at an intersection; c. veering toward or away from traffic during street crossing. 	c.		
c. veering toward or away from traffic during street crossing;d. street crossing without any stop at the intersection;e. veering or undesired direction change while walking a route.	d.		
c. veering of undesired direction change willie walking a route.	e.		



3. Environmental and spatial concepts	Acquired	In Progress	Needs To Develop
Utilizes appropriate learning material and understands the layout of:	a.		
a. a street (sidewalk, traffic lane, parking lane).	b.		
b. Cross shape of an intersection;c. T-shape of an intersection.	c.		
Construct a Cross-shape intersection with learning material and place cars at their appropriate position.			
Explains, with the support of miniature cars and models: a. traffic movements at an intersection controlled by 2-way	a.		
stops, 4-way stops; b. traffic movements at an intersection controlled by simple	b.		
traffic lights; c. place, at all times, miniature cars at their appropriate position at the intersection;	C.		
d. move the cars in their appropriate lane while explaining traffic movement at the intersection;	d.		
e. knows and explains the concept of a one-way street, with the support of miniature cars.	e.		



4. Cognitive mapping skills of the environment and spatial orientation	Acquired	In Progress	Needs To Develop
Develops an accurate mental image of one environment, once familiarized to it:	a.		
a. residential or school; b. outdoor site;	b.		
c. street layout.	c.		
Is able to reproduce those environments on a tactile map, once familiarized to them.			
Orients oneself while traveling in indoor and outdoor environments in which he/she has been previously	a.		
familiarized (indoor and out): a. analyzes the environment through sensory information;	b.		
b. establishes a mental image; c. utilizes available landmarks and cues.	C.		
Knows and utilizes cardinal directions indoors and outdoors, when appropriate.			
Familiarizes oneself to an area with the support of a tactile map. Within a familiar environment, can propose different routes for a same destination.			
Plans independently the return trip of a simple route (reversibility).			
While executing specific routes, demonstrates good problem- solving skills and judges of the appropriate moments to solicit assistance that will ensure his/her security.			



5. Describe life habits relating to travelling – What does a normal week day involve at school and at home? Describe the environment where travel occurs.



you think the student is responsible enough to	care for and so time to a dog.	