## DRYER BUYING GUIDE



## **Dryer Types**

- Gas or Electric: Both gas and electric will require an electrical source to operate but the heat source will be either electric or natural gas. Be sure to check which one your home is set up with. Gas dryers cost slightly more, but are less expensive to operate.
- Stackable: Most dryers that are companions to front load washers are stackable, freeing up more space in your laundry room.
- Ventless: If you have an area where there are no vents, you may consider a ventless dryer. These units are usually smaller, around the size of a dishwasher, but do not require a vent. These units can also fit under a countertop, so are a great option for remodels or for studio apartments.

## **Dryer Considerations**

- Make sure your dryer capacity matches up with your lifestyle. For reference, a king-size comforter is about 4 cubic feet.
- Cycles: Most of the dryers today come with multiple cycles to fit you.
- Sensor Dry: Moisture sensors are able to adjust your drying temperature and time. This helps save energy and prevents your clothes from over-drying.
- Steam: A small amount of water sprays out during this cycle, helping to remove odors and wrinkles.
- Delicate: This cycle uses a low temperature to safely dry lightweight garments.
- Sanitation: A great option to help remove allergens from your fabric. This cycle uses heat and/or steam and can eliminate up to 99.9% of common household bacteria.

