Black Maternal Health Week April 11-17, 2021





Monthly Newsletter



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Announcements



You can now schedule a FREE car seat check and safety installation with PPF! Call 610-553-5531 to schedule!



We are hiring doulas and CLCs! Send your inquiries to lpietrowski@theppf.org

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Black Maternal Health Week

PPF's Board Co-Chairperson



Dr. Pamela WilliamsPPF's Board Co-Chairperson

Why did you choose to volunteer at vaccination sites?

I became a volunteer in the vaccination efforts of several sites to do what I can to protect my community. Since I no longer practice as a nurse, I decided to volunteer in a nursing role.

What's the most challenging part of volunteering at different covid vaccination sites?

Actually, the first day I was at the two sites where I volunteer, I couldn't remember where exactly I parked my car!! I was too excited to get to the units that I didn't take note of the parking spot. Fortunately, I paid more attention from then on. The other challenge are learning my role. There are so many people working on the singular effort to vaccinate the population that we all must know our duties to function together. Also, each site is run slightly differently. Each has good methods but are still different.

I GOT MY COVID-19 VACCINE!

Dr. Pamela Williams has been a maternity nurse for 43 years. As a maternity nurse, she has spent most of her time caring for new moms and their babies. As the cochairperson for PPF, Dr. Pam does work that allows PPF to run smoothly and effectively. Not only does she devote her time PPF, but she also actively volunteers at issuing the COVID 19 vaccines.

Contact Us:

Local: (610) 553-5479

Toll Free: (844) PPF-DBMS

Fax: (610) 553-5482 Email: info@theppf.org



What does a typical day look like for you?

The first site I volunteered for was as a nursing instructor with senior students. I had to learn their names, what they needed to know to be successful and then be questions for available and suggestions. I reviewed anatomy, how to give an injection and how to complete the paperwork. I ran interference with the staff and kept up the student's supply of filled syringes so all they had to do was care for the people coming for their vaccination. The shift was 4 hours long with another instructor either coming before or after me to work with 3-6 student nurses. Each student would vaccinate about 50-70 people.





Overall, how do you feel while volunteering?

I feel it is my professional duty to help as I can in this pandemic crisis. There is a need for medical and nursing help and since I am retired, I have more time to give than I did when I was working. Almost every person receiving their vaccine says thank you and expresses how happy they are to be in less risk of getting the coronavirus. Almost everyone knows someone who had COVID-19 and a portion of those folks did not survive. I cannot stand by and do nothing when there is a need for nursing care.



Emergency Fund

Pettaway Pursuit Foundation's Doula By My Side (DBMS) Program originated to provide antepartum, birth, and postpartum doula services to vulnerable mothers and their families in a broader community.

PPF will be launching an emergency fund - where anyone CAN NOW DONATE a doula or CLC service to a family in need.



tpettaway@theppf.org



\$PettawayPursuit



@PPFdonations

DONATE A DOULA OR CLC SERVICES TO A FAMILY!

TIER	SUPPORT	MOUNT
1	1 Prenatal Visit	\$75
2	2 Prenatal Visits	\$140
3	3 Prenatal Visits	\$200
4	Labor and delivery support	\$500
5	1 Postpartum Visit	\$75
6	2 Postpartum Visits	\$140
7	3 Postpartum Visits	\$200
8	2 Prenatal Visits and Labor and Birth Support	\$600
9	2 Prenatal Visits, Labor and Birth Support, 2 Postpartum Visits	\$700
10	1 Lactation Support/Education from Certified Lactation Counselor (CLG	C) \$75
11	1 Lactation Support/Education from Certified Lactation Counselor (CL	C) \$140
12	CREATE YOUR OWN COMBO	\$
	DONATE AT: HTTPS://PETTAWAYPURSUITFOUNDATION.O	RG



11 OWEN AVENUE, LANSDOWNE, PA 19050 US LOCAL: 610-553-5479 TOLL FREE: 1-844-PPF-DBMS

Child Safety Technician



Lauren Pietrowski, CD(DONA), CCCE, PES, MA, CPT

Lauren is a certified birth doula, childbirth educator, and placenta encapsulation, specialist.

Lauren recently became safety child technician. Protecting children when they vehicles ride in is responsibility of all community members. **PPF** offers Child Passenger Safety and installation education with a certified technician because:

- □ Vehicle crashes are leading cause of death for children in the United States (NHTSA, 2017) •
- ☐ The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration reports 1 fatal crash every 14 minutes while a crash is reported every 5 seconds (FARS, 2017)
- ☐ On average, three children are killed and an estimated 487 are injured every day in the U.S. in traffic crashes (NHTSA, 2017)
- ☐ Child restraints, or car seats, reduce the risk of fatal injury by 71% among infants and 54% among toddlers in comparison to children in seat belts alone. Booster seats reduce the risk of nonfatal injuries by 45% among 4 to 8 years old (FMVSS, 2015 and AAA, 2014).



Black Maternal Health Week

An Interview with Shanna

What services are included in Maternal health? services these should include Ideally, Preconception health care (including Gynecological care, and Assisted Reproductive Technology), Pregnancy care provision by an Obstetrician or Midwife, and Postpartum care by these same pregnancy care providers. Additionally, Doulas, Perinatal Mental Health providers, Childbirth care Educators, Pediatricians, Lactation Care Providers, and specialized practitioners such as Pelvic Floor Therapists have been noted to play a crucial role in service provision to birthing individuals and the care of their baby.



Shanna Williams, MSW, LCSW, Med, Doula PPF's Board Member

How can Maternal health be improved?

While there have been significant advancements in the arena of Maternal Health care, there are still several areas that are concerning and need to be addressed. The most glaring issue is that the maternal mortality and morbidity rate is unacceptably high. Concerning American birthing families, it is important to note that the United States has the highest maternal death rate in the world compared to other developed countries. A report by the Commonwealth Fund (2020) notes several glaring differences between the United States and other comparable developed nations.

- ☐ The US has a shortage of pregnancy care providers compared to the number of births,
- - ☐ There is no formalized paid maternal/paternal paid leave
 - ☐ There is minimal access to home visiting pregnancy care providers.





The World Health
Organization (2021) defines
maternal health as "... The
health of women during
pregnancy, childbirth and the
postnatal period." Typically,
the literature refers to the
Postnatal or Postpartum
period as the 12 months
following the birth of a baby.

Is there currently a black maternal crisis? What is the mortality rate in Black pregnant women?

it Unfortunately, true expectant Black families face a crisis in the United States. The issue of Black maternal health has been identified as a crisis by the United States Government, Black Mamas Matter Alliance, and the United Human Rights Council Nations 2019). There are several (Wynn, alarming maternal health disparities between Black women and their white counterparts, but the ones of most concern are the mortality and morbidity rates. Black women are three times more likely to die or have serious health complications during childbirth (CDC, 2021). While recent to this attention racial health disparity can be frightening, it is important to note that significant racial disparities between white and Black maternal mortality and morbidity rates have existed in this since enslaved Black country Americans were forcibly bought to the United States in the 1600s. Yet due to the ongoing issues of systemic racism experienced by Black people giving birth has resulted in the racial maternal mortality disparity becoming even wider today, than it was during slavery (Owens & Fett, 2019).



How can Black mothers better advocate and protect themselves during the birthing process?

This question brings to mind a quote by Dr. Monica Lemore, Nursing Professor and Scientist, who says "To prevent women from dying in childbirth, [we must] first stop blaming them" (2019). Often the issue becomes overly focused on stereotypes about what is wrong with Black women or what we need to do differently, which is senseless because research has since shown that the problem is not race. It's systematic racism.

(Lemore, 2019). Therefore, the goal to advocate and protect black mothers is one that must be shared by every single individual, health care provider, and institution in Maternal Health.

Black Maternal Health 2021

At a governmental level, we must change the institutions that provide Maternal Health services. We can raise our voices to support the efforts of the Black Maternal Health Caucus, which issued the "Black Maternal Health Momnibus Act of 2020". This proposal outlines a variety of evidence-based approaches needed to ameliorate this crisis. Hospitals and Institutions can follow outlines issued by organizations such as the American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology, which specifically describes changes the field of Obstetrics must do to address this issue. Additionally, support for diversifying the Maternal Health workforce, both in the types of providers (i.e. increasing Midwives) and racial identity of the providers (i.e more Black Ob/Gyns, etc).

It is crucial to center the voices and efforts of Black women in addressing Maternal Mortality. Black women's voices and experiences must be acknowledged, so we need to support the organizations that are ensuring Black women have a seat at the table in all efforts to address Black Maternal Mortality and Morbidity. These organizations include Pettaway Pursuit Foundation, Sister Song, Black Women Birthing Justice, and Black Mamas Matter Alliance.

