

### **QUESTION FOUR:**

4.1. Consider the sequence:

$$8 ; 11 ; 14 ; \dots$$

- 4.1.1. Extend the sequence by two terms. (2)
- 4.1.2. Is this sequence linear or quadratic?  
Give a reason for your answer. (2)
- 4.1.3. Find the general term. (2)
- 4.1.4. Find the tenth term. (2)

4.2. Consider the sequence:

$$-1 ; 2 ; 7 ; 14 ; \dots$$

- 4.2.1. Extend the sequence by two terms. (2)
- 4.2.2. Is this sequence linear or quadratic?  
Give a reason for your answer. (2)
- 4.2.3. Find the general term. (2)
- 4.2.4. Which term of the sequence is equal to 623? (2)

4.3. If  $T_n = (-2)^{n-1}$

- 4.3.1. Write down the first 4 terms of the sequence. (4)
  - 4.3.2. What pattern do you notice? (2)
  - 4.3.3. What is the sum of the first 4 terms? (2)
  - 4.3.4. Which term will be equal to 64? (2) [26]
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### **QUESTION 2**

Given the finite arithmetic sequence: 5 ; 1 ; -3 ; ... ; -83 ; -87

- 2.1 Write down the fourth term ( $T_4$ ) of the sequence. (1)
- 2.2 Calculate the number of terms in the sequence. (3)
- 2.3 Calculate the sum of all the negative numbers in the sequence. (3)
- 2.4 Consider the sequence: 5 ; 1 ; -3 ; ... ; -83 ; -87 ; ... ; -4 187  
Determine the number of terms in this sequence that will be exactly divisible by 5. (4)  
[11]

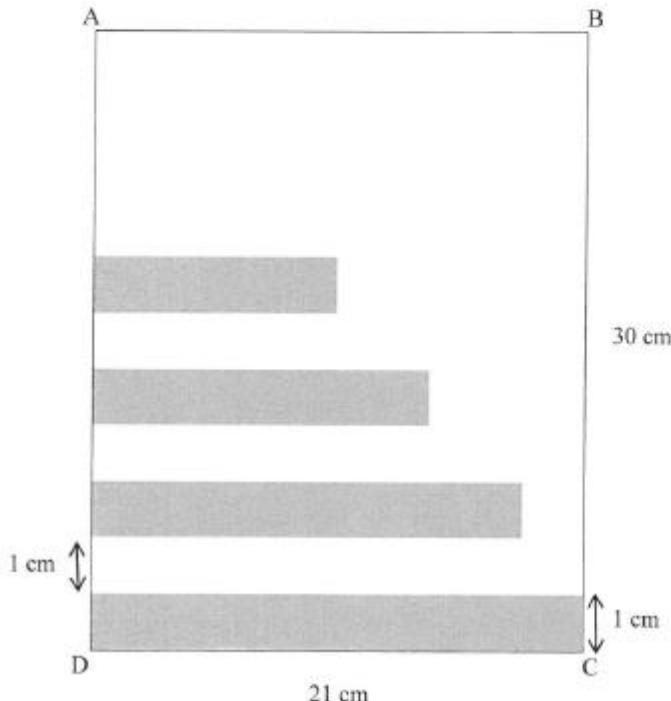
**QUESTION 3**

3.1 The first four terms of a quadratic number pattern are  $-1$  ;  $x$  ;  $3$  ;  $x + 8$

3.1.1 Calculate the value(s) of  $x$ . (4)

3.1.2 If  $x = 0$ , determine the position of the first term in the quadratic number pattern for which the sum of the first  $n$  first differences will be greater than 250. (4)

3.2 Rectangles of width 1 cm are drawn from the edge of a sheet of paper that is 30 cm long such that there is a 1 cm gap between one rectangle and the next. The length of the first rectangle is 21 cm and the length of each successive rectangle is 85% of the length of the previous rectangle until there are rectangles drawn along the entire length of AD. Each rectangle is coloured grey.



3.2.1 Calculate the length of the 10<sup>th</sup> rectangle. (3)

3.2.2 Calculate the percentage of the paper that is coloured grey. (4)

[15]

**QUESTION 3**

- 3.1 Given the finite linear pattern: 12 ; 17 ; 22 ; ... ; 172
- 3.1.1 Determine a formula for the  $n^{\text{th}}$  term of the pattern. (2)
  - 3.1.2 Calculate the value of  $T_{12}$ . (2)
  - 3.1.3 Determine the number of terms in the pattern. (2)
- 3.2 Given the first four terms of a linear pattern: 3;  $x$ ;  $y$ ; 30
- Calculate the values of  $x$  and  $y$ . (4)

[10]

**QUESTION 4**

Given the quadratic pattern: 244 ; 193 ; 148 ; 109 ...

- 4.1 Write down the next term of the pattern. (2)
- 4.2 Determine a formula for the  $n^{\text{th}}$  term of the pattern. (4)
- 4.3 Which term of the pattern will have a value of 508? (4)
- 4.4 Between which TWO consecutive terms of the quadratic pattern will the first difference be 453? (3)
- 4.5 Show that all the terms of the quadratic pattern are positive. (4)

[17]

**ANSWERS**


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**QUESTION FOUR:**

- 4.1.1.  $17 \overset{\sqrt{A}}{;} 20 \overset{\sqrt{A}}{}$  (2)
- 4.1.2. LINEAR;  $d = 3 \overset{\sqrt{A}}{}$  (2)
- 4.1.3.  $T_n = a + (n-1)d$   
 $T_n = 8 + (n-1)(3)$   
 $T_n = 8 + 3n - 3$   
 $T_n = 3n \overset{\sqrt{A}}{+} 5 \overset{\sqrt{A}}{}$  (2)
- 4.1.4.  $T_{10} = 3(10) \overset{\sqrt{CA}}{+} 5$   
 $= 35 \overset{\sqrt{A}}{}$  (2)
- 4.2.1.  $23 \overset{\sqrt{A}}{;} 34 \overset{\sqrt{A}}{}$  (2)
- 4.2.2. QUADRATIC. SECOND DIFF = 2 (2)
- 4.2.3.  $a = 1, b = 0, c = -2$   
 $T_n = n^2 \overset{\sqrt{A}}{-} 2 \overset{\sqrt{A}}{}$  (2)
- 4.2.4.  $n^2 - 2 = 625 \overset{\sqrt{A}}{}$   
 $n^2 = 625$   
 $n = 25 \overset{\sqrt{CA}}{}$   
 $\therefore 25^{\text{th}} \text{ term is } 623.$  (2)

- 4.3.1.  $\boxed{1; -2; 4; -8; \dots}$  (4)  
 4.3.2. terms double with sign alternating (2)  
 4.3.3. sum =  $-5$  (2)  
 4.3.4.  $(-2)^{n-1} = 64$   
 $(-2)^{n-1} = (-2)^6$   
 $n-1 = 6$   
 $n = 7$   
 $\therefore$  7th term is 64 (2)  
 [26]

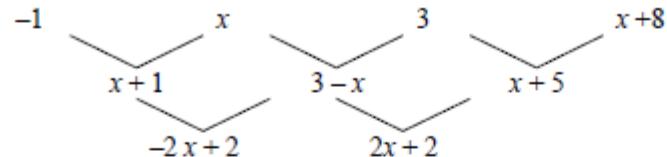
### QUESTION/VRAAG 2

2.1	$T_4 = -7$	$\checkmark -7$ (1)
2.2	$T_n = a + (n-1)d$ $-87 = 5 + (n-1)(-4)$ $-87 = 5 - 4n + 4$ $4n = 96$ $n = 24$  <b>OR/OF</b>  $-4n + 9 = -87$ $-4n = -96$ $n = 24$	$\checkmark a = 5$ and $d = -4$ $\checkmark -87 = 5 + (n-1)(-4)$ $\checkmark n = 24$ (3)  $\checkmark -4n + 9$ $\checkmark -4n + 9 = -87$ $\checkmark n = 24$ (3)
2.3	$-3; -7; \dots; -87$ $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[a + T_n]$ $S_{22} = \frac{22}{2}[-3 - 87]$ $= -990$  <b>OR/OF</b>	$\checkmark n = 22$ $\checkmark a = -3$ $\checkmark$ answer (3)

	$-3; -7; \dots; -87$ $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n-1)d]$ $S_{22} = \frac{22}{2}[2(-3) + (22-1)(-4)]$ $= -990$	$\checkmark n = 22$ $\checkmark a = -3$ $\checkmark$ answer (3)
	<b>OR/OF</b>  All negative terms can be written down and added to get the answer of $-990$ . / Alle negatiewe terme kan neergeskryf word en dan bymekaar getel word om $-990$ te kry.  <b>OR/OF</b> Sum $= S_{24} - (5+1)$ $= \frac{24}{2}[5 - 87] - 6$ $= -990$	$\checkmark a = -3$ $\checkmark \checkmark$ answer $\checkmark \frac{24}{2}[5 - 87]$ $\checkmark -6$ $\checkmark$ answer (3)
2.4	$5; -15; -35; \dots;$ $d = -20$ $T_n = -20n + 25$ Last term in the sequence divisible by 5 is: / Laaste term in die ry deelbaar deur 5 is: $-4187 + 4(3)$ $= -4175$  $T_n = -20n + 25$ $-4175 = -20n + 25$ $20n = 4200$ $n = 210$ There will be 210 terms in the sequence that is divisible by 5. / Daar is 210 terme in die ry deelbaar deur 5.	$\checkmark d = -20$ $\checkmark T_n = -20n + 25$  $\checkmark -4175 = -20n + 25$ $\checkmark n = 210$ (4)

$5; 1; -3; \dots; -83; -87; \dots; -4187$ $T_n = -4n + 9$ $-4187 = -4n + 9$ $4n = 4196$ $n = 1049$ <p>There are 1049 terms in the sequence./Daar is 1049 terme in die ry.</p> <p><math>T_1; T_6; T_{11}; T_{16} \dots</math> are divisible by 5./is deelbaar deur 5.</p> <p>The largest integer value of <math>k</math> such that</p> $5k - 4 \leq 1049$ $5k \leq 1053$ $k \leq 210,6$ $k = 210$ <p><b>OR/OF</b></p> $5; 1; -3; -7; \dots; -4175; -4179; -4183; -4187$ $T_n = a + (n-1)d$ $-4175 = 5 + (n-1)(-4)$ $-4180 = -4(n-1)$ $n = 1046$ <p>Number of terms divisible by 5</p> $= \frac{1046-1}{5} + 1$ $= 210$	$\checkmark -4n + 9 = -4187$ $\checkmark n = 1049$ $\checkmark 5k - 4 \leq 1049$ $\checkmark k = 210$ <p>(4)</p> $\checkmark d = -4$ $\checkmark -4175 = -4n + 9$ $\checkmark 1046$ $\checkmark n = 210$ <p>(4)</p>
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**QUESTION/VRAAG 3**

3.1.1 $-1 ; x ; 3 ; x+8 ; \dots$  $\begin{aligned} -2x + 2 &= 2x + 2 \\ 4x &= 0 \\ x &= 0 \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ <math>x+1 ; 3-x</math> and <math>x+5</math></li> <li>✓ calculating second differences</li> <li>✓ <math>-2x + 2 = 2x + 2</math></li> <li>✓ <math>x = 0</math> (4)</li> </ul>
3.1.2    First differences/Eerste verskille: $1 ; 3 ; 5 ; \dots$ $\begin{aligned} S_n &= \frac{n}{2}[2(1)+(n-1)(2)] \\ &= n^2 \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} 250 &< n^2 \\ n &> \sqrt{250} \\ \therefore n &> 15,8 \end{aligned}$ <p>The sum of the 16 first differences will be greater than 250. Therefore the 17<sup>th</sup> term of the quadratic number pattern is the first satisfying this condition./Die som van 16 eerste verskille sal groter as 250 wees. Gevolglik sal die 17<sup>de</sup> term van die kwadратiese getalpatroon die eerste wees wat aan die voorwaarde voldoen.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ <math>S_n = n^2</math></li> <li>✓ <math>S_n &gt; 250</math></li> <li>✓ <math>n &gt; 15,8</math></li> <li>✓ <math>n = 17</math> (4)</li> </ul>
3.2.1 $21 + 21(0,85) + 21(0,85)^2 + \dots$ $\begin{aligned} T_n &= ar^{n-1} \\ T_{10} &= (21)(0,85)^9 \\ &= 4,86 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ <math>n = 10 ; r = 0,85</math> or <math>\frac{17}{20}</math></li> <li>✓ substitution into correct formula</li> <li>✓ answer (3)</li> </ul>

3.2.2 $S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$ $S_{15} = \frac{21(1-(0,85)^{15})}{1-0,85}$ $= 127,77$  Area of the page = $30 \times 21 = 630$ Percentage of paper covered in grey ink: $= \frac{127,77}{630} \times 100\%$ $= 20,28\%$	$\checkmark n = 15$  $\checkmark 127,77$  $\checkmark 630$  $\checkmark 20,28$ <span style="float: right;">(4) [15]</span>
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Mathematical Methods

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NSC – Memorandum

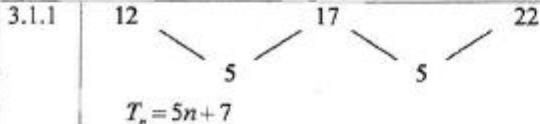
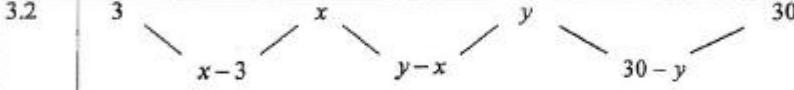
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**QUESTION/VRAG 4**

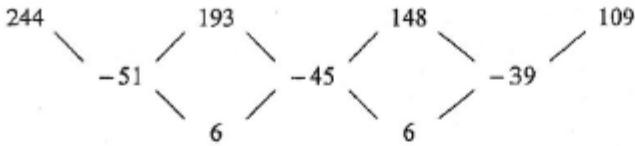
4.1 $y = 0$ 4.2 $R(0 ; 1)$ 4.3 $y = a^x$ $9 = a^2$ $\therefore a = 3$	$\checkmark y = 0$ $\checkmark$ answer $\checkmark$ substitution $\checkmark a = 3$ <span style="float: right;">(1) (1) (2)</span>
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4.4 $DP = 2 - b$ $y = 3^x$ $\frac{1}{81} = 3^b$ $3^{-4} = 3^b$ $b = -4$ $DP = 2 - (-4)$ $= 6$ units	$\checkmark \frac{1}{81} = 3^b$ $\checkmark 3^{-4}$ or use of logs $\checkmark b = -4$ $\checkmark DP = 6$ units <span style="float: right;">(4)</span>
4.5 $h(x+2) + k = 0$ $h(x+2) = -k$ $0 < -k < \frac{1}{81}$ $-\frac{1}{81} < k < 0$	$\checkmark \checkmark -k < \frac{1}{81}$ or $k > -\frac{1}{81}$ $\checkmark -\frac{1}{81} < k < 0$ <span style="float: right;">(3) [11]</span>

**QUESTION/VRAAG 3**

3.1.1	 $T_n = 5n + 7$	✓ 5n ✓ +7 (2)
3.1.2	$T_{12} = 5(12) + 7$ $= 67$	✓ subst/verg ✓ answer/antw (2)
3.1.3	$5n + 7 = 172$ $5n = 165$ $n = 33$	✓ $5n + 7 = 172$ ✓ answer/antw (2)
3.2	 $x - 3 = y - x$ $y = 2x - 3$ $x - 3 = 30 - y$ $x - 3 = 30 - 2x + 3$ $3x = 36 \quad \text{OR/OF}$ $x = 12$ $y = 21$	✓ $x - 3 = y - x$ ✓ $30 - y = y - x$ ✓ equating/verg. ✓ both /beide $x = 12$ and $y = 21$ (4)
	$30 - 3 = 3d$ $3d = 27$ $d = 9$ $x = 3 + 9 = 12$ $y = 12 + 9 = 21$	✓✓ $30 - 3 = 3d$ ✓ $d = 9$ ✓ both /beide $x = 12$ and $y = 21$ (4) [10]

**QUESTION/VRAAG 4**

4.1  $T_5 = 76$	<b>NOTE/LET WEL:</b> Calc. differences 1/2 marks <i>bereken verskille: 1/2 punte</i>	✓✓ answer/antw. (2)
4.2 $\begin{aligned} 2a &= 6 \\ a &= 3 \\ 3a + b &= -51 \\ 3(3) + b &= -51 \\ b &= -60 \\ a + b + c &= 244 \\ 3 + -60 + c &= 244 \\ c &= 301 \\ T_n &= 3n^2 - 60n + 301 \end{aligned}$		✓ $a = 3$  ✓ $b = -60$  ✓ $c = 301$  ✓ $T_n = 3n^2 - 60n + 301$ (4)
4.3 $\begin{aligned} 3n^2 - 60n + 301 &= 508 \\ 3n^2 - 60n - 207 &= 0 \\ n^2 - 20n - 69 &= 0 \\ (n+3)(n-23) &= 0 \\ n &= 23 \text{ or } n \neq -3 \end{aligned}$		✓ equating/verg.  ✓ std form/stand vorm  ✓ factors/fakore  ✓ select/kies $n = 23$ (4)
4.4 $\begin{aligned} \text{using first diff. / gebruik eerste versk} \\ T_n &= 6n - 57 \\ 453 &= 6n - 57 \\ 510 &= 6n \\ n &= 85 \\ \text{'between } T_{85} \text{ and } T_{86} \text{ in the quadratic pattern} \\ \text{tussen } T_{85} \text{ en } T_{86} \text{ in die kwadratiese patroon} \\ \text{or/or} \end{aligned}$		✓ $6n - 57$ ✓ $453 = 6n - 57$   ✓ between $T_{85}$ and $T_{86}$ tussen $T_{85}$ en $T_{86}$ (3)

4.5 $T_n = 3n^2 - 60n + 300 + 1$ $= 3(n-10)^2 + 1$ $(n-10)^2 \geq 0$ for/vir $n \in \mathbb{N}$ $3(n-10)^2 \geq 0$ $3(n-10)^2 + 1 > 0$ All terms in the pattern are positive/ <i>al die terme in die patroon is positief</i>	$\checkmark \checkmark T_n = 3(n-10)^2 + 1$ $\checkmark \checkmark$ argument (4)  <b>OR/OF</b> $T_n = 3n^2 - 60n + 301$ $= 3(n-10)^2 + 1$ T is a minimum valued function with minimum value 1 Range of T: $y \geq 1$ All terms in the pattern are positive.  <i>T is funksie met minimum waarde van 1</i> <i>Waardeversameling van T: <math>y \geq 1</math></i> <i>al die terme in die patroon is positief</i>
$p = \frac{-b}{2a}$ $= -\frac{(-60)}{6}$ $= 10$ $q = 3(10)^2 - 60(10) + 301$ $= 1$ T is a minimum valued function with minimum value 1 Range of T: $y \geq 1$ All terms in the pattern are positive.	$\checkmark p = 10$ $\checkmark q = 1$ $\checkmark \checkmark$ argument (4)