COVER SHEET

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(Business Address: N	lo., Street City / T	own / Provi	nce)	
Mr. Iris Marie U. Carpio-Duque			8631-513	9
Contact Person		Compa	ny Telephor	
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PRELIMINARY IN	FORMATION S	TATEMEN	T 2024	
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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 20-IS Information Statement Pursuant to Section 20 of the

GENERAL INFORMATION

Securities Regulation Code

1.	Check the appropriate box:	
	[v] Preliminary Information Statement [] Definitive Information Statement	
2.	Name of Registrant as specified in its chart	er: United Paragon Mining Corporation
3.	Province, country or other jurisdiction of in	ncorporation or organization: PHILIPPINES
4.	SEC Identification Number: 40938	
5.	BIR Tax Identification Code: 000-169-117	
6.	Address of principal office, Postal Code: 6t Street, Mandaluyong City, 1550	h Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer
7.	Registrant's telephone number, including	area code: (63 2) 8631-5139
8.	Date, time and place of the meeting of sec communication	urity holders: July 24, 2024, 2:30 PM, via remote
9.	• •	on Statement will be published through alternative ion's website and PSE Edge: July 03, 2024.
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sections	8 & 12 of the SRC:
	Title of Each Class Common Stock	Number of Shares Outstanding 261,314,797,080
11.	Are any or all of registrant's securities liste [d on a Stock Exchange?
	If yes, disclose the name of such Stock Exc	hange and the class of securities listed therein:
	Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc Comm	on Stock



NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

TO OUR STOCKHOLDERS:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION (the "Company") will be held on **Wednesday**, **July 24**, **2024**, **at 2:30** in the afternoon **via remote communication**, with the following agenda:

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Proof of Notice and Certification of Quorum
- 3. Approval of Minutes of Stockholders' Meeting July 26, 2023
- 4. Management Report
- 5. Approval of the Company's Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the year 2023
- 6. Ratification of Corporate Acts and Resolutions
- 7. Election of Directors
- 8. Appointment of External Auditor
- 9. Other Matters
- 10. Adjournment

Only stockholders of record at the close of business hours on May 31, 2024 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at this meeting.

Stockholders who intend to attend by remote communication are required to accomplish the Registration Form and submit it together with the required documents unitedparagonmining@gmail.com on or before July 17, 2024. The link through which the Meeting may be accessed shall be sent to the email address of the registered stockholder. Stockholders may vote electronically in absentia, subject to validation procedures. The procedures for participating in the meeting through remote communication and for casting of votes in absentia are set forth in the Guidelines on Participation by Remote Communication and discussed in the Information Statement (SEC Form 20-IS).

If you are unable the join the virtual meeting but wish to vote on items in the agenda, you may appoint the Chairman as your proxy with specific voting instructions which will be duly counted. Duly accomplished Proxies shall be submitted by email to the Office of the Corporate Secretary at unitedparagonmining@gmail.com for inspection, validation, and recording on or before July 17, 2024. The Proxy Validation Committee will inspect, examine, and validate the sufficiency of the proxy forms received. We enclose a sample Registration/Proxy form for your convenience.

By registering to participate in the virtual meeting, a stockholder or a proxy or representative of the stockholder agrees for the Company and its service providers to process their sensitive personal information necessary to verify their identity and authority. A stockholder who fails to comply with the registration requirement will not be able to participate in the virtual stockholders' meeting.

Stockholders (or their proxies) whose registration are validated can: (a) view the webcast of the meeting, (b) vote on the agenda items using online ballot that will be sent to them; and (c) send their questions, comments or motions on the agenda items during the Meeting by email to unitedparagonmining@gmail.com with subject "ASM Question/Comment". Stockholders who will participate in the Meeting are encouraged to send their questions, comments and motions before the meeting. Relevant questions on the agenda items will be read by the Moderator and will be answered by concerned officers during the meeting.

The Definitive Information Statement (20-IS), Management Report, 2023 Audited Financial Statements, Quarterly Report as of March 31, 2024 and other documents related to the ASM, including the Guidelines on Participation by Remote Communication may be accessed through any of the following operations:

- 1) Go to the United Paragon Mining Corporation website via this link: http://www.unitedparagonmining.com/
- 2) Go to the PSE EDGE portal via https://edge.pse.com.ph/
- 3) Request for a copy by sending an email to <u>united paragon mining@gmail.com</u>

For ASM-related queries, you may send an email to <u>unitedparagonmining@gmail.com</u>; or contact the Office of the Corporate Secretary at +632 8631 5139. For account updating or concerns regarding your shareholdings, please contact our Transfer Agent, Professional Stock & Transfer, Inc. at Tel. Nos. +63-2-86874053 or via email directly at <u>info@professionalstocktransfer.com</u>.

Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila, Philippines, May 17, 2024.

RIS MARIE U. CARPIO-DUQUE

Corporate Secretary

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING REGISTRATION / PROXY FORM (VOTING IN ABSENTIA)

I.	Required Information (Plea	se tick the appropriate box)
Тур	pe of Participant: Individual	
	Broker	
	Corporate	
	Joint	
	Others (please indicate)	
	-	
Inc	lividual/Corporate Name	:
Em	nail Address	:
Co	ntact No.	÷
Po	stal Address	:
Na	me of Authorized Representativ	e:
(If	Corporate / Joint)	
Nu	mber of Shares Owned	<u>:</u>
I will at	ttend the remote Stockholders' I	Meeting on July 24, 2024
	Yes	■ No
		to attend the stockholders' meeting will be sent to you in the dicated herein upon valid registration.
II.	Required Documents	
	3. Scanned or digital copy of t	the Registration Form cholder/ Authorized Representative, with the face fully visible the front and back portions of the Stockholder's/ Authorized the front and back portions of the Stockholder's/ Authorized the front issued identification card, preferably with residential the following the following strangers are considered to the following the following strangers are considered to the following stranger

Additional Documents:

For Joint Accounts – scanned or digital copy of the Authorization Letter signed by all Stockholders, identifying who among them is authorized to cast the vote for the account.

For Broker Accounts – scanned or digital copy of Broker's Certification on the Stockholders, number of shareholdings.

For Corporate Accounts – scanned or digital copy of signed Secretary's Certificate attesting the authority of the representative to vote for, and on behalf of the Corporation.

REMINDERS:

Registration Period starts on July 03, 2024 at 8:00 am until July 17, 2024 at 5:00 pm. Beyond this date and time, stockholders may no longer avail of this option to vote in absentia.

Submit scanned or digital copy of this form & other required documents to unitedparagonmining@gmail.com

III. Manner of Voting

\square Voting in Absentia (Please accomplish the ballot ${rak k}$	elow.)
☐ Appointing the Chairman as Proxy	

IV. Ballot

	RESOLUTION	FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN		
I	Approval of Minutes of Stockholders' Meetings – July 26,					
	2023					
II	Approval of the Company's Annual Report and Audited					
	Financial Statements for the year 2023					
Ш	Ratification of Corporate Acts and Resolutions					
IV	Election of Directors		Number of V	otes		
	1. Gerard Anton S. Ramos					
	2. Adrian Paulino S. Ramos					
	3. Christopher M. Gotanco					
	4. Presentacion S. Ramos					
	5. Maureen Alexandra Ramos-Padilla					
	6. Romeo L. Bato					
	7. John Peter C. Hager (Independent Director)					
	8. Renato C. Valencia (Independent Director)					
	9. Nicholas Justin H. Ang (Independent Director)					
٧	Appointment of SycipGorresVelayo& Co. as					
	External Auditor					
VI	Other Matters					

NOTICE:

The Company shall allow electronic signature for the required documents, as applicable.

Notarization requirement shall also be dispensed with this time.

However, the company reserves the right to request additional information, and original signed and notarized copies of these documents at a later date as it deems necessary.

V. Data Privacy Disclosure

I hereby give my consent for the Company and its authorized third parties to collect, store, disclose, transfer, and process my personal data for the purpose of the live streaming of the 2024 Annual Stockholders' Meeting in accordance with the Company's Data Privacy guidelines and law.

Further to this, I give my consent to the recording of the meeting, to be made publicly available thereafter on the Company website, as required by the guidelines promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

VI. Certification of Registrant

By signing this Form, I hereby certify the following, that:

I am a stockholder of the Company as of Record Date May 31, 2024.

The number of votes covered by this Ballot shall be in accordance with the total number of **UPM** shares registered in my name as of record date.

I have read, understand and shall abide by the Rules, Regulations and Guidelines issued by the Company to govern the conduct of the Meeting. In the event I act contrary thereto, the Company has sole discretion to impose its discipline mechanism;

I understand that the quality of my remote Meeting experience depends on my internet provider's services and connectivity. I hold the Company free and harmless of any liability from any interruption, latency or disconnection from the live streaming resulting thereto;

In case of an account with joint owners, or an account in and/or capacity, I have secured the consent of all other owners in the submission of this Ballot.

In case of a corporate shareholder, I am the authorized representative of the corporation and I am duly authorized to submit this Proxy.

If my shares are lodged with PDTC or registered under the name of a broker, bank or other fiduciary, I hereby authorize the Company or any of its duly authorized representative to request and secure the necessary certification from PDTC or my broker on the number of shares which are registered in my name as of record date and issue the said Proxy in accordance with this Form.

I further hereby certify th	at my UPM shares are lodged with the f	following brokers:
Contact Person:		
Contact Details:		
•	ion contained in this Registration Form mplete and the Company may rely or	•
Name and Signature of S	tockholder/Authorized Signatory	 Date

ASSISTANCE:

It may be necessary to download an application to access the live stream of the meeting. For technical concerns, please send your queries to unitedparagonmining@gmail.com with the subject "Technical Assistance". For any clarifications, Stockholders may contact the Office of the Corporate Secretary at unitedparagonmining@gmail.com or (02) 8631-5139 Registered Stockholders may also send their questions and/or comments during the ASM at unitedparagonmining@gmail.com.

Clarity of video and audio transmission will depend on the communication and network environment. A Wi-Fi environment is recommended for comfortable viewing on smartphones or tablets. Communication charges to view such webcast or live streaming are at the viewer's expense.

Item 1. Date, Time and Place of Meeting of Security Holders

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of United Paragon Mining Corporation ("UPMC" or the "Company") will be held on Wednesday, July 24, 2024, at 2: 30 p.m.by remote communication. The meeting will be presided at the principal office at Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer Street, Mandaluyong City, 1550.

The complete mailing address of the Company is 6th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City, Philippines 1550.

The approximate date when the Information Statement together with the Notice and Agenda of the Meeting will be published through alternative mode of distribution through the Corporation's website and PSE Edge will be on July 03, 2024.

Item 2. Dissenters' Right of Appraisal

A stockholder has the right to dissent or demand payment of the fair value of his share: (1) in case any amendment to the articles of incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholder or of authorizing preference over the outstanding shares or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence; (2) in case of any sale, lease, mortgage or disposition of all or substantially all the corporate property or assets; (3) in case of any merger or consolidation; and (4) in case of investment of corporate funds in another corporation or business or for any purpose other than the primary purpose.

The appraisal right may be exercised by a stockholder who has voted against the proposed corporate action, by making a written demand on the corporation for the payment of the fair value of his shares within thirty (30) days after the date on which the vote was taken. Upon payment, he must surrender his certificates of stock. No payment shall be made to any dissenting stockholder unless the corporation has unrestricted retained earnings in its books to cover such payment.

There are no matters to be acted upon at the meeting involving instances set forth in the Corporation Code of the Philippines for which a stockholder may exercise the right of appraisal.

<u>Item 3.</u> Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition to Matters to be Acted Upon

No director or officer, nominee for election as director, or associate of such director, officer or nominee, of the Company has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any of the matters to be acted upon in the Meeting, other than election to office. Likewise, no director has informed the Company in writing of his opposition to any matter to be acted upon at the Meeting.

CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 4. Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof

The Company has three (3) classes of shares; Common Shares, which are voting shares, entitled to one (1) vote per share, and Preferred Class "A" and Preferred Class "B", which are non-voting shares.

Only stockholders of record as at the close of business on May 31, 2024 (the "Record Date") are entitled to notice of and to vote at the Meeting. As of the Record Date, the outstanding capital stock of the Company is 261,327,397,080 shares, consisting of 261,314,797,080 Common Shares, 12,200,000 Preferred Class "A" shares and 400,000 Preferred Class "B" shares.

A stockholder entitled to vote at the Meeting shall have the right to vote in person or by proxy the number of shares registered in his name in the stock and transfer book of the Company for as many persons as there are directors to be elected.

Each stockholder shall have the right to cumulate said shares and give one nominee as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his shares shall equal, or he may distribute them on the same cumulative voting principle among as many nominees as he shall see fit; *provided*, that the number of votes cast by a stockholder shall not exceed the number of his shares multiplied by the number of directors to be elected.

Stockholders may participate in the virtual meeting by remote communication by themselves or by proxy. All stockholders who will not participate in the meeting via remote communication may vote through the Chairman of the Meeting (as Proxy) and/or submit duly accomplished proxies by email to the office of the Corporate Secretary at unitedparagonmining@gmail.com for inspection, validation, and recording at least five (5) days before the opening of the annual stockholders' meeting, or on/before July 17, 2024. The Proxy Validation Committee will inspect, examine, and validate the sufficiency of the proxy forms received. Unless otherwise provided in the proxy, it shall be valid only for the meeting for which it is intended. No proxy shall be valid and effective for a period longer than five (5) years at one time. No broker or dealer shall give any proxy, consent or authorization, in respect of any security carried for the account of a customer, to a person other than the customer, without the express written authorization of such customer. Any stockholder may revoke or cancel his proxy and attend the annual stockholders' meeting via remote communication provided he has complied with the registration procedures and requirements.

Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners

As of May 31, 2024 the Company knows of no one who beneficially owns in excess of 5% of the Company's common and preferred stocks except as set forth in the table below:

Title of Class	Name, Address of Record Owner and Relationship with Issuer	Name of beneficial owner and relationship with record owner	Citizenship	No. of shares held	Percent of Class
Common	National Book Store Inc. (1,6,7)3rd Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	National Book Store Inc.	Filipino	84,325,108,842	32.27
Common	Anglo Phil. Holdings Corp. (2,6,7) 6th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Anglo Phil. Holdings Corp.	Filipino	67,119,143,395	25.69

Common	Alakor Corporation (3,6,7) 9th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Alakor Corporation	Filipino	53,884,038,981	20.62
Common	PCDNominee Corporation (4) G/F, MSE Bldg., 6767 Ayala Avenue, Makati City (No relationship with issuer)	Various Please see Note 4	Filipino/ Foreign	27,726,628,423	10.61
Preferred "A"	Pargold Mining Corp. (6,7) c/o 9th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Pargold Mining Corp.	Filipino	4,050,000	33.2
Preferred "A"	Lancaster Holdings Limited (5,6,7) 9th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Lancaster Holdings Limited	Foreign	2,835,000	23.24
Preferred "A"	Aurora B. Caringal 7759 St. Paul St., San Antonio Village, Makati City (Stockholder)	Aurora B. Caringal	Filipino	2,700,000	22.13
Preferred "A"	Edmundo M. Tolentino No. 7 Commonwealth Village, Commonwealth Ave., Quezon City (Director until 1993/Stockholder)	Edmundo M. Tolentino	Filipino	2,000,000	16.39
Preferred "B"	Lancaster Holdings Limited ^(5,6,7) 9th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Lancaster Holdings Limited	Foreign	280,000	70
Preferred "B"	Alakor Corporation (3,6,7) 9th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Alakor Corporation	Filipino	89,500	22.38

Notes:

- -1 National Book Store, Inc. is a local corporation engaged in retailing business. The said shares are mortgage to BDO.
- -2 Anglo Philippine Holdings Corp. is an investment holding firm focused on infrastructure and related property development activities.
- -3 Alakor Corporation is a holding company with investments in real estate and stock market.
- PCD Nominee Corporation is a wholly owned subsidiary of Philippine Central Depository, Inc. (PCD) and is the registered owner of the shares in the books of the Company's transfer agent. The beneficial owners of such shares are either PCD's participants (Brokers) themselves or the clients of these PCD participants in whose names these shares are recorded in their respective books. No individual or entity owns more than 5% of outstanding common shares in UPMC. As of May 31, 2024, net of 129,993,722,445 shares are in the name of Alakor Securities Corporation (ASC) and 95,052,931,640 shares are in the name of BDO Securities Corporation. Of the 225,046,654,085 shares in the name of ASC and BDO Securities, (a) National Book Store, Inc. owns 84,325,108,842 shares, (b) Anglo Philippine Holdings Corp. owns 67,119,143,395 shares and (c) Alakor Corporation owns 53,884,038,981 shares;
- -5 Lancaster Holdings Ltd. is a company incorporated in the Bahamas.
- -6 National Book Store Inc., Anglo Philippine Holdings Corp., Lancaster Holdings Limited, Alakor Corporation and Pargold Mining Corporation are record and beneficial owners owning more than 5% of the Company's common and/or preferred shares. Mr. Adrian Paulino S. Ramos, President, was appointed proxy to vote for the number of shares they beneficially own as of Record Date.
- -7 Mr. Ramos has some direct or indirect interests/shareholdings with these companies.

Security Ownership of Management

Following are the securities beneficially owned by directors and executive officers of the Company as of May 31, 2024.

Title of	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and nat	ture of Record	Citizenship	Percent
Class		/Beneficial (Ownership		of Class
		Direct	Indirect		
Common	Gerard Anton S. Ramos	100,000	10,100,000	Filipino	0.00
Common	Adrian Paulino S. Ramos	500,000	-	Filipino	0.00
Common	Christopher M. Gotanco	500,000	90,312,500	Filipino	0.03
Common	Romeo L. Bato	-	1,000,000	Filipino	0.02
Common	Presentacion S. Ramos	-	73,050,000	Filipino	0.02
Common	Maureen Alexandra S.	-	65,000,000	Filipino	0.02
	Ramos-Padilla				
Common	John Peter C. Hager	-	87,000,000	Filipino	0.03
Common	Renato C. Valencia	1	-	Filipino	0.00
Common	Nicholas Justin H. Ang	1,000,000			
Common	Iris Marie U. Carpio-Duque	-	-	Filipino	0.00
Common	Gilbert V. Rabago	-	-	Filipino	0.00
Common	Josephine L. Ilas	-	-	Filipino	0.00

As of May 31, 2024, the aggregate number of shares owned by the Company's directors and executive officers is 399,562,501 shares or approximately 0.15% of the Company's outstanding common stock. Except for shares appearing on record in the names of the directors and officers above, the Company is not aware of any shares, which said persons, may have the right to acquire beneficial ownership.

Voting Trust Holders of 5% or More

To the extent known to the Company, there are no voting trust holders of 5% or more of the Company's stocks.

Change in Control

No change in control of the Company has occurred since the beginning of its last fiscal year. The Company has no knowledge of any existing arrangements that may result in a change in control of the Company.

Item 5. Directors and Executive Officers

The names, ages, citizenship, positions and periods of service of directors, executive officers and persons nominated to become as such are as follows:

NAME	AGE	CITIZENS HIP	POSITION	PERIOD OF SERVICE	COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP/ POSITON
Gerard Anton S. Ramos	49	Filipino	Chairman of the Board/CEO President/CEO Director	March 2023-present 2018-March 2023 2010-present 2012-2018	-
Adrian Paulino S. Ramos	45	Filipino	President Vice-President Director Treasurer	March 2023-present 2018-March 2023 2006-present 2006-March 2023	-
Christopher M. Gotanco	74	Filipino	Director	2012-present	Audit & RPT- Member Corporate Governance – Member
Romeo L. Bato	62	Filipino	Nominee	July 2023 - present	Audit & RPT-Member
Presentacion S. Ramos	82	Filipino	Director	2014-present	-
Maureen Alexandra S. Ramos-Padilla	51	Filipino	Director	December 04, 2017 - present	-
John Peter C. Hager	53	Filipino	Independent Director	2012-present	Corporate Governance - Chairman Audit & RPT- Member Compensation- Member

			1		
Renato C. Valencia	82	Filipino	Independent	May 2019-present	Audit & RPT-
			Director		Chairman
					Corporate
					Governance –
					Member
					Compensation –
					Member
Nicholas Justin H.	46	Filipino	Independent	July 2023-present	Compensation-
Ang			Director		Chairman
					Corporate
					Governance-
					Member
					Audit& RPT-
					Member
Iris Marie U. Carpio-	46	Filipino	Corp. Secretary	2013-present	Corporate
Duque			Compliance	2012-present	Governance – Non-
			Officer & CIO		voting Member
Josephine L. Ilas	49	Filipino	Assistant Corp.	January 31, 2021-	-
			Secretary	present	
Gilbert V. Rabago	47	Filipino	Finance,	2012-present	Audit – Nonvoting
			Purchasing &		Member
			Administrative		
			Manager and CIO-		
			Alternate		
			Treasurer	March 2023 - present	
Adrian S. Arias	61	Filipino	Investors	2017-present	
			Relations Officer		

Directors elected in the annual stockholders' meeting have a term of office of one (1) year and serve as such until their successors are elected in the next succeeding annual stockholders' meeting; provided, that a director elected to fill a vacancy in the Board shall only serve the unexpired term of his predecessor.

All of the Company's incumbent directors were elected in the 2023 Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on July 26, 2023 and have since served in such capacity.

The names of the members and chairpersons of the Company's Corporate Governance Committees are, as follows:

Corporate Governance & Nomination Committee

Members : JOHN PETER C. HAGER(Independent Director), Chairman

RENATO C. VALENCIA (Independent Director), Member NICHOLAS JUSTIN H. ANG (Independent Director), Member

CHRISTOPHER M. GOTANCO (Director), Member IRIS MARIE U. CARPIO-DUQUE, Non-Voting Member

Compensation & Remuneration Committee

Members : NICHOLAS JUSTIN H. ANG (Independent Director), Chairman

JOHN PETER C. HAGER(Independent Director), Member RENATO C. VALENCIA (Independent Director), Member

Audit and Related Party Transaction Committee

Members : RENATO C. VALENCIA(Independent Director), Chairman

JOHN PETER C.HAGER (Independent Director), Member NICHOLAS JUSTIN H. ANG (Independent Director), Member

CHRISTOPHER M. GOTANCO (Director), Member

ROMEO L. BATO (Director), Member

Corporate Secretary/Compliance/

Corporate Governance/

Anti-Money Laundering Officer : IRIS MARIE U. CARPIO-DUQUE

Assistant Corporate Secretary : JOSEPHINE L. ILAS
Investor Relations Officer : ADRIAN S. ARIAS

Chief Risk Officer : GILBERT V. RABAGO

There are **NO** arrangements that may result in a change in control of the Company.

Independent Directors. In order to align certain provisions of the Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws with the Revised Corporation Code (RCC), various SEC memos and the Code of Corporate Governance, as well as to formalize certain standards, procedures and rules that the Corporation shall follow for efficient operation, the BOD approved the resolution amending UPM'S By-Laws, Articles II, Section 1.1.1.f.v, The Company shall have three (3) independent directors or such number of independent directors constituting at least 20% of its board size.

The Company's Amended By-Laws to Article II, Section 1.1.1.f.v, was approved by the Board of Directors on June 30, 2023 and by the Stockholders during the 2023 ASM on July 26, 2023. The Company is still preparing to file the amendment with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In compliance with SRC Rule 38, which provides for the guidelines on the nomination and election of independent directors, a Corporate Governance Committee has been created which also functions as the Nomination Committee. The following directors are the current members:

- John Peter C. Hager (Chairperson)
- Christopher M. Gotanco
- Renato C. Valencia
- Nicholas Justin H. Ang

The Corporate Governance Committee was tasked to accept and to pre-screen nominees for election as independent directors conformably with the criteria prescribed in SRC Rule 38 and the Company's

Manual on Corporate Governance, and to prepare and to make available to the SEC and the stockholders before the Annual Meeting of Stockholders a Final List of Candidates as required in said SRC Rule 38. Below is the final list of nominees for independent directors as pre-screened by the Corporate Governance Committee:

- Renato C. Valencia
- John Peter C. Hager
- Nicholas Justin H. Ang

Mr. Adrian Paulino S. Ramos nominated Messrs. Renato C. Valencia, John Peter C. Hager and Nicholas Justin H. Ang for election as independent directors in the forthcoming annual stockholders' meeting. Mr. Ramos is not related to any of the nominees for Independent Director. With due regard to the qualifications and disqualifications set forth in the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance, the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and the criteria prescribed in SRC Rule 38, the Corporate Governance Committee has determined that Messrs. Valencia, Hager and Ang are qualified to sit in the Board of the Company as independent directors.

Business Experience of Executive Officers and Director-Nominees

Gerard Anton S. Ramos is the Chairman of the Board of the Company. For the past five (5) years, he has served as a Director and/or Executive Officer in companies involved in the music, broadcasting, stock brokerage, mining, investment holding, property development, sale and distribution of books, magazines and other printed media, and shopping centers, among others.

Adrian Paulino S. Ramos is the President and Chief Executive Officer the Company. He serves as a director and/or executive officer, and maintains business interests, in companies engaged in the printing, publication, sale and distribution of books, magazines and other printed media (1996-present), investment holdings (2005-present), securities (2005-present), property development and infrastructure (2006-present), mining (2006-present) and bulk water supply (2006-present), among others.

Christopher M. Gotanco is a Director of the Company. For the past five (5) years, he has served as Director, Chairman and/or Chief Executive Officer in companies involved in natural resources (oil and gas), investment banking, holdings, mass transportation, property development, and mining, among others.

Romeo L. Bato is a Nominee for Director of the Company. For the past five (5) years, he has served as a director and/or executive officer and chief financial officer in group of companies with interests in the agribusiness, medical equipment, tourism, and mining. Prior to that, Mr. Bato works overseas for more than 20 years and held various key finance positions for publicly listed companies, and pharmaceutical and food business companies, among others.

Presentacion S. Ramos is a Director of the Company. For the past five (5) years, she has served as a director and/or executive officer of, and maintained business interests in companies involved in the printing, publication, sale and distribution of books, magazines and other printed media, department store, stock brokerage, oil and gas exploration, and mining, among others.

Alexandra S. Ramos-Padilla is a Director of the Company. She serves as director and/or executive officer and maintains business interests in companies engaged in department store, media and music distribution, securities brokerage, property development, oil and gas exploration and development (2013-present), among others.

John Peter C. Hager is an Independent Director of the Company. For the past five (5) years, he has been working in various management capacities and serves as Managing Director in companies involved in import/export commodities trading particularly pulp, paper, packaging, security paper and security printing products, rubber, coconut oil and other coconut-related products, among others. His business activities also include managing local interests of foreign principals and serving as commercial advisor to several international companies and local agents. He is the incumbent President of the Spanish Chamber of Commerce in the Philippines.

Renato C. Valencia is an Independent Director of the Company. For the past (5) years, he has served as director and/or executive officer in companies engaged in banking, investment holdings, education and technology, realty, and insurance. He is a former administrator of the Social Security System.

Nicholas Justin H. Ang is an Independent Director of the Company. For the past five (5) years, he has served as a director and/or executive officer and maintained business interests in companies involved in real estate, ecommerce business solutions, provider of financial services and food and restaurant.

Iris Marie U. Carpio-Duque is the Company's Compliance Officer, Corporate Information Officer and Corporate Secretary. For the past five (5) years, she has served as officer and/or corporate secretary or assistant corporate secretary in companies involved in mining, investment holding, securities brokering and real estate. She is a member of the Integrated Bar of the Philippines.

Josephine L. Ilas is the Assistant Corporate Secretary of the Company. For the past five (5) years, she has served as assistant corporate secretary and compliance officer of companies involved in oil and petroleum and natural resources. She is a member of the Integrated Bar of the Philippines.

Gilbert V. Rabago is the Company's Treasurer, Alternate Corporate Information Officer and Chief Risk Officer. For the past five (5) years, he has served in different managing capacities in companies involved in mining and exploration, investment holdings and real estate development. He is a certified public accountant.

Adrian S. Arias is the Company's Investor Relations Officer. He has been in active corporate law practice for more than twenty (20) years and serves as a director and/or officer of an investment house (2006-present), financial services (2006-present), logistics company (2004-present), services (2006-present), merchandising (2009-present), shared support services (2011-present), and mining (2012-present).

Directors with other Directorship(s) held in Reporting and/or Publicly Listed Companies (PLC)

	The Philodrill Corporation	ED
Gerard Anton S.	Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation	ED
Ramos	Atlas Consolidated Mining & Dev't. Corp.	NED
	Alakor Securities Corporation	ED

	Atlas Consolidated Mining & Dev't. Corp.	ED
Adrian Paulino S.	East Coast Vulcan Corporation	NED
Ramos	Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation	ED
	Alakor Securities Corporation	ED
Christopher M.	Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation	NED
Gotanco	The Philodrill Corporation	NED
Presentacion S.	Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation	NED
Ramos	The Philodrill Corporation	NED
	Alakor Securities Corporation	ED
	EEI Corporation	ID
Renato C. Valencia	GT Capital Holdings Corporation	ID
	I-People Inc.	ED
Maureen Alexandra	Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation	NED
S. Ramos-Padilla	The Philodrill Corporation	NED
Alakor Securities Corporation		NED
Romeo L. Bato	-	
John Peter C. Hager	Alakor Securities Corporation	ID
John Feter C. Hager	The Philodrill Corporation	ID
Nicholas Justin H. Ang	Anglo Philippine Holdings	ID

Significant Employees. Other than the above-named directors and executive officers, the Company has not engaged the services of any person who is expected to make significant contributions to the business of the Company. The business of the Company is not dependent on certain key personnel and there are no arrangements to assure that certain personnel will remain with the registrant and not compete upon termination.

Family Relationships. The following are the family relationships among officers and directors: Messrs. Gerard Anton S. Ramos, Chairman of the Board, Adrian Paulino S. Ramos, President and CEO, and Mrs. Alexandra S. Ramos-Padilla, Director, are the children Ms. Presentacion S. Ramos, Director.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings For the past five (5) years and up to the date of this Information Statement, the Company is not aware that anyone of the incumbent directors and executive officers and persons nominated to become a director or executive officer have been the subject of bankruptcy petitions or pending criminal proceedings in court or have been by judgment or decree found to have violated securities or commodities law and enjoined from engaging in any business, securities, commodities or banking activities, EXCEPT That (a) Mr. Alfredo C. Ramos, Ms. Presentacion S. Ramos, Ms. Maureen Alexandra S. Ramos-Padilla, Mr. Gerard Anton S. Ramos, Mr. Christopher M. Gotanco, and Mr. Reynaldo E. Nazarea, as directors, and Atty. Adrian S. Arias, as Corporate Secretary, all of The Philodrill Corporation, have been sued for alleged violation of Secs. 28 and 144 of the Corporation Code (Illegal removal of director), and (b) Mr. Reynaldo E. Nazarea and Atty. Adrian S. Arias have been sued for alleged violation of Art. 172 of the Revised Penal Code (Falsification of a Public Document). The Office of the City Prosecutor of Mandaluyong has dismissed these cases for lack of merit in separate resolutions and are now the subject of a Petition for Review filed by complainant Francisco A. Navarro with the Department of Justice; (c) Mr. Reynaldo E. Nazarea has filed separate cases of perjury and attempted estafa against Mr. Francisco A. Navarro, which are similarly the subject of a Petition for Review with the Department of Justice.

Involvement of Directors with Government Agencies or its Instrumentalities

Mrs. Maureen Alexandra S. Ramos-Padilla (Director) has been elected as a member of the governing Board of the National Book & Development Board (NBDB). (See attached Certification)

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The Company, on a regular basis secures loans and advances from its related parties (i.e. companies with shareholders common with the Company) to fund its capital expenditure and working capital requirements. The loans and advances are covered by promissory notes subject to roll over every ninety (90) days with interests at 24% per annum and are guaranteed by another related party with a guaranty fee of 4% per annum. Interest rates are determined on arm's length basis and are based on terms similar to those offered to other related and non-related parties by the creditor-related parties. These loans and advances, inclusive of accrued interests, guaranty fees and other liabilities to related parties in the amount of \$\frac{1}{2}\$2. billion were converted to common shares of stock of the Company in July 2008 as part of the capital restructuring program approved by the SEC on July 24, 2008.

On September 20, 2011, the Company entered into a convertible loan agreement with Alakor Corporation, a company under common control, to finance the Company's cost of conducting feasibility study on the Longos Gold Project and provides for its general working capital requirements. The loan amounts to \$\mathbb{2}250.0\$ million with 10% interest per annum due 36 months after draw down date. As of December 31, 2015, the initial drawdown amounted to \$\mathbb{2}120.0\$ million. The loan agreement gives the following rights to Alakor Corporation: (i) Option to convert, at any time after the earliest draw down date, all amounts outstanding under the loan into equity of the Company at the price of \$\mathbb{P}\$ 0.018 per share. (ii) Subscribe to no more than 2,700,000 shares of the Company at \$\mathbb{P}0.018\$ per share within five years from the execution of the loan documents. At last year's regular stockholders' meeting, the Corporation obtained the stockholders' approval of the amendment of the convertible loan agreement the to include a new conversion price per share that may be above or below par value, for all amounts outstanding and to be drawn thereunder, as may be renegotiated and determined by the Board of Directors under such terms and conditions as it may deem proper and subject to compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations.

In consideration of the stock price being below par for many years to date, and in order to extend further the availment of the convertible loan facility by the Corporation for its future general working capital requirements, the Board resolved on April 28, 2021, to amend the said loan agreement as follows: (i) to amend Section 2.01 to extend the drawdown period from three years from earliest drawdown date to three years from execution of the amended agreement; (ii) to amend Section 2.07 to change the conversion price to par value or P0.01 per share; (iii) to amend any warrant issued or to be issued to reflect the above-mentioned changes, as applicable; and (iv) to renegotiate the interest rate provided in Section 2.04 as management deems proper.

The identities of the related parties, the nature of the relationships, amounts and details of the transactions are disclosed on Note 11 of the Company's 2023 Audited Financial Statements.

There are no on-going contractual or other commitments as a result of the loans and advances obtained from related parties other than the payment of the loans and advances, interests and guaranty fees and/or conversion of the same to equity as mentioned above.

During the last two (2) years, there were no other transaction involving the Company in which any of its directors or executive officers, any nominee for election as director, or security holder owning 10% or more of the Company's total outstanding shares and members of their immediate family had a material interest.

There were no transactions with parties that fall outside the definition of "related parties" under SFAS/IAS No. 24.

Parent of the Company

No person or entity holds more than 50% of the Company's voting securities; consequently, the Company has no parent company.

Resignation or Declination to Stand for Re-election of a Director

Since the Company's last annual meeting of stockholders held on July 26, 2023, none of the directors elected therein by the stockholders has resigned or declined to stand for re-election to the Board of Directors.

Item 6. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

The aggregate compensation paid or incurred for the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Three (3) most highly compensated executive officers and employees named below as a group for the two (2) most recently completed years (2023 and 2022) and the ensuing fiscal year (2024) are as follows:

Name	Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Other Annual Compensation
Gerard Anton S. Ramos	Chairman - CEO				
Adrian Paulino S. Ramos	President				
Gilbert V. Rabago	Treasurer/CIO Alternate				
Iris Marie U. Carpio-Duque	Legal and Compliance Officer/Corporate Secretary				
Total (Top 4 Executi	ves)	2022	₽0.6million	0	0
		2023	₽0.6million	0	0
		2024 (Est.)	₽0.6 million	0	0
Total (All Executives	& Directors)	2022	₽0.6 million	0	0
		2023	₽0.6 million	0	0
		2024 (Est)	₽0.6 million	0	0

For the most recently completed fiscal year and the ensuing fiscal year, directors received and will receive a per diem of £2,000.00 per board meeting to defray their expenses in attending board meetings. There are no other arrangements for compensation of directors, as such, during the last fiscal year and for the ensuing fiscal year.

The Company has not granted any bonus and other compensation to directors and executive officers since 1994 except for the mandatory 13th month pay, which is already included in the amounts shown in the above table. There are no warrants or options outstanding in favor of directors and officers of the Company other than the item discussed under stock option plan above.

The Company maintains standard employment and consultancy contracts with the above officers, all of which provide for their respective compensation and benefits. Other than what is provided under applicable labor laws, there are no compensatory plans or arrangements with executive officers entitling them to receive more than \$\text{\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$2.5}}\$}}\$ million as a result of their resignation, retirement or any other termination of employment, or from a change in control of the Company, or a change in the executive officers' responsibilities following a change in control of the Company.

The Company has not granted any bonus and other compensation to directors and executive officers since 1994 except for the mandatory 13th month pay, which is already included in the amounts shown in the above table. There are no warrants or options outstanding in favor of directors and officers of the Company other than the item discussed under stock option plan above.

Warrants or Options. Currently, UPMC Board of Directors approved and authorized the adoption of a Stock Option Plan for the Directors and Management to cover an aggregate of 20 Billion UPMC Common Shares at various prices per share as follows:

Number of Shares	Strike Price per share
5 Billion	P0.020
10 Billion	0.0250
5 Billion	0.0275

The company hired a consultant to formulate and design a stock option plan to insure its proper implementation.

During the annual meeting of the stockholders of United Paragon Mining Corporation ("the corporation") on September 28, 2012, the stockholders approved and/or ratified the adoption and implementation of the Stock Option Plan for the directors and management of the Corporation, under such terms and conditions as determined by the Board, subject to the compliance with the applicable laws and rules and regulation of the Securities and Exchange Commission and Philippine Stock Exchange. As of date of this report, no stock options were subscribed and/or availed.

Because of the prevailing market conditions and current market price, there is a need to reprice the stock option plan in order to be a fair and proper incentive program for directors and management. Hence, the delegation to the board of directors of the authority to reprice at below par value will be submitted to the stockholders for approval at this year's meeting. Such determination of new price/s by the board after obtaining third party consultation and/or consideration of market prices in previous years, will be disclosed in due course to the SEC and PSE.

Item 7. Independent Public Accountants

The accounting firm of SyCipGorresVelayo& Co. CPAs ("SGV") with address at the 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City, has been appointed as external auditor of the Company yearly since 2010, in line with the Company's commitment to good corporate governance and in compliance with SRC Rule 68(3)(b)(iv).

For 2024, SGV with Ms. Ma. Genalin Q. Arevalo as partner-in-charge is again recommended to stockholders for appointment as independent external auditor of the Company and was the signing partner-in-charge for the audit year 2023. The representatives of SGV are expected to be present at the Meeting and they will be given an opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so. They are also expected to respond to questions, if needed.

No external auditor engaged by the Company has resigned, or has declined to stand for re-election, or was dismissed.

Changes in and Disagreements with Independent Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure. The Company never had any disagreement with SGV, its current external auditor or within any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosures or auditing scope or procedure.

External Audit Fees and Services. The fees of the external auditor in the past three (3) years are as follows:

Year	Audit & Related Fees	Tax Fees	Other Fees
2023	₽363, 825	43, 659	37, 600
2022	₽382, 200	50, 424	38, 200
2021	2 363, 825	43, 659	37, 600

For the past three (3) years, the Company had not engaged the services of SGV (2021-2022) except for the audit and/or review of the annual financial statements in connection with statutory and regulatory filings and certification of the proposed accounts to be converted to equity.

The Company's Audit Committee is headed by Mr. Renato C. Valencia, as Chairman and the members are Mssrs. John Peter Hager, Nicholas Justin H. Ang, Romeo L. Bato and Christopher Gotanco. The Audit Committee reviews and recommends to the Board and stockholders the appointment of the external auditor and the fixing of the audit fees for the Company. The Board and stockholders approve the Audit Committee's recommendation.

The Audit Committee has an existing policy, which prohibits the Company from engaging the external auditor to provide services that may adversely impact their independence, including those expressly prohibited by SEC regulations.

<u>Item 8.</u> Compensation Plans - Not applicable.

Item 9. Authorization or Issuance of Securities Other than for the Exchange - Not Applicable.

Item 10. Modification or Exchange of Securities - Not Applicable.

Item 11. Financial and Other Information

See the Company's 2023 Audited Financial Statements following this Information Statement.

<u>Item 12.</u> Mergers, Consolidation, Acquisitions and Similar Matters - Not Applicable.

Item 13. Acquisition or Disposition of Property - Not Applicable.

Item 14. Restatement of Accounts

NO restatement of any account has been made from the time the Company's financial statements were last audited (31 December 2023) up to the date of this Information Statement.

NO material reclassification, merger, consolidation or purchase/sale of a significant amount of assets, not in the ordinary course of business, has been undertaken by the Company during the last three (3) years.

NO action will be taken at the meeting with respect to the restatement of any asset, capital or surplus account of the Company.

OTHER MATTERS

<u>Item 15.</u> Action with Respect to Reports

The following reports/minutes shall be submitted to the stockholders for approval/ratification:

1. Minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on July 26, 2023.

In the stockholders' meeting on July 26, 2023, there were **225,794,959,129** or **86.41**% of the outstanding capital stock that were personally present or were represented by their duly authorized proxies, the stockholders approved the 2022 Annual Report and 2022 Audited Financial Statements. Furthermore, the stockholders approved the Minutes of the previous stockholders' meeting, ratified the corporate acts of Management and the Board of Directors, the year just closed, elected the new members of its Board of Directors for the coming year, and appointed the Company's external auditors. This constitutes the ratification of the accuracy and faithfulness of the Minutes to the events that transpired in the 2022 Annual Stockholders' Meeting and does not constitute a second approval of the matters taken up thereat, which have already been approved.

2. Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2022 (a copy containing the information required by SRC Rule 20A is enclosed).

Approval of the Annual Report constitutes a ratification of the Company's performance during the previous fiscal year as contained therein.

- 3. Acts and Resolutions of the Board of Directors and Management from the date following the last Annual Stockholders' Meeting (July 27, 2022) to the present (July 26, 2023) including but not limited to the following:
 - Approval of the minutes of previous meetings and Annual Stockholders' Meeting 2022
 - Approval & Release of the 2022 Audited Financial Statements
 - Nomination of SycipGorresVelayo& Co. as external auditor for the year 2023.
 - Postponement and Notice of ASM 2023
 - Amendment of Company's By Laws
 - Retirement of Eduardo B. Castillo as Director

Item 16. Matters Not Required to be Submitted

Proofs of transmittal to stockholders of the required Notice of the Meeting and of the presence of a quorum at the Meeting form part of the Agenda for the Meeting and will not be submitted for approval by the stockholders.

Item 17. Amendment of Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws

On July 11, 2022, amendments to the Fourth Article in the Company's Articles of Incorporation and Amendment of the Articles II, III and VII of the company's By-Laws has been approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In order to align certain provisions of the By-Laws with the Revised Corporation Code (RCC), various SEC memos and the Code of Corporate Governance, as well as to formalize certain standards, procedures and rules that the Corporation shall follow for efficient operation, the BOD resolution amending By-Laws, Articles II, Section 1.1.1.f.vi.

Amended By-Laws - United Paragon Mining Corporation

FROM	то	
Article II Section 1.1.1.f.vi	Article II Section 1.1.1.f.vi	
-	INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS – The Company	
	shall have three (3) independent directors or	
	such number of independent	
	directors constituting at least 20% of its board	
	size.	

During the Company's 2023 ASM, there were 225,794,959,129 votes from stockholders owning or representing 86.41% of the outstanding capital stock of the Company that were personally present or were represented by their duly authorized proxies. The Stockholders approved the resolution amending APO's By-Laws, Articles II, Section 1.1.1.f.v1. The Company is preparing the application to amend the By-Laws to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)

<u>Item 18.</u> Other Proposed Action – Not Applicable

Item 19. Voting Procedures

In the election of directors, the nine (9) nominees with the greatest number of votes will be elected directors.

If the number of nominees for election as directors does not exceed the number of directors to be elected, the Secretary of the Meeting shall be instructed to cast all votes represented at the Meeting equally in favor of all such nominees. However, if the number of nominees for election as directors exceeds the number of directors to be elected, voting shall be done by ballot, cumulative voting will be followed, and counting of votes shall be done by two (2) election inspectors appointed by the stockholders present or represented by proxy at the Meeting.

In accordance with SRC Sec. 38 and SRC Rule 38, only nominees whose names appear in the Final List of Candidates for Independent Directors shall be eligible for election as Independent Directors. No other nomination shall be entertained after the Final List of Candidates shall have been prepared and no further nomination shall be entertained or allowed on the floor during the actual annual stockholders' meeting.

Messrs. Renato C. Valencia, John Peter Hager and Nicholas Justin H. Ang are nominated for election as independent directors of the Company for the ensuing fiscal year.

Upon successful registration at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting, each stockholder will be provided a ballot to enable him to vote on each item or proposal in the agenda. All votes will be counted and tabulated by the Election Committee composed of representatives from the Office of the Corporate Secretary.

Registration for the annual stockholders' meeting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in the following manner:

- (1) Registration is to commence by the filing of a scanned or digital copy of the completed Registration Form together with other required documents to unitedparagonmining@gmail.com beginning July 03, 2024 at 8:00 am until July 17, 2024 at 5:00 pm.
- (2) The stockholder has the option to either vote in absentia, in which case the stockholder will have to complete the ballot included in the Registration Form; or to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as Proxy.
- (3) Subject to validation by the Company, the stockholder will receive an email confirming their valid registration which shall also contain the link to the live webcast of the Meeting.
- (4) The Proxy Validation Committee will tabulate all votes received through Proxy or in absentia, and an independent third party will validate the results.
- (5) Stockholders who notified the Company of their intent to attend the meeting remotely can either vote in advance or during the meeting through the link provided to their email addresses. Votes are subject to the validation of an independent third party.

Item 20. Participation of Stockholders by Remote Communication

The livestream of the meeting shall be viewable through a link that will be given to stockholders who have registered successfully. In order for the Corporation to properly conduct validation procedures, stockholders who have not sent their proxies or registered and wish to participate via remote communication must notify the Corporation by emailing unitedparagonmining@gmail.com on or before July 17, 2024, and must provide the following information by said date: (1) Name; (2) Email Address; (3) Contact Number; (4) Postal Address; and (5) scanned copy of any valid government issued identification card ("ID") with photo of the stockholder.

Please refer to Annex A for the detailed guidelines for participation via remote communication and the procedures for registration and casting votes in absentia.

Incorporated herein are the following:

- 1. General Nature and Scope of Business of United Paragon Mining Corporation
- 2. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters
- 3. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for 2023, 2022 and 2021 and Interim Report for the 1st quarter ending March 31, 2024
- 4. Plan of Operations for 2024
- 5. Audited Financial Statements for 2023 and Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements
- 6. Interim Financial Statements for the 1st quarter ending March 31, 2024 are included in this report.

MANAGEMENT REPORT ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 4, SRC RULE 20 BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Business

United Paragon Mining Corporation ("UPMC" or the "Company") is a Philippine corporation whose main business is the exploration, development, exploitation, recovery and sale of gold.

UPMC was the result of a merger in 1989 between United Asia Resources and Geothermal Corporation ("UAR") and Abcar Paragon Mining Corporation ("Abcar Paragon"). Under the terms of the merger, UAR became the surviving corporation and Abcar Paragon transferred all of its assets and properties (real and personal, including rights, franchises and receivables, as well as the operating rights of the Longos Mine) to UAR. UAR was renamed United Paragon Mining Corporation in 1990. UAR was formed as a corporation in 1970 while Abcar Paragon was formed in 1986.

The Company's principal mining operation is the Longos Mine at Paracale, Camarines Norte. The Company operated an open pit area in the mine from August 01, 1988 to June 01, 1994 having extracted 888,809 metric tonnes (MT) of ore, which yielded 79,120 ounces of gold. This was more than twice its originally calculated reserve. By April 1994, the Company began the commercial operations of the underground mine at the same site. It was placed under care and maintenance in December 1998 because of depletion of economic reserves above Level 800, high operating cost and low metal prices.

In 1999, the management of the Company decided to continue exploration drilling in the main Longos lode area and the neighboring sub-parallel veins to search for more ore to increase reserves. However, in the last quarter of 2003, the management of the Company was convinced that sufficient drilling had been done in these areas. In November 2003, the Company decided to suspend further drilling in Longos.

Another prospective area is San Mauricio in Jose Panganiban as an exploration target for the Company. The Company has plans of continuing exploration drilling in San Mauricio once the necessary clearance from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources ("DENR") is secured.

With the current gold prices, the present ore reserves of the Company are now sufficient for a viable project at 500-600 tonnes per day capacity. The Company pursued various options to raise project financing subject to the company being awarded appropriate government permits to resume further development and rehabilitation of Longos Mine.

Meanwhile, on December 29, 2018, the company acquired the rights and interests of Vulcan Industrial & Mining Corporation (VIMC) under the following MPSAs:

Project	Location	Contract	Area (has)
Manlupo	Bgy. Damutan,	MPSA 092-97-VI granted to	477.00
(Copper)	Hinobaan, and Bgy.	VIMC on November 20, 1997	
	Gatuslao, Candoni,	and registered with MGB-R06	
	Negros Occidental	on June 9, 1998	
Luz (Copper)	Bgy. Manlucahoc,	MPSA 113-98-VI granted to	806.5719
	Sipalay, Negros	VIMC on May 26, 1998 and	
	Occidental	registered with MGB-R06 on	
		May 13, 1999	

^{*}The assignment was approved on December 22, 2020 with the Mines and Geosciences Bureau.

Properties

The Company owns various office furniture, fixtures and transportation equipment in its Head office located at Mandaluyong City. The Company also owns various drilling, mining and milling equipment and support facilities in its Longos mine site. There is no mortgage, lien or encumbrance over the aforementioned properties.

The Company has no intention at present to lease or acquire any additional significant real property or machinery and equipment in the next twelve (12) months unless the appropriate government permit have been awarded to the company and the required funding for exploration and further development of the mine becomes available, in which case, additional significant real property or machinery and equipment will be acquired. Machinery and equipment are usually acquired month to month as needed usually through direct purchase or through letters of credit, if imported, under suppliers' or bank's credit terms.

The Company through an Operating Agreement executed on February 10, 1987 and Option and Operating Agreement dated November 17, 1987 with Camarines Minerals, Inc. ("CMI") has the exclusive rights to operate the mineral properties in the name of CMI that are covered by mining lease contracts, including the right to occupy the other real properties of CMI. The operating agreement expired on June 18, 2006. On July 30, 2007, the Company and CMI signed an operating agreement renewing and consolidating the previous option and operating agreements. This operating agreement provides for the extension of the term for twenty-five years or co-terminus with the relevant mineral production sharing agreement that may be issued by the Philippine Government and a royalty rate of 3.5% based on gross revenues, net of marketing and refining charges.

The principal properties subject of an operating agreement with CMI consists of 1,204.6160 hectares with confirmed mineral resources and prospective exploration areas. The approved mining lease contracts with the Philippine Government cover 394 hectares, 64 hectares expired in 2006 and 330 hectares expired in 2010. However, prior to expiry of these mining lease contracts, the Company submitted applications for conversion to mineral production sharing agreement/s. The mining claims covered by the operating agreement with CMI are all located in the Paracale - Jose Panganiban District.

The mining lease contracts assigned to the Company by CMI are as follows:

- Mining Lease Contract ("MLC") No. MRD 267, granted on June 18, 1981 covering a group of nine (9) mining claims with a total area of 64.1609 hectares, expired on June 17, 2006. This is the central portion of Longos.
- MLC No. MRD 401, granted on March 19, 1985, covering twelve (12) mining claims with an area of 92.8699 hectares, expired on March 18, 2010. This is the southern portion, known as Malaguit group of claims, which includes Haliguing Bato area.
- MLC No. MRD 445, granted on July 01, 1985, covering a group of twenty-nine (29) mining claims with a total area of 194.2786 hectares, expired on June 30, 2010. This is the portion, which includes the UPMC village, the Tailings Pond No. 1, Baluarte and San Antonio structures and Barangay Palanas.
- MLC No. MRD 446 granted on July 01, 1985, covering a group of six (6) mining claims with a total area of 43.5000 hectares, expired June 30, 2010. This is the Tugos area.

The Company and CMI filed a joint application for production sharing agreement ("APSA") for the above MLCs on February 7, 2006 (denominated as APSA V-375). However, with the passage of the Executive Order 79 (EO 79) dated July 6, 2012 "INSTITUTIONALIZING AND IMPLEMENTING REFORMS IN THE PHILIPPINE MINING SECTOR PROVIDING POLICIES AND GUIDELINES TO ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND RESPONSIBLE MINING IN THE UTILIZATION OF MINERAL RESOURCES", the processing of the renewal of the APSA application is on hold until a legislation rationalizing existing revenue sharing schemes mechanism shall have taken effect. In line with the company management mandate to upgrade its ore reserve the said APSA 375 application was converted to an exploration permit application on February 4, 2013. On October 4, 2013 the company received approval on the conversion of application from APSA-00375-V to EXPA-00180-V. On August 24, 2018, the company received approval of its exploration permit (EP-016-2016-V dated August 20, 2018 covering an area of 580.27 hectares).

Furthermore, the DENR Secretary, Regina Paz L. Lopez issued Memorandum Circular No. 2016-01 on July 8, 2016, requiring an audit of all operating mines and a moratorium on the acceptance, processing and/or approval of mining applications and/or mining projects for all metallic and non-metallic minerals. She was replaced by Roy Cimatu as the new DENR secretary after her nomination was rejected by the Commission on Appointment (CA).

The Company received its Exploration Permit denominated as EP-016-2016-V on August 24, 2018. In October 2020, 3 holes, totaling 604.9 meters were drilled east-southeast of the Bula-ay small-scale mining area. These holes were to check the up-dip continuity of Baluarte Vein and San Antonio Vein (between level 200 and level 400) above the ultramafic granodiorite contact. No exploration work was initiated during the years 2019 and 2018 due to revised exploration work program was just approved in early 2020. On April 14, 2021, the moratorium on new mineral agreements was lifted under E.O. 130.

UPMC on its own has located several mineral areas located in Paracale and Labo, Camarines Norte consisting of 531.000 hectares for which APSAs were filed. The Company received a letter from MGB Central Office dated September 9, 2015 returning all APSA applications of the Company to MGB Regional Office No. V for further evaluation.

Following are the APSAs filed by the Company:

- APSA V-041 covers four (4) lots of 101 mining claims. Lots 1, 2 and 3 are owned by CMI (known as San Mauricio claim group) and Lot 4 (Torana Group, 126.0000 hectares) is owned by UPMC with a total area of 753.4439 hectares.
- APSA V-270 covers twenty-four (24) mining claims owned by CMI also known as the Jeff-Sindicado claim group with a total area of 182.3624 hectares.
- APSA V-375 covers fifty-six (56) mining claims owned by CMI also known as the Longos claim group with a total area of 393.8607 hectares, this has been converted into an Exploration Permit Application by UPMC and CMI on February 4, 2013 upon submission of pertinent documents and payment of the required conversion fee and is now renumbered as EXPA-000180-V. On October 4, 2013 the company received approval on the conversion of application from APSA-00375-V to EXPA-00180-V. On August 24, 2018, the company received approval of its exploration permit (EP-016-2016-V dated August 20, 2018 covering an area of 580.27 hectares). Exploration permit was extended until Feb 19, 2021 due to the effect of pandemic COVID 19 lockdown in March 16, 2020. In October 2020, the Company completed the implementation of the two-years exploration work program. In Feb 4, 2021 filed a Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility (DMPF). April 14, 2021 Mineral Processing and Sharing Agreement was lifted (E.O. 130).

Exploration/Drilling

In October 2020, 3 holes, totaling 604.9 meters were drilled east-southeast of the Bula-ay small-scale mining area. These holes were to check the up-dip continuity of Baluarte Vein and San Antonio Vein (between level 200 and level 400) above the ultramafic granodiorite contact. No exploration work was initiated during the years 2019 and 2018 due to revised exploration work program was just approved in early 2020. The Company suspended its exploration/drilling activities in the San Mauricio mineral claim in Jose Panganiban after completing the 2nd hole in February 2004, pending approval by the DENR of the Company's application for Mineral Production Sharing Agreement ("APSA") over the area. This area is covered by application denominated as APSA V-041.

Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. There was no change in the resource estimates during the year 2022 even after the completion of the 2 years exploration work program wherein the company drilled 3 holes totaling 604.9 meters to check the up-dip continuity of Baluarte Vein and San Antonio Vein (between level 200 and level 400) above the ultramafic-granodiorite contact and for the year 2019. The Indicated Mineral Resources Inventory as of January 01, 2023 is 3,160,737 MT at 10.89 grams of gold per tonnes (Au g/t) containing 1,106,420 ounces of gold. Summary of the ore resources as of January 01, 2024 is presented below:

Identified Mineral Resources	Tonnes	Grade, Au g/t	Ounces, Gold
Above Level 800			
Measured	257,808	11.25	93,248
Indicated	124,955	14.32	57,529
Inferred	-	-	-
Sub Total	382,763	12.25	150,777
Below Level 800			
Measured	590,714	12.68	240,817
Indicated	1,270,611	9.11	372,153
Inferred	338,800	13.09	142,585
Sub Total	2,200,125	10.68	755,555
Adjacent Vein Systems			

Measured	-	-	-
Indicated	577,849	10.77	200,088
Inferred	-	-	-
Sub Total	577,849	10.77	200,088
Identified Mineral Resources as of 01-01-2024	3,160,737	10.89	1,106,42 0
Identified Mineral Resources as of 01-01-2023	3,160,737	10.89	1,106,42 0
Difference	-	-	-

Summary of the ore reserves as of January 01, 2024 is presented below:

Underground Minable Ore Reserves	Tonnes	Grade, Au g/t	Ounces, Gold
Above Level 800			
Proven	202,071	10.61	68,930
Probable	85,928	8.28	22,875
Sub Total	287,999	9.91	91,805
Below Level 800			
Proven	-	-	-
Probable	1,302,52	11.30	473,211
Sub Total	1,302,52	11.30	473,211
Total			
Proven	202,071	10.61	68,930
Probable	1,388,45	11.30	496,086
Total Ore Reserves	1,590,52	11.05	565,016
Less: Reserves Used For Pillars	6,963	6.63	1,484
Total Ore Reserves -January 01, 2024	1,583,56	11.07	563,532
Total Ore Reserves - January 01, 2023	1,583,56	11.07	563,532
Difference	_	-	_

Note: The ore reserves presented in this table are included in the ore resources presented in the above table.

The estimation, assessment, and evaluation of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves were undertaken by qualified technical personnel. However, the Company hired Competent Persons to evaluate and certify the mineral resources and ore reserves, in compliance with the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code for Reporting Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (PMRC) adopted by the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. in October 2007.

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources was based on information compiled and certified by Mr. Balgamel B. Domingo, who is a member of the Geological Society of the Philippines (GSP). Mr. Domingo is not employed by any company. He is a consultant for various mining and geologic projects. On the other hand, the information on Ore Reserves was compiled and certified by Mr. Lucio R. Castillo, a member of the Philippine Society of Mining Engineers. Mr. Castillo is the Chairman/CEO of Goldridge Mining Corporation. Both Messrs. Domingo and Castillo are included in the lists of competent persons promulgated by their respective accredited professional organizations.

Messrs. Domingo and Castillo have sufficient experiences, which are relevant to the style of mineralization and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity, which they had undertaken to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2007 Edition of PMRC. Messrs. Domingo and Castillo consented to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears.

Legal Proceedings

There has not been any bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceedings neither instituted by or against the Company nor has there been any material reclassification, merger, consolidation or purchase or sale of significant amount of assets not in the ordinary course of business. There is no material pending legal proceedings involving the Company.

Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Except for the matters taken during the annual stockholders meeting on September 30, 2020, no other matter was submitted to a vote of security holders during the period covered by this report.

Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

Market Information. The Company's shares of common stock are traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. ("PSE"). The quarterly high and low stock prices (in Philippine Pesos) for the years 2022, 2023 and the 1st quarter of year 2024 are as follows:

Market Price	202	24	2023		2022	
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
First Quarter	0.0043	0.0035	0.0059	0.0051	0.0086	0.0063
Second Quarter			0.0059	0.0049	0.0067	0.0058
Third Quarter			0.0050	0.0056	0.0038	0.0056
Fourth Quarter			0.0048	0.0038	0.0058	0.0051

The Company's shares of common stock were traded with a closing price of ₱0.0045 per share on December 31, 2023 and ₱0.0034 on June 04, 2024.

Shareholders. The Company has 1,178 shareholders as of December 31, 2023 and 1,180 on May 31, 2024. The outstanding shares as of December 31, 2023 and May 31, 2024, are 261,314,797,080 shares of common stock; 12,200,000 shares of Class "A" preferred stock and 400,000 shares of Class "B" preferred stock.

The top 20 common stockholders as of May 31 2024 are as follows:

No.	Name	No. of Shares held	Percentage of Total
1	PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION	252,490,830,862	96.6232
2	LANCASTER HOLDINGS LIMITED	5,235,537,900	2.0035
3	CAMARINES MINERALS, INC.	1,252,097,050	0.4792
4	RAMOS, ALFREDO C.	318, 976, 817	0.1221
5	ENRILE II, WILLIAM RAGOS	250,000,000	0.0957
6	ALAKOR SECURITIES CORPORATION	199,653,850	0.0764
7	LORENZO JR., LUIS P.	109,250,000	0.0418
8	YAN, LUCIO W.	100,000,000	0.0383
9	SY TIONG SHIOU &/OR JUANITA S. TAN	93,500,000	0.0358

	VALMORA INVESTMENT AND MANAGEMENT		
10	CORP.	80,000,000	0.0306
11	CASTILLO, EDUARDO B.	54,375,000	0.0208
12	CASTANEDA, ISA F.	50,000,000	0.0191
13	KERRY SECURITIES (PHILS.), INC. RPS01	49,250,000	0.0188
14	LIM III, JOSE A.	22,500,000	0.0086
15	CORRO, ANTONIO SEBASTIAN T.	20,000,000	0.0077
16	KEH, BENITO	18,000,000	0.0069
17	PONIO, BEN AZEL S.	17,500,000	0.0067
	CHU, BERNARD	15,000,000	0.0057
18	CHIU, JOHNSON CHIU &/OR VICKY	15,000,000	0.0057
19	LEE, DANIEL U.	12,687,500	0.0049
20	HYDEE MANAGEMENT & RESOURCE CORP.	12,600,600	0.0048

The equity ownership on a per-class as of May 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Security Class	Outstanding Shares	Percent of Total
1.	Common Shares		
	Filipino	255,485,039,310	97.6198
	Alien:		
	Other	5,807,301,520	2.3716
British		1,250,000	0.0005
	American	13,000,000	0.0050
	Chinese	8,206,250	0.0031
	Total	261,314,797,080	100
2.	Preferred A		
	Filipino	9,365,000	76.76
	Alien-other	2,835,000	23.24
Total		12,200,000	100
3.	Preferred B		
	Filipino	120,000	30.00
	Alien-other	280,000	70.00
	Total	400,000	100

Dividends. No dividends were declared in year 2023 and in previous years (2022 and 2021). The Company's ability to declare and pay dividends on common equity is restricted by the availability of sufficient retained earnings and funds.

Description of the Company's Shares. UPMC has three (3) classes of shares; Common Shares, which are voting shares, entitled to one (1) vote per share, and Preferred Class "A" and Preferred Class "B" which are non-voting shares. The outstanding shares as of May 31, 2024 are 261,314,797,080 shares of Common Stock and are listed at the PSE; 12,200,000 shares of Preferred "A" stock and 400,000 shares of Preferred "B" stock.

Stock Ownership Plan. Currently, UPMC Board of Directors approved and authorizes the adoption of a Stock Option Plan for the Directors and Management to cover an aggregate of 20 Billion UPMC Common Shares at various prices per share as follows:

Number of Shares	Strike Price per share	
5 Billion	P0.020	
10 Billion	0.0250	
5 Billion	0.0275	

The company hired a consultant to formulate and design a stock option plan to insure its proper implementation.

During the annual meeting of the stockholders of United Paragon Mining Corporation ("the corporation") on September 28, 2013, the stockholders approved and/or ratified the adoption and implementation of the Stock Option Plan for the directors and management of the Corporation, under such terms and conditions as determined by the Board, subject to the compliance with the applicable laws and rules and regulation of the Securities and Exchange Commission and Philippine Stock Exchange. As of date of this report no stock options were subscribed and/or availed.

Recent Sale of Unregistered Securities. No securities were sold by the Company within the past three (3) years, which were not registered under the Code. There were no new issues (including securities issued in exchange for property, services, or other securities and new securities resulting from the modification of outstanding securities) or sale of reacquired securities during the same period, except for 217,942,035,530 common shares issued resulting from the conversion of debts to equity approved by the SEC on July 24, 2008. Please refer to Note 1 5 of the 2016 Audited Financial Statements.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AND PLAN OF OPERATIONS

- a) Full fiscal year
 - 1) Financial Condition, Changes in Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Financial highlights for the years 2023, 2022, and 2021 are presented below:

Results of Operations.

	2023	2022	2021
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Revenues	-	=	=
Net Income (Loss)	(108,172,548)	(98,443,678)	(90,893,164)
Total Assets	1,122,235,410	1,129,670,020	1,130,307,232
Total Liabilities	1,521,599,987	1,420,862,049	1,323,055,583
Net Worth	(399,364,577)	(291,192,029)	(192,748,351)
Issued & Subscribed Capital	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080

Results of Operations (Full Year) 2023 compared to 2022

The Company has incurred net losses of ₱108.2 million, ₱98.4 million and ₱91.0 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021 respectively, and cumulative losses in prior years, resulting in a deficit of ₱3,033.2 million and ₱2,925.0 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and a capital deficiency of ₱ 399.5 million and ₱291.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. In addition, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by ₱1,517.3 million and ₱1,419.5 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and the Company has negative operating cash flows of ₱13.1 million, ₱15.2 million and ₱13.1 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

2022 compared to 2021

The Company has posted a net losses of ₱98.4 million, ₱91.0 million and ₱57.9 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020 respectively, and cumulative losses in prior years, resulting in a deficit of ₱2,925.0 million and ₱2,826.6 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and a capital deficiency of ₱291.2 million and ₱192.7 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. In addition, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by ₱1,419.5 million and ₱1,320.9 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the Company has negative operating cash flows of ₱15.2 million, ₱13.1 million and ₱2.3 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

2021 compared to 2020

The company has posted net loss of \$\frac{1}{2}90.9\$ million in 2021 compared to \$\frac{1}{2}57.9\$ million in 2020. The higher net loss was due provision for impairment loss of inventories and interest expense.

Finance Expenses of \$\overline{2}\$66.5 million in 2021 was higher by \$\overline{2}\$7.1 million as compared to \$\overline{2}\$59.4 million in 2020 due to compounding interest calculation on unpaid obligation to Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI).

Finance income earned for the year 2021 arising from interest income on bank deposit.

Other income earned for the year 2021 and 2020 comes from the disposal of scrap materials

Financial Condition (Full year)

2023 compared to 2022

As shown in the financial statements, the Company has incurred capital deficiency of \$\textstyle{2}39.5\$ million and \$\textstyle{2}91.2\$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively resulting from cumulative losses of \$\textstyle{2}3,033.2\$ million and \$\textstyle{2},925.0\$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Also, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$\textstyle{2}1,517.3\$ million and \$\textstyle{2}1,419.5\$ million, respectively. Net cash flows used in operating activities amounted to \$\textstyle{2}13.1\$ million, \$\textstyle{2}15.2\$ million and \$\textstyle{2}13.1\$ million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, therefore that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The ultimate outcome of these uncertainties cannot be determined presently. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

Cash requirement for years 2023, 2022 and 2021 were principally financed by loans, advances from related parties and disposal of site scrap materials.

The Company's total current liabilities of ₽1,520.4 million as of December 31, 2023, of which, ₽333.4 million was due to related parties for loans and advances, interests, and dividends and other liabilities, and the balance are due to suppliers and other creditors as disclosed in Note 11 of 2023 audited Financial statements.

The loans and advances from related parties are covered by promissory notes subject to roll over every ninety (90) days with interests accrued in the books. #2.2 billion worth of liabilities due to related companies were converted to equity in July 2008 as part of the capital restructuring approved by the SEC on July 24, 2008. For the details of the amounts of loans and advances and other liabilities converted to equity, please refer to Notes 11 and 15 of the 2023 Audited Financial Statements.

Due to the suspension of mining and milling operations and limited sources of funds, the Company failed to meet payments within the stated terms to majority of its suppliers, contractors and other creditors. However, the Company had reduced significantly the balance of its outstanding accounts with suppliers, contractors and other creditors through offsetting arrangements or installment payment schemes. The internal and external sources of funds and the courses of action that the Company plans to undertake to address the liquidity problem are discussed under "Plan of Operations".

Management's plans to address the liquidity and going concern issues are discussed under "Plan of Operations".

2022 compared to 2021

As shown in the financial statements, the Company has incurred capital deficiency of \$\textstyle{2}91.2\$ million and \$\textstyle{2}1.2\$ million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively resulting from cumulative losses of \$\textstyle{2}.925.0\$ million and \$\textstyle{2}.826.6\$ million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Also, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$\textstyle{2}1.419.5\$ million and \$\textstyle{2}1.320.9\$ million, respectively. Net cash flows used in operating activities amounted to \$\textstyle{2}15.2\$ million, \$\textstyle{2}13.1\$ million and \$\textstyle{2}2.2\$ million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. These conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, therefore that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The ultimate outcome of these uncertainties cannot be determined presently. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

Cash requirement for years 2022, 2021 and 2020 were principally financed by loans, advances from related parties and disposal of site scrap materials.

The Company's total current liabilities of ₽1,419.9 million as of December 31, 2022, of which, ₽316.9 million was due to related parties for loans and advances, interests, and dividends and other liabilities, and the balance are due to suppliers and other creditors as disclosed in Note 11 of 2022 audited Financial statements.

The loans and advances from related parties are covered by promissory notes subject to roll over every ninety (90) days with interests accrued in the books. ₱2.2 billion worth of liabilities due to related companies were converted to equity in July 2008 as part of the capital restructuring approved by the SEC on July 24, 2008. For the details of the amounts of loans and advances and other liabilities converted to equity, please refer to Notes 11 and 15 of the 2022 Audited Financial Statements.

Due to the suspension of mining and milling operations and limited sources of funds, the Company failed to meet payments within the stated terms to majority of its suppliers, contractors and other creditors. However, the Company had reduced significantly the balance of its outstanding accounts with suppliers, contractors and other creditors through offsetting arrangements or installment payment schemes. The internal and external sources of funds and the courses of action that the Company plans to undertake to address the liquidity problem are discussed under "Plan of Operations".

2021 compared to 2020

As shown in the financial statements, the Company has incurred capital deficiency of P192.7 million and P101.9 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively resulting from cumulative losses of P2,826.5 million and P2,735.6 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Also, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by P1,320.9 million and P1,218.6 million, respectively. Net cash flows used in operating activities amounted to P13.1 million, P2.2 million in 2021, 2020, respectively. These conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, therefore that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The ultimate outcome of these uncertainties cannot be determined presently. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

Cash requirement for years 2021, 2020 were principally financed by loans, advances from related parties and disposal of site scrap materials.

The Company's total current liabilities of ₽1, 322.2 million as of December 31, 2021, of which, ₱301.9 million was due to related parties for loans and advances, interests, and dividends and other liabilities, and the balance are due to suppliers and other creditors as disclosed in Note 10 of 2021 audited Financial statements.

The loans and advances from related parties are covered by promissory notes subject to roll over every ninety (90) days with interests accrued in the books. ₱2.2 billion worth of liabilities due to related companies were converted to equity in July 2008 as part of the capital restructuring approved by the SEC on July 24, 2008. For the details of the amounts of loans and advances and other liabilities converted to equity, please refer to Notes 11 and 15 of the 2021 Audited Financial Statements.

The gold price significantly increased by US\$ 265.45 per OZ or 15% in 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022. Gold was traded in the London Metal Exchange ("LME") with a closing price of USD per Oz of US\$2,077.80 at the end of 2023 as compared to US\$1,812.35 in 2022 and US\$1,820.10 in 2021. The gold price reached an all-time high of US\$2,077.80 in December 28, 2023. The outlook for gold remains bullish, as it continues to provide a hedge against weakness in fiat currencies. For the quarter ending March 31, 2024, gold price closed at US\$2,207.00 per ounce at the LME (Am Fix).

The bullish sentiments on gold prices have increased investors' interest in gold mining companies and exploration projects thus improving the Company's chances of raising the finances required for the rehabilitation and further development of the Longos mine. Likewise, higher gold prices improve the viability/future profitability of the Longos mine.

Other than the foregoing, there are NO known

- trends, demands, commitments or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Company's liquidity increasing or decreasing in a material way,
- events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation,
- material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period,
- material commitments for capital expenditures, except for the implementation of the approved exploration work program for the period two years starting from August 24, 2018.
- trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations,
- significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations and
- A seasonal aspect that has or had a material effect on the Company's condition or results of operations.

There have been no material changes from December 31, 2023 to December 31, 2022 in one or more-line items of the financial statements *except* for the following:

- 1. Increase in Accrued interest & other current liabilities by #84.0 million mainly due to the accrual of interest charges for the year 2022 including interest/dividends on Class A preferred shares.
- 2. Increase in Advances from related parties by ₽16.5 million.
- 3. Changes in other line items shown in the Company's Statement of Comprehensive Income are due to the usual period-to-period fluctuation in amounts natural in every business operation. There are no material unusual items other than as discussed under Management's Discussion and Analysis, Results of Operations year 2023 compared to 2022.

Inasmuch as the Company's mining and milling operations are still suspended, there are no significant key performance indicators other than the financial ratios presented under Supplementary Schedule - Schedule I.

The key performance indicators of the Company.

	December 31, 2023 Audited	December 31, 2022 Audited	December 31, 2021 Audited
Current Ratio	0.0020	0.0003	0.0007
Current Assets	<u>3,064,726</u>	<u>428,210</u>	<u>888,092</u>
Current Liabilities	1,520,391,763	1,419,925,826	1,322,211,822
Quick Ratio	0.0020	0.0003	0.0007
Current Assets-Inventory- Prepaid	<u>2,974,237</u>	<u>391,926</u>	<u>888,092</u>
Current Liabilities	1,520,391,763	1,419,921,882	1,322,211,822
Solvency Ratio	0.74	0.7951	0.8543
<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>1,122,235,410</u>	1,129,670,020	<u>1,130,307,232</u>
Total Liabilities	1,521,580,653	1,420,862,049	1,323,055,583
Debt Ratio	1.36	1,26	1.17
Total Liabilities	1,521,580,653	1,420,862,049	6,660,875,11 <u>6</u>
Total Assets	1,122,116,173	1,129,670,020	3,845,446,694
	, , ,		, , ,
Debt to Equity Ratio	-3.81	-4.88	-6.86
Total Liabilities	<u>1,521,580,653</u>	<u>1,420,862,049</u>	<u>1,323,055,583</u>
Stockholders' Equity	-399,464,480	-291,192,029	-192,748,351
Equity to debt Ratio	-0.26	-0.20	-0.15
Stockholders' Equity	<u>-399,464,480</u>	<u>-291,192,029</u>	<u>-192,748,351</u>
Total Liabilities	1,521,580,653	1,420,862,049	1,323,055,583
Assets to Equity Ratio	-2.81	-3.88	-5.86
<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>1,122,116,173</u>	<u>1,129,670,020</u>	<u>1,130,307,232</u>
Stockholders Equity	-399,464,480	-291,192,029	-192,748,351
Interest Coverage Ratio	-0.29	-0.32	-0.37
Earnings/(Loss) before	<u>-23,911,394</u>	<u>-23,908,097</u>	<u>24,431,615</u>
Interest & Taxes Interest Expense	83,981,792	74,544,718	66,525,472
,			, ,
Book Value per share	-0.00153	-0.00111	-0.00074

Stockholders Equity	<u>-399,364,577</u>	-291,192,029	-192,748,351
Shares Outstanding	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080
Loss per share	0.0004	0.0003	0.0003
<u>Net Loss</u>	<u>108,172,548</u>	<u>98,443,678</u>	<u>90,893,164</u>

Current Ratio in 2023 increase compared to a decrease seen from 2018 to 2022 due to additional cash infusion from related party advances offset by an increase in current liabilities brought about by accrual of interest from unpaid royalty fees to Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) and the advances made from shareholders to fund operating costs.

Solvency Ratio in 2023 increase compared to a decrease seen from 2018 to 2022 due to additional cash infusion from related party advances offset by an increase in current liabilities brought about by accrual of interest from unpaid royalty fees to Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) and the advances made from shareholders to fund operating costs.

Debt-to-Equity Ratio continue to decrease from 2018 to 2023 due to increase in current liabilities brought about by accrual of interest from unpaid royalty fees to Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) and the advances made from shareholders to fund operating costs.

Equity-to-Debt Ratio continue to decrease from 2018 to 2023 due to increase in current liabilities brought about by accrual of interest from unpaid royalty fees to Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) and the advances made from shareholders to fund operating costs and decrease in Stockholders Equity due to net loss incurred by the Company in 2023.

Asset to equity Ratio continue to decrease from 2018 to 2023 due to decrease in Stockholders Equity brought about by a net loss incurred by the Company in 2023.

Book Value per Share (BVPS) continue to decrease in 2018 to 2023 due to the decrease in Stockholders Equity due to net operating loss. from previous years till year 2023.

Earnings Per Share (EPS) decrease from 2018 to 2023 due net operating loss from previous years till year 2023.

Interim Results of Operation

Comparative financial highlights for the first semester ending March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 and for the year ended December 31, 2023 are presented below:

March 31, 2024	31 Dec. 2023	March 31, 2023
(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)

Revenues	0	0	0
Net Income/(Loss)	(26,188,326)	(108,172,548)	(18,677,123)
Total Assets	1,124,169,221	1,122,235,410	1,132,936,830
Total Liabilities	1,549,722,124	1,521,599,987	1,442,805,981
Net Worth	(425,552,903)	(399,364,577)	(309,869,151)
Issued and Subscribed	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080
Capital			

Results of Operations (March 31, 2024 vs. March 31, 2023)

The Company has no operating income earned for the period end March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 and sustained a net loss of P26.2 million and P18.7 million, respectively. The net loss was due to increase in accrued interest expense on outstanding loans, and mine site and head office administrative expenses offset by unrealized foreign currency loss due to better peso against US dollar year on year.

General and administrative expenses of P2.4 million were incurred for the period ending March 31, 2024 as compared to P2.3 million as of end March 31, 2023.

The finance expenses for the period ending March 31, 2024 were up by P2.8 million compared to the same period in 2023 of P19.7 million due to compounded interest calculation on Camarines Minerals Inc., past due obligation.

The Company booked loss on foreign exchange of P1.4 million due to peso depreciation from P55.37 (12.31.2023) to P56.28 (03.31.2024). On the contrary, restatement of foreign currency denominated liabilities for the period ending March 31, 2023 resulted into a foreign exchange gain of P3.3 million due to peso appreciation from P56.12 (12.31.22) to P54.43 (BSP Rate as of 03.31.2023).

Financial Condition (March 31, 2024 vs. December 31, 2023)

The Company has total assets of P1,124.2 million and P1,122.2 million as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The increase was due to cash advances from related party offset by payment of current operating expenses.

Total current liabilities of P1,549.7 million and P1,521.6 million for the period ending March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, exceeded its current assets by P1,544.6 million and P1,518.5 million, respectively. The increase was mainly due to interest accrual and other payables and related party transaction.

The Company has a capital deficiency of P425.6 million and P399.4 million resulting from cumulative losses of P3,059.4 million and P3,033.2 million for the period March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The loans and advances due to a related party are covered by promissory notes subject to automatic roll over every ninety (90) days with interest accrued in the books.

Due to the suspension of mining and milling operations and limited sources of funds, the Company failed to meet payments within the stated terms to majority of its suppliers, contractors and creditors. However, the Company has been continuously paying the accounts that relates to its current working capital requirement, and the old accounts due to its suppliers, contractors and creditors remain

unchanged. The internal and external sources of funds and the courses of action that the Company plans to undertake to address the liquidity problem are discussed under "Plan of operations for the year 2024".

The gold price as of March 31, 2024 increase by six percentage (6%) from December 31, 2023 and twelve percentage (12%) higher year-on-year ending March 31, 2023. The gold (Au) was traded in the London Metal Exchange ("LME") with a closing price of US\$2,207.00/oz, US\$2,077.80/oz, and US\$1,978.80/oz for period ending March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 respectively. For the three months ending March 31, 2024 gold price reached an all-time high of US\$2,210.65 on March 21, 2024.

Inasmuch as the Company's mining and milling operations are still suspended, the key performance indicators of the Company as of March 31, 2024 as compared to March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Ratios	Formula	March 31, 2024			March 31, 2023
Current Ratio			0.0033		0.0025
	Current Assets/	₽	5,088,667	₽	3,639,767
	Current Liabilities	₽	1,548,513,900	₽	1,441,865,814
Quick Ratio	Current Asset-Inventory- Prepaid/	₽	0.0030 4,627,358	P	0.0023 3,380,048
	Current Liabilities	₽	1,548,513,900	₽	1,441,865,814
Solvency Ratio			0.7254		
	Total Assets/	₽	1,124,169,221	P	0.8062 1,132,936,830
	Total Liabilities	₽	1,549,722,124	P	1,442,805,981
Debt Ratio					
	Total Liabilities/	₽	1.38 1,549,722,124	P	1.27 1,442,805,981
	Total Assets	P	1,124,1693,221	₽	1,132,936,830
Debt to equity			(3.64)		(4.66)
ratio	Total liabilities/	₽	1,549,722,124	P	1,442,805,981
	Stockholders' equity	P	(425,552,903)	₽	(309,869,151)
Equity to			(0.27)		(0.21)
debt ratio	Stockholders' equity/	₽	(425,552,903)	P	(309,869,151)
	Total liabilities		1,549,722,124		1,442,805,981
Asset to			(2.64)		(3.66)
equity ratio	Total Assets	₽	1,124,169,221	P	1,132,936,830
	Stockholders' equity/		(425,552,903)		(309,869,151)

Interest					
			(0.17)		0.05
coverage ratios	Earnings (loss) before	₽	(3,871,944)	₽	973,192
	interest & taxes				
	Interest Expense	P	22,406,382	₽	19,650,315
Book value					
			(0.00163)		(0.00119)
per share	Stockholders' equity/	₽	(425,552,903)	₽	(309,869,151)
	Total # of shares		261,314,797,080		261,314,797,080
Loss per					
			0.000107		0.00007
share	Net loss/	₽	26,188,326	₽	18,677,123
	Total # of shares		261,314,797,080		261,314,797,080

The change in key indicators as of March 31, 2024 as compared to March 31, 2023 are as follows;

Decrease in Current and Solvency Ratio year-on-year ending March 31, 2024 due to a reclassification of accounts receivables from current asset to non-current asset, an increase in cash and cash equivalents and related party transaction liability due to related party cash advances; Decrease in Debt-to-Equity, Equity-to-Debt, Asset-to-Equity and Interest Coverage Ratio due to increase in total liabilities and increase in net capital deficiencies.

The key performance indicators of the Company as of March 31, 2024 as compared to December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Ratios	Formula		March 31, 2024		31 December
					2023
Current Ratio					
			0.0033		0.002
	Current Assets/	₽	5,088,667	₽	3,064,726
	Current Liabilities	₽	1,548,513,900	P	1,520,391,763
Quick Ratio			0.0030		0.002
	Current Asset-Inventory-	₽	4,627,358	P	2,974,237
	Prepaid/				
	Current Liabilities	₽	1,548,513,900	P	1,520,391,763
Solvency Ratio					
			0.7254		0.7375
	Total Assets/	₽	1,124,169,221	₽	1,122,235,410
	Total Liabilities	₽	1,549,722,124	₽	1,521,599,987
Debt Ratio					
			1.38		1.36
	Total Liabilities/	₽	1,549,722,124	₽	1,521,599,987
	Total Assets	₽	1,124,1693,221	₽	1,122,235,410
Debt to equity			(3.64)		(3.81)
ratio	Total liabilities/	₽	1,549,722,124	₽	1,521,599,987
	Stockholders' equity	₽	(425,552,903)	₽	(399,364,577)

Equity to					
			(0.27)		(0.26)
debt ratio	Stockholders' equity/	₽	(425,552,903)	P	(399,364,577)
	Total liabilities	P	1,549,722,124	P	1521,599,987
Asset to					
			(2.64)		(2.81)
equity ratio	Total Assets	₽	1,124,169,221	P	1,122,235,410
	Stockholders' equity/	P	(425,552,903)	P	(399,364,577)
Interest					
			(0.17)		(0.37)
coverage ratios	Earnings (loss) before	₽	(3,871,944)	₽	(23,908,097)
	interest & taxes				
	Interest Expense	₽	22,406,382	₽	83,981,792
Book value					
			(0.00163)		(0.00153)
per share	Stockholders' equity/	₽	(425,552,903)	P	(399,364,577)
	Total # of shares		261,314,797,080		261,314,797,080
Loss per					
			0.000107		0.0004
share	Net loss/	₽	26,188,326	P	108,172,548
	Total # of shares		261,314,797,080		261,314,797,080

The change in key indicators as of March 31, 2024 as compared to December 31, 2023 are as follows:

An increase in current and quick ratio for the quarter ending March 31, 2024 compared to December 31, 2023 due to increase in cash and cash equivalent in the current asset because of related party cash advances and seen a decrease in all other areas due to an increase in current liabilities brought about by accrual of interest on CMI payables and cash advances from related party transaction and increase in capital deficiencies due to net operating loss for the period ended March 31, 2024.

Changes in other line items shown in the Company's Unaudited Financial Statements in Part 1, Items 1 and 2 of this report are due to the usual period-to-period fluctuation in amounts natural in every business operation. There are no material unusual items other than as discussed above.

Discussion and Analysis of Material Events and Uncertainties

Except as discussed in this report, management is not aware of any material event or uncertainty that affected the current interim period and/or would have a material impact on future operations of the Company. The Company will continue to be affected by the Philippine business environment as may be influenced by any local/regional/global financial and political crises. The Company's financial statements for the interim period ended March 31, 2024 reflect foreign exchange loss on the Company's dollar denominated accounts.

1. There are NO known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the Company's liquidity except as disclosed below:

The Company entered into a P250.0 million Convertible Loan Agreement with Alakor

Corporation, which was approved on September 20, 2011. The proceeds of the facility shall be used to finance the cost of conducting a feasibility study on the Longos Gold Project and for general working capital requirements of the Company. In the meantime, the Company will pursue various options to raise project funding for its exploration work program and for further rehabilitation of the Longos mine, once the Company obtained the necessary government permits. Should the required permits be obtained and the financing materialize during the year; this will have a material impact on liquidity. Also, please refer to item "C" under "Plan of Operations".

- 2. There are NO events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.
- 3. There are NO material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
- 4. There are NO material commitments for capital expenditures.
- 5. There are NO known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations.
- 6. There are NO significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations.
- 7. There were NO seasonal or cyclical aspects that have or had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

Plan of Operations

A. The plan of operations for the year 2024 covers the following activities:

a. The Company and its co-applicant Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) are working closely with the MGB and Environmental Management Bureau (EMB) in order to comply with all mandatory requirements for eventual approval of Declaration of Project Mining Feasibility (DMPF) and restoration of Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC). Also, the company is working with MGB 5 on the completion of two exploration permit applications EXPA-00233 and EXPA-00234, both of which are situated in the province of Camarines Norte.

b. The Company's acquired rights and interests in Negros Copper Project under Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) Nos. 092-97-VI and 113-98-VI already expired last November 20, 2022 and May 26, 2023. The Company filed a renewal of both MPSA's on July 28, 2022, and compliance with mandatory requirements is under review at Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) Regional Office No. 6. The exploration period for both MPSA's was

restored for two years expiring on July 19, 2024 to recover unused term during pandemic. At present, the company is working on completion of Final Exploration Report using the data of exploration work done by its predecessor Vulcan Industrial & Mining Corporation. Once the exploration report meets the criteria for mineral resource reporting as certified by Accredited Competent Person for Mining and Geology, the next phase is the filing of its Declaration of Project Mining Feasibility (DMPF) within the extended exploration period.

- c. The Company will work on getting the financing requirement needed to comply all the mandatory requirement for DMPF and later the Mineral Processing Sharing Agreement application either by external sources or internal sources.
- d. The Company intends to address and mitigate the impact of net loss to equity in the financial statements by renegotiating current loan obligations.

B. Summary of any product research and development for the term of the plan.

Exploration, drilling and development for a mining company, are the equivalent of research and development.

Exploration, drilling and development for a mining company, are the equivalent of research and development.

In October 2020, the Company completed the exploration work program by drilling of 3 holes, totalling 604.9 meters east south-east of Bula-ay mining area under EP-016-2016. These holes were to check the up-dip continuity of Baluate Vein and San Antonio Vein (between level 200 and level 400) above ultramafic-granodiorite contact. On February 4, 2021, the Company file a Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility Study (DMPF) prior to exploration permit expiration on February 19, 2021. The Company and its co-applicant Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) are working closely with the MGB and Environmental Management Bureau (EMB) in order to comply with all mandatory requirements for eventual approval of Declaration of Project Mining Feasibility (DMPF) and restoration of Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC). Also, the company is working with MGB 5 on the completion of two exploration permit application EXPA-00233 and EXPA-00234 both are situated in the province of Camarines Norte.

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C. Any expected purchase or sale of plant and significant equipment.

At present, both UPM and CMI have complied with the requirements for the approval of the DMPF. Their joint MPSA application is now pending with the MGB Central Office. The Company

has no intention at present to acquire any plant and significant equipment until it has been granted a mining permit and funding for the planned rehabilitation and further development of the Longos mine becomes available, in which case, additional plant and significant machinery and equipment will be acquired.

In the meantime, the Company is continuing with its care and maintenance of existing mine buildings, equipment and other facilities to preserve them for future use in order to minimize the capital requirement of the rehabilitation of the mine.

D. Any significant changes in the number of employees.

Manpower as of March 31, 2024 consists of eight (8) regular personnel. The Company expects no significant change in the number of employees for the ensuing year unless the necessary permits have been awarded to the company and the needed funding requirements for exploration and further rehabilitation and development of the Longos Mine becomes available, in which case, a significant number of employees will be hired.

Item 21. Management's Assessment and Evaluation of Financial Risk Exposures

The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of cash, accounts payable and other current liabilities, due to related parties and redeemable preferred shares. The main purpose of the Company's dealings in financial instruments is to fund its operations and capital expenditures.

The risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign exchange risk.

The BOD has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management policies. The Finance & Accounting Manager is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. Issues affecting the operations of the Company are reported regularly to the BOD.

Management addresses the risks faced by the Company in the preparation of its annual operating budget. Mitigating strategies and procedures are also devised to address the risks that inevitably occur so as not to affect the Company's operations and forecasted results. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises principally from the Company's cash.

With respect to credit risk arising from cash, the Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. The Company manages the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and therefore does not expect to incur material financial losses.

As at March 31, 2024 the Company used general approach in the assessment of cash credit quality. The ECL relating to Company's cash is minimal as these are deposited in reputable banks which have good bank standing, and is considered to have low credit risk.

March 31, 2024

	Neither Past Du	Neither Past Due nor Impaired				
	High Grade	Standard Grade	but Not Impaired	Impaired	Total	
Cash in bank*	4,627,358	0	0	0	4,627,358	
Total credit risk exposure	4,627,358	-	-	-	4,627,358	

December 31, 2023

		Neither Past Due nor Impaired			
	High Grade	Standard Grade	- but Not Impaired	Impaired	Total
Cash and cash equivalents*	2,974,237	0	0	0	2,974,237
Total credit risk exposure	2,974,237	-	-	-	2,974,237

The adoption of new impairment model under PFRS 9 did not have a significant effect on the Company's financial statements.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due. Management is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, liquidity and funding risks, related processes and policies are overseen by the management. To effectively manage liquidity risk, the Company has arranged for funding from related parties and continues to dispose of scrap, obsolete and excess assets to raise additional funds.

The following table summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities and financial assets as at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, based on contractual undiscounted cash flows. The analysis into relevant maturity groupings is based on the remaining term at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity dates, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

	Due and	Within 6	6 to 12	Over	
	Demandable	Months	Months	1 year	Total
Financial Asset:					
Cash	4,627,358	0	0	0	4,627,358
Financial Liabilities:					_
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,180,213,316	0	0	0	1,180,213,316
Due to related parties	342,189,279	0	0	0	342,189,279
Redeemable preferred shares	26,100,000	0	0	0	26,100,000
Net Financial Liabilities	(1.548.502.595)	0	0	_	(1.548.502.595)

	Due and	Within 6	6 to 12	Over	
	Demandable	Months	Months	1 year	Total
Financial Asset:					_
Cash	2,974,237	0	0	0	2,974,237
Financial Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,160,891,179	0	0	0	1,160,891,179
Due to related parties	333,389,279	0	0	0	333,389,279
Redeemable preferred shares	26,100,000	0	0	0	26,100,000
Net Financial Liabilities	(1,520,380,458)	0	0	-	(1,520,380,458)

Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk to earnings or capital arising from changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company uses the Philippine Peso (P) as its functional currency and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange movements, primarily on the US Dollar (\$). The Company follows a policy to manage this risk by closely monitoring its cash flow position and by providing forecast on its exposures in non-peso currency.

The Company's net exposure to foreign exchange risk arises from \$-denominated accrued interest and other current liabilities.

Information on the Company's \$-denominated monetary liabilities and their ₱ equivalent is as follows:

As at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the exchange rate of ₽ to the \$ is ₽ P56.28 and ₽ 55.37, respectively.

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		
·	USD	PHP	USD	PHP	
Accrued interest and other					
current liabilities	1,928,364	108,530,254	1,928,364	106,73,514	
Other current liabilities	17,461	982,723	17,461	966,815	

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in Philippine Peso/US Dollar exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's loss before income tax. There is no other impact on the Company's equity other than those affecting the statement of comprehensive income.

	Change in exchange rate		
	\$ strengthens by 5%	\$ weakens by 5%	
Increase (decrease) in income before income tax and equity			
March 31, 2024	(5,407,180)	5,407,180	
December 31, 2023	(5,387,017)	5,387,017	

Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the amount at which the financial instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction, other than in a forced liquidation or sale. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices, discounted cash flow models and option pricing models, as appropriate.

Cash, Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities, Due to Related Parties and Redeemable Preferred Shares

The carrying amounts of cash, accounts payable and other current liabilities, due to related parties and redeemable preferred shares are equal or approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities and are considered due and demandable.

During the years ended March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 there were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 of fair value measurements.

Capital Management

The Company maintains a capital base to cover risks inherent in the business. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to increase the value of shareholders' investment. The Company sets strategies with the objective of establishing a versatile and resourceful financial management and capital structure upon commencement of its operations.

The BOD has overall responsibility for monitoring of capital in proportion to risk. Profiles for capital rations are set in the light of changes in the Company's external environment and the risks underlying the Company's business operations and industry. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the period ended March 31, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023.

Management's plans on how to address the Company's deficit in explained under Plan of Operations for 2024.

The following table summarizes what the Company considers as its total capital as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Capital stock	₽2,613,147,971
Share premium	19,449,376
	₽2,632,597,347

Corporate Governance

The Company uses the evaluation system established by the SEC in its Memorandum Circular No. 5, series of 2013, including the Corporate Governance Self-Rating Form (CG-SRF) and ASEAN Scorecard to measure or determine the level of compliance of the Board of Directors and top-level management with the Company's Corporate Governance Manual in the meantime that a formal evaluation system has not been implemented.

The Company undertakes a self-evaluation process every year and any deviation from the Company's Corporate Governance Manual is reported to the Management and the Board of Directors together with the proposed measures to achieve compliance.

In 2013, the Company substantially adopted all the provisions of the Manual on Corporate Governance as prescribed by SEC Memorandum Circular No. 2, series of 2002 except for the following deviations and reasons thereof:

	Provision of the Manual	Explanation
2.2.2.1	Nomination Committee —The Board shall create a Nomination Committee to be composed of at least three (3) voting directors (one of whom must be independent) and one (1) non-voting member in the person of the Human Resources Director/Manager or similar officer.	The position of Human Resources Director/Manager is vacant due to limited number of employees. The Company will fill the position when it resumes normal operations. However, Mr. Gilbert V. Rabago (Finance & Admin. Manager) sits in as a non-voting member.
2.2.5	Internal Auditor - The Company shall have in place an independent internal audit function, which shall be performed by an Internal Auditor or a group of internal auditors, which shall report to the Audit Committee.	Due to limited transactions/ operations and lean workforce, the internal audit functions are presently being handled/conducted by the Finance & Admin. Manager. The Company will hire Internal Auditor/s in the future when it resumes normal operations.

The above deviations however would not materially affect the present operations of the Company.

The Board of Directors believes that the present practices for good corporate governance are sufficient inasmuch as operations are limited to care and maintenance. However, the Company shall adopt such improvement measures on its corporate governance as the exigencies of its business require from time to time and when the Company is certain that the Longos Mine will be reopened for rehabilitation and further development.

List of Directors/Committee Membership

As of December 2023

			Committee Membership			
Directors	Executive/ Non -Executive/ Independent	Attended Corporate Governance Seminar	Corporate Governance & Nomination	Audit & RPT	Compensation & Remuneration	
Gerard Anton S. Ramos	Executive Director	V				
Adrian Paulino S. Ramos	Executive Director	√				
Presentacion S. Ramos	Non-Executive Director	√				
Alexandra S. Ramos- Padilla	Non-Executive Director	√				
Christopher M. Gotanco	Non-Executive Director	√	V	V		
Romeo L. Bato	Non-Executive Director	√		V		
John Peter C. Hager	Non-Executive Independent Director	√	V	V	√	
Renato C. Valencia	Non-Executive Independent Director	√	V	V	V	
Nicholas Justin H. Ang	Non-Executive Independent Director	√	V	√	√	

Item 22. Requirements of Section 49 of the Revised Corporation Code

a.1) Description of the Voting and Vote Tabulation procedures used in the previous meeting (2023 Annual Stockholders' Meeting)

In all items for approval, each voting share of stock entitles the registered owner as of the record date (May 29, 2023) to one vote:

In the election of directors, straight and cumulative voting was allowed. Each stockholder voted such number of shares for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, but he is entitled to cumulate the shares and give one nominee as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his shares, or to distribute them on the same principle among as many nominees as he shall see fit; provided that, the whole number of votes cast by him shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him multiplied by the total number of directors to be elected.

After successful registration at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting, each stockholder was provided with an electronic ballot to vote on each item or proposal in the agenda. All votes were counted and tabulated by the Electronic Committee composed of representatives from the Office of the Corporate Secretary.

Registration for the annual stockholders' meeting and tabulation of votes were conducted in the following manner:

- (1) Registration commenced by the filing of a scanned or digital copy of the completed Registration Form together with other required documents to unitedparagonmining@gmail.com beginning July 5, 2023 at 8:00 am until July 19, 2023 at 5:00pm.
- (2) The stockholder had the option to either vote in absentia, in which case the stockholder had to complete the ballot included in the Registration Form; or appointed the Chairman of the meeting as Proxy.
- (3) Upon validation by the Company, the stockholder received an email confirming their valid registration which shall also contained the link to the live webcast of the Meeting.
- (4) The Proxy Validation Committee tabulated all votes received through the Proxy or in absentia, and an independent third party validated the results.
- (5) Some Stockholders who notified the Company of their intention to attend the meeting remotely voted in advance and some during the meeting through the link provided to their email address. Votes were subjected to validation of an independent third party.

a.2.) Description of the Opportunity given to Stockholders to as question and a record of the questions asked and answers given

Stockholders were given the opportunity to send their questions and/or comments during the meeting by email to unitedparagonmining@gmail.com with subject "ASM Question/Comment". Stockholders who participated in the Meeting sent their questions before the meeting. There has been no question received by the moderator.

a.3) Matter discussed and resolutions reached

1. Approval of the Minutes of the 27 July 2022 Annual Stockholders' Meeting

It has been moved and seconded that the reading of the Minutes of the last Annual Stockholders' Meeting be dispensed with and to approve the same without reading.

With the vote of the Chairman, majority of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, had voted in favour of the proposal.

2. Approval of the Company's Management Report

It has been moved and seconded that the Management Report, Annual Report and Financial Statements for 2022 be noted and approved.

With the vote of the Chairman, majority of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, had voted in favour of the proposal.

3. Approval of Acts and Resolutions of the Board of Directors and Management

It has been moved and seconded that all acts and resolutions of the Board of Directors and its Committees, as well as acts of Management taken or adopted since the Annual

Stockholders' Meeting last 27 July 2022 until the date of this meeting 26 July 2023, noted and approved.

With the vote of the Chairman, majority of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, had voted in favour of the proposal.

4. Appointment of Independent External Auditor

It has been moved and seconded that the auditing firm of SycipGorresVelayo& Co. was appointed as the Corporation's external auditors for the ensuing fiscal year.

With the vote of the Chairman, majority of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, had voted in favour of the proposal.

5. Other Matters

The Presiding Officer asked whether there are other matters to be discussed. The Corporate Secretary then proceeded to inform the stockholders of the Board's proposal to extend the term of Mr. John Peter Hager as the company's independent director.

Mr. Hager had already served the maximum term. However, according to SEC Memorandum Circular No. 4-2017, in case a company wants to retain an independent director who has served for nine years, the board of directors should provide meritorious justifications/s and seek the approval of shareholders during the annual shareholders' meeting.

She further discussed the grounds relied upon for the extension, which included the economic uncertainties brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic as well as the recent oil crisis that changing crucial players in the middle of the game may not be a wise decision, not to mention the unavailability of qualified players at this point. Furthermore, as most independent directors are in their senior years, pre-qualification procedures such as the execution of documents, conduct of interviews and validation procedures by the Corporate Governance Committee are very difficult during this time. The investments holding industry requires a number of extensive experience and training for incoming directors, especially if one is new to the business. Putting a new member on board during this time of the pandemic may not be suitable for the Company.

Upon motion duly made and seconded, the following resolution was unanimously approved and adopted:

"RESOLVED, as it is hereby resolved, that the term of Mr. John Peter Hager as independent director be extended and that he be allowed to serve as such until his successor is elected and qualified at the next annual meeting."

6. Election of Directors

Upon their nominations, duly seconded, the following were duly elected directors for the term 2023-2024, to serve as such until their successors are duly elected and qualified under the by-laws of the Corporation.

- 1. GERARD ANTON S. RAMOS
- 2. ADRIAN PAULINO S. RAMOS
- 3. PRESENTACION S. RAMOS
- 4. MAUREEN ALEXANDRA S. RAMOS-PADILLA
- 5. ROMEO L. BATO
- 6. **CHRISTOPHER M. GOTANCO**
- 7. JOHN PETER C. HAGER (ID)
- 8. RENATO C. VALENCIA (ID)
- 9. NICHOLAS JUSTIN H. ANG

With the vote of the Chairman, majority of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, had voted in favour of the proposal.

1. Record of Voting results for each agenda item

There were **225,794,959,129 votes** from stockholders owning or representing 86.41% of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, in favor of the approval of the minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on July 27, 2022.

There were **225,794,959,129 votes** from stockholders owning or representing 86.41% of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, in favor of the approval of the Company's Annual Report and Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ending December 31, 2022, as presented.

There were **225,794,959,129 votes** from stockholders owning or representing 86.41% of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, in favor of the Minutes of the meetings, and all acts and resolutions taken or adopted by the Board of Directors, Board Committees and Management since the Annual Meeting of Stockholders on July 27, 2022 up to the date of the 2023 Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

There were **225,794,959,129 votes** from stockholders owning or representing 86.41% of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, in favor of the appointment of the SycipGorresVelayo& Co. as external auditor of the Company for fiscal year 2022.

There were **225,794,959,129 votes** from stockholders owning or representing 86.41% of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, in favor of the nine (9) elected Board of Directors of the Company, to serve as such beginning July 27, 2022 and until their successors are elected qualified:

- 1. GERARD ANTON S. RAMOS
- 2. ADRIAN PAULINO S. RAMOS
- 3. PRESENTACION S. RAMOS
- 4. MAUREEN ALEXANDRA S. RAMOS-PADILLA
- 5. EDUARDO B. CASTILLO
- 6. CHRISTOPHER M. GOTANCO
- 7. JOHN PETER C. HAGER (ID)
- 8. RENATO C. VALENCIA (ID)

There were **225,794,959,129 votes** from stockholders owning or representing 86.41% of the outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, in favor of the proposal to extend the term of Mr. John Peter Hager as the independent director of the Company, be extended and that he be allowed to serve as such until his successor is elected and qualified at the next annual meeting."

A. List of Directors or trustees, officers and stockholders or members who attended the meeting:

Directors

- 1. Ms. Presentacion S. Ramos
- 2. Mr. Adrian Paulino S. Ramos
- 3. Mr. Gerard Anton S. Ramos
- 4. Ms. Maureen Alexandra Ramos-Padilla
- 5. Mr. Christopher M. Gotanco
- 6. Mr. Romeo L. Bato
- 7. Mr. John Peter C. Hager (Independent Director)
- 8. Mr. Renato C. Valencia (Independent Director)
- 9. Mr. Nicholas Justin H. Ang

Officers

- 10. Mr. Gerard Anton S. Ramos
- 11. Mr. Adrian Paulino S. Ramos
- 12. Atty. Iris Marie U. Carpio-Duque
- 13. Atty. Josephine L. Ilas
- 14. Mr. Gilbert V. Rabago
- 15. Atty. Adrian S. Arias

Stockholders

- 16. Ms. Rosenda R. Rosaria
- 17. Ms. Nenita M. Sison

7. B) List of Material Information on the current stockholders, and their voting rights

A complete list of registered Stockholders as of May 31, 2024 was submitted to the PSE & SEC.

Voting Right and Right to Participate at Stockholders Meeting

i. In all items for approval, each share of stock entitles its registered owner as of the record date to one vote.

Voting shall be by poll and the Company shall provide the mechanism to implement the same at every stockholder's meeting.

- ii. For the election for directors, every stockholder shall have the right to vote, in person or by proxy, the number of shares owned by him for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or to cumulate his votes by giving one candidate as many votes as the number of such directors multiplied by the number of his shares shall equal, or distributing such votes on the same principle among any number of candidates.
- iii. The stockholders shall also have an opportunity during the stockholders' meeting to ask questions and raise their issues relevant to the agenda items. The minutes of the meeting shall record the shareholders questions and corresponding answers given by the directors and officers of the Company.
- iv. The Board encourages active shareholder participation by making the result of the voted taken during the most recent Annual or Special Shareholders' Meeting publicly available. In addition, the Minutes of the Annual and Special Shareholders' Meeting is also made available on the Company website within five (5) business days from the end of the meeting.

7. C) Directors' Training and Continuing Education

The Company holds annual Corporate Governance online webinar for its Directors on September 26, 2023, with training provider Institute of Corporate Directors

The following Directors attended the seminar:

Ms. Presentacion S. Ramos

Mr. Adrian Paulino S. Ramos

Mr. Gerard Anton S. Ramos

Ms. Maureen Alexandra Ramos-Padilla

Mr. Christopher M. Gotanco

Mr. Renato C. Valencia

Mr. John Peter C. Hager

In addition, our Independent Director, Mr. Nicholas Justin H. Ang have completed and attended the one (1) day seminar on Corporate Governance on September 6, 2023, held at Discovery Primea, Makati City, conducted by Institute of Corporate Directors.

Also, our Independent Director Romeo L. Bato have completed and attended the one (1) day online webinar on Corporate Governance on November 7 and 8, 2023, conducted by Institute of Corporate Directors.

7. D) Directors Attendance Report

United Paragon Mining Corporation			Da	deeting At	etings	6 0			
	r		Legena: P	resent (¥ YEAR 202		(X)		Total	%
Board of Directors	03/31						Total	- /0	
Adrian Paulino S. Ramos	-	~	-	~	~	-	-	7	100%
Gerard Anton S, Ramos	~	~	-	-	-	-	-	7	100%
Presentacion S. Ramos	~	~	~	~	~	-	_	7	100%
Maureen Alexandra S. Ramos-Padilla	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	7	100%
Christopher M. Gotanco	~	~	_	~	~	~	-	7	100%
Eduardo C. Castillo	~	~	~	~	~	-	-	5/5	100%
Romeo L. Bato	-	1.5	-	55	-	~	~	2/2	100%
John Peter C. Hager	~	~	~	_	~	_	~	7	100%
Renato C. Valencia	~	~	~	~	~	~	_	7	100%
Nicholas Justin H. Ang	<u>.</u>	82	2	82	2	~	~	2/2	100%
Officers				8					
Iris Marie U. <u>Carpio</u> - Duque	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	7	100%
Gilbert V. Rabago	~	~	~	~	~	~		7	100%
Josephine L. Ilas	~	~	~	~	~	~	_	7	100%

Note:

7. E) Appraisals and performance report for the board and the criteria and procedure for assessment.

The company recognizes that in order to sustain good corporate governance within the organization, the same sound culture must be upheld and cultivated from the top. It is therefore of paramount importance to monitor the governance structure and performance of the Board of Directors (the Board) and top management according to their roles, responsibilities and accountabilities.

It has been the policy and practice of the Company for its Board to conduct an Annual Self-Assessment exercise through a questionnaire given to each Director at the last regular meeting for the year, for the purpose of evaluating the performance of the Board that year and the effectiveness of the Company's governance processes, and seeking ways to improve such performance.

The Company continually review this assessment process to take into consideration leading practices in corporate governance. The self-rating form had been revised to cover appraisal of the Board as a governing unit, of individual directors, of the different Board Committees, and of management including the President.

The assessment criteria include the structure, efficiency, and effectiveness of the Board, participation and engagement of each director, contribution of each member director to their respective Committees, and the performance of management. The criteria also reflects the specific duties, responsibilities, accountabilities of each party assessed as provided in the Company's By-Laws, Manual on Corporate Governance, Board Committee Charters and government policies.

^{1.} Mr Eduardo B. Castillo resigned last July 26,2023

^{2.} Mr. Nicholas Justin H. Ang (Independent Directed) and Mr. Romeo L. Bato was elected Director last July 26, 2023

Moreover, the questionnaire allows the Director to provide the comments and suggestions to further enrich the assessment process. In case clarification is needed on this policy and the performance assessment exercise, the Board addresses their queries to the Compliance Officer.

Facilitated by the Corporate Secretary, the annual self-rating form is required to be accomplished and signed by each individual director, the submitted to the Office of the Corporate Secretary within 30 days from receipt of the form.

The Corporate Secretary collates the results of the assessment and reports the same to the Board at a subsequent regular meeting prior to the annual stockholders' meeting. The self-rating form may be further amended by the Office of the Corporate Secretary as deemed necessary, provided that the form remains compliant with the sound corporate governance standards and practices applicable law.

7. F) Directors' disclosures on self-dealing and related party transactions.

There were no transactions with Directors, Officers or any principal stockholders (owning at least 10% outstanding shares of the Company) that are not in the ordinary course of business of the Company. No related party transactions were entered into by any Director in 2022 that required review by the Audit and Related Party Transaction Committee and further approval by the Board in accordance with the RPT Policy of the Company. There have been no complaints, disputes or problems regarding related party transactions of the Company. The Company observes an arm's length policy in its dealings with related parties.

SEC Form 17-A

A COPY OF THE COMPANY'S ANNUAL REPORT ON SEC FORM 17-A WILL BE PROVIDED WITHOUT CHARGE TO EACH PERSON UPON WRITTEN REQUEST OF ANY SUCH PERSON ADDRESSED TO:

THE OFFICE OF THE CORPORATE SECRETARY 6th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum Building 125 Pioneer Street, Mandaluyong City, 1550

Signature

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set forth in this report is true, complete and correct. This report is signed in the City of Mandaluyong on June 7, 2024.

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

By:

IRISMARIE U. CARPIO-DUQUE

Corporate Secretary

Mandaluyong City, Philippines

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION 2024 ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING GUIDELINES ON PARTICIPATION BY REMOTE COMMUNICATION

I. Coverage

Stockholders of **UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION** (the "Company") who are unable to physically attend the Company's Annual Stockholders' Meeting on July 24, 2024 and who have: (a) appointed the Chairman of the meeting as Proxy, or (b) upon valid registration chose to electronically vote in absentia after advising the Company of their intention to attend the Meeting remotely.

II. Registration

- 1. Who may Register Stockholders of Record as of May 31, 2024.
- 2. When to Register- Registration period for Stockholders who intend to appoint the Chairman as Proxy, or to electronically vote in absentia shall start on July 3, 2024 at 8:00 am until July 17, 2024 at 5:00 pm, Philippine time ("Registration Period"). Beyond this date, Stockholders may no longer avail of the option to electronically vote in absentia.
- 3. **How to Register** The Shareholder must send a scanned or digital copy of their Registration Form, herein attached, together with the following documents to the email address unitedparagonmining@gmail.com within the Registration Period, for validation.

Individual Stockholders-

- **a**. A recent photo of the Stockholder, with the face fully visible.
- b. Scanned or digital copy of the front and back portions of the Stockholder's valid government-issued identification card, preferably with residential address.
- c. Contact details

Stockholders with Joint Accounts -

- a. Scanned or digital copy of authorization letter signed by all Stockholders, identifying who among them is authorized to cast the vote for the account.
- b. A recent photo of the authorized Stockholder, with the face fully visible.
- c. Scanned or digital copy of the front and back portions of the authorized Stockholder's valid government-issued identification card, preferably with residential address.
- d. Contact details of the authorized Stockholder.

Broker Accounts -

- a. Scanned or digital copy of broker's certification on the Stockholder's number of shareholdings.
- b. A recent photo of the Stockholder, with the face fully visible.
- c. Scanned or digital copy of the front and back portions of the Stockholder's valid government-issued identification card, preferably with residential address.
- d. Contact details.

Corporate Stockholders -

- a. Scanned or digital copy of signed secretary's certificate attesting to the authority of the representative to vote for, and on behalf of the Corporation.
- b. A recent photo of the stockholder's representative, with the face fully visible.

- c. Scanned or digital copy of the front and back portions of the valid government issued identification card of the Stockholder's representative, preferably with residential address.
- d. Contact details of the Stockholder's representative. Stockholders with incomplete requirements will not be able to register online and vote electronically in absentia, but may still vote by sending a proxy (appoint the Chairman of the Company as proxy) to the Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

4. Validation of Registration.

The validation of the Stockholder's Registration Form shall be completed by the Company within three (3) business days from receipt thereof.

The Company will send an email confirming successful validation of the Stockholder's registration. Please note that submission of incomplete or inconsistent information may result in an unsuccessful registration.

The Registration Form can be accessed and downloaded at our website http://www.unitedparagonmining.com/

Note: The Company shall allow electronic signature for the required documents, as applicable. Notarization requirement shall also be dispensed with at this time. However, the Company reserves the right to request additional information, and original signed and notarized copies of these documents at a later date, as it deems necessary.

III. Right to Vote

1. The Stockholder Appointing the Chairman as Proxy:

Stockholders may give the Chairman, as Presiding Officer, the authority to vote in all matters for approval, by appointing the Chairman as Proxy in the Stockholders' Registration Form.

2. The Stockholder Votes in Absentia:

- a. For items other than the Election of Directors, the registered Stockholder has the option to vote: For, Against, or Abstain. The vote is considered cast for all the registered Stockholder's shares.
- b. For the Election of Directors, the registered Stockholder may vote for all nominees, not vote for any of the nominees, or vote for some nominees only, in such number of shares as preferred by the Stockholder, provided that the total number of votes cast shall not exceed the number of shares owned, multiplied by the number of directors to be elected.

The votes cast in absentia will have equal effect as votes cast by proxy.

5. Stockholder Participating through Remote Communication:

Stockholders participating through remote communication may either vote prior to or during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting provided they have validly registered within the Registration Period.

Upon successful registration, Registered Stockholders will receive an electronic mail containing the link they can access to cast their votes. For verification, the Registered Stockholder will have to fill in their data and certify their information on the link provided. The

Stockholder may edit their votes but once the Registered Stockholder clicks the Submit button, votes are irreversible.

IV. Tabulation & Validation of Votes in Absentia or by Proxy

The Proxy Validation Committee will tabulate all votes received through Proxy or in absentia, and an independent third party will validate the results. Stockholders who register and vote are hereby deemed to have given their consent to the collection, use storing, disclosure, transfer sharing and general processing of their personal data by the Corporation and by any other relevant third party for the purpose of electronic voting in absentia for the Annual Stockholders' Meeting and for all other purposes for which the Stockholder can cast his/her/its vote as a stockholder of the Corporation.

V. Determination of Quorum

Only those Stockholders who have notified the Company of their intention to participate in the Annual Stockholders' Meeting by remote communication, and who have successfully registered during the Registration Period, together with the Stockholders who voted by proxy or in absentia will be included in the determination of quorum.

Access to the Live Meeting

The Company will send the registered Stockholders the link to the live webcast of the Annual Stockholder's Meeting through the email confirming their successful registration or at least no later than two (2) business days prior to the date of the Meeting. Registered Stockholders may be required to download an application or register an account to access the live webcast of the meeting. For any technical assistance, Stockholders may send their questions or concerns prior to the date of the meeting via email to unitedparagonmining@gmail.com with the subject "Technical Assistance" where our IT personnel can assist them.

VII. Stockholders' Questions/Comments During the Meeting

Stockholders may send their questions and/or comments during the meeting by email to unitedparagonmining@gmail.com with subject "ASM Question/Comment". Stockholders who will participate in the Meeting are encouraged to send their questions, comments and motions before the meeting. Relevant questions on the agenda items will be read by the Moderator and will be answered by concerned officers during the meeting.

VIII. Recording of the Annual Meeting

Upon adjournment, the Company shall post the link to the recorded webcast of the Annual Stockholder's Meeting on the Company's website, for two (2) weeks. Within this period, Stockholders may raise with the Company any issues, clarifications and concerns on the Annual Stockholder's Meeting conducted.

IX. Other Matters

For any clarifications or other concerns, Stockholders may contact the Office of the Corporate Secretary at unitedparagonmining@gmail.com or through telephone nos. +632 8631-5139.



June 3, 2024

Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.

Attn: Ms. Alexandra D. Tom Wong Head, Disclosures Department 5th Avenue corner 28th Street

Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City, Philippines 1634

Securities and Exchange Commission

Attn: Rachel Esther J. Gumtang-Remalante

Director, Corporate Governance & Finance Department

Secretariat Building, PICC Complex

Roxas Boulevard, Metro Manila Philippines

Re: 2024 Annual Stockholders' Meeting, July 24, 2024

Gentlemen:

In connection with the subject and as required by the rules, we submit herewith the list of stockholders of United Paragon Mining Corporation entitled to notice and vote, as record date May 31, 2024, as provided by our stock transfer agent, Professional Stock Transfer, Inc.

Thank you.

Very truly yours,

Tris Marie V. Carpio-DuqueCorporate Secretary / Compliance /

Corporate Governance / Anti-Money

Laundering Officer/ Legal Counsel

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
ALAKOR SECURITIES CORPORATION	199,653,850
ALPHA SECURITIES CORPORATION	500,000
ANSALDO, GODINEZ & COMPANY, INC.	5,562,500
ANSELMO TRINIDAD & CO., INC.	125,000
ASIAN CAPITAL EQUITIES, INC. A/C CMXNO129	250,000
ASIAN OCEANIC MERIT SEC., INC. FAO CHP698	25,000
AURORA SECURITIES, INC.	1,250,000
BA SECURITIES, INC.	3,625,000
BENJAMIN CO CA & COMPANY, INC.	3,145,000
CATHAY SECURITIES CO., INC. A/C#000001	2,500
CATHAY SECURITIES CO., INC. A/C#1066	500,000
CATHAY SECURITIES CO., INC. A/C#1116	5,000,000
CATHAY SECURITIES CO., INC. A/C#1130	230,250
CATHAY SECURITIES CO., INC. A/C#1343	12,500
CATHAY SECURITIES CO., INC. A/C#1621	2,500,000
CATHAY SECURITIES CO., INC. A/C#1663	300,000
CATHAY SECURITIES CO., INC. A/C#1831	1,250,000
CATHAY SECURITIES CO., INC. A/C#2598	2,500,000
CATHAY SECURITIES CO., INC. VA/C#2689	250,000
CITISECURITIES, INC.	2,500,000
CONNELL SECURITIES, INCORPORATION	6,750,000
DAVID GO SECURITIES CORPORATION	1,250,000
E. CHUA CHIACO SECURITIES, INC.	500,000
EBC SECURITIES CORPORATION FEB STOCK BROKERS, INC.	7,602,500 350,000
FORTUNE SECURITIES, INC.	12,500
FPSC	200,000
FRANCISCO ORTIGAS SECURITIES, INC.	62,500
FRANCISCO ORTIGAS SECURITIES, INC. A/C#6586	362,500
FRANCISCO ORTIGAS SECURITIES, INC. A/C#8140	112,500
FRANCISCO ORTIGAS SECURITIES, INC. ACCOUNT NO 5750	750,000
FRANCISCO ORTIGAS SECURITIES, INC. ACCOUNT NO. 555	500,000
FRANCISCO ORTIGAS SECURITIES, INC. ACCOUNT NO. 793	217,500
G & L SECURITIES COMPANY, INC.	868,750
G.D. TAN & COMPANY, INC.	1,250,000
GENESIS GLOBAL SECURITIES, INC.	637,500
GUILD SECURITIES, INC.	2,750,000
GUILD SECURITIES, INC.	1,250,000
GUOCO SECURITIES (PHILS.), INC.	350,000
HDI SECURITIES, INC. A/C CRUZM003	500,000
HDI SECURITIES, INC. A/C VILLC001	500,000
I. ACKERMAN & COMPANY, INC.	75,000
INVESTORS SECURITIES, INC.	3,250,000
J.M. BARCELON & COMPANY, INC. SALT-001	250,000
J.M. BARCELON & COMPANY, INC. SINJ-001	1,250,000
KEPPEL SECURITIES PHILIPPINES, INC. A/C#1722	250,000
KERRY SECURITIES (PHILS.), INC. RPS01	49,250,000

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
MARINO OLONDRIZ Y CIA	5,550,000
MDR SECURITIES, INC.	1,500,000
MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC. A/C 1233	250,000
MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.	125,000
ORIENTRADE SECURITIES INC.	375,000
ORTIGAS, REYES, LAT & CO., INC.	175,000
PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORPORATION	1,750,000
PIERCE INTERLINK SECURITIES, INC.	4,700,000
PNB SECURITIES, INC.	500,000
PRIME SECURITIES CORPORATION	250,000
PROBITY SEC. MGMT. CORP. FAO: ROSEMARIE FLORENDO	625,000
R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.	500,000
REGINA CAPITAL DEV. CORP. 000757	2,175,000
REGINA CAPITAL DEV. CORP. 000971	1,000,000
REGINA CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION /000553	25,000
REGINA CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION A/C#000576	1,250,000
RTG & COMPANY, INC.	500,000
SAPPHIRE SECURITIES, INC.	22,500
SAPPHIRE SECURITIES, INC. (001442)	50,000
SQUIRE SECURITIES, INC.	250,000
SUMMIT SECURITIES, INC.	5,000,000
TOWER SECURITIES, INC.	2,500,000
UBP SECURITIES INC.	25,000
UY-TIOCO & COMPANY, INC. A/C#M3423-G2347-A-0	50,000
WEALTH SECURITIES, INC.	1,000,000
WESTIN SECURITIES CORPORATION	500,000
WOLFF & CO., INC.	2,529,000
YAO & ZIALCITA, INC.	946,050
YAO & ZIALCITA, INC. A/C#1081	220,600
YU & COMPANY, INC.	500,000
BROKER	345,126,000
AACTC FAO TA# 93-059	12,500
ANSI INDL PRODUCTS ELECT. SERVICES	44,100
CAMARINES MINERALS, INC.	1,252,097,050
CONQUEST LINKAGES CORPORATION	12,500
CONQUEST LINKAGES CORPORATION	12,500
HAPI ILOILO CORPORATION	1,000,000
HEIRS OF FIDEL & TERESITA REYES, INCORPORATED	3,625,000
HYDEE MANAGEMENT & RESOURCE CORP.	12,600,600
ITAMI VENTURES INTL INC.	2,950
J&T REALTY	750,000
J. L. HOLDINGS CORPORATION	6,150
LANCASTER HOLDINGS LIMITED	5,235,537,900
MARSMAN FOUNDATION INC.	50,000

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
NSA PHILIPPINES, INC.	500,000
PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION (F)	251,919,229,742
PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION (NF)	571,601,120
PROCURADOR GENERAL DE PADRES FRANCISCANO DE MANILA	2,000,000
RCBC TA #33-430-8	200,000
SEC ACCOUNT FAO: VARIOUS CUSTOMERS OF GUOCO SEC. (3,890,000
THE MARSMAN FOUNDATION, INC.	8,947,500
TRADERS ROYAL BANK T/A 94-329	250,000
TRADERS ROYAL BANK TRUST ACCT #84-234	450,000
VALMORA INVESTMENT AND MANAGEMENT CORP.	80,000,000
CORPORATION	259,092,819,612
ABALOS, MARIETTA &/OR FRANK MARTIN ABALOS	200,000
ABELLA, ANESIA	500,000
ABESAMIS, GRACE	50,000
ABIOG, ROLANDO R.	5,000
ABRENICA, CORAZON	500
ABRUGAR, MA. JOSEFINA C.	250,000
ACAYAN, ROMMEL	12,500
ACORDA, CYNTHIA DOROTHY I.	250,000
ACOSTA, GERARDO	6,250
ACUNA, MA. CECILIA D.	125,000
ACURAM, NASSER C.	250,000
ADAY, CARLOS	200,000
ADRIANO, LEO EDSEL NUKE	500,000
AGUDO, PACITA C.	250,000
AGUINDADAO, MARCELO	750,000
AGUIRRE, PHILIP Z.	250,000
AGULAN, NORMA C.	125,000
ALBERT, RAMON A. ALBERT, RAMON A.	25,000 25,000
ALCA, MARIO	62,500
ALCANTARA, ZENAIDA P. &/OR LUIS ALCANTARA	250,000
ALCASABAS, D. B.	12,500
ALEGIOJO, CHUCHI	250,000
ALEGRADO, EDUARDO C.	5,000,000
ALEGRE, RAMON J.	787,500
ALEJANDRIA, RENATO	125,000
ALFARO, AZUCENA V.	12,500
ALFONSO, ERLINDA I.	12,500
ALIM, NORLANDO M.	250,000
ALIM, NORLANDO M.	112,500
ALINA, FRANCISCO B.	18,750
ALMERA, ALAN F.	612,500
ALMOITE, VIRGINIA	6,250

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATIONLIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
ALPIN, CARLOS O.	8,800
ALTO, ZENOBIO P.	250,000
ALVIAR, EMILIO	12,500
AMARNANI, SANJANA ITF SHAN AMARNANI	500,000
AMARNATH HINDUJA	250,000
AMBAS, CONCHITA M.	126,400
AMBULARIO, NORBERTO E.	6,250
AMIL, JOSE	6,250
AMOGAN, CATHERINE R.	50,000
AMPARO, EDUARDO T.	145,000
AMSIWEN, NELSON	200,000
ANDAYA, ARLENE G.	125,000
ANDRADE, MA. TERESA	500,000
ANG SIOK TUAN	12,500
ANG, IDA BERNADETTE	12,500
ANG, LETECIA	250,000
ANG, NICHOLAS JUSTIN H.	1,000,000
ANG, RHEA UY	250,000
ANG, SUSANA UY	750,000
ANGBUETE, EUGENE LORENZO	1,750,000
ANGELES, MIGUEL &/OR OPHELIA ANGELES	1,250,000
ANGELES, REYNALDO ITF ANNA MARIE GARCES	250,000
ANGELES, VIDAL V.	250,000
ANGELES, VIDAL V.	250,000
ANGELES, VIDAL V.	475,000
ANGELES, VIVENCIO	1,850
ANGKANG, ANNIE O.	55,000
ARANTON, NOE	200,000
ARCE, JULIUS &/OR ERLINDA M.	5,000,000
ARRANZ, MARCELINA	250,000
ARRIOLA, ARIEL R. ASPILLERA, ANTHONY	15,000 2,000,000
ATWA, MOHAMMED	
AYODOC, WILFREDO	200,000 250,000
AZORES, NORMA AZORES &/OR LIGAYA	250,000
BADELLES, FELIX C.	500,000
BAHNI, JULIUS	250,000
BAINTO, PUBLITO V.	6,250
BALAGBAGAN, RUBEN F.	1,700,000
BALAGOT, MERVIN L.	500,000
BALANAY, MARIDELL A.	50,000
BALLESTEROS, EDUARDO	200,000
BALON, ALEXANDER E.	50,000
BALON, ROVIMER &/OR BEULAH	450,000
BANA, WILLIAM	200,000
BANCOD, BARBARA ESTRADA	100,000
BANDA, CLEOFE O.	25,000

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATIONLIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
BANDAL, AURELIO	125,000
BANDOJO, JESUS NOLAN B.	36,250
BANDOJO, AMADO B.	431,250
BANDOJO, JESUS NED B.	36,250
BANDOJO, JESUS NORRIEL B.	36,250
BANDOJO, MA. NALISSA	36,250
BANDOJO, MA. NANETTE B.	36,250
BANDOJO, MA. NERISSA B.	36,250
BANDOJO, MA. NOREEN B.	36,250
BANDOJO, NOEL JESUS B.	36,250
BANDOJO, NOLEE JESUS B.	36,250
BANDOJO, PERLA B.	36,250
BANZON, DANILO	6,250
BARING, IMEE RACHELLE S.	250,000
BARO, REMEDIOS	250,000
BARREIRO, MA. CECILIA C. BARROZO, RAUL S.	5,000,000
BASE JR., ABRAHAM	1,500,000 200,000
BASTO, DOMINGO S.	6,250
BASUG, LEONARDO R.	125,000
BATANG, ARNEL C. BATANG &/OR JUDITH	250,000
BAUTISTA, DEOLANTE B.	50,000
BAUTISTA, MARIE DELL L.	125,000
BAUTISTA, MAUREEN C.	25,000
BAYGAN, ROMEO J.	200,000
BAYONA, CHARINA R.	50,000
BAYONA, KATHLEEN R.	50,000
BEATRIZ GO &/OR FELIPE BELENA	375,000
BEDASOA, MELCHORA P.	250,000
BELANDRES, JESUS	6,250
BELECINA, REMEDIOS	3,100
BELGIRA, JOSE M.	6,250
BENEDICTO, DAVID DWIGHT C.	900,000
BERBA, RAFAEL	750,000
BERNABE JR., RICARDO C.	25,000
BERNABE, NIDA	725,000
BERNARDO, JOSEPHINE S.	500
BESIN, FELIMON B.	6,250
BIANO, JANE M	1,250,000
BIANO, JANE M.	500,000
BIHIS, MA. LUZ M.	18,750
BILBAO, ASUNCION R. BILBAO, ASUNTA R.	200,000 250,000
BIN LIM	6,500
BISWATEN, EDUARDO	200,000
BOFILL, JOSE B.	6,250
BONIFACIO, CORINA V.	250,000
DOMESTICE OF CONTINUES	230,000

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
BONITA JR., IRENEO	125,000
BONITA, SALVADOR	125,000
BONPIN, HENRY &/OR MA. BEBOT BONPIN	250,000
BONTO, ARIEL	110,000
BOON WEE HUAN	12,500
BORJA, MA. LOURDES L.	25,000
BORROMEO JR., ELPIDIO	50,000
BRAVO, JOCELYN E.	250,000
BRIAS, VICKY M.	181,250
BUCKINGHAM, MARTIN CHARLES MICHAEL	100,000
BUENAVENTURA, ROSITA L.	250,000
BUENVENIDA, GRACE	750,000
BUMANGLAG, CONSTANTE P.	3,125,000
BUMANGLAG, CONSTANTE P.	125,000
BUSTOS, JAIME	5,000,000
CAASI, ISAURO	12,500
CABALUNA, BONIFACIO	125,000
CABIGON, ALEJANDRO Y.	125,000
CABILAN, FABIAN D.	6,250
CABURIAN, JOSE G.	341,200
CACHERO, RUBY R.	250,000
CACHIN, FELIPE	12,500
CAILAN, LEONARDO	6,250
CALAGUAS, ROSALMIRA	118,100
CALILUNG, HECTOR G.	58,000
CALILUNG, LIBRADO S.	53,000
CALLEJA, DAN A.	150,000
CALLOS, PABLO	50,000
CAMMAYO, ARTHUR CANEJA, BASILISA	4,250,000 50,000
CANG, ANTONIO	8,000,000
CANLAS, ARMANDO	10,650
CANUTO, BETTY	750,000
CARBUNGCAL, JOSE	25,000
CARINGAL, ERNESTO M.	675,000
CARLOS, ADELAIDA ZITA R.	1,125,000
CARMEN, FILEMOM DEL	110,300
CARPO, ANITA	62,500
CARREON, ALBERTO	12,500
CARREON, ALMA M.	12,500
CARULLO, ALFREDO	50,000
CASTANEDA, ISA F.	50,000,000
CASTILLO, AVELINO	200,000
CASTILLO, EDUARDO B.	54,375,000
CASTILLO, FIDELA F.	217,500
CASTOLO, RONALDO D. &/OR RUBY K. CASTOLO	125,000
CASTRO, ANGELITO P	17,650

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
CASTRO, JONES R.	125,000
CASTRO, RAUL A.	12,500
CATAQUIS, WILFREDO SUZARA	250,000
CATBAGAN JR., CALIXTO C.	2,500,000
CAW, HENRY	500,000
CELIS, CARMELITA D.	125,000
CELIS, JOSE &/OR CARMELITA CELIS	125,000
CERVANTES, AMELIA	100,000
CESAR A RUBIO &/OR RENEE	1,450
CHAN, ANTHONY M.	250,000
CHAN, BENITO CHAN &/OR KINGSLEY	2,500,000
CHAN, CAROLINE H.	2,000,000
CHAN, JENNIFER CHUA	1,250,000
CHAN, MARIA HELVETIA CHAN, VICKY L.	750,000 3,325,050
CHAN, WINSTON	300,000
CHENG SIOK CHUA	6,250
CHINANGLAS, PABLO	12,500
CHING, CATHERINE	500,000
CHIONGBIAN III, GEORGE	250,000
CHIONGBIAN, AMADEO VICTORIANO	250,000
CHIU, EDDY	500,000
CHIU, JOHNSON	725,000
CHIU, JOHNSON	1,250,000
CHIU, JOHNSON	2,500,000
CHIU, JOHNSON CHIU &/OR VICKY	15,000,000
CHIU, JOHNSON L.	3,525,000
CHIU, RYAN PRINCETON	125,000
CHIU, JOHNSON L.	7,000,000
CHIYUTO, CESAR S.	500,000
CHOACHUY JR., DEWEY	125,000
CHOO, BLESILDA A.	4,750,000 15,000,000
CHU, BERNARD CHUA HO TI	31,250
CHUA, ANITA CHUA &/OR ELY	2,537,500
CHUA, CHERIE S.	500,000
CHUA, EMELYN T.	1,750,000
CHUA, FELIPE	62,500
CHUA, GENE CHUA &/OR CHERIE	500,000
CHUA, JERRY TEO	2,500
CHUA, JOANNAH	125,000
CHUA, LINDA CASES	1,000,000
CHUA, MARTIN LIM	125,000
CHUA, ROWENA Y.	125,000
CHUA, SUSAN T.	2,500,000
CHUA, VINSON R.	160,000
CHUA, WILLIAM H. &/OR TITA P. CHUA	6,000,000

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
CHUAKAW, ERNESTO	2,000,000
CHUAN, ANNIE C.	250,000
CHUAN, ANNIE C.	112,500
CHUN, BONIFACIO	12,500
CIMAFRANCA, JUNJIE	2,000,000
CLAYTON JR., ALVIN E. &/OR TINA JOY CLAYTON	500,000
CO JR., TOMAS	5,000
CO JR., TOMAS	227,250
CO SIU TEE	12,500
CO, BETTY	12,500
CO, DOROTHY G.	1,250,000
CO, MERLE SY	5,000,000
CO, NOEL L.	3,750,000
CO, PAUL	1,250,000
CO, RONALD &/OR SUSANA CO	50,000
CO, ROWENA	2,500,000
COLUANCO DONA JOSEPHINE M	2,500,000
COJUANGCO, DONA JOSEPHINE M. COKIENG, RICARDO	3,529,400 250,000
CONCEJERO, ARIEL M. &/OR MA. CONSUELO G. CONCEJERO	375,000
CONRADO M. &/OR LETICIA MOLINA	2,500,000
CONSTANTINO, TEODORICO C.	118,100
CONSUELO, ANGEL T.	12,500
CORDOVA, MA. ANDRIE GASTON	600,000
COROMINAS JR., JOSE	31,250
COROMINAS, JOSE	31,250
CORPUS, AMOS S.	50,000
CORRO, ANTONIO SEBASTIAN T.	20,000,000
CORTEZ, ALEXANDER B.	362,500
COSALAN, JEFFERSON	750,000
COSEIP, ANITA	1,250
CRISPINO, EMMANUEL Z.	625,000
CRUZ JR., AUGUSTO A.	1,000,000
CRUZ, AILEEN L.	250,000
CRUZ, AUGUSTO C.	6,397,800
CRUZ, AURORA	1,250
CRUZ, CRISELDA I.	4,625,000
CRUZ, ELIODORO C.	9,350,000
CRUZ, JOHN VINCENT C. STA.	1,250,000
CRUZ, MA. TEREGE B. DELA	1,250,000
CRUZ, MA. TERESE B. DELA	675,000
CRUZ, MIA ZOLINDA T. DELA	125,000
CRUZ, PABLITO C. CRUZ, PABLITO C.	6,250 6,250
CRUZ, YOLANDA M.	6,250
CU, JEOFFREY	5,000,000
CUA, HENRY	12,500
CON, HERRI	12,300

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
CUA, RODOLFO E.	375,000
CUA, SANTIAGO	12,500
CUAN, JOSE	6,250
CUNANAN, RAFAEL F.	125,000
DACANAY, LEONCIO G. &/OR AURORA S. DACANAY	2,250,000
DAIT, GENOVEVA S.	125,000
DALAGAN, ALICIA V.	62,500
DANAQUE, LAMBERTO O.	500,000
DAVID, ANGELICA H.	125,000
DAVID, ANITA T.	250,000
DAYAO, ROSAURO E.	100,000
DE CASTRO, TIRCO	1,350,000
DE CASTRO, TIRSO	250,000
DE GUZMAN, SYLVIA LINGAD DE GUZMAN, VICTORIA	500,000 18,750
DE LARA, NORA F.	580,000
DE LEMOS, LUIS	6,250
DE LEON, ANTONIO	600,000
DE LEON, ANTONIO	1,625,000
DE LEON, LAURA L.	750,000
DE LEON, MARIBEL R.	250,000
DE MONTEMAYOR, URSULA	1,850
DE ROTAECHE, ALBERTO	1,250,000
DE ROTAECHE, ALBERTO	2,375,000
DECENA, THERESE S.	450,000
DEFEO, ALLAN	150,000
DEGAY, GABRIEL	250,000
DEL ROSARIO JR., FIDEL B.	56,250
DEL ROSARIO, ANDRES T.	6,250
DEL ROSARIO, CARMENCITA	31,250
DEL ROSARIO, JOSE	18,750
DEL ROSARIO, LEONARDO B.	6,250
DELA FUENTE, ALFREDO E. DELA PAZ, PANFILO	1,550,000 18,750
DELA PENA, CERILA G.	425,000
DELA VEGA CAPULI, VICTORIA	250,000
DELOS SANTOS, LIWAYWAY	1,450,000
DEMETILLO, GLORIA F.	625,000
DESIDERIO II, JOSE O.	942,500
DESQUITADO, BUENAVENTURA B.	1,250,000
DIAZ, EMILIO A.	18,750
DIAZ, REYNALDO	62,500
DIMAANO, ENRIQUE D.	200,000
DINO, RICSON ENRICO T.	2,500,000
DIONNET, THOMAS	1,250,000
DISINI, ANGEL E.	62,500
DOLOR, RODOLFO B.	950,000

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
DOMAOAL, RAMON M.	85,250
DOMINGO, FELICITO M.	168,750
DOMINGO, FELICITO M. &/OR CRISTINA L. DOMINGO	500,000
DOMINGO, LORETO	6,250
DOMINGO, RENATO T.	2,500,000
DOMINGUEZ, CARLOS G.	50
DOPPMAN, XAVIER	25,000
DUMDUM, ETHEL	500,000
DUMDUM, LEYDA	250,000
DUMDUM, NIDO	250,000
DUMDUM, RO. SAMUEL M.	2,175,000
DUQUE, ASTERIO T.	1,500,000
DURAN, NARISA BERLIN R.	125,000
DURANA, ROSITA	1,500,000
DY BUNCIO, BENJAMIN L.	250,000
DY, ALEXANDER	362,500
DY, BELEN L.	2,500,000
DY, MANUEL	1,000,000
DY, MARCELO	362,500
DY, ROSSANA	750,000
ELLIEVERA, FLORA C.	25,000
ELLIEVERA, FLORA C.	33,750
ELORIAGA, RICARDO	6,250
ENRILE II, WILLIAM RAGOS ENRIQUEZ, MARTIN U.	250,000,000 6,250
EPINO, MARIO CARLO G.	1,250,000
ESCALONA, ALMEDA	145,000
ESCOBAR, RENATO M.	12,500
ESGUERRA, GODOFREDO C.	625,000
ESPARAGOZA, ROWENA TEVES	150,000
ESPINA, MA. LUISA	1,250,000
ESPINO, NESTOR	43,750
ESTANDARTE, DOLORES CALONG	50,000
ESTATE OF ANTONIO A. ESTOLAS	500,000
ESTATE OF ARTURO GUANZON	1,000,000
ESTATE OF ARTURO GUANZON	1,000,000
ESTATE OF BESSIE C. LIM	500,000
ESTATE OF EDILBERTO GOZO, JR.	250,000
ESTATE OF FRANCISCO M. VARGAS	2,175,000
ESTATE OF MA. MAGNOLIA BACOLCOL	375,000
ESTATE OF ROBERTO J. MONTINOLA	15,600
ESTRADA, JOSE MARIA	500,000
ESTRALLADO, LUZ	250,000
ESTUPIGAN, PEDRO S.	12,500
EVANGELISTA, ADORACION C.	500,000
EXLIPSE, FLORENDA	1,850
FACTOR, CONSTANTINO S.	6,250

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

As of May 31, 2024

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
FACTORA, ERNESTO B.	6,250
FAJARDO, EDUARDO JORGE F.	250,000
FAJARDO, ELLEN F.	250,000
FAJARDO, EMMANUEL JORGE F.	250,000
FEDILSON, TRINIDAD	100,000
FEIST, ROSA G.	5,000,000
FELICIANO, ARTHUR	4,500,000
FELIX, MA. LEONIDA	500,000
FELY LEE FONG SHENG	2,175,000
FERNANDEZ, ADELFA M.	2,025,000
FERNANDEZ, ARTHUR F.	150,000
FERNANDEZ, CORAZON	500,000
FERNANDEZ, EDNA T.	500,000
FERNANDEZ, LEANDRO B.	1,250,000
FERNANDEZ, RAQUEL	135,000
FERNANDEZ, RAQUEL	165,000
FERNANDEZ, SUSAN	6,250
FESTIN, MARINO	200,000
FIANZA, ISMAEL	500,000
FILICIANO, GEORGE	7,500,000
FLORENDO, ELENA T. FLORENTINO, JOSEFINA C.	62,500 375,000
FLORES, DOMINGA	12,500
FONTAMOS, CONRADO	62,500
FORONDA, RODRIGO	12,500
FRANCIA, MARTIN M.	6,250
FRANCISCO &/OR RAQUEL BANAWA	112,500
FRANCISCO, ELEUTERIA M.	250,000
FRANCISCO, RUBEN C.	250,000
FRANCO, JOSE MELANDRO	750,000
FRANCO, MA. ROSARIO Q.	250,000
FUSINGAN, EUGENE A.	62,500
GABRIEL, JOSE SAN	117,650
GAERLAN, ROSARIO	6,250
GALAN, HEIDI YU	500,000
GALLEGO, JOSEPH L.	12,500
GALLERA, OLIVER T.	250,000
GALVEZ, JOSEFINA E.	12,500
GAMAYO, HONORATA M.	250,000
GAMBOA, LILIA Q.	12,500
GAMBOA, PRISCILLA TEEHANKEE	7,750,000
GAMO, VICENTE G. &/OR STRELLA A. GAMO	225,000
GAN, ROBERTO T.	2,393,100
GANA, ALFONSO A.	6,250
GAPASIN, ROMEO	125,000
GARCES, ANNA MA.	562,500
GARCIA III, PACIFICO L.	937,500

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
GARCIA, AUGUSTO Z.	2,750,000
GARCIA, EVALIN A.	250,000
GARCIA, GLORIA M. &/OR MA. VICTORIA G. PADILLA	500,000
GARCIA, JESUS	1,000,000
GARCIA, MA. TERESA M.	50,000
GARCIA, MANUEL L.	12,500
GARCIA, MANUEL S.	6,250
GARCIA, MARIA VICTORIA	250,000
GARCIA, MOISES Y.	2,000,000
GARCIA, PACIFICO	70,000
GARCIA, ROMEO J.	12,500
GARCIA, THELMA	250,000
GARCIA, THELMA	250,000
GARCIA, VIOLETA LINCALLO	250,000
GARON, ROBERT &/OR EMERITA	562,500
GARRIDO, MA. VICTORIA S.	50,000
GARROVILLO, FLOR M.	2,500,000
GEWAN, FRANCIS	200,000
GLORIA JR., RICARDO V.	225,000
GLORIA, RICARDO	500,000
GLORIOSO, ISAURO	1,850
GO ENG LU	1,250,000
GO JR., BENITO	500,000
GO JR., CARLOS T.	500,000
GO, ALBERT	1,250,000
GO, ALEX	2,250,000
GO, ELENA	500,000
GO, JOHNNY	5,000,000
GO, MA. CHER &/OR NENEBETH YAP	100,000
GO, MARIA	12,500
GO, TERESITA GO &/OR SATURNINA	2,500,000
GOCHIPCO, PETER	6,250
GOCHUICO, ALICIA	12,500
GOHU, PATRICIA U.	1,000,000
GOLEZ, LAMBERTO	15,600
GOMEZ, NARCISA	150,000
GOMEZ, NARCISA GONZALES, LUISA	500,000 6,250
GONZALES, LOISA GONZALES, MARCIANO S.	250,000
GONZALES, MARCIANO S. GONZALES, MERCY P.	12,500
GONZALEZ, ALEX S.	750,000
GONZALEZ, ANTHONY M.	2,000,000
GONZALEZ, MARISSA R.	1,250,000
GONZALEZ, TERESITA	9,350
GORRE, NITA	6,250
GOSMO, TERESITA	6,250
GOTAMCO, AMELIA	1,250,000
CO THE COUNTRICE IN	1,230,000

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
GOTANCO, CHRISTOPHER M.	500,000
GRANADOS, RODOLFO	62,500
GUERRA, HENRY Y.	375,000
GUEVARA, SHEILA	75,000
GUIANG, FELICIANO	15,600
GUIRIBA, GERARDO	100,000
GURNAMAL, AIL GURNAMAL &/OR HARESH	500,000
GUSTILLO, SANDRA N.	250,000
HABANA, BERNADETTE A.	125,000
HAYNES, GEORGE J.	18,750
HEDY SONIDO, EDUARDO	1,500,000
HENSON, MA. PAZ	725,000
HERNANDEZ, AGAPITO A.	12,500
HERNANDEZ, ANNA LIZA Y.	50,000
HERNANDEZ, DEWEY FRANCIS Y.	50,000
HERNANDEZ, JUAN	1,087,500
HERNANDEZ, LUIS V.	3,100
HERNANDEZ, RAFAELITO L.	250,000
HILADO, MANUEL	500,000
HILADO, MANUEL V.	950,000
HILARIO, MICHAEL	500,000
HILL, ALMA P.	72,500
HIZON, ORLANDO	12,500
HO, LILY S.	750,000
HOLANDA, ETHELWOLDO	6,250
HUANG, KEVIN	250,000
HUI, TIU YENG	225,000 75,000
IBALLA, MA. CRISTINA IGNACIO, NICANOR K.	3,000,000
IGOY, CORAZON	1,850
ILAGAN, JIMMY A. &/OR EDITHA S. ILAGAN	1,750,000
ILEDAN, CARMENCITA C.	117,600
INFANTADO, GRACE J.	250,000
INSIGNE, MARIA	12,500
IPAPO, WILFREDO	62,500
ISLA, RUTH E.	375,000
ISON, ELIZABETH E.	125,000
JALANDONI, OFELIA S.	250,000
JAVELLANA, EDUARDO &/OR TERESA JAVELLANA	1,580,000
JAVIER, AGUSTIN	12,500
JAVIER, TEODORO &/OR ROSARIO JAVIER	250,000
JOSE &/OR CONCHITA YAP	4,250,000
KALAW, ROSA	625,000
KEH, BENITO	18,000,000
KHAN, CARLOS B.	25,000
KHO, DAVID	3,750,000
KHU, CONSUELO DY	2,500,000

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
KIAT, JOSEPH	250,000
KIM TIN SY	5,000,000
KING, ELNORA P.	1,250,000
KIONG, ELVIRA C.	2,500,000
KOA, ELIZABETH SEE	1,750,000
LACANILAO JR., ARTURO L.	12,500
LACLACAN, SATURNINO	375,000
LACSON, JOSE MARTIN	500,000
LADABAN, MA. CRISTINA B.	250,000
LAM YU PING	1,250,000
LAMPA, REYNALDO D.	250,000
LANDINGIN, HELEN	125,000
LANUZA, ROGELIO A.	1,750,000
LASAY, OCTAVIO D.	118,100
LAT, ARLEEN V.	250,000
LAVIN, SUNDAY	290,000
LAWSON,ESTHER A.VIBAL &/OR STELLA V &/OR AIDA V. G	1,000,000
LAYA, NICANOR	51,450
LAYCO, JOSE S.	6,250
LAZARO, FLORENTINO	580,000
LEAL, THELMA	250,000
LEDESMA, ELIZABETH R.	725,000
LEDESMA, ELVIRA R.	362,500
LEE SHIEN CHUI	125,000
LEE, ANDREW S.	2,500,000
LEE, DANIEL U.	12,687,500
LEE, JACQUELINE M.	3,037,500
LEE, LOLITA YU	500,000
LEE, WILLY P. LEE, YVETTE	125,000
LEGARDA JR., BENITO	125,000 453,100
LEGARDA JR., DR. BENITO	271,850
LEGARDA, ANGELITA GANZON	54,350
LETRAN, PACITA	2,500,000
LIANTING, ROBERTO LIM	500,000
LIBORO, OSCAR L.	22,050
LICAUCO III,MAXIMO G.	250,000
LICAUCO, CECILIA R.	7,350
LICUANAN, JAIME	6,250
LIGOT, STEPHANIE Y.	87,500
LIM (JS), EDUARDO	2,500,000
LIM III, JOSE A.	22,500,000
LIM JR., VICTOR Y.	3,861,050
LIM, ALICIA &/OR JOY &/OR RICHARD T.	2,500,000
LIM, ANDRES G.	2,250,000
LIM, BELLA L. LIM &/OR LOUIE L.	1,000,000
LIM, BENJAMIN	375,000

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

As of May 31, 2024

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
LIM, CARMEN CANG	250,000
LIM, CLARITA &/OR CRISTINA L. DOMINGO	50,000
LIM, CLARITA P.	11,250
LIM, DAISY	500,000
LIM, EDGARDO O.	100,000
LIM, ELENA BIN	6,250
LIM, ELISA ONG	1,000,000
LIM, ELIZABETH	500,000
LIM, FELIPE D.	250,000
LIM, JASON	87,500
LIM, LINO	12,500
LIM, MARIANO RUBEN	3,000,000
LIM, ROBERTO L.	6,250
LIM, SIN ENG	2,500,000
LIM, STELLA	1,500,000
LIM-DY, ROSSANA	250,000
LINCO, YUWIN ESPINOSA	150,000
LIONG, MERCEDES T.	750,000
LIPTON, ROBERTO	62,500
LLAMADO, ANNALIZA	250,000
LLANTO, LEOVIN RAY C.	500,000
LLANTO, LIDUVINA C.	1,000,000
LLORCA, JAMES P.	250,000
LONEZ EDIARDO S	250,000
LOPEZ, IOSEPH I	1,250,000
LOPEZ, JOSEPH L. LOPEZ, JUAN B.	250,000 6,250
LOPEZ, LILIBETH S.	350,000
LOPEZ, MANUEL DE LARA	250,000
LORENZO JR., LUIS P.	109,250,000
LOTA, VIOLETA A.	250,000
LOZANO, VIRGINIA	12,500
LU, JONATHAN G.	750,000
LUA, JONATHAN	1,450,000
LUNA, DELIA DE	6,250
LUNAR, CECILLE L.	500,000
MACALOS, FELICIDAD	100,000
MACANDILI, ALBERTO L.	500,000
MACAPAGAL, JANICE A.	375,000
MACUGAY-LOZADA, CONNIE	75,000
MAGTIBAY, JULIAN L.	6,250
MAGTIBAY, ROMULO B.	6,250
MAGTOTO, DELIA L.	200,000
MAHAGIS, CHITO	12,500
MALIT, LUIS MANUEL P.	5,000,000
MALLARI, MA. TERESA P.	500,000
MANALAYSAY, CESAR P.	500,000

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
MANALO, NESTOR &/OR MUTYA MANALO	290,000
MANAS, FRANCIS H.	250,000
MANDILAG, MERGELYN B.	100,000
MANEZE, DELLA UY	3,250,000
MANRIQUE, JIMMY	3,500,000
MANZANO, DOMINIC	750,000
MANZON, DULCE AMOR N.	750,000
MAPALAD CO, JESUS	500,000
MAPUA, MIGUEL	3,000,000
MAPUA, RAFAEL	1,250,000
MARASIGAN, ANTONIO C.	625,000
MARBIL, MICHAEL	350,000
MARFORI, SIMEON	3,750,000
MARIANO, HERMINIA	6,250
MARSO, ALICE T.	118,100
MARSO, ALICE T.	53,150
MARTELINO, FATIMA	250,000
MARTELINO, MARCIA	600,000
MARTINEZ, QUINTIN	750,000
MARTINEZ, RODOLFO S.	6,250
MARTINEZ, SOCORRO	6,250
MARZAN, CONRADO	6,250
MARZAN, EDGARDO	2,500,000
MASCARDO, HANNAH Y.	250,000
MATIAS, ALEXANDER V.	200,000
MAXIMO, RUBEN S.	125,000
MAYUGA, WILMA P. &/OR WILLIAM P. PANUELOS JR.	200,000 250,000
MEDIALDEA, BETTY MEDIDAS, TERESITO B.	2,500,000
MEJIA, BIENVINIDO	1,850
MENDOZA, ALBERTO &/OR JEANIE	562,500
MENDOZA, ALBERTO &/OR JEANIE	562,500
MENDOZA, ALBERTO &/OR JEANIE C. MENDOZA	1,250,000
MENDOZA, ALBERTO OR JEANIE	1,250,000
MENDOZA, LAWRENCE &/OR ALBERTO MENDOZA	562,500
MENDOZA, MARCELINA	250,000
MENDOZA, TERESITA	6,250
MERCADO, CATALINA R.	12,500
MERCADO, JOSEPHINE	9,350
MERCADO, MILAGROS M.	6,250
MESA, JUANITO C.	25,000
MESINA, JOHN T.	100,000
METRADO, CLARITA	12,500
MIRANDA, DANIEL M.	31,250
MOLINA, MA WINEFRIDA T. &/OR OLIVER R. MOLINA	50,000
MOLTIO, VILMA O.	250,000
MONDINA, HELEN R.	250,000

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

As of May 31, 2024

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
MONTELIBANO, MARIANNA O.	15,000
MONTERO, NESTOR O.	376,250
MONTES, FLORENCE G.	250,000
MORADA, MARINA CECILIA L.	1,250,000
MORALES, RAYMOND C.	625,000
MORENO, RUFINA	225,000
MORILLO, ROMUALDO	200,000
MORTIZ, EDWARD	6,250
MOSS, NONA	12,500
MUNOZ, JANE	1,250,000
MURGA, MA.TERESA S. &/OR WILFRIDO SANCHEZ	1,075,000
MURILLO, VICTOR	625,000
MUTIA, DOMINGO	12,500
NADELA, EPEFANIA T. &/OR JAY BLANE	500,000
NAPILE, RICO	250,000
NARANJO, RODOLFO	200,000
NARIO, FRANCISCO D.	12,500
NARIO, FRANCISCO D.	11,250
NASSR, ANGELA L. NATI, ANGELINO V.	350,000 100,000
NAVARRO, ADELAIDA	1,850
NAVARRO, ALFONSO N.	1,250
NAVARRO, LOURDES M.	600
NEPOMUCENO, LIZITA E.	125,000
NG, JEAN &/OR JOHNSON	500,000
NG, MARIQUITA	6,250
NG, WAI SUN	1,500,000
NG, WILBERT S.	750,000
NGO, AMELIA DY	1,250,000
NGO, GONZALO	2,500,000
NGO, RODERICK	250,000
NIFRAS, ARTHUR J.	375,000
NOLASCO, CONRADO	500,000
NOLASCO, LUCINA	500,000
NOLASCO, MYVEL E.	50,000
NOVAL, DALE	250,000
NOVAL, DALE	112,500
OBALDO, HILARIO O.	6,500,000
OBGUIA, REYNALDO	1,250,000
OCAMPO JR., JUANITO	375,000
OCAMPO, IMELDA	2,250,000
OCAP JONEY A	87,500
OGAD, JONNEY A.	50,000
OJALES, BABES	2,550,000
OLALIA, ANGELITA &/OR ANTHONY	50,000
OLALIA, ANGELITA X	50,000 45,000
OLALIA, ANGELITA Y.	45,000

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
OLIVA JR., JOSE E.	6,250
OMO, MARGARITA O.	25,000
ONG, BENSON	2,500,000
ONG, BERNARD &/OR CONCHITA ONG	7,000,000
ONG, CLEMENTE Y.	550,000
ONG, DEBRA	500,000
ONG, DOLORES	250,000
ONG, FRANCISCO K.	1,750,000
ONG, HARVEY	375,000
ONG, HELEN &/OR CLARITA ZAFRA	500,000
ONG, HELEN &/OR EDELMIRA GUILAS	50,000
ONG, IVAN	6,250
ONG, JOSEPH	12,500,000
ONG, JUANITO D.	31,250
ONG, PABLITO M.	322,500
ONG, PABLITO M.	2,000,000
ONG, WILLIAM D.	5,000,000
ONGSIAKO, MARGARITA	250,000
OPPEN, ANTONIO C.	250,000
ORAZA, FELIPE	100,000
ORENDAIN, NORMINDA	100,000
ORLINO, MARY JANE P.	100,000
ORTIGAS, MARIA TERESA B.	833,334
ORTIGAS, RAFAEL B. OSMENA, ISABEL	833,333 500,000
OWEN NATHANIEL AU ITF: LI MARCUS AU A/C IAUOWE11	15,000
PABANCOD, BARBARA ESTRADA	6,550
PACHECO, PRISCILA R.	1,500,000
PACHECO, PRISCILA R. &/OR REYNALDO D. PACHECO	1,225,000
PACHECO, REYNALDO &/OR PRISCILA R. PACHECO	225,000
PADACO, BERNARD &/OR AURORA PADACO	375,000
PADACO, GINA &/OR AURORA PADACO	250,000
PADILLA, MARIA ASUNCION O.	833,333
PADILLA, REYNALDO M.	852,900
PADUGA JR., ROMEO S.	25,000
PAGDANGANAN, NIDA	50,000
PAGGABAO, MELISANDE M.	200,000
PALAD, ELPIDIO P.	50,000
PALAO, ROSSANA L.	250,000
PALITAYAN, FELICIANO C.	6,250
PALLORINA, JEAN PANTALEON	750,000
PALMIANO, MICHAEL	1,500,000
PANGANG-AT, FELIX	200,000
PANLASIGUI, PAUL ANDREW P.	50,000
PAPA, FLORENTINO	12,500
PARAGGUA, RUTHEBBA	250,000
PARDO, EMMANUEL	125,000

NAME	SHARES ISSUED &
NAME	OUTSTANDING

NAME	OUTSTANDING
PAREA, ANGELA	2,500
PAREDES, JEANNE	25,000
PASCUAL, ELLEN H.	125,000
PASCUAL, SANTOS N.	25,000
PASILIAO, HELEN	6,250
PAULINO, PABLO	37,500
PE, ROMEO &/OR ESTHER PE	2,500,000
PEDAZO, PETER M.	250,000
PELOME, JOSE E.	6,250
PELONE JR., JOSE F.	6,250
PENAFUERTE-JEROME, MARISSA	325,000
PENALBA, RIZAL P. &/OR AZUCENA PENALBA	500,000
PENALOSA, EMILIO M.	1,000,000
PENALOSA, MANOLO R.	500,000
PENAMANTE, JOSE MANUEL M.	125,000
PERALTA, MACARIO	31,250
PEREZ, EDMUNDO O.	146,250
PEREZ, EDMUNDO O.	21,250
PEREZ, GEORGINA VERA	2,500,000
PEREZ, GERARDO	50,000
PEREZ, MANTESIO C.	31,250
PEREZ, ROGELIO	12,500
PEREZ, ROMAN M.	375,000
PHI, DOROTHY	500,000
PICACHE, MIGUEL	1,250,000
PILLOS, RICARTE B.	500,000
PIMENTEL, JULIE ANNE	250,000
PINEDA, AGRIPINA	6,250
PINEDA, CRESENCIA	6,250
PIONELA JR., ERNESTO	12,500
PO, LYDIA	62,500
PO, VICTORIA L.	325,000
POBLADOR III, HONORIO	5,882,400
POBLADOR, GREGORIO	250,000
POMPA, ANTONIO M.	12,500
POMPA, DANILO	6,250
POMPA, MERLINDA R.	6,250
POMPA, PACITA R.	6,250
PONIO, BEN AZEL S.	17,500,000
PORCIUNCULA, JAIME	362,500
PORCIUNCULA, JAIME L.	700,000
PREIN, MANFRED	6,250
PROPETA, REYNALDO	12,500
PUNO, LORETTO B.	435,000
PUNONGBAYAN, RAYMUNDO	400,000
QUA HIANSEN, ERNESTO*	12,500
QUESADA, MIGUEL	600,000

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
QUINTANA, ANTONIO V.	12,500
QUINTANS, LILIAN	250,000
QUIZON, BENITO T.	500,000
QUIZON, IRENEO C.	1,750,000
RAGOS, MIRIAM B.	25,000
RAMIREZ, CELSO A.	250,000
RAMOS, ADRIAN PAULINO S.	500,000
RAMOS, ALFREDO C.	318,976,817
RAMOS, ANTON S.	100,000
RAMOS, BENJAMIN	6,250
RAMOS, RICARDO MIGUEL S.	25,000
RANOSA, DULCE	12,500
RASALAN, DERICK	72,500
RECTO, MANUEL D.	2,500,000
RECTO, MANUEL D.	1,125,000
REGALARIO, EDDIE	25,000
RELOVA, EDEN H.	200,000
RENTASIDA, BESILDA M.	100,000
RESPALL, SANDRA C.	1,087,500
REYES IV, ALEX T.	125,000
REYES JR., CESAR Z.	1,500,000
REYES SR., TEOFILO	212,500
REYES, ADOLFO R.	3,262,500
REYES, AMADO	31,250
REYES, AMANDO	735,300
REYES, ANGELA	12,500
REYES, AUGUSTIN PANGANIBAN DELOS	4,350,000
REYES, CEASAR	31,250
REYES, EDNA GARCIA	600,000
REYES, GILBERT RAYMUND T. &/OR JOCELYN REYES	500,000
REYES, IMELDA	62,500
REYES, LALAINE A.	72,500
REYES, LOURDES L.	250,000
REYES, LURLYN REYES, PAZ	250,000 62,500
REYES, TERESITA R &/OR ADOLFO R. REYES	4,125,000
REYES, VICTORIANO	3,825,000
REYES-HANGAD, CELIA	10,000,000
REYES-LAO, HONORIO	2,000,000
REYNALDO, TATA	31,250
RICABLANCA, CAROLITO	425,000
ROBIS, ANGEL	750,000
ROCES, LUIS MIGUEL	72,500
ROCES, LUIS MIGUEL M.	72,500
RODRIGUEZ, HONORIO	6,250
RODRIGUEZ, JOAQUIN C.	2,525,000
ROLA, DIONISIA A.	375,000
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ROLDAN, REX 125,000 ROMERO, NEMESIO 6,250 ROQUE, VERONICA 250,000 ROQUEZA, RICARDO S. 25,000 ROSALES JR, BENJAMIN S. 500,000 ROSALES, CLEMENCIA 250,000 ROSARIO, DEOGRACIA R. 12,500 ROXAS, JOSEPH T. 2,500,000 RUFINO, JOSE MA. 2,500,000 SAB-IT, MARIA LUZ MINDA M. 75,000 SAGUN, SOFIA 3,100 SAKDALAN, JOSE M. 250,000 SAKDALAN, JOSE M. 250,000 SALAMAT, JUANITO D. 250,000 SALEAMAT, JUANITO D. 250,000 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDO, JANET 125,000 SALES, JULIAN J. 31,250 SALES, JULIAN J. 3,100 SALES, JULIAN J. 36,250 SALUDO, MARTIN 62,500 SAMONTE, ANGEL 12,500 SAMONTE, ANGEL 12,500 SAMONTE, ANGEL 5,000 SAN GABRIEL, JOSE A. 197,950
ROMERO, NEMESIO 6,250 ROQUE, VERONICA 250,000 ROQUEZA, RICARDO S. 25,000 ROSALES, JR, BENJAMIN S. 500,000 ROSALES, CLEMENCIA 250,000 ROSARIO, DEOGRACIA R. 250,000 ROXAS, JOSEPH T. 2,500,000 RUFINO, JOSE MA. 2,500,000 SAB-IT, MARIA LUZ MINDA M. 75,000 SAGUN, SOFIA 31,00 SAKDALAN, JOSE M. 250,000 SAKDALAN, JOSEPH ALLAN E. 250,000 SALAZAR, MA. REMEDIOS M. 31,250 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDO, JANET 30,000 SALLES, JULIAN J. 31,250 SALLEDO, RAFAEL D. 31,250 SALLODO, MARTIN 62,500 SALUDO, MARTIN 62,500 SALVACION, ANGEL 12,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAN JOSE, ROBERTO V. 5,000,000 SAN GABRIEL, JOSE A. 197,950 SAN GABRIEL, ORLANDO
ROQUE, VERONICA 250,000 ROQUEZA, RICARDO S. 25,000 ROSALES JR, BENJAMIN S. 500,000 ROSALES, CLEMENCIA 250,000 ROSARIO, DEOGRACIA R. 12,500 RUFINO, JOSE MA. 2,500,000 SAAVEDRA, RAQUEL C. 1,000,000 SAB-IT, MARIA LUZ MINDA M. 75,000 SAGDUN, SOFIA 31,00 SAKDALAN, JOSEPH ALLAN E. 250,000 SALAZAR, MA. REMEDIOS M. 31,250 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDO, JANET 125,000 SALCEDO, JANET 31,250 SALCEDO, JANET 125,000 SALCEDO, MARTIN 31,250 SALLES, JULIAN J. 31,000 SALUDO, MARTIN 62,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAN GABRIEL, ORLANDO 6,250 SAN GABRIEL, ORLANDO 6,250 SAN GABRIEL, ORLANDO 6,250 SAN JOSE, ROBERTO V. 5,0
ROQUEZA, RICARDO S. 25,000 ROSALES JR, BENJAMIN S. 500,000 ROSALES, CLEMENCIA 250,000 ROSARIO, DEOGRACIA R. 12,500 ROXAS, JOSEPH T. 2,500,000 RUFINO, JOSE MA. 2,500,000 SAB-UT, MARIA LUZ MINDA M. 75,000 SAGUN, SOFIA 31,00 SAKDALAN, JOSE M. 250,000 SAKDALAN, JOSE M. 250,000 SAKDALAN, JOSEPH ALLAN E. 250,000 SALAMAT, JUANITO D. 250,000 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDO, JANET 125,000 SALCEDO, RAFAEL D. 31,250 SALLES, JULIAN J. 3,100 SALLES, JULIAN J. 3,100 SALUDO, MARTIN 62,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAM GABRIEL, ORLANDO 6,250 SAN GABRIEL, ORLANDO 6,250 SAN GABRIEL, ORLANDO 6,250 SAN JOSE, ROBERTO V. 5,
ROSALES, CLEMENCIA 250,000 ROSARIO, DEOGRACIA R. 12,500 ROXAS, JOSEPH T. 2,500,000 RUFINO, JOSE MA. 2,500,000 SAAVEDRA, RAQUEL C. 1,000,000 SAB-IT, MARIA LUZ MINDA M. 75,000 SAGUN, SOFIA 3,100 SAKDALAN, JOSE M. 250,000 SAKDALAN, JOSEPH ALLAN E. 250,000 SALAMAT, JUANITO D. 250,000 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDO, JANET 125,000 SALES, JULIAN J. 31,250 SALES, JULIAN J. 3,000,000 SALUDO, MARTIN 62,500 SALUACION, ANGEL 12,500 SALUACION, ANGEL 12,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 6,250 SAMONTE, ARTURO 6,250 SAN GABRIEL, JOSE A. 197,950 SAN GABRIEL, JOSE A. 197,950 SAN JOSE, ROBERTO V. 5,000,000 SAN SAN GO 2,500,000 SAN SAN GO 2,500,000
ROSARIO, DEOGRACIA R. 12,500,000 ROXAS, JOSEPH T. 2,500,000 ROXAS, JOSEPH T. 2,500,000 SAAVEDRA, RAQUEL C. 1,000,000 SAB-IT, MARIA LUZ MINDA M. 75,000 SAGUN, SOFIA 3,100 SAKDALAN, JOSE M. 250,000 SAKDALAN, JOSEPH ALLAN E. 250,000 SALAMAT, JUANITO D. 250,000 SALAZAR, MA. REMEDIOS M. 31,250 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDO, JANET 125,000 SALCEDO, RAFAEL D. 31,250 SALCEDO, RAFAEL D. 31,250 SALUDO, MARTIN 62,500 SALUADO, MARTIN 62,500 SALUACION, ANGEL 12,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAMONTE, ARTURO 6,250 SAN GABRIEL, JOSE A. 197,950 SAN GABRIEL, ORLANDO 6,250 SAN GABRIEL, ORLANDO 6,250 SAN SAN GO 2,500,000 SAN SAN GO 2,500,000 SAN SAN GO 2,500,000 SAN SAN GO 2,500,000 <
ROXAS, JOSEPH T. 2,500,000 RUFINO, JOSE MA. 2,500,000 SAAVEDRA, RAQUEL C. 1,000,000 SAB-IT, MARIA LUZ MINDA M. 75,000 SAGUN, SOFIA 3,100 SAKDALAN, JOSE M. 250,000 SAKDALAN, JOSEPH ALLAN E. 250,000 SALAZAR, MA. REMEDIOS M. 31,250 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDO, JANET 125,000 SALCEDO, JANET 125,000 SALES, JULIAN J. 3,100 SALES, JULIAN J. 3,100 SALVACION, ANGEL 12,500 SALVACION, ANGEL 12,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAMONTE, ARTURO 6,250 SAMONTE, ARTURO 6,250 SAN GABRIEL, JOSE A. 197,950 SAN GABRIEL, ORLANDO 6,250 SAN JOSE, ROBERTO V. 5,000,000 SAN JOSE, ROBERTO V. 5,000,000 SAN SAN GO 2,500,000 SANCHEZ, FE CECILIA 250,000 SANCHEZ, LORRAINE C. 100,000 SANTIAGO, CONRADO &/OR GLORIA SANTIAGO
RUFINO, JOSE MA. 2,500,000 SAAVEDRA, RAQUEL C. 1,000,000 SAB-IT, MARIA LUZ MINDA M. 75,000 SAGUN, SOFIA 3,100 SAKDALAN, JOSEPH ALLAN E. 250,000 SALAMAT, JUANITO D. 250,000 SALAZAR, MA. REMEDIOS M. 31,250 SALCEDA, NORMA 72,500 SALCEDO, JANET 125,000 SALCEDO, JANET 31,000 SALCEDO, RAFAEL D. 31,250 SALES, JULIAN J. 3,100 SALUDO, MARTIN 62,500 SALVACION, ANGEL 12,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAMONTE, ANAME D. 362,500 SAMUS, FLORENCIO 2,600 SAN GABRIEL, JOSE A. 197,950 SAN GABRIEL, JOSE A. 197,950 SAN GABRIEL, ORLANDO 6,250 SAN JOSE, ROBERTO V. 5,000,000 SAN SAN GO 2,500,000 SAN SAN GO 2,500,000 SANCHEZ, ECECILIA 250,000 SANCHEZ, LORRAINE C. 100,000 SANTIAGO, CONRADO &/OR GLORIA SANTIAGO
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SAN SAN GO SANCHEZ, FE CECILIA 250,000 SANCHEZ, LORRAINE C. 100,000 SANDOVAL, FE NIEVA S. J. 1,275,000 SANTIAGO, CONRADO &/OR GLORIA SANTIAGO SANTIAGO, FERNANDO SANTIAGO, LUALHATI 31,250
SANCHEZ, FE CECILIA 250,000 SANCHEZ, LORRAINE C. 100,000 SANDOVAL, FE NIEVA S. J. 1,275,000 SANTIAGO, CONRADO &/OR GLORIA SANTIAGO 50,000 SANTIAGO, FERNANDO 6,250 SANTIAGO, LUALHATI 31,250
SANCHEZ, LORRAINE C. 100,000 SANDOVAL, FE NIEVA S. J. 1,275,000 SANTIAGO, CONRADO &/OR GLORIA SANTIAGO 50,000 SANTIAGO, FERNANDO 6,250 SANTIAGO, LUALHATI 31,250
SANDOVAL, FE NIEVA S. J. 1,275,000 SANTIAGO, CONRADO &/OR GLORIA SANTIAGO 50,000 SANTIAGO, FERNANDO 6,250 SANTIAGO, LUALHATI 31,250
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SANTIAGO, FERNANDO 6,250 SANTIAGO, LUALHATI 31,250
SANTIAGO, LUALHATI 31,250
SANTIAGO, RAMON T. 397,050
SANTOS JR., ANTONIO N. 44,100
SANTOS, DANNY 31,250
SANTOS, DANNY 31,250
SANTOS, EDUARDO R. 625,000
SANTOS, ELVIRA 6,250
SANTOS, ERNESTINA P. 67,600
SANTOS, LAWRENCE DE LOS 750,000
SANTOS, LEONEL &/OR ALICIA 1,250,000

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

As of May 31, 2024

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
SANTOS, MONETTE C. DELOS	375,000
SANTOS, NATIVIDAD	31,250
SANTOS, ROMARICO	500,000
SANTOS, RURIK EARL	50,000
SANTOS, SALVADOR	12,500
SAPINOSO, JOSELITO Z.	50,000
SAPLALA, ROMAN JESUS	6,250
SAPNU, GEOGINA M.	250,000
SARMIENTO, DELIA M.	36,000
SATURINAS, POMPEYO C.	125,000
SAYOC, CESAR P.	6,250
SAZON, EDUARDO &/OR EVELYN	1,375,000
SAZON, ULPIANO	250,000
SEE, JOHANNA &/OR MARY ANN TE	250,000
SEE, SIMEON K.	62,500
SEGOVIA, KENNETH RAOUL H.	625,000
SEMILLA, PRIMO T. TACANDONG &/OR MARIA PAZ	250,000
SENN, MA. LOURDES A.	250,000
SERRANO, LAURITO E.	1 000 000
SIAO, MARK ANTHONY	1,000,000
SIAO, PATRICK	2,250,000
SIMEON, EDUARDO R. SISON, CECILIO B.	6,250
SISON, EDGAR	6,250 6,250
SO, CELY	225,000
SO, HENRY	12,500
SO, JIMMY	6,250
SOLMIRANO, FELIPE C.	250,000
SOLPETER, MONSERRAT	53,100
SON, YOLANDA A.	500,000
SONIDO, EDUARDO HEDY	112,500
SORIANO, CLARK A. &/OR CLARISA V. SORIANO	5,000,000
SORIANO, FEDERICO P. &/OR CECILIA	250,000
SUAREZ, MA. ROSARIO	1,000,000
SUAREZ, SERVIDEO	1,000,000
SUGAY, JANINE MARIE ALEXANDRA V.	250,000
SUN, TERESA	3,750,000
SUN, THERESA	5,312,500
SUNGA, LOURDES	6,250
SUNGAYAB, DANIEL SUNGAYAB &/OR JUAN	125,000
SUNICO, AUGUSTO B.	10,600
SUNTAY, ISABEL C.	3,970,600
SUSA, JOSE B. SUSA &/OR OLIVIA R.	125,000
SUZARA, ILDEFONSO	125,000
SY TIONG SHIOU &/OR JUANITA S. TAN	93,500,000
SY, RAMON	1,250,000
SY, ANNALIZA V.	3,150

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

As of May 31, 2024

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
SY, CARMEN	250,000
SY, FERNANDO	62,500
SY, FLORENCIO	250,000
SY, MARK ANTHONY V.	3,100
SY, RAMON	1,250,000
SY, RAMON CHUA	1,500,000
SY, REBECCA V.	3,150
SY, RICHARD	12,500
SY, TERENCE G.	250,000
SYCIP, MARY JEAN	12,500
SYLIANTENG, CAESAR S.	2,500,000
TABILI, EDWIN G. &/OR ANTONIA J. TABILI	125,000
TABIMINA, ZOSIMO G.	25,000
TABUCANON, JAIME T	125,000
TACUB, PACIFICO	1,250,000
TALAVERA, ESTER	93,750
TALISIC, MARIE ROISANNIE R.	500,000
TAMAYO, ANTONIO	6,250
TAN SHIN TIU	1,250,000
TAN SHIN TIU	5,768,100
TAN SHIN TIU &/OR SUSANA TAN	12,500,000
TAN, ANGELINE	750,000
TAN, EUGENE	31,250
TAN, FRANCIS	12,500
TAN, FRANCISCO	12,500
TAN, HENRY T.	262,500
TAN, JOCELYN C.	58,800
TAN, MANUEL C.	2,500,000
TAN, MANUEL TAN & SUSAN	4,000,000
TAN, MARILYN	5,000,000
TAN, MARY JANE T.	250,000
TAN, MELISSA M.	250,000
TAN, MELITO K.	500,000
TAN, MICHAEL L.	10,000,000
TAN, MILTON	4,250,000
TAN, ROSITA	500,000
TAN, SUSANA	725,000
TAN, VICENTE	12,500
TAN, WILBERT Y.	25,000
TANABE, ALEJANDRO S.	125,000
TANAEL, ELDRID	200,000
TANAEL, EMMANUEL	100,000
TANCHAN, INGRID	1,250,000
TANJANGCO, LUIS S.	5,000
TANMANTIONG, ERNESTO	3,625,000
TAVARES, MARIBEL D.	250,000
TE TIONG	12,500

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS As of May 31, 2024

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
TE, FLORA	12,500
TEE, ANTONIA	250,000
TENHECO, VICENTE	31,250
TERREL, NORMA L.	12,500
TETANGCO, FE G.	250,000
TIA, ANGEL	3,750,000
TIN, ROSARIO	7,500,000
TIN, ROSARIO	5,000,000
TIO SHU ENG TAN	625,000
TIONG SIN CHUAN	500,000
TIONGSON, RICARDO	156,250
TIU KIM HE, JOSE	31,250
TIU YENG HUI	250,000
TIU, ALFRED	2,500,000
TIU, HEIDI B.	375,000
TIU, TAN SHIN &/OR SUSANA TAN	5,000,000
TOBIAS III, VICTORIANO S.	500,000
TOLEDO, CESAR RICARDO &/OR PACIFICO LUIS VIJANDRE	1,250,000
TOLEDO, EVELYN R.	50,000
TORRE, ANTHONY	100,000
TORRES, SALVADOR	6,250
TORRIJOS, VICTOR	6,250
TOUZO, ALFREDO R. TRINIDAD JR., JOSE T.	12,500 12,500
TUAZON, MARS	100,000
TUPAS, ROLANDO	250,000
UDQUIN, JUDY	250,000
UY, DAVE	12,500
UY, EDWARD	62,500
UY, FIDEL B.	2,500
UY, FIDEL B.	2,450
UY, LIDIA	500,000
UY, MA. THERESA OLGA B.	112,500
UY, NELSON T.	175,000
UY, PETER	6,250
UY, REYNALD C.	2,500,000
UY, ROBERT	1,450,000
UY, ROMEO UY AND/OR FE C.	1,000,000
UY, SHIRLEY T.	176,450
VALENCIA JR., CORNELIO H.	125,000
VALENCIA, JESUS SAN LUIS	100,000
VALENTON, ERLINDA V. ITF JASMIN VALENTON	157,500
VELANDRIA, ADELAIDA (AIDA) T.	1,812,500
VELANDRIA, AIDA	1,250,000
VELANDRIA, FRANCO V.	250,000
VELARDE, DENNIS	75,000
VELARDE, GLORIA	6,250

NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
VELASCO JR., AGUSTIN	12,500
VELASCO, CHERISIA	6,250
VERGARA, LILY	6,250
VIADO, JONEL	250,000
VICTORINO, ANALYN P.	1,375,000
VICTORINO, ROSE	725,000
VIERMES, JUANITO	6,250
VILAR, JOSE VICENTE	5,074,650
VILLANO, PATRICK	125,000
VILLANUEVA, BERNARDINO L.	350,000
VILLANUEVA, CAYO E.	500,000
VILLARAZA, ARTHUR L.	25,000
VILLARAZA, F. ARTHUR L.	36,250
VILLASFER, ROMMEL V.	250,000
VILLENA, MARIO	100,000
VON DAYA, FRANCIS PETER	340,000
VON DAYA, FRANCIS PETER	22,500
VON EBBE, NELS &/OR INGRID VON EBBE	500,000
WALLANG, KAZMER	200,000
WEE CHI ONG	37,500
WEE WINTHROP	1,250
WEE, WINTHROP &/OR STANLEY WEE	13,050
WEI, MINNIE	12,500
WIDWIDAN JR., BASILIO S.	250,000
WONG, VICENTE	750,000
YAM, ROSA CHAN &/OR ANGELINA YAM	250,000
YANG NELLY	100,000,000
YANG, NELLY YAO, LINA S.	500,000
·	341,200 500,000
YAP, BETTY L. YAP, FLORENTINO	250,000
YAP, JERRY	31,250
YAP, LUIS	50,000
YAP, LUIS	22,500
YAP, LUIS Y.	72,500
YAP, MICHAEL V.	5,250,000
YE WEI	5,000,000
YENEZA JR., FACUNDO &/OR GRACE YENEZA	362,500
YEOH, ROSALIE	500,000
YET, DOMINGO	200,000
YMSON JR., LUIS R.	250,000
YOUNG, MARIO	250,000
YU CHIAO CHIOK	12,500
YU CHIAO HUI	25,000
YU EK AY	500,000
YU SHIAO CHIOK	12,500
YU, ANNABELLE	12,500

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

As of May 31, 2024

	NAME	SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING
YU, ANTONIA YU, ANTONIO &/OR LITA L. YU YU, BIENVINIDO YU, DONATA YU, JAMES NG YU, KENNETH YU, MAYBELLINE YU, PETER C. L. YU, PETER TIU YU, VICENTE VELASCO ZALAVARRIA, EMEVERTO O. ZOCIMO, RAQUEL S. ZULUETA, NELLIE R.		250,000 250,000 62,500 2,500,000 750,000 12,500 2,000,000 31,250 1,250,000 12,500 50,000 18,750 6,250
INDIVIDUAL		1,876,851,468
GRAND TOTAL Total Stockholders		261,314,797,080 1,180
TOTAL SHARES SUMMARY		
	TOTAL SHARES ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING	
FILIPINO		255,485,039,310
FOREIGN		5,829,757,770
TOTAL		261,314,797,080
Certified True and Correct:	al Stock Transfer, Inc.	
11010331011	ar ocock framorer, incr	



OOED-L-2023-1002

06 June 2023

IRIS MARIE U. CARPIO-DUQUE

Corporate Secretary
United Paragon Mining Corporation;
Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation

Dear Ms. Carpio-Duque:

This has reference to your request for Certification in favor of Ms. **Maureen Alexandra S. Ramos-Padilla** as a requirement for submission to the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Please see the attached Certification.

For your information and reference.

Thank you.

Very truly yours,

CHARISSE AQUINO-TUGADE

Executive Director



CERTIFICATION

This is to certify that **MS. MAUREEN ALEXANDRA S. RAMOS-PADILLA** has been appointed as a Member of the Governing Board of the National Book Development Board (NBDB), representing the private sector (the booksellers in the book publishing industry).

By virtue of such appointment, she assumes the powers and functions of a member of the Governing Board set forth in Section 8 of the Republic Act (RA) No. 8047 or the "Book Publishing Industry Development Act".

The NBDB neither conducts nor engages in any business or activities in the mining field. Hence, we are of the position that the functions of Ms. Ramos-Padilla as Director of the mining corporations mentioned in your letter "do not constitute conflict" with her functions as a Member of the NBDB Governing Board pursuant to RA No. 8047.

This certification is hereby issued for whatever legal purpose it may serve her.

Issued this 6th day of June 2023, at Fairview, Quezon City, Philippines.

CHARISSE AQUINO-TUGADE

Executive Director

COVER SHEET

	331211311221	- 4 0 9 3 8 -
		SEC Registration Number
U N I T E D	P A R A G O N	M I N I N G
	ORPORATI	O N
	(Company's Full Name)	
6 t h / F Q U A	D A L P H A	C E N T R U M ,
1 2 5 P I O N E E R	STMAND	A L U Y O N C I T Y
	ddress: No., StreetCity / Town ,	
Mr. Gilbert V. Rabago		631-5139
Contact Person		Company Telephone Number
)23 ANNUAL REPORT – SEC 17-	
(With attachment – Aud	ited Financial Statement 2023	& Sustainability Report)
1 2 3 1		
Month Day Fiscal Year	FORM TYPE	Month Day Annual Meeting
		,
Sec	ondary License Type, If Applical	ble
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Dept Requiring this Doc	LAmended	Articles Number / Section
	Total Am	ount of Borrowings
Total No. of Stockholders	Domestic	Foreign
To be acc	complished by SEC Personnel co	ncerned
	Simplished by SECT croomier co	Meerica
File Number	LCU	
Document ID	Cashier	
STAMPS		
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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 17-A

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SECTION 141 OF THE CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

1.	For the	e fiscal year ended Decer	<u>nber 31</u>	<u>, 2023</u>					
2.	SEC Ide	entification Number 4093	38	3. BIR T	ax ID No.	000169-1	<u> 17-000</u>		
4.		D PARAGON MINING COn name of issuer as specific							
5		<mark>oines</mark> nce, Country or other juri poration or organization		6. of	Industr	(SEC Usy Classifica	Jse Only) tion Code:	:	
7.		Alpha Centrum, 125 Pior ss of principal office	neer St.,	Mandalı	uyong City		<u>)</u> :al Code		
8.		<mark>8631-5139</mark> s telephone number, inc	luding a	rea code					
9.	<u>N/A</u> Forme	r name, former address,	and for	mer fisca	l year, if ch	nanged sind	ce last repo	ort	
10.	Securit	ies registered pursuant t	to Sectio	ons 8 & 1	2 of the SF	RC, or Sec. 4	1 and 8 of	the RSA	
		Title of Each Class				Shares of Co Amount of I			
		Common Stock			26	51,314,797	<u>,080</u>		
11.	Are an	y or all of these securitie	s listed	on a Stoc	k Exchang	e.			
	Yes [<u>v</u>] No []]						
	If yes,	state the name of such s	tock exc	hange ar	nd the clas	ses of secu	rities liste	d therein:	
		Philippine Stock E	xchange	e, Inc.	<u> </u>	Common S	<u>tock</u>		
12.	Check	whether the issuer:							
	(a)	Has filed all reports re hereunder or Section 1 and 141 of The Corpor- months (or for such s reports);	.1 of the ation Co	RSA and ode of the	RSA Rule Philippin	11(a)-1 he es during t	reunder, a he preced	and Section ing twelve	ns 26 (12)
		Yes [<u>v</u>]	No []						

13.	State the aggregate market value of shares) of the registrant – #248.71 share at the Philippine Stock Exchang	million bas	ed on the closing s	tock price of P0.0045 per
14.	Check whether the issuer has filed a 17 of the Code subsequent to the disor the Commission.			•
	Yes [] No	[]	NA [v]	
	DOCUMENTS IN	CORPORAT	ED BY REFERENCE	
15.	If any of the following documents a identify the part of the report into w	•	•	
	The Company's 2023 Audited Financial (Operational & Financial Information		ents are incorpora	ted under item 7 of Part II

Has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

(b)

Yes [<u>v</u>] No []

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PART I - BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Business and General Information

United Paragon Mining Corporation ("UPMC" or the "Company") is a Philippine corporation whose main business is the exploration, development, exploitation, recovery and sale of gold.

UPMC was the result of a merger in 1989 between United Asia Resources and Geothermal Corporation ("UAR") and Abcar Paragon Mining Corporation ("Abcar Paragon"). Under the terms of the merger, UAR became the surviving corporation and Abcar Paragon transferred all of its assets and properties (real and personal, including rights, franchises and receivables, as well as the operating rights of the Longos Mine) to UAR. UAR was renamed United Paragon Mining Corporation in 1990. UAR was formed as a corporation in 1970 while Abcar Paragon was formed in 1986.

The Company's principal mining operation is the Longos Mine at Paracale, Camarines Norte. The Company operated an open pit area in the mine from August 01, 1988 to June 01, 1994 having extracted 888,809 metric tonnes (MT) of ore, which yielded 79,120 ounces of gold. This was more than twice its originally calculated reserve. By April 1994, the Company began the commercial operations of the underground mine at the same site. It was placed under care and maintenance in December 1998 because of depletion of economic reserves above Level 800, high operating cost and low metal prices

In 1999, the management of the Company decided to continue exploration drilling in the main Longos lode area and the neighboring sub-parallel veins to search for more ore to increase reserves. However, in the last quarter of 2003, the management of the Company was convinced that sufficient drilling had been done in these areas. In November 2003, the Company decided to suspend further drilling in Longos.

Another prospective area is San Mauricio in Jose Panganiban as an exploration target for the Company. The Company has plans of continuing exploration drilling in San Mauricio once the necessary clearance from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources ("DENR") is secured.

With the current gold prices, the present ore reserves of the Company are now sufficient for a viable project at 500-600 tonnes per day capacity. The Company pursued various options to raise project financing subject to the company being awarded appropriate government permits to resume further development and rehabilitation of Longos Mine.

Meanwhile, on December 29, 2018, the company acquired the rights and interests of Vulcan Industrial & Mining Corporation (VIMC) under the following MPSAs:

Project	Location	Contract	Area (has)
Manlupo	Bgy. Damutan,	MPSA 092-97-VI granted	477.00
(Copper)	Hinobaan, and Bgy.	to VIMC on November 20,	
	Gatuslao, Candoni,	1997 and registered with	
	Negros Occidental	MGB-R06 on June 9, 1998	
Luz (Copper)	Bgy. Manlucahoc,	MPSA 113-98-VI granted	806.5719
	Sipalay, Negros	to VIMC on May 26, 1998	
	Occidental	and registered with MGB-	
		R06 on May 13, 1999	

The assignment was approved by the Mines and Geosciences Bureau in an Order dated December 22, 2020. The company preparing the final exploration report and will file the Declaration of Mining project Feasibility (DMPF) within the exploration extension period and renewal of both MPSAs.

Production. There were no gold and silver recovered in the years 2023, 2022, and 2021. The Company's mining and milling operations are still suspended.

Products/Sales/Competition. Prior to the suspension of the mining and milling operations, the Company produced dore bullions, containing gold and silver, which were either refined by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas Mint and Gold Refinery or sent by airfreight and refined by Johnson Matthey PLC. of England. The principal product, gold, accounted for over 99% while the by-product, silver contributed only less than 1%. Since the suspension of the mining and milling operations, the Company has had no new product.

The gold and silver dore bullions were sold either to Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas or Johnson Matthey PLC. of England. The sales were covered by contracts using internationally accepted pricing in the world market available from the London Metal Exchange. Since no single gold producer (mining company) can affect the international metal prices, competition among mining companies is virtually non-existent. Competition among mining companies is on acquisition of mining claims/areas. Dore bullion is readily marketable.

Sources and availability of raw materials and supplies. The ore as raw material extracted usually comes from the Company's mineral properties. However, the Company suspended its mining and milling operations in 1999 due to depletion of economic reserves at its Shaft 4, high operating costs and low metal prices.

The Company has quite a number of suppliers for its operating supplies. Energy was sourced from Camarines Norte Electric Cooperative ("CANORECO") under a long-term contract for the supply of electricity from 1988 to 2000. Likewise, the Company has four (4) megawatt power plant, which has the ability to provide sufficient power for operation during any power failure. Since this equipment has been idle for a period of time, further rehabilitation is required. However, in November 2000, the Company switched its power supply from CANORECO to an in-house generating set to provide its limited power requirement of 10 KVA. In early 2012, site power supply is now provided by CANORECO. However, the Company is also looking an option for other possible power provider and/or participates in an open market to source its future power requirement. Purchases of supplies, equipment and spare parts are obtained on a competitive basis from sources both local and foreign and are generally available.

Transactions with and/or dependence on related parties. The information required is disclosed on Note 11 of the Company's 2023 Audited Financial Statements.

Patents, trademarks, copyrights, licenses, franchises, concessions and royalty agreements. The information required is disclosed on Note 2 of the Company's 2023 Audited Financial Statements.

Government regulations and approvals. The Company has to strictly comply with governmental regulations and seek government approvals, particularly those of the DENR, with respect to disposal of waste and tailings, rehabilitation, environmental compliance, and the like, to be able to start or continue mining operations. The Company's Environmental Compliance Certificate ("ECC") expired on July 31, 1999 and after satisfying the requirements and upon the recommendation of the

Environmental Management Bureau, the Company was granted an ECC for the Longos Mining Project on October 8, 2010 while its MPSA application was still pending. The Company has filed for reconsideration of the automatic cancellation of its ECC pursuant to EMB Memorandum Circular No. 2020-31, and on January 15, 2024 the Company received approval of ECC reinstatement and currently updating baseline studies to comply with post approval requirement.

Effects of existing government regulations are mainly on their corresponding costs of compliance to the Company, which are appropriately reflected either as expense or as capital asset under generally accepted accounting principles. The effect on the Company of any probable government regulation could not be determined until specific provisions are known.

Research and Development. Exploration, drilling and development for a mining company, are the equivalent of research and development. The Company's principal activities since the suspension of the mining and milling operations until 2004 had been exploration and confirmation drilling.

Exploration/Drilling. In October 2020, three holes, totaling 604.9 meters were drilled east-southeast of the Bula-ay small-scale mining area. These holes were to check the up-dip continuity of Baluarte Vein and San Antonio Vein (between level 200 and level 400) above the ultramafic granodiorite contact. No exploration work was initiated during the years 2019 and 2018 due to revised exploration work program was just approved in early 2020. The Company suspended its exploration/drilling activities in the San Mauricio mineral claim in Jose Panganiban after completing the 2nd hole in February 2004, pending approval by the DENR of the Company's application for Mineral Production Sharing Agreement ("APSA") over the area. This area is covered by application denominated as APSA V-041 and converted into an exploration permit application renumbered as EXPA-000233-V dated November 26, 2021. APSA V-0270 was also renumber as EXPA-000234-V.

Compliance with environmental laws. On May 14, 2011, the former President Benigno S. Aquino III issued EO 26, declaring the implementation of the National Greening Program (NGP) as a government priority program to specifically seek to plant 1.5 billion seedlings in 1.5 million hectares of public lands nationwide in six years, from 2011 to 2016. Areas for planting under the program include forestlands, mangrove and protected areas, inactive and abandoned mine sites and other suitable lands of the public domain.

Notwithstanding the launch of the NGP and that United Paragon Mining Corporation (UPMC) has no mining operation and eventually was put on a care and maintenance mode, the company had envisioned to provide and have prepared a tree-planting program especially on surface areas where mining activities had been conducted. The total planted areas for the year 2021 and 2022 was pegged at 0.4128 hectares and with 1,045 tree seedlings planted and no activities done in 2023.

From 2011 up to 2023, the company had planted a total of 33,307 trees on approximately 42.83 hectares of old mining land of which 1,420 trees planted in 2022 and nil in 2023.

The company has constructed a nursery to propagate various kind of tree seedling just to provide full support to the company's monthly tree planting activity as well as in the production of quality seedlings. Tree planting activity was documented and was reported annually in compliance with the regional Mines and Geosciences Bureau ruling.

Moreover, the company likewise provided assistance on livelihood, health and safety, Education and Recreation, Environmental and Sanitation programs to the host Barangays as part of the company's Community Development program. It has allotted a minimum fund to execute necessary support to the communities wherein request and solicitation are commonly considered.

Furthermore, the most pressing concern facing the company since the NGP launching is the proliferation of illegal small-scale miners within the property. The problem has created instability and uncertainties on the area. However, the company was urged to take steps for the necessary protection of all areas where tree-planting activities are conducted. Environmental and ecological protection is the main goal of the company ever since the mine operations ceased in 1999.

The National Greening Program is not only expected to instill greater social confidence in the Mining Industry, but will also result in clear, stable and predictable policies on environmental and ecological aspects on mining.

Employees. The total manpower of the Company as of December 31, 2023 consists of nine (7) regular employees and one (1) consultant.

Type of employee	Exploration/Technical	Finance/Administration
Executive Officers	-	3
Managers/Technical Personnel	1	
Rank and File		4
Total	1	7

The Company expects no significant change in the number of employees for the ensuing year unless the necessary permits have been awarded to the company and the needed funding requirements for exploration and further rehabilitation and development of the Longos Mine becomes available; in which case, a significant number of employees will be hired.

The Paracale-based employees were members of National Allied Mines and Workers Union ("NAMAWU") for rank and file, and United Paragon Mining Corporation Supervisors' Union ("UPSU") for supervisors. The collective bargaining agreement between the Company and NAMAWU expired on December 31, 1999 while that between the Company and UPSU expired on April 30, 2003. Mandaluyong City based employees and administrative personnel at the mine site are not subject to collective bargaining agreement. The Company's employees have not been on strike in the past three (3) years and are not threatening to go on strike. The Company does not have any incentive arrangement with its employees and no plans to establish one in the future.

Major Risk/s. The management of the Company regularly scans the events and trends concerning the mining industry in order to identify and assess risks affecting the Company. At the same time, the management of the Company assesses the internal risks and weaknesses in its operations. The major risks involved in the Company's operations are as follows:

a. Changes in the market price for gold. The market price for gold can fluctuate widely. These fluctuations are caused by numerous factors beyond the Company's control such as speculative positions taken by investors or traders in gold; changes in the demand for gold for industrial uses, for use in jewelry and investment; changes in the supply of gold from production, disinvestment, scrap and hedging; financial market expectations regarding the rate of inflation; the strength of the US dollar (the currency in which the gold price trades internationally) changes in interest rates; actual or expected gold sales by central banks; gold sales by gold producers in forward transactions; global or regional political or economic events.

A sharp decline in the gold price would adversely affect the viability of the Longos Rehabilitation Project and the Company's ability to raise the required amount to finance the said project. However, inasmuch as gold price fluctuations are caused by numerous factors beyond the Company's control and gold hedging is not applicable to the Company at this stage, there is no way the Company can manage this risk at this time. In the future, when the Company reopens the mine, gold price hedging strategies will be considered.

- b. **Skills shortages.** Skills shortages are re-emerging as industry growth recovers and mine production ramps up to meet revived demand. With an inadequate supply of skilled workers and professionals for the mining sector, the challenge of recruitment, retention, development and deployment has re-emerged as a significant strategic threat to the industry. This may further delay future project development and production.
- c. Development risks. The Company's plan to rehabilitate and reopen the Longos Mine is based on the results of a pre-feasibility study conducted by the Company. The study used estimates of expected or anticipated project economic returns which are based on assumptions such as future gold and silver prices, anticipated tonnage, grades of ore to be mined and processed, anticipated recovery rates of gold and anticipated capital expenditure and cash operating costs, among other factors.

Actual cash operating costs, production and economic returns may differ significantly from those anticipated by Company's studies and estimates due to a number of uncertainties inherent in the development and construction of an extension to an existing mine or any new mine. Prior to reopening the mine, the Company may hire additional consultants to double check the Company's pre-feasibility study and rehabilitation plan.

- d. Ore reserves estimate risk. The ore reserves presented in this annual report are the best estimates of Company's technical personnel and confirmed/certified by competent personsgeologist and mining engineer. The Company undertakes annual revisions of its ore reserve estimates based upon actual exploration and drilling results, new information and fluctuations in economic parameters. The actual mineral deposition in quantity (tonnage) and quality (grade) may vary greatly from the Company's estimate when actual mining/extraction is conducted. Some physical obstacles in operation such as water inflow underground, fracturing of rock upon mining and erratic nature of the mineral content of the vein can contribute to the variance between the estimated and actual ore reserves.
- e. The risk of flooding the underground workings. The ore reserves of Longos Mine comprising of several parallel narrow gold veins are located in an ultramafic and granodiorite country rocks. Heavy water ingress into the underground workings caused by fissures of the veins under the ocean floor is inevitable but can be controlled by a well-planned and designed dewatering plan inside the mine. The Company had been successful in controlling water ingress in the past by installing heavy-duty pumps and by pushing the shoreline with a cofferdam. The same dewatering strategy will be used when the Company reopens the mine.
- f. **Liquidity and access to capital.** The Company needs an estimated amount of US\$20 million for capital expenditures to implement its two (2) years exploration work program the exploration work program was revised in 2019 with a capital expenditure of estimated US\$250 thousand. The company pursued various options to raise project funding to fully implement the approved exploration work program, approved exploration permit was received in August 24, 2018. Although, the Philippine government has been aggressively promoting and supporting the revitalization of the mining industry and investors are bullish on the gold price.

Successful implementation of the approved exploration work program will upgrade the current ore reserve. In the last quarter of 2020, the company completed the implementation of the 2-year exploration work program by drilling 3 holes totaling 604.9 meters drilled east-southeast of the Bula-ay small-scale mining area.

Item 2. Properties

The Company owns various office furniture, fixtures and transportation equipment in its Head office located at Mandaluyong City. The Company also owns various drilling, mining and milling equipment and support facilities in its Longos mine site. There is no mortgage, lien or encumbrance over the aforementioned properties.

The Company has no intention at present to lease or acquire any additional significant real property or machinery and equipment in the next twelve (12) months unless the appropriate government permit have been awarded to the company and the required funding for exploration and further development of the mine becomes available, in which case, additional significant real property or machinery and equipment will be acquired. Machinery and equipment are usually acquired month to month as needed usually through direct purchase or through letters of credit, if imported, under suppliers' or bank's credit terms.

The Company through an Operating Agreement executed on February 10, 1987 and Option and Operating Agreement dated November 17, 1987 with Camarines Minerals, Inc. ("CMI") has the exclusive rights to operate the mineral properties in the name of CMI that are covered by mining lease contracts, including the right to occupy the other real properties of CMI. The operating agreement expired on June 18, 2006. On July 30, 2007, the Company and CMI signed an operating agreement renewing and consolidating the previous option and operating agreements. This operating agreement provides for the extension of the term for twenty-five years or co-terminus with the relevant mineral production sharing agreement that may be issued by the Philippine Government and a royalty rate of 3.5% based on gross revenues, net of marketing and refining charges.

The principal properties subject of an operating agreement with CMI consists of 1,204.6160 hectares with confirmed mineral resources and prospective exploration areas. The approved mining lease contracts with the Philippine Government cover 394 hectares, 64 hectares expired in 2006 and 330 hectares expired in 2010. However, prior to expiry of these mining lease contracts, the Company submitted applications for conversion to mineral production sharing agreement/s. The mining claims covered by the operating agreement with CMI are all located in the Paracale - Jose Panganiban District.

The mining lease contracts assigned to the Company by CMI are as follows:

- Mining Lease Contract ("MLC") No. MRD 267, granted on June 18, 1981 covering a group of nine (9) mining claims with a total area of 64.1609 hectares, expired on June 17, 2006. This is the central portion of Longos.
- MLC No. MRD 401, granted on March 19, 1985, covering twelve (12) mining claims with an area of 92.8699 hectares, expired on March 18, 2010. This is the southern portion, known as Malaguit group of claims, which includes Haliguing Bato area.
- MLC No. MRD 445, granted on July 01, 1985, covering a group of twenty-nine (29) mining claims with a total area of 194.2786 hectares, expired on June 30, 2010. This is the portion, which includes the UPMC village, the Tailings Pond No. 1, Baluarte and San Antonio structures and Barangay Palanas.

 MLC No. MRD 446 granted on July 01, 1985, covering a group of six (6) mining claims with a total area of 43.5000 hectares, expired June 30, 2010. This is the Tugos area.

The Company and CMI filed a joint application for production sharing agreement ("APSA") for the above MLCs on February 7, 2006 (denominated as APSA V-375). However, with the passage of the Executive Order 79 (EO 79) dated July 6, 2012 entitled "INSTITUTIONALIZING AND IMPLEMENTING REFORMS IN THE PHILIPPINE MINING SECTOR PROVIDING POLICIES AND GUIDELINES TO ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND RESPONSIBLE MINING IN THE UTILIZATION OF MINERAL RESOURCES", the processing of the renewal of the APSA application is on hold until a legislation rationalizing existing revenue sharing schemes mechanism shall have taken effect. In line with the company management mandate to upgrade its ore reserve, the said APSA 375 application was converted to an exploration permit application in February 4, 2013. On October 4, 2013 the company received approval on the conversion application from APSA-00375-V to EXPA-00180-V. On August 24, 2018 the company received the approved exploration permit with a larger area from 394 hectares to 580 hectares. In February 2021 the Company filed Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility Study (DMPF) and as at December 31, 2023 still pending for approval at the Mines and Geoscience Bureau.

UPMC on its own has located several mineral areas located in Paracale and Labo, Camarines Norte consisting of 531.000 hectares for which corresponding APSAs were filed.

The following are the APSAs filed by the Company:

- APSA V-041 covers four (4) lots of 101 mining claims. Lots 1, 2 and 3 are owned by CMI (known as San Mauricio claim group) and Lot 4 (Torana Group, 126.0000 hectares) is owned by UPMC with a total area of 753.4439 hectares and now renumbered as EXPA-000233-V.
- APSA V-254 covers six (6) mining claims owned by UPMC and located within Labo and Paracale, Camarines Norte consisting of Lots 1 and 2 with a total area of 405.0227 hectares, denied by MGB V in an order dated June 30, 2011 pursuant to the provisions of Department Memorandum Order (DMO) NO. 2010-04. A motion for reconsideration on the denial of the application has been filed by the Company which is currently being evaluated by MGB V office.
- APSA V-270 covers twenty-four (24) mining claims owned by CMI also known as the Jeff-Sindicado claim group with a total area of 182.3624 hectares and now renumbered as EXP-000234-V.
- APSA V-375 covers fifty-six (56) mining claims owned by CMI also known as the Longos claim group with a total area of 393.8607 hectares, this has been converted into an Exploration Permit Application by UPMC and CMI on February 4, 2013 upon submission of pertinent documents and payment of the required conversion fee and is now renumbered as EXPA-000180-V. On October 4, 2013 the company received approval on the conversion of application from APSA-00375-V to EXPA-00180-V. On August 24, 2018 the company received the approved exploration permit with a larger area from 394 hectares to 580 hectares. Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility Study (DMPF) still pending for approval at the Mines and Geoscience Bureau as of December 31, 2023.

Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. There was no change in the resource estimates during the year 2023 even after the completion of the 2 years exploration work program wherein the company drilled 3 holes totaling 604.9 meters to check the up-dip continuity of Baluarte Vein and San Antonio Vein

(between level 200 and level 400) above the ultramafic-granodiorite contact and for the year 2023. The Indicated Mineral Resources Inventory as of January 01, 2024 is 3,160,737 MT at 10.89 grams of gold per tonnes (Au g/t) containing 1,106,420 ounces of gold. Summary of the ore resources as of January 01, 2024 is presented below:

Identified Mineral Resources	Tonnes	Grade, Au g/t	Ounces, Gold
Above Level 800			
Measured	257,808	11.25	93,248
Indicated	124,955	14.32	57,529
Inferred	-	-	-
Sub Total	382,763	12.25	150,777
Below Level 800			
Measured	590,714	12.68	240,817
Indicated	1,270,611	9.11	372,153
Inferred	338,800	13.09	142,585
Sub Total	2,200,125	10.68	755,555
Adjacent Vein Systems			
Measured	-	_	-
Indicated	577,849	10.77	200,088
Inferred	-	_	_
Sub Total	577,849	10.77	200,088
Identified Mineral Resources as of 01-01-2024	3,160,737	10.89	1,106,42 0
Identified Mineral Resources as of 01-01-2023	3,160,737	10.89	1,106,42 0
Difference	-	-	-

Summary of the ore reserves as of January 01, 2024 is presented below:

	1	1	
Underground Minable Ore Reserves	Tonnes	Grade, Au g/t	Ounces, Gold
Above Level 800			
Proven	202,071	10.61	68,930
Probable	85,928	8.28	22,875
Sub Total	287,999	9.91	91,805
Below Level 800			
Proven	-	-	-
Probable	1,302,52	11.30	473,211
Sub Total	1,302,52	11.30	473,211
Total			
Proven	202,071	10.61	68,930
Probable	1,388,45	11.30	496,086
Total Ore Reserves	1,590,52	11.05	565,016
Less: Reserves Used For Pillars	6,963	6.63	1,484
Total Ore Reserves -January 01, 2024	1,583,56	11.07	563,532
Total Ore Reserves - January 01, 2023	1,583,56	11.07	563,532
Difference	-	-	-

Note: The ore reserves presented in this table are included in the ore resources presented in the above table.

The estimation, assessment, and evaluation of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves were undertaken by qualified technical personnel. However, the Company hired Competent Persons to evaluate and

certify the mineral resources and ore reserves, in compliance with the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code for Reporting Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (PMRC) adopted by the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. in October 2007.

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources was based on information compiled and certified by Mr. Balgamel B. Domingo, who is a member of the Geological Society of the Philippines (GSP). Mr. Domingo is not employed by any company. He is a consultant for various mining and geologic projects. On the other hand, the information on Ore Reserves was compiled and certified by Mr. Lucio R. Castillo, a member of the Philippine Society of Mining Engineers. Mr. Castillo is the Chairman/CEO of Goldridge Mining Corporation. Both Messrs. Domingo and Castillo are included in the lists of competent persons promulgated by their respective accredited professional organizations.

Messrs. Domingo and Castillo have sufficient experiences, which are relevant to the style of mineralization and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity, which they had undertaken to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2007 Edition of PMRC. Messrs. Domingo and Castillo consented to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

There has not been any bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceedings neither instituted by or against the Company nor has there been any material reclassification, merger, consolidation or purchase or sale of significant amount of assets not in the ordinary course of business. There is no material pending legal proceedings involving the Company.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Except for the matters taken during the annual stockholders meeting on September 30, 2020, no other matter was submitted to a vote of security holders during the period covered by this report.

PART II - OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

Market Information. The Company's shares of common stock are traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. ("PSE"). The quarterly high and low stock prices (in Philippine Pesos) for the years 2022, 2023 and the first quarter of the current fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

Market Price	202	2023		.3	2022	
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
First Quarter	0.0043	0.0035	0.0059	0.0051	0.0086	0.0063
Second Quarter			0.0059	0.0049	0.0067	0.0058
Third Quarter			0.0050	0.0056	0.0038	0.0056
Fourth Quarter			0.0048	0.0038	0.0058	0.0051

The Company's shares of common stock were traded with a closing price of ₱0.0045 and P0.0043 per share on December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024, respectively.

Holders. The Company has 1,178 shareholders as of December 31, 2023. The outstanding shares as of December 31, 2023 are 261,314,797,080 shares of common stock; 12,200,000 shares of Class "A" preferred stock and 400,000 shares of Class "B" preferred stock.

The top 20 common stockholders as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

No.	Name	No. of shares held	Percent of Total
1	PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION	252,490,830,862	96.6232
2	LANCASTER HOLDINGS LIMITED	5,235,537,900	2.0035
3	CAMARINES MINERALS, INC.	1,252,097,050	0.4792
4	RAMOS, ALFREDO C.	318,976, 817	0.1221
5	ENRILE II, WILLIAM RAGOS	250,000,000	0.0957
6	ALAKOR SECURITIES CORPORATION	199,653,850	0.0764
7	LORENZO JR., LUIS P.	109,250,000	0.0418
8	YAN, LUCIO W.	100,000,000	0.0383
9	SY TIONG SHIOU &/OR JUANITA S. TAN	93,500,000	0.0358
10	VALMORA INVESTMENT AND MANAGEMENT	80,000,000	0.0306
11	CASTILLO, EDUARDO B.	54,375,000	0.0208
12	CASTANEDA, ISA F.	50,000,000	0.0191
13	KERRY SECURITIES (PHILS.), INC. RPS01	49,250,000	0.0188
14	LIM III, JOSE A.	22,500,000	0.0086
15	CORRO, ANTONIO SEBASTIAN, T.	20,000,000	0.0077
16	KEH, BENITO	18,000,000	0.0069
17	PONIO, BEN AZEL S.	17,500,000	0.0067
	CHU, BERNARD		
18	CHIU, JOHNSON CHIU &/OR VICKY	15,000,000	0.0057
19	LEE, DANIEL U.	12,687,500	0.0049
20	HYDEE MANAGEMENT & RESOURCES CORP.	12,600,600	0.0048

Shown in the below table is the equity ownership on a per class basis as of December 31, 2023.

	Security Class	Outstanding Shares	Percent of Total
1.	Common Shares		
	Filipino	255,195,039,310	97.6581
	Alien:		
	Other	6,097,301,520	2.3333
	British	1,250,000	0.0005
	American	13,000,000	0.0050
	Chinese	8,206,250	0.0031
	Total	261,314,797,080	100 .0000
2.	Preferred A		
	Filipino	9,365,000	76.76
	Alien-other	2,835,000	23.24
	Total	12,200,000	100
3.	Preferred B		
	Filipino	120,000	30.00
	Alien-other	280,000	70.00
	Total	400,000	100

Dividends. No dividends were declared in the first quarter of 2023 and in the years 2022 and 2021. The Company's ability to declare and pay dividends on common equity is restricted by the availability of sufficient retained earnings and funds.

Stock Ownership Plan. Currently, UPMC Board of Directors approved and authorizes the adoption of a Stock Option Plan for the Directors and Management to cover an aggregate of 20 Billion UPMC Common Shares at various prices per share as follows:

Number of Shares	Strike Price per share
5 Billion	P0.020
10 Billion	0.0250
5 Billion	0.0275

The company hired a consultant to formulate and design a stock option plan to insure its proper implementation.

During the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company on September 28, 2013, the stockholders approved and/or ratified the adoption and implementation of the Stock Option Plan for the directors and management of the Corporation, under such terms and conditions as determined by the Board, subject to the compliance with the applicable laws and rules and regulation of the Securities and Exchange Commission and Philippine Stock Exchange.

However, because of the prevailing market conditions and current market price, the Company saw the need to reprice the stock option plan in order to be a fair and proper incentive program for directors and management. Hence, the delegation to the board of directors of the authority to reprice at below par value was proposed to, and approved by, the stockholders at the annual meeting held on September 20, 2020. As of date of this report, no stock options have been subscribed and/or availed.

Recent Sale of Unregistered Securities. No securities were sold by the Company within the past three (3) years, which were not registered under the Securities Regulation Code. There were no new issues (including securities issued in exchange for property, services, or other securities and new securities resulting from the modification of outstanding securities) or sale of reacquired securities during the same period, except for 217,942,035,530 common shares issued resulting from the conversion of debts to equity approved by the SEC on July 24, 2008. Please refer to Note 15 of the 2023 Audited Financial Statements.

Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis and Plan of Operation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Results of Operations.

	2023	2022	2021
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Revenues	=	=	-
Net Income (Loss)	(108,172,548)	(98,452,815)	(90,961,031)
Total Assets	1,122,235,410	1,129,670,020	1,130,307,232
Total Liabilities	1,521,599,987	1,420,862,049	1,323,055,583
Net Worth	(399,364,577)	(291,192,029)	(192,748,351)
Issued & Subscribed Capital	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080

2023 compared to 2022

The Company has incurred net losses of ₱108.2 million, ₱98.4 million and ₱91.0 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021 respectively, and cumulative losses in prior years, resulting in a deficit of ₱3,033.2 million and ₱2,925.0 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and a capital deficiency of ₱ 399.5 million and ₱291.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. In addition, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by ₱1,517.3 million and ₱1,419.5 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and the Company has negative operating cash flows of ₱ 13.1 million, ₱15.2 million and ₱13.1 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

2022 compared to 2021

The Company has posted a net losses of ₱98.4 million, ₱91.0 million and ₱57.9 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020 respectively, and cumulative losses in prior years, resulting in a deficit of ₱2,925.0 million and ₱2,826.6 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and a capital deficiency of ₱291.2 million and ₱192.7 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. In addition, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by ₱1,419.5 million and ₱1,320.9 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the Company has negative operating cash flows of ₱15.2 million, ₱13.1 million and ₱2.3 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

2021 compared to 2020

The company has posted net loss of \$\text{P}90.9\$ million in 2021 compared to \$\text{P}57.9\$ million in 2020. The higher net loss was due provision for impairment loss of inventories and interest expense.

Finance Expenses of \$\mathbb{P}66.5\$ million in 2021 was higher by \$\mathbb{P}7.1\$ million as compared to \$\mathbb{P}59.4\$ million in 2020 due to compounding interest calculation on unpaid obligation to Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI).

Finance income earned for the year 2021 arising from interest income on bank deposit.

Other income earned for the year 2021 and 2020 comes from the disposal of scrap materials. The key performance indicators of the company.

	December 31, 2023 Audited	December 31, 2022 Audited	December 31, 2021 Audited
Current Ratio	0.0020	0.0003	0.00099
<u>Current Assets</u>	<u>3,064,726</u>	<u>428,210</u>	<u>1,304,340</u>
Current Liabilities	1,520,391,763	1,419,921,882	1,322,211,822
Quick Ratio	0.0020	0.0003	0.0007
Current Assets-Inventory- Prepaid	<u>2,974,237</u>	<u>391,926</u>	<u>888,091</u>
Current Liabilities	1,520,391,763	1,419,921,882	1,322,211,822
Solvency Ratio	0.74	0.7951	0.8543
<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>1,122,235,410</u>	<u>1,129,670,020</u>	<u>1,130,307,232</u>
Total Liabilities	1,521,599,987	1,420,862,049	1,323,055,583

Debt Ratio	1.36	1.26	1.17
<u>Total Liabilities</u>	<u>1,521,599,987</u>	<u>1,420,862,049</u>	<u>1,323,055,583</u>
Total Assets	1,122,235,410	1,129,670,020	1,130,307,232
Debt to Equity Ratio	-3.81	-4.88	-6.86
<u>Total Liabilities</u>	<u>1,521,599,987</u>	<u>1,420,862,049</u>	<u>1,323,055,583</u>
Stockholders' Equity	-399,364,577	-291,192,029	-192,748,351
Equity to debt Ratio	-0.26	-0.20	-0.15
Stockholders' Equity	-399,364,577	-291,192,029	-192,748,351
Total Liabilities			
Total Liabilities	1,521,599,987	1,420,862,049	1,323,055,583
Assets to Equity Ratio	-2.81	-3.88	-5.86
<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>1,122,235,410</u>	1,129,670,020	1,130,307,232
Stockholders' Equity	-399,364,577	-291,192,029	-192,748,351
Interest Coverage Ratio	-0.29	-0.32	-0.37
Earnings/(Loss) before Interest & Taxes	-23,911,394	-23,908,097	<u>24,431,615</u>
Interest Expense	83,981,792	74,544,718	66,525,472
Book Value per share	-0.00153	-0.00111	-0.00074
Stockholders' Equity	<u>-399,364,577</u>	<u>-291,192,029</u>	<u>-192,748,351</u>
Shares Outstanding	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080
Loss per share	0.0004	0.0003	0.0003
Net Loss	<u>108,172,548</u>	<u>98,443,678</u>	<u>90,893,164</u>
Total # of shares	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080

Current Ratio in 2023 increase compared to a decrease seen from 2018 to 2022 due to additional cash infusion from related party advances offset by an increase in current liabilities brought about by accrual of interest from unpaid royalty fees to Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) and the advances made from shareholders to fund operating costs.

Solvency Ratio in 2023 increase compared to a decrease seen from 2018 to 2022 due to additional cash infusion from related party advances offset by an increase in current liabilities brought about by accrual of interest from unpaid royalty fees to Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) and the advances made from shareholders to fund operating costs.

Debt-to-Equity Ratio continue to decrease from 2018 to 2023 due to increase in current liabilities brought about by accrual of interest from unpaid royalty fees to Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) and the advances made from shareholders to fund operating costs.

Equity-to-Debt Ratio continue to decrease from 2018 to 2023 due to increase in current liabilities brought about by accrual of interest from unpaid royalty fees to Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) and the advances made from shareholders to fund operating costs and decrease in Stockholders Equity due to net loss incurred by the Company in 2023.

Asset to equity Ratio continue to decrease from 2018 to 2023 due to decrease in Stockholders Equity brought about by a net loss incurred by the Company in 2023.

Book Value per Share (BVPS) continue to decrease in 2018 to 2023 due to the decrease in Stockholders Equity due to net operating loss. from previous years till year 2023.

Earnings Per Share (EPS) decrease from 2018 to 2023 due net operating loss from previous years till year 2023.

Financial Position.

As shown in the financial statements, the Company has incurred capital deficiency of \$\textstyle{2}399.5\$ million and \$\textstyle{2}91.2\$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively resulting from cumulative losses of \$\textstyle{2}3,033.2\$ million and \$\textstyle{2},925.0\$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Also, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$\textstyle{2}1,517.3\$ million and \$\textstyle{2}1,419.5\$ million, respectively. Net cash flows used in operating activities amounted to \$\textstyle{2}13.1\$ million, \$\textstyle{2}15.2\$ million and \$\textstyle{2}13.1\$ million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, therefore that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The ultimate outcome of these uncertainties cannot be determined presently. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

Cash requirement for years 2023, 2022 and 2021 were principally financed by loans, advances from related parties and disposal of site scrap materials.

The Company's total current liabilities of ₽1,520.4 million as of December 31, 2023, of which, ₽333.4 million was due to related parties for loans and advances, interests, and dividends and other liabilities, and the balance are due to suppliers and other creditors as disclosed in Note 11 of 2023 audited Financial Statements.

The loans and advances from related parties are covered by promissory notes subject to roll over every ninety (90) days with interests accrued in the books. #2.2 billion worth of liabilities due to related companies were converted to equity in July 2008 as part of the capital restructuring approved by the SEC on July 24, 2008. For the details of the amounts of loans and advances and other liabilities converted to equity, please refer to Notes 11 and 15 of the 2023 Audited Financial Statements.

Due to the suspension of mining and milling operations and limited sources of funds, the Company failed to meet payments within the stated terms to majority of its suppliers, contractors and other creditors. However, the Company had reduced significantly the balance of its outstanding accounts with suppliers, contractors and other creditors through offsetting arrangements or installment payment schemes. The internal and external sources of funds and the courses of action that the Company plans to undertake to address the liquidity problem are discussed under "Plan of Operations".

Management's plans to address the liquidity and going concern issues are discussed under "Plan of Operations".

The gold price significantly increased by US\$ 265.45 per OZ or 15% in 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022. Gold was traded in the London Metal Exchange ("LME") with a closing price of USD per Oz of US\$2,077.80 at the end of 2023 as compared to US\$1,812.35 in 2022 and US\$1,820.10 in 2021. The gold price reached an all-time high of US\$2,077.80 in December 28, 2023. The outlook for gold remains bullish, as it continues to provide a hedge against weakness in fiat currencies. For the quarter ending March 31, 2024, gold price closed at US\$2,207.00 per ounce at the LME (Am Fix).

The bullish sentiments on gold prices have increased investors' interest in gold mining companies and exploration projects thus improving the Company's chances of raising the finances required for the rehabilitation and further development of the Longos mine. Likewise, higher gold prices improve the viability/future profitability of the Longos mine.

Other than the foregoing, there are NO known

- trends, demands, commitments or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Company's liquidity increasing or decreasing in a material way,
- events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation,
- material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period,
- material commitments for capital expenditures, except for the implementation of the approved exploration work program for the period two years starting from August 24, 2018. Exploration drilling completed in the last quarter of 2020.
- trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations,
- significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations and
- A seasonal aspect that has or had a material effect on the Company's condition or results of operations.

There have been no material changes from December 31, 2023 to December 31, 2022 in one or more-line items of the financial statements *except* for the following:

- a) Increase in Accrued interest & other current liabilities by \$\infty\$84.0 million mainly due to the accrual of interest charges for the year 2022 including interest/dividends on Class A preferred shares.
- b) Increase in Advances from related parties by ₽16.5 million.

c) Changes in other line items shown in the Company's Statement of Comprehensive Income are due to the usual period-to-period fluctuation in amounts natural in every business operation. There are no material unusual items other than as discussed under Management's Discussion and Analysis, Results of Operations year 2023 compared to 2022.

Inasmuch as the Company's mining and milling operations are still suspended, there are no significant key performance indicators other than the financial ratios presented under Supplementary Schedule - Schedule I.

Plan of operations. The plan of operations covers the following activities:

- a. The Company and its co-applicant Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) are working closely with the MGB and Environmental Management Bureau (EMB) in order to comply with all mandatory requirements for eventual approval of Declaration of Project Mining Feasibility (DMPF) and restoration of Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC). Also, the company is working with MGB 5 on the completion of two exploration permit application EXPA-00233 and EXPA-00234 both are situated in the province of Camarines Norte.
- b. The Company's acquired rights and interests in Negros Copper Project under Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) Nos. 092-97-VI and 113-98-VI were already expired last November 20, 2022 and May 26, 2023. The Company filed a renewal of both MPSA's on July 28, 2022, compliance po mandatory requirements under review at Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) Regional Office No. 6. The exploration period for both MPSA's was restored for two years expiring on July 19, 2024 to recover unused term during pandemic. At present, the company is working on completion of Final Exploration Report using the data of exploration work done by its predecessor Vulcan Industrial & Mining Corporation. Once the exploration report meet the criteria for mineral resource reporting as certified by Accredited Competent Person for Mining and Geology. The phase is to file for Declaration of Project Mining Feasibility (DMPF) within the extended exploration period.
- c. The Company will work on getting the financing requirement needed to comply all the mandatory requirement for DMPF and later the Mineral Processing Sharing Agreement application either by external sources or internal sources.
- d. The Company intends to address and mitigate the impact of net loss to equity in the financial statements by renegotiating current loan obligations.

The Company expects significant purchases of machinery & equipment and change in the number of its employees during the year once the required government permit has been awarded to it and the financing for the exploration activity of its Longos Mine becomes available during the year.

Item 7. Financial Statements

The 2023 Audited Financial Statements of the Company are incorporated herein by reference. The schedules listed in the accompanying index to supplementary schedules are filed as part of this SEC Form 17-A.

Item 8. Information on Independent Accountant and other Related Matters

Information on Independent Accountant. The accounting firm of SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. CPAs ("SGV") with address at the 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City, was appointed as external auditor of the Company at the annual stockholders' meeting in 2014 with Ms. Eleanor Layug as partner-incharge, in 2017 audit year Ms. Eleanor Layug was replaced by Mr. Jose Raoul J. Balisalisa as the new audit partner-in-charge, and in 2018 Ma. Genalin Q. Arevalo is the partner in-charge, in line with the Company's commitment to good corporate governance and in compliance with SEC Memo Circular No. 8 Series of 2003.

External Audit Fees and Services. The fees of the external auditor in the past three (3) years are as follows:

Year	Audit & Related Fees	Tax Fees	Other Fees
2022	P420,200	50,424	42,020
2021	₽382,000	45,840	38,200
2020	P363,825	43,659	37,600

For the past three (3) years, the Company had not engaged the services of SGV except for the audit and or review of the annual financial statements in connection with statutory and regulatory filings and certification of the proposed accounts to be converted to equity. The amounts under the caption "Audit and Related Fees" & "Other Fees" for the years 2022, 2021 and 2020 pertain to these services. The Company's tax related matters are being handled by the tax services department of SGV.

The Audit Committee reviews and recommends to the Board and stockholders the appointment of the external auditor and the fixing of the audit fees for the Company. The Board and stockholders approve the Audit Committee's recommendation.

The Audit Committee has an existing policy, which prohibits the Company from engaging the external auditor to provide services that may adversely impact their independence, including those expressly prohibited by SEC regulations.

Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure. The Company never had any disagreement with SGV, its current independent accountant on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosures or auditing scope or procedure.

No independent accountant engaged by the Company has resigned or declined to stand for re-election or was dismissed.

PART III - CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

The names, citizenship, positions and periods of service of directors, executive officers and persons nominated to become as such are as follows:

Gerard Anton S. Ramos is the Chairman & Chief Executive Officer of the Company. For the past five (5) years, he has served as the Director and/or Executive Officer in companies involved in the music, broadcasting, stock brokerage, mining, investment holding, property development, sale and distribution of books, magazines and other printed media, and shopping centers, among others.

Presentacion S. Ramos is the Director of the Company. For the past five (5) years, she has served as director and/or executive officer of, and maintained business interests in, companies involved in the printing, publication, sale and distribution of books, magazines and other printed media, department store, stock brokerage, oil & gas exploration, and mining, among others.

Adrian Paulino S. Ramos is the President of the Company. For the past five (5) years, he has served as an Instructor at a business school, Operations Manager for a major book retailer and Business Analyst for Mckinsey & Company. He is currently serving in various management capacities and served as Director and/or Executive Officer in companies involved in mining, investment holdings, securities, sale and distribution of books, magazines and other printed media, property development, transportation, oil and gas exploration, among others.

Christopher M. Gotanco is a Director of the Company. For the past five (5) years, he has served as Director, Chairman and/or Chief Executive Officer in companies involved in natural resources (oil and gas), investment banking, holdings, mass transportation, property development, and mining, among others.

Maureen Alexandra S. Ramos-Padilla is a Director of the Company. For the past 5 years, she has served as a director and/or executive officer, and maintains business interests in, companies engaged in department store, media and music distribution, securities brokerage property development, oil and gas exploration and development (2013-present), among others.

Romeo L. Bato is a Director of the Company. For the past five (5) years, he has served as a director and/or executive officer and chief financial officer in group of companies with interests in the agribusiness, medical equipment, tourism, and mining. Prior to that, Mr. Bato works overseas for more than 20 years and held various key finance positions for publicly listed companies, and pharmaceutical and food business companies, among others.

John Peter C. Hager is an Independent Director of the Company. For the past five (5) years, he has been working in various management capacities and serves as Managing Director in companies involved in import/export commodities trading particularly pulp, paper, packaging, security paper and security printing products, rubber, coconut oil and other coconut-related products, among others. His business activities also include managing local interests of foreign principals and serving as commercial advisor to several international companies and local agents.

Renato C. Valencia was elected as independent director of the Company last July 30, 2019. For the past (5) years, he has served as director and/or executive officer in companies engaged in banking, investment holdings, education and technology, realty and insurance. He is a former administrator of the Social Security System.

Nicholas Justin H. Ang was elected as Independent Director of the Company last July 26, 2023. For the past five (5) years, he has served as a director and/or executive officer and maintained business interests in companies involved in real estate, ecommerce business solutions, provider of financial services and food and restaurant.

Iris Marie U. Carpio-Duque is the Company's Compliance Officer, Chief Corporate Information Officer and Corporate Secretary. For the past five (5) years, she has served as officer and/or corporate secretary or assistant corporate secretary in companies involved in mining, investment holding, securities brokering and real estate. She is a member of the Integrated Bar of the Philippines.

Josephine L. Ilas is the Assistant Corporate Secretary of the Company. For the past five (5) years, she has served as assistant corporate secretary and compliance officer of companies involved in oil and petroleum and natural resources. She is a member of the Integrated Bar of the Philippines.

Gilbert V. Rabago, is the Treasurer and Alternate Corporate Information Officer. For the past five (5) years, he has served in different managing capacities in companies involved in mining both in the Philippines and abroad.

Mssrs. John Peter C. Hager, Renato Valencia and Nicholas Justin H. Ang are the current independent directors.

The Directors of the Company are elected at the annual stockholders' meeting to hold office until the next succeeding annual meeting and until each respective successor has been elected and qualified.

Officers are appointed or elected annually by the Board of Directors during its organizational meeting following the Annual Meeting of Stockholders, each to hold office until the corresponding meeting of the Board of Directors in the next year or until a successor shall have been elected, appointed or shall have qualified.

Reporting companies in which each Director holds directorship:

Adrian Paulino S. Ramos Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation

The Philodrill Corporation

Vulcan Industrial & Mining Corporation Atlas Consolidated Mining & Devt. Corp.

Alakor Securities Corporation*

Gerard Anton S. Ramos Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation

The Philodrill Corporation

Atlas Consolidated Mining & Devt. Corp.

Alakor Securities Corporation

Presentacion S. Ramos Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation

The Philodrill Corporation Alakor Securities Corporation

Maureen Alexandra S. Ramos-Padilla Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation

The Philodrill Corporation Alakor Securities Corporation

Christopher M. Gotanco Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation

The Philodrill Corporation Boulevard Holdings, Inc.

Renato C. Valencia Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation (ID)

i- People, Inc. (ID)

John Peter C. Hager Alakor Securities Corp.

Nicholas Justing H. Ang Anglo Philippine Holdings Corporation

United Paragon Mining Corporation 2023 SEC 17-A (Annual Report with Audited Financial Statements 2023) Page - 22 - of 40 **Resignation or Declination to Stand for Re-election of a Director**. Since the Company's last annual meeting of stockholders held on July 26, 2023, none resigned.

Significant Employees. Other than the above-named directors and executive officers, the Company has not engaged the services of any person who is expected to make significant contributions to the business of the Company. The business of the Company is not dependent on certain key personnel and there are no arrangements to assure that certain personnel will remain with the registrant and not compete upon termination.

Family Relationships. The following are the family relationships among officers and directors: Ms. Maureen Alexandra S. Ramos-Padilla, Mr. Gerard Anton S. Ramos and Mr. Adrian Paulino S. Ramos are the children of Ms. Presentacion S. Ramos, Director.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings. The Company is not aware of any adverse events or legal proceedings of the nature required to be disclosed under Part IV, paragraph (A), (4) of SRC Rule 12, Annex C with respect to directors and executive officers during the past five (5) years that are material to the evaluation of the ability or integrity of the directors or executive officers.

Item 10. Executive Compensation

The aggregate compensation paid or incurred for the Company's Chief Executive Officer and most highly compensated executive officers and employees named below as a group for the two (2) most recently completed years (2023 and 2022) and the ensuing fiscal year (2024) are as follows:

Name	Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Other Annual Compensation
Gerard Anton Ramos	Chairman - CEO				
Adrian Paulino Ramos	President				
Gilbert Rabago	Treasurer / CIO - Alternate				
Iris-Marie Carpio-Duque	Legal and Compliance Officer/Corporate Secretary				
Total (Top 5 Executives)		2022	₽0.6 million	0	0
		2023	₽0.6 million	0	0
		2024 (Est.)	₽0.6 million	0	0
Total (All Executives & Directors)		2022	₽0.6 million	0	0
		2023	₽0.6 million	0	0
		2024 (Est)	₽0.6 million	0	0

For the most recently completed fiscal year and the ensuing fiscal year, directors received and will receive a per diem of \$\frac{1}{2}\$,000.00 per board meeting to defray their expenses in attending board meetings. There are no other arrangements for compensation of directors, as such, during the last fiscal year and for the ensuing fiscal year.

The Company maintains standard employment and consultancy contracts with the above officers, all of which provide for their respective compensation and benefits. Other than what is provided under applicable labor laws, there are no compensatory plans or arrangements with executive officers entitling them to receive more than \$\mathbb{2}\$.5 million as a result of their resignation, retirement or any other termination of employment, or from a change in control of the Company, or a change in the executive officers' responsibilities following a change in control of the Company.

The Company has not granted any bonus and other compensation to directors and executive officers since 1994 except for the mandatory 13th month pay, which is already included in the amounts shown in the above table. There are no warrants or options outstanding in favor of directors and officers of the Company other than the item discussed under stock option plan above.

Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners. As of December 31, 2023 the Company knows of no one who beneficially owns in excess of 5% of the Company's common and preferred stocks except as set forth in the table below:

Title of Class	Name, Address of Record Owner and Relationship with Issuer	Name of beneficial owner and relationship with record owner	Citizenship	No. of shares held	Percent of Class
Common	National Book Store Inc. (1,6,7) 3 rd Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	National Book Store Inc.	Filipino	84,325,108,842	32.27
Common	Anglo Phil. Holdings Corp. (2,6,7) 6 th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Anglo Phil. Holdings Corp.	Filipino	67,119,143,395	25.69
Common	Alakor Corporation (3,6,7) 9th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Alakor Corporation	Filipino	53,884,038,981	20.62
Common	PCD Nominee Corporation ⁽⁴⁾ G/F, MSE Bldg., 6767 Ayala Avenue, Makati City (No relationship with issuer)	Various Please see Note 4	Filipino/ Foreign	47,162,539,644	18.05

	Downsld 84' C (5.7)				1		
Preferre d "A"	Pargold Mining Corp. ^(6,7) c/o 9th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Pargold Mining Corp.	Filipino	4,050,000	33.20		
Duofouso	Lancaster Holdings Limited (5,6,7)	Loweston					
Preferre d "A"	9th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Lancaster Holdings Limited	Foreign	2,835,000	23.24		
Preferre d "A"	Aurora B. Caringal 7759 St. Paul St., San Antonio Village, Makati City (Stockholder)	Aurora B. Caringal	Filipino	2,700,000	22.13		
Preferre d "A"	Edmundo M. Tolentino No. 7 Commonwealth Village, Commonwealth Ave., Quezon City (Director until 1993/Stockholder)	Edmundo M. Tolentino	Filipino	2,000,000	16.39		
	Lancaster Holdings Limited (5,6,7)						
Preferre d "B"	9th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Lancaster Holdings Limited	Foreign	280,000	70.00		
Preferre d "B"	Alakor Corporation (3,6,7) 9th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City (Stockholder)	Alakor Corporation	Filipino	89,500	22.38		
Notes:							
(1)	National Book Store, Inc. is a lo	ocal corporation engage	ed in retailing bu	siness.			
(2)	Anglo Philippine Holdings Corp property development activitie		ding firm focused	on infrastructure a	and related		
(3)	Alakor Corporation is a holding	g company with investr	nents in real esta	ite and stock marke	t.		
(4)	PCD Nominee Corporation is a wholly owned subsidiary of Philippine Central Depository, Inc. (PCD) and is the registered owner of the shares in the books of the Company's transfer agent. The beneficial owners of such shares are either PCD's participants (Brokers) themselves or the clients of these PCD participants in whose names these shares are recorded in their respective books. No						
	individual or entity owns more than 5% of outstanding common shares in UPMC. Net 129,993,722,445 shares in the name of Alakor Securities Corporation (ASC) and 94,939,112,3 shares in the name of BDO Securities Corporation. Of the 224,932, 834, 748 shares in the name						
	ASC and BDO Securities, (a) National Book Store, Inc. owns 84,325,108,842 shares, (b) Anglo Philippine Holdings Corp. owns 67,119,143,395 shares and (c) Alakor Corporation owns 53,884,038,981 shares.						
(5)	Lancaster Holdings Ltd. is a cor	mpany incorporated in	the Bahamas.				
(6)	Anglo Philippine Holdings Co	rp., National Book St	ore Inc., Lancas	ter Holdings Limite	ed., Alakor		

	Corporation and Pargold Mining Corporation are record and beneficial owners owning more than 5% of the Company's common and or preferred shares. Based on previous practice, these companies issue proxies nominating, constituting and appointing Mr. Alfredo C. Ramos, Chairman & President as proxy to vote for the number of shares they beneficially owned as of Record Date.
(7)	Mr. Alfredo C. Ramos has some direct or indirect interests/shareholdings with these companies.

Security Ownership of Management. Following are the securities beneficially owned by directors and executive officers of the Company:

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and nature of Record [®] /Beneficial (B) Ownership		Citizenship	Percent of Class
		Direct	Indirect		
Common	Christopher Gotanco	500,000	90,312,500	Filipino	0.03
Common	Romeo L. Bato	-	1,000,000	Filipino	0.00
Common	Adrian Paulino S. Ramos	500,000	-	Filipino	0.00
Common	Gerard Anton S. Ramos	100,000	50,100,000-	Filipino	0.02
Common	Presentation S. Ramos	-	73,050,000	Filipino	0.03
Common	Maureen Alexandra S. Ramos- Padilla	-	65,000,00	Filipino	0.02
Common	John Peter C. Hager	-	87,000,000	Filipino	0.03
Common	Renato C. Valencia	-	1	Filipino	0.00
Common	Nicholas Justin H. Ang	1,000,000	-	Filipino	0.00
Common	Iris-Marie U. Carpio-Duque	-	-	Filipino	0.00
Common	Gilbert V. Rabago	-	-	Filipino	0.00

As of December 31, 2023, the aggregate number of shares owned by the Company's directors and executive officers is 399, 562, 501 shares or approximately 0.14% of the Company's outstanding common stock. Except for shares appearing on record in the names of the directors and officers above, the Company is not aware of any shares, which said persons, may have the right to acquire beneficial ownership.

Voting Trust Holders of 5% or More. To the extent known to the Company, there are no voting trust holders of 5% or more of the Company's stocks.

Changes in Control. No change in control of the Company has occurred since the beginning of its last fiscal year. The Company has no knowledge of any existing arrangements that may result in a change in control of the Company.

Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The Company, on a regular basis secures loans and advances from its related parties (i.e. companies with shareholders common with the Company) to fund its capital expenditure and working capital requirements. The loans and advances are covered by promissory notes subject to roll over every ninety (90) days with interests at 24% per annum. Interest rates are determined on arm's length basis and are based on terms similar to those offered to other related and non-related parties by the creditor-related companies. These loans and advances, inclusive of accrued interests, guaranty fees and other liabilities to related companies in the amount of £2.2 billion were converted to common

shares of stock of the Company in July 2008 as part of the capital restructuring program approved by the SEC on July 24, 2008. On September 20, 2011, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Alakor Corporation, a company under common control, to finance the Company's cost of conducting feasibility study on the Longos Gold Project and provides for its general working capital requirements. The loan amounts to ₱250.0 million with 10% interest per annum due 36 months after draw down date.

As of December 31, 2011, initial drawdown amounted to ₱120.0 million. The loan agreement gives the following rights to Alakor Corporation: (i) Option to convert, at any time after the earliest draw down date, all amounts outstanding under the loan into equity of the Company at the price of ₱0.018 per share, (ii) Subscribe to no more than 2,700,000 shares of the Company at ₱0.018 per share within five years from the execution of the loan documents. As of December 31, 2023, no additional funds have been drawn.

The identities of the related parties, the nature of the relationships, amounts and details of the transactions are disclosed on Note 11 of the Company's 2023 Audited Financial Statements.

There are no on-going contractual or other commitments as a result of the loans and advances obtained from related companies other than the payment of the loans and advances, interests, conversion of the same to equity and other rights as mentioned above.

During the last two (2) years, there were no other transactions involving the Company in which any of its directors or executive officers, any nominee for election as director, or security holder owning 10% or more of the Company's total outstanding shares and members of their immediate family had a material interest.

There were no transactions with parties that fall outside the definition of "related parties" under SFAS/IAS No. 11.

Parent of the Company. No person or entity holds more than 50% of the Company's voting securities; consequently, the Company has no parent company.

Transaction with Promoters. There are no transactions with promoters within the past five (5) years.

Part IV - CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Item 13. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

As a publicly-listed Philippine corporation, the Company conforms to the corporate governance rules, requirements, and regulations of the SEC, PSE and all pertinent government regulatory bodies. The Company filed a copy of its 2022 Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report (I-ACGR) to the Philippine SEC on May 30, 2023 and is posted in the Company website. The I-ACGR for 2023 will be filed with the SEC on or before May 30, 2024.

PART V - EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES

Item 14. Exhibits and Reports on SEC Form 17-C

- a. Exhibits See accompanying Index to Exhibits (pages 30 and 31)
- b. **Reports on SEC Form 17-C** Reports on SEC Form 17-C filed during the year of 2023 and for the first quarter of 2023 are as follows:

United Paragon Mining Corporation 2023 SEC 17-A (Annual Report with Audited Financial Statements 2023) Page - 27 - of 40

Date	Particulars
March 13, 2023	Annual Verification and Certification from MGB Region V
March 17, 2023	Annual Verification and Certification from MGB Region VI
April 03, 2023	Election/Change in Designation of United Paragon Mining Corporation Officers
April 27, 2023	Approval of the Release of the Audited Financial Statement 2022
May 15, 2025	Postponement and Notice of Meeting and Setting the Agenda for the Annual Stockholders' Meeting
June 15, 2022	Amendment of the Notice & Agenda of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting & Amendment of By-laws
July 07, 2023	Resignation/retirement of Director Eduardo B. Castillo
July 27, 2023	Result of Annual Stockholders' & Organizational Board Meeting
October 05, 2023	Compliance to the Corporate Governance Seminar
November 28, 2023	Compliance to the Corporate Governance Seminar
March 11, 2024	Annual Verification and Certification from MGB Region V
March 26, 2024	Annual Verification and Certification from MGB Region VI

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 17 of the Code and Section 141 of the Corporation Code, this report is signed on behalf of the issuer by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Mandaluyong on ____April 2024

GERARD ANTON S. RAMOS

Chairman

ADBIAN PAULINO S. RAMOS

President

IRIS MARIE U. CARPIO-DUQUE

Corporate Secretary

2024 day of April 2024 affiant (s) is exhibiting to me their SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before methis competent evidence of identity, as follows:

Names	ID No.	Date of Issue/Expiry	Place of Issue	
Gerard Anton S. Ramos	PASSPORT P7752563A	29 June 2028	DFA NCR South	
Adrian Paulino S. Ramos	PASSPORT - P63688018	23 February 2021	DFA NCR East	
Gilbert V. Rabago	DL No. E09-09-000229	expiring on 2032/03/2	24	
Iris-Marie U. Carpio- Duque	- Multi-purpose ID No. CRN – 0111- 2628925-4			

Doc no. Page no. 37 Book no. LX Series of 2024

Commission No. Aura. Matter No. NP 549 (2023-2024) IBP O.R. No. 180815 2023 & IPP O.R. No. 180816 2024 PTRO.R No. 4127771 (101-10972024 (Roll No. 33837) Tink 129-879-009-000

United Paragon Mining Corporation

MGLE No. 786 PROPERTIES THERE TO 2005 PROFIT AWARD, 14, 2025 2023 SEC 17-A (Annual Report with Audited Financial Statements 2023) V. Gludo, Q.C.

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UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION INDEX TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES SEC FORM 17-A DECEMBER 31, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

Report of Independent Auditors

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022

Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021

Statements of Changes in Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021

Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021

Notes to Financial Statements

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

Report of Independent Auditor's on Supplementary Schedules

SCHEDULE I Financial Ratios

SCHEDULE II Map of the Relationships of the Companies within the Group

SCHEDULE III Schedule of Effective Standards and Interpretations under the PFRSs

SCHEDULE IV Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration

SCHEDULE A. Financial Assets in Equity Securities

SCHEDULE B. Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (other than Related Parties)

SCHEDULE C. Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements

SCHEDULE D. Intangible Assets - Other Assets

SCHEDULE E. Long-Term Debt

SCHEDULE F. Indebtedness to Related Parties (Long-Term Loans from Related Companies)

SCHEDULE G. Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers

SCHEDULE H. Capital Stock

United Paragon Mining Corporation 2023 SEC 17-A (Annual Report with Audited Financial Statements 2023) Page - **29** - of **40**

SCHEDULE I UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION FINANCIAL RATIOS PURSUANT TO REVISED SRC RULE 68 DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Profitability Ratios:		_
Return on assets	-9.64%	-8.72%
Return on equity	-27.09%	33.81%
Gross profit margin	_	_
Net profit margin	-	_
Liquidity and Solvency Ratios:		
Current ratio	0.0020:1	0.0003:1
Quick ratio	0.0020:1	0.0003:1
Solvency ratio	-0.0695:1	-0.0676:1
Financial Leverage Ratios:		
Asset to equity ratio	-2.81:1	-3.88:1
Debt ratio	1.36:1	1.26:1
Debt to equity ratio	-3.81:1	-4.88:1
Interest coverage ratio	-0.29:1	-0.32:1

SCHEDULE II

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION MAP OF THE RELATIONSHIPS OF THE COMPANIES WITHIN THE GROUP PURSUANT TO SRC RULE 68, AS AMENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

United Paragon Mining Corporation

(The Company; Reporting Company)

Note: The Company does not have any subsidiary or associate as at December 31, 2023.

United Paragon Mining Corporation 2021 SEC 17-A (Annual Report with Audited Financial Statements 2023) Page - **31** - of **40**

SCHEDULE III

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION PURSUANT TO REVISED SRC RULE 68 AND SEC MEMORANDUM CIRCULAR NO. 11

As at December 31, 2023

Unappropriated Retained Earnings, beginning Adjustments:		(P 2,925,030,499) —
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted, beginning		(2,925,030,499)
Add: Net loss actually earned/realized during the period	(108,172,548)	
Net income during the period closed to Retained Earnings		
Less: Non-actual/unrealized income net of tax	_	
Equity in net income of associate/joint venture	_	
Unrealized foreign exchange gain - net (except those	_	
attributable to cash)	_	
Unrealized actuarial gain	_	
Fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains)	_	
Fair value adjustment of investment property resulting to gain	_	
Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - gain	_	
Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as		
a result of certain transactions accounted for under		
PFRS _	_	_
Subtotal	_	_
Add: Non-actual losses		
Depreciation on revaluation increment (after tax)	_	
Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - loss	_	
Loss on fair value adjustment of investment property (after tax)	_	_
Subtotal	_	_
Net loss actually earned during the period		(108,172,548)
Add (Less):		(, , ,
Dividend declarations during the period	_	
Appropriations of retained earnings	_	
Reversals of appropriations	_	
Effects of prior period adjustments	_	
Treasury shares	_	
Subtotal	_	_
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted, ending†		

[†]Amount is zero since the reconciliation results to a deficit

United Paragon Mining Corporation 2021 SEC 17-A (Annual Report with Audited Financial Statements 2023) Page - **32** - of **40**

SCHEDULE A

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION FINANCIAL ASSETS IN EQUITY SECURITIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of issuing entity and association of each issue

Number of shares or principal Amount shown in the balances sheet amounts of bonds and notes

(figures in thousands)

Income received and accrued

SCHEDULE B

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, RELATED PARTIES AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS (OTHER THAN RELATED PARTIES) DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name and Designation of Debtor	Balance at Beginning period	Additions	Amounts Collected / Settlements	Amounts Written-off	Current	Not Current	Balance at end period
			NOT APP	LICABLE			

SCHEDULE C

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING THE CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name and		
Designation	Balance at	

Beginning period

of Debtor

Amounts Collected /Settlements

Additions

Amounts Written-off

Current Not Current

Balance at end period

SCHEDULE D

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION INTANGIBLE ASSETS - OTHER ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2022

					Other changes	
			Charged to cost and	Charged to other	additions	
Description	Beginning balance	Additions at cost	expenses	accounts	(deductions)	Ending balance

SCHEDULE E

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION LONG-TERM DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

Title of Issue and type of obligation

Amount authorized by: Indenture

Amount shown under the caption "Current Portion of long-term borrowings" in related balance sheet

Amount shown under the caption "Long-term borrowings- net of current portion" in related balance sheet

SCHEDULE F

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION INDEBTEDNESS TO RELATED PARTIES (LONG-TERM LOANS FROM RELATED COMPANIES) DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of Related Party

Balance at beginning of period

Balance at end of period

SCHEDULE G

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION GUARANTEES OF SECURITIES OF OTHER ISSUERS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of issuing entity of securities guaranteed by the Parent Company for which this statement is filed

securities guaranteed

Title of issue of each class of Total amount guaranteed and Amount owed by person for outstanding

which statement is filed

Nature of guarantee

SCHEDULE H

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION CAPITAL STOCK DECEMBER 31, 2023

The Company's authorized share capital is ₱4.0 billion divided into 397.3 billion shares at ₱0.01 par value. As at December 31, 2023, total shares issued and outstanding is 261,314,797,080 held by 1,180 shareholders.

		Number of shares sh	Number of names reserved					
		ssued and outstanding s shown under related	for option, warrants,		Principal/	No of shares		
	Number of shares	financial condition	conversions Di		Substantial	held by		
Title of Issue	authorized	captionar	nd other rights	Officers	Stockholders	Government	Banks	Others
Common Stock	397,325,000,000	261,314,797,080	- 3	99,562,501 20	05,647,268,035	_	- 55,2	267,966,544

Fwd: Your BIR AFS eSubmission uploads were received

From: RICO CAISIP (caisiprico689@gmail.com)

To: sisonette@yahoo.com; pengdona@anglophil.com

Cc: gvrabago@anglophil.com; rico_1461@yahoo.com

Date: Monday, April 29, 2024 at 03:17 PM GMT+8

2023 UPMC EAFS Submission

----- Forwarded message ------

From: <<u>eafs@bir.gov.ph</u>>

Date: Mon, Apr 29, 2024 at 3:13 PM

Subject: Your BIR AFS eSubmission uploads were received

To: <<u>CAISIPRICO689@gmail.com</u>>

Cc: <UPMC@yahoo.com>

HI UNITED PARAGON MIINING CORPORATION,

Valid files

- EAFS000169117ITRTY122023.pdf
- EAFS000169117AFSTY122023.pdf
- EAFS000169117RPTTY122023.pdf

Invalid file

None>

Transaction Code: AFS-0-MYPQM31W04PYVVW3MW2TMSVY0PQMVMRY2

Submission Date/Time: Apr 29, 2024 02:37 PM

Company TIN: 000-169-117

Please be reminded that you accepted the terms and conditions for the use of this portal and expressly agree, warrant and certify that:

- The submitted forms, documents and attachments are complete, truthful and correct based on the personal knowledge and the same are from authentic records;
- The submission is without prejudice to the right of the BIR to require additional document, if any, for completion and verification purposes;
- The hard copies of the documents submitted through this facility shall be submitted when required by the BIR
 in the event of audit/investigation and/or for any other legal purpose.

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STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of United Paragon Mining Corporation is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the Company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

GERARD ANTON S. RAMOS

Chairman of the Board

AN PAULINO S. RAMOS

President

GILBE **ABAGO**

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this

APR 2 9 2024

2024, affiant exhibited to

me his/their Valid Identification numbers, as follows:

Passport Number/

Names **Government Issued ID** **Issue Date/Expiry Date**

Place of Issue

Gerard Anton S. Ramos Adrian Paulino S. Ramos P7752563A

July 30, 2018/June 29, 2028

DFA NCR South

P6368801B

Feb 23, 2021/Feb 22, 2031

DFA NCR East

Gilbert V. Rabago

DL No- E09-09-000229 expiring on March 24, 2032

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Page No. 61

Book No. J

Series of 2024.

NOTARY PUBLIC - CITY OF MANDALUYONG APPT. NO. 0374-24 / UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2025 QUAD ALPHA CENTRUM, 125 PIONEER STREET

MANDALUYONG CITY 1550

PTR NO. 5415489/ MANDALUYONG CITY / 01-04-2024 IBP NO. 407484 / 01-08-2024 / QC CHAPTER MCLE COMPLIANCE NO. VII-0015281 / 04-14-2025

ROLL NO. 51028 (2005)

COVER SHEET

for **AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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NOTE 1 In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

² All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies.



SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. Tel: (632) 8891 0307 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

Fax: (632) 8819 0872 ey.com/ph

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors and the Stockholders **United Paragon Mining Corporation** 6th Floor Quad Alpha Centrum 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of United Paragon Mining Corporation (the Company), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Company has incurred cumulative losses of ₱3,033.2 million and ₱2,925.0 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and a capital deficiency of ₱399.4 million and ₱291.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. In addition, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by ₱1,517.3 million and ₱1,419.5 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and the Company has negative operating cash flows of ₱13.1 million, ₱15.2 million and ₱13.1 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As stated in Note 2, these conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as going concern and, therefore, the Company may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.





Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

In addition to the matters described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Recoverability of Deferred Exploration Cost

As of December 31, 2023, the carrying values of deferred exploration costs amounted to \$\frac{1}{2}\$123.7 million. These deferred exploration costs represent expenditures incurred by the Company for the Longos Mine. Under Philippines Financial Reporting Standard (PFRS) 6, Exploration and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, these deferred exploration costs shall be assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amounts exceed the recoverable amounts. The ability of the Company to recover its deferred exploration costs would depend on the commercial viability of the reserves. We considered this as a key audit matter because of the materiality of the amount involved, and the significant management judgment required in assessing whether there is any indication of impairment.

The disclosures related to recoverability of deferred exploration cost are included in Notes 4 and 9 to the financial statements.

Audit Response

We obtained management's assessment on whether there is any indication that deferred exploration costs may be impaired. We reviewed relevant updates on the current status of the Longos Mine under exploration and future management plans as of December 31, 2023. We inspected the licenses/permits of each exploration project to determine that the period for which the Company has the right to explore in the specific area has not expired and will not expire within the planned period of operation. We also inquired about the existing concession areas that are expected to be abandoned or any exploration activities that are planned to be discontinued in those areas. We reviewed the Company's disclosures, which are relevant to management's assessment of the recoverability of deferred exploration costs.





Recoverability of Property, Plant and Equipment

The net book value of the Company's property, plant and equipment amounted to ₱994.0 million as at December 31, 2023. The Company is under exploration status upon receipt of Exploration Permit in November 2021. Under PFRSs, the Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that these assets may be impaired. The assessment of the recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment related to Longos Mine project requires significant judgment and involves estimation and assumptions about future production levels and costs, as well as external inputs such as gold prices and discount rate. Hence, such assessment is a key audit matter in our audit.

The disclosures related to recoverability of property, plant and equipment are included in Notes 4 and 8 to the financial statements.

Audit Response

We involved our internal specialist in evaluating the methodologies and the assumptions used in determining the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment. These key assumptions include the future production levels and costs as well as external inputs such as gold prices and discount rate. We compared the key assumptions used such as future production levels and costs against project feasibility report and key inputs such as gold prices against externally published data. We carried out an update discussion with the Company's specialists who were part of the feasibility study team on the basis of the estimated production levels and costs considering the anticipated changes. We tested the parameters used in the determination of the discount rate against market data. We also reviewed the Company's disclosures about those assumptions to which the outcome of the impairment test is most sensitive, specifically those that have the most significant effect on the determination of the recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.





Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.





We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Supplementary Information Required Under Revenue Regulations 15-2010

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information required under Revenue Regulations 15-2010 in Note 24 to the financial statements is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the management of United Paragon Mining Corporation. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ma. Genalin Q. Arevalo.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

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Ma. Genalin Q. Arevalo

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 108517

Tax Identification No. 224-024-926

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, April 16, 2024, valid until August 23, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-123-2023, January 25, 2023, valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10079898, January 5, 2024, Makati City

April 26, 2024



UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	December 3				
	2023	2022			
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash (Note 5)	₽2,974,237	₽391,926			
Materials and supplies (Note 6)	24,124	23,683			
Other current assets (Note 7)	66,365	12,601			
Total Current Assets	3,064,726	428,210			
Noncurrent Assets					
Property, plant and equipment (Note 8)	994,047,287	994,051,373			
Deferred exploration costs (Note 9)	123,746,611	123,249,280			
Other noncurrent assets (Note 7)	1,376,786	11,941,157			
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,119,170,684	1,129,241,810			
TOTAL ASSETS	₽1,122,235,410	₽1,129,670,020			
	11,112,200,110	11,123,070,020			
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL DEFICIENCY					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities (Note 10)	₽ 1,160,891,179	₽1,076,890,936			
Due to related parties (Note 11)	333,389,279	316,930,946			
Redeemable preferred shares (Note 12)	26,100,000	26,100,000			
Income tax payable	11,305	_			
Total Current Liabilities	1,520,391,763	1,419,921,882			
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Retirement benefit obligation (Note 13)	940,167	940,167			
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 19)	268,057	_			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,208,224	940,167			
Total Liabilities	1,521,599,987	1,420,862,049			
Capital Deficiency					
Capital stock - \(\frac{1}{2}\)0.01 par value (Note 15)					
Authorized - 397,325,000,000 shares					
Issued - 261,314,797,080 shares	2,613,147,971	2,613,147,971			
Additional paid-in capital	19,449,376	19,449,376			
Remeasurement gains on retirement benefits obligation (Note 13)	1,241,123	1,241,123			
Deficit (Note 2)	(3,033,203,047)	(2,925,030,499)			
Total Capital Deficiency	(399,364,577)	(291,192,029)			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL DEFICIENCY	₽1,122,235,410	₱1,129,670,020			

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements



UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Years Ended December 31					
	2023	2022	2021			
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES						
(Note 16)	₽25,739,013	₽13,543,736	₽19,493,926			
OTHER EXPENSES – NET						
Interest expense (Note 17)	83,981,792	74,544,718	66,525,472			
Foreign exchange losses (gains) - net	(1,072,227)	10,365,503	5,333,988			
Interest income (Note 5)	(1,726)	(1,142)	(1,915)			
Other income (Note 18)	(753,666)	_	(394,384)			
	82,154,173	84,909,079	71,463,161			
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX	107,893,186	98,452,815	90,957,087			
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX (Note 19)						
Current	11,305	_	3,944			
Deferred	268,057	_	_			
	279,362	_	3,944			
NET LOSS	108,172,548	98,452,815	90,961,031			
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME						
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Remeasurement gains on retirement benefits						
obligation (Note 13)		(9,137)	(67,867)			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	₽108,172,548	₽98,443,678	₽90,893,164			
Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share (Note 20)	₽0.0004	₽0.0004	₽0.0003			
Dasic and Diluted Loss I et Share (Note 20)	FU.UUU4	10.0004	10.0003			

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.



UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL DEFICIENCY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021

	Capital Stock	Additional	Remeasurement Gains on Retirement Benefit Obligation	D.C.	T
-	(Note 15)	Paid-in Capital	(Note 13)	Deficit	Total
Balances at January 1, 2021	₽2,613,147,971	₽19,449,376	₽1,164,119	(P 2,735,616,653)	(P 101,855,187)
Net loss	_	_	_	(90,961,031)	(90,961,031)
Other comprehensive income	_	_	67,867		67,867
Total comprehensive income (loss)	_	-	67,867	(90,961,031)	(90,893,164)
Balances at December 31, 2021	2,613,147,971	19,449,376	1,231,986	(2,826,577,684)	(192,748,351)
Net loss	_	_	_	(98,452,815)	(98,452,815)
Other comprehensive income	_	_	9,137	_	9,137
Total comprehensive income (loss)	_	-	9,137	(98,452,815)	(98,443,678)
Balances at December 31, 2022	2,613,147,971	19,449,376	1,241,123	(2,925,030,499)	(291,192,029)
Net loss	_	_	_	(108,172,548)	(108,172,548)
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_
Total comprehensive loss	_	-	_	(108,172,548)	(108,172,548)
Balances at December 31, 2023	₽2,613,147,971	₽19,449,376	₽1,241,123	(₱3,033,203,047)	(₱399,364,577)

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.



UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Y	ears Ended Dece	mber 31
	2023	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before income tax	(P 107,893,186)	(₱98,452,815)	(P 90,957,087)
	(F 107,093,100)	(F 90,432,013)	(F 90,937,067)
Adjustments for:	02 001 702	74 544 710	((505 470
Interest expense (Note 17)	83,981,792	74,544,718	66,525,472
Unrealized foreign exchange losses (gains)	(1,072,227)	10,365,503	5,333,988
Depreciation (Notes 8 and 16)	4,086	86,700	-
Interest income (Note 5)	(1,726)	(1,142)	(1,915)
Retirement benefit expense (Note 13)	_	105,543	116,757
Operating loss before working capital changes	(24,981,261)	(13,351,493)	(18,982,785)
Decrease (increase) in:			
Materials and supplies	(441)	76,885	17,213,317
Other current assets	10,773,939	303,080	(6,457,222)
Increase in accounts payable and other current liabilities	3,468,427	102,412	1,214,768
Net cash used in operations	(10,739,336)	(12,869,116)	(7,011,922)
Interest paid	(2,377,749)	(2,361,268)	(5,784,612)
Interest received	1,726	1,142	1,915
Retirement benefits paid (Note 13)	, –	, _	(335,678)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(13,115,359)	(15,229,242)	(13,130,297)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Additions to deferred exploration costs (Note 9)	(497,331)	(83,357)	(4,718,320)
Additions to other noncurrent assets	(263,332)	(242,261)	(198,821)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(760,663)	(325,618)	(4,917,141)
CASH FLOWS FROM A FINANCING ACTIVITY			
Additional advances from related parties (Note 11)	16,458,333	15,058,695	18,729,251
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	2,582,311	(496,165)	681,813
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	391,926	888,091	206,278
CASH AT END OF YEAR (Note 5)	₽2,974,237	₽391,926	₽888,091
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See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.



UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Corporate Information

United Paragon Mining Corporation (the Company) was the name given to United Asia Resources and Geothermal Corporation (UARGC), surviving corporation, when the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) approved the merger of UARGC and Abcar-Paragon Mining Corporation (APMC) on January 29, 1990. The more significant provisions of the merger, which for accounting purposes were effective July 31, 1989, included the acquisition of assets and assumption of APMC's obligations by UARGC through issuance of shares of stock.

The Company's major activities are principally devoted to the exploration and development of its underground mining operations for the extraction of gold. The Company's principal exploration and mining operations is the Longos Mine at Paracale, Camarines Norte for which the related valid and subsisting mining properties of the Company are EXPA-000233-V, formerly MPSA-V-0041 dated July 19, 1991, EXPA-000234-V, formerly AMA-V-0270 dated October 29,1998, and EP-016-2016-V, formerly EXPA-000180-V, issued on August 20, 2018.

No person or entity holds more than 50% of the Company's voting securities. Accordingly, the Company has no parent company.

The Company's registered office address is 6th Floor Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City.

The financial statements of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 were authorized for release by the Board of Directors (BOD) on April 26, 2024.

2. Status of Operations and Management Plans

The Company has incurred cumulative losses in prior years, resulting in a deficit of \$\mathbb{P}\$3,033.2 million and \$\mathbb{P}\$2,925.0 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and a capital deficiency of \$\mathbb{P}\$399.4 million and \$\mathbb{P}\$291.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. In addition, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$\mathbb{P}\$1,517.3 million and \$\mathbb{P}\$1,419.5 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and the Company has negative operating cash flows of \$\mathbb{P}\$13.1 million, \$\mathbb{P}\$15.2 million and \$\mathbb{P}\$13.1 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Company's activities for the past years are mainly limited to securing the necessary exploration permits and Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) to resume its mining operations and the care and maintenance of its existing mining properties and facilities. These conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, the Company may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Management's actions and plans to improve and sustain the Company's operations include the following, among others:

a. The Company expects that payment will not be demanded for a substantial portion of its current liabilities that are either attributed to related parties, which committed not to demand repayment, or have been outstanding over the years with demand for payment. The Company will continue with its exploration and drilling activities since it already received its Exploration Permit and



applied for Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility (DMPF) for EP-016-2016-V and it plans to apply for DMPF for EXPA-000233-V and EXPA-000234-V upon approval of its Exploration Permit applications;

- b. The Company's shareholders, Anglo Philippines Holdings Corporation and Alakor Corporation, are financially capable and committed to provide full support in the operations of the Company to ensure business continuity. The Company has also secured their commitments not to demand payment of the Company's due to them within 12 months from reporting date;
- c. The Company will examine various project financing options and obtain financial guarantee from Alakor Corporation and additional advances from Anglo Philippines Holdings Corporation to implement the approved exploration work program, environmental work program, and community development program; and
- d. The Company will generate sufficient cash flows once it re-opens the Longos Mine project.

Prior to April 1, 1994, start of commercial operations of the underground mine, significant costs and expenses incurred by both APMC and UARGC, and subsequently by the Company, were deferred in the accounts with the expectation that they would benefit future periods and were recorded as deferred exploration costs amounting to \$\mathbb{P}83.4\$ million.

The underground Shaft 4 mining operations was discontinued in December 1998 to avoid further operating losses and to preserve the remaining reserves for future extraction from the Main Shaft at a profitable level. Following the suspension of its underground mining operations, the Company retrenched its employees and paid separation pay totaling ₱24.6 million computed in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Code of the Philippines.

The Company continued to explore and drill certain mining properties on a limited scale to find additional ore reserves to sustain an expanded operation in the future. However, in February 2004, the Company temporarily suspended its drilling operations pending receipt of mineral production sharing agreement for the San Mauricio group of mining claims. Also, in 2004, the BOD and stockholders of the Company approved the proposed capital restructuring which was approved by SEC in July 2008. As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the capital restructuring reduced the Company's deficit and capital deficiency by ₹460.5 million and resulted in the termination of accrual of interest on advances from related parties that were converted to equity.

On July 30, 2007, the Company's Option and Operating Agreements with Camarines Minerals, Inc. (CMI) were extended for 25 years or co-terminus with the relevant mineral production sharing agreement that may be approved by the Government of the Philippines (see Note 21).

In December 2009, the Mines and Geoscience Bureau (MGB) Central Office returned all documents pertaining to said Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) Application to MGB R-V for completion of the deficiency documents. The Company had completed and submitted the remaining deficiencies for the above MPSA to MGB R-V and were subsequently endorsed to MGB Central Office in June 2010. The Company received a letter from MGB Central Office dated September 9, 2015 returning the said application to MGB Regional Office for further evaluation.

On February 4, 2013, the Company's Application for Production Sharing Agreement, APSA-000375-V has been converted into an Exploration Permit and now is renumbered as EXPA-000180-V. The MGB, in its memorandum dated June 24, 2016, has issued a clearance to issue the exploration permit, but was held in abeyance in view of the Moratorium on the processing and approval of mining applications, pursuant to Department Memorandum order (DMO) No. 2016-01 dated July 8, 2016.



The said DMO also requires an audit of all operating mines and a moratorium on the acceptance, processing and/or approval of mining applications and/or mining projects for all metallic and non-metallic minerals.

On August 20, 2018, exploration permit No. EP-016-2016-V, formerly EXPA-000180-V, has been issued by the MGB Regional Office No. V, Legazpi City in favor of the Company which was extended for a 6-month period until February 19, 2021. On February 3, 2021, the MGB certified the Company's compliance with the terms and conditions set forth in the exploration permit.

On February 4, 2021, the Company filed its Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility (DMPF) under EP-016-2016-V to MGB Regional Office prior to exploration permit expiration. Once approved, the Company may file for Mineral Processing Sharing Agreement (MPSA).

On November 26, 2021, MPSA applications denominated as MPSA-V-0041 and AMA-V-0270 were converted into an Exploration Permit and was renumbered as EXPA-000233-V and EXPA-000234-V, respectively.

3. Basis of Preparation, Statement of Compliance, Changes in Accounting Policy and Material Accounting Policy Information

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost basis. The financial statements are presented in Philippine peso (P), which is the Company's functional currency and presentation currency under the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs). All amounts are rounded off to the nearest Peso, except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs). PFRSs include statements named PFRS and Philippine Accounting Standards (PASs) and Philippine Interpretations from the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee (IFRIC) issued by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC).

Changes in Accounting Policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective in 2023. The Company has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have an impact on the financial statements of the Company.

Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures



The amendments to the Practice Statement provide non-mandatory guidance.

• Amendments to PAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

The amendments did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

• Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

The amendments had no impact on the Company's financial statements.

• Amendments to PAS 12, International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules

The amendments introduce a mandatory exception in PAS 12 from recognizing and disclosing deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

The amendments also clarify that PAS 12 applies to income taxes arising from tax law enacted or substantively enacted to implement the Pillar Two Model Rules published by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), including tax law that implements qualified domestic minimum top-up taxes. Such tax legislation, and the income taxes arising from it, are referred to as 'Pillar Two legislation' and 'Pillar Two income taxes', respectively.

The temporary exception from recognition and disclosure of information about deferred taxes and the requirement to disclose the application of the exception, apply immediately and retrospectively upon adoption of the amendments in June 2023.

Meanwhile, the disclosure of the current tax expense related to Pillar Two income taxes and the disclosures in relation to periods before the legislation is effective are required for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

Pronouncements Issued but not yet Effective

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.



Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

- Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
- Amendments to PFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- Amendments to PAS 7 and PFRS 7, Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

- PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts
- Amendments to PAS 21, Lack of exchangeability

Deferred effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

Current versus Noncurrent Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current or noncurrent classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or,
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or,
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or;
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Company at the measurement date. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.



A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical asset or liability
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

An analysis of fair values of financial instruments and further details as to how they are measured are provided in Note 22.

Financial Instruments

Date of Recognition

The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statement of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company determines the classification of its financial instruments on initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re—evaluates this designation at each reporting date. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the settlement date.

Initial Recognition

Financial instruments are recognized in the statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date (i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset).

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of all financial assets and liabilities, except for financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).



Classification of Financial Assets. Financial assets are classified in their entirety based on the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets and the Company's business model for managing the financial assets. The Company classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories:

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost;
- Financial assets measured at FVPL:
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI), where cumulative gains or losses previously recognized are reclassified to profit or loss
- Financial assets measured at FVOCI, where cumulative gains or losses previously recognized are not reclassified to profit or loss

Contractual Cash Flows Characteristics. If the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, the Company assesses whether the cash flows from the financial asset represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

In making this assessment, the Company determines whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement, i.e., interest includes consideration only for the time value of money, credit risk and other basic lending risks and costs associated with holding the financial asset for a particular period of time. In addition, interest can include a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. The assessment as to whether the cash flows meet the test is made in the currency in which the financial asset is denominated. Any other contractual terms that introduce exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that is unrelated to a basic lending arrangement, such as exposure to changes in equity prices or commodity prices, do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Business Model. The Company's business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The Company's business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument.

The Company's business model refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The Company's business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling financial assets or both. Relevant factors considered by the Company in determining the business model for a group of financial assets include how the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the Company's key management personnel, the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how these risks are managed and how managers of the business are compensated.

• Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. A debt financial asset is measured at amortized cost if
(a) it is held within a business model for which the objective is to hold financial assets in order to
collect contractual cash flows and (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on
specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal
amount outstanding.



These financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method, less any impairment in value. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The amortization is included in "Interest income" in the statement of income and is calculated by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, except for (a) purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets and (b) financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, where, in both cases, the EIR is applied to the amortized cost of the financial asset. Losses arising from impairment are recognized in profit or loss.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has financial assets at amortized cost consisting of cash (see Note 5).

• Financial Assets at FVPL. Financial assets at FVPL are measured at FVPL unless these are measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI. Included in this classification are equity investments held for trading and debt instruments with contractual terms that do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Financial assets held at FVPL are initially recognized at fair value, with transaction costs recognized in the statement of income as incurred. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value and any gains or losses are recognized in the statement of income.

Additionally, even if the asset meets the amortized cost or the FVOCI criteria, the Company may choose at initial recognition to designate the financial asset at FVPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (an accounting mismatch) that would otherwise arise from measuring financial assets on a different basis.

Trading gains or losses are calculated based on the results arising from trading activities of the Company, including all gains and losses from changes in fair value for financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL, and the gains or losses from disposal of financial investments.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has no equity instruments at FVPL.

• Financial Assets at FVOCI. A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if (a) it is held within a business model for which the objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and (b) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. These financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in other comprehensive income within a separate component of equity. Impairment losses or reversals, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit and loss until the financial asset is derecognized. Upon derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. This reflects the gain or loss that would have been recognized in profit or loss upon derecognition if the financial asset had been measured at amortized cost. Impairment is measured based on the expected credit loss (ECL) model.

The Company may also make an irrevocable election to measure at FVOCI on initial recognition investments in equity instruments that are neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognized in a business combination in accordance with PFRS 3. Amounts recognized in OCI are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Dividends on such investments are recognized in profit or loss, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.



Dividends are recognized in profit or loss only when:

- the Company's right to receive payment of the dividend is established;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company;
- the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has no financial assets at FVOCI.

Classification of Financial Liabilities. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, except for the following:

- Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss;
- Financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the Company retains continuing involvement;
- Financial guarantee contracts;
- Commitments to provide a loan at a below-market interest rate; and
- Contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in accordance with PFRS 3.

A financial liability may be designated at fair value through profit or loss if it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (an accounting mismatch) or:

- if a host contract contains one or more embedded derivatives; or
- if a group of financial liabilities or financial assets and liabilities is managed and its performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Where a financial liability is designated at FVPL, the movement in fair value attributable to changes in the Company's own credit quality is calculated by determining the changes in credit spreads above observable market interest rates and is presented separately in other comprehensive income.

The Company's financial liabilities include accounts payable and other current liabilities, due to related parties, and redeemable preferred shares.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company applied the expected credit loss (ECL) model on the impairment of its financial assets.

No ECL is recognized on debt instruments that are measured at amortized cost.

ECLs are measured in a way that reflects the following:

- an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.



Financial assets migrate through the following three stages based on the change in credit quality since initial recognition:

- Stage 1: 12-month ECL. For credit exposures where there have not been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit-impaired upon origination, the portion of lifetime ECLs that represent the ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12-months after the reporting date are recognized.
- Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired. For credit exposures where there have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition on an individual or collective basis but are not credit-impaired, lifetime ECLs representing the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial asset are recognized.
- Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit-impaired. Financial assets are credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of those financial assets have occurred. For these credit exposures, lifetime ECLs are recognized and interest revenue is calculated by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset.

Loss allowances are recognized based on 12-month ECL for debt investment securities that are assessed to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial asset is considered to have low credit risk if:

- the financial instrument has a low risk of default;
- the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; or
- adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Company considers a debt investment security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade'.

• Determination of the Stage for Impairment. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for financial assets since initial recognition by comparing the risk of default occurring over the expected life between the reporting date and the date of initial recognition. The Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and forward-looking analysis.

An exposure will migrate through the ECL stages as asset quality deteriorates. If, in a subsequent period, asset quality improves and also reverses any previously assessed significant increase in credit risk since origination, then the loss allowance measurement reverts from lifetime ECL to 12-month ECL.

• Simplified Approach. The simplified approach, where changes in credit risk are not tracked and loss allowances are measured at amounts equal to lifetime ECL. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company.



Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to set off the recognized amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Company assesses that it has a currently enforceable right of offset if the right is not contingent on a future event, and is legally enforceable in the normal course of business, event of default, and event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and all of the counterparties.

Derecognition of Financial Instruments

Financial Assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay. In such case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or has expired.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an ext or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Company's statement of comprehensive income.

<u>Cash</u>

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks, which are measured at amortized cost and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). Cost is determined using the moving-average method and includes expenditures incurred in bringing the materials and supplies to their existing location and condition. NRV of materials and supplies is the current replacement cost.



Any write-down of materials and supplies to NRV is recognized as an expense in statement of comprehensive income in the year incurred.

When the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of changed economic circumstances, the amount of the write-down is reversed (i.e., the reversal is limited to the amount of the original write-down) so that the new carrying amount is the lower of the cost and the revised net realizable value.

Other Noncurrent Assets

Input VAT

Revenues, expenses, and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, if applicable.

When VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT) exceeds VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT), the excess is recognized as payable in the statement of financial position. When VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT) exceeds VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT), the excess is recognized as an asset in the statement of financial position to the extent of the recoverable amount.

Tax Credit Certificates (TCCs)

TCCs represent instruments evidencing the amount of tax credits granted by the tax authorities which can be used as payment for income taxes. TCCs are classified as current if these can be utilized in the next twelve months after the reporting date. TCCs are recognized under the "Other noncurrent assets" account in the statement of financial position.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation, depletion and any impairment in value.

The initial cost of property, plant and equipment consists of construction cost, and its purchase price, including import duties and nonrefundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to the location and condition for its intended use. Subsequent costs that can be measured reliably are added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Company. The costs of day-to-day servicing of an asset are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment include capitalized underground development and mine and mining properties.

Depreciation and amortization on property, plant and equipment, except for underground development and exploration and mine and mining properties, is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of each asset less its residual value over its estimated useful life.

The average estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Category	Number of Years
Buildings and plant improvements	10
Roads and bridges	10
Office and household furniture and equipment	5
Transportation equipment	3-5



Depletion of underground development and exploration costs and mine and mining properties is calculated using the units-of-production method based on estimated ore reserves.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation, amortization and depletion methods are reviewed periodically to ensure that they are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from those assets.

Construction in-progress represents work under construction and is stated at cost. Construction in-progress is not depreciated until such time that the relevant assets are completed and available for use. This also include interest on borrowed funds incurred during the construction period.

When assets are disposed of, or are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from their disposals, the cost and accumulated depreciation, amortization, depletion and impairment losses, if any, are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss arising from the retirement or disposal is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

Fully depreciated property plant and equipment are retained in the accounts until these are no longer in use.

<u>Deferred Exploration Costs and Deferred Development Costs</u>

Deferred exploration costs include costs incurred on activities involving the search for mineral resources, the determination of technical feasibility and the assessment of commercial viability of an identified resource.

Deferred development costs included in "Underground Development" under "Property, Plant and Equipment" include costs incurred after determining the commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource.

Deferred exploration costs are assessed at each reporting period for possible indications of impairment. This is to confirm the continued intent to develop or otherwise extract value from the discovery. When this is no longer the case or is considered as areas permanently abandoned, the costs are written off through the statement of comprehensive income. Exploration areas are considered permanently abandoned if the related permits of the exploration have expired and/or there are no definite plans for further exploration and/or development.

The recoverability of deferred exploration costs is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of reserves and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of recoverable reserves.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. The Company used value in use to assess the recoverable amount of an asset.



Recovery of impairment losses recognized in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognized for the asset no longer exist or have decreased. The recovery is recorded in the statement of comprehensive income. However, the increased carrying amount of an asset due to a recovery of an impairment loss is recognized to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depletion, depreciation and amortization) had no impairment loss been recognized for that asset in prior years.

Deferred Exploration Costs

An impairment review is performed, either individually or at the CGU level, when there are indicators that the carrying amount of the deferred exploration costs/deferred development costs may exceed their recoverable amounts. To the extent that this occurs, the excess is fully provided against, in the reporting period in which this is determined. Deferred exploration costs are reassessed on a regular basis and these costs are carried forward provided that at least one of the following conditions is met:

- such costs are expected to be recouped in full through successful development and exploration of the area of interest or alternatively, by its sale; or
- exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage which
 permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable
 reserves, and active and significant operations in relation to the area are continuing, or planned
 for the future.

Redeemable Preferred Shares

Equity instruments that include a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity are classified as a financial liability. Accordingly, preferred shares that are due for redemption are presented as a liability in the statement of financial position.

Preferred share is classified as a liability if it is redeemable on a specific date or at the option of the shareholders, or if dividend payments are not discretionary. Dividends thereon are recognized as interest expense in the statement of comprehensive income as accrued.

The Company classified its redeemable preferred shares as a liability.

Capital Stock and Additional Paid-in Capital (APIC)

The Company has issued capital stock that is classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new capital stock or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Amount of contribution in excess of par value is accounted for as an APIC.

Deficit

Deficit includes accumulated losses attributable to the Company's stockholders. Deficit may also include effect of changes in accounting policy as may be required by the standard's transitional provisions.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognized when the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service to the customer, which is when the customer obtains control of the good or service. A performance obligation may be satisfied at a point in time or over time. The amount of revenue recognized is the amount allocated to the satisfied performance obligation.



Interest Income

Income is recognized as the interest accrues (using the EIR that is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset).

Other Income

Other income is recognized when earned. Other income consists of gain on sale of the Company's property and equipment and scrap inventory.

Cost and Expense Recognition

Costs and expenses are decreases in economic benefits during the accounting period in the form of outflows or depletions of assets or incurrence of liabilities that result in decreases in equity, other than those relating to distributions to equity participants. Expenses are generally recognized when the expense arises following the accrual basis of accounting.

Provisions

General

Provisions are recognized when (a) the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event; (b) it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and (c) a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

Provision for Mine Rehabilitation and Decommissioning

Provision is made for close down, restoration and environmental rehabilitation costs (which include the dismantling and demolition of infrastructure, removal of residual materials and remediation of disturbed areas) in the financial period when the related environmental disturbance occurs, based on the estimated future costs using information available at reporting date. The obligation generally arises when the asset is constructed or the ground or environment is disturbed at the mine site. The provision is discounted using a current market-based pre-tax discount rate and the unwinding of the discount is classified as interest accretion in the statement of comprehensive income. At the time of establishing the provision, a corresponding asset is capitalized, where it gives rise to a future benefit, and depreciated over future production from the operations to which it relates.

The provision is reviewed on an annual basis for changes to obligations or legislation or discount rates that affect change in cost estimates or life of operations. The cost of the related asset is adjusted for changes in the provision resulting from changes in the estimated cash flows or discount rate, and the adjusted cost of the asset is depreciated prospectively.

Where rehabilitation is conducted systematically over the life of the operation, rather than at the time of closure, provision is made for the estimated outstanding continuous rehabilitation work at each reporting date and the cost is charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

Retirement Benefits

The net retirement benefit obligation or asset is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting date reduced by the fair value of plan assets (if any), adjusted for any effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling. The asset ceiling is the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.



The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plans is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method.

Defined benefit costs comprise the following:

- Service cost;
- Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset; and
- Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability or asset.

Service costs which include current service costs, past service costs and gains or losses on non-routine settlements are recognized as expense in statement of comprehensive income. Past service costs are recognized when plan amendment or curtailment occurs.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is the change during the period in the net defined benefit liability or asset that arises from the passage of time which is determined by applying the discount rate based on high quality corporate bonds to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognized as expense or income in the statement of comprehensive income.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest on defined benefit liability) are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. These are retained in other comprehensive income until full settlement of the obligation.

Income Taxes

Current Income Tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The income tax rates and income tax laws used to compute the amount are those that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Income Tax

Deferred income tax is provided, using the balance sheet liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized in the future.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized in the future.

Deferred income tax relating to items recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income.



Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the income tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the income tax rate and income tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each financial reporting period.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off the current tax assets against the current tax liabilities and deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Uncertain Tax Position

The Company records uncertain tax positions on the basis of a two-step process whereby the Company determines whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained based on technical merits of the position, and for those tax positions that meet the more likely than not criteria, the Company recognizes the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with related tax authority. The Company records interest and penalties on uncertain tax positions in "Income tax expense (benefit)" account in the statement of comprehensive income.

<u>Leases – Company as a Lessee</u>

The Company's lease contracts pertain to operating leases of machinery and equipment.

The Company applies the low-value lease recognition exemption to its lease of machinery and equipment. The Company continues to recognize lease payments as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of an entity that: (a) engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity); (b) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and (c) for which discrete financial information is available.

Basic Loss Per Share

Basic loss per common share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding and subscribed for each respective period with retroactive adjustments for stock dividends declared, if any.

Diluted Loss Per Share

Diluted loss per common share amounts are calculated by dividing the net income by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for any stock dividends declared during the year plus weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive ordinary shares into ordinary shares, excluding treasury shares.

Since the Company has no potential dilutive common shares, basic and diluted loss per common share are stated at the same amount.

Foreign Currency Transactions

The financial statements are presented in Philippine peso, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rate of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates prevailing as at the date of the initial transactions.



All differences are taken to "Foreign exchange loss (gain) - net" in the statement of comprehensive income.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. These are disclosed in the notes to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but disclosed in the notes to financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events After the End of the Financial Reporting Date

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when material.

4. Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The Company's financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and its accompanying notes. Future events may occur which will cause the assumptions used in arriving at the estimates to change. The effects of any change in estimates are reflected in the financial statements as they become reasonably determinable.

Estimates and Assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period are discussed below.

Estimating Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

The Company estimates the useful lives of property, plant and equipment based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed periodically and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates based on factors that include asset utilization, internal technical evaluation, technological changes, environmental and anticipated use of the assets tempered by related industry benchmark information. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates brought about by changes in factors mentioned above. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances.

The Company recognized depreciation and amortization expense amounting to ₱0.004 million, ₱0.1 million and ₱0.2 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment amounted to ₱994.0 million and ₱994.1 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 8). There is no change in the estimated useful lives of property and equipment as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Estimating Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment

The Company assesses impairment on property, plant and equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The assessment of the recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment related to its Longos Mine project requires significant judgment and involves estimation and assumptions about future production levels and costs, as well as external inputs such as gold prices and discount rate.



An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use. The net selling price is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction while value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. For impairment loss on specific assets, the recoverable amount represents the net selling price.

Management performed impairment test as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. The recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment related to the Longos Mine Project has been determined using a discounted cash flow projection covering 10-year remaining mine life of the project based on the mine feasibility study.

The calculation of the value-in-use of the mine project incorporates the following key assumptions:

- future production levels and costs which are based on the Company's feasibility study;
- commodity prices; and,
- pre-tax discount rates.

The significant assumptions in the value-in-use calculation and sensitivity to changes in assumptions are disclosed in Note 8.

The carrying value of property, plant and equipment amounted to ₱994.0 million and ₱994.1 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, net of allowance for impairment losses of property, plant and equipment amounting to ₱141.7 million. No impairment losses were recognized in 2023 and 2022 (see Note 8).

Estimating Allowance for Impairment Losses on Claims for VAT TCCs, and Input VAT The Company provides allowance for impairment losses on claims for VAT TCCs, Input VAT and advances to employees when they can no longer be realized. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for any period would differ if the Company made different judgments or utilized different estimates. An increase in allowance for impairment losses would increase recorded expenses and decrease claims for VAT TCCs, Input VAT and advances to employees.

The Company's claims for VAT TCCs amounted to nil and ₱10.8 million, net of allowance for impairment amounting to ₱23.8 million and ₱12.9 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Input VAT amounted to ₱1.1 million and ₱0.8 million, net of allowance for impairment losses amounting to ₱3.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 7).

Assessing Recoverability of Deferred Exploration Costs

The Company assesses impairment on deferred exploration costs when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of the asset may exceed its recoverable amount. When facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, an entity shall measure, present and disclose any resulting impairment loss. Facts and circumstances that would require an impairment assessment as set forth in PFRS 6, *Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources*, are as follows:

- The period for which the Company has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- Substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;



- Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; and
- Sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

There is no impairment of the Company's deferred exploration cost which amounted to ₱123.7 million and ₱123.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 9).

Assessing Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets

The Company reviews the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces deferred income tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company did not recognize deferred tax asset on its future deductible temporary differences, unused NOLCO and excess MCIT as management believes the Company will not have sufficient future taxable profit against which these can be utilized (see Note 19).

5. Cash

	2023	2022
Cash on hand	₽35,000	₽35,000
Cash in banks	2,939,237	356,926
	₽2,974,237	₽391,926

Cash in banks earn interest at their respective bank deposit rates.

Total interest income amounted to P1,726, P1,142, and P1,915 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

6. Materials and Supplies

Material and supplies consist of fuel and lubricants, spare parts and consumables. Outstanding balance as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 relates to fuel and lubricants which amounted to ₱24,124 and ₱23,683, respectively.

	2023	2022
At cost:		_
Fuel and lubricants	₽24,124	₽23,683
At NRV:		
Spare parts – net of allowance for inventory		
obsolescence amounting to ₱23,130,450 as at		
2023 and 2022	_	_
Consumables – net of allowance for inventory		
obsolescence amounting to ₱5,185,814 as at		
2023 and 2022	_	_
	₽24,124	₽23,863



Material and supplies charged to expense amounted to nil in 2023, 2022 and 2021 (see Note 16).

7. Other Current Assets and Other Noncurrent Assets

Other Current Assets

	2023	2022
Advances to employees	₽239,785	₽225,916
Others	1,491,556	1,451,661
	1,731,341	1,677,577
Allowance for impairment losses on:		
Advances to employees	225,916	225,916
Others	1,439,060	1,439,060
	1,664,976	1,664,976
	₽66,365	₽12,601

Others includes advances to a contractor, prepaid rent and insurance, and security deposits.

Other Noncurrent Assets

	2023	2022
Claims for VAT TCCs	₽23,772,232	₽23,772,232
Input VAT	4,382,653	4,119,321
Others	267,695	267,695
	28,422,580	28,159,248
Allowance for impairment losses on:		_
Claims for VAT TCCs (Note 16)	23,772,232	12,944,529
Input VAT	3,273,562	3,273,562
	27,045,794	16,218,091
	₽1,376,786	₽11,941,157



8. Property, Plant and Equipment

<u>2023</u>

					Office and		
		Mine and	Buildings		Household		
	Underground	Mining	and Plant	Roads and	Furniture and	Transportation	
	Development	Properties	Improvements	Bridges	Equipment	Equipment	Total
Cost							
Balances at beginning and end of year	₽1,574,754,870	₽405,000,000	₱123,519,016	₽18,140,398	₽4,595,609	₽ 2,119,727	₽2,128,129,620
Accumulated depreciation, amortization and depletion:							
Balances at beginning of year	763,575,151	84,461,189	123,411,368	14,224,083	4,583,770	2,119,727	992,375,288
Depreciation (see Note 16)	-	_	250	3,836	_	_	4,086
Balances at end of year	763,575,151	84,461,189	123,411,618	14,227,919	4,583,770	2,119,727	992,379,374
Accumulated impairment losses	101,568,158	40,134,801	_	_	_	_	141,702,959
Net book values	₽709,611,561	₽280,404,010	₽107,398	₽3,912,479	₽11,839	₽_	₽994,047,287
<u>2022</u>							
					Office and		
		Mine and	Buildings		Household		
	Underground	Mining	and Plant	Roads and	Furniture and	Transportation	
	Development	Properties	Improvements	Bridges	Equipment	Equipment	Total
Cost	•	•	•		• •	1 1	
Balances at beginning and end of year	₽1,574,754,870	₽405,000,000	₱123,519,016	₽18,140,398	₽4,595,609	₽2,119,727	₱2,128,129,620
Accumulated depreciation, amortization and depletion:							
Balances at beginning of year	763,575,151	84,461,189	123,346,618	14,202,133	4,583,770	2,119,727	992,288,588
Depreciation (see Note 16)	_	_	64,750	21,950	_	_	86,700
Balances at end of year	763,575,151	84,461,189	123,411,368	14,224,083	4,583,770	2,119,727	992,375,288
Accumulated impairment losses	101,568,158	40,134,801	_	_	_	_	141,702,959
Net book values	₽709,611,561	₱280,404,010	₽107,648	₽3,916,315	₽11,839	₽_	₱994,051,373

Depreciation expense amounted to nil, nil and P166,125 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, were capitalized as part of deferred exploration cost (see Note 9).



The Company performs an individual assessment of the physical condition of its property, plant and equipment. No provision for impairment was recognized in 2023 and 2022. Accumulated impairment losses on property, plant and equipment amounted to ₱141.7 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The carrying value of temporarily idle property, plant and equipment amounted to \$\frac{1}{2}990.0\$ million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. The Company has no plans of disposing these idle assets as these are reserved for future use when the mine is reopened.

Key Assumptions Used in Value in Use Calculations and Sensitivity to Changes in Assumptions

The Company performed an impairment test in 2023 and 2022.

The recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment has been determined based on a discounted cash flows (DCF) calculation using cash flow projections from the project feasibility study.

The projected cash flows have been developed to reflect the expected mine production over the life of the mine adjusted by the effects of other factors such as inflation rate. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 is 14.3% and 14.9%, respectively. As a result of this analysis, management concluded that property, plant and equipment is not impaired.

The calculation of DCF is most sensitive to the following assumptions:

a. Future Production Levels and Costs

Future production levels and costs include direct and indirect costs used to concentrate the mined ore reserves for the remaining life of the mine.

b. Gold Prices

The Company considers the effect of commodity price changes. The Company considered the possible effect of the changes in the price of gold as it relates to the revenues that may be generated by the Company and the attainment of the cash flow projections. The Company used the data from the project feasibility study and was compared against externally published data.

c. Pre-tax Discount Rate

Discount rate represents the current market assessment of the risks specific to the Company, taking into consideration the time value of money. The discount rate calculation is based on the specific circumstances of the Company and is derived from its weighted average cost of capital (WACC). The WACC takes into account both debt and equity. The cost of equity is derived from the expected return on investment by the Company's investors. The cost of debt is based on the risk free market rate available in the market. Specific risk is incorporated by applying individual beta factors are evaluated annually based on publicly available market data. Adjustments to the discount rate are made to factor in the specific amount and timing of the future tax flows in order to reflect a pre-tax discount rate. The pre-tax discount rate used by the Company is 14.3% and 14.9% as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Management believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the key assumptions would cause the carrying value of the cash-generating unit to materially exceed its recoverable amount.



9. Deferred Exploration Costs

	2023	2022
Balances at beginning of year	₽132,093,198	₽132,009,841
Additions	497,331	83,357
Balances at end of year	132,590,529	132,093,198
Allowance for impairment losses	(8,843,918)	(8,843,918)
Net book value	₽ 123,746,611	₱123,249,280

Deferred exploration costs include, among others, acquisition of rights to explore, topographical and geophysical studies, exploratory drilling, trenching, sampling and activities in relation to evaluating the technical feasibility of extracting mineral resources.

Noncash acquisition of deferred exploration costs amounted to nil, nil and ₱25.9 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The carrying value of the Company's deferred exploration costs were incurred in relation to the following:

- MPSA-V-0041 dated July 19, 1991 and AMA-V-0270 dated October 29,1998 which were returned to the MGB Regional office in view of the moratorium on the grant of Mineral Agreement pursuant to the pertinent provisions of Section 4 of the Executive Order (EO) No. 79 issued by the President of the Philippines on July 6, 2012. On November 26, 2021, these were converted into an Exploration Permit and was renumbered as EXPA-000233-V and EXPA-000234-V, respectively.
- APSA-000375-V dated February 7, 2006 which has been converted into an Exploration Permit on February 4, 2013 and now is renumbered as EXPA-000180-V. On June 24, 2016, MGB issued a memorandum for the clearance to issue the exploration permit but was held in abeyance in view of the Moratorium on the processing and approval of mining applications pursuant to Department Memorandum order (DMO) No. 2016-01 dated July 8, 2016; and,
- Exploration Permit No. EP-016-2016-V, formerly EXPA-000180-V, which was issued on August 20, 2018 by MGB Regional Office No. V, Legazpi City. On February 3, 2021, the MGB certified the Company's compliance with the terms and conditions set forth in the exploration permit. On February 4, 2021, the Company filed its Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility under EP-016-2016-V to MGB Regional Office prior to exploration permit expiration. Once approved, the Company may file for Mineral Processing Sharing Agreement (MPSA).

No additional impairment loss was recognized in 2023 and 2022. The Longos Mine still has an estimated ore reserve of 1.6 million metric tons (MT) at 11.05 gram per ton of gold (Au g/t) with an estimated mineable reserve of 1.8 million MT at 9.88 Au g/t. Based on the estimates of ore reserves calculated by qualified technical personnel and certified by a competent geologists and mine engineers hired by the Company, the carrying value of the above assets, including that of the related property, plant and equipment, is not higher than the estimated fair value less costs to sell of the mineable reserves.



10. Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

	2023	2022
Royalty payable (see Note 21)	₽604,685,014	₽532,552,695
Accrued interest on:		
Redeemable Class B preferred shares		
(see Note 12)	221,161,642	217,161,642
Bonds payable	106,773,534	107,836,139
Redeemable Class A preferred shares		
(see Note 12)	69,584,968	68,364,968
Due to related parties (see Note 11)	66,560,071	66,560,071
Royalty payable (see Note 21)	35,536,167	31,256,029
Others	1,925,987	1,925,987
Dividends payable (see Note 12)	20,022,233	20,022,233
Nontrade payables	2,146,520	8,000
Accruals:	, ,	,
Third parties:		
Salaries and wages	7,392,247	7,392,247
Professional and consultancy fees	4,453,974	4,308,778
Taxes and licenses	61,075	61,075
Related parties:	,	,
Rental and utilities (see Note 11)	2,431,124	2,431,124
Others	18,156,623	17,009,948
	₽1,160,891,179	₽1,076,890,936

Terms and conditions of the aforementioned liabilities are as follows:

- Accrued interest on bonds pertains to unpaid dollar-denominated interest on bonds, which were converted into equity shares in 1999. In 2008, some accrued interest on bonds payable were converted to equity (see Note 15). The movement in the remaining accrued interest payable of US\$1.9 million pertains to the translation adjustments and is due and demandable.
- Accrued interest on royalty payable pertains to the interest on unpaid royalty due under the Operating Agreement with CMI (see Note 21). The loan to CMI and the accrued interest is payable within one (1) year from the date of the note payable, and if the loan is not paid within the agreement, a new promissory note from the Company shall be made amounting to the original principal of the loan plus accrued interest to-date.
- Dividends payable pertains to the cash dividends which remains outstanding as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 (see Note 12).
- Accrued salaries and wages and professional fees are noninterest-bearing and generally settled within thirty (30) days.
- Others consist mainly of statutory payables and payables to third parties which are already due and demandable. Statutory payables are expected to be paid within thirty (30) days.



11. Related Party Transactions

Related party relationships exist when one party has the ability to control, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Such relationships also exist between and/or among entities which are under common control with the reporting enterprise, or between and/or among the reporting enterprise and their key management personnel, directors, or its stockholders. In considering each related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

The Company, in its regular course of business, has entered into transactions with related parties at terms and conditions agreed upon by the parties.

			Accrued			
		Transactions	rental and			
		During the	utilities	Accruals	Due to	
Related Party	Year	Year	(see Note 10)	(see Note 10)	Related Parties	Terms and Condition
Entities under common control Alakor Corporation (Alakor)	ol					
Loans (see Note 11a)	2023	₽_	₽_	₽-	₽120,000,000	10% interest bearing;
,	2022	₽–	₽–	₽_	₽120,000,000	Due and demandable; Unsecured
Interest (see Note 10)	2023	_	_	39,313,795	_	Due and demandable;
	2022	_	_	39,313,795	_	Unsecured
Advances (see Note 11c)	2023	_	_	_	75,684,098	12% interest bearing;
riavances (see riote rio)	2022	-	_	_	75,684,098	Due and demandable; Unsecured
Interest (see Note 10)	2023			27,246,276		Due and demandable;
interest (see Note 10)	2022	_	_	27,246,276	_	Unsecured
Due to (see Note 11d)	2023	_	_	_	18,630,000	Noninterest-bearing
Bue to (see Note 114)	2022	_	_	_	18,630,000	Unsecured
Accrued expenses	2023	_	_	_	766,771	Noninterest-bearing;
(see Note 11b)	2022	_	_	_	766,771	Due and demandable; Unsecured
National Book Store, Inc. (NBS)						
Due to (see Note 11d)	2023	_	_	_	14,400,714	Noninterest-bearing;
Anglo Phil. Holding Corp.	2022	_	_	_	14,400,714	Due and demandable Unsecured
(APHC)						
Due to (see Note 11d)	2023	16,458,333	_	_	103,414,283	Noninterest-bearing
(2022	15,058,695	_	_	86,955,950	Due and demandable Unsecured
Abacus Book and Card Corporation (Abacus)						
Due to (see Note 11d)	2023 2022	- -		_	493,413 493,413	Noninterest-bearing Due and demandable Unsecured
The Philodrill Corporation (TPC)						Onsecureu
Accrued expenses	2023	_	1,376,801	_	_	Noninterest-bearing
(see Note 11b)	2022	_	1,376,801	_	_	Due and demandable Unsecured

(Forward)



		Transactions	Accrued rental and			
		During the	utilities	Accruals	Due to	
Related Party	Year	Year	(see Note 10)	(see Note 10)	Related Parties	Terms and Condition
Vulcan Industrial & Mining						_
Corp. (VIMC)						
Accrued expenses	2023	_	₽1,054,323	₽–	₽_	Noninterest-bearing
(see Note 11b)	2022	_	₽1,054,323	₽–	₽–	Due and demandable
						Unsecured
	2023		₽2,431,124	₽66,560,071	₽333,389,279	
	2022		₽2,431,124	₽66,560,071	₽316,930,946	

a. On September 20, 2011, the Company entered into loan agreement with Alakor, a company under common control, to finance the Company's cost of conducting feasibility study on the Longos Gold Project and provided for its general working capital requirements. The unsecured loan amounts to ₱250.0 million with 10% interest per annum due 36 months after drawdown date. In 2011, drawdown amounted to ₱120.0 million. There were no additional drawdowns in 2023 and 2022.

The loan agreement gives the following rights to Alakor:

- Option to convert, at any time after the earliest draw down date, all amounts outstanding under the loan into equity of the Company at ₱0.018 per share.
- Subscribe to no more than 2,700,000 shares of the Company at ₱0.018 per share within five (5) years from the execution of the loan documents.

On September 30, 2020, the BOD approved to include a new conversion price per share in the loan agreement with Alakor which is to be renegotiated and determined by the BOD under such terms and conditions as it may deem proper and subject to compliance with law, rules and regulations. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the conversion price is still for renegotiation.

- b. Accrued expenses due to Alakor, TPC and VIMC pertain to rental and utilities charged by the related parties to the Company.
- c. Advances from Alakor consist of loans and advances that are covered by promissory notes subject to roll-over every ninety (90) days with interest at twelve percent (12%) per annum. These are used to finance the Company's capital expenditures and working capital requirements.
- d. Due to Alakor, NBS, APHC, and Abacus pertain to advances for working capital purposes.

On December 29, 2018, VIMC executed a Deed of Assignment (the Deed) assigning its rights in Negros Copper Projects to the Company (see Note 21).

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, all outstanding balances with related parties are expected to be settled in cash.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel compensation in the form of short-term benefits amounted to ₱0.6 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

The Company's related party transactions which are 10% and above of the total assets are reviewed and approved by the Related Party Transactions Committee.



Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

	January 1, 2023	Additions	Payments	December 31, 2023
Due to related parties Redeemable preferred	₽316,930,946	₽16,458,333	P-	₽333,389,279
shares	26,100,000	_	_	26,100,000
	₽343,030,946	₽16,458,333	₽_	₽359,489,279
	January 1, 2022	Additions	Payments	December 31, 2022
Due to related parties Redeemable preferred shares	₱301,872,251 26,100,000	₱15,058,695 -	P	₱316,930,946 26,100,000
•	₽327,972,251	₽15,058,695	₽-	₽343,030,946

12. Redeemable Preferred Shares

	Shares	Par value	Amount
Class A			
December 31, 2007	13,500,000	₽1.00	₽13,500,000
Effect of capital restructuring in 2008:			
Decrease in par value (see Note 15)	_	(0.50)	(6,750,000)
Conversion of preferred shares to common			
shares (see Note 15)	(1,300,000)	_	(650,000)
Balances at December 31, 2023, 2022 and			_
2021	12,200,000	₽0.50	₽6,100,000
Class B			
December 31, 2007	400,000	₽100.00	₽40,000,000
Effect of capital restructuring in 2008:			
Decrease in par value (see Note 15)	_	(50.00)	(20,000,000)
Balances at December 31, 2023, 2022 and	_		
2021	400,000	50.00	20,000,000
Total redeemable preferred shares	12,600,000	₽-	₽26,100,000

The Company's preferred shares carry features or characteristics that provide for redemption on a specific date which constitutes a financial liability. As such, the Company's preferred shares are presented under current liabilities in the statements of financial position, in accordance with PAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*.

Class A

The holders of Class A preferred shares shall be entitled to a cumulative yearly dividend at the rate of 20%, payable annually, on the dates to be fixed by the BOD. Each Class A preferred share shall be redeemed at the option of the Company's BOD before May 5, 1992 at the price of ₱1.00 each share plus dividends accrued and unpaid at the date of redemption.

In April 1994, the Company notified the holders of Class A preferred shares of its intent to redeem the shares. Subsequently, redemption of redeemable preferred shares was moved and will be made at the discretion of the BOD to be determined at some future time.



On October 21, 1994, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends in the amount of ₱26.5 million or ₱0.0098 per share to all Preferred "A" stockholders of record as at October 31, 1994 either payable not later than October 1, 1995 or may be applied against any of the unpaid subscriptions for common shares issued under the first and second 1994 stock rights offerings. A substantial portion of these cash dividends equivalent to ₱20.0 million remains outstanding as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 (see Note 10).

The dividends accruing on Class A preferred shares from November 1,1994 to December 31, 2023 and 2022 that have not been declared amounted to ₱69.6 million and ₱68.4 million, respectively. The corresponding liabilities for these dividends were recorded in the books under "Accrued interest" (see Note 10). As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, certain Class A preferred shares and the related accrued dividends were converted to equity in 2008.

Interest expense amounted to \$\P\$1.2 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021 (see Note 17).

Class B

The holders of Class B preferred shares shall not be entitled to any dividend. Each Class B preferred share shall be subject to redemption before April 10, 1994 at the price of ₱100 for each share. In April 1994, the Company notified the holders of Class B preferred shares of its intent to redeem.

Subsequently, the redemption date was moved and will be made at the discretion of the BOD to be determined at some future time. The redemption amount will earn 20% interest per annum from April 10, 1994 until paid.

As at December 31, 2023, and 2022, accrued interest on Class B preferred shares amounted to ₱221.2 and ₱217.2 million, respectively (see Note 10).

Interest expense amounted to \$\frac{1}{2}4.0\$ million in 2023, 2022 and 2021 (see Note 17).

13. Retirement Benefit Obligation

The Company has an unfunded defined benefits retirement plan covering substantially all of its employees. The benefit is based on certain percentage of the member's final monthly salary and length of service with the Company.

Under the existing regulatory framework, Republic Act 7641, *Retirement Pay Law* requires a provision for retirement pay to qualified private sector employees in the absence of any retirement plan in the entity, provided however that the employee's retirement benefits under any collective bargaining and other agreements shall not be less than those provided under the law. The law does not require minimum funding of the plan.

The following tables summarize the components of retirement benefits costs and obligation recognized in the Company's statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position, respectively.



The details of retirement benefit expense are as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Current service cost	₽_	₽62,511	₽78,318
Interest cost	-	43,032	38,439
	₽_	₽105,543	₽116,757

The movements in present value of the retirement benefit obligation are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balances at beginning of year	₽940,167	₽843,761
Retirement benefit expense recognized in profit or		
loss:		
Current service cost	_	62,511
Interest cost	_	43,032
	_	105,543
Remeasurement loss (gain) in other comprehensive		
income:		
Experience adjustments	_	116,047
Change in financial assumptions	_	(125,184)
	-	(9,137)
Benefits paid by the Company	-	_
Balances at end of year	₽ 940,167	₽940,167

The Company does not have any plan assets as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. The cost of defined retirement benefits plan, as well as the present value of the retirement benefits obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions.

The principal assumptions used in determining retirement benefit obligation for the defined retirement plan are shown below:

	2023	2022
Discount rate	7.30%	7.30%
Salary increase rate	5.00%	5.00%

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of each significant assumption on the defined benefit obligation as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, assuming all other assumptions were held constant:

	Increase		
	(Decrease)	2023	2022
Discount rates	+1.00%	(₽92,119)	(₱92,119)
	-1.00%	104,004	104,004
Salary increase rate	+1.00%	₽105,361	₽105,361
	-1.00%	(94,864)	(94,864)

The Company does not have a Trustee Bank and does not currently employ any asset-liability matching.



Shown below is the maturity analysis of the undiscounted benefit payments as at December 31:

	2023	2022
More than 1 year to 5 years	₽_	₽_
More than 5 years to 10 years	589,345	589,345
More than 10 years	3,373,641	3,373,641
	₽3,962,986	₽3,962,986

The average duration of the defined benefit obligation as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 is 11.9 years, respectively.

14. Provision for Mine Rehabilitation and Decommissioning Costs

DENR Administrative Order (DAO) No. 2007-26, which was published in the Philippine Star on August 9, 2007 and took effect 15 days thereafter, was released by the DENR, amending Section 2 of DAO 2005-7 and requires Contractors with approved Environmental Protection and Enhancement Programs (EPEP) to submit the Final Mine Rehabilitation and Decommissioning Plan (FMRDP) for review by the Mine Rehabilitation Fund (MRF) Committee and approval by the Contingent Liability and Rehabilitation Fund Steering Committee before December 31, 2007.

The Company's Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) expired in July 1999. In preparation of its planned reopening and rehabilitation of the Longos Mine, the Company requested for the renewal of the said ECC. The DENR required the Company to prepare an Environmental Performance Report and Management Program (EPRMP) for its evaluation and approval prior to the renewal of the ECC. After the issuance of the new ECC, the Company will be required to prepare an EPEP, FMRDP and Social Development Management Program (SDMP). The FMRDP will be the basis for determining the amount required for the provision of mine rehabilitation and decommissioning costs. Provision for mine rehabilitation and decommissioning costs will be made once the Company's EPEP, FMRDP and SDMP are submitted and approved by the Mines Geosciences Bureau (MGB). On October 8, 2010, the Company, after satisfying the requirements and upon recommendation of the Environmental Management Bureau, was granted an ECC for the Longos Mining Project located at Sitio Longos, Paracale, Camarines Norte.

On January 7, 2011, the Company submitted a revised EPEP and FMRDP to the MGB subject for evaluation and approval which were not yet approved until the Company received a notice of cancellation of the ECC for its Longos Mine Project on December 19, 2016. Cancellation was raised on the ground that the said project was never implemented since the issuance of the ECC, citing Item 10 (d) of DENR Administrative Order No. 2003-30.

As at April 26, 2024, the Company is in the process of revalidation of ECC upon submission of Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) of Longos Project for review and evaluation of the Environmental Management Bureau. The Company is also waiting for the approval of the MGB Central Office on the filed DMPF prior to application to MPSA of the EP-016-2016-V, while the MPSA-V-0041 and AMA-V-0270 were granted exploration permit application and was renumbered as EXPA-000233-V and EXPA-000234-V, respectively. Hence, there is no reasonable basis for estimating the provision for mine rehabilitation and decommissioning costs.



15. Capital Stock and Capital Restructuring

The movements in authorized common shares are as follows:

		Authorized shares		
		Shares	Par value	Amount
Decemb	er 31, 2007	1,850,000,000	₽1.00	₽1,850,000,000
Capital 1	restructuring in 2008:			
a)	Decrease in authorized capital stock	(435,000,000)	_	(435,000,000)
		1,415,000,000	1.00	1,415,000,000
b)	Change in par value from ₱1.00 to ₱0.50 per share	1,415,000,000	0.50	
		2,830,000,000	0.50	1,415,000,000
c)	Reduction in par value from			
	proportionate increase in number of shares	138,670,000,000	(0.49)	
		141,500,000,000	0.01	1,415,000,000
d)	Increase in authorized capital stock	255,825,000,000	0.01	2,558,250,000
Balance	s at December 31, 2023 and 2022	397,325,000,000	₽0.01	₽3,973,250,000

Below is the Company's track record of registration of securities under the Securities Regulation Code of the SEC:

Date of Approval or		Number of Shares	Issue or		
Date of Effectivity	Description	Registered	Offer Price	Balance	Amount
April 10, 1970	Initial Capital	500,000,000	₽0.01	500,000,000	₽5,000,000
<u> </u>	Increase in authorized				
January 29, 1990	capital stock:				
-	Common shares	50,000,000,000	0.01	50,000,000,000	500,000,000
	Preferred Class A	2,700,000,000	0.01	2,700,000,000	27,000,000
	Preferred Class B	5,000,000	100.00	5,000,000	500,000,000
Balance as at January	29, 1990	52,705,000,000		52,705,000,000	1,027,000,000
<u> </u>	Increase in authorized				
April 8, 1994	capital stock:				
-	Common shares	200,000,000,000	0.01	200,000,000,000	2,000,000,000
	Preferred Class A	_	0.01	_	_
	Preferred Class B	_	100.00	_	
		200,000,000,000		200,000,000,000	2,000,000,000
Balance as at April 8	, 1994	252,705,000,000		252,705,000,000	3,027,000,000
<u> </u>	Change in par value of				
	common shares from				
August 28, 1997	₱0.01 to ₱1.00				
	Common shares	2,500,000,000	1.00	2,500,000,000	2,500,000,000
	Preferred Class A	2,700,000,000	0.01	2,700,000,000	27,000,000
	Preferred Class B	5,000,000	1.00	5,000,000	500,000,000
Balance as at August		5,205,000,000		5,205,000,000	3,027,000,000
	Decrease in outstanding				
	capital stock by 50% and				
	reclassification of				
	2,200,000 preferred				
	shares to common shares				
	and change in par value				
	of preferred A shares				
November 26, 1999	from ₱0.01 to ₱1.00				
	Common shares	(650,000,000)	₽1.00	(650,000,000)	(P 650,000,000)
	Preferred Class A	(13,500,000)	1.00	(13,500,000)	(13,500,000)
	Preferred Class B	(4,600,000)	100.00	(4,600,000)	(460,000,000)
		(668,100,000)		(668,100,000)	(1,123,500,000)
Balance as at Novem	ber 26, 1999	1,863,900,000		1,863,900,000	1,903,500,000

(Forward)



Date of Approval or		Number of Shares	Issue or		
Date of Effectivity	Description	Registered	Offer Price	Balance	Amount
	Decrease of authorized				
	capital stock from				
	₱1,903,500,000 to				
July 24, 2008	₱1,441,750,000				
	Common shares	(435,000,000)	₽1.00	(435,000,000)	(P 435,000,000)
	Preferred Class A	(6,750,000)	1.00	(6,750,000)	(6,750,000)
	Preferred Class B	(200,000)	100.00	(200,000)	(20,000,000)
		(441,950,000)		(441,950,000)	(461,750,000)
Balance after decreas	e of authorized				
capital stock		1,421,950,000		1,421,950,000	1,441,750,000
	Decrease in par value of				
	common shares from				
	₱1.00 to ₱0.01, Class A				
	from ₱1.00 to ₱				
	0.50/share and Class B				
	from ₱100.00 to				
July 24, 2008	₽50.0/share				
	Common shares	141,500,000,000	0.01	141,500,000,000	1,415,000,000
	Preferred Class A	13,500,000	0.50	13,500,000	6,750,000
	Preferred Class B	400,000	50.00	400,000	20,000,000
		141,513,900,000		141,513,900,000	1,441,750,000
	Increase in				
July 24, 2008	capital stock				
	Common shares	255,825,000,000	0.01	255,825,000,000	2,558,250,000
Balance as at Decemb	per 31, 2023 and 2022	397,338,900,000	₽0.01	397,338,900,000	₽4,000,000,000

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there were no movements in the Company's registered securities. There are 1,181 and 1,185 shareholders who hold billion shares as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The movements in issued common shares are as follows:

	Issued Shares		
	Shares	Par value	Amount
Balances at December 31, 2007	867,455,231	₽1.00	₽867,455,231
Capital restructuring in 2008:			
a) Change in par value from			
₱1.00 to ₱0.50 per share	_	(0.50)	(433,727,615)
b) Reduction in par value from			
increase in number of shares	42,505,306,319	(0.49)	_
	43,372,761,550	0.01	433,727,616
c) Debt-to-equity conversion	217,942,035,530	0.01	2,179,420,355
Balances at December 31, 2023			
and 2022	261,314,797,080	₽0.01	₽2,613,147,971

On July 24, 2008, the SEC approved the Company's capital restructuring plan consisting of the following:

a. Decrease the Company's issued capital stock by 50% or ₱460.5 million by reducing the par value of common and Preferred "A" shares from ₱1.00 to ₱0.50 per share and Preferred "B" shares from ₱100.00 to ₱50.00 per share, and accordingly decrease its authorized capital stock from ₱1.9 billion to ₱1.4 billion. The decrease in capital stock and in the redeemable preferred shares was applied against the Company's deficit (see Note 12).



- b. Further reduction in the par value of the Company's common shares from ₱0.50 to ₱0.01 per share with the corresponding increase in number of shares.
- c. Increase in the authorized capital stock from ₱1.4 billion to ₱4.0 billion divided into 397.3 billion common shares with par value of ₱0.01 each; 13.5 million Class A preferred shares with the par value of ₱0.50 each; 400.0 thousand Class B preferred shares with par value of ₱50.00 each. The Company issued ₱2.2 billion worth of common shares with a par value of ₱0.01 per share paid by way of conversion of existing liabilities of the Company to related parties (see Note 12).

In June and October 2007, the Company obtained the approval of related party creditors for the conversion of their loans, advances and accrued interests to common shares of stock of the Company as part of the capital restructuring plan, with the following terms and conditions:

- The interest on the loans and advances shall be reduced from 24% per annum to 18% per annum effective April 1, 2007;
- The cut-off date for the accruals of interest on the loans and advances shall be June 30, 2007 to facilitate the conversion process;
- If for whatever reason, the debt conversion process does not materialize as planned, accruals of interest at the reduced rate of 18% per annum shall resume starting July 1, 2007.

The following is the summary of amounts converted to equity in 2008:

Advances from related parties and the corresponding accrued interest	₽ 2,010,448,878
Accrued rental and utilities payable	5,123,782
Guarantee fee payable	144,104,494
Accrued interest on bonds payable	14,321,555
Nontrade payables	4,272,333
Redeemable Preferred "A" shares and dividends payable	1,149,313
	₽2,179,420,355

The Philippine Stock Exchange ("Exchange") approved on December 14, 2011, the application of the Company to list 217.8 million common shares with a par value of ₱0.01 per share, to cover its debt-to-equity conversion transactions with its creditors at a conversion price of ₱0.01 per share. The total transaction value was ₱2.2 million.

As required by the Exchange, a separate listing application for the underlying common shares of convertible preferred shares of 114.9 million new shares will be filed with the Exchange once the necessary documentary requirements are available. On February 14, 2012, the listing application for the underlying common shares of convertible preferred shares was filed with the Exchange. The related underlying common shares were subsequently approved for listing with the Exchange.



16. General and Administrative Expenses

	2023	2022	2021
Provision for impairment losses on input VAT			
(see Note 7)	₽10,827,703	₽_	₽–
Outside services	5,813,101	5,150,525	150,663
Professional fees	3,276,545	2,210,818	429,604
Salaries and allowances	1,842,955	1,490,751	484,253
Land compensation damage	630,000	639,000	_
Subscription membership and dues	590,032	503,050	_
Representation and entertainment	443,172	900,209	376,177
Repairs and maintenance	388,715	266,424	_
Fuel and oil	372,380	402,480	_
Supplies	279,455	316,550	21,098
Insurance	278,859	436,587	310,513
Taxes and licenses	182,041	150,744	17,530
Transportation and travel	167,742	288,357	15,938
Utilities	126,238	164,669	69,701
Staff amenities	86,289	152,492	_
SSS, HMDF and other contributions	75,614	69,045	_
Rent	8,500	46,841	165,511
Depreciation (see Note 8)	4,086	86,700	_
Retirement benefit expense (see Note 13)	_	105,543	116,757
Provision for inventory obsolescence			
(see Note 6)	_	_	17,213,317
Others	345,586	162,951	122,864
	₽25,739,013	₽13,543,736	₽19,493,926

Others mainly comprise of mailing and postage charges, and seminars and training fees.

17. Interest Expenses

	2023	2022	2021
Royalty payable (see Note 21)	₽78,761,792	₽69,324,718	₽61,305,472
Redeemable preferred Class B shares (see Note 12)	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Redeemable preferred Class A shares			
(see Note 12)	1,220,000	1,220,000	1,220,000
	₽83,981,792	₽74,544,718	₽66,525,472

18. Other Income

Sale of scrap amounted to ₱0.8 million, nil and ₱0.4 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.



19. Income Taxes

The Company is subject to regular corporate income tax (RCIT) or minimum corporate income tax (MCIT), whichever is higher. The Company's provision for current income tax represents MCIT in 2023 and 2021 and has no provision for current income tax in 2022 since the Company is in a taxable loss and gross loss positions.

The reconciliation between the benefit from income tax computed at the statutory income tax rate and the provision for income tax as shown in the statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Income tax benefit at statutory income tax rate	(₽26,973,297)	(₱24,613,204)	(₱22,739,272)
Adjustments to income tax resulting from:			
Nondeductible expenses	21,116,509	18,874,138	16,725,412
Change in unrecognized deferred taxes	5,868,525	5,739,352	6,018,283
Nontaxable income	268,057	_	_
Interest already subjected to			
final tax	(432)	(286)	(479)
	₽279,362	₽–	₽3,944

The Company recognized the deferred tax liability on unrealized foreign exchange gain amounting to ₱268,057 and nil as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Company has the following deductible temporary differences for which no deferred tax assets were recognized as it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the benefit of the deferred tax assets can be utilized:

	2023	2022
Allowances for impairment losses on:		_
Property, plant and equipment (see Note 8)	₽141,702,959	₽141,702,959
Deferred exploration costs		
(see Note 9)	8,843,918	8,843,918
Receivable from employees and others		
(see Note 7)	1,664,976	1,664,976
Input VAT (see Note 7)	27,045,794	16,218,091
Allowance for inventory obsolescence (see Note 6)	28,316,264	28,316,264
NOLCO	28,458,126	14,784,727
Retirement benefit obligation (see Note 13)	940,167	940,167
MCIT	15,249	3,944

Bayanihan to Recover as One Act (Bayanihan 2)

On September 30, 2020, the BIR issued Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020 implementing Section 4 of Bayanihan 2 which states that the NOLCO incurred for taxable years 2020 and 2021 can be carried over as a deduction from gross income for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss. Subsequent to taxable year 2021, the period over which the carry-over of NOLCO can be offset against taxable income reverts to three consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss.



As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has accumulated NOLCO and excess MCIT over RCIT that can be carried forward and applied against the future taxable income and income tax due, respectively, as follows:

NOLCO

<u>2023</u>

		As at				As at
Year	Availment	January 1,				December 31,
Incurred	Period	2023	Additions	Expired	Applied	2023
2023	2024-2026	₽-	₽13,673,399	₽_	₽–	₽13,673,399
2022	2023-2025	12,486,359	_	_	_	12,486,359
2021	2022-2026	1,393,291	_	_	_	1,393,291
2020	2021-2025	905,077	_	_	_	905,077
•		₽14,784,727	₽13,673,399	₽–	₽–	₽28,458,126

<u>2022</u>

		As at				As at
	Availment	January 1,				December 31,
Year Incurred	Period	2022	Additions	Expired	Applied	2022
2022	2023-2025	₽_	₽12,486,359	₽–	₽_	₽12,486,359
2021	2022-2026	1,393,291	_	_	_	1,393,291
2020	2021-2025	905,077	_	_	_	905,077
2019	2020-2022	7,439,240	_	7,439,240	_	_
		₽9,737,608	₽12,486,359	(P 7,439,240)	₽_	₽14,784,727

MCIT

<u>2023</u>

		As at				As at
Year	Availment	January 1,				December 31,
Incurred	Period	2023	Additions	Expired	Applied	2023
2023	2024-2026	₽_	₽11,305	₽_	₽_	₽11,305
2021	2022-2024	3,944	_	_	_	3,944
		₽3,944	₽11,305	₽–	₽–	₽15,249
		₽ 3,944	¥11,305	* -	¥-	

<u>2022</u>

		As at				As at
	Availment	January 1,				December 31,
Year Incurred	l Period	2022	Additions	Expired	Applied	2022
2021	2022-2024	₽3,944	₽_	₽_	₽_	₽3,944

20. Basic and Diluted Loss Per Shares

Basic and diluted loss per share is computed as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Net loss for the year	₽108,172,548	₽98,452,815	₽90,961,031
Divided by weighted average number			
of common shares	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080
Basic and diluted loss per share	₽0.0004	₽0.0004	₽0.0003



The resulting per share amounts are the same for both basic and diluted earnings per share in 2023 and 2022, since the Company does not have any debt or equity securities that will potentially cause a loss per share dilution.

21. Commitments and Contingencies

Option and Operating Agreement with CMI

The Company entered into Option and Operating Agreement with CMI for the exploration, evaluation, operation, development and exploitation of certain mineral properties located in Camarines Norte. The Operating Agreement provides that should CMI at any time during the term decides to sell any of the mining leases covered by the Operating Agreement, the Company will have the right of first refusal.

The Operating Agreement, which expired on June 18, 2006, was renewed on July 30, 2007, consolidating the previous Option and Operating Agreements. The renewed Operating Agreement provides for the extension of the term for 25 years or co-terminus with the relevant mineral production sharing agreement to be approved by the Government of the Philippines and for the payment of royalties at 3.5% of the value of production from the covered mineral properties which amounted to ₱35.8 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Interest expense on royalty payable, which is at 14% interest rate compounded annually and covered by promissory notes, is recognized in the statements of comprehensive income amounting to ₱78.8 million, ₱69.3 million and ₱61.3 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 17). The total accrued interest payable included in the principal amounted to ₱568.9 million and ₱496.8 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Accrued interest payable to CMI amounted to ₱35.5 million and ₱31.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 10).

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, royalty payable to CMI amounted to ₱604.7 million and ₱532.6 million, respectively (see Note 10).

Assignment of Mine Rights from VIMC

On December 29, 2018, the Company and VIMC executed a Deed of Assignment (the "Deed") whereby VIMC assigns its rights and interests in Negros Copper Projects to the Company. As included in the Deed, the Company is also expected to assume various liabilities of VIMC including actual and contingent liabilities arising from or will arise related to the Negros Copper Projects.

On November 27, 2020, the MGB issued a memorandum to DENR recommending the approval of the assignment which the latter approved on December 22, 2020. Consequently, the related MPSAs to the projects were recorded in the name of the Company.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has not identified any actual and contingent liability arising from the assumption of mining rights. The Company will recognize the actual liabilities when they are determined with reasonable certainty.



22. Financial Risk Management and Capital Management

The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of cash, accounts payable and other current liabilities, due to related parties and redeemable preferred shares. The main purpose of the Company's dealings in financial instruments is to fund its operations and capital expenditures.

The risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign exchange risk.

The BOD has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management policies. The Finance & Accounting Manager is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. Issues affecting the operations of the Company are reported regularly to the BOD.

Management addresses the risks faced by the Company in the preparation of its annual operating budget. Mitigating strategies and procedures are also devised to address the risks that inevitably occur so as not to affect the Company's operations and forecasted results. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises principally from the Company's cash.

With respect to credit risk arising from cash, the Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. The Company manages the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and therefore does not expect to incur material financial losses.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company used general approach in the assessment of cash credit quality. The ECL relating to Company's cash is minimal as these are deposited in reputable banks which have good bank standing and is considered to have low credit risk.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due. Management is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, liquidity and funding risks, related processes and policies are overseen by the management. To effectively manage liquidity risk, the Company has arranged for funding from related parties and continues to dispose of scrap, obsolete and excess assets to raise additional funds.



The following table summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities and financial assets as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, based on contractual undiscounted cash flows. The analysis into relevant maturity groupings is based on the remaining term at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity dates, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

2023

	On demand	Within 6 Months	6 to 12 Months	Over 1 year	Total
Financial Asset:					
Cash	₽2,939,237	₽_	₽_	₽_	₽2,939,237
Financial Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other					
current liabilities*	1,160,702,914	_	_	_	1,160,702,914
Due to related parties	333,389,279	_	_	_	333,389,279
Redeemable preferred shares	26,100,000	_	_	_	26,100,000
Total Financial Liabilities	1,520,192,193	_	_	_	1,520,192,193
Net Financial Liabilities	(₱1,517,252,956)	₽_	₽_	₽_	(₽1,517,252,956)

^{*}excluding statutory payables amounting to ₱188,265

2022

		Within 6	6 to 12		
	On demand	Months	Months	Over 1 year	Total
Financial Asset:					
Cash	₽391,926	₽_	₽_	₽_	₽391,926
Financial Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other					
current liabilities*	1,076,702,671	_	_	_	1,076,702,671
Due to related parties	316,930,946	_	_	_	316,930,946
Redeemable preferred shares	26,100,000	_	_	_	26,100,000
Total Financial Liabilities	1,419,733,617	_	_	_	1,419,733,617
Net Financial Liabilities	(₱1,419,341,691)	₽_	₽–	₽_	(P 1,419,341,691)

^{*}excluding statutory payables amounting to ₱188,265

Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk to earnings or capital arising from changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company uses its functional currency and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange movements, primarily on the US Dollar (US\$). The Company follows a policy to manage this risk by closely monitoring its cash flow position and by providing forecast on its exposures in non-peso currency.

The Company's net exposure to foreign exchange risk arises from \$-denominated accrued interest and other current liabilities.

Information on the Company's \$-denominated monetary liabilities and their ₱ equivalent is as follows:

	20)23	20	2022		
	US\$	₽	US\$	₽		
Accrued interest on bonds payable	1,928,364	106,773,514	1,933,934	107,836,159		
Other current liabilities	17,461	966,815	17,511	976,413		

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the exchange rate of \mathbb{P} to the US\$ is $\mathbb{P}55.37$ and $\mathbb{P}55.76$, respectively.



The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in Philippine Peso/US Dollar exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's loss before income tax. There is no other impact on the Company's equity other than those affecting the statements of comprehensive income.

	Change in exch	Change in exchange rate		
	\$ strengthens by 5%	\$ weakens by 5%		
Decrease (increase) in loss before income	tax and equity			
2023	(P 5,387,017)	₽5,387,017		
2022	(P 5,440,629)	₽5,440,629		
2021	(P 4,922,354)	₽4,922,354		

Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the amount at which the financial instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction, other than in a forced liquidation or sale. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices, discounted cash flow models and option pricing models, as appropriate.

Cash, Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities, Due to Related Parties and Redeemable Preferred Shares

The carrying amounts of cash, accounts payable and other current liabilities, due to related parties and redeemable preferred shares are equal or approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities and are considered due and demandable.

During the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 of fair value measurements.

Capital Management

The Company maintains a capital base to cover risks inherent in the business. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to increase the value of shareholders' investment. The Company sets strategies with the objective of establishing a versatile and resourceful financial management and capital structure upon commencement of its operations.

The BOD has overall responsibility for monitoring of capital in proportion to risk. Profiles for capital ratios are set in the light of changes in the Company's external environment and the risks underlying the Company's business operations and industry. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Note 2 discusses management plans on how to address the Company's deficit.

The following table summarizes what the Company considers as its total capital as at December 31:

	2023	2022
Capital stock	₽ 2,613,147,971	₽2,613,147,971
Additional paid-in capital	19,449,376	19,449,376
Deficit	(3,033,203,047)	(2,925,030,499)
	(P 400,605,700)	(₱292,433,152)

The Company is not exposed to externally imposed capital requirements.



23. Segment Reporting

The Company has only one (1) operating segment which is the mining business. There is no geographical segment information presented since its business is located in the Philippines.

24. Supplementary Tax Information Required Under Revenue Regulations (RR) 15-2010

In compliance with the requirements set forth by Revenue Regulations 15-2010, the Company reported and paid the following types of taxes for the year ended December 31, 2023:

VAT

The Company is a VAT-registered company with no declared sale subject to output VAT.

Input VAT declared in the Company's VAT returns filed in 2023 follows:

Balance at January 1, 2023	₽4,119,321
Current year's domestic payments for:	
Domestic purchase of goods other than capital goods	25,636
Domestic purchases of services	237,696
Balance at December 31, 2023	₽4,382,653

Withholding Taxes

The below summarizes the total withholding taxes paid or accrued by the Company:

Withholding taxes on compensation and benefits	₽185,856
Expanded withholding taxes	118,441
	₽304,297

Other Taxes and Licenses

Taxes and licenses, local and national, include real property taxes, licenses and permit fees are as follows:

Permits and licenses \$\mathbb{P}182,041\$

Tax Assessments and Cases

The Company has not received any final assessment notice from the BIR and has no pending tax cases under preliminary investigation, litigation, and/or prosecution in courts or bodies outside of the BIR as at December 31, 2023.





SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines Tel: (632) 8891 0307 Fax: (632) 8819 0872 ey.com/ph

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors United Paragon Mining Corporation 6th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum Building 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the accompanying financial statements of United Paragon Mining Corporation as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, included in this Form 17-A, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2024. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules listed in the Index to the Financial Statements are the responsibilities of the Company's management. These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, and are not part of the basic financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Ma. Genalin O. Arevalo

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 108517

Tax Identification No. 224-024-926

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, April 16, 2024, valid until August 23, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-123-2023, January 25, 2023, valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10079898, January 5, 2024, Makati City

April 26, 2024



UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION INDEX TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES SEC FORM 17-A DECEMBER 31, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

Report of Independent Auditors

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022

Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021

Statements of Changes in Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021

Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021

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Report of Independent Auditor's on Supplementary Schedules

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SCHEDULE II Map of the Relationships of the Companies within the Group

SCHEDULE III Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration

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SCHEDULE B. Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (other than Related Parties)

SCHEDULE C. Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements

SCHEDULE D. Intangible Assets - Other Assets

SCHEDULE E. Long-Term Debt

SCHEDULE F. Indebtedness to Related Parties (Long-Term Loans from Related Companies)

SCHEDULE G. Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers

SCHEDULE H. Capital Stock

SCHEDULE I UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION FINANCIAL RATIOS PURSUANT TO REVISED SRC RULE 68 DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Profitability Ratios:		
Return on assets	-9.64%	-8.72%
Return on equity	-27.09%	33.81%
Gross profit margin	-	_
Net profit margin	_	_
Liquidity and Solvency Ratios:		
Current ratio	0.0020:1	0.0003:1
Quick ratio	0.0020:1	0.0003:1
Solvency ratio	-0.0695:1	-0.0676:1
Financial Leverage Ratios:		
Asset to equity ratio	-2.81:1	-3.88:1
Debt ratio	1.36:1	1.26:1
Debt to equity ratio	-3.81:1	-4.88:1
Interest coverage ratio	-0.29:1	-0.32:1

SCHEDULE II

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION MAP OF THE RELATIONSHIPS OF THE COMPANIES WITHIN THE GROUP PURSUANT TO REVISED SRC RULE 68 DECEMBER 31, 2023

United Paragon Mining Corporation

(The Company; Reporting Company)

Note: The Company does not have any subsidiary or associate as at December 31, 2023.

SCHEDULE III UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION

PURSUANT TO REVISED SRC RULE 68 AND SEC MEMORANDUM CIRCULAR NO. 11

As at December 31, 2023

Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted, beginning Add: Net loss actually earned/realized during the period Net income during the period closed to Retained Earnings Less: Non-actual/unrealized income net of tax	Unappropriated Retained Earnings, beginning Adjustments:	-	(₱2,925,030,499) - (2,925,030,499)
Net income during the period closed to Retained Earnings Less: Non-actual/unrealized income net of tax	Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted, beginning		(2,923,030,499)
Less: Non-actual/unrealized income net of tax Equity in net income of associate/joint venture Unrealized foreign exchange gain - net (except those attributable to cash) Unrealized actuarial gain Fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) Fair value adjustment of investment property resulting to gain Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - gain Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under PFRS Subtotal Add: Non-actual losses Depreciation on revaluation increment (after tax) Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - loss Loss on fair value adjustment of investment property (after tax) Subtotal Net loss actually earned during the period Appropriations of retained earnings Reversals of appropriations Effects of prior period adjustments Treasury shares Subtotal Subtotal	Add: Net loss actually earned/realized during the period	(108,172,548)	
Equity in net income of associate/joint venture Unrealized foreign exchange gain - net (except those attributable to cash) Unrealized actuarial gain Fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) Fair value adjustment of investment property resulting to gain Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - gain Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under PFRS Subtotal Add: Non-actual losses Depreciation on revaluation increment (after tax) Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - loss Loss on fair value adjustment of investment property (after tax) Subtotal Net loss actually earned during the period Appropriations of retained earnings Reversals of appropriations Effects of prior period adjustments Treasury shares Subtotal Subtotal	Net income during the period closed to Retained Earnings		
Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - loss Loss on fair value adjustment of investment property (after tax) Subtotal Net loss actually earned during the period Add (Less): Dividend declarations during the period Appropriations of retained earnings Reversals of appropriations Effects of prior period adjustments Treasury shares Subtotal - 4 Subtotal	Equity in net income of associate/joint venture Unrealized foreign exchange gain - net (except those attributable to cash) Unrealized actuarial gain Fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) Fair value adjustment of investment property resulting to gain Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - gain Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under PFRS Subtotal Add: Non-actual losses	- - - - - - -	
Add (Less): Dividend declarations during the period Appropriations of retained earnings Reversals of appropriations Effects of prior period adjustments Treasury shares Subtotal Add (Less):	Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - loss Loss on fair value adjustment of investment property (after tax)	- - - -	
Dividend declarations during the period Appropriations of retained earnings Reversals of appropriations Effects of prior period adjustments Treasury shares Subtotal — — — —	Net loss actually earned during the period	-	(108,172,548)
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted, ending†	Dividend declarations during the period Appropriations of retained earnings Reversals of appropriations Effects of prior period adjustments Treasury shares	- - - -	
	Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted, ending†	=	₽-

[†]Amount is zero since the reconciliation results to a deficit

SCHEDULE A

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION FINANCIAL ASSETS IN EQUITY SECURITIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of issuing entity and	Number of shares or principal	Amount shown in the balances sheet	
association of each issue	amounts of bonds and notes	(figures in thousands)	Income received and accrued

SCHEDULE B

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, RELATED PARTIES AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS (OTHER THAN RELATED PARTIES) DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name and Designation of Debtor	Balance at Beginning period	Additions	Amounts Collected / Settlements	Amounts Written-off	Current	Not Current	Balance at end period
			NOT APP	LICABLE			

SCHEDULE C

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING THE CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name and							
Designation	Balance at	A ₁	nounts Collected	Amounts			Balance
of Debtor	Beginning period	Additions	/Settlements	Written-off	Current	Not Current	at end period
	<u> </u>						

SCHEDULE D

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION INTANGIBLE ASSETS - OTHER ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Description	Beginning balance	Additions at cost	Charged to cost and expenses	Charged to other accounts	Other changes additions (deductions)	Ending balance
			NOT APPLICABL	E		

SCHEDULE E

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

LONG-TERM DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

		Amount shown under the caption	Amount shown under the caption
Title of Issue and		"Current Portion of long-term	"Long-term borrowings- net of current
type of obligation	Amount authorized by: Indenture	borrowings" in related balance sheet	portion" in related balance sheet

SCHEDULE F

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION INDEBTEDNESS TO RELATED PARTIES (LONG-TERM LOANS FROM RELATED COMPANIES) DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of Related Party

Balance at beginning of period

Balance at end of period

SCHEDULE G

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION **GUARANTEES OF SECURITIES OF OTHER ISSUERS DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Name of issuing entity of securities guaranteed by the Parent Company for which this statement is filed

Title of issue of each class of Total amount guaranteed and securities guaranteed

outstanding

Amount owed by person for which statement is filed

Nature of guarantee

SCHEDULE H

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION CAPITAL STOCK DECEMBER 31, 2023

The Company's authorized share capital is $\mathbb{P}4.0$ billion divided into 397.3 billion shares at $\mathbb{P}0.01$ par value. As at December 31, 2023, total shares issued and outstanding is 261,314,797,080 held by 1,180 shareholders.

			Number of					
		Number of shares issued	shares reserved					
		and outstanding as	for option,					
		shown under related	warrants,		Principal/	No of shares		
	Number of shares	financial condition	conversions and	Directors and	Substantial	held by		
Title of Issue	authorized	caption	other rights	Officers	Stockholders	Government	Banks	Others
Common Stock	397,325,000,000	261,314,797,080	_	399,562,501	205,647,268,	035 –	_	55,267,966,544

Annex A: Reporting Template

(For additional guidance on how to answer the Topics, organizations may refer to Annex B: Topic Guide)

Contextual Information

Company Details	
Name of Organization	UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION
Location of Headquarters	Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer St., Mandaluyong City
Location of Operations	Longos, Paracale, Camarines Norte
Report Boundary: Legal entities	This report covers the sustainability performance of United
(e.g. subsidiaries) included in this	Paragon Mining Corporation (UPM) principal mining operation
report*	in Longos Mine at Paracale, Camarines Norte.
Business Model, including	Prior to the suspension of the mining and milling operations,
Primary Activities, Brands,	the Company produced dore bullions, containing gold and
Products, and Services	silver, which were either refined by the Bangko Sentral ng
	Pilipinas Mint and Gold Refinery or sent by airfreight and
	refined by Johnson Matthey PLC. of England. The principal
	product, gold accounted for over 99% while the by-product,
	silver contributed only less than 1%. Since the suspension of
	the mining and milling operations, the Company has had no
	new product.
Reporting Period	January to December 2023
Highest Ranking Person	Adrian Paulino S. Ramos - President
responsible for this report	

^{*}If you are a holding company, you could have an option whether to report on the holding company only or include the subsidiaries. However, please consider the principle of materiality when defining your report boundary.

Materiality Process

Explain how you applied the materiality principle (or the materiality process) in identifying your material topics.¹

The company has had no operations since the late 1990s due to the pendency of the renewal of its mining permit. However, the company is in the exploration stages but due to the pandemic, only briefly conducted drilling in the Longos mine in October 2020. Meanwhile, it has not begun operations in the Negros mine sites that were assigned to it from an affiliate company, which assignment was approved only in 2020. Thus, this report will focus on its care and maintenance during this period of non-operations.

¹ See *GRI 102-46* (2016) for more guidance.

ECONOMIC

Economic Performance

<u>Direct Economic Value Generated and Distributed</u>

Disclos	ure	Amount	Units
Direct	economic value generated (revenue)	753,666	PhP
Direct	economic value distributed:		
a.	Operating costs	12,133,207	PhP
b.	Employee wages and benefits	1,918,569	PhP
c.	Payments to suppliers, other operating costs	651,835	Php
d.	Dividends given to stockholders and interest payments	0	PhP
	to loan providers		
e.	Taxes given to government	182,041	PhP
f.	Investments to community (e.g. donations, CSR)	279,560	PhP

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?		Management Approach
Since the mine site has no operation, no income, company expenses are for care and maintenance of the mine site and salaries of the skeletal workforce. For this, the company heavily relies on the advances from affiliates.	Stockholders Communities	Management is committed to obtaining the necessary mining permit needed to operate.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Given that the company's income depends on mining and production of gold, the company has had no income for many years due to nonoperation.	Employees Stockholders	The company relies on advances from affiliates and continues to exert all efforts to obtain the mining permit to operate.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
In 2018, the company obtained an Exploration Permit and has been working on possible exploration programs. However, it is expected that the COVID 19 crisis would significantly delay their implementation.	Employees Stockholders Government	The company will continue to look for solutions to enable it to weather any future economic downturn.

Climate-related risks and opportunities²

Governance	Strategy	Risk	Metrics and Targets
		Management	
Given the nature of its business as mining, UPM is inherently exposed to climate-related and environmental risks.	Since the company has had no operations for almost 20 years, the actual and potential impacts of climate-related risks and opportunities, in the organizations, business strategy, and financial planning are considered immaterial. However the company complies with the relevant mining laws as to corporate social responsibility, such as tree planting activities.	The company has no material climate-related risks but during its operational period the company complied with the maintenance of environmental trust fund as required by the DENR.	The company currently has no operation. Nevertheless, it maintains a nursery for propagating tree/plant seedlings at mine site.

Procurement Practices - I

Proportion of spending on local suppliers

Disclosure			Quantity	Units
Percentage of procurement budget used for significant locatio of operations that is spent on local suppliers			Not material	0%
What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact? Since the company has no	affected?	Management Approach Management applies conventional		tional
operation, it has neither direct utilization of raw materials nor does it procure much supplies.	is not material.	business measures in monitoring and controlling procurement of supplies.		ring and
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Man	agement Approach	
Since the company has no operation, it has neither direct utilization of raw materials nor does it procure much supplies.	The effect on stakeholders is not material.		e monitoring and control urement of practices.	of
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Man	agement Approach	
Reduction of procurement costs			e monitoring and control urement of practices.	of

² Adopted from the Recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures. The TCFD Recommendations apply to non-financial companies and financial-sector organizations, including banks, insurance companies, asset managers and asset owners.

Anti-corruption

<u>Training on Anti-corruption Policies and Procedures</u> - this is not applicable because the company has no head office employees and minesite is under care taker maintenance.

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Percentage of employees to whom the organization's anti-	N/A	%
corruption policies and procedures have been communicated to		
Percentage of business partners to whom the organization's	N/A	%
anti-corruption policies and procedures have been		
communicated to		
Percentage of directors and management that have received	11	91%
anti-corruption training		
Percentage of employees that have received anti-corruption	N/A	%
training		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?		Management Approach
The company has no employees due	Employees	The company has a code of business conduct & ethics that the employees are
to no operation.	Government	expected to comply with.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
	Employees	The company has a code of business
to no operation.	Government	conduct & ethics that the employees are expected to comply with.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
	Employees	The company has a code of business
to no operation.	Government	conduct & ethics that the employees are expected to comply with.

Incidents of Corruption

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Number of incidents in which directors were removed or	0	#
disciplined for corruption		
Number of incidents in which employees were dismissed or	0	#
disciplined for corruption		
Number of incidents when contracts with business partners were	0	#
terminated due to incidents of corruption		

What is the impact and where	Which stakeholders are	Management Approach
does it occur? What is the	affected?	
organization's involvement in the		
impact?		

The company will commence disciplinary actions on erring employees. It will not tolerate corrupt acts.	Employees Stockholders Government	The company has a code of business conduct & ethics that the employees are expected to comply with.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
The company has no employees due to non-operation, hence the risk is insignificant.	Employees Stockholders Government	The company has a code of business conduct & ethics that the employees are expected to comply with.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
The company has no employees due to non-operation, hence no identifiable opportunities.	Employees Stockholders Government	The company has a code of business conduct & ethics that the employees are expected to comply with.

ENVIRONMENT

Resource Management

Energy consumption within the organization:

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Energy consumption (renewable sources)	0	GJ
Energy consumption (gasoline)	240 / year	L
Energy consumption (LPG)	0	GJ
Energy consumption (diesel)	1,200 / year	L
Energy consumption (electricity)	5,200 / year	kWh

Reduction of energy consumption

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Energy reduction (gasoline)	0	GJ
Energy reduction (LPG)	0	GJ
Energy reduction (diesel)	0	GJ
Energy reduction (electricity)	0	kWh
Energy reduction (gasoline)	0	GJ

What is the impact and where does	Which stakeholders are	Management Approach
it occur? What is the organization's	affected?	
involvement in the impact?		
Energy was sourced from Camarines	Canoreco	In November 2000, the Company
,		
Norte Electric Cooperative		switched its power supply from
("CANORECO") under a long-term		CANORECO to an in-house generating set
contract for the supply of electricity	Employees	to provide its limited power requirement
from 1988 to 2000. Likewise, the		of 10 KVA. Beginning early 2012, site

power plant, which has the ability to provide sufficient power for operation during any power failure. Since these equipment have been idle for a period of time, further rehabilitation is required.	Government	CANORECO. However, the Company is also looking for alternative option for other possible power provider and/or participates in an open market to source its future power requirement.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Since there is no operation, the risk is minimal for energy consumption.		Management will continuously find ways to minimize energy usage.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Finding ways to save on energy costs will result to reduced company's expenses.		Management will continuously find ways to minimize energy usage.

power supply is now provided by

Water consumption within the organization (Water acquired from rain water)

Company has four (4) megawatt

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Water withdrawal		Cubic meters
Water consumption	10,500 / year	Cubic meters
Water recycled and reused		Cubic meters

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
The Company utilizes rainwater from its tailings pond.	Community	Pump is used to distribute water from the tailings pond. Water flows thru pipes to mine-camp by means of gravity since the (pond is on higher elevation. The pond is lucked and plunged by chlorine every month and tested for CL and Ph analysis.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Water availability, quality and accessibility depend on the amount of rainfall within the year. There is also the risk that minesite employees may not cooperate with water-saving measures.	Community	Management continuously finds ways to minimize water consumption.

	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Potential to reduce water impact	Employees	Management continuously finds ways to
through alternative water sources.	Community	minimize water consumption.

Materials used by the organization

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Materials used by weight or volume	N/A	
Renewable		kg/liters
non-renewable		kg/liters
Percentage of recycled input materials used to manufacture the organization's primary products and services	N/A	%

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
UPM is a mining company that has no operation, and therefore, does not use any raw materials.	Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Ecosystems and biodiversity (whether in upland/watershed or coastal/marine)

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Operational sites owned, leased, managed in, or adjacent to,	0	
protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside		
protected areas		
Habitats protected or restored	0	ha
IUCN ³ Red List species and national conservation list species with	0	
habitats in areas affected by operations		

-

³ International Union for Conservation of Nature

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?		Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
••	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Environmental impact management

Air Emissions

<u>GHG</u>

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Direct (Scope 1) GHG Emissions	0	Tonnes
		CO₂e
Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG Emissions	0	Tonnes
		CO₂e
Emissions of ozone-depleting substances (ODS)	0	Tonnes

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?		Management Approach
UPM has no operation hence there is no impact on air emission.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Air pollutants

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
NO _x		kg
SO _x		kg
Persistent organic pollutants (POPs)		kg
Volatile organic compounds (VOCs)		kg
Hazardous air pollutants (HAPs)		kg
Particulate matter (PM)		kg

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
UPM has no operation hence there is no impact on air emission.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Solid and Hazardous Wastes

Solid Waste (From Household only)

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total solid waste generated	20	kg
Reusable	10	kg
Recyclable	5	kg
Composted	0	kg
Incinerated	0	kg
Residuals/Landfilled	5	kg

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
UPM has no operation hence there is no impact on solid waste.	Not Applicable	W Not Applicable
,	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
,,, ,,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Hazardous Waste

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total weight of hazardous waste generated	0	kg
Total weight of hazardous waste transported	0	kg

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?		Management Approach
UPM has no operation hence there is no impact on hazardous waste.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable?
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Effluents

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total volume of water discharges	0	Cubic
		meters
Percent of wastewater recycled	0	%

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
UPM has no operation, hence there is no impact relating to effluents.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Environmental compliance

Non-compliance with Environmental Laws and Regulations

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total amount of monetary fines for non-compliance with	N/A	PhP
environmental laws and/or regulations		
No. of non-monetary sanctions for non-compliance with	N/A	#
environmental laws and/or regulations		
No. of cases resolved through dispute resolution mechanism	N/A	#

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?		Management Approach
environmental laws and regulations	Community Employees Government	UPM strives to ensure that the environmental impact of its business operations is mitigated and/or minimized and strictly abides by the regulatory standards and policies.
•	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
environmental laws and regulations	Community Employees Government	UPM is implementing responsible and proper procedures and practices to make sure that it does not violate such laws and regulations.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
consciousness on environmental preservation, the company will	Community Employees Government	UPM will create and find more ways to protect the environment through its CSR efforts.

SOCIAL

Employee Management

Employee Hiring and Benefits

Employee data

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total number of employees ⁴		
a. Number of female employees	2	#
b. Number of male employees	6	#
Attrition rate ⁵	0	rate
Ratio of lowest paid employee against minimum wage	0	ratio

Employee benefits

List of Benefits	Y/N	% of female employees who availed for the year	% of male employees who availed for the year
SSS	Υ		
PhilHealth	Υ		
Pag-ibig	Υ		
Parental leaves	Υ		

⁴ Employees are individuals who are in an employment relationship with the organization, according to national law or its application (<u>GRI Standards 2016 Glossary</u>)
⁵ Attrition are = (no. of new hires – no. of turnover)/(average of total no. of employees of previous year and total no. of employees of current

year)

Manatina Innua		1000	/	1000/
Vacation leaves	Y	100%		100%
Sick leaves	Y	100%	6	100%
Medical benefits (aside from		N/A		N/A
PhilHealth))				
Housing assistance (aside from Pag-		N/A		N/A
ibig)				
Retirement fund (aside from SSS)	N			1
Further education support	N	N/A		N/A
Company stock options	N	N/A		N/A
Telecommuting	Υ			
Flexible-working Hours	Υ			
(Others)				
Employee benefits directly impact emplored performance and morale.	'oyee		Philhealth and Pag monthly company	es by the directives of the SSS, q-ibig with regard to mandatory contributions as well as collects
				mployee share.
What are the Risk/s Identified?			and remits each ei Management App	mployee share.
What are the Risk/s Identified? The company has no operations but con	nplies w			mployee share.
	-	vith	Management App	mployee share.
The company has no operations but co	-	vith	Management App	mployee share.
The company has no operations but cor mandatory benefits required by law. He	ence, the	vith ere is no	Management App	mployee share. roach

Employee Training and Development

identifiable opportunities.

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total training hours provided to employees		
a. Female employees		hours
b. Male employees	None	hours
Average training hours provided to employees		
a. Female employees		hours/employee
b. Male employees	None	hours/employee

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
UPM has no operation, hence there is no significant impact.	Not applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable

Labor-Management Relations

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
% of employees covered with Collective Bargaining	n/a	%
Agreements		
Number of consultations conducted with employees	n/a	#
concerning employee-related policies		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
UPM has no operation, hence there is no significant impact.	Not applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	

Diversity and Equal Opportunity

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
% of female workers in the workforce	25.0	%
% of male workers in the workforce	75.0	%
Number of employees from indigenous communities and/or		#
vulnerable sector*		

^{*}Vulnerable sector includes, elderly, persons with disabilities, vulnerable women, refugees, migrants, internally displaced persons, people living with HIV and other diseases, solo parents, and the poor or the base of the pyramid (BOP; Class D and E).

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
UPM has no operation, and under care and maintenance mode only. Hence there is no significant impact.	Criteria for employment and promotion focus mainly on the employee's ability to do his/her assigned work.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable

Workplace Conditions, Labor Standards, and Human Rights

Occupational Health and Safety

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Safe Man-Hours	90,000 per year	Man-hours
No. of work-related injuries	0	#
No. of work-related fatalities	0	#
No. of work related ill-health	0	#
No. of safety drills	2	#

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
UPM has no operation, and under care and maintenance	The company complies with mining and
mode only. Hence there is no significant impact.	regulatory rules and regulations regarding
	occupational health and safety including
	the appointment of a Safety Officer at site.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
UPM has no operation, and under care and maintenance	Not applicable
mode only. Hence there is no significant impact.	
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
UPM has no operation, and under care and maintenance	Not applicable
mode only. Hence there is no identifiable opportunity.	

Labor Laws and Human Rights

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of legal actions or employee grievances involving forced	NA	#
or child labor		

Do you have policies that explicitly disallows violations of labor laws and human rights (e.g. harassment, bullying) in the workplace?

Topic	Y/N	If Yes, cite reference in the company policy
Forced labor	N	
Child labor	N	
Human Rights	N	

What is the impact and where does it occur? What	Management Approach
is the organization's involvement in the impact?	
UPM has no operation, and is under care and maintenance mode only. Hence, there is no significant impact.	Although there is no specific written company policy, management adheres to the relevant child labor and human rights laws.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
UPM has no operation, and is under care and maintenance mode only. Hence, there is no significant impact.	Although there is no specific written company policy, management adheres to the relevant child labor and human rights laws.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Being compliant with labor laws will make company attractive to potential employees. It will also foster loyalty within the organization.	Although there is no specific written company policy, management will always adhere to the relevant child labor and human rights laws.

Supply Chain Management

Do you have a supplier accreditation policy? If yes, please attach the policy or link to the policy: Given that the company is a mining company that does not have operation, and under care and maintenance mode, it is only primarily purchasing office supplies which does not necessitate an accreditation.

Do you consider the following sustainability topics when accrediting suppliers? N/A

Topic	Y/N	If Yes, cite reference in the supplier policy
Environmental performance		
Forced labor		
Child labor		
Human rights		
Bribery and corruption		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable

Relationship with Community

Significant Impacts on Local Communities

Operations with significant (positive or negative) impacts on local communities (exclude CSR projects; this has to be business operations)	Location	Vulnerable groups (if applicable)*	Does the particular operation have impacts on indigenous people (Y/N)?	Collective or individual rights that have been identified that or particular concern for the community	Mitigating measures (if negative) or enhancement measures (if positive)
While the company has no operations, it obtained an exploration permit in August 2018. In compliance with relevant mining laws, the company had conducted	Paracale	N/A	N	N/A	N/A

consultations and			
courtesy calls with			
the concerned			
barangays that are			
covered by the			
permit, regarding the			
approval of its			
exploration permit.			
The company will			
conduct			
consultations again,			
as required, when			
exploration activities			
actually commence.			

For operations that are affecting IPs, indicate the total number of Free and Prior Informed Consent (FPIC) undergoing consultations and Certification Preconditions (CPs) secured and still operational and provide a copy or link to the certificates if available: _______

Certificates	Quantity	Units
FPIC process is still undergoing		#
CP secured		#

What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable

Customer Management

Customer Satisfaction

Disclosure	Score	Did a third party conduct the customer satisfaction study (Y/N)?
Not applicable		Not applicable

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable

^{*}Vulnerable sector includes children and youth, elderly, persons with disabilities, vulnerable women, refugees, migrants, internally displaced persons, people living with HIV and other diseases, solo parents, and the poor or the base of the pyramid (BOP; Class D and E)

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable

Health and Safety

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of substantiated complaints on product or service	0	#
health and safety*		
No. of complaints addressed	0	#

^{*}Substantiated complaints include complaints from customers that went through the organization's formal communication channels and grievance mechanisms as well as complaints that were lodged to and acted upon by government agencies.

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable

Marketing and labelling

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of substantiated complaints on marketing and	0	#
labelling*		
No. of complaints addressed	0	#

^{*}Substantiated complaints include complaints from customers that went through the organization's formal communication channels and grievance mechanisms as well as complaints that were lodged to and acted upon by government agencies.

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable

Customer privacy

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of substantiated complaints on customer privacy*	0	#
No. of complaints addressed	0	#
No. of customers, users and account holders whose	0	#
information is used for secondary purposes		

^{*}Substantiated complaints include complaints from customers that went through the organization's formal communication channels and grievance mechanisms as well as complaints that were lodged to and acted upon by government agencies.

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable

Data Security

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of data breaches, including leaks, thefts and	0	#
losses of data		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Not applicable	Not applicable

UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

Product or Service Contribution to UN SDGs

Key products and services and its contribution to sustainable development.

Key Products and	Societal Value /	Potential Negative	Management
Services	Contribution to UN SDGs	Impact of	Approach to Negative
		Contribution	Impact
Since the company	In the event that the	Until the company	The company will
has no operations,	company is granted a	begins mining	continue to find ways
it has not	mining permit in order to	operations, it cannot	to help the poor and
produced gold and	extract and sell gold and	make any significant	the marginalized in the
silver for a long	silver, the company	contributions to help	covered barangay
time.	would be able to hire	alleviate poverty in	communities even
	miners from the local	the country.	during this period of
	communities and give		non-operation.
	livelihood to the people.		

^{*} None/Not Applicable is not an acceptable answer. For holding companies, the services and products of its subsidiaries may be disclosed.

COVER SHEET

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1.	For the quarterly period ended: March	31, 2024
2.	Commission ID No. 40938	
3.	BIR Tax Identification No. <u>000-169-117</u>	<u>-000-V</u>
4.	UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORAT Exact name of issuer as specified in its of	
5.	Philippines Province, country or other jurisdiction of	of incorporation or organization
6.	Industry Classification Code:	(SEC Use Only)
7.	Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer Stre Address of issuer's principal office	eet, Mandaluyong City 1550 Postal Code
8.	(63 2) 8631-5139 Issuer's telephone number, including ar	rea code
9.	N/A Former name, former address and form	ner fiscal year, if changed since last report
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sectio	ns 4 and 8 of the RSA
	Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding
	Common Stock	261,314,797,080 shares
11.	Are any or all of the securities listed on	a Stock Exchange?
	Yes [√] No []	
	If yes, state the name of such Stock Exc	hange and the class/es of securities listed therein
	Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.	Common Stock

12.	Indicate by	check	mark	whether	the	registrar	٦t
12.	illulcate by	CHICK	HIIGHN	WIICUICI	uic	i Cgisti ai	ı.

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the SRC and SRC Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports).

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

- 1. The unaudited Financial Statements of the Company (Statements of Financial Position, Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Equity and Statements of Cash Flows) for the interim period ended March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 are included in this report.
- 2. The basic and diluted loss per share is presented on the face of the attached Statements of Comprehensive Income as well as the basis of computation thereof.
- 3. The Company's interim financial statements for the period March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines and Philippine Financial Reporting Standards.
- 4. The Company follows/adopts the same accounting policies and methods of computation in its interim financial statements (January to March 31, 2024) as compared with the most recent annual financial statements (December 31, 2023) and no policies or methods have been changed.
- 5. All adjustments, which are in the opinion of management, are necessary to a fair statement of the results for the interim period (January to March 31, 2024) is reflected in the interim financial statements.
- 6. Unusual items during the interim period (January to March 31, 2024), the nature, amount, size or incidents of which have affected the assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows of the Company are shown/described under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.
- 7. There were NO changes in the estimates of amounts reported in prior financial years (December 31, 2023 and 2022), which had a material effect in the current interim period (January to March 31, 2024).
- 8. There were NO long-term contracts entered into by the Company during the interim period January to March 31, 2024).
- 9. There were NO capitalization of liabilities, new borrowings and any modification of existing financing arrangements during the interim periods under review (January to March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023) other than discussed under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Discussion and Analysis of Material Events and Uncertainties.
- 10. There were NO issuances, repurchases, and repayments of debt and equity securities for this interim period (January to March 31, 2024) and for the same period last year.
- 11. There were NO dividends paid (aggregate or per share) separate for ordinary shares and other shares for this interim period (January to March 31, 2024) and for the same period last year.

- 12. The Company has NO business segment, which would require disclosure of segment revenue and segment result for business segments or geographical segments.
- 13. Up to the time of filing of this report, there were NO material events subsequent to the end of the interim period (January to March 31, 2024) that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period.
- 14. There were NO changes in the composition of the Company during the interim period (January to March 31, 2024), including business combinations, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and long-term investments, restructurings and discontinuing operations.
- 15. There were NO material changes in contingent liabilities or contingent assets since the last annual balance sheet date (December 31, 2023).
- 16. There were NO additional material contingencies and any other events or transactions that are material to the understanding of the current interim period that are not disclosed in this report.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Comparative financial highlights for the first semester ending March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 and for the year ended December 31, 2023 are presented below:

	March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	31 Dec. 2023 (Audited)	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)		
Revenues	0	0	0		
Net Income/(Loss)	(26,188,326)	(108,172,548)	(18,677,123)		
Total Assets	1,124,169,221	1,122,235,410	1,132,936,830		
Total Liabilities	1,549,722,124	1,521,599,987	1,442,805,981		
Net Worth	(425,552,903)	(399,364,577)	(309,869,151)		
Issued and Subscribed Capital	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080		

Results of Operations (March 31, 2024 vs. March 31, 2023)

The Company has no operating income earned for the period end March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 and sustained a net loss of P26.2 million and P18.7 million, respectively. The net loss was due to increase in accrued interest expense on outstanding loans, and mine site and head office administrative expenses offset by unrealized foreign currency loss due to better peso against US dollar year on year.

General and administrative expenses of P2.4 million were incurred for the period ending March 31, 2024 as compared to P2.3 million as of end March 31, 2023.

The finance expenses for the period ending March 31, 2024 were up by P2.8 million compared to the same period in 2023 of P19.7 million due to compounded interest calculation on Camarines Minerals Inc., past due obligation.

The Company booked loss on foreign exchange of P1.4 million due to peso depreciation from P55.37 (12.31.2023) to P56.28 (03.31.2024). On the contrary, restatement of foreign currency denominated liabilities for the period ending March 31, 2023 resulted into a foreign exchange gain of P3.3 million due to peso appreciation from P56.12 (12.31.22) to P54.43 (BSP Rate as of 03.31.2023).

Financial Condition (March 31, 2024 vs. December 31, 2023)

The Company has total assets of P1,124.2 million and P1,122.2 million as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The increase was due to cash advances from related party offset by payment of current operating expenses.

Total current liabilities of P1,549.7 million and P1,521.6 million for the period ending March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, exceeded its current assets by P1,544.6 million and P1,518.5 million, respectively. The increase was mainly due to interest accrual and other payables and related party transaction.

The Company has a capital deficiency of P425.6 million and P399.4 million resulting from cumulative losses of P3,059.4 million and P3,033.2 million for the period March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The loans and advances due to a related party are covered by promissory notes subject to automatic roll over every ninety (90) days with interest accrued in the books.

Due to the suspension of mining and milling operations and limited sources of funds, the Company failed to meet payments within the stated terms to majority of its suppliers, contractors and creditors. However, the Company has been continuously paying the accounts that relates to its current working capital requirement, and the old accounts due to its suppliers, contractors and creditors remain unchanged. The internal and external sources of funds and the courses of action that the Company plans to undertake to address the liquidity problem are discussed under "Plan of operations for the year 2024".

The gold price as of March 31, 2024 increase by six percentage (6%) from December 31, 2023 and twelve percentage (12%) higher year-on-year ending March 31, 2023. The gold (Au) was traded in the London Metal Exchange ("LME") with a closing price of US\$2,207.00/oz, US\$2,077.80/oz, and US\$1,978.80/oz for period ending March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 respectively. For the three months ending March 31, 2024 gold price reached an all-time high of US\$2,210.65 on March 21, 2024.

Inasmuch as the Company's mining and milling operations are still suspended, the key performance indicators of the Company as of March 31, 2024 as compared to March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Ratios	Formula		March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023
Current Ratio			0.0033		0.0025
	Current Assets/ Current Liabilities	P P	5,088,667 1,548,513,900	P P	3,639,767 1,441,865,814
Quick Ratio					
	Current Asset-Inventory- Prepaid/	₽	0.0030 4,627,358	P	0.0023 3,380,048
	Current Liabilities	P	1,548,513,900	₽	1,441,865,814
Solvency Ratio			0.7254		0.8062
	Total Assets/	₽	1,124,169,221	P	1,132,936,830
	Total Liabilities	₽	1,549,722,124	₽	1,442,805,981
Debt Ratio			1.38		1.27
	Total Liabilities/	₽	1,549,722,124	₽	1,442,805,981
	Total Assets	P	1,124,1693,221	₽	1,132,936,830
Debt to equity			(3.64)		(4.66)
ratio	Total liabilities/	₽	1,549,722,124	₽	1,442,805,981
	Stockholders' equity	₽	(425,552,903)	₽	(309,869,151)
Equity to			(0.00)		(2.24)
debt ratio	Stockholders' equity/	₽	(0.27) (425,552,903)	₽	(0.21) (309,869,151)
	Total liabilities		1,549,722,124		1,442,805,981
Asset to			(2.64)		(3.66)
equity ratio	Total Assets	P	1,124,169,221	₽	1,132,936,830
1.1	Stockholders' equity/		(425,552,903)		(309,869,151)
Interest			(0.17)		0.05
coverage ratios	Earnings (loss) before interest & taxes	Þ	(3,871,944)	P	973,192
	Interest Expense	P	22,406,382	₽	19,650,315
Book value					,
per share	Stockholders' equity/	₽	(0.00163) (425,552,903)	₽	(0.00119) (309,869,151)
	Total # of shares		261,314,797,080		261,314,797,080
Loss per			0.000107		0.00007
share	Net loss/	₽	0.000107 26,188,326	P	0.00007 18,677,123
	Total # of shares		261,314,797,080		261,314,797,080

The change in key indicators as of March 31, 2024 as compared to March 31, 2023 are as follows;

Decrease in Current and Solvency Ratio year-on-year ending March 31, 2024 due to a reclassification of accounts receivables from current asset to non-current asset, an increase in cash and cash equivalents and related party transaction liability due to related party cash advances; Decrease in Debt-to-Equity, Equity-to-Debt, Asset-to-Equity and Interest Coverage Ratio due to increase in total liabilities and increase in net capital deficiencies.

The key performance indicators of the Company as of March 31, 2024 as compared to December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Ratios	Formula		March 31, 2024		31 December
					2023
Current Ratio					
	Current Assets/	P	0.0033	P	0.002 3,064,726
			5,088,667		
Quick Ratio	Current Liabilities	P	1,548,513,900 0.0030	P	1,520,391,763 0.002
Quick Natio	Current Asset-Inventory-	P	4,627,358	P	2,974,237
	Prepaid/		1,521,555	-	_,_,,,
	Current Liabilities	₽	1,548,513,900	₽	1,520,391,763
Solvency Ratio			0.7074		
	Total Assets/	₽	0.7254 1,124,169,221	P	0.7375 1,122,235,410
Debt Ratio	Total Liabilities	₽	1,549,722,124	P	1,521,599,987
Debt Natio			1.38		1.36
	Total Liabilities/	₽	1,549,722,124	P	1,521,599,987
	Total Assets	₽	1,124,1693,221	P	1,122,235,410
Debt to equity			(3.64)		(3.81)
ratio	Total liabilities/	₽	1,549,722,124	P	1,521,599,987
	Stockholders' equity	₽	(425,552,903)	P	(399,364,577)
Equity to					
alalat wati a	Charles ald and a suit.	_	(0.27)		(0.26)
debt ratio	Stockholders' equity/	₽	(425,552,903)	P	(399,364,577)
Asset to	Total liabilities	₽	1,549,722,124	P	1521,599,987
Asset to			(2.64)		(2.81)
equity ratio	Total Assets	₽	1,124,169,221	₽	1,122,235,410
	Stockholders' equity/	P	(425,552,903)	P	(399,364,577)
Interest	1 //		, , , -,		, , ,
			(0.17)		(0.37)
coverage ratios	Earnings (loss) before	₽	(3,871,944)	P	(23,908,097)
	interest & taxes Interest Expense	P	22,406,382	P	83,981,792
Book value	meerest Expense	<u> </u>	22,400,302	<u> </u>	03,301,732
			(0.00163)		(0.00153)
per share	Stockholders' equity/	₽	(425,552,903)	P	(399,364,577)
	Total # of shares		261,314,797,080		261,314,797,080

Loss per					
			0.000107		0.0004
share	Net loss/	₽	26,188,326	P	108,172,548
	Total # of shares		261,314,797,080		261,314,797,080

The change in key indicators as of March 31, 2024 as compared to December 31, 2023 are as follows:

An increase in current and quick ratio for the quarter ending March 31, 2024 compared to December 31, 2023 due to increase in cash and cash equivalent in the current asset because of related party cash advances and seen a decrease in all other areas due to an increase in current liabilities brought about by accrual of interest on CMI payables and cash advances from related party transaction and increase in capital deficiencies due to net operating loss for the period ended March 31, 2024.

Changes in other line items shown in the Company's Unaudited Financial Statements in Part 1, Items 1 and 2 of this report are due to the usual period-to-period fluctuation in amounts natural in every business operation. There are no material unusual items other than as discussed above.

Discussion and Analysis of Material Events and Uncertainties

Except as discussed in this report, management is not aware of any material event or uncertainty that affected the current interim period and/or would have a material impact on future operations of the Company. The Company will continue to be affected by the Philippine business environment as may be influenced by any local/regional/global financial and political crises. The Company's financial statements for the interim period ended March 31, 2024 reflect foreign exchange loss on the Company's dollar denominated accounts.

- 1. There are NO known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the Company's liquidity except as disclosed below:
 - The Company entered into a P250.0 million Convertible Loan Agreement with Alakor Corporation, which was approved on September 20, 2011. The proceeds of the facility shall be used to finance the cost of conducting a feasibility study on the Longos Gold Project and for general working capital requirements of the Company. In the meantime, the Company will pursue various options to raise project funding for its exploration work program and for further rehabilitation of the Longos mine, once the Company obtained the necessary government permits. Should the required permits be obtained and the financing materialize during the year; this will have a material impact on liquidity. Also, please refer to item "C" under "Plan of Operations".
- 2. There are NO events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.
- 3. There are NO material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
- 4. There are NO material commitments for capital expenditures.

- 5. There are NO known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations.
- 6. There are NO significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations.
- 7. There were NO seasonal or cyclical aspects that have or had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

Plan of Operations

- A. The plan of operations for the year 2024 covers the following activities:
 - a. The Company and its co-applicant Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) are working closely with the MGB and Environmental Management Bureau (EMB) in order to comply with all mandatory requirements for eventual approval of Declaration of Project Mining Feasibility (DMPF) and restoration of Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC). Also, the company is working with MGB 5 on the completion of two exploration permit applications EXPA-00233 and EXPA-00234, both of which are situated in the province of Camarines Norte.
 - b. The Company's acquired rights and interests in Negros Copper Project under Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) Nos. 092-97-VI and 113-98-VI already expired last November 20, 2022 and May 26, 2023. The Company filed a renewal of both MPSA's on July 28, 2022, and compliance with mandatory requirements is under review at Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) Regional Office No. 6. The exploration period for both MPSA's was restored for two years expiring on July 19, 2024 to recover unused term during pandemic. At present, the company is working on completion of Final Exploration Report using the data of exploration work done by its predecessor Vulcan Industrial & Mining Corporation. Once the exploration report meets the criteria for mineral resource reporting as certified by Accredited Competent Person for Mining and Geology, the next phase is the filing of its Declaration of Project Mining Feasibility (DMPF) within the extended exploration period.
 - c. The Company will work on getting the financing requirement needed to comply all the mandatory requirement for DMPF and later the Mineral Processing Sharing Agreement application either by external sources or internal sources.
 - d. The Company intends to address and mitigate the impact of net loss to equity in the financial statements by renegotiating current loan obligations.
- B. Summary of any product research and development for the term of the plan.

Exploration, drilling and development for a mining company, are the equivalent of research and development.

Exploration, drilling and development for a mining company, are the equivalent of research and development.

In October 2020, the Company completed the exploration work program by drilling of 3 holes, totalling 604.9 meters east south-east of Bula-ay mining area under EP-016-2016. These holes were to check the up-dip continuity of Baluate Vein and San Antonio Vein (between level 200 and level 400) above ultramafic-granodiorite contact. On February 4, 2021, the Company file a Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility Study (DMPF) prior to exploration permit expiration on February 19, 2021. The Company and its co-applicant Camarines Minerals Inc. (CMI) are working closely with the MGB and Environmental Management Bureau (EMB) in order to comply with all mandatory requirements for eventual approval of Declaration of Project Mining Feasibility (DMPF) and restoration of Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC). Also, the company is working with MGB 5 on the completion of two exploration permit application EXPA-00233 and EXPA-00234 both are situated in the province of Camarines Norte.

The Company's acquired rights and interests in Negros Copper Project under Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) Nos. 092-97-VI and 113-98-VI already expired last November 20, 2022 and May 26, 2023. The Company filed a renewal of both MPSA's on July 28, 2022, and compliance with mandatory requirements is under review at Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) Regional Office No. 6. The exploration period for both MPSA's was restored for two years expiring on July 19, 2024 to recover unused term during pandemic. At present, the company is working on completion of Final Exploration Report using the data of exploration work done by its predecessor Vulcan Industrial & Mining Corporation. Once the exploration report meets the criteria for mineral resource reporting as certified by Accredited Competent Person for Mining and Geology, the next phase is the filing of its Declaration of Project Mining Feasibility (DMPF) within the extended exploration period.

C. Any expected purchase or sale of plant and significant equipment.

At present, both UPM and CMI have complied with the requirements for the approval of the DMPF. Their joint MPSA application is now pending with the MGB Central Office. The Company has no intention at present to acquire any plant and significant equipment until it has been granted a mining permit and funding for the planned rehabilitation and further development of the Longos mine becomes available, in which case, additional plant and significant machinery and equipment will be acquired.

In the meantime, the Company is continuing with its care and maintenance of existing mine buildings, equipment and other facilities to preserve them for future use in order to minimize the capital requirement of the rehabilitation of the mine.

D. Any significant changes in the number of employees.

Manpower as of March 31, 2024 consists of eight (8) regular personnel. The Company expects no significant change in the number of employees for the ensuing year unless the necessary permits have been awarded to the company and the needed funding requirements for exploration and further rehabilitation and development of the Longos Mine becomes available, in which case, a significant number of employees will be hired.

Item 3. Management's Assessment and Evaluation of Financial Risk Exposures

The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of cash, accounts payable and other current liabilities, due to related parties and redeemable preferred shares. The main purpose of the Company's dealings in financial instruments is to fund its operations and capital expenditures.

The risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign exchange risk.

The BOD has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management policies. The Finance & Accounting Manager is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. Issues affecting the operations of the Company are reported regularly to the BOD.

Management addresses the risks faced by the Company in the preparation of its annual operating budget. Mitigating strategies and procedures are also devised to address the risks that inevitably occur so as not to affect the Company's operations and forecasted results. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises principally from the Company's cash.

With respect to credit risk arising from cash, the Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. The Company manages the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and therefore does not expect to incur material financial losses.

As at March 31, 2024 the Company used general approach in the assessment of cash credit quality. The ECL relating to Company's cash is minimal as these are deposited in reputable banks which have good bank standing, and is considered to have low credit risk.

March 31, 2024

	Neither Past D	ue nor Impaired	Past Due			
	High Grade	Standard Grade	but Not Impaired	Impaired	Total	
Cash in bank*	4,627,358	0	0	0	4,627,358	
Total credit risk exposure	4,627,358	-	-	-	4,627,358	

December 31, 2023

	Neither Past Du	e nor Impaired	Past Due			
	High Grade	Standard Grade	but Not Impaired	Impaired	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents*	2,974,237	0	0	0	2,974,237	
Total credit risk exposure	2,974,237	-	-	-	2,974,237	

The adoption of new impairment model under PFRS 9 did not have a significant effect on the Company's financial statements.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due. Management is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, liquidity and funding risks, related processes and policies are overseen by the management. To effectively manage liquidity risk, the Company has arranged for funding from related parties and continues to dispose of scrap, obsolete and excess assets to raise additional funds.

The following table summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities and financial assets as at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, based on contractual undiscounted cash flows. The analysis into relevant maturity groupings is based on the remaining term at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity dates, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

	Due and	Within 6	6 to 12	Over	
	Demandable	Months	Months	1 year	Total
Financial Asset:					_
Cash	4,627,358	0	0	0	4,627,358
Financial Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,180,213,316	0	0	0	1,180,213,316
Due to related parties	342,189,279	0	0	0	342,189,279
Redeemable preferred shares	26,100,000	0	0	0	26,100,000
Net Financial Liabilities	(1,548,502,595)	0	0	-	(1,548,502,595)

	Due and	Within 6	6 to 12	Over	
	Demandable	Months	Months	1 year	Total
Financial Asset:					_
Cash	2,974,237	0	0	0	2,974,237
Financial Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,160,891,179	0	0	0	1,160,891,179
Due to related parties	333,389,279	0	0	0	333,389,279
Redeemable preferred shares	26,100,000	0	0	0	26,100,000
Net Financial Liabilities	(1,520,380,458)	0	0	-	(1,520,380,458)

Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk to earnings or capital arising from changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company uses the Philippine Peso (P) as its functional currency and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange movements, primarily on the US Dollar (\$). The Company follows a policy to manage this risk by closely monitoring its cash flow position and by providing forecast on its exposures in non-peso currency.

The Company's net exposure to foreign exchange risk arises from \$-denominated accrued interest and other current liabilities.

Information on the Company's \$-denominated monetary liabilities and their ₱ equivalent is as follows:

As at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the exchange rate of ₱ to the \$ is ₱ P56.28 and ₱55.37, respectively.

	Ma	rch 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
•	USD	PHP	USD	PHP	
Accrued interest and other					
current liabilities	1,928,364	108,530,254	1,928,364	106,73,514	
Other current liabilities	17,461	982,723	17,461	966,815	

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in Philippine Peso/US Dollar exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's loss before income tax. There is no other impact on the Company's equity other than those affecting the statement of comprehensive income.

	Change in exchange rate				
	\$ strengthens by 5%	\$ weakens by 5%			
Increase (decrease) in income before income tax and equity					
March 31, 2024	(5,407,180)	5,407,180			
December 31, 2023	(5,387,017)	5,387,017			

Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the amount at which the financial instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction, other than in a forced liquidation or sale. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices, discounted cash flow models and option pricing models, as appropriate.

Cash, Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities, Due to Related Parties and Redeemable Preferred Shares

The carrying amounts of cash, accounts payable and other current liabilities, due to related parties and redeemable preferred shares are equal or approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities and are considered due and demandable.

During the years ended March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 there were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 of fair value measurements.

<u>Capital Management</u>

The Company maintains a capital base to cover risks inherent in the business. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to increase the value of shareholders' investment. The Company sets strategies with the objective of establishing a versatile and resourceful financial management and capital structure upon commencement of its operations.

The BOD has overall responsibility for monitoring of capital in proportion to risk. Profiles for capital rations are set in the light of changes in the Company's external environment and the risks underlying the Company's business operations and industry. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the period ended March 31, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023.

Management's plans on how to address the Company's deficit in explained under Plan of Operations for 2024.

The following table summarizes what the Company considers as its total capital as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Capital stock	₽2,613,147,971
Share premium	19,449,376
	₽2,632,597,347

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

There is no other information for this interim period not previously reported in a report on SEC Form 17-C.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Issuer	GERARD ANTON S. RAMOS				
Signature & Title	Chairman of the Board				
Date	05/14/2024				
Issuer	ADRIAN PAULINO S. RAMOS				
Signature & Title	President Hamilton				
Date	05/14/2024				
Issuer	GILBERT V. RABAGO				
Signature & Title	Treasurer				
Date	05/14/2024				

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION As of March 31, 2024

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash Equivalents	4,627,358	2,974,237
Materials and supplies - at net realizable value	71,964	24,124
Other current assets	389,345	66,365
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	5,088,667	3,064,726
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Property, plant and equipment	994,047,287	994,047,287
Deferred exploration costs	123,596,732	123,746,611
Other noncurrent assets	1,436,535	1,376,786
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	1,119,080,553	1,119,170,684
TOTAL ASSETS	1,124,169,221	1,122,235,410
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,180,213,316	1,160,891,179
Due to related parties	342,189,279	333,389,279
Redeemable preferred shares	26,100,000	26,100,000
Income tax payable	11,305	11,305
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,548,513,900	1,520,391,763
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Pension liability	940,167	940,167
Deferred tax liability	268,057	268,057
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1,208,224	1,208,224
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,549,722,124	1,521,599,987
EQUITY		
Capital stock - P.01 par value		
Authorized - 397,325,000,000 shres		
Issued - 261,314,797,080 shares	2,613,147,971	2,613,147,971
Additional paid-in capital	19,449,375	19,449,376
Actuarial gains on retirement benefits obligation	1,241,123	1,241,123
Deficit	(3,059,391,373)	(3,033,203,047)
TOTAL EQUITY	(425,552,903)	(399,364,577)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	1,124,169,221	1,122,235,410

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

Three Months ended March 31

0.00010

F			
2024	2023		
2,398,011	2,306,091		
22,406,382	19,650,315		
1,384,394	(3,278,725)		
(460)	(558)		
-	-		
23,790,315	16,371,032		
26,188,326	18,677,123		
Three Months en	ded March 31		
2024	2023		
26,188,326	18,677,123		
261,314,797,080	261,314,797,080		
	2024 2,398,011 22,406,382 1,384,394 (460) - 23,790,315 26,188,326 Three Months en 2024 26,188,326		

Basic and diluted

0.00007

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

-		
	2024	2023
SHARE CAPITAL		
Authorized		
Common – 397,325,000,000 shares @ P 0.01 par		
value per share	3,973,250,000	3,973,250,000
Preferred Class "A" − 13,500,000 shares @ P 0.50		
par value per share (1)	6,750,000	6,750,000
Preferred Class "B" – 400,000 shares @ P 50.00 par		
value per share (1)	20,000,000	20,000,000
Total Authorized Capital Stock	4,000,000,000	4,000,000,000
Issued and outstanding		
Common shares-261,314,797,080 shares @ P0.01		
par value per share		
Balance at beginning of year	2,613,147,971	2,613,147,971
Issuance for the period	0	0
Balance at end of 1st quarter	2,613,147,971	2,613,147,971
SHARE PREMIUM		
Balance at beginning of year	19,449,375	19,449,374
Movement for the period	0	0
Balance at end of 1st quarter	19,449,375	19,449,374
ACTUARIAL GAINS ON RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATION		
Balance at beginning of year	1,241,123	1,241,123
Movement for the period	0	0
Balance at end of 1st quarter	1,241,123	1,241,123
EQUITY		
Balance at beginning of year, as previously reported	(3,033,203,047)	(2,925,030,496)
Net loss for the period	(26,188,326)	(18,677,123)
Balance at end of 1st quarter	(3,059,391,373)	(2,943,707,619)
	(425,552,903)	(309,869,151)

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Income (Loss) before income tax	(26,188,326)	(18,677,123)
Adjustments for:		
Finance expenses	22,406,382	19,650,315
Depreciation Expense	(0)	4,085
Foreign Exchange (gain) loss	1,384,394	(3,278,725)
Interest & Other Income	(460)	(558)
Operating loss before changes in working capital	(2,398,011)	(2,302,006)
Changes in:		
Receivables		
Materials and supplies	(47,840)	(48,536)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(322,980)	(174,900)
Accrued interest and other current liabilities	(4,468,639)	(2,227,099)
Cash used in operations	(7,237,469)	(4,752,541)
Interest received	460	-
Income taxes paid (MCIT)	-	-
Net cash used in operating activities	(7,237,009)	(4,752,541)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net Additions (deductio) to property, plan, and equipment	-	-
Deferred exploration costs - evaluation expenditures	149,879	-
Increase in other assets	(59,749)	(59,336)
Net Cash used in investing activities	90,131	(59,336)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Advances from related parties	8,800,000	7,800,000
Loan Payable		
Net cash provided by financing activities	8,800,000	7,800,000
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES IN CASH	-	-
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	1,653,122	2,988,123
CASH		
January 1	2,974,237	391,925
March 31, 2024	4,627,358	3,380,048

SCHEDULE A

Income received and accrued

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION FINANCIAL ASSETS IN EQUITY SECURITIES

March 31, 2024

Name of issuing entity and association of each issue

Number of shares or principal Amount shown in the balances sheet amounts of bonds and notes (Figures in thousands)

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, RELATED PARTIES AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS (OTHER THAN RELATED PARTIES)

March 31, 2024

Name and Designation of Debtor

Balance at Beginning period Amounts
Collected /
Additions Settlements

Amounts
Written-off Current N

Balance at Not Current end period

SCHEDULE C

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING THE CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2024

Name and

Designation Balance at Amounts Amounts Balance of Debtor Beginning period Additions Collected/Settlements Written-off Current Not Current at end period

SCHEDULE D

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION INTANGIBLE ASSETS - OTHER ASSETS

March 31, 2024

						Other changes	
				Charged to cost and	Charged to other	additions	
_	Description	Beginning balance	Additions at cost	expenses	accounts	(deductions)	Ending balance

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION LONG-TERM DEBT

March 31, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

Title of Issue and type of obligation

Amount authorized by: Indenture

Amount shown under the caption "Current Portion of long-term borrowings" in related balance sheet

Amount shown under the caption "Long-term borrowings- net of current portion" in related balance sheet

SCHEDULE F

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION INDEBTEDNESS TO RELATED PARTIES (LONG-TERM LOANS FROM RELATED COMPANIES)

March 31, 2024

Name of Related Party

Balance at beginning of period

Balance at end of period

SCHEDULE G

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION GUARANTEES OF SECURITIES OF OTHER ISSUERS

March 31, 2024

Name of issuing entity of securities guaranteed by the Parent Company for which this statement is filed

securities guaranteed

Title of issue of each class of Total amount guaranteed and Amount owed by person for outstanding

which statement is filed

Nature of guarantee

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION CAPITAL STOCK

March 31, 2024

The Company's authorized share capital is ₹4.0 billion divided into 397.3 billion shares at ₹0.01 par value. As at March 31, 2024, total shares issued and outstanding is 261,314,797,080 held by 1,180 shareholders.

		Number of shares issued and outstanding	Number of shares reserved for option,	d				
		as shown under related	d warrants,		Principal/	No of shares		
	Number of shares	financial condition	conversions	Directors and	d Substantial	held by		
Title of Issue	authorized	caption	and other right	sOfficers	Stockholders	Government	Banks	Others
Common Stock	397,325,000,000	261,314,797,080	_	399,562,501	205,647,268,035	5-	_	55,267,966,544

SCHEDULE 1

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION

FINANCIAL RATIOS PURSUANT TO SRC RULE 68, AS AMENDED

	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2023
PROFITABILITY RATIOS:			_
Return on Assets	-2.332%	-1.651%	-9.640%
Return on Equity	6.154%	0.000%	-27.090%
Gross profit Margin	0%	0%	0%
Net Profit Margin	0%	0%	0%
LIQUIDITY AND SOLVENCY RATIOS:			
Current Ratio	0.0033 : 1	0.0025 : 1	0.0020 : 1
Quick Ratio	0.0030 : 1	0.0023 : 1	0.0020 : 1
Solvency Ratio	0.7254 : 1	0.7852 : 1	-0.0695 : 1
FINANCIAL LEVERAGE RATIOS:			
Asset to Equity ratio	-2.64 : 1	-3.66 : 1	-2.81 : 1
Debt ratio	1.38 : 1	1.27 : 1	1.36 : 1
Debt to equity ratio	-3.64 : 1	-4.66 : 1	-3.81 : 1
Interest Coverage ratio	-0.17 : 1	-0.05 : 1	-0.29 : 1

UNITED PARAGON MINING CORPORATION NOTES TO INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2024

1. Corporate Information

Corporate Information

United Paragon Mining Corporation (the Company) was the name given to United Asia Resources and Geothermal Corporation (UARGC), surviving corporation, when the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) approved the merger of UARGC and Abcar-Paragon Mining Corporation (APMC) on January 29, 1990. The more significant provisions of the merger, which for accounting purposes were effective July 31, 1989, included the acquisition of assets and assumption of APMC's obligations by UARGC through issuance of shares of stock.

The Company's major activities are principally devoted to the exploration and development of its underground mining operations for the extraction of gold.

No person or entity holds more than 50% of the Company's voting securities. Accordingly, the Company has no parent company.

The Company's registered office address is 6th Floor, Quad Alpha Centrum, 125 Pioneer Street, Mandaluyong City. Its exploration and mining operations are located in Longos, Paracale, Camarines Norte.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost basis. The financial statements are presented in Philippine peso (P=), which is the Company's functional currency and presentation currency under the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs). All amounts are rounded off to the nearest Peso, except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs). PFRSs include statements named PFRS and Philippine Accounting Standards (PASs) and Philippine Interpretations from the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee (IFRIC) issued by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC).

Changes in Accounting Policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective in 2023. The Company has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have an impact on the financial statements of the Company.

Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures

The amendments to the Practice Statement provide non-mandatory guidance.

Amendments to PAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

The amendments did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

The amendments had no impact on the Company's financial statements.

Amendments to PAS 12, International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules

The amendments introduce a mandatory exception in PAS 12 from recognizing and disclosing deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

The amendments also clarify that PAS 12 applies to income taxes arising from tax law enacted or substantively enacted to implement the Pillar Two Model Rules published by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), including tax law that implements qualified domestic minimum top-up taxes. Such tax legislation, and the income taxes arising from it, are referred to as 'Pillar Two legislation' and 'Pillar Two income taxes', respectively.

The temporary exception from recognition and disclosure of information about deferred taxes and the requirement to disclose the application of the exception, apply immediately and retrospectively upon adoption of the amendments in June 2023.

Meanwhile, the disclosure of the current tax expense related to Pillar Two income taxes and the disclosures in relation to periods before the legislation is effective are required for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

Pronouncements Issued but not yet Effective

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

Amendments to PFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

Amendments to PAS 7 and PFRS 7, Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

Amendments to PAS 21, Lack of exchangeability

Deferred effectivity

Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

Current versus Noncurrent Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current or noncurrent classification. An asset is current when it is:

Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle; Held primarily for the purpose of trading;

Expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or,

Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

A liability is current when:

It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;

It is held primarily for the purpose of trading.

It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or,

There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

In the principal market for the asset or liability, or;

In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Company at the measurement date. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical asset or liability Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

An analysis of fair values of financial instruments and further details as to how they are measured are provided in Note 22.

Financial Instruments

Date of Recognition

The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statement of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company determines the classification of its financial instruments on initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re—evaluates this designation at each reporting date. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the settlement date.

Initial Recognition

Financial instruments are recognized in the statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date (i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset).

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of all financial assets and liabilities, except for financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

Classification of Financial Assets. Financial assets are classified in their entirety based on the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets and the Company's business model for managing the financial assets. The Company classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories:

Financial assets measured at amortized cost;

Financial assets measured at FVPL;

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI), where cumulative gains or losses previously recognized are reclassified to profit or loss Financial assets measured at FVOCI, where cumulative gains or losses previously recognized are not reclassified to profit or loss

Contractual Cash Flows Characteristics. If the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, the Company assesses whether the cash flows from the financial asset represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

In making this assessment, the Company determines whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement, i.e., interest includes consideration only for the time value of money, credit risk and other basic lending risks and costs associated with holding the financial asset for a particular period of time. In addition, interest can include a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. The assessment as to whether the cash flows meet the test is made in the currency in which the financial asset is denominated. Any other contractual terms that introduce exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that is unrelated to a basic lending arrangement, such as exposure to changes in equity prices or commodity prices, do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Business Model. The Company's business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The Company's business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument.

The Company's business model refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The Company's business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling financial assets or both. Relevant factors considered by the Company in determining the business model for a group of financial assets include how the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the Company's key management personnel, the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how these risks are managed and how managers of the business are compensated.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. A debt financial asset is measured at amortized cost if (a) it is held within a business model for which the objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method, less any impairment in value. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The amortization is included in "Interest income" in the statement of income and is calculated by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, except for (a) purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets and (b) financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, where, in both cases, the EIR is applied to the amortized cost of the financial asset. Losses arising from impairment are recognized in profit or loss.

As at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company has financial assets at amortized cost consisting of cash (see Note 5).

Financial Assets at FVPL. Financial assets at FVPL are measured at FVPL unless these are measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI. Included in this classification are equity investments held for trading and debt instruments with contractual terms that do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Financial assets held at FVPL are initially recognized at fair value, with transaction costs recognized in the statement of income as incurred. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value and any gains or losses are recognized in the statement of income.

Additionally, even if the a2023sset meets the amortized cost or the FVOCI criteria, the Company may choose at initial recognition to designate the financial asset at FVPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (an accounting mismatch) that would otherwise arise from measuring financial assets on a different basis.

Trading gains or losses are calculated based on the results arising from trading activities of the Company, including all gains and losses from changes in fair value for financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL, and the gains or losses from disposal of financial investments.

As at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company has no equity instruments at FVPL.

Financial Assets at FVOCI. A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if (a) it is held within a business model for which the objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and (b) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. These financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in other comprehensive income within a separate component of equity. Impairment losses or reversals, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit and loss until the financial asset is derecognized. Upon derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. This reflects the gain or loss that would have been recognized in profit or loss upon derecognition if the financial asset had been measured at amortized cost. Impairment is measured based on the expected credit loss (ECL) model.

The Company may also make an irrevocable election to measure at FVOCI on initial recognition investments in equity instruments that are neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognized in a business combination in accordance with PFRS 3. Amounts recognized in OCI are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Dividends on such investments are recognized in profit or loss, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

Dividends are recognized in profit or loss only when:

the Company's right to receive payment of the dividend is established;

it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company; and

the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

As at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company has no financial assets at FVOCI.

Classification of Financial Liabilities. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, except for the following:

Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss;

Financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the Company retains continuing involvement;

Financial guarantee contracts;

Commitments to provide a loan at a below-market interest rate; and

Contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in accordance with PFRS 3.

A financial liability may be designated at fair value through profit or loss if it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (an accounting mismatch) or:

if a host contract contains one or more embedded derivatives; or

if a group of financial liabilities or financial assets and liabilities is managed and its performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Where a financial liability is designated at FVPL, the movement in fair value attributable to changes in the Company's own credit quality is calculated by determining the changes in credit spreads above observable market interest rates and is presented separately in other comprehensive income.

The Company's financial liabilities include accounts payable and other current liabilities, due to related parties, and redeemable preferred shares.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company applied the expected credit loss (ECL) model on the impairment of its financial assets.

No ECL is recognized on debt instruments that are measured at amortized cost.

ECLs are measured in a way that reflects the following:

an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;

the time value of money; and

reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Financial assets migrate through the following three stages based on the change in credit quality since initial recognition:

Stage 1: 12-month ECL. For credit exposures where there have not been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit-impaired upon origination, the portion of lifetime ECLs that represent the ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12-months after the reporting date are recognized.

Stage 2: Lifetime ECL - not credit-impaired. For credit exposures where there have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition on an individual or collective basis but are not credit-impaired, lifetime ECLs representing the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial asset are recognized.

Stage 3: Lifetime ECL - credit-impaired. Financial assets are credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of those financial assets have occurred. For these credit exposures, lifetime ECLs are recognized and interest revenue is calculated by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset.

Loss allowances are recognized based on 12-month ECL for debt investment securities that are assessed to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial asset is considered to have low credit risk if:

the financial instrument has a low risk of default;

the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; or

adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Company considers a debt investment security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade'.

Determination of the Stage for Impairment. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for financial assets since initial recognition by comparing the risk of default occurring over the expected life between the reporting date and the date of initial recognition. The Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and forward-looking analysis.

An exposure will migrate through the ECL stages as asset quality deteriorates. If, in a subsequent period, asset quality improves and also reverses any previously assessed significant increase in credit risk since origination, then the loss allowance measurement reverts from lifetime ECL to 12-month ECL.

Simplified Approach. The simplified approach, where changes in credit risk are not tracked and loss allowances are measured at amounts equal to lifetime ECL. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to set off the recognized amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Company assesses that it has a currently enforceable right of offset if the right is not contingent on a future event, and is legally enforceable in the normal course of business, event of default, and event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and all of the counterparties.

Derecognition of Financial Instruments

Financial Assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or

the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or

the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay. In such case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or has expired.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an ext or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Company's statement of comprehensive income.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks, which are measured at amortized cost and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). Cost is determined using the moving-average method and includes expenditures incurred in bringing the materials and supplies to their existing location and condition. NRV of materials and supplies is the current replacement cost.

Any write-down of materials and supplies to NRV is recognized as an expense in statement of comprehensive income in the year incurred.

When the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of changed economic circumstances, the amount of the write-down is reversed (i.e., the reversal is limited to the amount of the original write-down) so that the new carrying amount is the lower of the cost and the revised net realizable value.

Other Noncurrent Assets

Input VAT

Revenues, expenses, and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, if applicable.

When VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT) exceeds VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT), the excess is recognized as payable in the statement of financial position. When VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT) exceeds

VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT), the excess is recognized as an asset in the statement of financial position to the extent of the recoverable amount.

Tax Credit Certificates (TCCs)

TCCs represent instruments evidencing the amount of tax credits granted by the tax authorities which can be used as payment for income taxes. TCCs are classified as current if these can be utilized in the next twelve months after the reporting date. TCCs are recognized under the "Other noncurrent assets" account in the statement of financial position.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation, depletion and any impairment in value.

The initial cost of property, plant and equipment consists of construction cost, and its purchase price, including import duties and nonrefundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to the location and condition for its intended use. Subsequent costs that can be measured reliably are added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Company. The costs of day-to-day servicing of an asset are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment include capitalized underground development and mine and mining properties.

Depreciation and amortization on property, plant and equipment, except for underground development and exploration and mine and mining properties, is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of each asset less its residual value over its estimated useful life.

The average estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Category	Number of Years
Buildings and plant improvements	10
Roads and bridges	10
Office and household furniture and equipment	5
Transportation equipment	3-5

Depletion of underground development and exploration costs and mine and mining properties is calculated using the units-of-production method based on estimated ore reserves.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation, amortization and depletion methods are reviewed periodically to ensure that they are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from those assets.

Construction in-progress represents work under construction and is stated at cost. Construction in-progress is not depreciated until such time that the relevant assets are completed and available for use. This also include interest on borrowed funds incurred during the construction period.

When assets are disposed of, or are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from their disposals, the cost and accumulated depreciation, amortization, depletion and impairment losses, if any, are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss arising from the retirement or disposal is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

Fully depreciated property plant and equipment are retained in the accounts until these are no longer in use.

Deferred Exploration Costs and Deferred Development Costs

Deferred exploration costs include costs incurred on activities involving the search for mineral resources, the determination of technical feasibility and the assessment of commercial viability of an identified resource.

Deferred development costs included in "Underground Development" under "Property, Plant and Equipment" include costs incurred after determining the commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource.

Deferred exploration costs are assessed at each reporting period for possible indications of impairment. This is to confirm the continued intent to develop or otherwise extract value from the discovery. When this is no longer the case or is considered as areas permanently abandoned, the costs are written off through the statement of comprehensive income. Exploration areas are considered permanently abandoned if the related permits of the exploration have expired and/or there are no definite plans for further exploration and/or development.

The recoverability of deferred exploration costs is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of reserves and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of recoverable reserves.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. The Company used value in use to assess the recoverable amount of an asset.

Recovery of impairment losses recognized in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognized for the asset no longer exist or have decreased. The recovery is recorded in the statement of comprehensive income. However, the increased carrying amount of an asset due to a recovery of an impairment loss is recognized to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depletion, depreciation and amortization) had no impairment loss been recognized for that asset in prior years.

Deferred Exploration Costs

An impairment review is performed, either individually or at the CGU level, when there are indicators that the carrying amount of the deferred exploration costs/deferred development costs may exceed their recoverable amounts. To the extent that this occurs, the excess is fully provided against, in the reporting period in which this is determined. Deferred exploration costs are reassessed on a regular basis and these costs are carried forward provided that at least one of the following conditions is met:

such costs are expected to be recouped in full through successful development and exploration of the area of interest or alternatively, by its sale; or

exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in relation to the area are continuing, or planned for the future.

Redeemable Preferred Shares

Equity instruments that include a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity are classified as a financial liability. Accordingly, preferred shares that are due for redemption are presented as a liability in the statement of financial position.

Preferred share is classified as a liability if it is redeemable on a specific date or at the option of the shareholders, or if dividend payments are not discretionary. Dividends thereon are recognized as interest expense in the statement of comprehensive income as accrued.

The Company classified its redeemable preferred shares as a liability.

Capital Stock and Additional Paid-in Capital (APIC)

The Company has issued capital stock that is classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new capital stock or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Amount of contribution in excess of par value is accounted for as an APIC.

Deficit

Deficit includes accumulated losses attributable to the Company's stockholders. Deficit may also include effect of changes in accounting policy as may be required by the standard's transitional provisions.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognized when the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service to the customer, which is when the customer obtains control of the good or service. A performance obligation may be satisfied at a point in time or over time. The amount of revenue recognized is the amount allocated to the satisfied performance obligation.

Interest Income

Income is recognized as the interest accrues (using the EIR that is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset).

Other Income

Other income is recognized when earned. Other income consists of gain on sale of the Company's property and equipment and scrap inventory.

Cost and Expense Recognition

Costs and expenses are decreases in economic benefits during the accounting period in the form of outflows or depletions of assets or incurrence of liabilities that result in decreases in equity, other than those relating to distributions to equity participants. Expenses are generally recognized when the expense arises following the accrual basis of accounting.

Provisions

General

Provisions are recognized when (a) the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event; (b) it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and (c) a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

Provision for Mine Rehabilitation and Decommissioning

Provision is made for close down, restoration and environmental rehabilitation costs (which include the dismantling and demolition of infrastructure, removal of residual materials and remediation of disturbed areas) in the financial period when the related environmental disturbance occurs, based on the estimated future costs using information available at reporting date. The obligation generally arises when the asset is constructed or the ground or environment is disturbed at the mine site. The provision is discounted using a current market-based pre-tax discount rate and the unwinding of the discount is classified as interest accretion in the statement of comprehensive income. At the time of establishing the provision, a corresponding asset is capitalized, where it gives rise to a future benefit, and depreciated over future production from the operations to which it relates.

The provision is reviewed on an annual basis for changes to obligations or legislation or discount rates that affect change in cost estimates or life of operations. The cost of the related asset is adjusted for changes in the provision resulting from changes in the estimated cash flows or discount rate, and the adjusted cost of the asset is depreciated prospectively.

Where rehabilitation is conducted systematically over the life of the operation, rather than at the time of closure, provision is made for the estimated outstanding continuous rehabilitation work at each reporting date and the cost is charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

Retirement Benefits

The net retirement benefit obligation or asset is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting date reduced by the fair value of plan assets (if any), adjusted for any effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling. The asset ceiling is the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plans is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method.

Defined benefit costs comprise the following: Service cost;

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset; and Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability or asset.

Service costs which include current service costs, past service costs and gains or losses on non-routine settlements are recognized as expense in statement of comprehensive income. Past service costs are recognized when plan amendment or curtailment occurs.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is the change during the period in the net defined benefit liability or asset that arises from the passage of time which is determined by applying the discount rate based on high quality corporate bonds to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognized as expense or income in the statement of comprehensive income.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest on defined benefit liability) are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. These are retained in other comprehensive income until full settlement of the obligation.

Income Taxes

Current Income Tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The income tax rates and income tax laws used to compute the amount are those that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Income Tax

Deferred income tax is provided, using the balance sheet liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized in the future.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized in the future.

Deferred income tax relating to items recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the income tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the income tax rate and income tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each financial reporting period.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off the current tax assets against the current tax liabilities and deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Uncertain Tax Position

The Company records uncertain tax positions on the basis of a two-step process whereby the Company determines whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained based on technical merits of the position, and for those tax positions that meet the more likely than not criteria, the Company recognizes the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with related tax authority. The Company records interest and penalties on uncertain tax positions in "Income tax expense (benefit)" account in the statement of comprehensive income.

Leases – Company as a Lessee

The Company's lease contracts pertain to operating leases of machinery and equipment.

The Company applies the low-value lease recognition exemption to its lease of machinery and equipment. The Company continues to recognize lease payments as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of an entity that: (a) engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity); (b) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and (c) for which discrete financial information is available.

Basic Loss Per Share

Basic loss per common share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding and subscribed for each respective period with retroactive adjustments for stock dividends declared, if any.

Diluted Loss Per Share

Diluted loss per common share amounts are calculated by dividing the net income by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for any stock dividends declared during the year plus weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive ordinary shares into ordinary shares, excluding treasury shares.

Since the Company has no potential dilutive common shares, basic and diluted loss per common share are stated at the same amount.

Foreign Currency Transactions

The financial statements are presented in Philippine peso, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rate of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates prevailing as at the date of the initial transactions. All differences are taken to "Foreign exchange loss (gain) - net" in the statement of comprehensive income.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. These are disclosed in the notes to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but disclosed in the notes to financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events After the End of the Financial Reporting Date

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when material.