

| Material Grade | Density g/cm ³ | Hardness (HRA) | T.R.S. (MPa) | Comp.S. (Mpa) | Application |
|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|--|
| RT51 | 14.2 | 88.2 | 3,080 | 4,000 | Heading Die for Light Impact, Punching Tool, Drawing Tool, Punch, etc. |
| RT52 | 13.9 | 87 | 3,040 | 3,360 | Heading Die for Light Impact, Cutter, Punching Tool, Punch, Shearing Die, etc. |
| RT525 | 13.7 | 86.2 | 3,000 | 3,250 | |
| RT53 | 13.6 | 85.5 | 2,920 | 3,160 | Heading Die, Punch, Nut Forming Die, Shearing Die, Parts Forming Die, Impact Die, Hot pressing Die, Parts Forming, Knife, etc. |
| RT54 | 13.4 | 84.3 | 2,880 | 2,960 | |
| RT55 | 13.1 | 83 | 2,660 | 2,800 | Heading Die, Nut Forming Die, Impact Die, Punch, Parts Forming Die (Application for Heaviest Impact), etc. |
| RT56 | 12.8 | 82 | 2,580 | 2,750 | |

RT type (Corrosion Resistant/Impact Resistant Tungsten Carbide)

Alloys featuring in that the binder phase is reinforced and middle to coarse grains of WC are used so that heat resistance, corrosion resistance and shock resistance are improved. Particularly, some draw or bottomed header dies can archive 5 to 10 times longer in life than conventional. Electrolytic corrosion due to wire cut and corrosion after polishing are prevented. These alloys are suitable for hot casting.