# **AGNI** Primary Molar Crowns User Manual

### **Indications:**

- •Extensive caries
- Fractured teeth
- Developmental disorders
- Pulpal exposures
- •Long-term adult provisionals

### **Preparation:**

A small tapered, carbide bur (69-L or 169-L) or Diamond bur will work well for tooth reduction.

### Occlusal reduction:

It carried out to obtain clearance of approximately 1.5 mm.



#### Proximal surface:

The mesial and distal contact points are cleared and a smooth taper from occlusal to gingival should be obtained that is free of ledges or shoulders.

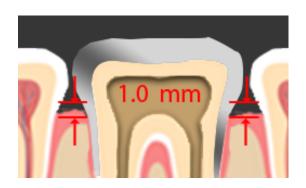


### Cervical finish line:

If a step or ledge is present the operator will have difficulty seating the crown and may be tempted to trim it unnecessarily.



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### Crown selection:

- Select the crown and trial fit.
- The crown margin should be located approximately 1.0 mm subgingivally both to give retention and a good cement seal.



## Trimming:

• If crown is too long or gingival blanching occurs, trim crown using a Crown scissors or with an abrasive wheel.



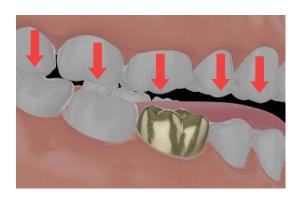
 Crimping pliers are recommended for ease and efficiency in crimping stainless steel crowns; however, conventional orthodontic pliers can also be used.



### Crown cementation:

Isolate tooth, rinse and dry. Mix cement and fill crown, assuring voids are not present in cement.
Stainless steel crowns are not a tight fit except at the margin, so a larger than normal volume of cement should be mixed.

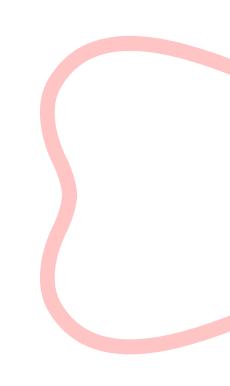
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- Seat crown firmly, check occlusion.
- Have patient bite into occlusion until cement is set.



• Remove excess cement interproximally with scaler or explorer. Floss interproximal areas.



AGNI DENTAL Customer Hotline +91 95865 49090 Please refer to instructions for more detailed information as well as precautionary.