

ARTICLE 2:

DEFINITIONS

Section 2.0 - Rules Applying to Text

For the purposes of this Ordinance, certain terms are defined to clarify the intent of the provisions of the Ordinance. The following rules shall apply, except, when clearly indicated otherwise.

- A.** The particular shall control the general.
- B.** In the case of any difference of meaning or implication between the text of this ordinance and any caption, the text shall control.
- C.** Unless the context clearly indicated to the contrary, words used in the present tense include the future tense; words used in the singular number include the plural; and words used in the plural number include the singular; the word "herein" means this Ordinance; and the word "this Ordinance" shall mean "the Ordinance text, tables and maps included herein, as enacted or subsequently amended".
- D.** The word "shall" is always mandatory and never discretionary. The word "may" is permissive.
- E.** Words used in the present tense shall include the future; words in the singular number shall also denote the plural and the plural shall also denote the singular.
- F.** A "building" or "structure" includes any part thereof.
- G.** The phrase "used for" includes "arranged for", "designed for", "intended for", "maintained for" and "occupied for".
- H.** Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, where a regulation involves two (2) or more items, conditions, provisions, or events, the terms "and", "or", "either...or", such conjunction shall be interpreted as follows:
 - 1.** "And" denotes that all the connected items, conditions, provisions, or events apply in combination.
 - 2.** "Or" indicates that the connected items, conditions, or provisions, or events may apply singly or in any combination.
 - 3.** "Either . . . or" indicates that the connected items, conditions, provisions or events shall apply singly but not in combination.
- I.** The term "person" shall mean an individual, firm, corporation, association, partnership, Limited Liability Company or other legal entity, or their agents.
- J.** Any word or term not defined herein shall be assumed to have the meaning customarily assigned them.

- K. "Township" shall refer specifically to Secord Township.
- L. Any necessary interpretation of this Ordinance shall be made by the Secord Township Zoning Board of Appeals.

Section 2.1 - Definitions

For the purpose of this Ordinance, the following terms and words are defined as follows:

Abutting: Having property or district line in common; e.g., two lots are abutting if they have property lines in common.

Accelerated soil erosion: The increased lay of the land surface that occurs as a result of man's activities.

Access: A way of approaching or entering a property. For purposes of this Ordinance, all lots of record shall have access to a public road or highway or to a private road.

Accessory Building or Accessory Structure: A supplemental building or structure devoted to an accessory use and located on the same lot or parcel of land as the main building, or buildings. An accessory structure attached to a main structure shall be considered part of the main structure. Fences and walls are not considered accessory structures.

Accessory Dwelling Unit: A dwelling unit accessory to a single-family residence with its own kitchen, bath, living area, sleeping area, and separate entrance.

Accessory Use: A use which is clearly incidental and subordinate to, customarily found in connection with, and located on the same zoning lot, unless otherwise specified, as the principal use to which it is related

Acreage, Net: The actual land available for development within a parcel after the exclusion of road rights-of-way and other such areas not available for development purposes (i.e. steep slopes, wetlands, and the like).

Adjacent Property: Property which adjoins any side or corner of a specific parcel of land including, but not limited to, those lands separated from the parcel by a road right-of-way, easements or public utility rights-of-way.

Adult Foster Care Facility: see State-Licensed Residential Facility.

Agriculture: The art and science of cultivating the ground for the purpose of raising and harvesting trees, fruit or field crops, or animal husbandry for economic gain.

The following definitions A-J are related to agricultural tourism:

- A. **Agricultural Tourism:** The practice of visiting an agribusiness, horticultural, or agricultural operation, including, but not limited to, a farm, orchard, winery, greenhouse, hunting preserve, a companion animal or livestock show, for the purpose of recreation,

education, or active involvement in the operation, other than as a contractor or employee of the operation.

- B. **Value-Added Agricultural Product:** The enhancement or improvement of the overall value of an agricultural commodity or of an animal or plant product to a higher value. The enhancement or improvement includes, but is not limited to marketing, agricultural processing, transforming, or packaging, education presentation, activities and tours.
- C. **Agricultural Products:** Includes, but is not limited to, crops (corn, wheat, hay, potatoes); fruit (apples, peaches, grapes, cherries, berries, etc.); cider; vegetables (sweet corn, pumpkins, tomatoes, etc.); floriculture; herbs; forestry; husbandry; livestock and livestock products (cattle, sheep, hogs, horses, poultry, ostriches, emus, farmed deer, farmed buffalo, milk, eggs, and fur, etc.); aquaculture products (fish, fish products, water plants and shellfish); horticultural specialties (nursery stock, ornamental shrubs, flowers and Christmas trees); maple sap, etc.
- D. **Agriculturally Related Products:** Items sold at a farm market to attract customers and promote the sale of agricultural products. Such items include, but are not limited to all agricultural and horticultural products, animal feed, baked goods, ice cream and ice cream based desserts and beverages, jams, honey, gift items, food stuffs, clothing and value-added agricultural products and production on site.
- E. **Non-Agriculturally Related Products:** Those items not connected to farming or the farm operation, such as novelty t-shirts or other clothing, crafts and knick-knacks imported from other states or countries, etc.
- F. **Agriculturally Related Uses:** Those activities that predominantly use agricultural products, buildings or equipment, such as pony rides, corn mazes, pumpkin rolling, barn dances, sleigh/hay rides, and educational events, such as farming and food preserving classes, etc.
- G. **Non-Agriculturally Related Uses:** Activities that are part of an agricultural tourism operation's total offerings but not tied to farming or the farm's buildings, equipment, fields, etc. Such non-agriculturally related uses include amusement rides, concerts, etc., and are subject to special use permit.
- H. **Farm Market/On-Farm Market/Roadside Stand:** The sale of agricultural products or value-added agricultural products, directly to the consumer from a site on a working farm or any agricultural, horticultural or agribusiness operation or agricultural land.
- I. **Seasonal:** A recurrent period characterized by certain occurrences, festivities, or crops; harvest, when crops are ready; not all year round.
- J. **Seasonal Sign:** A sign erected for a limited period of time during the year when retailing activities for a particular farm product is available to the public.

Alley: Any dedicated public right of way affording a secondary or service means of access to abutting property and not intended for general traffic circulation.

Alterations: Any change, addition or modification in construction or type of occupancy, any change in the structural members of a building, such as walls or partitions, columns, beams or girders, the consummated act of which may be referred to herein as "altered" or "reconstructed".

Alternative Tower Structure: Man-made trees, clock towers, bell steeples, light poles and other similar alternative-design mounting structures that camouflage or conceal the presence of antennas or towers.

Animal Hospital: A self-enclosed building wherein animals including domestic household pets and farm animals are given medical or surgical treatment and use as a boarding place for such animals limited to short time boarding incidental to hospital use. Such hospitals include only those under direction of a licensed veterinarian registered in the State of Michigan.

Animal Shelter: A building supported by a governmental unit or agency or by a nonprofit corporation where domestic pets or other animals are kept because of requirements of public health officials, loss by owner, neglect or violation of a public law or ordinance.

Antenna: Any exterior transmitting or receiving device mounted on a tower, building or structure and used in communications that radiate or capture electromagnetic waves, digital signals, analog signals, radio signals or other communication signals.

Apartment: A dwelling in a multiple dwelling building or mixed use building intended for residence by one family or group of individuals living together as a single housekeeping unit.

Appeal: See "Zoning Appeal".

Applicant: Any person that applies for a permit.

Application: The process by which the owner of a parcel of land within the Township submits a request to develop, construct, build, modify, or erect a structure or commence a Special Use upon such parcel of land. Application includes all written documentation, verbal statements and representations, in whatever form or forum, made by an applicant to the township concerning such a request.

Architectural Features: Architectural features of a building shall include cornices, eaves, gutters, courses, sills, lintels, bay windows, chimneys and decorative ornaments.

Automobile Car Wash: A building, or portions thereof, the primary purpose of which is that of washing motor vehicles.

Automobile Repair: A place where, with or without the sale of engine fuels, the following services may be carried-out: general repair, engine rebuilding, rebuilding or reconditioning of motor vehicles; collision service, such as body, frame or fender straightening and repair; or painting and undercoating of motor vehicles.

Automobile Service Station: A place where gasoline or any other automobile engine fuel, kerosene or motor oil and lubricants or grease (for operation of motor vehicles) are retailed

directly to the public on premises; including sale of minor accessories and service for automobiles.

Automobile or Trailer Sales Area: Any enclosed building or area or open space used for display, sales, or rental of motor vehicles or trailers in new or used and operable condition.

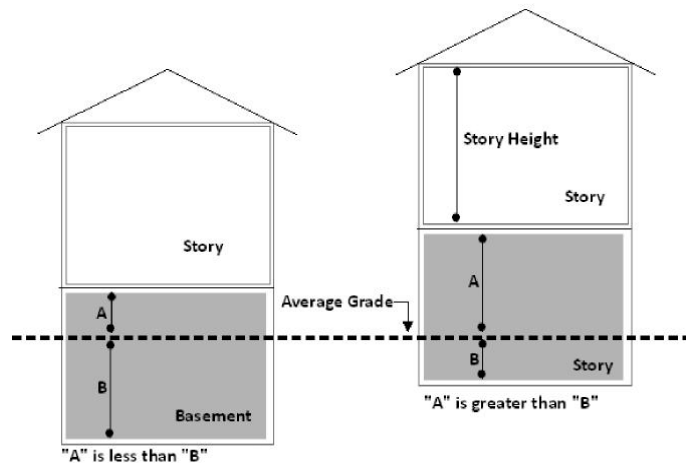
Automobile Storage, Damaged: Any storage of inoperable vehicles intended to be repaired back to operable condition, but not including such vehicles which are incidental or accessory to an automotive repair garage or a licensed salvage yard used as a depository for such vehicles.

Average: For the purpose of this Ordinance, the term, "average" will be an arithmetic mean.

Awning: Roof-like cover that projects from the wall of a building for the purpose of shielding a doorway or window from the elements.

Banner, Flag, or Pennant: Any cloth, bunting, plastic, paper, or similar non-rigid material used for advertising purposes attached to any structure, pole, line, framing, or vehicle, not including the official flags of the United States, the State of Michigan, and other states of the nation, counties, municipalities, official flags of foreign nations and nationally or internationally recognized organizations.

Basement: That portion of a building partly below grade, but so located that the vertical distance from the grade level to the basement floor is greater than the vertical distance from the grade level to the basement ceiling. A basement shall not be included as a story for height measurement, nor counted as floor area, unless the room has walkout capability. A "walkout basement" shall be defined as a room with at least one wall below grade, which provides barrier free access to the exterior of the structure and with at least fifty percent of one wall with no grade. Basements must have fire escape routes as designated in the current building code in use by Gladwin County.



Bed and Breakfast Facility: A residential structure occupied by the owner(s) or resident manager with sleeping rooms available for rent by guests on a short term basis at which the owner(s) or resident manager(s) may provide breakfast to guests at no additional cost.

Bedroom: A bedroom is a dwelling room used for or intended to be used safely for sleeping purposes by human beings.

Board of Appeals: see "Zoning Board of Appeals"

Boarding House: see Rooming House.

Boat and/or Canoe Livery and Boat Yard: A place where boats and/or canoes are stored, rented, sold, repaired, docked and serviced.

Breezeway: Any covered passageway with open sides between two buildings.

Buffer Strip: A strip of land for the planting of shrubs and/or trees to serve as an obscuring screen to carry out the requirements of this Ordinance. When a screen buffer is required, it shall consist of a dense ever green River planting or a solid fence or wall.

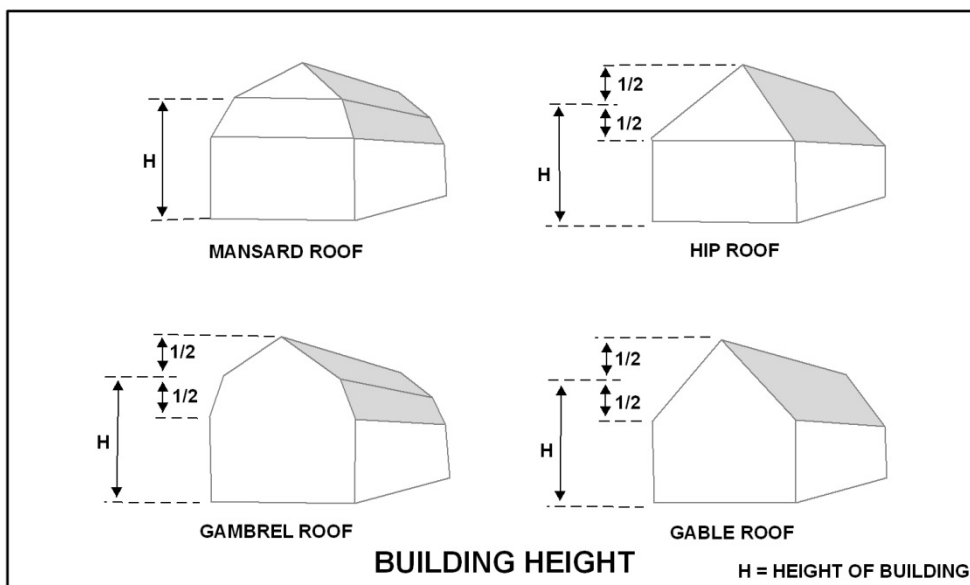
Buildable Area: That portion of a lot remaining after the minimum setback and open space requirements of this Ordinance have been complied with.

Buildable Width: The width of a lot left for building after required side yards are provided.

Building: Any structure having a roof supported by columns, or walls for the shelter or enclosure of persons, animals, or property of any kind.

Building, Farm: Any building or structure other than a dwelling, maintained, used or built on a farm which is essential and/or customarily used on farms for the pursuit of their agricultural activities, including the storage or housing of farm implements, produce or farm animals.

Building Height: The vertical distance measured from the established grade to the highest point of the roof surface for flat roofs; to the deck line of mansard roofs; to the average height between eaves and ridge for gable, hip and gambrel roofs, and the average height between the lowest point and the highest point on a shed roof. Where a building is located on a sloping terrain, the height may be measured from the average ground level of the grade at the building wall.



Building Line: An imaginary line established by District setback regulations.

Building, Principle: The building or structure in which the principal use or authority on a lot or parcel takes place.

Building Permit: A building permit is the written authority issued by the Gladwin County Building Inspector in conformity with the provisions of the Construction Code Ordinance.

Building, Temporary: A nonpermanent structure which is permitted incidental to construction.

Cabin: A detached building that is used for seasonal occupancy, but not including motels or migrant housing.

Cabin Court: One (1) or more cabins used for seasonal occupancy as dwelling or sleeping quarters for transients or tourists for a fee.

Campgrounds: Any parcel or tract of land, under the control of any person wherein sites are offered for the use of the public or members of an organization, either free of charge or for a fee for the establishment of temporary living quarters for five (5) or more recreational units.

Canopy: A permanent roof-like shelter that extends from part or all of a building face and is constructed of non-rigid material, except for the supporting framework.

Carport: A permanent roof-like shelter that is free-standing or extends from part of a building and is constructed of rigid material. A carport is considered an accessory structure.

Child Care Facility: A facility for the care of children (persons under 18 years of age), as licensed and regulated by the state under Act 116 of the Public Acts of 1973, being M.C.L.A. §§ 722.111 through 722.128 as amended, and the associated rules promulgated by the State Department of Human Services. Such organizations shall be further defined as follows:

- A. Family Child Care Home:** A private home operated by a Michigan licensed day care operator in which at least one (1) but less than (7) seven children are received for care and supervision for periods of less than twenty-four (24) hours a day, unattended by a parent and/or legal guardian, not including children related to an adult member of the resident family by blood, marriage or adoption. It includes a home that gives care to an unrelated child for more than four (4) weeks during a calendar year.
- B. Group Child Care Home:** A private home operated by a Michigan licensed day care operator in which more than six (6) but not more than twelve (12) children are given care and supervision for periods less than twenty-four (24) hours a day, unattended by a parent and/or legal guardian, not including children related to an adult member of the resident family by blood, marriage or adoption. It includes a home that gives care to an unrelated child for more than four (4) weeks during a calendar year.
- C. Child Care Center:** A facility, other than a private residence, receiving one (1) or more preschool or school-age children for care for periods of less than twenty-four (24) hours a day, and where the parents or guardians are not immediately available to the child. Child care center or day care center includes a facility that provides care for not less than two (2) consecutive weeks, regardless of the number of hours of care per day. The facility is generally described as a child care center, day care center, day nursery, nursery school, parent cooperative preschool, play group, or drop-in center.

D. Private Home: A private residence in which the registered facility operator permanently resides as a member of the household.

Church: see "Religious Institution".

Clinic, Veterinary: A building or group of buildings and/or structure where domestic animals are admitted for examination, treatment and care by a licensed veterinarian or related paraprofessionals and technicians and where such animals may be provided with overnight housing.

Clinic, Human: A building or group of buildings where human patients are admitted for examination and treatment by a professional; such as, a physician, dentist, or the like, except that such human patients are not lodged therein overnight.

Club or Lodge: An organization of persons for special purposes or for the promulgation of agriculture, sports, arts, science, literature, politics or the like, but not for profit, and open only to members and not the general public.

Cluster Development: A development design technique that concentrates buildings in specific areas on a site to allow the remaining land to be used for recreation, common open space, and preservation of environmentally sensitive areas.

College: A place of higher learning providing facilities for teaching and research of a general, technical, or religious nature, either public or private, and which is operated on a nonprofit basis.

Commercial: A term relating to the use of property in connection with the purchase, sale, or trading of goods for personal services or maintenance of service offices or recreation or amusement enterprise or garage/basement/porch sales lasting more than 14 days during any twelve-month period.

Commission: Secord Township Planning Commission.

Common Areas, Uses and Services: Land areas, facilities and utilities which are intended to be shared by the owners and occupants of individual building units in a subdivision or a planned development.

Condominium Unit: That portion of the condominium project designed and intended for separate ownership and use, as described in the master deed and is a parcel of land occupied, or intended to be occupied, by a main building or a group of such buildings and accessory buildings, or utilized for the principal use and uses accessory thereto, together with such yards and open spaces as are required under the provisions of this Ordinance. A lot may or may not be specifically designated as such on public records. Lot shall mean the same as home site and condominium unit in site condominium developments.

Construction Code: Means the Michigan State Construction Code or any Code established in accordance with its provisions or adopted by reference thereunder.

Convalescent or Nursing Home: A structure with sleeping rooms where persons are housed or lodged and are furnished with meals, nursing and medical care and which qualifies for license under the applicable Michigan law.

Cottage Industry: A home occupation in which goods or products are sold on the premises.

Crawl Space: An open area between the floor of a building and the ground.

Deck: An unroofed structure used for outdoor living purposes that may or may not be attached to a building and which protrudes more than four inches above finished grade.

Density: The number of dwelling units on, or to be developed upon, an acre of land.

District: "District" as used herein is synonymous with the word "zone" or "zoning district". See "Zoning District"

Dock: A temporary or permanent structure, built on or over the water, supported by pillars, pilings, or other supporting devices.

Dock, Floating: A more or less rigid, free floating platform not attached to the land, made of buoyant materials: a dock, raft, float, ski jump, trampoline, swimming or diving platform.

Drive-In Establishment: A business establishment primarily developed so that its retail or service character is dependent on providing a driveway approach or parking spaces for motor vehicles, so as to serve patrons while in the motor vehicle while parked.

Drive-In Restaurant: A drive-in restaurant shall be deemed to be any restaurant designed to permit or facilitate the serving of meals, sandwiches, ice cream, beverages, or other food served directly to or permitted to be consumed by patrons in cars or other vehicles parked on the premises, or permitted to be consumed by patrons elsewhere on the site outside the main building.

Drive-Through Establishment: A business establishment primarily developed so that its retail or service character is dependent on providing a driveway approach for motor vehicles so as to provide patrons with a service while in the motor vehicle which is in the drive-through lane(s). This service is provided from the establishment by means of a window or similar device.

Driveway: A driveway is that portion of a lot intended to be the area upon which vehicles travel from a road (private or public) to a dwelling or other improvements located upon the lot.

Dwelling, Farm: A dwelling used to house the principal family operating the farm, and which is accessory to the operation of the farm, which is the principal use of the land upon which it is located.

Dwelling, Manufactured: A factory-built, single-family structure that is transportable in one (1) or more sections, is built on a permanent chassis, is designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation. It is designed to be used as a dwelling when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, and electrical systems in the structure, but which is not constructed with a permanent hitch or other device allowing transport of the unit other than for the purpose of delivery to a permanent site and which does not have wheels or axles permanently attached to its body or frame. A manufactured home is constructed according to the National Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, as amended. The manufactured home shall meet the minimum floor area requirements of this

Zoning Ordinance and installed in accordance with all of the other requirements of this Ordinance specified for dwellings when located outside of a licensed Manufactured Housing Development.

Dwelling, Multiple-Family: A residential building designed for or occupied by three (3) or more families, with the number of families in residence not exceeding the number of dwelling units provided.

Dwelling, Seasonal: A dwelling that is not utilized in each month of the year.

Dwelling, Single-Family: A detached building containing not more than one (1) dwelling unit designed for residential use.

Dwelling - Town House: A single-family attached dwelling with units sharing common side walls and usually situated in a straight line with each other.

Dwelling, Two-Family or Duplex: A multiple family dwelling structure designed exclusively for occupancy by two (2) families independent of each other; such as, a duplex dwelling unit.

Dwelling Unit: A building or portion of a building, either site-built or pre-manufactured which has sleeping, living, cooking and sanitary facilities and can accommodate one family, either permanently or transiently. In the case of buildings, which are occupied in part, the portion occupied shall be considered a dwelling unit, provided it is in conformance with the criteria for dwellings. In no case shall a travel trailer, truck, bus, motor home, tent or other such portable structures be considered a dwelling unit.

Easement: The right of a person, government agency, or public utility company to use public or private land owned by another for a specific purpose.

Edge of Road: see: "Road Right-of-Way Line" for Edge of Road

Erected: Includes built, constructed, reconstructed, moved upon or any physical operation on the premises intended or required for a building or structures. Excavation, fill drainage, land clearing, and general property improvements are not considered part of this definition.

Essential Services: The erection, construction, alteration or maintenance by public or private utilities or municipal departments of underground, surface, or overhead gas, electrical, steam, fuel or water transmission or distribution systems, collection, communication, fiber optic, supply or disposal systems, including poles, wires, mains, drains, sewers, pipes, conduits, cables, fire alarm and police call boxes, traffic signals, hydrants, towers, poles, and other similar equipment and accessories in connection therewith, but not including buildings, which are necessary for the furnishing of adequate service by such utilities or municipal departments for the general health, safety or welfare. Telecommunication towers or facilities, alternative tower structures, wireless communication antenna, wind turbine generator, public buildings and public utility substations are not included within this definition.

Excavation: The removal of rock, sand, soil, or fill material below the average grade of the surrounding land and/or road grade, whichever is highest. This does not include alterations for farming purposes, gardening purposes, and ground care.

Family:

- a. An individual or group of two or more persons related by blood, marriage or adoption, together with foster children and servants of the principal occupants, with not more than one additional unrelated person, who are domiciled together as a single domestic housekeeping unit in a dwelling, or
- b. A collective number of individuals domiciled together in one dwelling whose relationship is of a continuing non-transient domestic character and who are cooking and living as a single nonprofit housekeeping unit. This definition shall not include any society, club, fraternity, coterie, organization, or group of students or other individuals whose domestic relationship is of a transitory or seasonal nature or for an anticipated limited duration of a school term or terms or other similar determinable period.

Farm: The land, plants, animals, buildings, structures, including ponds used for agricultural or aqua cultural activities, machinery, equipment, and other appurtenances used in the production of commercial farm products.

Farm Building: see Building, Farm.

Farm Product: Those plants and animals useful to human beings produced by agriculture and includes, but is not limited to, forages and sod crops, grains and feed crops, field crops, dairy and dairy products, poultry and poultry products, cervidae, livestock, including breeding and grazing, equine, fish, and other aquacultural products, bees and bee products, berries, herbs, fruits, vegetables, flowers, seeds, grasses, nursery stock, trees and tree products, mushrooms, and other similar products, or any other product which incorporates the use of food, feed, fiber, or fur as determined by the Michigan Commission of Agriculture.

Fence: A permanent partition, structure or gate erected as a dividing marker, barrier or enclosure, and not a part of a principal building or structure or other accessory structure.

First Floor: Elevation above level of Constructed building foundation.

Filling: The depository or dumping of any matter into or onto the ground, except common household gardening and general care.

Filling Station: see "Automobile Service Station"

Flood Plain: The relatively flat area or lowlands adjoining the channel of watercourse or a body of standing water, which has been or may be covered by flood water. Determination of a flood plain is:

- A. Contiguous areas paralleling a river, stream or other body of water that constitute at their maximum edge the highest flood levels experienced in a period of 100 years (FEMA standard).
- B. Principal estuary courses of wetland areas that are part of the river flow system.
- C. Contiguous areas paralleling a river, stream or other body of water that exhibit unstable soil conditions for development.

Floor Area: The square footage of floor space measured from exterior to exterior wall for all floors, but not including enclosed and unenclosed porches, breezeways, garages, attic, basement and cellar area.

Floor Area, Usable Commercial: All floor area used for the sale of merchandise or services or for use to serve patrons, clients, or customers. Floor area used principally for the storage or processing of merchandise, hallways or for utilities, shall be excluded for the computation of usable floor area; for uses not enclosed within a building, the area used for the sale of merchandise, display of merchandise, and/or area used to serve patrons shall be measured to determine necessary parking spaces.

Floor Area, Usable Residential: The floor area available for living purposes exclusive of that used for parking vehicles, utility closets, and the like.

Garage-Commercial: A building, or part thereof, designed or used for equipping, servicing, repairing, hiring, storing, or parking motor vehicles. The term repairing does not include the rebuilding, dismantling or storage of wrecked or junked vehicles.

Garage-Private: An accessory building which is used primarily for the storage of vehicles for the use of the occupants of a lot on which such building is located.

Gasoline Service Station: see Automobile Service Station.

Garage, Rummage and Yard Sales: The sale of any new, used, antique, second hand merchandise in any yard, garage, home building or vacant lot within the township.

Gazebo: An accessory building of an open ("see through") design. A gazebo does not exceed fifteen (15) feet in length, width, and height. The open area may be glass and/or screen enclosed.

Grade: An average level of the finished surface of the ground adjacent to the exterior walls of the building or structure.

Greenbelt, Shoreline: A strip parallel to the bank of a stream or lake maintained in trees and shrubs or in its natural state to serve as a waterfront buffer.

Hazardous Substances: Any substances or materials that, by reason of their toxic, caustic, corrosive, abrasive or otherwise injurious properties, may be detrimental to the health of any person handling or otherwise coming into contact with such materials or substances.

Heavy Industry: Manufacturing, fabricating activities or other large scale specialized industrial operations having external effects that will be felt to some degree by surrounding uses.

Height of Structure: The vertical distance measured from the established grade at the center of the front of the structure to the highest point of the structure whether it is a roof, wall, parapet or similar appurtenance of the structure. Building height is determined according to the definition "Building Height".

Home Occupation: An occupation or profession carried on by the occupant of a dwelling unit which is conducted within a dwelling or accessory building and which is clearly incidental and

secondary to the use of the lot and dwelling for residential purposes. A home occupation may also occur in/on the following:

- a. Accessory building located on premises.
- b. Located on contiguous property owned by home owner.

Hospital: An institution providing health services, primarily for inpatients and medical or surgical care of the sick or injured, including as an integral part of the institution, such related facilities as laboratories, outpatient departments, training facilities, central service facilities and staff offices.

Hotel/Motel: A building occupied or used as a predominantly temporary abiding place by individuals or groups of individuals, with or without meals, and in which building there are more than five (5) sleeping rooms and in which rooms there is no provision for cooking.

Ice Retardant System: Aerator, bubbler, or any device, equipment or any type of ice retardant system used within the lake or affects the lake surface so as to prevent the normal formation of ice on the lake surface.

Ice Shanty: A shanty or tent type structure designed for fishing through the ice. This may be a portable or stationary type of structure.

Illegal Sign: A sign which does not meet the requirements of this Ordinance and which has not received legal nonconforming status.

Industry: A use engaged in manufacturing, fabricating, and/or assembly activities.

Industrial Park: A special or exclusive type of planned industrial area designed and equipped to accommodate a community of industries, providing them with all necessary facilities and services in attractive surroundings among compatible neighbors.

Inn: A residential structure with sleeping rooms available for rent by guests on a short term basis at which the owner(s) or resident manager(s) may provide meals to guests and the public.

Junk: All rubbish, refuse, waste material, garbage, including, but not limited to, the following: waste composed of animal, fish, fowl, fruit or vegetable matter, dead animals, putrescible and non-putrescible solid waste (except body wastes), ashes, glass, cans, bottles, discarded or abandoned machinery (except farm equipment), household appliances, industrial wastes, discarded, inoperative, dismantled or partially dismantled motorized vehicles or parts thereof. This shall not preclude home or farm composting for on-site use.

Junkyard: An open area where waste, used or second hand materials are bought and sold, exchanged, stored, baled, packed, disassembled or handled including, but not limited to scrap or other metals, paper, rags, rubber tires and bottles. A "Junkyard" includes automobile wrecking yards and includes any area of more than two hundred (200) square feet for storage, keeping or abandonment of junk, but does not include uses established entirely within enclosed buildings. Also, any premises upon which three or more unlicensed used motor vehicles which cannot be operated under their own power are kept or stored for a period of fifteen (15) days or more.

Kennel: Any building or land used for the sale, boarding, treatment, or breeding or more than two (2) dogs or three (3) cats or other household pets as a business.

Keyhole Development: A residential development in which a common lakefront lot is used to provide lake access to non-lakefront lot owners within the development.

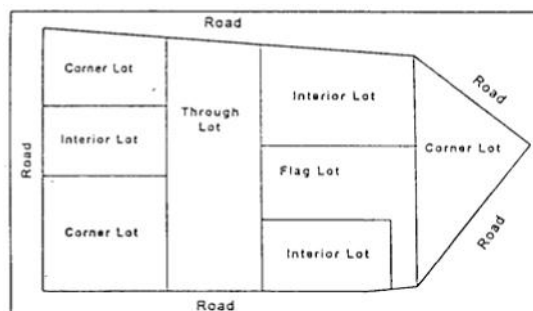
Landscaping: Any combination of existing or planted trees, shrubs, vines, ground covers, flowers, lawns, fences, fountains, pools, artworks, screens, walls, benches, walks, paths, steps, terraces and garden structures.

Livestock: Domesticated animals raised for home use or profit. Livestock includes such farm animals as horses, pigs, poultry, cows, goats, sheep, fowl, rabbits, camelids and similar animals.

Loading Space: An off-street space on the same lot with a building or group of buildings, for temporary parking of a commercial vehicle while loading or unloading merchandise or materials. Off-street loading space is not to be included as an off-street parking space in computation of required off-street parking.

Lot: The parcel of land or site condominium unit occupied or to be occupied by a use or building and its accessory buildings or structures together with such open spaces, minimum area, and width required by this Ordinance for the district in which located, but not including any area within any abutting right-of-way or traffic lane. A lot may or may not be specifically designated as such on public records.

Lot Corner: A lot located at the intersection of two streets or a lot bounded on two sides by a curving street, any two (2) sides of which form an angle of one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or less.



Lot Coverage: The part or percent of the lot occupied by buildings or structures, including

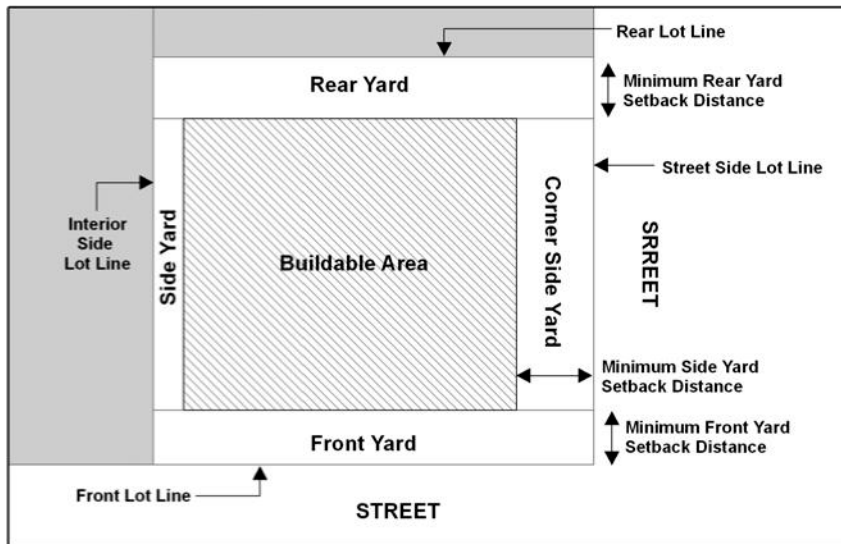
accessory buildings or structures. This shall be deemed to include all buildings, porches, arbors, breezeways, patio roofs, and the like, whether open box type and/or lathe roofs or, fully roofed, but shall not include fences, walls or hedges used as fences or swimming pools.

Lot Depth: The horizontal distance between the front and rear lot lines, measured along the median between the side lot lines.

Lot Double Frontage or Through: A lot other than a corner lot having frontage on two (2) more or less parallel roads. If there are existing structures in the same block fronting on one (1) or both of the roads, lake, river or stream the required front yard setback shall be observed on those roads where such structures presently front. see also "Through Lot".

Lot Interior: A lot other than a corner lot with only one (1) lot line fronting on a street.

Lot Lines: The exterior perimeter boundary lines of a lot or parcel.



Lot Line Front: In the case of an interior lot abutting upon a road, the front lot line shall mean the line separating such lot from such road right-of-way. In the case of a corner lot, the front lot line shall be that line separating said lot from the road on the side of the lot that has the narrowest road frontage, or if the two lot lines have an equal amount of frontage, the front lot line shall be on the most improved or best rated road according to the Gladwin County Road Commission. In the case of a waterfront lot, the line separating the lot from the water's edge shall be considered the front lot line.

Lot Line Rear: The lot line being opposite the front lot line. In the case of a lot irregularly shaped at the rear, the rear lot line shall be an imaginary line parallel to the front lot line, not less than twenty (20) feet long lying farthest from the front lot line and wholly within the lot. In the case of a waterfront lot, the line separating the lot from the road right-of-way shall be considered the rear lot line.

Lot Line Side: Any lot line not a front lot line or a rear lot line. A side lot line separating a lot from a street is a side street lot line. side lot line separating a lot from another lot or lots is an interior side lot line.

Lot of Record: A parcel of land defined by a legal description and recorded in the office of the Gladwin County Register of Deeds, or site condominium unit established and recorded by master deed in the Gladwin County Register of Deeds on or before the effective date of this Ordinance.

Lot Through: see Lot, Double Frontage

Lot Waterfront: A lot having frontage directly upon a lake, river, or stream. The portion adjacent to the water is considered the water frontage.

Lot Width: The horizontal distance between the side lot lines, measured at the two (2) points where the front setback line intersects the side lot line.

Manufactured Home: see Dwelling, Manufactured.

Manufactured Housing Community: A parcel or tract of land under the control of a person upon which 3 or more manufactured homes are located on a continual, non-recreational basis and which is offered to the public for that purpose regardless of whether a charge is made therefore, together with any building, structure, enclosure, street, equipment, or facility used or intended for use incident to the occupancy of a manufactured home.

Manufactured Housing Community Homesite: The designated parcel of land within a manufactured housing community upon which one (1) single-family manufactured home and accessory buildings, if any, are placed.

Medical marijuana definitions:

1. **Enclosed, Locked Facility:** that term as defined in Section 3 of initiated law 1 of 2008, as amended (Michigan Medical Marijuana Act), being MCL 333.26423.
2. **Marijuana:** a controlled substance as defined in Section 7106 of the public health code, PA 368 of 1978, MCL 333.7106.
3. **Medical Marijuana:** marijuana as defined by the Michigan Medical Marijuana Act (MCL 333.26421 et seq.) Grown, used or transferred for “medical use” as defined by the act.
4. **Primary Caregiver:** that term defined in Section 3 of Initiated Law 1 of 2008, as amended (Michigan Medical Marijuana Act), being MCL 333.26423 who is at least 21 years old and who has been registered by state department of licensing and regulatory affairs or any successor agency to assist with a qualifying patients’ use of medical marijuana.
5. **Primary Caregiver Facility:** a building in which the activities of a primary caregiver are conducted.
6. **Qualifying Patient:** that term defined in Section 3 of Initiated Law 1 of 2008, as amended (Michigan Medical Marijuana Act), being MCL 333.26423 who has been diagnosed by a physician as having a debilitating medical condition as provided by the Michigan Medical Marijuana Act and who has obtained a duly issued registry identification card from the state department of licensing and regulatory affairs or any successor agency.

Migratory Labor: Temporary or seasonal labor employed in planting or harvesting.

Mobile Home: see Dwelling, Manufactured.

Mobile Home Park: see Manufactured Housing Community.

Mobile Home Site: see Manufactured Housing Community Homesite.

Municipal Civil Infraction: A violation of the Secord Township Zoning Ordinance. Such violation carries civil penalties.

Municipal Civil Infraction Citation: A written complaint or notice prepared by an authorized Township official, directing a person to appear in court regarding the occurrence or existence of a municipal civil infraction violation by the person cited.

Motel or Motor Court: A series of attached, semi-detached or detached rental units providing overnight lodging for transients, open to the traveling public for compensation.

Nonconforming Building or Structure: A building, or structure, lawfully in existence on the effective date of this Ordinance, or any amendments thereto, that does not conform to regulations of the Zoning District in which such building or structure is located.

Nonconforming Lot of Record: A lot of record that legally existed on or before the effective date of this Ordinance or any amendment to this Ordinance which does not meet dimensional requirements of this Ordinance or amendment.

Nonconforming Sign: A sign lawfully existing on the effective date of this Zoning Ordinance, which does not conform to one or more of the regulations set forth in this Zoning Ordinance.

Nonconforming Use: A use of land lawfully in existence on the effective date of this Ordinance, or any amendments thereto, that does not conform to the use regulations of the zoning district in which it is located.

Nuisance Factor: An offensive, annoying, unpleasant, or obnoxious thing or practice, a cause or source of annoyance, especially a continuing or repeating invasion of any physical characteristics of activity or use across a property line which can be perceived by or affects a human being of reasonable sensibility, or the generation of an excessive or concentrated movement of people or things, such as noise; dust; heat; electronic or atomic radiation; objectionable effluent; noise or congregation of people, particularly at night.

Nursing Home: see "Convalescent Home"

Nursery, Plant Materials: A space, building or structure, or combination thereof, for the storage of live trees, shrubs, or plants offered for retail sale on the premises, including products used for gardening or landscaping. The definition of nursery *does not include* roadside stand.

Off-Street Parking Lot: A facility providing vehicular parking spaces, along with adequate drives and aisles. Adequate maneuvering space shall also be included to allow unrestricted ingress and egress to at least two (2) vehicles.

Open Space: Land upon which no structures, parking, rights-of-way, easements, sewage disposal systems (including backup areas for sewage disposal) or other improvements have or will be made that commit land for future use other than outdoor recreational use. Land proposed for outdoor recreational use that will result in the development of impervious surfaces shall not be included as open space.

Outdoor Display: A land area occupied and used for the display of merchandise offered for sale.

Outdoor Storage: A land area occupied and used for outdoor storage of building materials, sand, gravel, stone, lumber, equipment and other supplies.

Outdoor Sales Facility: Are business uses operated for profit, substantially in the open air, usually without buildings or structures, including uses such as the following:

- a. Bicycle, utility truck or trailer, motor vehicle, boats or home equipment sale, repair, or rental services.
- b. Outdoor display and sales of garages, motor homes, mobile homes, snowmobiles, farm implements, swimming pools and similar products.

Owner: A person holding any legal, equitable, option or contract of interest in land.

Parcel: see "Lot".

Parent Parcel: Any lot, from which sublots or subparcels are created after the adoption date of this Ordinance.

Park: Properties and facilities owned or operated by any governmental agency, or owned or operated by any private agency, which are open to the general public for recreational purposes.

Parking, Off-Street: Vehicular parking provided on a lot or parcel, but not within a highway or road right-of-way.

Parking, Off-Street, Lot: see off street parking lot.

Parking, Off-Street, Space: An area of definite length and width; said area shall be exclusive of drives, aisles, or entrances giving access thereto, and shall be fully accessible for the storage or parking of permitted vehicles on lots or parcels, but not within public highway or public or private road rights-of-way.

Parking Space: An area of definite length and width exclusive of drives, aisles, or entrances, giving access thereto, and fully accessible for the storage or parking of permitted vehicles.

Patio: A paved open space, used for outdoor living purposes and constructed of any materials providing a hard, durable surface, which does not protrude more than four (4) inches above the finished grade of the property.

Performance Guarantee: A cash deposit, certified check, irrevocable bank letter of credit or a performance or surety bond approved by the Secord Township Board.

Personal Service Establishments: Establishments offering services for a fee or other remuneration such as financial institutions, barber or beauty shops, clothing repair shops, professional offices and other similar uses.

Pet: Shall mean only such indigenous animals as may commonly be housed within domestic living quarters.

Place of Worship: see Religious Institution.

Planned Unit Development (PUD): A use which allows a development to be planned and built as a unit and which permits upon review and approval, variation in many of the traditional controls related to density, land use, open space and other design elements, and the timing and sequencing of the development.

Planning Commission: The commission appointed by the Township Board under the provisions of Public Act 33 of 2008, the "Michigan Planning Enabling Act" as amended. Refers to the Secord Township Planning Commission.

Plat: A map of a subdivision of land recorded with the Register of Deeds pursuant to State statute.

Plot Plan: The drawings and documents depicting and explaining all salient features of a proposed development which requires a zoning permit but is not required to prepare a site plan, in order to evaluate compliance with Zoning Ordinance standards and requirements.

Point of Sale: Determined at the time of Signed Document of Property Transfer.

Porch, Enclosed: A covered entrance to a building or structure which is totally enclosed, and projects out from the main wall of said building or structure and has a separate roof or an integral roof with the principal building or structure to which it is attached.

Porch, Open: An entrance to a building or structure which is not enclosed and projects out from the main wall of said building or structure.

Pool, Private Swimming: Any artificially constructed basin or other structure for the holding of five hundred (500) or more gallons of water for the use by the owner, his family or guests for aquatic sports or recreation. A swimming pool shall be considered an accessory structure for purposes of computing lot coverage.

Principal Structure: see Building, Principal.

Principal Use: The main use to which the premises are devoted and the primary purpose for which the premises exists.

Private Road: see "Road, Private".

Professional Office: The office of a professional person such as a doctor, dentist, engineer, architect, attorney, insurance or real estate agent, and the like, offering services for a fee or other remuneration such as financial institutions.

Public Place: Any real property or an appurtenance to the real property which is owned by this state, any municipality of this state, a public agency, or by a college or university in this state and may include a structure, enclosure, facility, or complex, including a court, mall, park, or other area, feature, or element. A public place shall also mean a business or an educational, refreshment, entertainment, recreation, health, or transportation facility, or institution of any kind, whether licensed or not, whose goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations are extended, offered, sold, or otherwise made available to the public.

Public Utility: Any person, firm, corporation, municipal department board, or commission fully authorized to furnish and furnishing, under federal, state or municipal regulations, to the public, electricity, gas, steam, communications, telegraph, transportation, water services, or sewage disposal.

Recreational Vehicle: A current licensed vehicle primarily designed and used as temporary living quarters for recreation or camping or a vehicle mounted on or drawn by another vehicle, includes but is not limited to motor homes, travel trailers, pop-up campers, modified trailers and tents.

Recreation Vehicle Park (RV Park): A family recreation-oriented facility for the overnight, short-term or seasonal, but not permanent or year-round, parking of travel trailers, recreation vehicles or tents. May also be known as a campground.

Religious Institution: A building wherein persons assemble regularly for religious worship, maintained and operated by an organized religious body. Accessory uses, buildings and structures customarily associated with the religious institution are classified as part of the principal use as a church, temple or synagogue.

Rental Sales Establishments: Establishments offering goods for sale such as food stores, drug stores, clothing sales, gift shops, hardware and appliance sales, restaurants and drinking places, variety stores and similar uses.

Residential Structures: Any structure used as a dwelling for permanent year-round, seasonal, vacation or temporary housing by human families or individuals.

Resort: A recreational lodge, camp or facility operated for gain, and which provides overnight lodging and one or more of the following: golf, skiing, dude ranching, recreational farming, snowmobiling, pack trains, bike trails, boating, swimming, hunting and fishing and related or similar uses normally associated with recreational resorts.

Restaurant: A building in which food or beverages are cooked or prepared and offered for sale, and where consumption is permitted on the premises whether or not entertainment is offered.

Retail and Retail Stores: Any building or structure in which goods, wares, or merchandise are sold to the ultimate consumer for direct consumption and not for resale.

Right-of-Way: A street, alley or other thoroughfare or easement permanently established for passage of persons or vehicles.

Road Private: Any road which is privately constructed and has not been accepted for maintenance by the Gladwin County Road Commission, State of Michigan or the federal government.

Road Public: Any road or portion of road which has been dedicated to and accepted for maintenance by the County Road Commission, State of Michigan or federal government.

Road Right-of-Way Line: The line which forms the outer limits of a road right-of-way or easement, and which forms the line from which all setbacks and front yards are measured, unless otherwise specified in this Ordinance. Edge of road (for variance purposes): to determine edge of the road right of way; the distance would be measured from the exact center of road:

Sixty-six (66) ft. road measures eleven (11) ft. of pavement and five (5) ft. of shoulder, plus seventeen (17) ft. of ditch for a total of thirty three (33) ft.

Fifty (50) ft. road measures eleven (11) ft. of pavement and three (3) ft. of shoulder, plus eleven (11) ft. of ditch for a total of thirty three (25) ft.

Forty (40) ft. road will be classified same as a Fifty (50) ft. road.

Rooming House: A residential building where rooms or suites of rooms are rented, for compensation, by arrangement for definite periods, where the renters use common facilities, such as hallways and bathrooms. A rooming house shall not include hotels, motels, apartment houses, tourist homes, two and multi-family dwellings or fraternity and sorority houses. Meals may be served from a common kitchen.

Sanitary Landfill: A private or public landfill that meets all of the requirements of Part 115 of Public Act 451 of 1994, as amended and the rules promulgated under these Acts by the Michigan Department of Natural Resources.

School: A public or private educational institution offering students a conventional academic curriculum, including kindergartens, elementary schools, middle schools, and high schools. Such term shall also include all adjacent properties owned by and used by such schools for educational, research, and recreational purposes.

Seasonal Use: Any use or activity that is not conducted during each month of the year.

Seasonal Use Sales: Sales establishments which exist on a temporary basis based on seasonal events such as Christmas tree sales, seasonal produce, and fireworks.

Setback: The minimum required horizontal distance from the applicable right-of-way line, easement, or property line of a lot within which no buildings or structures may be placed.

Setback Waterfront: The minimum required horizontal distance measured from the ordinary high water mark within which no buildings or structures may be placed.

Sexually Oriented Business: A business or commercial enterprise engaging in any of the following: (1) adult arcade; (2) adult bookstore or adult video store; (3) adult cabaret; (4) adult motel; (5) adult motion picture theater; (6) adult theater; (7) escort agency; and (8) nude model studio; (9) similar establishments.

1. **Adult Arcade:** Any place to which the public is permitted or invited wherein coin-operated or slug-operated electronically or mechanically controlled still or motion picture machines, projectors, or other image-producing devices are maintained to show images to five or fewer persons per machine at any one time and where the images so displayed are distinguished or characterized by depicting or describing of Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas.
2. **Adult Bookstore Or Adult Video Store:** A commercial establishment that, as one of its principal business purposes, offers for sale or rental for any form of consideration one or more of the following:
 - a. Books, magazines, periodicals or other printed matter or photographs, films, motion picture, video cassettes or video reproductions, slides or other visual representations or media which depict or describe Specified Sexual Activities or

Specified Anatomical Areas.

- b. Instruments, devices, or paraphernalia that are designed for use in connection with Specified Sexual Activities.

A commercial establishment may have other principal business purposes that do not involve the offering for sale or rental of material depicting or describing Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas and still be categorized as an Adult Bookstore or Adult Video Store. The sale of such material shall be deemed to constitute a principal business purpose of an establishment if it occupies 25% or more of the floor area or visible inventory within the establishment.

- 3. **Adult Cabaret:** A nightclub, bar, restaurant, or similar commercial establishment that regularly features any of the following:

- a. Persons who appear in a state of nudity;
- b. Live performances that are characterized by the exposure of Specified Anatomical Areas or by Specified Sexual Activities;
- c. Films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, other photographic reproductions or visual media that are characterized by the depiction or description of Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas; or
- d. Persons who engage in lewd, lascivious, or erotic dancing or performances that are intended for the sexual interests or titillation of an audience or customers.

- 4. **Adult Motel:** A hotel, motel or similar commercial establishment that:

- a. Offers accommodation to the public for any form of consideration and provides patrons with closed-circuit television transmissions, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, other photographic reproductions or visual media that are characterized by the depiction or description of Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas and has a sign visible from the public right of way that advertises the availability of any of the above;
- b. Offers a sleeping room for rent for a period of time that is less than twelve (12) hours; or
- c. Allows a tenant or occupant of a sleeping room to sub-rent the room for a period of time that is less than twelve (12) hours.

- 5. **Adult Motion Picture Theater:** A commercial establishment which for any form of consideration, regularly and primarily shows films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or other photographic reproductions or visual media that are characterized by depiction or description of Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas.

- 6. **Adult Theater:** A theater, concert hall, auditorium, or similar commercial establishment that regularly features a person or persons who appear in a state of nudity or live performances that are characterized by exposure of Specified Anatomical Areas or by

Specified Sexual Activities.

7. **Nude Model Studio:** Any place where a person who displays Specified Anatomical Areas is provided to be observed, sketched, drawn, painted, sculptured, photographed, or similarly depicted by other persons who pay money or any form of consideration, but does not include an educational institution funded, chartered, or recognized by the State of Michigan.
8. **Nudity or a State of Nudity:** Knowingly or intentionally displaying in a public place, or for payment or promise of payment by any person including, but not limited to payment of an admission fee, any individual's genitals or anus with less than a fully opaque covering, or a female individual's breast with less than a fully opaque covering of the nipple and areola. Public nudity does not include any of the following:
 - a. A woman's breastfeeding of a baby whether or not the nipple or areola is exposed during or incidental to the feeding.
 - b. Material as defined in section 2 of Act No. 343 of the Public Acts of 1984, being section 752.362 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
 - c. Sexually explicit visual material as defined in section 3 of Act No. 33 of Public Acts of 1978, being section 722.673 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
9. **Specified Anatomical Areas:** Means and includes any of the following:
 - a. Less than completely and opaquely covered:
 - (1) Human genitals;
 - (2) Pubic region;
 - (3) Buttocks
 - (4) Female breast below a point immediately above the top of the areola.
 - b. Human male genitals in a discernible turgid state even if completely or opaquely covered.
10. **Specified Sexual Activities:** Means and includes any of the following:
 - a. Human genitals in a state of sexual arousal;
 - b. Acts of or simulated acts of human masturbation, sexual intercourse, sodomy, bestiality, fellatio or cunnilingus; or
 - c. Fondling or other erotic touching of human genitals, pubic region, buttocks or female breast.
 - d. Excretory functions as part of or in connection with any of the activities set forth in a – c above.

Shopping Center: A group of commercial establishments, planned, developed, owned, and managed as a unit, with off-street parking provided on the property.

Shoreline: The line which separates land from a surface water feature may be (a) established as a matter of record as the mean level elevation of the surface water or (b) as determined by the legal establishment of the surface water level elevation by the County or other public agency. For the purpose of this Ordinance the legally established surface water level elevation shall take precedence, if established, over the mean level elevation.

Sign: Any structure or part thereof, or device attached thereto or painted or represented thereon, or any material or thing, illuminated or otherwise, which displays or includes any numeral, letter, word, model, banner, emblem, insignia, device, code mark or other representation used as, or in the nature of, an announcement, advertisement, direction or designation, of any person, firm, organization, place, commodity, service, business, profession, or industry, which is located upon any land or in any building, in such manner as to attract attention from outside the premises. Signs not exceeding one (1) square foot in area bearing only property numbers, mail box numbers or names of occupants of premises are excluded from this definition.

SIGN DEFINITIONS:

- A. **Message Board Static:** A sign with a changeable display/message consisting of alphabetic, pictographic, or symbolic informational content that must be changed manually by non-electronic means.
- B. **Message Board Electronic:** A sign with a fixed or changing display/message composed of a series of lights that may be changed through electronic means.
- C. **Sign Abandoned:** A sign, which no longer advertises or identifies a business, lessor, owner, or activity conducted upon or product available on the premises where such sign is displayed.
- D. **Sign Accessory:** A subordinate sign for information or directional purposes only and that is located on the same lot or parcel as the principle sign (i.e. parking signs).
- E. **Sign Area:** The entire area within a circle, triangle, parallelogram or any other shape which encloses the extreme limits of writing, representation, emblem, logo, or any other figure or similar character, together with any frame or other material or color forming an integral part of the display or used to differentiate the sign from the background against which it is placed, excluding only the structure necessary to support the sign. Where a sign consists solely of writing, representation, emblems, logos, or any other figure of similar character which is painted or mounted on a wall or fence, without a distinguishing border the area of such sign shall be computed as if it were framed by a border consisting of horizontal and vertical lines extending not more than six (6) inches from such sign elements.
- F. **Sign Awning:** A sign painted on, printed on, incorporated in, or attached flat against the surface of an awning.
- G. **Sign, Canopy:** Any sign attached to or constructed within or on a canopy.

- H. **Sign Clearance:** The smallest vertical distance between the grade of the adjacent street or street curb and the lowest point of any sign, including framework and embellishments, extending over that grade.
- I. **Sign Copy:** The wording on a sign surface in either permanent or removable letter form.
- J. **Sign Face:** The area of a sign on which the copy is placed.
- K. **Sign Ground-Mounted (free-standing):** A sign supported by permanent uprights or braces in the ground.
- L. **Sign Height:** The vertical distance measured from the ground immediately beneath the sign to the highest point of the sign or its projecting structure.
- M. **Sign Lighted:** Any sign having a conspicuous, continuous or intermittent variation in the illumination of the physical position of any part of the sign.
- N. **Sign Marquee:** A sign displayed on a marquee that does not extend vertically or horizontally beyond the limits of the marquee.
- O. **Sign Monument:** A sign where the entire bottom of the sign is affixed to the ground.
- P. **Sign Off-Premise (billboard):** A sign structure advertising an establishment, merchandise, service, or entertainment, which is not sold, produced, manufactured, or furnished at the property on which said sign is located.
- Q. **Sign Overhanging:** A sign that extends beyond any structure wall and is affixed to the structure so that its sign surface is perpendicular to the structure wall.
- R. **Sign Portable:** Any sign not permanently attached to the ground or a building and is designed to be transported including but not limited to signs:
- With wheels removed;
 - With chassis or support constructed without wheels;
 - Designed to be transported by trailer or wheels;
 - Converted A- or T-frame signs;
 - Attached temporarily to ground, a structure, or other signs;
 - Mounted on a vehicle for advertising purposes, parked and visible from the public right-of-way, except signs identifying the related business when the vehicle is being used in normal day-to-day operations of that business;
 - Menu and sandwich boards;
 - Searchlight stand; and
 - Hot-air or gas-filled balloons or umbrellas used for advertising.
- S. **Sign Primary:** Any sign not designated an accessory sign or a changeable copy sign and is used for the purpose of displaying primary information about the establishment.
- T. **Sign Projecting:** A sign that projects in a perpendicular manner from a structure (bracket sign) or is hung beneath a canopy (blade sign).

- U. **Sign Real Estate:** A temporary sign advertising the real estate upon which the sign is located as being for rent, lease, or sale.
- V. **Sign Surface:** That portion of a sign excluding its base, foundation and erection supports on which is displayed information pertaining to a product, use, occupancy, function, service, or activity located within that structure, on the same property as the sign, or at a location different than the property on which the sign is located.
- W. **Sign Temporary:** A sign that is intended to be displayed for a limited period of time.
- X. **Sign Wall:** Any sign attached parallel to a wall, painted on the wall surface of or erected and confined within the limits of an outside wall of any building or structure, which is supported by such a wall or building, and which displays only one sign surface.
- Y. **Sign Window:** Any sign, picture, symbol, or combination thereof, designed to communicate information about an activity, business, commodity, event, sale, or service, that is placed inside a window or upon the window panes or glass and is visible from the exterior of the window.

Site Condominium (Condominium Subdivision): A method of subdivision where the sale and ownership of sites is regulated by the condominium Act (P.A. 59 of 1978, as amended MCLA 559.101) as opposed to the subdivision Control Act of 1967 (MCL 560.101). Condominium subdivision shall be equivalent to the term "subdivision" as used in this zoning Ordinance.

Site Condominium Subdivision Plan: Means the site, survey and utility plans; floor plans; and sections, as appropriate, showing the existing and proposed structures and improvements including the location thereof on the land.

Site Plan: The drawings and documents depicting and explaining all salient features of a proposed development so that it may be evaluated according to the procedures set forth in this Ordinance, to determine if the proposed development meets the requirements of this Zoning Ordinance.

Small-Scale Craft-Making: Encompasses the production and sale of hand-made items including furniture, clothing, art, jewelry, toys, candles, collectibles and similar items on a scale that does not require a manufacturing plant and a large amount of specialized equipment and chemicals.

Solar Energy Structures: A design or assembly consisting of a solar energy collector, an energy storage facility (where used), and components for the distribution of transformed energy.

Special Land Use: A use which is subject to approval by the Township. A Special Land Use may be granted when specified by this Ordinance. A permitted Special Land Use is not considered to be a Nonconforming use.

Special Land Use Permit: A permit issued by the Township Board/Planning Commission to a person or persons intending to undertake the operation of an activity upon land or within a structure which is not specifically mentioned in this Ordinance and possesses a unique characteristic found to be not injurious to the health, safety, convenience and general welfare of the Township's inhabitants.

Stable: A building or structure used to house horses, either for the property owner's private use or for hire.

State-Licensed Residential Facility: A structure constructed for residential purposes that is licensed by the State pursuant to Act No. 218 of the Public Acts of 1979 (Adult Foster Care Licensing Act), as amended, being Sections 400.701 to 400.737 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or Act No. 116 of the Public Acts of 1973 (Child Care Organizations), as amended, being Sections 722.111 to 722.128 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, which provides resident services or care for six (6) or fewer individuals under twenty-four (24) hour supervision for persons in need of that supervision or care.

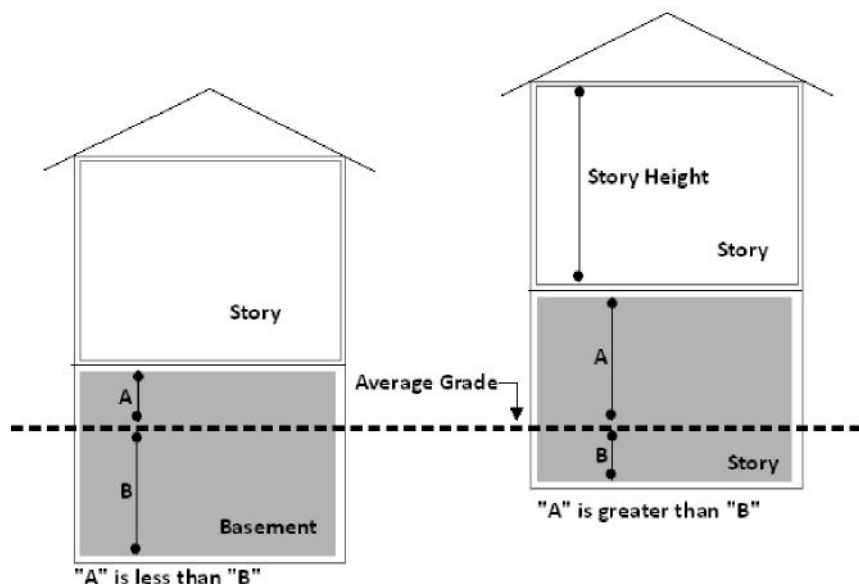
Stormwater Detention Basin: A facility which temporarily stores surface runoff.

Stormwater Retention Basin: A facility which stores surface runoff indefinitely.

Story: That part of a building included between the surface of one (1) floor, and the surface of the next floor; or if there is no floor above, then the ceiling next above. A story thus defined shall not be counted as a story when more than fifty percent (50%), by cubic content, is below the height level of the adjoining ground.

Story, Half: An uppermost story lying under a sloping roof the usable floor area of which does not exceed seventy-five (75) percent of the floor area of the story immediately below it.

Story Height: The vertical distance from the top surface of one (1) floor to the top surface of the next above. The height of the topmost story is the distance from the top surface of the floor to the ceiling above it.



Street: A public or private thoroughfare which affords the principal means of access to abutting property, but not an alley.

Structure: Anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires location on the ground or attachment to something having permanent location on the ground. Driveways, sidewalks, parking areas, septic systems and tanks are excluded from this definition.

Subdivision: The division of land, lot, tract, or parcel into two or more lots, parcels, plats, or sites, or other divisions of land for the purpose of sale, lease, offer, or development, whether immediate or future. The term shall also include the division of residential, commercial, industrial, agricultural, or other land whether by deed, metes and bounds description, lease, map, plat or other instrument.

Telecommunication Towers and Facilities definitions:

1. **Alternative Tower Structure:** Man-made trees, clock towers, bell steeples, light poles and other similar alternative-design mounting structures that camouflage or conceal the presence of antennas or towers.
2. **Antenna Array:** An Antenna Array is one or more rods, panels, discs or similar devices used for the transmission or reception of radio frequency signals, which may include omni-directional antenna (rod), directional antenna (panel) and parabolic antenna (disc). The Antenna Array does not include the Support Structure.
3. **Attachment Structure:** Attachment Structures include but are not limited to utility poles, signs, water towers, rooftops, towers with any accompanying pole or device (Attachment Device) which attaches the Antenna Array to the existing building or structure and associated connection cables, and an Equipment Facility which may be located either inside or outside of the Attachment Structure.
4. **Co-Location/Site Sharing:** Co-location/Site Sharing shall mean use of a common Wireless Communication Facility or common site by more than one wireless communication license holder, or by one wireless license holder for more than one type of communication technology and/or placement of a Wireless Communication Facility on a structure owned or operated by a utility or other public entity.
5. **Equipment Facility:** An Equipment Facility is any structure used to contain ancillary equipment for a Wireless Communication Facility which includes cabinets, shelters, a build out of an existing structure, pedestals, and other similar structures.
6. **FTA:** Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, as amended.
7. **Height:** When referring to a Wireless Communication Facility, height shall mean the distance measured from ground level to the highest point on the Wireless Communication Facility, including the Antenna Array.
8. **Setback:** Setback shall mean the required distance from the property line of the parcel on which the Wireless Communication Facility is located or residential district to the base of the Support Structure and equipment shelter or cabinet where applicable.
9. **Support Structure:** A Support Structure is a structure designed and constructed specifically to support an Antenna Array, and may include a monopole, self-supporting (lattice) tower, and other similar structures. Any device (Attachment Device) which is used to attach an Attachment Structure shall be excluded from this definition.

10. Temporary Wireless Communication Facility: Temporary Wireless Communication Facility shall mean a Wireless Communication Facility to be placed in use for ninety (90) or fewer days.

11. Wireless Communications: Wireless communications shall mean television and radio towers, as well as any personal wireless service as defined in the Telecommunications Act of 1996, as amended, which includes FCC licensed commercial wireless telecommunications services including cellular, personal communication services (PCS), specialized mobile radio (SMR), enhanced specialized mobile radio (ESMR), paging, and similar services that currently exist.

12. Wireless Communication Facility: A Wireless Communication Facility is any facility for the transmission and/or reception of wireless communications services, usually consisting of an Antenna Array, connection cables, an Equipment Facility and a Support Structure. A Wireless Communication Facility also includes an Antenna Array attached to an existing building or structure (Attachment Structure).

Temporary Accessory Building or Structure: see Accessory Building or Structure, Temporary.

Temporary Building: see Building, Temporary.

Temporary Sign: see Sign, Temporary.

Temporary Use: see Use, Temporary.

Tent: As used in this Ordinance, shall mean a shelter of canvas or the like supported by poles and fastened by cords or pegs driven into the ground and shall not include those types of small tents used solely for children's recreational purposes.

Timber and Tree Products Production: The cutting, splitting, hauling, extraction, and similar processing of tree products not including the selling of finished lumber products.

Tourist Home: Any family-occupied dwelling used or designed in such a manner that certain rooms in excess of those used by the family are rented to the transient public for compensation. For the purpose of this Ordinance, the term tourist home also includes bed and breakfast facility.

Township: Secord Township, Gladwin County, Michigan

Township Board: The Secord Township Board.

Travel Trailer: See Recreational Vehicle.

Travel Trailer Park: See Recreation Vehicle Park (RV Park).

Use: The lawful purpose of which land or premises, or a building thereon, is designed, arranged, or intended, or for which it is occupied, or maintained, let, or leased, according to this Ordinance.

Use, Accessory: see "Accessory Use".

Use, Principal: see Principal Use.

Use, Public: Any of the publicly-owned or leased uses of land, buildings or structures administered and operated by a public agency or official.

Use, Temporary: A use, activity, or building permitted to exist during the period of construction of the main building or use or for special events.

Variance: A modification of literal provisions of this Ordinance which the Zoning Board of Appeals is permitted to grant when strict enforcement of said provision would cause practical difficulty owing to circumstances unique to the individual property on which the variance is sought.

Variance, Dimensional: A variance granted to provide relief from a specific standard in this Zoning Ordinance which usually relates to an area, dimension, or construction requirement/limitation. It is the most common type of variance and, unlike use variances, does not affect what land use may be established on a parcel. Rather it is granted only to allow permitted structures to be developed in the face of a "practical difficulty."

Vehicle Sales - New: An authorized dealership primarily for the sale of new vehicles but as an incidental use may include the sale of used vehicles, and having complete and enclosed facilities on the premises for the display, service, repair and sale of new vehicles and accessories.

Vehicle Sales - Used: An authorized dealership for the sale of used vehicles with completely enclosed-office and sales facilities on the premises. All related activities incidental to the sale of used vehicles such as minor repairing, servicing and restoring, shall be performed within completely enclosed facilities.

Wells and Septic Systems: Wells and Septic systems that serve as a portable water source and sewage disposal for properties located within all Districts.

Wind Energy:

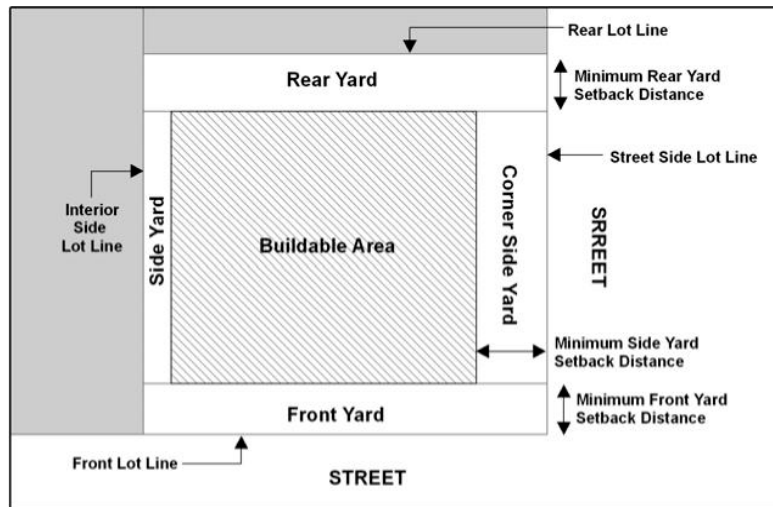
- A. **Ambient:** Ambient is defined as the sound pressure level exceeded ninety (90) percent of the time.
- B. **Anemometer:** A device used to measure wind speed.
- C. **dB(A):** The sound pressure levels in decibels. Refers to the "a" weighted scale defined by ANSI. A method for weighting the frequency spectrum to mimic the human ear.
- D. **Decibel:** The unit of measure used to express the magnitude of sound pressure and sound intensity.
- E. **Hub Height:** The distance measured from the ground level to the center of the turbine hub.

- F. **Shadow Flicker:** Alternating changes in light intensity caused by the moving blade of a wind turbine casting shadows on the ground and stationary objects, such as window of a dwelling.
- G. **Small On-Site Wind Energy Systems:** A wind energy conversion system consisting of a wind turbine (horizontal or vertical axis), a tower, and associated control or conversion electronics which is intended to primarily serve the property on which it is located.
- H. **Sound Pressure:** Average rate at which sound energy is transmitted through a unit area in a specified direction. The pressure of the sound measured at a receiver.
- I. **Sound Pressure Level:** The sound pressure mapped to a logarithmic scale and reported in decibels (dB).
- J. **Wind Energy Facility:** A power generating facility consisting of one or more wind turbines under common ownership or operation control, and includes substations, MET towers, cables/wires, and other buildings accessory to such facility, whose main purpose is to supply electricity to off-site customers.
- K. **Wind Turbine Generator:** A wind energy conversion system which converts wind energy into power. Includes a tower, pylon, or other structure, including all accessory facilities, upon which any, all, or some combination of the following are mounted:
1. A wind vane, blade, or series of wind vanes or blades, or other devices mounted on a rotor for the purpose of converting wind into electrical or mechanical energy.
 2. A shaft, gear, belt, or coupling device used to connect the rotor to a generator, alternator, or other electrical or mechanical energy-producing device.
 3. A generator, alternator, or other device used to convert the energy created by the rotation of the rotor into electrical or mechanical energy.
- L. **Wind Turbine (Horizontal Axis):** A wind energy system in which the rotor(s) rotate around a horizontal shaft.
- M. **Wind Turbine (Vertical Axis):** A wind energy system in which the rotor rotates around a vertical shaft.
- N. **Wind Turbine Generator Total Height:**
1. **Horizontal Axis Wind Turbine Rotors:** The distance between the ground and the highest point of the wind turbine generator, plus the length by which the rotor wind vanes or blades mounted on a horizontal axis wind turbine rotor exceeds the height of the wind turbine generator.
 2. **Vertical Axis Wind Turbine:** The distance between the ground and the highest point of the wind turbine generator.

Yard: An open space on the same lot with a building or building group lying between the front, rear or side wall of a building and the nearest lot line, unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward, except for projections, such as porches and steps, and specific accessory uses

or structures allowed in such open space under the provisions of this Ordinance. Yards are further defined herein:

- A. **Front Yard:** An open space extending the full width of the lot, the depth of which is the minimum horizontal distance between the front lot line and the nearest point of the main building.
- B. **Rear Yard:** An open space extending the full width of the lot, the depth of which is the minimum horizontal distance between the rear lot line and the nearest point of the main building.
- C. **Side Yard:** An open space between a main building and the side lot line, extending from the front yard to the rear yard, the width of which is the horizontal distance from the nearest point on the side lot line to the nearest point of the main building.
- D. **Corner Side Yard:** An open space between a main building and the street side lot line extending from the front yard to the rear yard, the width of which is the horizontal distance from the nearest point on the street side lot line to the nearest point of the main building.



Yard, Garage, or Porch Sale: Any sale of personal effects, jewelry, or household items, furnishings and equipment belonging to the owner or occupant of the property held in any district by the owner, occupant or his personal representative.

Zero Lot Line: The location of a building on a lot in such a manner that one (1) or more of the building's sides rests directly on a lot line.

Zoning Administrator: The person retained by the Township Board to administer and enforce this Zoning Ordinance. It can be the Township Supervisor or the Enforcement officer for the Township assigned with the above mentioned duties.

Zoning Appeal: An entreaty or demand for a hearing and/or review of facts and/or actions by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

Zoning Board of Appeals: As used in this Ordinance, the term "Board of Appeals" or "ZBA" refers to the Zoning Board of Appeals of Secord Township.

Zoning District: A portion of the Township within which certain regulations and requirements, or various combinations thereof, apply under the provisions of this Ordinance.

Zoning Permit/Land Use Permit: A standard form issued by the Zoning Administrator upon application and declaration by the owner or his duly authorized agent regarding proposed construction and use of land, building and structures thereon granting approval of the applied for construction.