Printable results

Honey sample characteristics

Results for sample ID 21274626

Date of honey sample09/06/2023Map referenceSP74885658

Sugar content measured in Brix (%) 82.5

Density BE @ 20°C

Moisture content (% H₂O) 15.9

Comments

Honey has an effect on light and this property can be adapted to help characterise the quality and even type of honey. Variations in honey water content can been seen through changes in the refractive index, or RI. Refractive index measures the difference in how light passes through honey and through a vacuum.

RI is measured through the use of a refractometer, the measurement taken can also give rough estimates water and sugar content of the honey. The amount of sugar is measured using a Brix scale, where roughly 1 brix = 1% sugar, so a Brix value of 80 = 80% sugar. Honey is typically measured as between 70-88 %. Ideal water content of honey should be less 17.8% as it's likely that anything above 20% will allow yeasts to ferment and spoil the honey. However, if the moisture content is too low then honey will likely crystalize.

Additionally this device will also give a rough estimation of specific gravity (liquid density), measured by the Baume scale (BE).

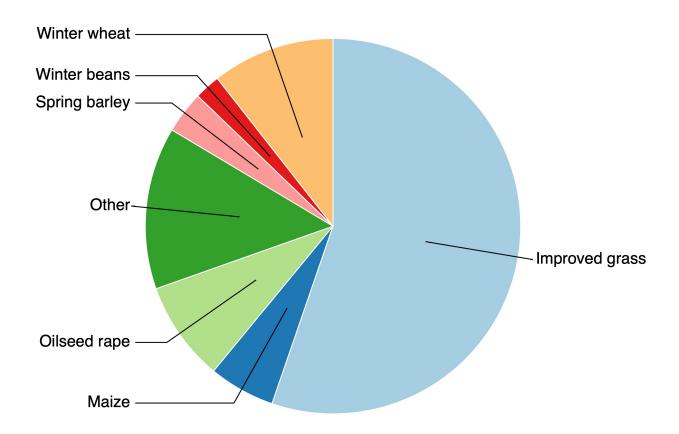
IMPORTANT:

Our measurements are taken on a handheld refractometer and therefore values given are for your interest only.

It should also be remembered that since honey is hygroscopic, if a container isn't properly sealed water will get into the honey and affect readings. Values given may not be a true representation of the sample provided.

Habitats and crops surrounding beehive (a 2km radius) Crops surrounding beehive

The total area of crop or improved grassland habitat in a 2 km radius surrounding the hive is NaN km 2 (%). The pie chart below shows the percentage breakdown by crop type/improved grassland.

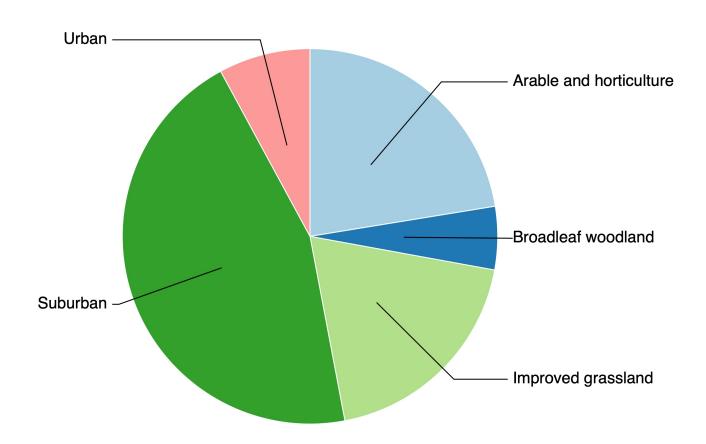


The sample analysis also shows areas of crop of the following types which were too small to show on the pie chart:

Winter oats

Habitats surrounding beehive

The pie chart below shows the percentage cover of all broad habitats within a 2km radius around the hive.



The sample analysis also shows areas of land cover of the following types which were too small to show on the pie chart:

- Coniferous woodland
- Fen marsh swamp
- Freshwater
- Neutral grassland

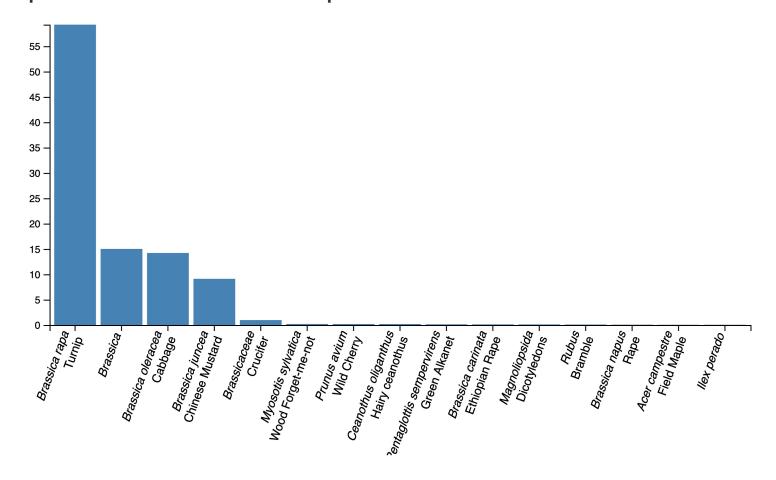
Sample species results

Plant identification using DNA barcoding of honey samples is reliant upon sequencing a small, specific area of DNA. These are then compared to a large database of reference sequences to identify the likely plant species present. Accurate identification to a very fine taxonomic level is not always possible, particularly for some groups (E.g. Brassicas). We also provide an estimate of relative abundance of each species (or higher taxonomic levels) present in a honeysample, based on the quantity of DNA fragments present. Although the ordering of plant species by this measure is likelyto be representative of honey composition, molecular technique are not directly equivalent to traditional microscopybased upon melissopalynology. Estimates of relative abundance from molecular techniques are not directly equivalent totraditional pollen counts. No pollen coefficient values have been applied and therefore these data cannot be used forhoney verification purposes.

Sample summary

Total taxa in the sample
Proportion of total sample for the top 15 most abundant taxa

Top 15 most abundant taxa in the sample



SPECIES SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME
Brassica rapa	Turnip
Brassica	
Brassica oleracea	Cabbage
Brassica juncea	Chinese Mustard
Brassicaceae	Crucifer
Myosotis sylvatica	Wood Forget-me-not
Prunus avium	Wild Cherry
Ceanothus oliganthus	Hairy ceanothus
Pentaglottis sempervirens	Green Alkanet
Brassica carinata	Ethiopian Rape
Magnoliopsida	Dicotyledons
Rubus	Bramble
Brassica napus	Rape
Acer campestre	Field Maple
lex perado	
Trifolium repens	White Clover
Allium ursinum	Ramsons
Conopodium majus	Pignut
Elaeagnus umbellata	Spreading Oleaster
mpatiens glandulifera	Indian Balsam
-abaceae	Bean
Plantago lanceolata	Ribwort Plantain
Acer	Maple
Ranunculus bulbosus	Bulbous Buttercup
Anthriscus sylvestris	Cow Parsley
Aegopodium podagraria	Ground-elder