

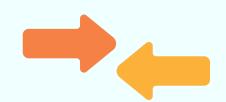
Risankizumab vs. Secukinumab in Psoriasis



Phase 3 trials



Key messages



Risankizumab head-to-head trials

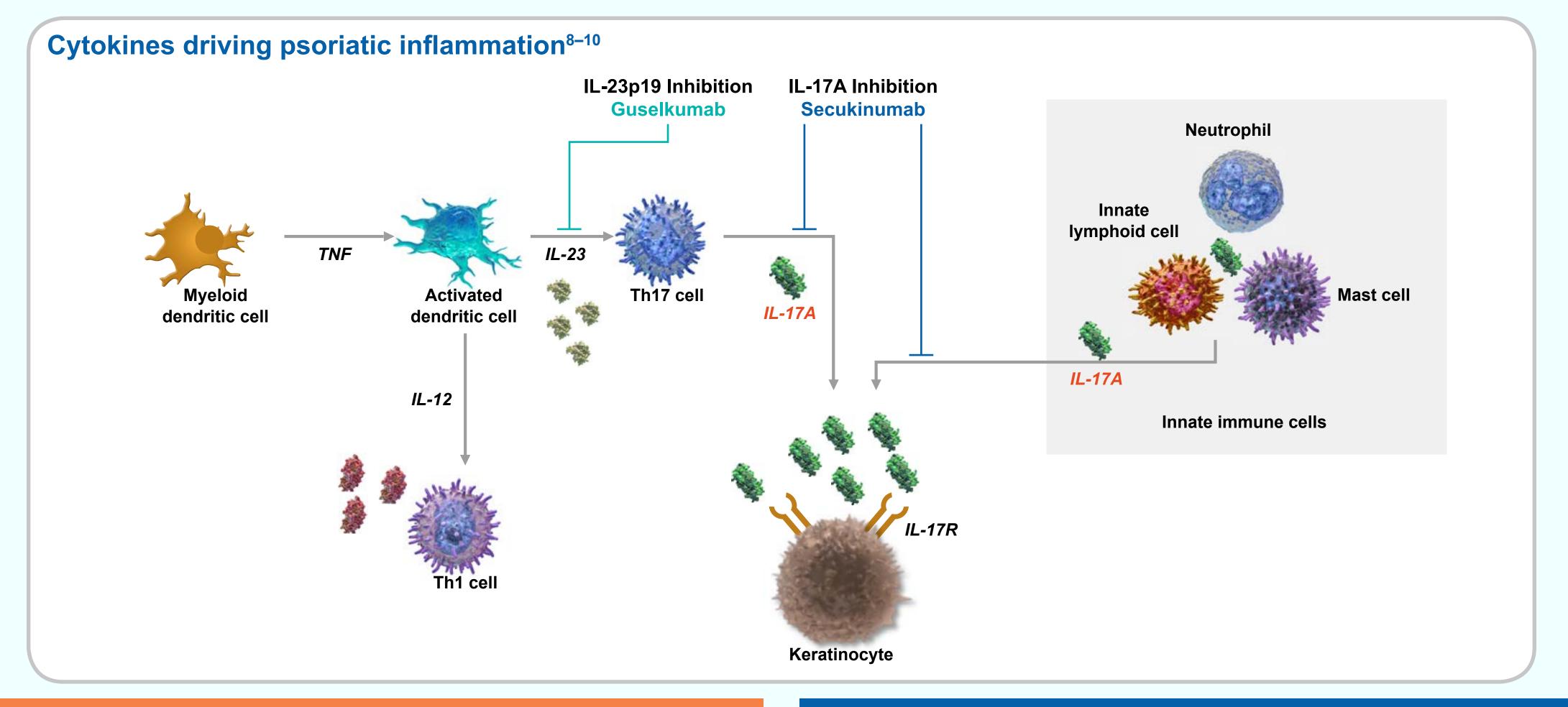






Risankizumab Targets IL-23, an Upstream Cytokine in the Psoriatic Inflammatory Cascade

- IL-23 and IL-17A are key cytokines in psoriasis pathogenesis¹
- IL-23, released by TNFα-activated dendritic cells, stimulates Th17 cells to produce IL-17A²
- But IL-17A is also produced **independently of IL-23**, by innate immune cells^{2–6}
- IL-17A stimulates keratinocyte activation and release of proinflammatory mediators, thus is the main driver of psoriatic lesion formation^{2,3,7,8}



Risankizumab

Targets the p90 subunit of IL-23, reducing IL-17A produced by Th17 cells, but not from sources produced independently of the IL-23 pathway, such as certain innate cells^{11,12}

Secukinumab

Targets IL-17A directly, irrespective of its cellular source¹³



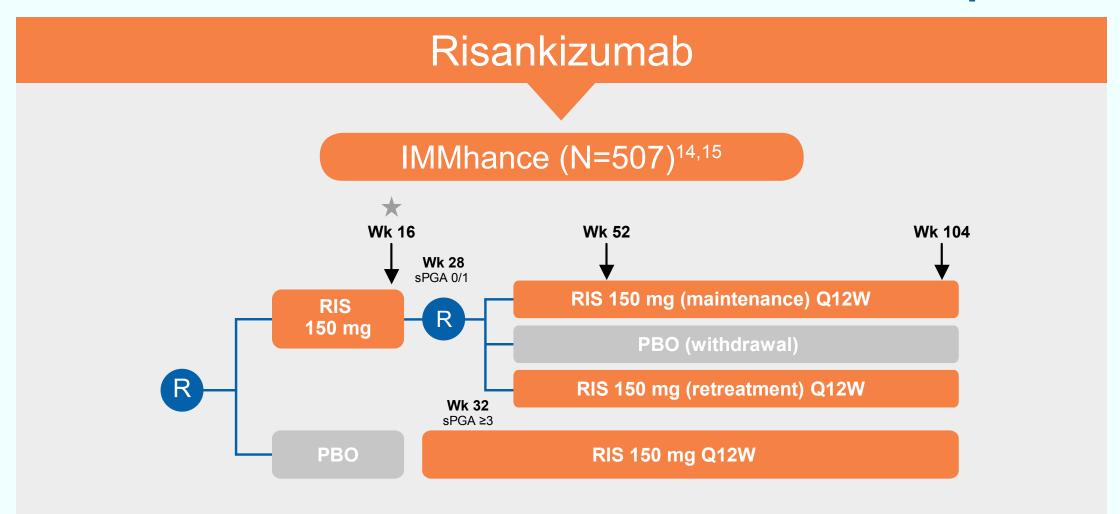


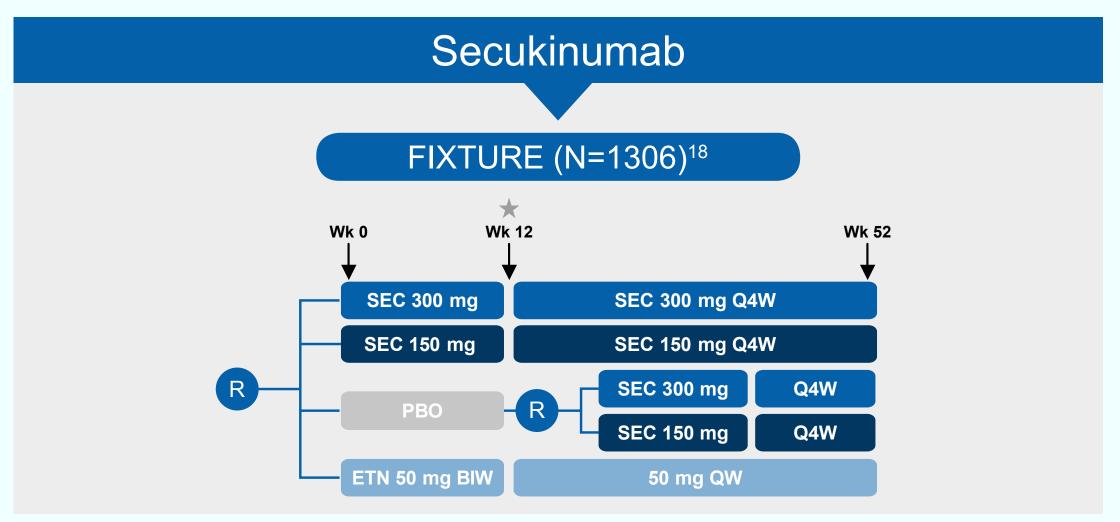




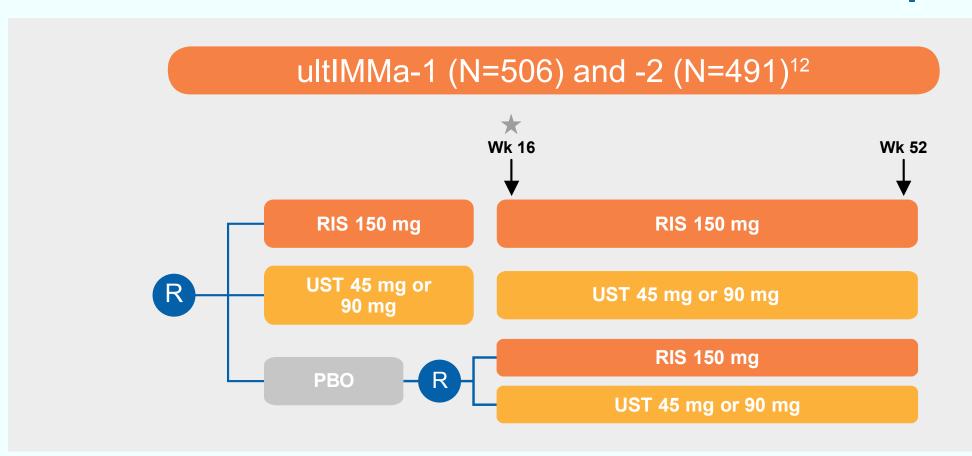
Phase 3 Clinical Trial Programs

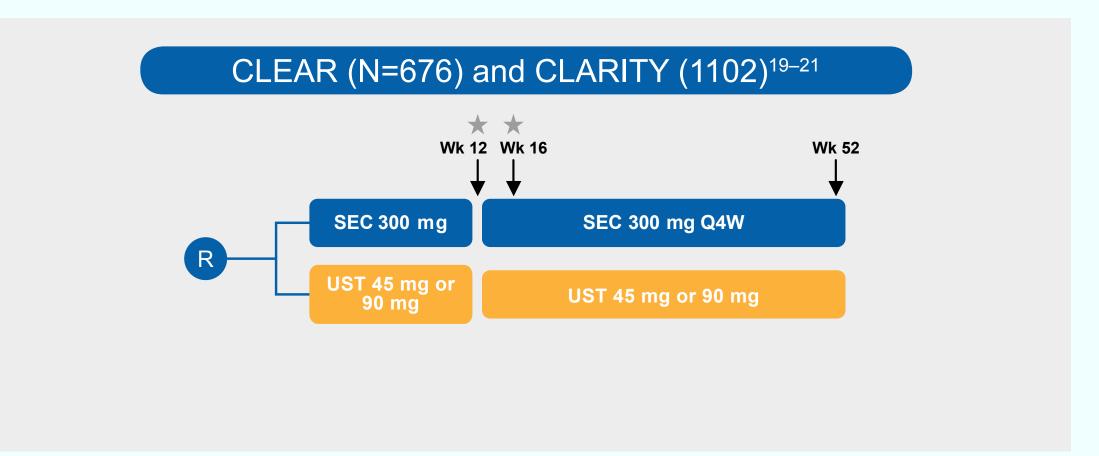
Comparison with Placebo



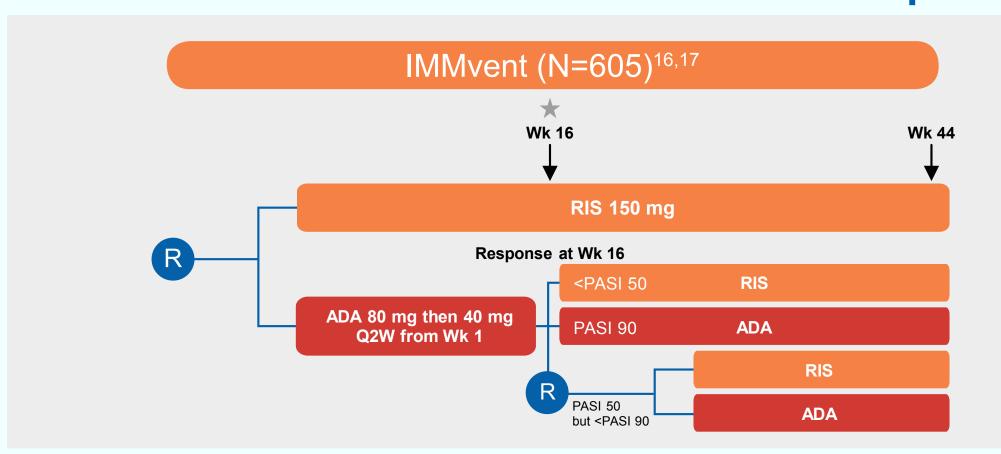


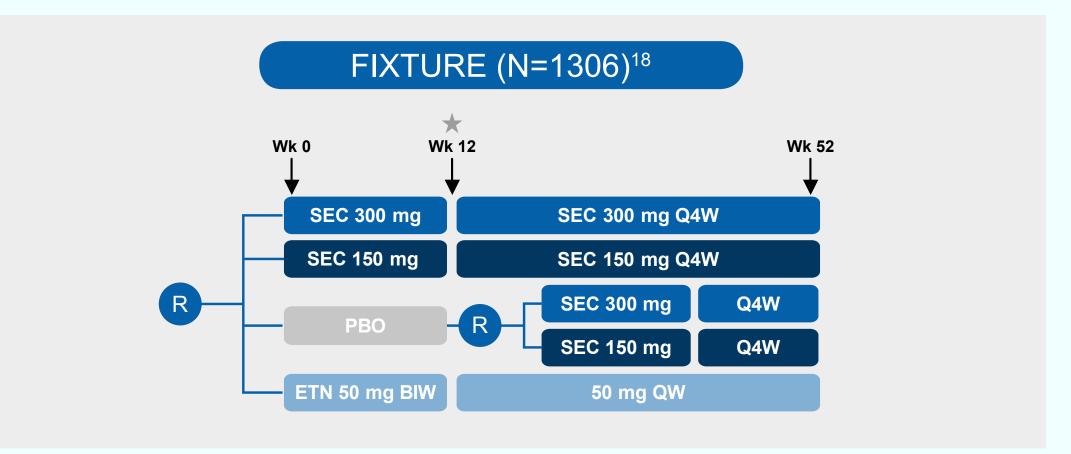
Comparison with Ustekinumab





Comparison with TNF Inhibitor











Phase 3 Trial Objectives and Endpoints

Risankizumab

IMMhance^{14,15}

Co-primary endpoints:

PASI 90 and sPGA 0/1 at Week 16 (RIS vs. PBO)

Secondary endpoints:

PASI 100, PASI 75, sPGA 0 and DLQI 0/1 at Week 16; PASI 75, PASI 90, PASI 100, sPGA 0/1 at Week 52

Withdrawal and retreatment:

maintenance of response and retreatment response⁶

Prior biologic exposure: 51–56%

Baseline PASI: 19.9–21.2

ultIMMa-1 and ultIMMa-2¹²

Co-primary endpoints:

PASI 90 and sPGA 0/1 at Week 16 (RIS vs. PBO, RIS vs. UST)

Secondary endpoints:

PASI 75 and sPGA 0/1 at Week 12; DLQI 0/1, PASI 100, PSS 0 and PSS change from baseline at Week 16; PASI 90, PASI 100 at Week 52

Additional secondary endpoints for ultIMMA-2:

PASI 75 at Week 16; sPGA 0/1 and PASI 75 at Week 52

Prior biologic exposure: 30–43%

Baseline PASI: 18.2–20.6

IMMvent^{16,17}

Co-primary endpoints:

PASI 90 and sPGA 0/1 at Week 16 (RIS vs. ADA)

Secondary endpoints:

PASI 75 and PASI 100 at Week 16; PASI 90, sPGA 0 and sPGA 0/1 at Week 44

Prior biologic exposure: NR

Baseline PASI: NR

Secukinumab

FIXTURE¹⁸

Co-primary endpoints:

PASI 75 and IGA mod 2011 0/1 at Week 12 (SEC vs. PBO)

Secondary endpoints:

Superiority vs. placebo (PASI 90 at Wk 12); non-inferiority vs. ETN (PASI 75 at Wk 12); superiority vs. ETN (PASI 75 or IGA 0/1 at Wk 12); superiority vs. ETN (proportion of subjects maintaining PASI 75 or IGA 0/1 from Wk 12 to 52)

Prior biologic exposure: 11–14%

Baseline PASI: 23.2–24.1

CLEAR^{19,20}

Co-primary endpoints:

Superiority of SEC vs. UST for PASI 90 at Week 16

Secondary endpoints:

Superiority of SEC vs. UST for PASI 75 at Week 4 and PASI 90 at Week 52

Prior biologic exposure: 13–14%

Baseline PASI: 21.5–21.7

CLARITY²¹

Co-primary endpoints:

Superiority of SEC vs. UST for PASI 90 and IGA 0/1 (clear/almost clear skin) at Week 12

Secondary endpoints:

Superiority of SEC vs. UST for PASI 75 at Week 12, PASI 75 at Week 4, PASI 90 at Week 16, PASI 100 at Week 16, IGA 0/1 at Week 16, PASI 100 at Week 12 and PASI 75 at Week 16

Prior biologic exposure: 20–24%

Baseline PASI: 20.8–21.3

Baseline patient characteristics



Trial baseline characteristics

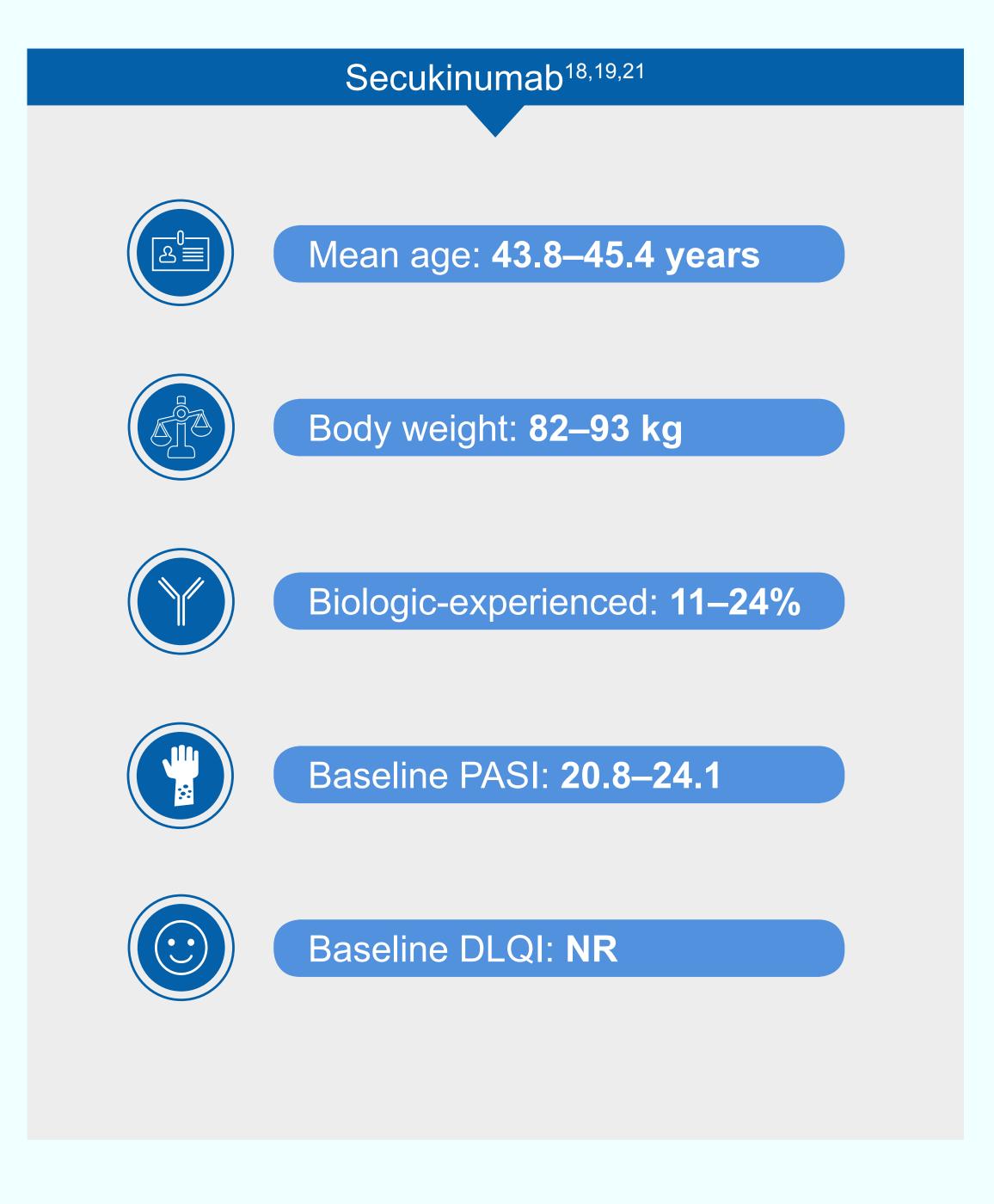






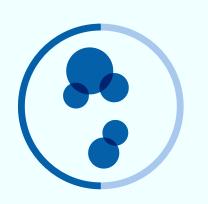
Summary of Baseline Characteristics

Risankizumab^{12–15} Mean age: 46.2–49.6 years Body weight: **87.8–92.2 kg** Biologic-experienced: 30–56% Baseline PASI: **18.2–21.2** Baseline DLQI: 11.7–13.6

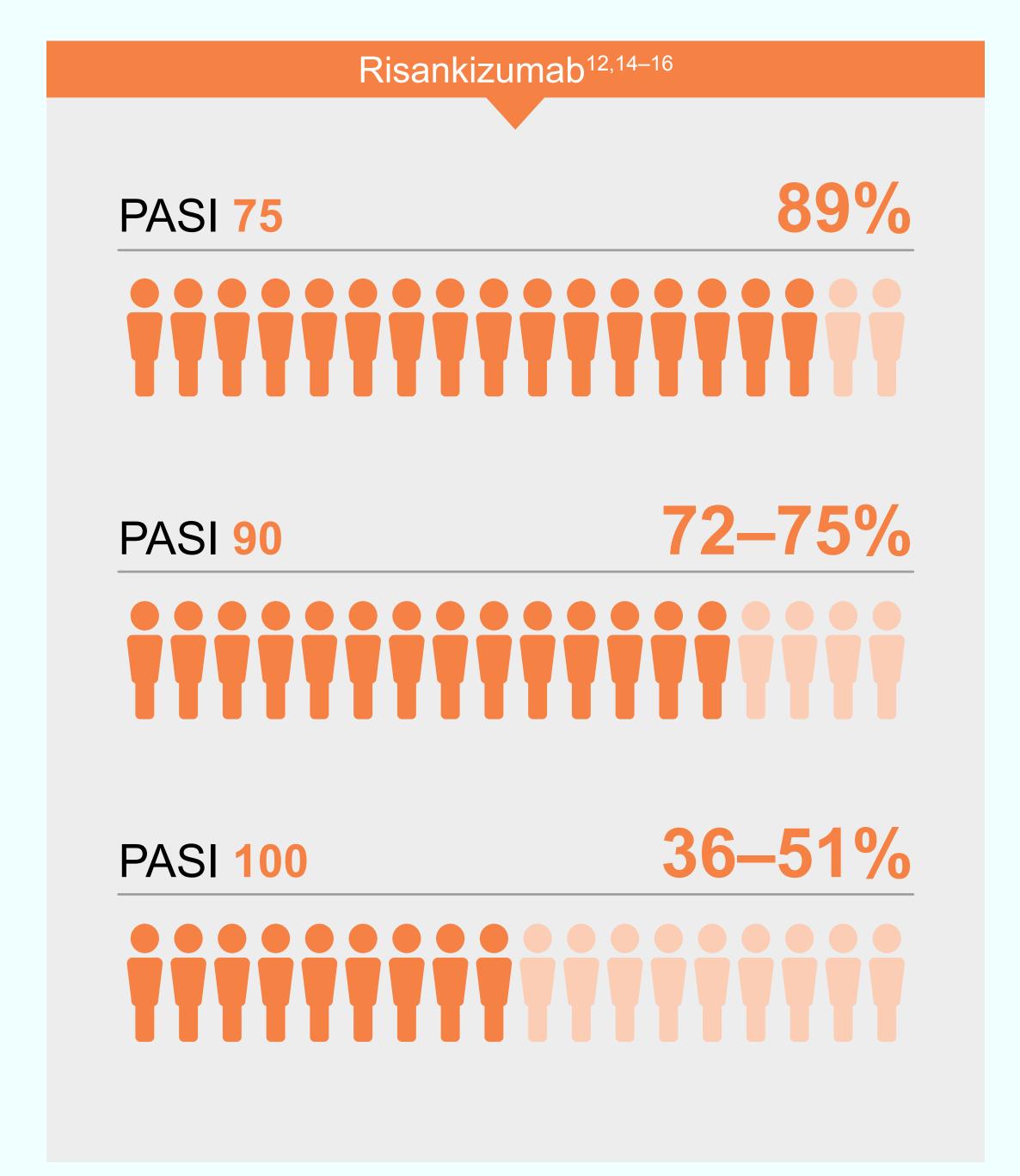


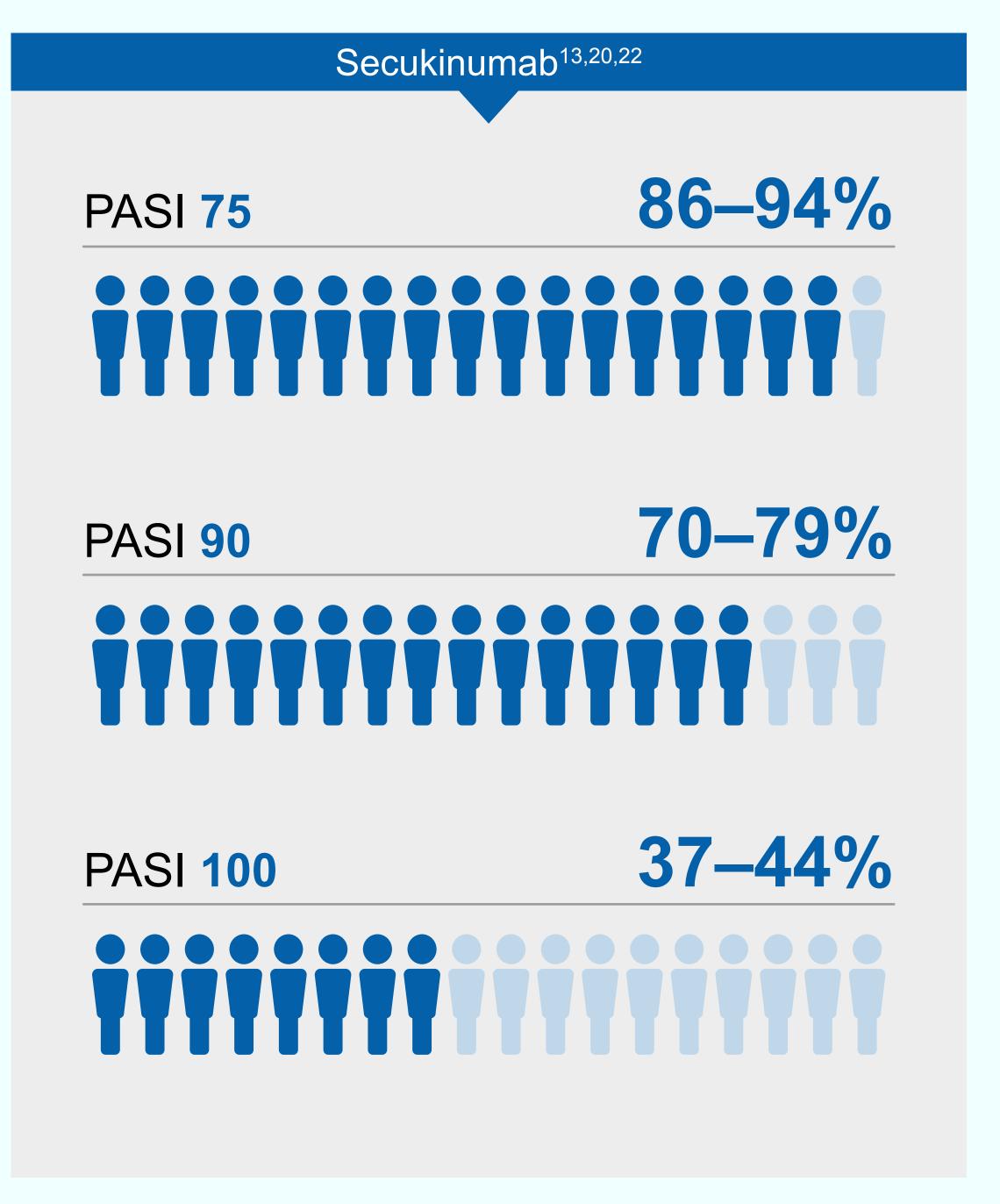






Skin Clearance at Week 16





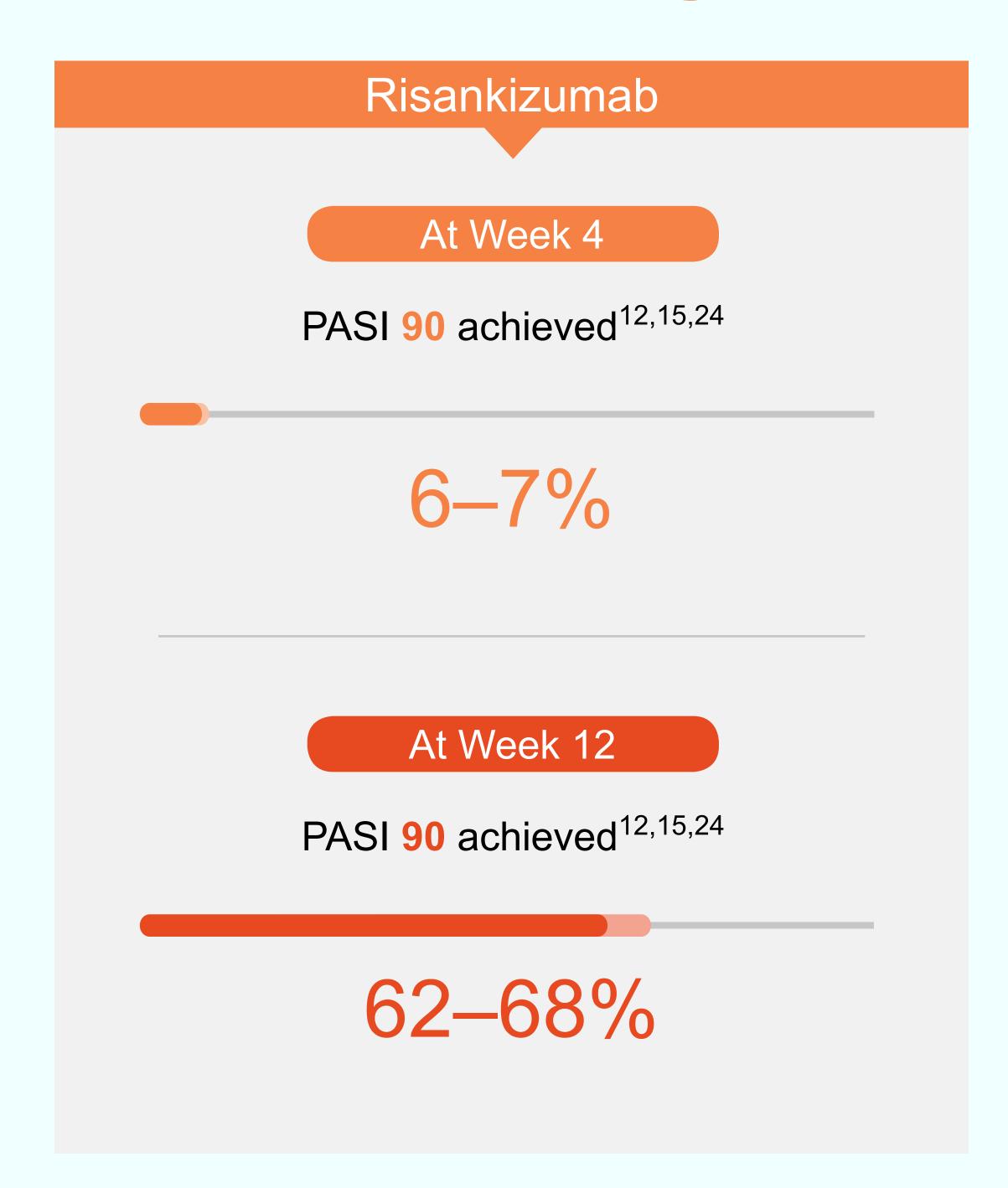


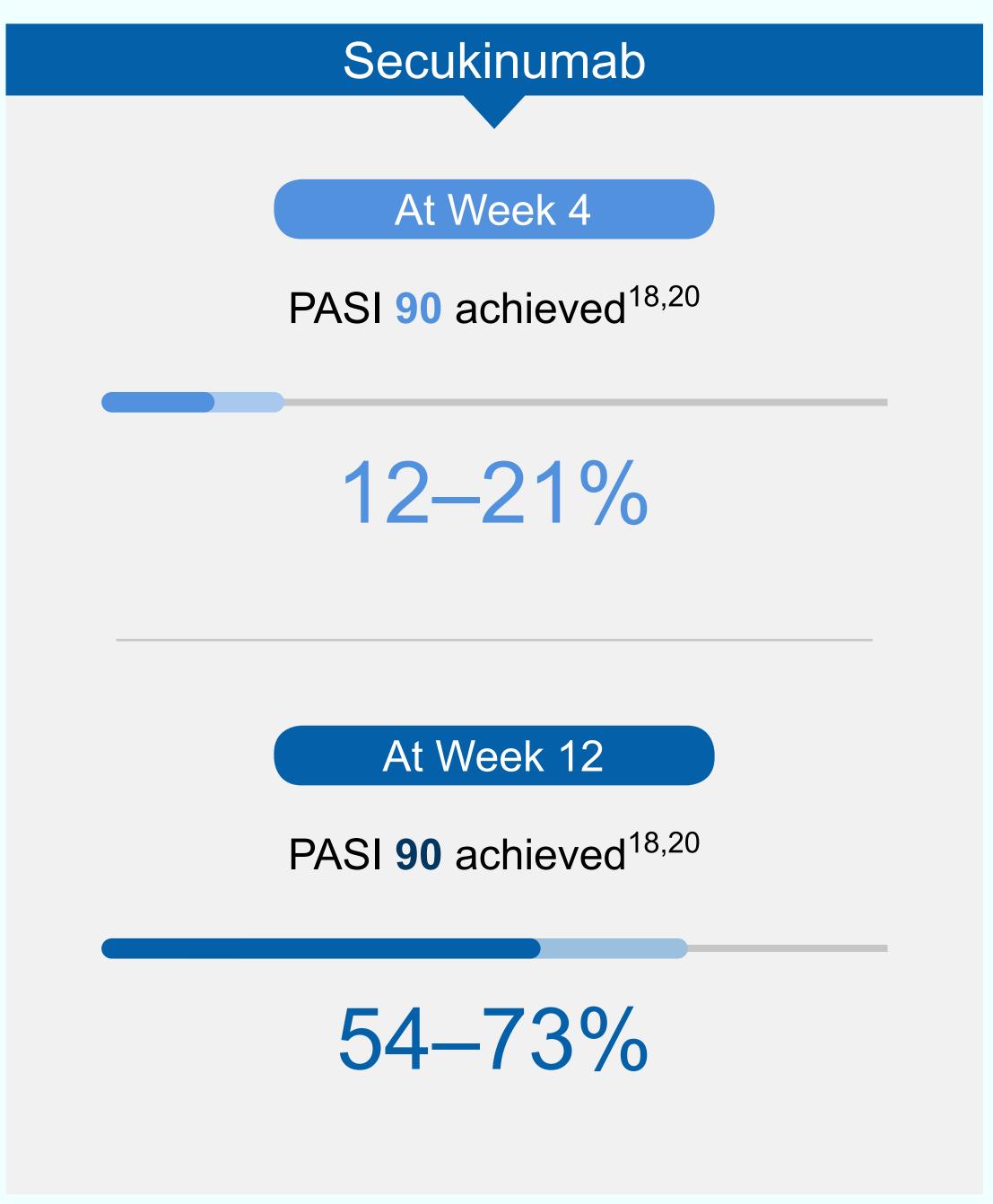






Speed of Onset







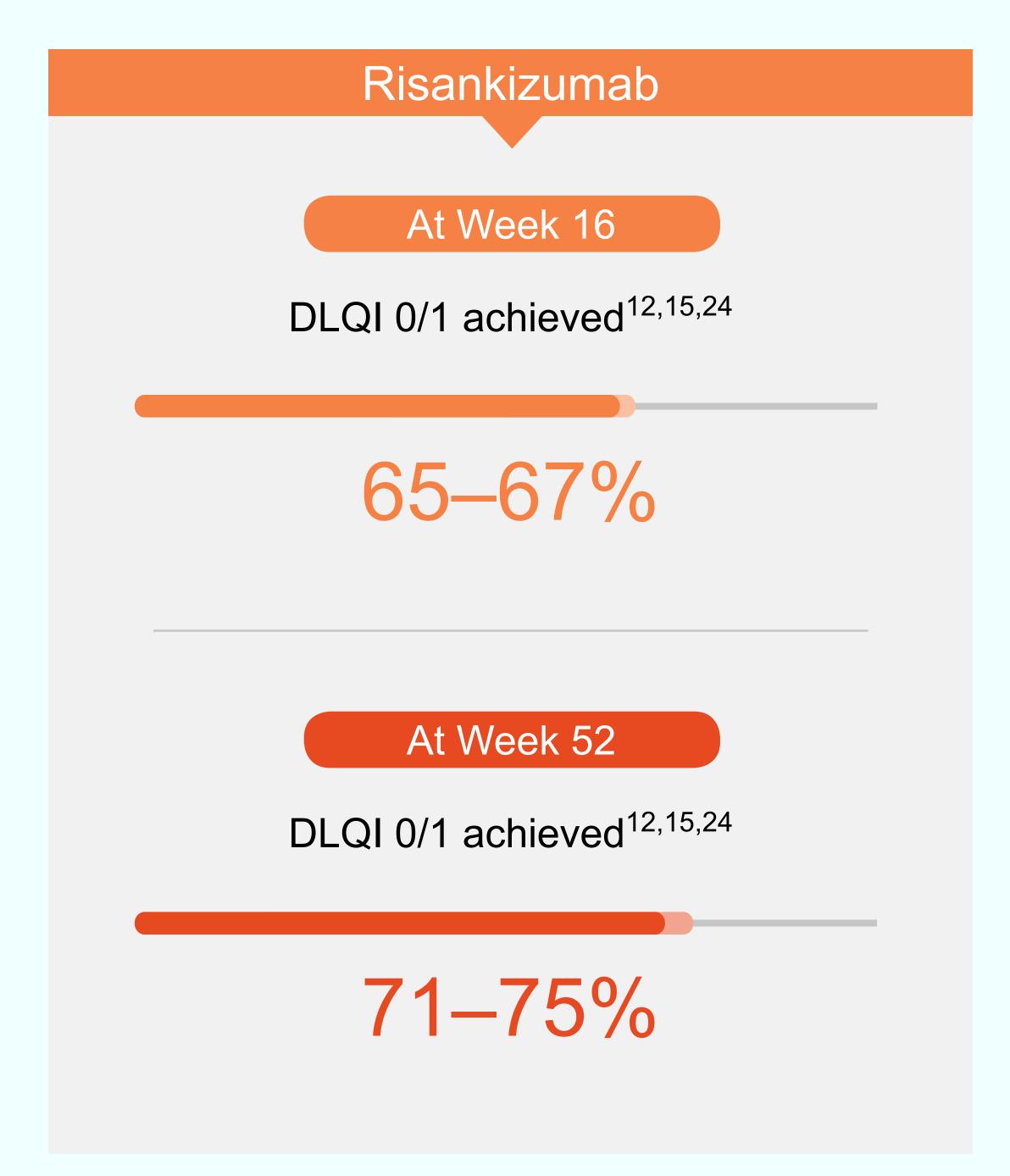


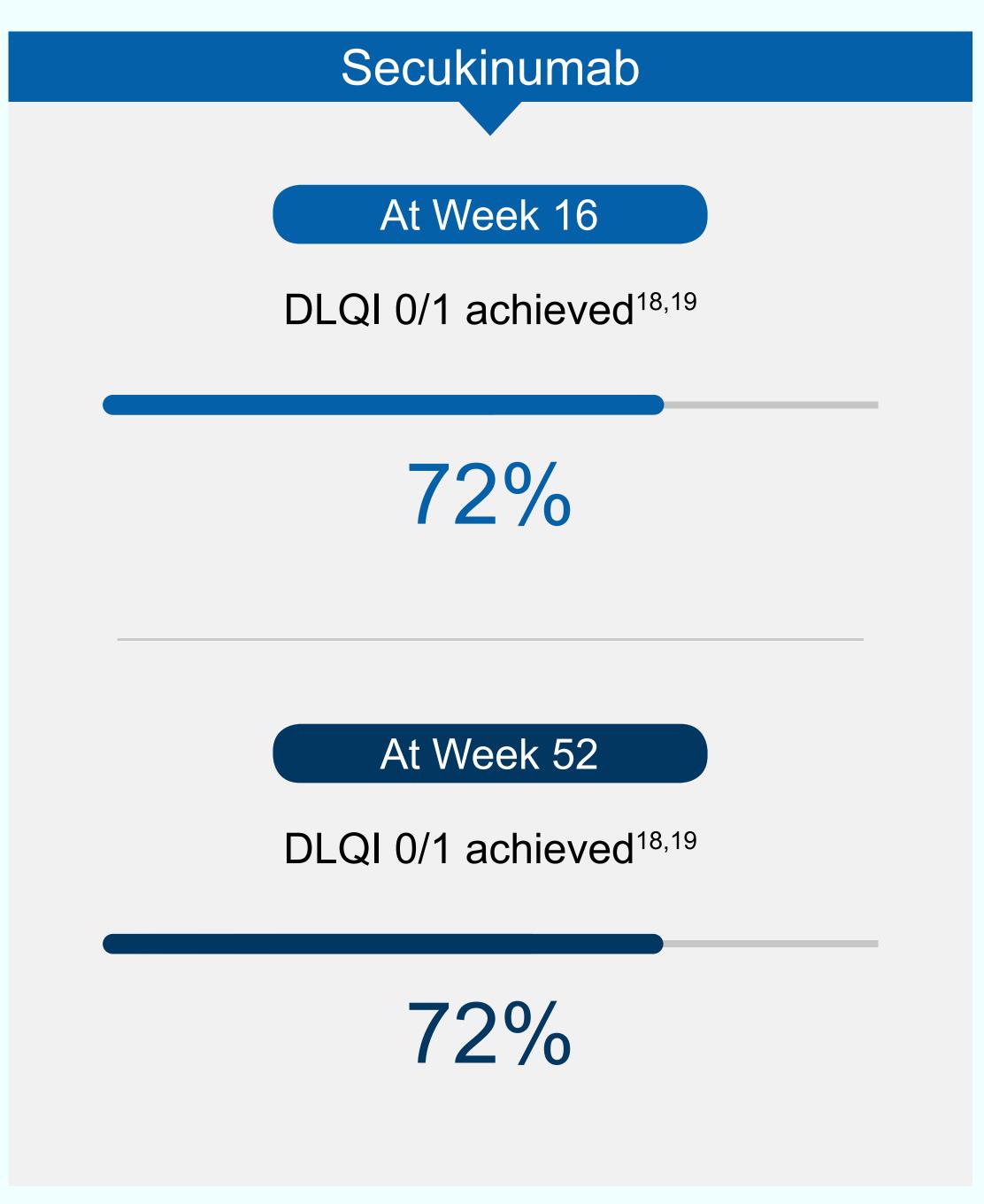






Eliminating Disease Impact on QoL



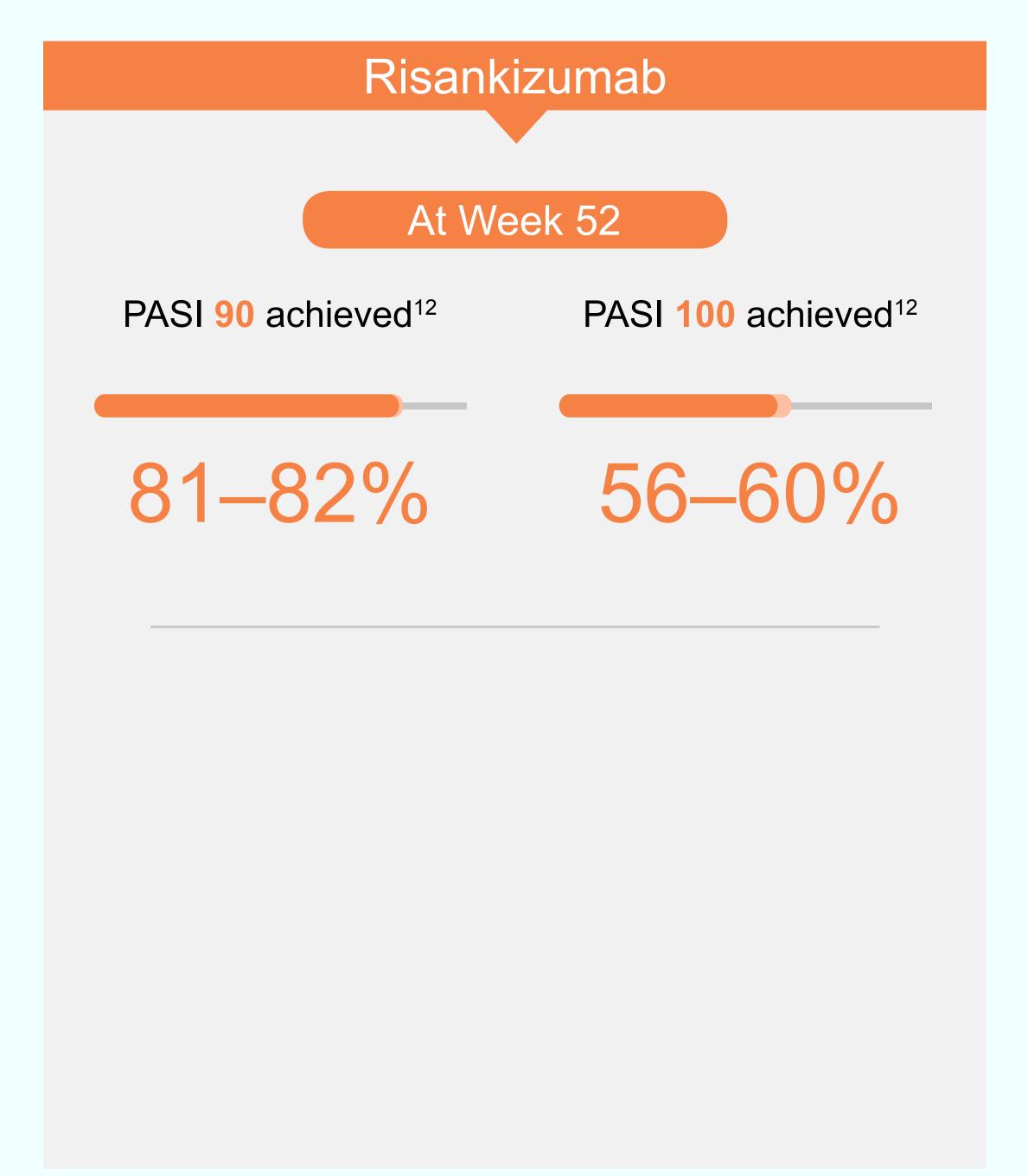


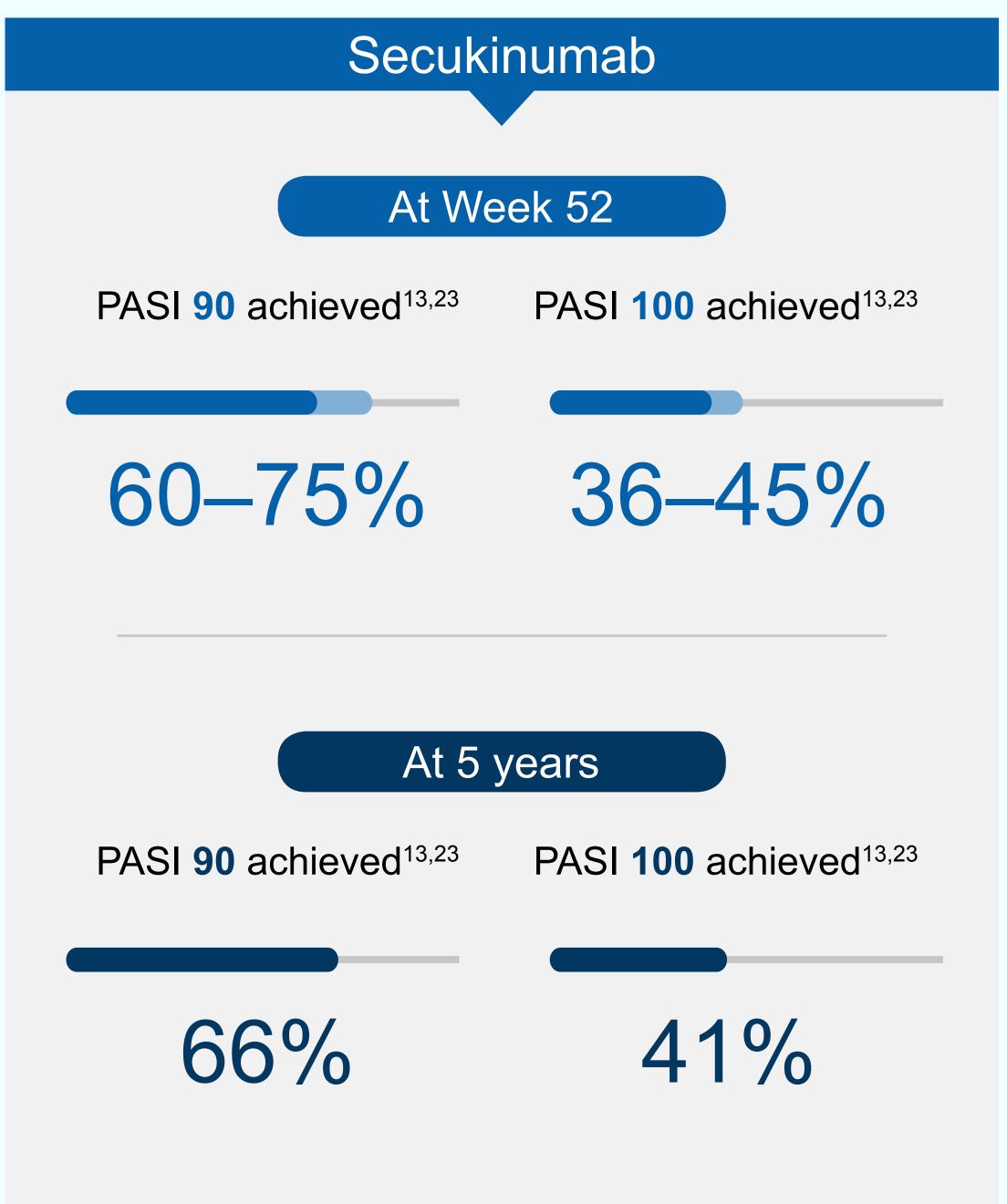


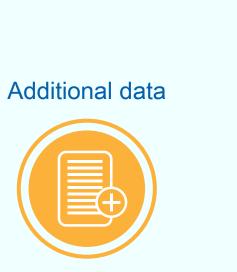




Sustained Long-term Efficacy

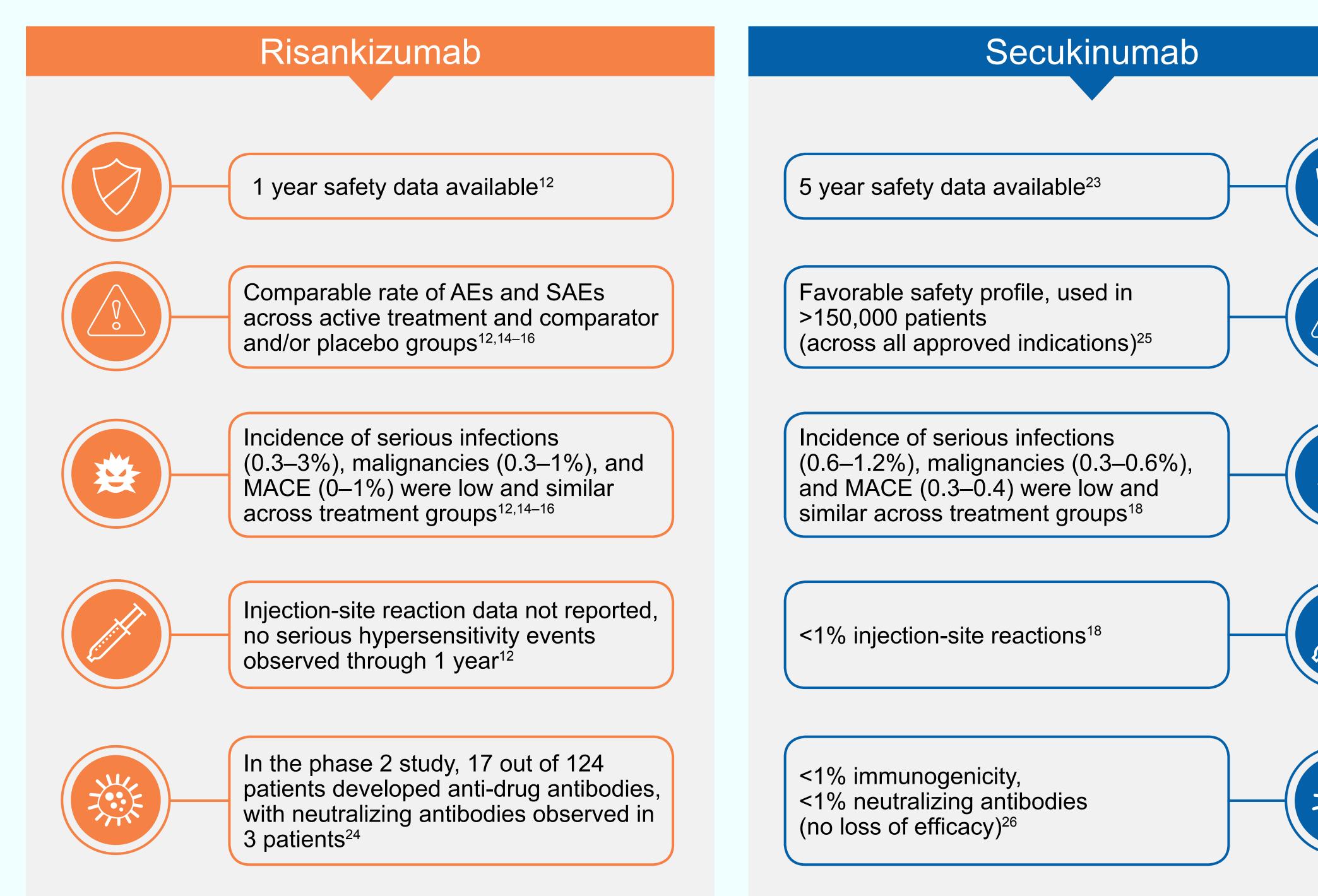














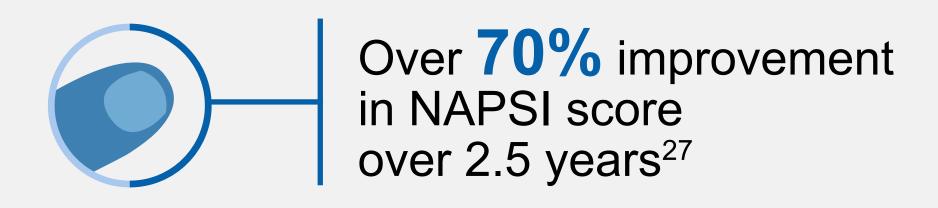


Risankizumab

No phase 3 data yet available regarding difficult to treat areas



Dedicated phase 3 studies

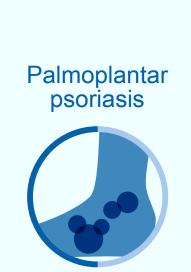


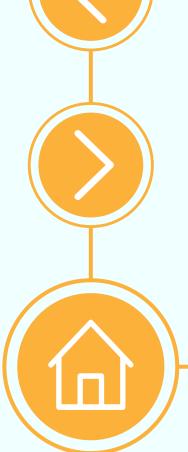








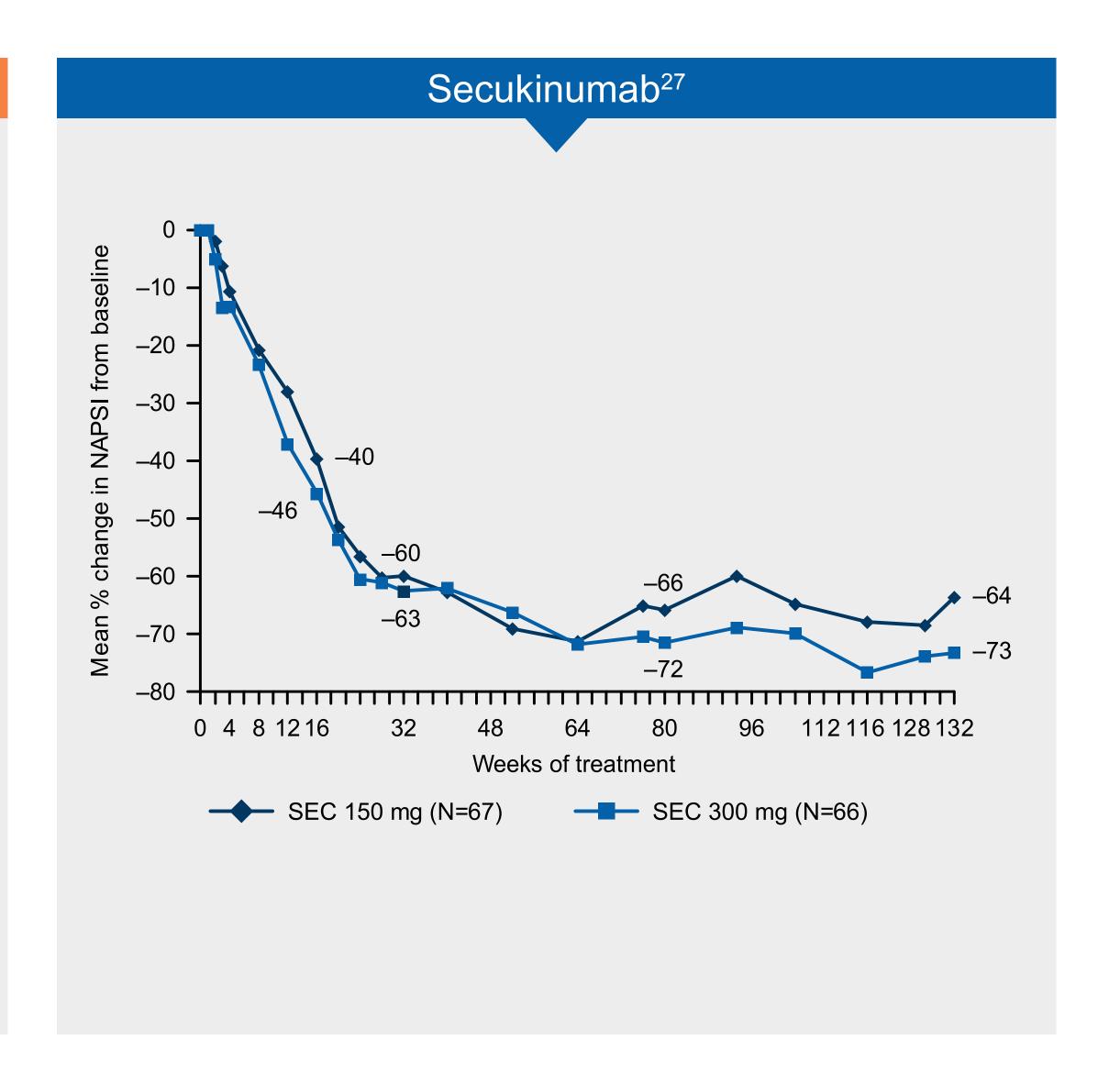




Secukinumab is Effective in Nail Psoriasis Through 2.5 Years Risankizumab Efficacy in Nail Psoriasis is Unknown

Risankizumab

No data currently available



NAPSI, Nail Psoriasis Severity Index; SEC, secukinumab

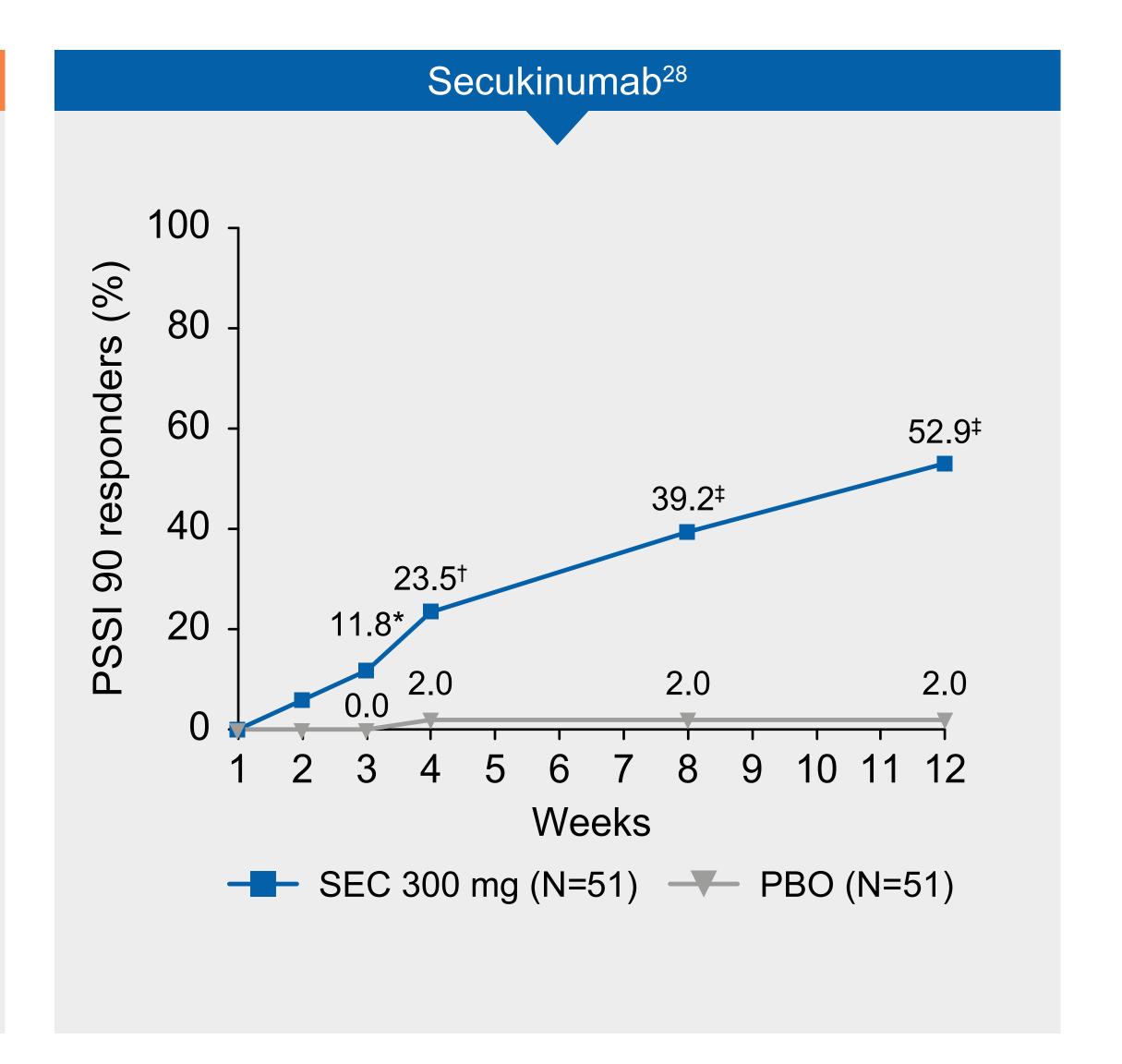
Secukinumab is Rapid and Effective in Scalp Psoriasis



Risankizumab Efficacy in Scalp Psoriasis is Unknown

Risankizumab

No data currently available



* P < 0.05, ‡ P < 0.01, † P < 0.001 SEC vs. PBO

PBO, placebo; PSSI, Psoriasis Scalp Severity Index; SEC, secukinumab



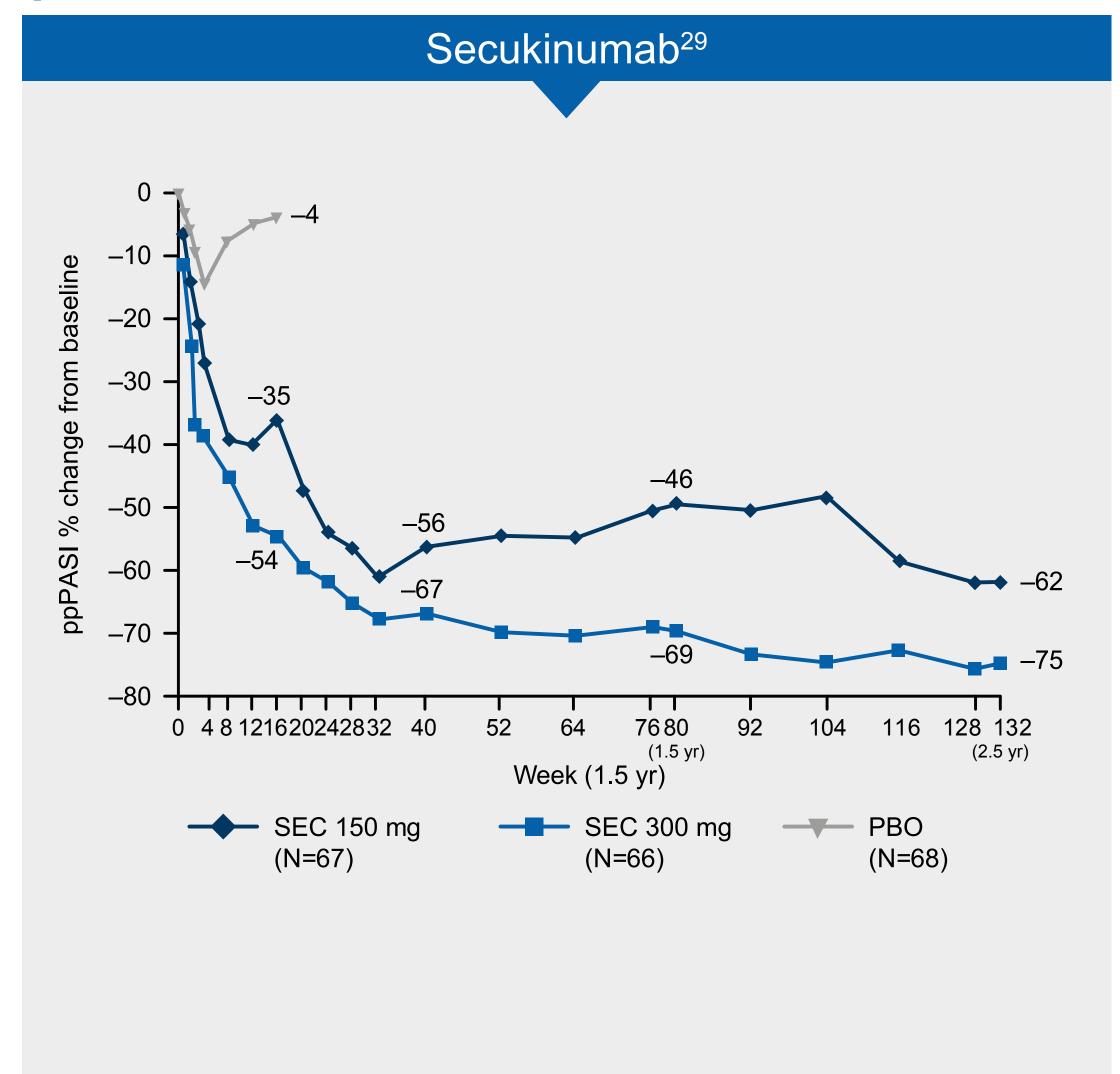


Secukinumab is Effective in Palmoplantar Psoriasis Through 2.5 Years

Risankizumab Efficacy in Palmoplantar Psoriasis is Unknown

Risankizumab

No data currently available



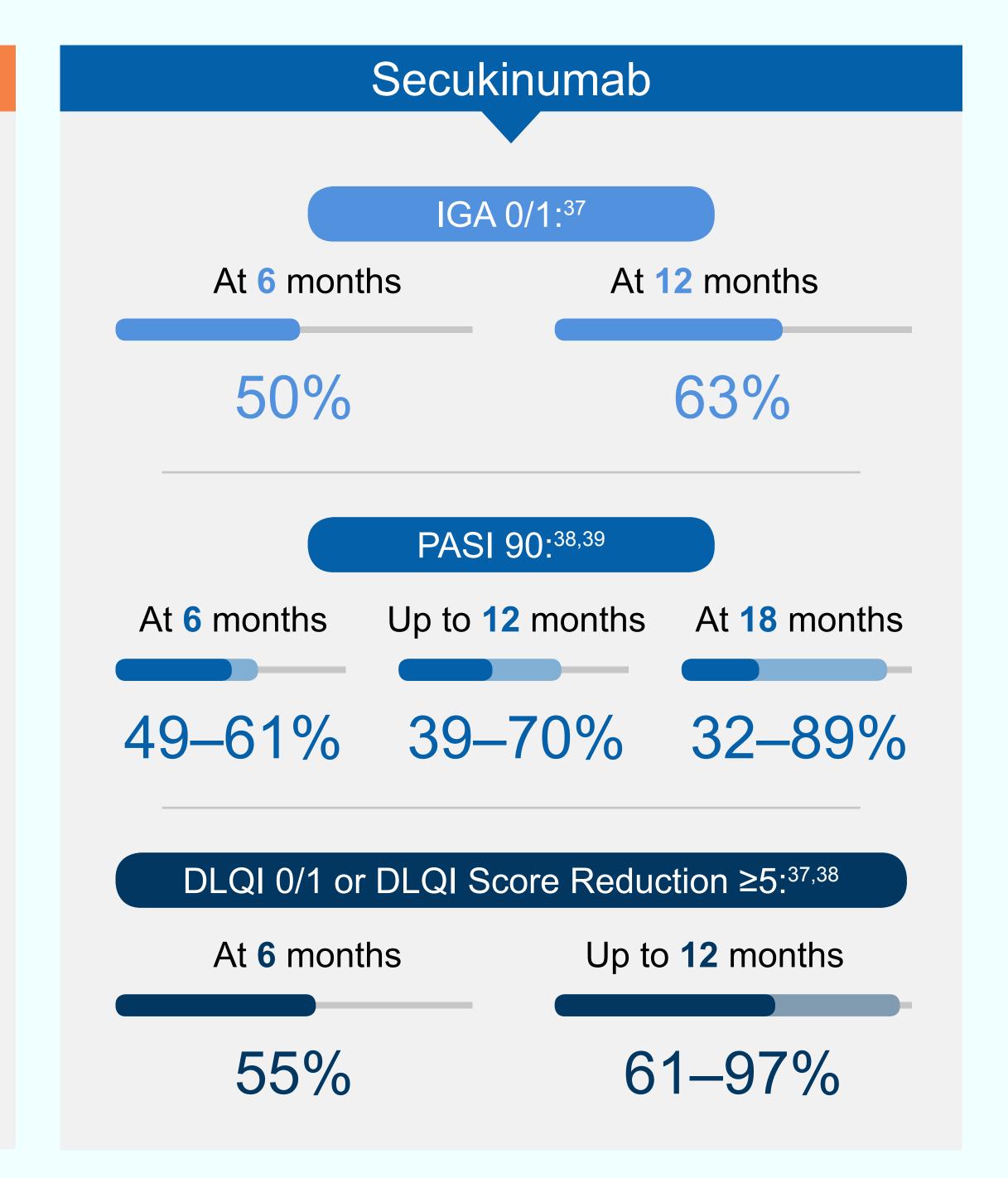
PBO, placebo; ppPASI, Palmoplantar Pustulosis Psoriasis Area and Severity Index; SEC, secukinumab



Real-World Evidence

Risankizumab

No data currently available





Canadian PSP: a patient support program (PSP) available in Canada since February 2015 that supports all patients selected by their physicians for treatment with secukinumab for plaque psoriasis



CORRONA registry: a US independent, prospective observational cohort. Patients initiated secukinumab at enrolment and had a 6-month (window: 5 to 9 months) and/or 12-month (window: 11 to 15 months) follow-up visit as of December 31, 2017



PURE registry: a Canadian and Latin American observational study. These data are a snapshot analysis Dec 23rd 2015 to Nov 27, 2017



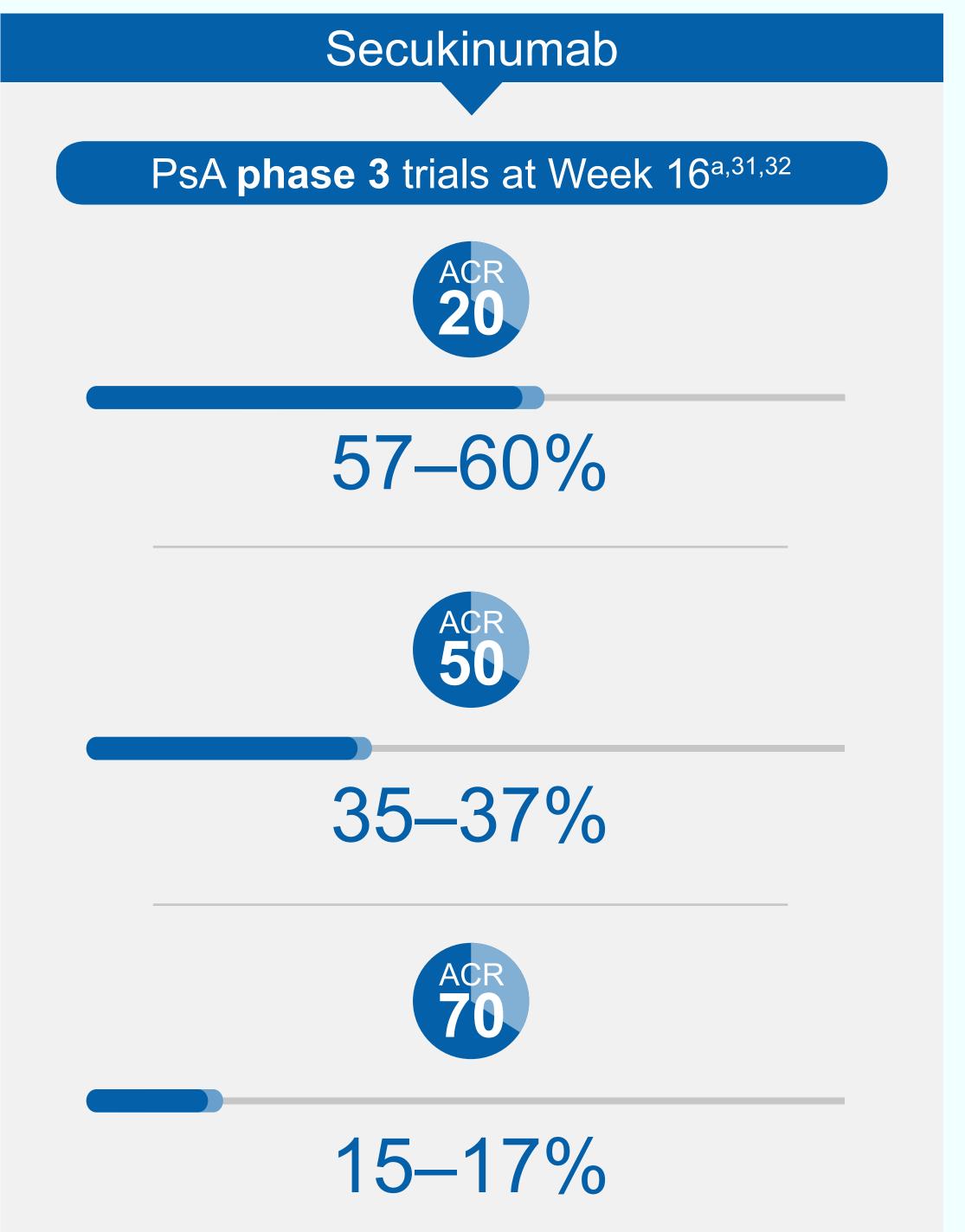










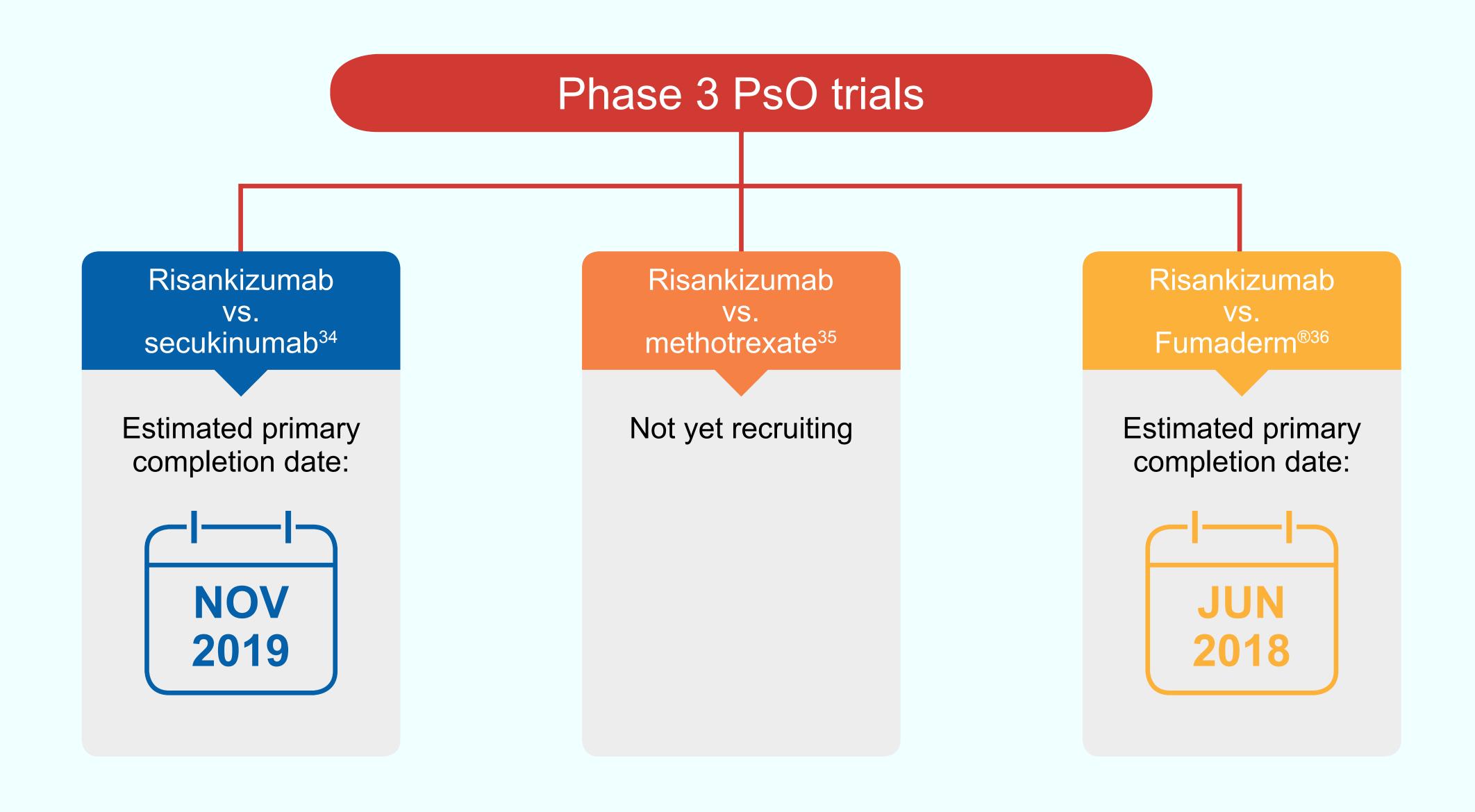


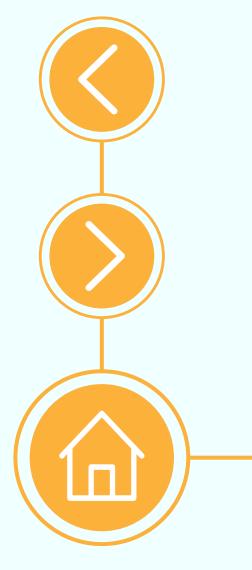






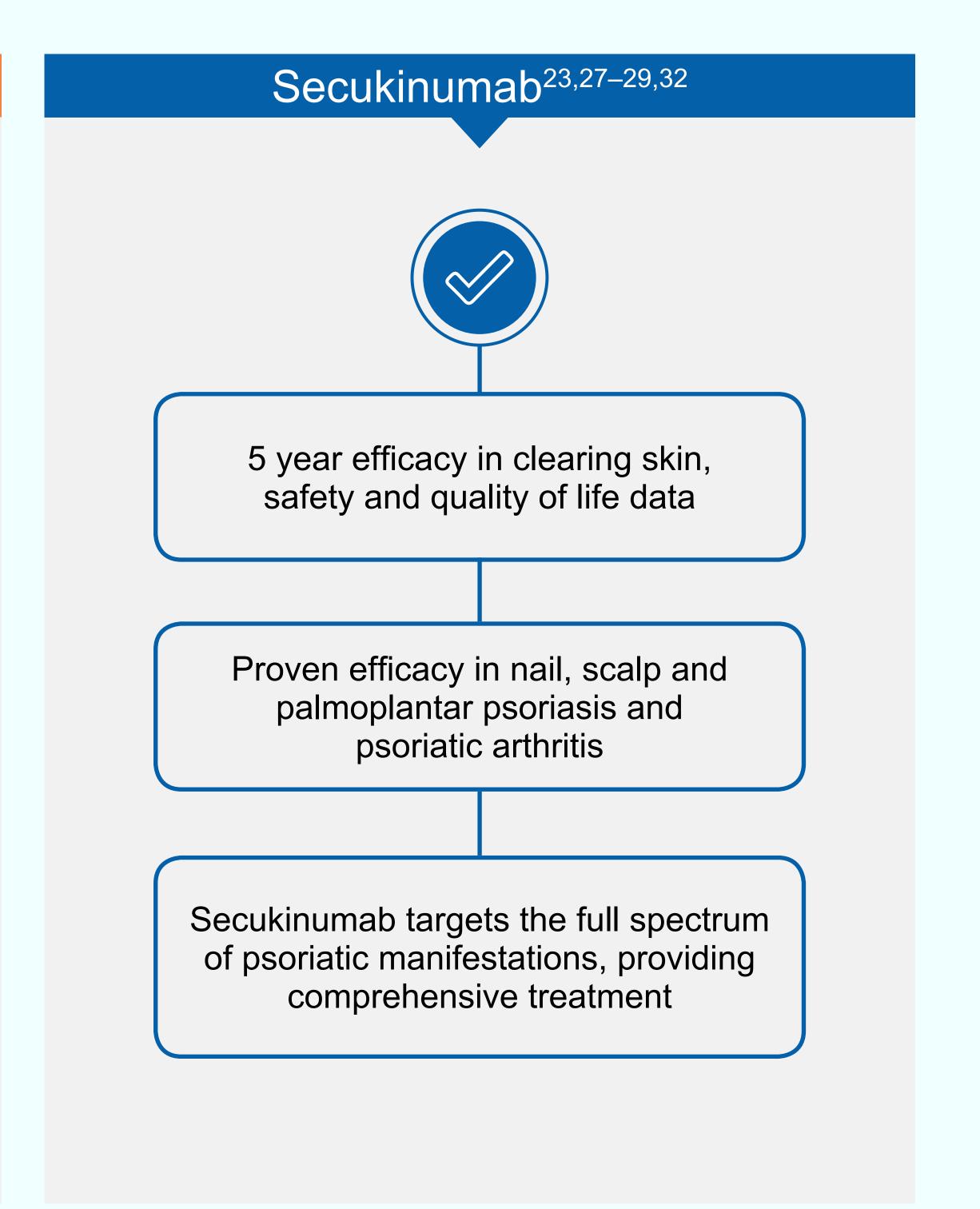
Risankizumab Head-to-head Trials







Risankizumab^{12,14–16} Effectively clears skin and improves quality of life in moderate-to-severe plaque psoriasis No data available for longer than one year No Phase 3 data regarding efficacy in hard-to-treat manifestations







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