

Rayner Year 1 Textbook ANSWERS

EXERCISE 1A page 2

- 1 2^4 2 7^6 3 $2^2 \times 6^3$
 4 8^{-3} 5 7^{-1} 6 $11^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 7 $5^{\frac{1}{3}}$ 8 $7^{\frac{5}{2}}$ 9 n^9
 10 16 11 1 12 $\frac{1}{16}$
 13 3 14 1 15 16
 16 27 17 10 18 $\frac{1}{5}$
 19 x^7 20 y^{11} 21 z^9
 22 a^7 23 r^{14} 24 d^{12}
 25 s^{27} 26 t^{11} 27 $27a^6b^9$
 28 k^3 29 w^{-3} 30 x^{10}
 31 $\frac{3}{4}$ 32 0.2 33 10 000
 34 3 35 $\frac{2}{3}$ 36 3

37

1	2		3	4
1	6		1	0
	5	4	6	9
7	2		8	9
			9	
5			9	5
10	0	2	11	6
			1	

- 38 a^9 39 c^6 40 e^6
 41 $10x^4y$ 42 $5t^2u^2$ 43 $\frac{1}{v^2}$
 44 $3xz$ 45 $6m^2n$ 46 $15p^5qr^4$
 47 $2a^2b$ 48 $6x^3y^6$ 49 $24r^{16}$
 50 a 1.99 b 0.94 c 2.24
 d 2.78 e 2.65 f 6.75

EXERCISE 1B page 4

- 1 3 2 2 3 -1
 4 -3 5 4 6 0
 7 -1 8 5 9 6
 10 a $2^{\frac{3}{2}}$ b 2^2 c $2^{\frac{4}{3}}$
 d 2^6 e 2^{-5} f $2^{\frac{3}{2}}$
 g $2^{\frac{1}{5}}$ h 2^{10} i $2^{\frac{5}{2}}$
 j 2^0 k 2^{-18} l 2^{16}
 11 a $\frac{4}{5}$ b $\frac{3}{7}$ c $\frac{2}{3}$
 d $-\frac{3}{2}$ e $\frac{2}{3}$ f $-\frac{5}{4}$
 12 a 3 b 2 c -7 d 5
 13 a ± 5.5 b 2.6 c $\frac{1}{121}$
 d 81 e $\frac{1}{6}$ f 8
 g 0.52 h 0.00046 i 6.2
 14 a 4 b $\frac{1}{2}$ c 25 d 3 e $\frac{1}{4}$
 f 27 g 9 h $\frac{1}{27}$ i 32

EXERCISE 1C page 6

- 1 a 1.44 b 4 c $\frac{1}{25}$ d 7
 e 3 f 16 g $\frac{1}{27}$ h 16
 i $\frac{1}{8}$ j $\frac{1}{8}$ k $\frac{1}{4}$ l 8
 2 a 2 b 3, -2 c $\frac{1}{2}$ d 1

3 a $a^2b^3c^4$

c $\frac{a\sqrt{ab^2} + a\sqrt{b}}{a^2 + b}$

4 a 18

b $12\frac{4}{5}$

5 a $x^{\frac{5}{2}}$

b $x^{\frac{3}{5}}$

d $x^{\frac{5}{3}}$

e $x^{\frac{1}{12}}$

6 a 4

b 9

d 125

e 27

8 a $4x - 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1$

b $3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}}$

c $x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

d $\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$

e $5x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

f $2x^{-1} - \frac{1}{3}x^{-2}$

10 $x^{p^2 + q^2}$

11 $\frac{x^{a+c}}{x^c + ca} = x^{(c-a)(c-1)}$

EXERCISE 1D page 9

- 1 a $3\sqrt{3}$ b $5\sqrt{5}$ c $2\sqrt{7}$
 d $6\sqrt{3}$ e $7\sqrt{3}$ f $11\sqrt{2}$
 2 a/f, b/h, c/e, d/g
 3 a $3\sqrt{2}$ b $3\sqrt{7}$ c $2\sqrt{2}$
 d $9\sqrt{3}$ e $5\sqrt{7}$ f $10\sqrt{5}$
 4 a T b T c F
 d T e F f T
 g F h T i T
 5 a $5 + 4\sqrt{2}$ b $3 + \sqrt{5}$ c $3 + 2\sqrt{2}$
 d $15 - 6\sqrt{7}$ e $8 + 2\sqrt{15}$ f $7 - 4\sqrt{3}$
 g 1 h $-1 + \sqrt{22}$ i 8
 6 a $30\sqrt{5}$ b $6\sqrt{2}$ c $30\sqrt{10}$
 d $12\sqrt{7}$ e $33\sqrt{6}$ f $56\sqrt{5}$
 7 a $4\sqrt{2}$ b $2\sqrt{5}$ c $5\sqrt{3}$
 d $4\sqrt{2}$ e $9\sqrt{3}$ f $10\sqrt{5}$
 g $6\sqrt{5}$ h $\sqrt{6}$
 8 a $3\sqrt{2} - 3$ b $2\sqrt{5} + 2$ c $3\sqrt{7} + 6$
 d $\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}$ e $2\sqrt{7} + 2\sqrt{2}$ f $\sqrt{13} + 3$

EXERCISE 1E page 12

- 1 a $5x^2 + 6x + 6$ b $6x^2 + 3x - 6$
 c $3x^3 + 10x + 4$ d $4x^2 + 5x - 2$
 e $5x^3 - 2x^2 + x + 4$ f $6x^4 + 3x^2 - x + 3$
 g $5x^2 + x - 7$
 2 a $x^2 + 4x + 3$ b $z^2 + 3z - 10$
 c $r^2 - 4r + 3$ d $y^2 - 9$
 e $10x^2 - 17x + 3$ f $49x^2 + 28x + 4$
 g $6x^2 - 5x + 1$ h $35y^2 + 8y - 3$
 i $14u^2 + 9u + 1$ j $9k^2 - 16$
 3 a $x^3 + 6x^2 + 10x + 3$ b $r^3 - 5r^2 + 11r - 15$
 c $2t^3 + 3t^2 - 7t - 3$ d $6w^3 - 5w^2 + 3w - 1$
 e $10y^3 + 27y^2 - 1$
 f $10z^4 - 7z^3 - 20z^2 - 11z - 2$
 4 a $-x^2$ b $5y$ c $-8z^3$
 d $-9p^2$ e r^3
 5 a x^2 b $11x$ c $0x^3$

- 6 a $(1x^2 - x + 4)$ b $(x^2 + 3x + 1)$
 c $(2x^2 - x + 3)$ d $(3x^2 + 0x - 2)$
 e $(x^2 + 5x + 2)$
 7 a $(x + 3)(x + 4)$ b $(x + 3)(x + 7)$
 c $(x + 5)(x - 3)$ d $(x - 5)(x + 1)$
 e $(x + 5)^2$ f $(x + 3)(x - 2)$
 g $(x - 7)(x + 4)$ h $(x - 20)(x + 12)$
 8 a $(2x + 3)(x + 2)$ b $(3x + 2)(x + 4)$
 c $(3a + 4)(2a + 1)$ d $(2y + 9)(2y + 1)$
 e $(3d + 4)(6d + 1)$ f $(8z + 2)(z + 3)$
 g $(3r - 4)(4r + 1)$ h $(3u - 4)(5u + 1)$
 i $(5e - 7)(5e + 7)$ j $(4s - 5)(4s + 5)$
 9 a $3x(x - 5)$ b $(x - 4)(x + 4)$
 c $x(x + 5)(x + 2)$ d $x(x^2 + 8x + 10)$
 e $x(x - 1)(x + 1)$ f $x(x - 4)(x + 4)$
 g $a(a - b)(a + b)$ h $2x(2x - y)(2x + y)$
 i $x(2x + 3)(x + 1)$

EXERCISE 1F page 15

- 1 a 81, 2 b 0, 1 c 64, 2
 d -59, 0 e 0, 1 f -23, 0
 2 $m^2 < 64$ 3 $a = 2$ 4 $p < 4\frac{1}{2}$ 5 $k > -\frac{9}{4}$
 6 a $(x + 2)^2 - 3$ b $(x - 1)^2 - 4$
 c $(x - 2)^2 - 5$ d $(x + \frac{3}{2})^2 - \frac{9}{4}$
 7 a $12 - (x + 3)^2$ b $2 - (x + 1)^2$
 c $30 - (x - 5)^2$
 8 a $(-3, -8)$ b $(2, -6)$
 c $(-5, -25)$ d $(-2, 14)$
 9 a $2(x + 2)^2 - 3$ b $3(x - 1)^2 - 2$
 c $2(x + \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{7}{2}$
 11 a 3 b -2 c $\frac{1}{3}$
 12 expression = $(x + 2)^2$
 13 a $y = x^2 - 4x + 7$ b $y = x^2 + 2x + 5$

EXERCISE 1G page 19

- 1 a -2, -9 b -1, 5 c 12, 2 d -1, -1
 e 0, 7 f 0, $-\frac{7}{2}$ g -4, 4 h $-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}$
 2 a -2, -5 b 1, -3 c -2, 6
 d -2, 0.4 e 0.75, 2 f $-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{4}$
 g -1.41, 0.63 h -1.33, 2.08 i -2.5, 1
 j -0.88, 0.38 k -0.69, 1.32 l 2, $-2\frac{1}{7}$
 m -9, 5 n 3, 15 o 0.23, -1.10
 p 5.37, -0.37 q 7.20, -3.20 r -2.74, 4.74
 3 a $-2 \pm \sqrt{3}$ b $3 \pm \sqrt{2}$ c $5 \pm \sqrt{5}$
 d $-4 \pm \sqrt{5}$ e $-1 \pm \sqrt{8}$ f -5
 4 h = 5 5 11, 14 6 78×32
 7 d 4, 5, 6 8 c 6.13 9 $x^2 + 3x + 1 = 0$
 10 $2x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$ 11 2.32 m
 12 4.96 cm $\times$ 11.96 cm 13 5.78 cm
 14 9.03 m/s 15 10.1

EXERCISE 1H page 23

- 1 a (3, 8) b (4, 1) c (5, 1)
 d (1, 1) e (5, -7) f (24, 9)
 g (2, 3) h (4, 3) i (-3, 5)
 j (2, -3)

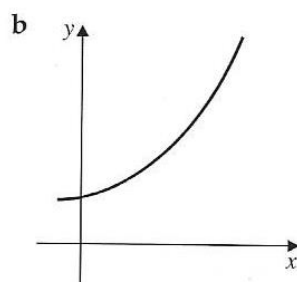
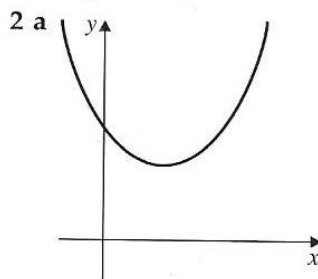
- 2 a (1, 2) or **$(-2, -1)$** b $(-3.5, -4)$ or **$(-3.5, 4)$**
 c (2, 4) or $(-8, -26)$ d $(-1, -2)$ or $(-\frac{2}{3}, -1)$
 e (4, 3) f $(2, -3)$ or $(-\frac{14}{11}, \frac{39}{11})$
 3 a (1, 2) or (2, 1) b (2, 3) or $(-\frac{62}{7}, \frac{59}{7})$
 c $(1, -1)$ or $(\frac{7}{25}, \frac{29}{25})$ d $(5, -2)$ or $(\frac{1}{11}, \frac{86}{11})$
 4 (2, 3), $(-3, -2)$
 5 $(3x + 2y)(2x + y)$, $x = \frac{1}{2}$, $y = \frac{1}{4}$

EXERCISE 1I page 26

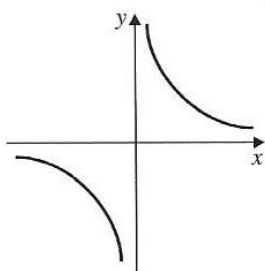
- 1 a $w \leq 2$ b $x < -4$
 c $x > 5$ d $x \geq -4$
 e $x > 1$ f $x < \frac{1}{2}$
 g $2 < y < 5$ h $-9 < z < -3$
 2 $x > 1$ 3 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
 4 7 5 4, 5, 6
 6 b i $-3 < x < 3$ ii $-5 < x < 5$
 iii $x > +7$ or $x < -7$
 7 a $-1 < x < 1$ b $x > 4$, $x < -4$
 c $-3 \leq x \leq 3$ d $-4 < x < 4$
 e $x > 5$, $x < -5$ f $x \geq 4$, $x \leq -4$
 8 a $x \geq 6$ or $x \leq -2$ b $-4 < x < -2$
 c $x \geq 6$ or $x \leq -1$ d $-3 < x < -2$
 e $x \geq 4$ or $x \leq 3$ f $1 \leq x \leq 2$
 g $\frac{3}{2} < x < 4$ h $-\frac{2}{3} < x < 5$
 i $-4\frac{1}{2} < x < \frac{1}{2}$ j $x \geq 3$ or $x \leq \frac{4}{3}$
 k $x \leq -\frac{1}{2}$, $x \geq \frac{3}{2}$ l $-2 < x < \frac{13}{3}$
 m $2 < x < \frac{5}{2}$ n $x > \frac{5}{2}$ or $x < \frac{1}{3}$
 9 $x > 4$ 10 $x > 5$ 11 $x < -3$
 12 $p \leq 4$ and $p \geq 20$ 13 $-1 < x < 3$ and $x > 3$

EXERCISE 1J page 29

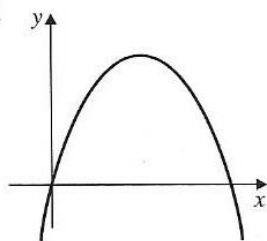
- 1 a quadratic, negative x^2
 b cubic, positive x^3
 c reciprocal
 d cubic, negative x^3
 e quadratic, positive x^2
 f exponential



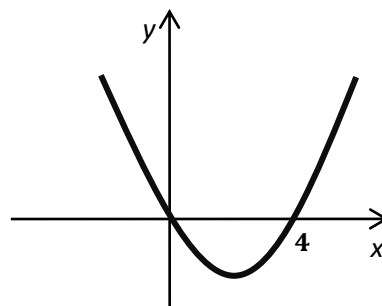
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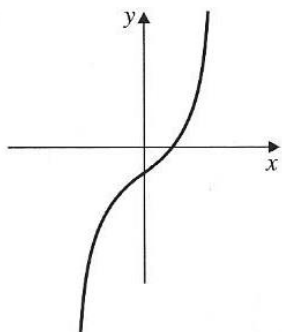
d



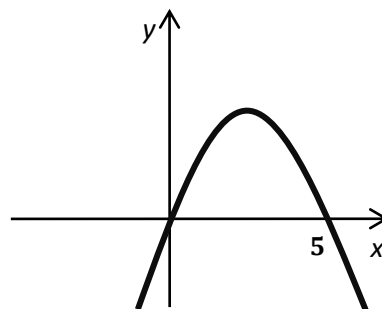
6b



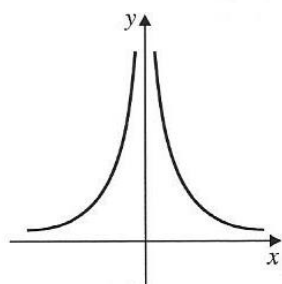
e



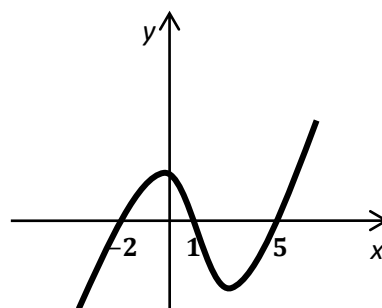
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f

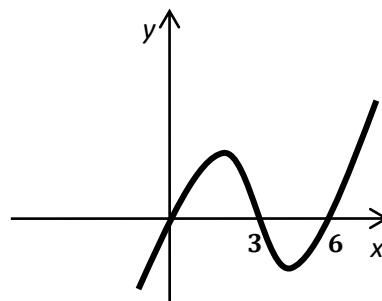


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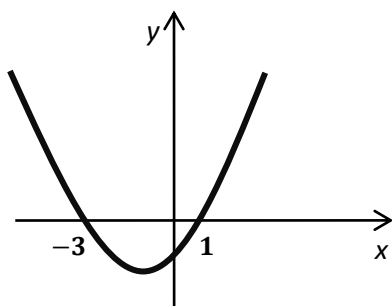


3 i c ii b iii a iv e v f vi d
4 a 1 b 2 c 1 d 3

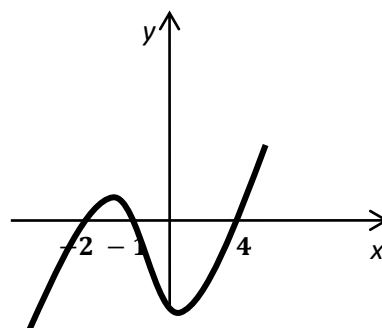
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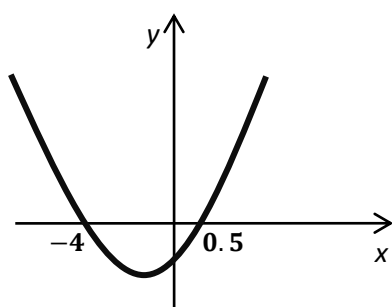
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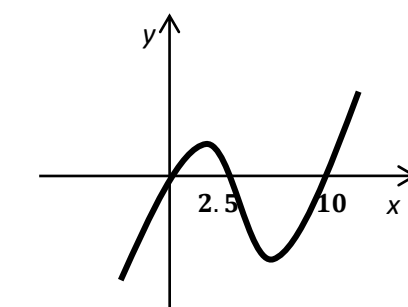
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6a



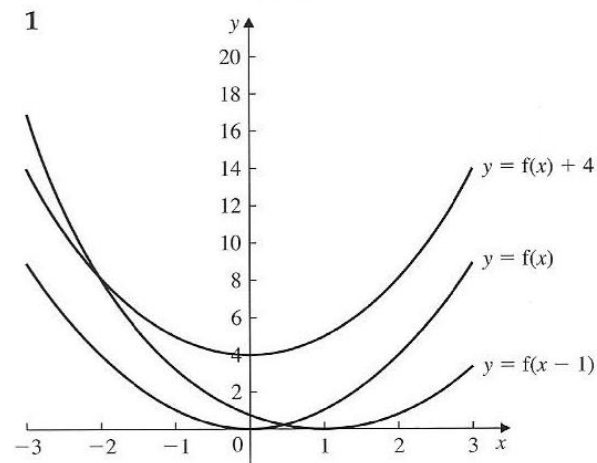
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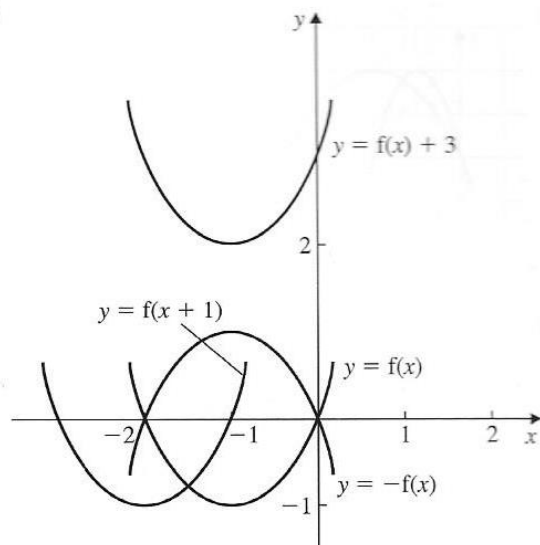
EXERCISE 1K page 32

- 1 a -0.4, 2.4 b -0.8, 3.8 c -1, 3
- 2 a -2.6, 1.6 b **-0.75, 2.75**
- c -2, 2 d 0.7
- 3 a -1.65, 3.65 b -1.3, 2.3 c -1.45, 3.45
- 4 a 1 b 2 c 2
- d 1 e 2 f 3
- 5 a 3.35 b 2.4, 7.6 c 4.25
- 6 $0 < k < 4$ 7 (1, 2)
- 10 $k = \pm 20$ 11 2

EXERCISE 1L page 37

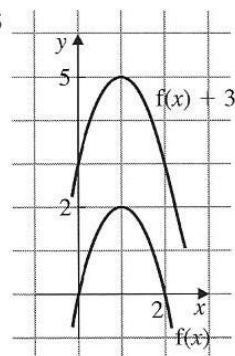


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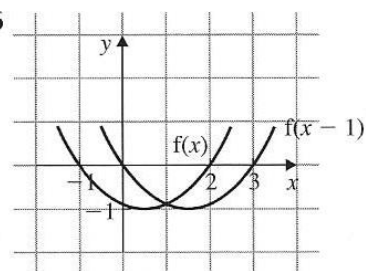


- 3 (0, -2), (7, 0)
- 4 a A'(-2, -1), B'(0, -3), C'(2, 0)
- b A'(0, 1), B'(2, 3), C'(4, 0)
- c A'(-1, 1), B'(0, 3), C'(1, 0)

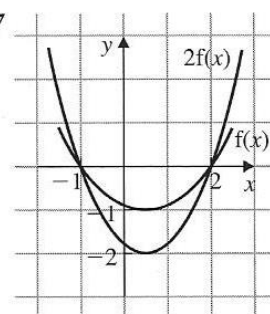
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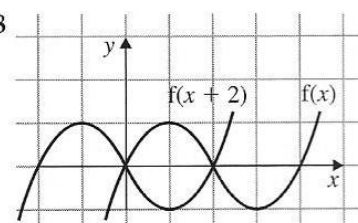
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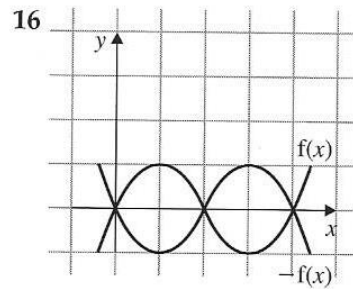
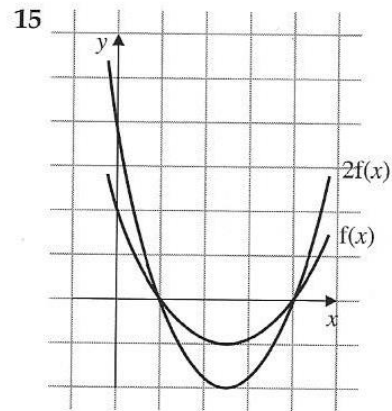
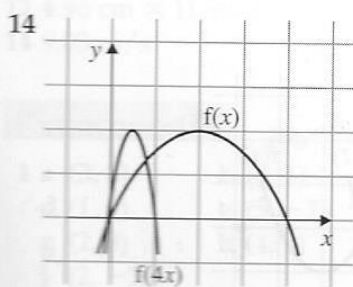
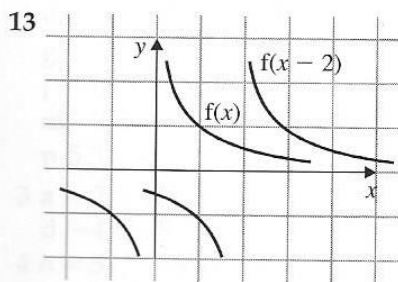
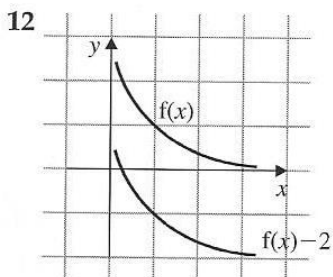
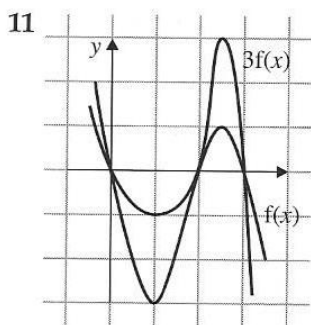
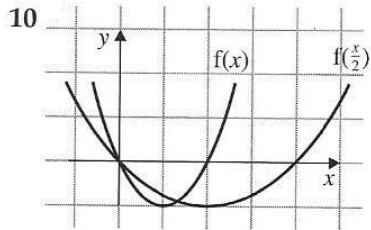
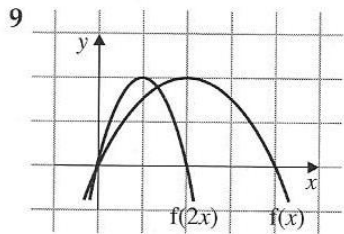


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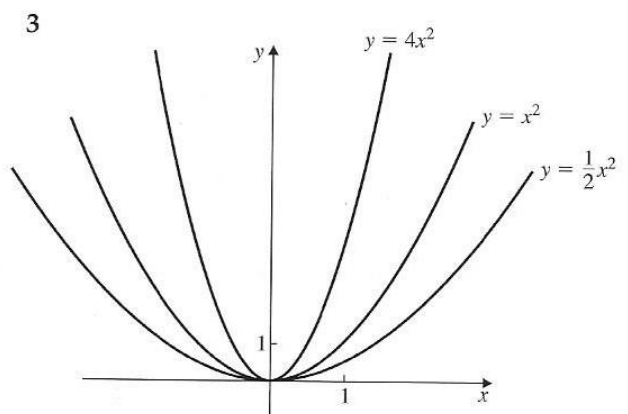
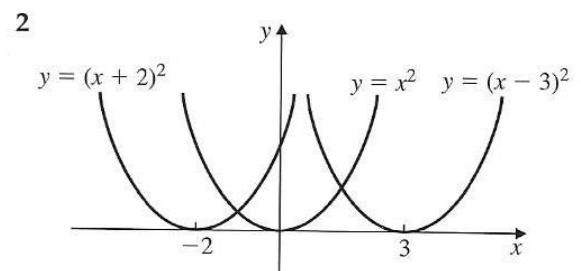
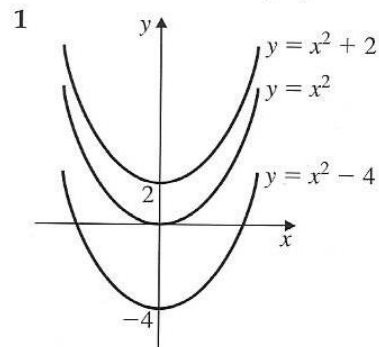


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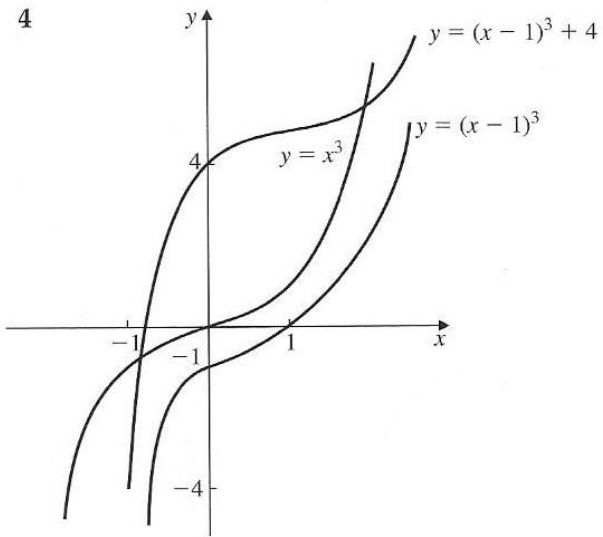




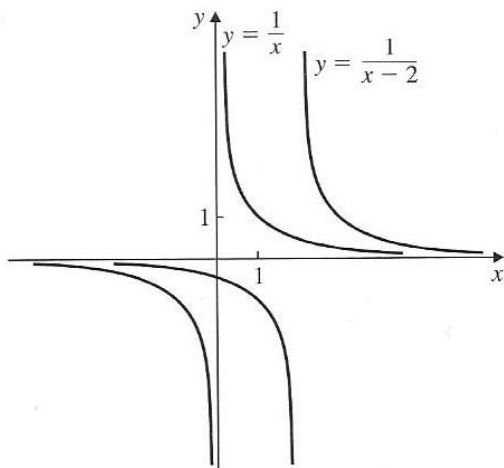
EXERCISE 1M *page 38*



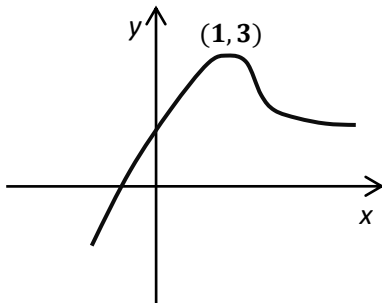
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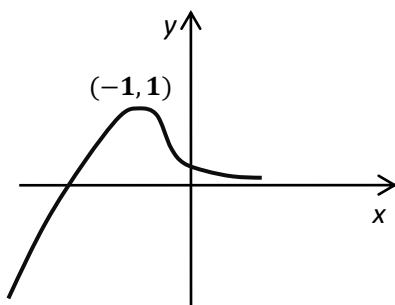
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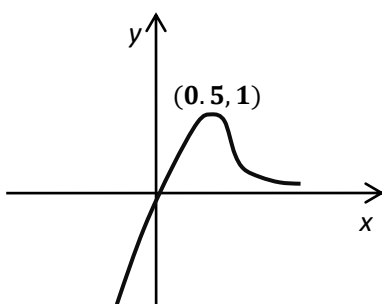
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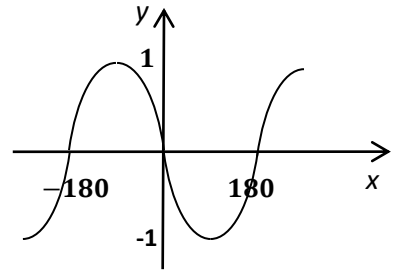
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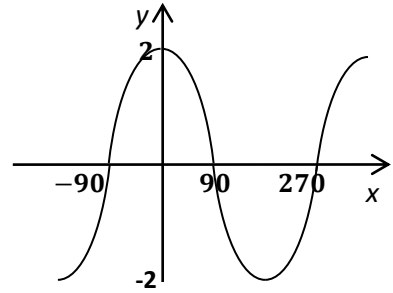
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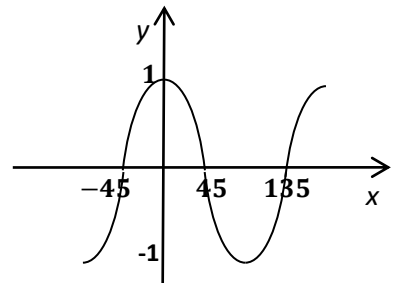
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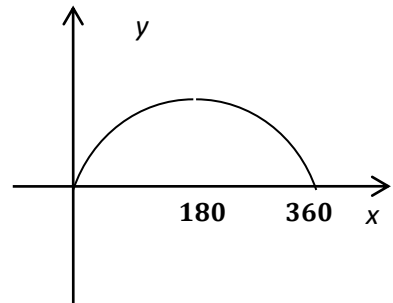
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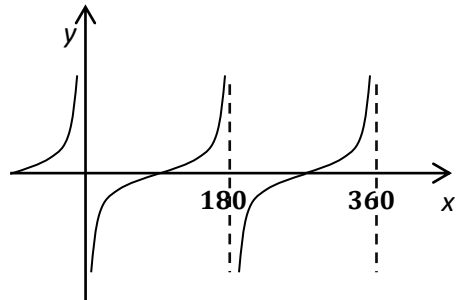
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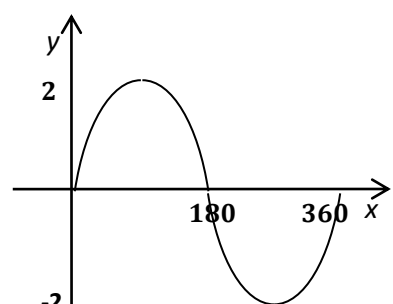
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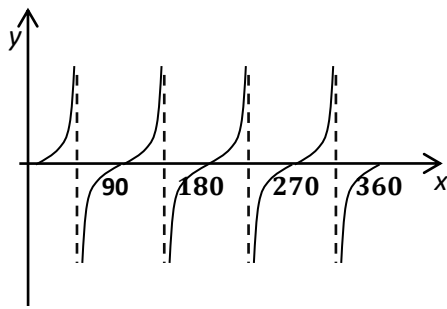
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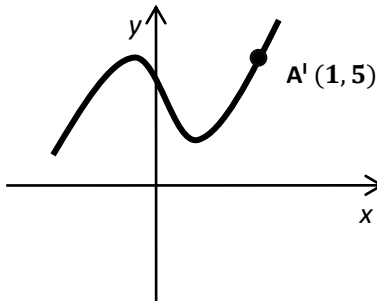
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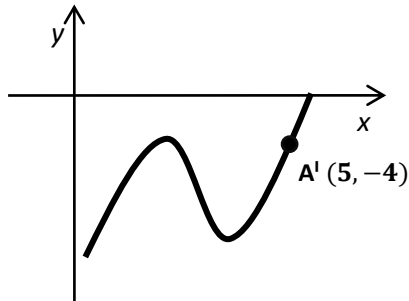
8d



9a



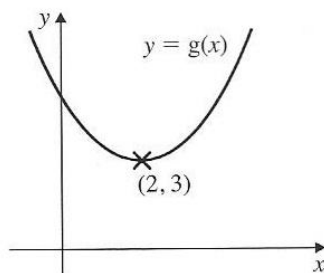
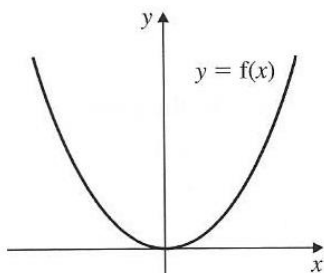
9a



10 a $y = x^2 + 3x + 5$ b $y = x^2 - x - 2$

c $y = -(x^2 + 3x)$

11 a $a = 2, b = 3$



REVIEW EXERCISE 1N

page 40

- 1 a 32 b 9 c 1 d 64
e 4 f $\frac{1}{10}$ g $\frac{1}{16}$ h $\frac{1}{9}$
i $\frac{1}{8}$ j 1000 k $\frac{1}{64}$ l $\frac{1}{16}$

2 a 2^2

d 2^1

g 2^0

3 a 2^{17}

4 a 3^3

5 5

6 a 2

d 2

g 4

7 a 2

d 2

g -2

8 a -7

9 a x^5

d a^9

g d^5

10 a $3x\sqrt{x}$

d $2z^{-\frac{5}{2}}$

11 a $6\sqrt{2}$

d $5\sqrt{2}$

g $3\sqrt{2}$

j $8\sqrt{5}$

12 a $3\sqrt{2}$

d $3\sqrt{7}$

g $\sqrt{2}$

13 a $7\sqrt{3}$

d $5\sqrt{3}$

14 a 30

d 20

g 2

15 a $3 + 2\sqrt{2}$

d 1

16 a $3(\sqrt{2} + 1)$

d $\frac{2\sqrt{2} - 1}{7}$

17 n = 12

18 a $4x(x - 5)$

c $x(x^2 + 5x - 7)$

e $(x - 4)(x + 2)$

19 a $x^3 + 3x^2 + 5x + 6$

c $2x^3 + 5x^2 + 4x + 1$

20 a 41, 2 solutions

c 0, 1 repeated root

21 q < 3

22 a 0, -12

c 2

23 a $(x + 3)^2 - 8$

c $(x + \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}$

24 a $(x + 3)^2 - 8$

c $(x + \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}$

25 a $(-4, -15)$

26 a $2(x + 3)^2 - 15$

c $2(x + \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{11}{2}$

27 $3(x - 2)^2 - 11; (2, -11)$

28 2

29 a 2, -7

d 7.46, 0.54

30 1, 8

32 a $(3, -2), (\frac{5}{9}, \frac{26}{9})$

c $(5, 2), (-3, -2)$

b 2^4

e 2^{-1}

h 2^{-5}

b 2^{-2}

b 2^{10}

b 3

e $\frac{1}{3}$

h 27

b -4

e -3

h -2

b $\frac{1}{4}$

b y^2

e b^7

h e^9

b $12y^2$

e $3\sqrt{w}$

b $2\sqrt{2}$

e $5\sqrt{3}$

h $6\sqrt{5}$

k $3\sqrt{7}$

b $\sqrt{3}$

e $3\sqrt{5}$

h $5\sqrt{5}$

b $4\sqrt{2}$

e $8\sqrt{5}$

b 20

e 84

h 3

b $5 + 2\sqrt{6}$

b $\sqrt{5} - 2$

c $3 + 2\sqrt{3}$

c $7 - 2\sqrt{10}$

c 9

f 225

i 2

b $(x - 3)(x + 3)$

d $x(x - 1)(x + 1)$

f $(x - 4)(x - 3)$

b $2x^3 - 4x^2 + x - 2$

b -23, no roots

b $(x - 4)^2 - 11$

d $(x - 2)^2 - 4$

c $(-3, 19)$

b $3(x - 1)^2 - 1$

c ± 5

f 3.62, 1.38

31 $(3, 12)$ or $(1, 4)$

b $(1, -3), (6, -\frac{1}{2})$

33 a $x \leq 10$

c $-4 < x < 4$

34 a $-5 < x < 8$

35 a $-3 < x < 2$

c $-3 < x < 5$

e $-3 < x < 4$

b $x < \frac{1}{3}$

d $-\frac{1}{2} < x < 6$

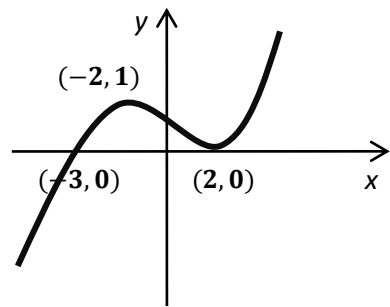
b $-1 < x < 3$

b $x < 0$ or $x > \frac{1}{2}$

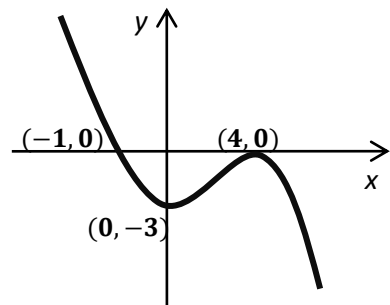
d $x \geq 4, x \leq -\frac{1}{2}$

f $x > \frac{1}{3}, x < -\frac{3}{2}$

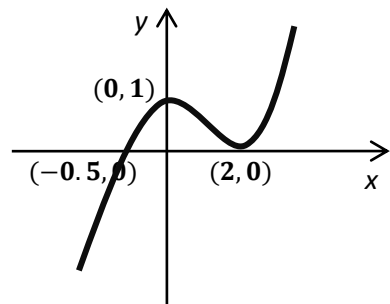
40a



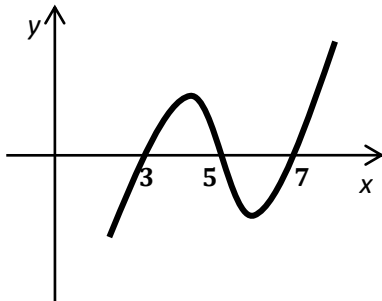
40b



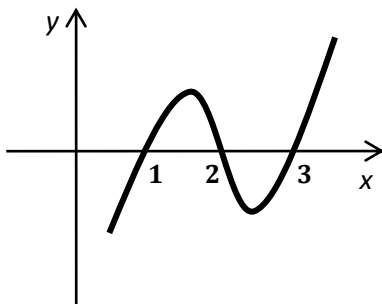
40c



38a



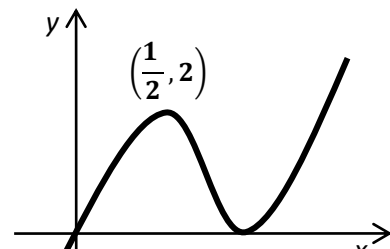
38b



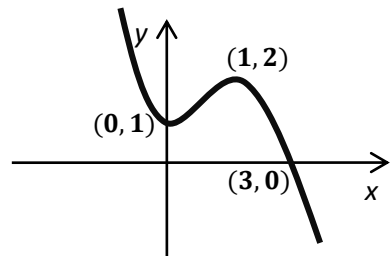
38c $(-1, 0)$, $(1, 0)$ and $(3, 0)$

41a $(h + a, k)$ b $(0, 0)$ and $(\frac{1}{2}a, 0)$

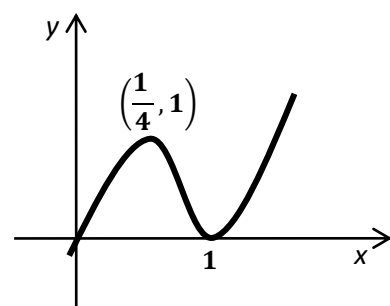
39a



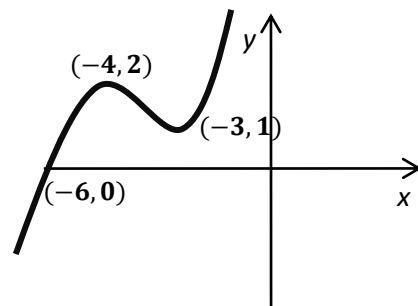
42a



39b



42b



39c -4 and -2

EXAMINATION EXERCISE 1 page 45

1 a 729

b $16x$

2 i 4^{-2}

ii 4^3

iii $4^{\frac{3}{2}}$

3 a 32

b $2x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

4 i $m = 4$

ii $p = 2$

iii $n = -1$

5 i $9 - 3\sqrt{5}$

ii $2\sqrt{2}$

6 a $6\sqrt{3}$

b $7 - 4\sqrt{3}$

7 $-3 + 2\sqrt{7}$

8 a $4 - \sqrt{5}$

b $7\sqrt{5}$

9 $5\sqrt{2}$

10 a $11 + 4\sqrt{7}$

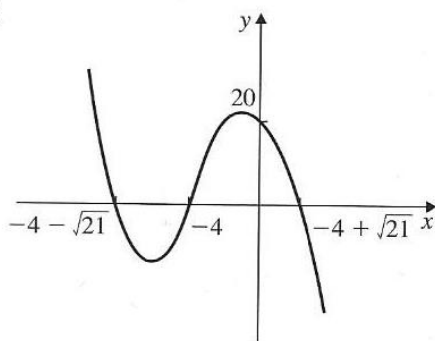
b $\sqrt{2}$

11 $p < 3 - \sqrt{8}, p > 3 + \sqrt{8}$

12 i $x = -4 \pm \sqrt{21}$

ii $x \leq -4 - \sqrt{21}, x \geq -4 + \sqrt{21}$

iii



13 b $\frac{20}{7} \leq k \leq 4$

14 $\pm \frac{1}{2}$

15 $\frac{1}{4}, 9$

16 $-1, \frac{8}{27}$

17 i $5(x + 2)^2 - 28$

ii $x = -2$

iii 560

iv two

18 $p = -10, q = 5, r = -13$

19 $x = \frac{9}{2}, y = \frac{25}{2}$

$x = -2, y = 32$

20 i $x = -\frac{1}{2}, y = -3$

ii The line is a tangent to the curve.

21 a $x < \frac{11}{2}$

b $x \leq -4, x \geq \frac{3}{2}$

22 $x < -3, x > -\frac{1}{3}$

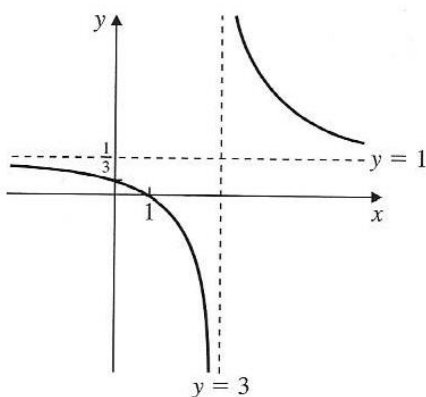
23 i $-\frac{7}{3} \leq x \leq -\frac{2}{3}$

ii $x < -2, x > 6$

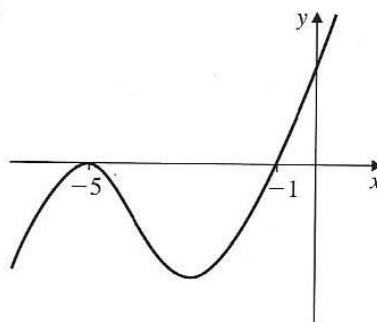
24 b $-3 < x < 2.5$

c $1.7 < x < 2.5$

25



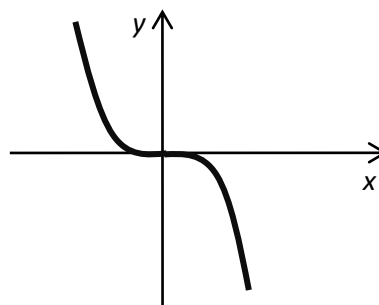
26 a



b $y = (x + 5)^2(x + 1)$

c (0, 25)

27a



27b $y = -(x - 3)^3$

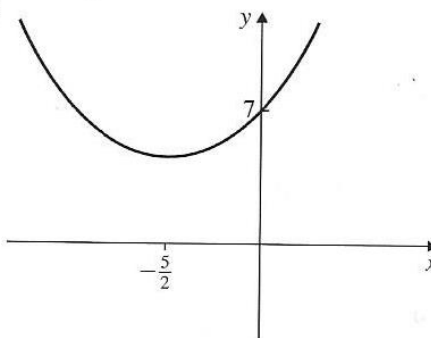
27c Vertical Stretch by factor 5

28 a $(x + \frac{5}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}$

b i $(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4})$

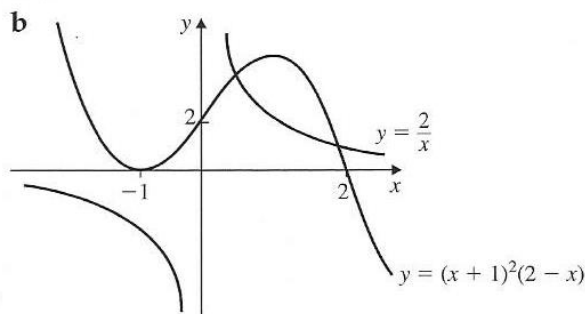
ii $x = -\frac{5}{2}$

iii



c Translation of $\frac{5}{2}$ units in the negative x direction, and $\frac{3}{4}$ units in the positive y direction

29 a 4



c 2

EXERCISE 2A page 53

- 1 a 2 b 2 c 4 d -5
 e 5 f 6 g -3 h -3
 i 0 j infinite
- 2 a $\frac{2a-5}{a-3}$ b 4 c $\frac{5}{2}$
- 3 a $\frac{n+4}{2m-3}$ b -4 c $\frac{3}{2}$
- 4 a (1, 5) b (4, 7) c (5, 14)
 d (4, -4) e (3, -5) f (1, -7)
- 5 a = 4, b = -6 6 $\sqrt{41}$
- 7 a $\sqrt{13}$ b $4\sqrt{2}$ c $\sqrt{29}$
- 8 0, 7 9 $-\frac{1}{3}$
- 10 $5, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{5}, -\frac{4}{3}$ 11 -1
- 12 b (6, 0) c $(4\frac{1}{2}, 3\frac{1}{2})$ d 29
- 13 3 14 a $4, \frac{32}{3}$ c $(1\frac{1}{2}, 2\frac{1}{2})$

EXERCISE 2B page 57

- 2 a parallel b parallel
 c perpendicular d perpendicular
 e perpendicular f **parallel**
 g perpendicular
- 3 A $y = 2x - 3$ B $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 2$ C $x + y = 6$
- 4 a $x - 3y + 7 = 0$ b $2x - y = 0$
 c $5x - y - 9 = 0$ d $2x - 3y - 10 = 0$
- 5 a $y = x + 1$ b $y = 2x + 3$
 c $y = 5x - 1$ d $y = 7x - 2$
 e $y = -3x - 4$ f $y = -2x + 11$
- 6 a $y = 5x - 1$ b $y = -4x - 5$
 c $3x - 4y + 11 = 0$ d $2x - 5y + 19 = 0$
 e $y = 3x - 1$ f $5x - 2y + 26 = 0$
- 7 a 3 b $-\frac{1}{3}$ c 4 d $-\frac{3}{2}$
- 8 a $5x + y - 9 = 0$ b $x + 3y - 14 = 0$
 c $3x + 4y - 34 = 0$ d $3x + y - 17 = 0$
 e $5x + 3y + 2 = 0$ f $3x + 4y - 23 = 0$
 g $2x + 3y - 21 = 0$

EXERCISE 2C page 59

- 1 (3, 7) 2 (11, -1)
 3 $x + 2y + 1 = 0$ 4 A & C
 5 $m_1 m_2 = -1$ 6 24 sq. units
 7 a $y + 2x = 10$ b $\sqrt{5}$
- 8 (2, -4)
- 9 a $a = 10$ b $2y + 3x = 17$
- 10 b $-\frac{2}{3}$ c $\frac{3}{2}$ f $\sqrt{13}$
- 11 a (2, 4) b B (-6, 0) C (-2, 12)
- 12 $6\sqrt{2}$
- 13 a (2, 5) c (8, 1)
- 14 a 10:53 b 104.375 km
 c may be in different directions

EXERCISE 2D page 64

- 1 a (2, 6) $r = 2$ b (5, -2), $r = 5$
 c (0, 3), $r = \sqrt{10}$ d (p, 0), $r = k$
- 2 a No b Yes
 c No d Yes
- 3 a (4, 1) 5 b (-3, 2) 3
 c (8, 3) 1 d (0, -9) $\sqrt{11}$
 e $(-1, -\frac{1}{4}) \frac{1}{4}$ f $(\frac{1}{4}, -2) \sqrt{2\frac{1}{16}}$
 g (a, b) $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$
- 4 $(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 25$
- 5 $(x-5)^2 + (y-5)^2 = 25$
- 6 $(x+2)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 16$
- 7 $(x-5)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 25$
- 8 $(x-4)^2 + (y-5)^2 = 25$
- 11 b $(x-6)^2 + (y-6)^2 = 36$
- 13 (2, 3) $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 50$
- 14 a (5, 4) b $x^2 + y^2 - 10x - 8y + 28 = 0$
- 15 $(x-2)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4$
- 16 b $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 2y + 4 = 0$
- 17 $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 8y = 0$
- 19 b $(x-5)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 25$

EXERCISE 2E page 68

- 1 $4x + y - 6 = 0$ 2 $5x + y - 19 = 0$
- 3 $x - 2y + 4 = 0$ 4 $5y = x + 7$
- 5 a $x + 2y - 8 = 0$ b (2, 3)
- 6 (-2, 5) 7 (-1, -2)
- 8 A(4, 0), B(0, -8), area $16 u^2$
- 9 $\sqrt{17}$ 10 5
- 11 $(x-3)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 5$
- 12 $(x-6)^2 + y^2 = 20$

- 13 Sub $y = mx + c$ into $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$
 to get $x^2 + (mx + c)^2 = a^2$
 i.e. $(1 + m^2)x^2 + 2mcx + (c^2 - a^2) = 0$
 tangent $\therefore$ single intersection $\therefore D = b^2 - 4ac = 0$
 giving $(2mc)^2 - 4(1 + m^2)(c^2 - a^2) = 0$
 rearrange to get $c^2 = a^2(1 + m^2)$

REVIEW EXERCISE 2F page 69

- 1 a -2 b $\frac{1}{2}$ c $\frac{1}{3}$
 d -5 e -5 f 6
 g 0 h -1
- 2 a $y = 3x - 6$ b $y = 2x$
 c $4y = x - 7$ d $2y = 5x + 33$
 e $y = 2x - 4$ f $y = 5$
- 3 a $y = 3x - 2$ b $y = -6x - 12$
 c $x + 2y + 5 = 0$ d $3x - 4y + 11 = 0$
 e $2x - 5y + 19 = 0$ f $2x + 5y - 7 = 0$
- 4 a (1, 7) b (3, 2) c (5, -4) d $(2\frac{1}{2}, -4)$
- 5 a $3y - 5x = -2$ b (1, 1)
- 6 a $3x - 4y + 9 = 0$ b $4x + 3y - 38 = 0$
 c 5 units

- 7 a $y = 5x$ b $4x + 5y + 17 = 0$
 8 a (3, 5)
 b $-\frac{1}{2}, 2$; lines are perpendicular
 9 a $y = 15 - 3x$ b A(5, 0), B(0, 15)
 c $5\sqrt{10}$
 10 a (2, 7) b (5, 11) c (-2, 10)
 d (1, 14) e a square
 11 b $3x + 4y - 36 = 0$, $4x - 3y - 23 = 0$
 c perpendicular d $100 - 25\pi$ sq units
 13 a 8 b -2
 14 a (5, 1) b (5, 1)
 15 a $y = -3x + 19$ b $3y = x + 2$
 c $x = 4$ d (4, 2)
 16 b 4 or -1
 17 a (3, 2) 6 b (-1, -2) 3
 c (-3, 1) 4 d (5, 3) 7
 18 a $(x - 3)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 4$
 b $(x - \frac{1}{2})^2 + (y - \frac{1}{4})^2 = 1$
 19 a (1, 4) $r = 5$
 c normal $4x - 3y + 8 = 0$
 tangent $3x + 4y - 44 = 0$
 20 -23
 21 $x^2 + y^2 - 18y + 56 = 0$
 22 $x^2 + y^2 - 10x + 2y + 10 = 0$
 23 8
 25 a $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$ b $5u^2$
 26 a $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 13$
 27 b $y = -3x + 10$

EXAMINATION EXERCISE 2 page 72

- 1 a $-\frac{3}{5}$ b $y = \frac{5}{3}x - 4$
 2 i 5 ii $8y - 6x + 29 = 0$
 3 $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$
 4 a $-\frac{7}{3}$
 b i $7x + 3y - 2 = 0$ ii A(4, -5)
 c B(-2, 9)
 5 i $p = -1$ ii $m = 2, q = 3$
 iii $d = 4$ or -8
 6 $y = 4x + 10$, (0, 10), (-2.5, 0)
 7 a $4x - 5y - 8 = 0$ b $\sqrt{41}$
 c $t = 8$ d 20
 8 a i $\frac{4}{3}$ ii $4x - 3y = 27$
 b D(-2, -5) c $k = -3$
 9 a $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 6$ c $2\sqrt{5}$
 10 a i $-\frac{7}{4}$ ii $7x + 4y = 1$
 b i M(1, $-\frac{3}{2}$)
 ii $8x - 14y = 29$
 c $k = -\frac{11}{5}$ or 1
 11 $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 7)^2 = 50$
 12 i C(5, -2), $r = 5$
 iii 40
 13 i $r = 2\sqrt{5}$, C(3, 2)
 ii (-1, 0), (7, 0), (0, $2 \pm \sqrt{11}$)
 iii M(4, 5), $d = \sqrt{10}$
 14 a i $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 13$
 ii $x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 2y - 3 = 0$
 b 4 c ii $2x + 3y + 16 = 0$

- 15 i C(1, -5), $r = 3\sqrt{5}$
 iii $2x + y - 12 = 0$
 16 a $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 20$
 b $x - 2y - 14 = 0$
 17 ii E(-1, 5)
 iii $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 17$
 18 a $(x - 5)^2 + (y + 6)^2 = 20$
 b i C(5, -6), $r = 2\sqrt{5}$
 c $x - 2y = 7$
 d AB = 4
 19 i A
 ii $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 8y - 30 = 0$

EXERCISE 3A page 77

- 2 a $a^6 + 6a^5b + 15a^4b^2 + 20a^3b^3 + 15a^2b^4 + 6ab^5 + b^6$
 b $a^8 + 8a^7b + 28a^6b^2 + 56a^5b^3 + 70a^4b^4 + 56a^3b^5 + 28a^2b^6 + 8ab^7 + b^8$
 c $x^4 + 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 4xy^3 + y^4$
 d $1 + 5x + 10x^2 + 10x^3 + 5x^4 + x^5$
 e $16 + 32x + 24x^2 + 8x^3 + x^4$
 f $1 - 3x + 3x^2 - x^3$
 g $1 + 8x + 24x^2 + 32x^3 + 16x^4$
 h $1 + 15x + 90x^2 + 270x^3 + 405x^4 + 243x^5$
 3 a $16 + 32x + 24x^2 + 8x^3 + x^4$;
 $16 - 32x + 24x^2 - 8x^3 + x^4$
 b $32 + 48x^2 + 2x^4$
 4 a $1 + 3x^2 + 3x^4 + x^6$ b $1 - 3x^2 + 3x^4 - x^6$
 c $2 + 6x^4$
 5 18
 6 a 40 b 945

EXERCISE 3B page 80

- 1 a 6 b 120 c 20
 d 90 e 66 f 1
 2 a 10 b 20 c 35
 d 60 e 28 f 780
 3 a 1, 5, 10, 10, 5, 1
 4 a $1 + 6x + 15x^2 + \dots$ b $1 + 10x + 45x^2$
 c $1 + 8x + 28x^2$ d $1 + 10x + 40x^2 + \dots$
 e $1 + 18x + 135x^2$ f $1 + 8a + 24a^2 \dots$
 5 $1 + 12x + 60x^2 + 160x^3$ 12, 60, 160
 6 a $1 + 14x + 84x^2 + 280x^3$
 b $1 - 5x + 10x^2 - 10x^3$
 c $1 + 18x + 144x^2 + 672x^3$
 d $1 - 10x + 40x^2 - 80x^3$
 e $1 - 12x + 54x^2 - 108x^3$
 f $1 + 2x + \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{x^3}{2} + \dots$
 8 405
 9 448
 10 a $a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2$
 b $x^{10} + 10x^9y + 45x^8y^2$
 c $a^4 + 8a^3b + 24a^2b^2 + \dots$
 11 $64 + 192x + 240x^2 + \dots$
 12 a $1024 + 5120x + 11520x^2$
 b $81 + 108x + 54x^2 + \dots$

c $32 + 480x + 2880x^2 + \dots$

d $32 - 80x + 80x^2$

e $64 - 48x + 12x^2$

13 b $0, -\frac{1}{2}$

14 b $0, 1, -4$

EXERCISE 3C page 82

1 $1 + 9x + 36x^2 + 84x^3 + \dots$; 1.0090

2 $1 - 7x + 21x^2 - 35x^3$; 0.9861

3 $1 + 20x + 180x^2 + 960x^3$; 1.020

4 a 1.127 b 0.979

5 $1 + 11x + 50x^2$

6 a $2 + 61x + 840x^2$ b $3 + 35x + 168x^2$

c $1 + 8x + 29x^2$ d $1 - 11x + 54x^2$

e $1 + 9x + 37x^2$

7 a $3, n = 7$ 8 $k = 2, n = 6$

9 3, 3 11 70

12 15

13 $2^{10} [1 + 5x + \frac{45}{4}x^2 + 15x^3]$ 1131.13

14 $30\sqrt{30}$

15 $1 + 3x + 6x^2 + 7x^3$

16 $1 + 6x + 27x^2 + 80x^3$

17 $n = 7$

18 $a^4 + 4a^2b + 2b^2$

EXERCISE 3D page 85

1 a 0.118 b 0.0595 c 0.999

2 a 0.0168 b 0.00786 c 0.279

3 a 0.315 b 0.0746 c 0.401

4 a 0.222 b 0.978

5 a 0.193 b 0.0290

6 a 0.282 b 0.526

7 a 0.115 b 0.00759

8 a 0.177 b 0.997

9 a 0.405 b 0.925

10 a 0.000285 b 0.00569

REVIEW EXERCISE 3E page 86

1 a $1 + 4x + 4x^2$ b $1 + 15x + 75x^2$

c $1 - 15x + 90x^2$ d $16 + 96x + 216x^2$

e $729 - 1458x + 1215x^2$ f $1 - 14x + 84x^2$

2 a $2 + 24x^2$ b $-(72x + 54x^3)$

c $8x + 8x^3$

3 a $1 + 30x + 405x^2 + 3240x^3$

b i 1.03041 ii 0.737

4 a $1259712x^2$ b $-22680x^3$

c $-56x$

5 a $x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x + 8$ b $15\sqrt{3} + 26$

6 b $608\sqrt{3}$

7 $k = 2, n = 5$

9 $1 + 4x + 18x^2 + 40x^3$

10 b $0, 2, -5$

11 a 0.238 b 0.252

12 a 0.172 b 0.999

13 a 0.337 b 0.00542

14 a $\frac{1}{81}$ b $\frac{16}{81}$ c $\frac{8}{27}$

15 a $\frac{2}{3}$

b $\frac{17}{81}$

16 a 0.0523

b 0.236

EXAMINATION EXERCISE 3 page 88

1 $243 - 810x + 1080x^2$

2 $81x^4 - 216x^3 + 216x^2 - 96x + 16$

3 a $2, b = \frac{5}{3}, c = \frac{20}{27}$

4 $p = 3, q = 5$

5 6000

6 i $243 + 810x + 1080x^2 + 720x^3 + 240x^4 + 32x^5$

ii $486 + 2160x^2 + 480x^4$

7 i 10 ii -720

8 a $1 + 10ax + 45a^2x^2 + 120a^3x^3$

b $a = \frac{3}{4}$

9 a $243 + 405bx + 270b^2x^2$

b $b = 3$

10 i $8 + 12y + 6y^2 + y^3$

ii $b = 16, q = 12$

11 i $a = \frac{1}{2}$ ii $4096 + 3072x$

12 a $64 - 576x + 2160x^2$

b $64 - 544x + 1872x^2$

13 a $1 + \frac{8}{x} + \frac{16}{x^2}$

b $1 + 2x + \frac{7}{4}x^2 + \frac{7}{8}x^3$

c 30

14 i $64 + 960x + 6000x^2$

ii $c = -11$

15 i $32 + 80x + 80x^2 + 40x^3 + 10x^4 + x^5$

ii 1560

16 20,000

17 i $a = 243$ ii $k = \frac{3}{2}$

iii $\frac{1215}{4}$

18 $\frac{1792}{6561}$

EXERCISE 4A page 95

1 $2x$

2 $5x^4$

3 5

4 $7x^6$

5 $3x^2 + 4x^3$

6 $2x + 5x^4$

7 $6x^5 + 4$

8 $3x^2 - 2x$

9 $4x^3 + 2x + 1$

10 $4x$

11 $12x^2$

12 $30x^4$

13 7

14 $6x + 4$

15 $30x^2 - 7$

16 $40x^9 - 18x^8$

17 $2x + 4$

18 $2x - 3$

19 $4x$

20 $3x^2 + 2x - 6$

21 $12x^3 - 3x^2$

22 100

23 -3

24 -2x

25 -4x

26 $3x^2 - 17$

27 $15x^2 - 4x + 4$

28 $2x - 11$

29 $100x^{99}$

30 x^9

31 x

32 $2x^7$

33 $\frac{4}{3}x + 3$

34 $\frac{9}{2}x^5$

35 0.02x

36 $\frac{1}{2}x^4$

37 $1 + 3x^2$

38 $x + x^2 + x^3$

39 $-17x^{16}$

41 1

42 -13

43 13

44 $14x + 4$

45 $2x^7 - 3x^2$

46 5

47 -4

48 (2, 3)

49 (1, 1)

50 1, -3

EXERCISE 4B page 98

1 a $5x^4$

b $7x^6$

c $6x^2$

d $20x^3$

e 3

f 0

g $8x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ h $-2x^{-2}$ i $x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$
 j $-14x^{-3}$ k $3x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ l $\frac{-5}{x^2}$

2 a $3x^2 + 2x$ b $4x^3 + 1$
 c $6x + 2$ d $18x^2 + 30x^5$
 e $3x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - 3x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ f $4x + 5x^{-2}$
 g $-9x^{-4} - 4x^{-3}$ h $2x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 3$
 i x j $-\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2}{x^3}$

3 a $3x^2 + 10x + \frac{3}{x^2}$ b $2x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$
 c $3x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ d $\frac{-2}{x^3} + \frac{3}{x^2}$
 e $\frac{5}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}}$ f $x^{-\frac{2}{3}} + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

4 a $2x + 1$ b $6x^2 - 2x$ c $2x + 2$
 d $8x - 4$ e $8x + 4$ f $4x^3 + 4x$
 g $5x^4 + 7x^6$ h $2x - 2$ i $18x + 12$
 j $16x^3 - 8x$ k $1 - x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ l $2x - 2x^{-3}$
 5 16 6 1 7 $-\frac{1}{4}$

8 a 2 b 10

9 (3, -4)

10 (-1, 12), (3, -20)

11 a $2x - 6$ b $x = 3$ c (3, -8)

12 a $3x^2 - 18x + 15$ b $x = 1, 5$

c (1, 2) (5, -30)

13 a $a = 2, b = 8, c = -1$ b (-2, -9)

15 a 1, 2, -5, -6 c (-3, 0) (-1, 0)

16 a $2x + 5$ b $9x^2 - 2$

c $2x$ d $-2x^{-2} + 3$

e $12x^{-3} - 36x^{-4}$ f $\frac{7}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{7}{2\sqrt{x}}$

g $6x^2 + 4$ h $-8x^{-5} + 3x^{-2}$

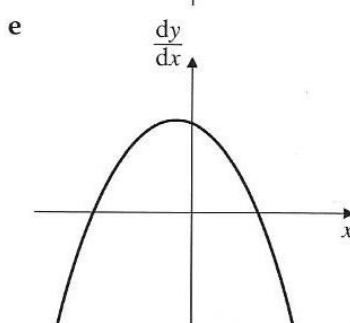
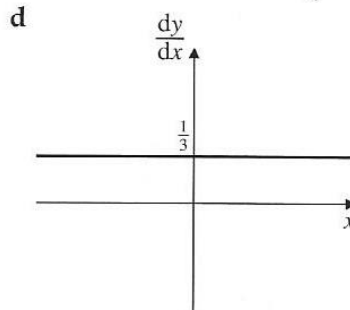
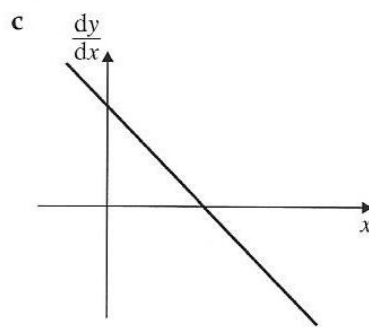
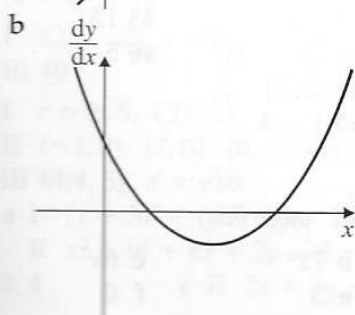
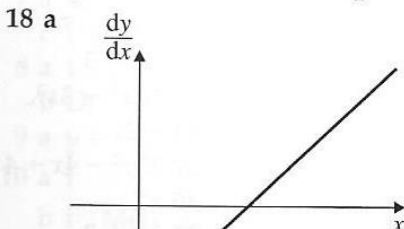
17 a $\frac{5}{2\sqrt{x}}$ b $\frac{4}{3}x^{\frac{1}{3}}$

c $-\frac{5}{x^2}$ d $1 - \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

e $1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ f $4x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

g $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - x^{-\frac{4}{3}}$ h $\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$

i $\frac{1}{5}x^{-\frac{4}{5}} + 4x^{-\frac{3}{5}}$ j $\frac{5}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{6}x^{-\frac{7}{6}}$



19 A $\rightarrow$ E, B $\rightarrow$ F, C $\rightarrow$ D

EXERCISE 4C page 105

1 $y = 7x - 3$ 2 $y = -7x - 3$

3 a $10y = x + 99$ b (-99, 0)

4 $y + x + 6 = 0$ 5 $4y + x = 2$

6 $x = 1, 2$; tangents are $y = 2$ and $y = 1$

7 a $y = 6x - 18, y = -6x - 18$

b (0, -18)

8 a $y = 4x - 3$ b $y = 12x + 4$

c $3y + 4x = 24$ d $3y = 2x + 18$

e $y = 3x - 7$ f $y = 7x - 4$

g $y = -2$ h $y + 6x = 24$

9 a $4y + x = 29$ b $6y + x = 37$

c $6y + x = 33$ d $3y + 4x = 136$

e $2y + 3x = 17$ f $y = -x$

g $y = 2 - x$ h $3y + 2x = 14$

10 a -16

b 2

c $y = 2x + 6$

d $16y + x - 127 = 0$

11 a $y = -24x + 13$

12 a 1, 3 c $y = -2x + 2; y = 2x - 6$

13 a $c = -26$ b (-4.2, 6.04)

14 a $x = 1, -\frac{7}{3}$ b (1, -15)

15 b (0, 1)

16 a $2y + x + 10 = 0$ b $(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{23}{4})$

17 a $a = 2, b = 13$ 18 c $c = 12, d = 1$

19 a $a = 2, b = 48$ 20 c $c = 2, d = 5$

21 a -16 b $y + 16x = 12$

c $4\frac{1}{2}$ sq units

22 a (1, 5), (-4, 0) b $y = -4x - 16$

c $(-\frac{3}{2}, -10)$

23 a $(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2})$ $(-2, -5)$

b $6y = 8x - \frac{27}{2}$ $y = -6x - 17$

c $(-\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{31}{2})$

24 b $p = 1$

c $y = x$

EXERCISE 4D page 113

1 -4 ; min.

2 26 ; max.

3 3 ; max.

4 -8 ; min.

5 -1 ; min.

6 4 ; max.

7 $\frac{1}{4}$; min.

8 $5\frac{1}{4}$; max.

9 -70 ; min.; **38**, max.

10 a $4x + 3, 4$ b $6x^2 + 10x - 2, 12x + 10$

c $3x^2, 6x$ d $x^{-\frac{1}{2}}, -\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$

e $-3x^{-2}, 6x^{-3}$ f $-2x^{-3} - 3x^{-4}, 6x^{-4} + 12x^{-5}$

11 $(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{7}{2})$ 12 $(1, 6)$ max; $(2, 5)$ min.

13 2 , min.; 29 , max. 14 10 , max.; 6 , min.

15 $-3\frac{1}{3}$, min.; $1\frac{1}{6}$, max. 16 $7\frac{4}{27}$, max.; 7 , min.

17 2 , min.; -2 , max. 18 4 , min.; -4 , max.

19 3 , max.; 7 , min. 20 -1 , max.; 3 , min.

21 c $a = 3, b = -45$ d minimum

22 c $(4, 17)$ max., $(16, 1)$ min.

23 a $(2, -15)$ min., $(-2, 17)$ max.

c $-15 \leq k \leq 17$

24 a $(0, 0)$ min., $(-1, 1)$ max.

b $0 < k < 1$

EXERCISE 4E page 116

1 36 cm^2

2 225 cm^2

3a. $h = \frac{16}{r^2}$ b. $A = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$ d. $24\pi \text{ cm}^2$

4. $54\pi \text{ cm}^2$ 5. 32 cm

6. 40 m 7. 90 m

8a. $h = \frac{108}{x^2}$ c. 108 cm^2

9a. $60 - 2x$ b. $x(60 - 2x)$

c. $x = 15 \text{ m}, A = 450 \text{ m}^2$

10a. 12 c. 212 cm

11a. 5

12a. $h = \frac{192 - r^2}{2r}$ c. $512\pi \text{ cm}^3$

13b. 16 cm^3 14b. $2\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$

15a. $5x - x^2$ b. $x = y = \frac{5}{2}$

16. 2

17a. $V = 108\pi h - \frac{1}{3}\pi h^3$ b. $432\pi\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^3$

18 a. $V = \frac{4\pi}{3}x^2 + 16\pi x + \frac{256\pi}{3x}$ b. $144\pi \text{ cm}^3$

EXERCISE 4F page 120

1 a $x > 3$

b $x < 1$ and $x > 4$

c $1 < x < 4$

2 b $x > 2$

3 b $x > 2$ and $x < 1$

4 a $3x^2 - 6x - 9$

c $x > 3$ and $x < -1$

5 $x < 2$

7 a $12x^2 - 2x - 4$

b $-\frac{1}{2} < x < \frac{2}{3}$

EXERCISE 4F

(alternative answers for EDEXCEL board)

1 a $x \geq 3$

b $x \leq 1$ and $x \geq 4$

c $1 \leq x \leq 4$

2 b $x \geq 2$

3 b $x \geq 2$ and $x \leq 1$

4 a $3x^2 - 6x - 9$

c $x \geq 3$ and $x \leq -1$

5 $x \leq 2$

7 a $12x^2 - 2x - 4$

b $-\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{2}{3}$

REVIEW EXERCISE 4G page 121

1 $2x + 1$

2 $2x - 4$

3 $4x - 1$

4 $6x - 16$

5 $3x^2 - 10x$

6 $3x^2 + 22x$

7 $2x + 6$

8 $2x - 8$

9 $8x - 12$

10 $4x^3 - 6x^2 + 2x$

11 $3x^2 + 20x + 25$

12 $4x + 12$

13 $-3x^{-4}$

14 $-4x^{-5}$

15 $-2x^{-3} + 2x$

17 $-\frac{5}{x^6}$

19 $-\frac{6}{x^3}$

21 $-\frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{4}{x^3}$

23 $3x^2 - \frac{3}{x^4}$

25 $2x - \frac{2}{x^3}$

27 $2x$

29 $2x - \frac{2}{x^3}$

33 13

37 $\frac{3}{4}$

40 a

16 $-x^{-2} + 3x^2$

18 $-\frac{4}{x^5}$

20 $-\frac{12}{x^4}$

22 $-\frac{4}{x^2} + \frac{9}{x^4}$

24 $2x + \frac{2}{x^3}$

26 $3x^2 + 1$

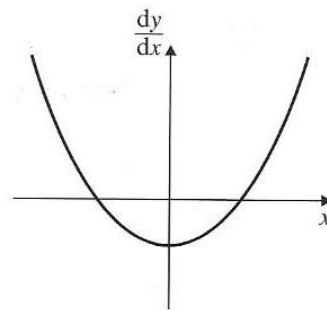
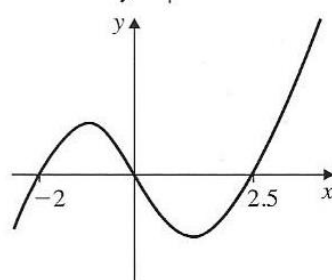
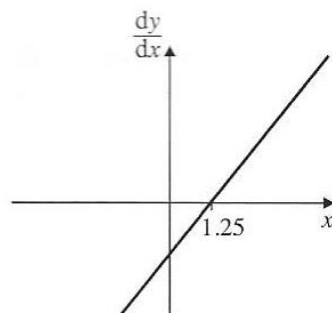
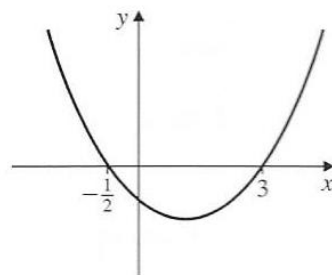
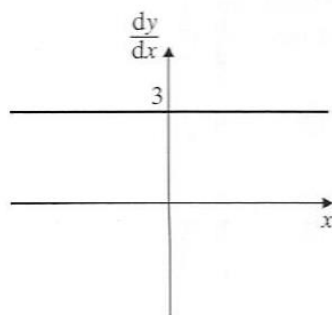
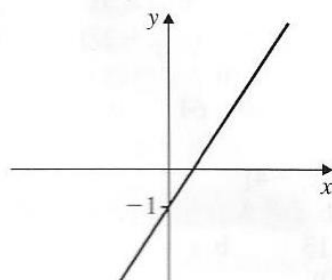
28 $-\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2}{x^3}$

30 $8x - \frac{2}{x^3}$

35 2

39 -3

36 -3



41 $-7, 7$

43 $(3, -2)$

45 $2; \frac{5}{2}$

47 $(\frac{1}{2}, 4), (-\frac{1}{2}, -4)$

49 b $(5, 21)$

50 a $3x^2 - 18x + 17$

51 $(2, 68), (\frac{4}{3}, \frac{369}{4})$

53 b $y = 9x - 6$

54 a $1, -6, 5, 1, 4, -4, -16$

b $6y = x + 30, 4y = x - 64$

55 $(3, 9), (-3, 9)$

56 $(2\sqrt{2}, -4), (-2\sqrt{2}, -4)$

57 a $2x - 6$

b $x = 3$

c $(3, -8)$

58 a $3x^2 - 18x + 15$

b $x = 1, 5$

c $(1, 2), (5, -30)$

59 a $(-3, -10)$

b $(2, -10)$

c $(1, 2), (2, 1)$

d $(-1, 0), (2, -27)$

60 b $(5, 21)$

c $y = 9x - 24$

61 a $3x^2 - 18x + 17$

b $y = 2x + 2$

c $(5, -20)$

62 a $9x^2 - 30x + 66$

b $(2, 68), (\frac{4}{3}, \frac{369}{4})$

63 a $6x^2 - 18x + 12$

b **$(1, 6)$ max. $(2, 5)$ min.**

64 b $y = 9x - 6$

c $(-\frac{7}{3}, -27)$

65 $(-1, -1)$

66 c $a = 21, b = 23$

67 a $(1, -1)$ min. $(-1, 3)$ max.

68 b $(1, 2)$

69 c $(32, \frac{1}{64})$

d max.

70 a $(16, -32)$ min.

71 a $(4, 4)$

73 b $(1, 0)$

75 a $a = 9$

c $(3, \frac{8\sqrt{3}}{3})$

76 b $x = 1, 2$

b $x < 1, x > 2$

Note: For Edexcel, answer to 76b is $x \leq 1, x \geq 2$

77 a $L = 16x + 4h$

b $h = 24 - 4x$

d $x = 4, V_{max} = 384 \text{ cm}^3$

78 $x = 10, V_{max} = 1333\frac{1}{3} \text{ cm}^3$

79 $a = 2, b = -15$

EXAMINATION EXERCISE 4 page 127

- 1 $12x^2 + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
- 2 $6x + 6$
- 3 i $18x^2 - 2x^{-\frac{3}{2}} + 5$
ii $36x + 3x^{-\frac{5}{2}}$
- 4 i $-10x^{-6}$
- 5 i $-12x^{-3} + 2$
- 6 i $-10x^{-3} + \frac{1}{4}x^{-2} + 1$
ii $30x^{-4} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-3}$
- 9 a $x - \frac{3}{2} + 6x^{-2}$
b $7x - 2y + 27 = 0$
- 10 $y = 2x - 9$
- 11 $2x + 8y - 37 = 0$

- ii $\frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$
- ii $36x^{-4}$

- 12 $4x - 6y - 29 = 0$
- 13 $16x - 24y + 9 = 0$
- 14 a $-2x^{-3} + 4$
b $x + 6y + 19 = 0$
c $y = -12x + 12$
- 15 i $(1.3, -4.3), (-1.3, 4.3)$
ii $(-\sqrt{5}, 0), (0, 0), (\sqrt{5}, 0)$
iii $y = -2x - 2, x = -2$
- 16 $(3, 12), (-3, -12)$
- 17 iii $y = 4x + 23$
iv Yes
- 18 a ii $\frac{4}{3} < x < 2$ [Edexcel: $\frac{4}{3} \leq x \leq 2$]
b ii $R(43, 3)$
- 19 $B(\frac{9}{2}, -2)$
- 20 a $6 - 3x^{\frac{1}{2}}$
b i $(4, 8)$ ii $x = 4$
c i $8x + 12y = 99$ ii $(4, \frac{67}{12})$
- 21 i $4x + y - 32 = 0$ ii $(6.5, 6)$
iii $x = 3$ iv $3 > x$
- 22 a $\frac{3}{4}t^2 - 3$
b i $-2.25 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$ ii decreasing
c i $t = 2$ ii minimum
- 23 a i $5x^4 - 6x + 1$
ii $20x^3 - 6$
b $y = 12x + 12$
- 24 $x < -\sqrt{2}, x > \sqrt{2}$ [Edexcel: $x \leq -\sqrt{2}, x \geq \sqrt{2}$]
- 25 $x < -4, x > 1$ [Edexcel: $x \leq -4, x \geq 1$]
- 26 a $12x^{-1} + x^{\frac{3}{2}}$
b i $-12x^{-2} + \frac{3}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}}$
ii $4x + 9y - 115 = 0$
iii $k = \frac{6}{5}$
- 27 i $(-1, 7)$
ii Minimum
- 28 i $(-2, -48)$ ii Minimum iii $x > -2$
- 29 a $P(4, -28)$ b Minimum
- 30 b $x = -\sqrt{2}$ c $-48x^{-5}$
d P is a maximum, Q is a minimum
- 31 i $4x^3 - 16x + 60$
iv 92 v Minimum
- 32 a $18 + 6x - 12x^2$ b $x = \frac{3}{2}$
c i -30 ii Maximum
- 33 i $a = 13$ ii Minimum iii $x = \frac{1}{3}$
- 34 a $\frac{1}{2}t^3 - 2t$
b i $-\frac{3}{2} \text{ m/s}$ ii decreasing
c i 4 ii Minimum
- 35 i $k = -5$ ii Minimum iii $A(-2, -27)$
- 36 i $(1, 9)$ ii -11
- 37 a i $h = \frac{48 - r^2}{2r}$
b i $24\pi - \frac{3\pi}{2}r^2$
ii $r = 4$, maximum
- 38 a ii $V = 12x - \frac{9}{4}x^3$ b $12 - \frac{27}{4}x^2$
c ii $-\frac{27}{2}x$, maximum
- 39 c $P = 8$ d $y = 21 \text{ cm}$
- 40 b 1737 cm^3

EXERCISE 5A page 137

$$1 \ x^2 + 2x + 1 \quad 2 \ x^2 + 4x + 3 \quad 3 \ 2x^2 + x - 1$$

$$4 \ x^2 + 3x - 2 \quad 5 \ x^2 + 1 \quad 6 \ x^3 - 7$$

EXERCISE 5B page 139

- 1 a 18 b 1 c 2 d -12
 e -8 f 12 g -8 h 1
- 2 a A = 1, B = 5 b A = 2, B = 3
 c A = 3, B = 2 d A = 3, B = 1
 e A = 3, B = 2 f A = 3, B = -1
 g A = 1, B = 2 h A = 3, B = -1
- 3 a 2, 11, 5 b 1, 5, 6
 c 1, 2, 1 d 2, 3, 2
 e 4, -1, 3
- 4 a $(x+1)(x-3)(x+2)$
 b $(x-1)(x+3)(x-2)$
 c $(x-1)(x+2)(x-1)$
 d $x(x+3)(x-2)$
 e $(x-1)(x^2+2x+2)$
 f $(x-2)(x^2+3x+4)$
 g $(x-3)(x^2-2x-1)$
 h $(x-1)(x+1)(x+4)$
 i $(x+3)(2x^2-4x+1)$
 j $(x+2)(4x^2+2x-3)$
- 5 a -4 b 4 c -4 d -1
- 6 a $a = -9, b = 13$ b $a = 3, b = -7$
 c $a = -34, b = 50$ d $a = 4, b = -5$
 e $a = 2, b = -2$
- 7 $a = 19, f(x) = (x+4)(x+3)(x+1)$
- 8 $(x+1)(x^2+2x-1)$
- 9 $x = 2, 3, -1$
- 10 a $1, \frac{2}{3}, 1\frac{1}{2}$ b $2, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{4}$
 c $0, \frac{1}{2}, 2\frac{1}{2}$ d 0, -1, 1
- 11 a $-3, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}$ b $1, \frac{2}{5}, -\frac{3}{2}$
 c $-2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}$ d $0, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}$
 e $-3, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{2}$ f $2, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{2}{3}$

EXERCISE 5C page 141

- 1 a $(x-1)(x^2+3x+1)$
 b $(x+2)(2x^2+4x+3)$
 c $(x-3)(3x-1)(2x+1)$
 d $(x+1)(5x-2)(3x-4)$
 e $(x-2)(4x-3)(2x-5)$
 f $x(2x-1)(3x-2)$
 g $x(x-2)^2$ h $(x+1)^2(2x-3)$
- 2 a $a = -9, b = 10$ b $a = -8, b = 17$
 c $a = 3, b = -8$ d $a = 12, b = 1$
- 3 c $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -\frac{1}{3}$
- 4 $a = 0, b = -7, c = -6$
- 5 $a = 6, b = 3, c = -15, d = 6$
- 6 a $y = (x+4)(x-1)(x-2)$
 b $y = (x-1)(x+1)(x-3)$
 c $y = -(x+1)(x-2)(x-3)$
 d $y = 2(x-1)^2(x+2)$
 e $y = (x-1)(x-3)(x-5)$
 f $y = (x+2)^2(x-1)$

EXERCISE 5D page 145

- 1 a 6 b 5 c 15
 2 a 6 b 18 c 14
 d 41 e 6 f 14
- 3 $a = 2$ 4 $b = -10$
 5 $c = 2$ 6 35
- 7 $a = 1, 3\frac{1}{8}$ 8 $a = 2, b = 7$
 9 $a = -2$ 10 $a = 3, b = 8$
 11 $a = 1$ 12 $a = 4, b = -1$
- 13 b $a = 6, b = -5$
 14 b $a = 6, b = -17$ d $\frac{3}{4}, -2, \frac{1}{2}$
 15 b $a = 6, b = -4$
 d $f(x) = (2x-1)(3x-1)(x+1)$
- 16 b $f(x) = (2x-1)(x^2+x+1)+2$
- 17 a $a = -3$ b $(x-1)(3x^2+2)+7$
- 18 a $(x-1)(x^2+2x+3)+1$
 b $(x-2)(x^2-x+5)+10$
 c $(x+1)(2x^2+x+1)+5$
- 19 a $a = -10$ b $b > -4$, but $b \neq 14$
- 20 a, b $p = 6, q = 10$

REVIEW EXERCISE 5E page 147

- 1 a $x^2 + 2x - 5$ remainder 16
 b $x^2 - 3x + 6$ remainder -2
 c $x^2 - x + 2$ remainder 0
- 2 a $(x-2)(x^2+3x+4)$
 b $(x-2)(x+1)^2$
 c $(x+2)(x+3)(x-3)$
- 3 a = -3 4 a = 5
 5 $2, -4, \frac{1}{2}$ 6 $x = 3$
- 7 a 0 c $x > 1$ and $-2 < x < 1$
- 8 6
- 9 a -2 b -43 c -5 d $\frac{4}{9}$
- 10 $a = 2$, remainder = -12
- 11 a quotient = $x^2 + 4x + 13$,
 remainder = 25
 b $g(x) = x^2 + 4x + 13, R = 25$
- 12 -5
- 13 b $(x+2)(x+3)(x-3)$ c -2, +3
- 14 b $(x+2)(x+1)(x-2)$
 c 2 or -1 (repeated)
 d -1 or $\pm\sqrt{5}$

EXAMINATION EXERCISE 5 page 148

- 1 b $(x-2)(2x+1)(x-2)$
- 2 ii $(x+3)(x^2-3x+5)$
- 3 i $(x-1)(x^3+x+10)$ ii $x = -2$
 iii $(x-1)(x+2)(x^2-2x+5)$
- 4 i $(x-2)$ ii $x = 2, x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{29}}{2}$
- 5 a $a = 8$
 b $(x-2)(2x+3)(3-2x)$
 c -12
- 6 i $(x+3)(2x-1)(x-4)$
 ii $x = -3, 0, 4.5$
- 7 a 16
 b ii $(x-3)(x+2)(x-3)$
- 8 b i 36
 ii $(x+2)(x^2-5x+10)$
 iii $x = -2$

- 9 $k = 3$
 10 $k = 2, x = -1$
 11 b $3c + d + 5 = 0$ c $c = -14, d = 37$
 12 b $a = 9, b = -6$
 13 i $b = 3$ ii $(x - 2)$ and $(x + 3)$
 14 i 36
 ii $(x - 2)(2x^2 + 7x - 3)$
 iii 3 real roots
 15 b i -12 ii $(x - 3)(x^2 - x + 1)$
 c $x = 3$
 16 b $(x - 3)(2x - 3)(x + 2)$

EXERCISE 6A page 153

- 1 a $\frac{x^3}{3} + c$ b $\frac{x^5}{5} + c$
 c $\frac{x^8}{8} + c$ d $\frac{x^2}{2} + c$
 e $2x^2 + c$ f $2x^3 + c$
 g $\frac{x^3}{3} + c$ h $5x^2 + c$
 i $7x + c$ j $x^5 + c$
 k $x^2 + x + c$ l $2x^2 - 3x + c$
 m $-\frac{x^2}{2} + c$ n $-\frac{x^3}{3} + c$
 o $4x - \frac{x^3}{3} + c$ p $x^2 - \frac{x^4}{4} + c$
 2 a $\frac{x^2}{2} + c$ b $2x^2 + 5x + c$
 c $\frac{x^3}{3} - x + c$ d $6x + c$
 e $2x^2 - x^3 + c$ f $\frac{x^3}{3} + 3x^2 + 7x + c$
 3 a $x^3 + c$ b $2x^4 + c$
 c $2x^5 + c$ d $\frac{x^4}{2} + x^2 + c$
 e $\frac{x^8}{4} + 2x^3 + c$ f $\frac{x^{10}}{2} + x + c$
 g $\frac{2x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} + c$ h $\frac{3x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4}{4} + c$
 i $-4x^{-1} + c$ j $-3x^{-2} + c$
 k $-2x^{-2} - x^{-5} + c$ l $-\frac{3}{x} - \frac{5}{2x^2} + c$
 m $\frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{1}{x} + c$ n $-\frac{3}{x} + \frac{x^3}{9} + c$
 o $\frac{x^5}{5} + x + c$
 4 $y = x^2 + 3x + c$
 5 $A = t^2 - 2t + c$
 6 $S = t^3 - 3t + c$
 7 a False b True c False
 8 a $\frac{2}{3}x^{1.5} + c$ b $\frac{10}{23}x^{2.3} + c$
 c $\frac{5}{31}x^{6.2} + c$ d $\frac{3}{4}x^{\frac{4}{3}} + c$
 e $\frac{10}{11}x^{\frac{11}{10}} + c$ f $\frac{3}{8}x^{\frac{8}{3}} + c$
 9 a $2x^{\frac{1}{3}} + c$ b $6x^{\frac{4}{3}} + c$ c $\frac{4}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$
 d $\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2x + c$ e $2x^{\frac{1}{5}} + c$ f $\frac{12}{5}x^{\frac{5}{2}} + c$
 g $\frac{3}{4}x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 3x + c$ h $\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} + c$

i $\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{4}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x + c$

- 11 a $2x^3 + 7x + c$ b $x^6 + x^2 + c$
 c $-6x^{-1} - x^{-2} + c$ d $-\frac{2}{x} - \frac{5}{2x^2} + c$
 e $x + \frac{4}{x} + c$ f $-\frac{4}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2} - \frac{1}{3x^3} + c$
 12 a $\frac{3}{4}x^{\frac{4}{3}} + c$ b $-\frac{1}{2x} - \frac{1}{x^2} + c$
 c $\frac{x^2}{2} - x + c$ d $\frac{2}{5}x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$
 e $\frac{3}{5}x^{\frac{5}{3}} + c$ f $x + \frac{1}{x} + c$
 g $\frac{3}{5}x^{\frac{5}{3}} - \frac{3}{2}x^{\frac{2}{3}} + c$ h $\frac{x^2}{6} + \frac{2}{3x} + c$
 i $\frac{1}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}} + c$

EXERCISE 6B page 156

- 1 a $y = x^2 + 3x + 1$
 b $y = 2\sqrt{x} + 2x^2 - 36$
 c $y = 2x^3 + x^2 + 3x - 16$
 2 $y = x^2 + 3x - 1$
 3 $y = x^3 + 4x^2 - 3x + 10$
 4 $A = \frac{t^3}{3} - \frac{t^2}{2} + 10$
 5 a $y = 2x^2 - x - 2$ b yes
 6 a $y = 3 + 5x - 2x^2$ b $(3, 0)$ and $(-\frac{1}{2}, 0)$
 7 a $y = 12 + x - x^2$ b $(-3, 0)$
 8 $y = \frac{\pi}{2}x^2 + \frac{x}{2} + \pi$
 9 $y = x^2 - 6x + 10$
 10 $y = 2x^2 - 3x + 4$
 11 $y = 4x^2 + x - 10$
 12 a $A = 6$ b $y = 1 + 3x^2 - 2x^3$
 13 $y = x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 1$
 14 $y = x^3 - x^2 + 2x + 3$
 15 $y = 2x\sqrt{x} + 8\sqrt{x} + 10$

EXERCISE 6C page 158

- 1 a 6 b 26 c $\frac{5}{6}$
 d 34 e 18 f $49\frac{3}{5}$
 4 a 52 b 6 c $-\frac{3}{8}$
 d 15 e 24 f 2
 g 52 h 45 i $\frac{1}{6}$
 j -12 k $\frac{1}{6}$ l $-\frac{5}{72}$
 m $-\frac{11}{24}$ n $-\frac{5}{12}$ o $30\frac{4}{5}$
 5 12 6 -7 7 4 8 4

EXERCISE 6D page 160

- 1 $9u^2$ 2 $45\frac{1}{3}u^2$
 3 $3\frac{3}{4}u^2$ 4 $10\frac{2}{3}u^2$
 5 $\frac{2}{3}u^2$
 6 b 0
 c areas above and below axis cancel
 7 b $1\frac{1}{3}u^2$

Note
 u^2 stands for
 'units squared'
 - OPTIONAL

- $8 \frac{3}{4}u^2$
 9 a 1, 5
 10 a -3, 1
 11 a -2, 3
 12 a $x = 1, 2$
 13 a $x = -3, -1$
 14 a $-11\frac{1}{3}$
 15 a -4, 4, 0
- b $10\frac{2}{3}u^2$
 b $10\frac{2}{3}u^2$
 b $20\frac{5}{6}u^2$
 b area $\frac{1}{6}$
 b $1\frac{1}{3}u^2$
 c area is below x -axis
 16 $2\frac{2}{3}u^2$

Note
 u^2 stands for
 'units squared'
 - OPTIONAL

EXERCISE 6E page 163

- 1 $4\frac{1}{2}$ 2 $4\frac{1}{2}$
 3 $10\frac{2}{3}$ 4 $\frac{1}{48}$
 5 a $y = 8x - 16$
 6 b $\frac{7}{2}$ d $2\frac{29}{48}$ (=2.60 to 2 d.p.)
 7 a $(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)$ c $\frac{1}{2}$
 8 a -1, 2, 3 c $11\frac{5}{6}$
 9 $21\frac{1}{12}$
 10 a $y = -x + 5$ b (3, 2) d $1\frac{1}{3}$

REVIEW EXERCISE 6F page 164

- 1 $\frac{x^4}{4} + c$ 2 $\frac{x^3}{3} + c$
 3 $\frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{x^2}{2} + c$ 4 $\frac{x^6}{6} + 3x + c$
 5 $\frac{x^3}{3} - 4x + c$ 6 $\frac{x^7}{7} + \frac{3x^2}{2} + c$
 7 $\frac{x^4}{2} - x^3 + c$ 8 $\frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$
 9 $\frac{x^3}{6} - 7x + c$ 10 $\frac{x^2}{6} + \frac{1}{4}x + c$
 11 $\frac{3}{5}x^5 - 3x^2 + c$ 12 $\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4} + c$
 13 $x - \frac{7}{2}x^2 + c$ 14 $\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{3}{2}x^2 + 2x + c$
 15 $\frac{2}{3}x^3 + \frac{5}{2}x^2 - 3x + c$ 16 $\frac{x^4}{4} - x^3 + c$
 17 $\frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$ 18 $\frac{4}{3}x^3 + 2x^2 + x + c$
 19 $-x^{-1} + c$ 20 $-\frac{1}{2}x^{-2} + c$
 21 $\frac{x^3}{3} + 4x + c$ 22 $x + x^2 + c$
 23 $\frac{x^4}{4} + x^2 + c$ 24 $5x - x^2 + \frac{x^3}{3} + c$
 25 $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{x}{3} + c$ 26 $\frac{\pi}{2}x^2 + 10x + c$
 27 $x^3 + \frac{x^2}{8} + c$ 28 $33x^3 - 99x + c$
 29 $-\frac{1}{x} + c$ 30 $\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$
 31 $\pi x^2 + c$ 32 $\frac{x^{101}}{101} + c$
 33 $\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} + c$ 34 $x^3 + 6x^2 + c$
 35 $\frac{x^3}{3} - 9x + c$ 36 $y = x^2 - 3$
 37 $y = x^2 + 4x - 2$ 38 $y = x^3 - x + 10$
 39 $y = x^3 + 3x^2 + 10$

- 40 $y = x^2 - 3x + 4$ 41 $y = x^2 + 2x - 15$
 42 $y = 2x^2 - 7x + 1$ 43 $y = 3x^2 - 4x - 10$
 44 $y = x^3 - 2x + 1$ 45 $y = 2x^3 + 5$
 46 $v = t^2 + 5t - 3$ 47 $z = y^3 - 4y + 1$
 48 11
 49 4
 50 $2x^{\frac{3}{2}}$ 51 $\frac{4}{5}x^{\frac{5}{4}}$
 52 $\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5x + c$ 53 $\frac{2}{5}x^{\frac{5}{2}}$
 54 $\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}$ 55 $\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{4}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x$
 56 $\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 12x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ 57 $x + 9x$
 58 $-\frac{5}{x} - \frac{1}{2x^2}$ 61 $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$
 62 a $a = 3$ b $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 5$
 63 6 64 44 65 15 66 -12
 67 8 68 1 69 21 70 $\frac{1}{2}$
 71 $8\frac{2}{3}$ square units 72 6 73 9
 74 36 75 $20\frac{5}{6}$ 76 $20\frac{5}{6}$ 77 $1\frac{1}{3}$ 78 $1\frac{1}{3}$
 79 b $(-\frac{9}{2}, -\frac{7}{4})$

EXAMINATION EXERCISE 6 page 166

- 1 $2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + c$
 2 $2x^3 - 2x^{-1} + 5x + c$
 3 a $2x^3 - 5x^2 - 12x$
 4 a $p = \frac{1}{2}, q = 2$ b $y = 4x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x^3 - 6$
 5 $y = -9x^{-2} + 2x + 1$
 6 2.5
 7 a $\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 18x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 72$ b $x = 1, x = 81$
 8 a $y = 9x - 5$
 b $y = 2x^5 - 2x^3 + 5x - 1$
 9 i $k = \frac{3}{2}$ ii $y = x^3 - \frac{3}{4}x^2 + 2$
 10 $y = 4x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 7x - 3$
 11 29
 12 a $\frac{1}{3}x^3 + 6x^{\frac{1}{2}} + c$
 b i $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{a^3}$ ii $\frac{1}{4}$
 13 a $\frac{5}{4}x^4 - 3x^2 + x + c$
 b i $-12x^{-2} + c$ ii $a = 2$
 14 $\frac{194}{3}$
 15 i $\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 3x - \frac{8}{3}x^{-3} + c$ ii $\frac{41}{6}$
 16 a $4x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10x^2 + c$ b 226
 17 i B(4, 9) ii $\frac{1}{3}x^3 - \frac{3}{2}x^2 + 5x + c$
 iii $\frac{32}{3}$
 18 i $\frac{369}{10}$ ii $\frac{189}{10}$
 19 a ii A(-2, 5), C(3, 10)
 b $\frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{1}{3}x^3 - \frac{5}{2}x^2 + 7x + c$ c $\frac{16}{3}$
 20 i 8 ii 6
 21 a L(1, 0), M(4, 0) c $\frac{1}{3}x^3 - \frac{5}{2}x^2 + 4x + c$
 d $\frac{37}{6}$
 22 ii $\frac{37}{30}$
 23 a A(2, 8), B(9, 1) b $\frac{343}{6}$
 24 a 0.0197 b 24.8 m^3

EXERCISE 7A *page 173*

- 3 a $x = 68.3^\circ$, $y = 62.7^\circ$, $z = 9.18$
 b $x = 51.0^\circ$, $y = 10.3^\circ$, $z = 6.22$
 c $x = 23.3^\circ$, $y = 56.7^\circ$, $z = 73.8$
 d $x = 66.0^\circ$, $y = 2.74$, $z = 3.18$
 4 50.6° 5 39.1° 6 8.52

EXERCISE 7B *page 176*

- 1 a 8.03 cm b 56.6 cm
 c 20.6 cm d 12.8 cm
 2 a 45.6° b 98.1°
 c 72.0° d 75.7°
 3 98.9° (or 81.1°) 4 11.9 cm
 5 3.28 cm 6 112.5°
 7 4.58 km 8 16.5 km, 057°
 9 c 4

EXERCISE 7C *page 178*

- 2 49.0 km
 3 a 158 m b 88 m
 4 a 10.4 cm b 24.0 mm
 c 18.8° d 26.7°
 e $e = 61.3^\circ$, $f = 36.7^\circ$, $g = 21.1$ cm
 5 b $x^2 + 2x - 35 = 0$ c 5
 6 a 15.5 km b 4.82 km²
 7 a 23.0 m b 69.3°
 8 c $2\frac{6}{7}$ d 44.4°
 9 64.1° or 115.9°

EXERCISE 7D *page 180*

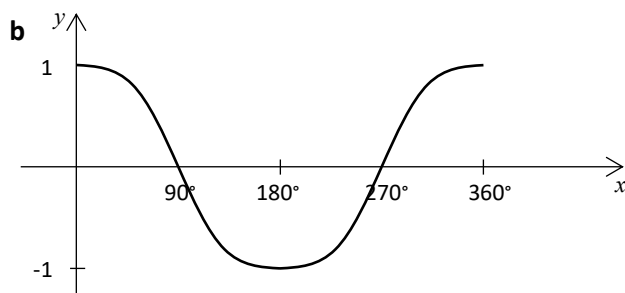
- 1 a 29.7 cm² b 13.8 cm² c 8.36 cm²
 2 43.3 cm² 3 38.5 cm² 4 166 cm²
 5 10.7 cm 6 22.1 cm 7 9.66 cm
 8 6.71 cm² 9 9.34 cm

EXERCISE 7E *page 182*

1 a

x	0°	30°	60°	90°	120°	150°	180°
y	1	0.866	0.5	0	-0.5	-0.866	-1

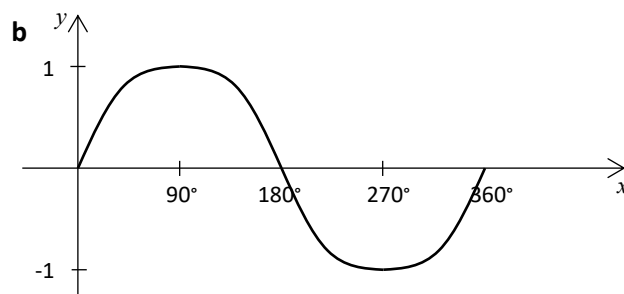
x	210°	240°	270°	300°	330°	360°
y	-0.866	-0.5	0	0.5	0.866	1



2 a

x	0°	30°	60°	90°	120°	150°	180°
y	0	0.5	0.866	1	0.866	0.5	0

x	210°	240°	270°	300°	330°	360°
y	-0.5	-0.866	1	-0.866	-0.5	0



3 a

x	0°	30°	60°	90°	120°	150°	180°
y	0	0.577	1.73	-	-1.73	-0.577	0

x	210°	240°	270°	300°	330°	360°
y	0.577	1.73	-	-1.73	-0.577	0

90° and 270° omitted because $\tan 90^\circ$ and $\tan 270^\circ$ have no values

b graph shown in textbook

c $\tan 89^\circ = 57.2\dots$, $\tan 89.9^\circ = 572.9\dots$ etc.

4 $\sin 70^\circ = \sin 110^\circ$, $\cos 60^\circ = \cos 300^\circ$,
 $\sin 50^\circ = \sin 130^\circ$

5 $\tan 45^\circ = \tan 225^\circ$, $\sin 180^\circ = \cos 270^\circ$,
 $\cos 30^\circ = \cos 330^\circ$, $\tan 60^\circ = \tan 240^\circ$

6 162° 7 153°

8 a 140° b 110° c 50°

9 290° 10 315°

11 a 350° b 304° c 60°

12 220° 13 160° 14 82°

15 315° 16 240° 17 250°

18 $\sin 270^\circ = \cos 180^\circ$, $\tan 200^\circ = \tan 20^\circ$,
 $\sin 90^\circ = \cos 360^\circ$, $\tan 150^\circ = \tan 330^\circ$

EXERCISE 7F *page 185*

- 1 $58.0^\circ, 122.0^\circ$ 2 $20.5^\circ, 159.5^\circ$
 3 $53.1^\circ, 306.9^\circ$
 4 $45^\circ, 225^\circ$
 5 a $19.8^\circ, 160.2^\circ$ b $72^\circ, 108^\circ$
 c $30^\circ, 150^\circ$ d $60^\circ, 120^\circ$

- 6 a $46.1^\circ, 133.9^\circ$ b $72.5^\circ, 287.5^\circ$
 c $78.7^\circ, 258.7^\circ$ d $220.5^\circ, 319.5^\circ$
 8 a $30^\circ, 150^\circ$ b $53.1^\circ, -53.1^\circ$
 c $45^\circ, -135^\circ$ d $116.6^\circ, 296.6^\circ$
 e **$166.0^\circ, 346.0^\circ$**
 10 a $60^\circ, 300^\circ$ b $60^\circ, 240^\circ$
 c $60^\circ, 120^\circ$ d $30^\circ, 210^\circ$
 e $45^\circ, 315^\circ$ f $45^\circ, 135^\circ$
 11 $30^\circ, 150^\circ, 210^\circ, 330^\circ$
 12 $45^\circ, 135^\circ, 225^\circ, 315^\circ$
 13 a $90^\circ, 450^\circ, 810^\circ$, etc.
 b $90^\circ, 270^\circ, 450^\circ, 630^\circ$, etc.
 14 a 0 b 1
 15 a $0 < x < 180^\circ$ b $90^\circ < x < 270^\circ$
 16 a $a + b$ b $a - b$
 c $b = 3$ d $30^\circ, 150^\circ$

EXERCISE 7G *page 188*

- 1 110° 2 $26.9^\circ, 313.1^\circ$
 3 a $-90^\circ, 30^\circ$ b $30^\circ, 270^\circ$
 c $90^\circ, 270^\circ$ d $-135^\circ, -45^\circ$
 4 b $8.7^\circ, 81.3^\circ, 188.7^\circ, 261.3^\circ$
 5 a $112.5^\circ, 202.5^\circ$ b $30^\circ, 60^\circ$
 c $20^\circ, 100^\circ$ d $52.5^\circ, 82.5^\circ$
 6 a error b ok
 c error d ok
 7 a $20^\circ, 140^\circ$ b $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 360^\circ$
 c $75^\circ, 255^\circ$ d $120^\circ, 240^\circ$
 e $30^\circ, 150^\circ, 210^\circ, 330^\circ$ f $170^\circ, 350^\circ$
 g $30^\circ, 270^\circ$ h $30^\circ, 150^\circ, 270^\circ$

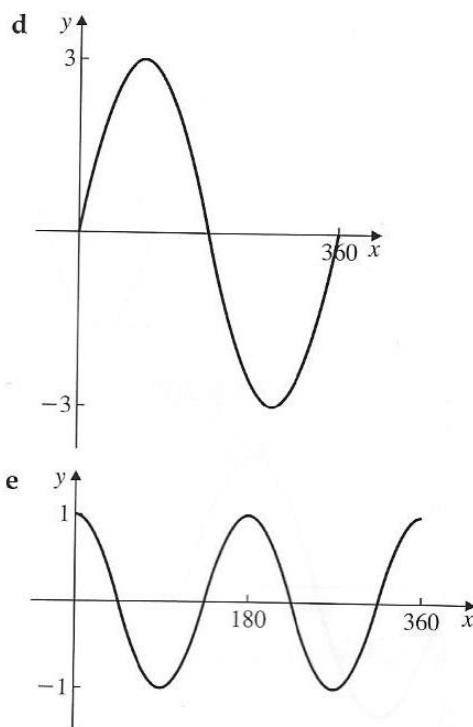
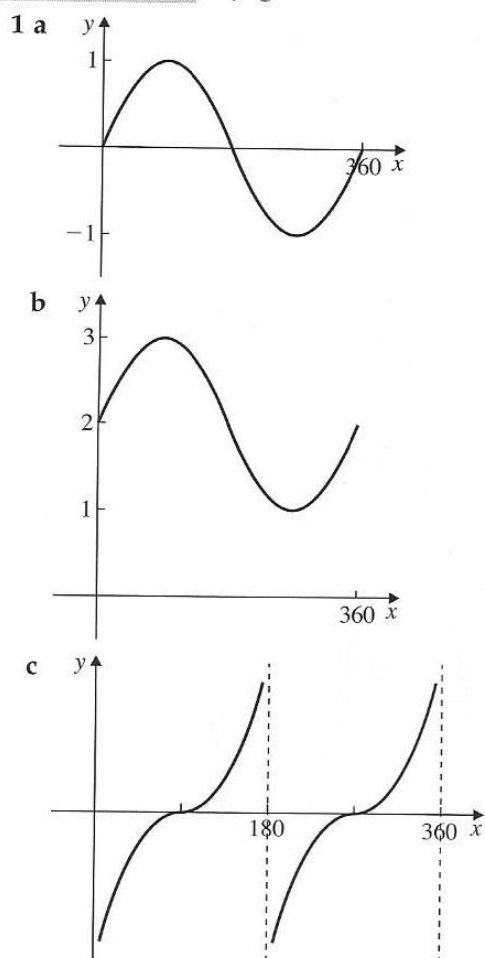
EXERCISE 7H *page 190*

- 1 a 0, 2 b $0, \frac{1}{3}$ c -1, 1
 d $-\frac{1}{2}, 3$ e -3, 2
 2 a $0^\circ, 30^\circ, 150^\circ, 180^\circ, 360^\circ$
 b $90^\circ, 180^\circ, 270^\circ$
 c $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 360^\circ, 45^\circ, 225^\circ$
 d $19.5^\circ, 90^\circ, 160.5^\circ, 270^\circ$
 e $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 360^\circ, 60^\circ, 300^\circ$
 f $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 360^\circ, 14.5^\circ, 165.5^\circ$
 g $75.5^\circ, 284.5^\circ, 90^\circ, 270^\circ$
 h $19.5^\circ, 160.5^\circ, 90^\circ, 270^\circ$
 3 a $19.5^\circ, 160.5^\circ, 90^\circ$
 b $90^\circ, 210^\circ, 330^\circ$
 c $60^\circ, 300^\circ$
 d $63.4^\circ, 243.4^\circ, 108.4^\circ, 288.4^\circ$
 e $30^\circ, 150^\circ, 270^\circ$
 f $70.5^\circ, 289.5^\circ, 120^\circ, 240^\circ$
 g $148.3^\circ, 211.7^\circ$
 h $90^\circ, 14.5^\circ, 165.5^\circ$
 4 max 4, min -6
 5 a 7 b 270°
 6 a 1, $\theta = 90^\circ$ b 5, $\theta = 360^\circ$
 c 4, $\theta = 270^\circ$ d 5, $\theta = 180^\circ$
 e 7, $\theta = 45^\circ$ f 1, $\theta = 90^\circ$
 g 1, $\theta = 90^\circ$ h 4, $\theta = 90^\circ$
 i 6, $\theta = 100^\circ$

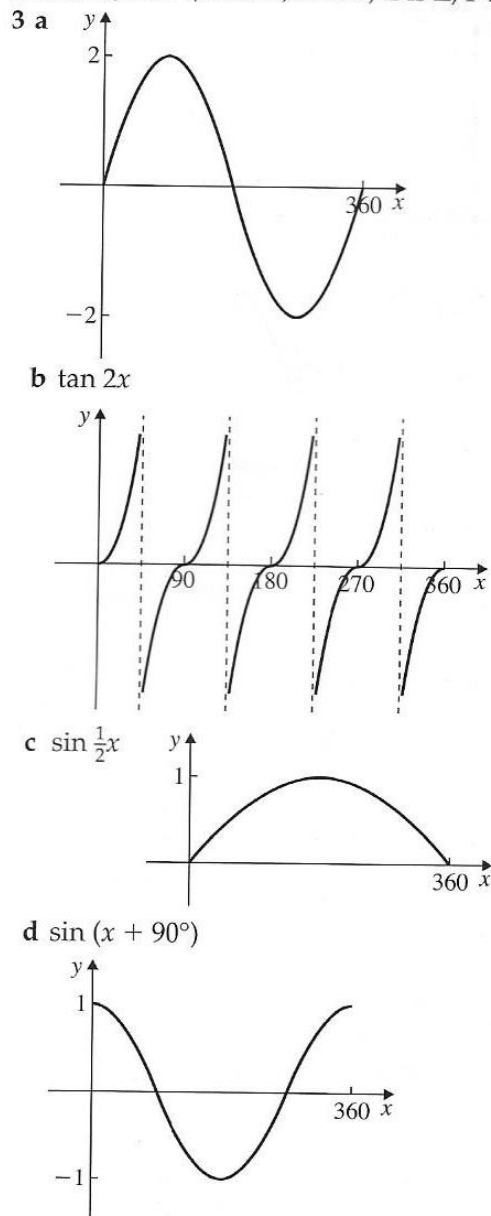
EXERCISE 7I page 192

- 1 a 1 b $\cos \theta$ c 5
 d $4 \cos^2 x$ e $3 \sin x$ f $\sin x$
- 2 a $0^\circ, 60^\circ, 300^\circ, 360^\circ$
 b $19.5^\circ, 90^\circ, 160.5^\circ$
 c $41.8^\circ, 138.2^\circ, 270^\circ$
 d $0^\circ, 14.5^\circ, 165.5^\circ, 180^\circ, 360^\circ$
- 3 a 26.6°
 b $80.5^\circ, 260.5^\circ$
 c $\pm 90^\circ, 45^\circ, -135^\circ$
 d $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 360^\circ, 63.4^\circ, 243.4^\circ$
 e $20.5^\circ, 159.5^\circ$
- 4 a $\frac{4}{5}$ b $\frac{4}{3}$
- 5 a $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ b $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- 6 a $-\frac{12}{13}$ b $-\frac{5}{12}$
- 7 a $-\frac{4}{5}$ b $-\frac{3}{5}$
- 8 b $14.5^\circ, 165.5^\circ$ c $14.5^\circ < x < 165.5^\circ$
- 9 b $\theta = 63.4^\circ, y = 0.894$
 $\theta = 243.4^\circ, y = -0.894$
- 10 a $19.5^\circ, 160.5^\circ$
 b $15^\circ, 75^\circ, 195^\circ, 255^\circ$
 c $90^\circ, 270^\circ, 18.4^\circ, 198.4^\circ$
 d $0^\circ, 90^\circ, 180^\circ, 270^\circ, 360^\circ$
 e $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 360^\circ$
- 11 $\frac{p^2}{9} + \frac{q^2}{49} = 1$
- 12 $k = 3, \theta = 61.9^\circ$
- 13 $x = 30^\circ, y = 30^\circ$ or $x = 30^\circ, y = 90^\circ$

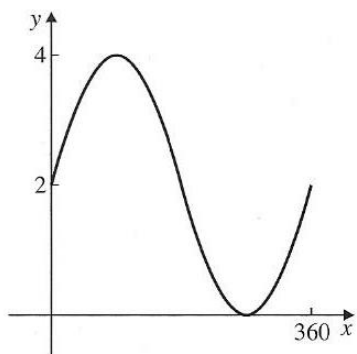
EXERCISE 7J page 196



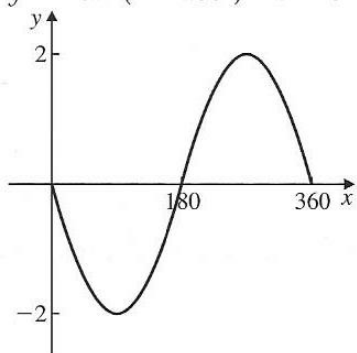
2 A is W, B is V, C is U, D is X, E is Z, F is Y



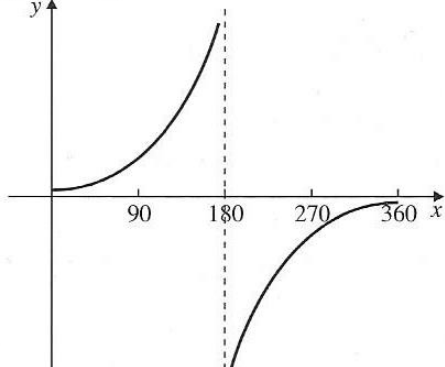
e $2 \sin x + 2$



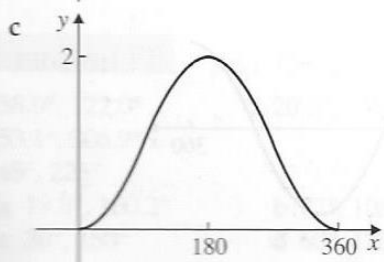
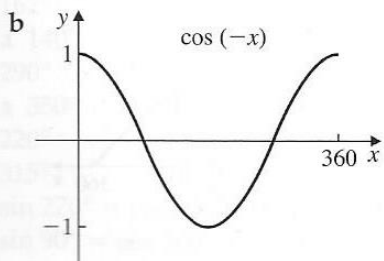
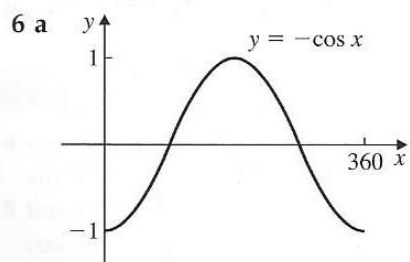
4 a $y = 2 \sin(x + 180^\circ)$ b 270°



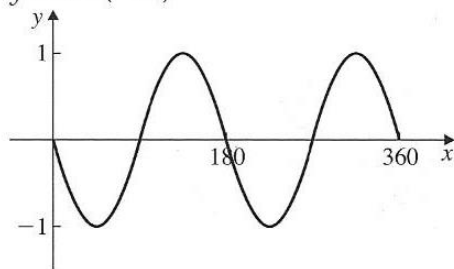
5 a $y = \tan \frac{1}{2}x$ b one



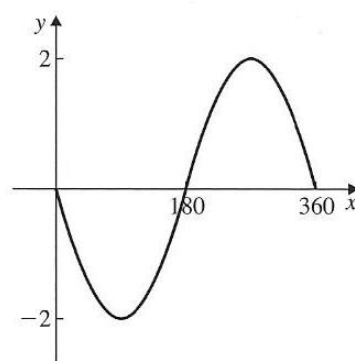
b one solution



d $y = \sin(-2x)$



e $y = -2 \sin x$



7 b 2 solutions

8 b 2 solutions

REVIEW EXERCISE 7K page 197

1 a 12.5

b 6.68

c 14.8

d 9.27

e 7.81

f 6.05

2 99.9°

3 39.5°

4 137.8°

5 39.1

6 a 046.5°

b $45^\circ, 095.0^\circ$

7 a 21.1 cm^2

b 26.5 cm^2

8 26.3 cm

9 $153^\circ, 513^\circ$ etc.

10 $\sin 30^\circ = \cos 60^\circ$

$\cos 45^\circ = \sin 45^\circ$

$\tan 45^\circ = \tan 225^\circ$

$\cos 55^\circ = \cos 305^\circ$

11 a $\sqrt{3}$ b $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ c $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

d $-\frac{1}{2}$

e -1

f $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

12 a $221.8^\circ, 318.2^\circ$

b $138.6^\circ, 221.4^\circ$

c $145.0^\circ, 325.0^\circ$

d $210^\circ, 330^\circ$

e $60^\circ, 300^\circ$

f $-135^\circ, 45^\circ$

g $135^\circ, 225^\circ$

h $60^\circ, 120^\circ$

13 a $30^\circ, 330^\circ$

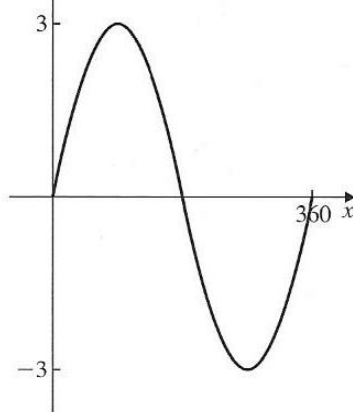
b $90^\circ, 210^\circ$

c $75^\circ, 195^\circ$

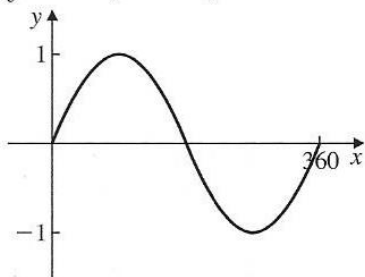
d $-90^\circ, 90^\circ$

14 $48.6^\circ, 131.4^\circ, 210^\circ, 330^\circ$

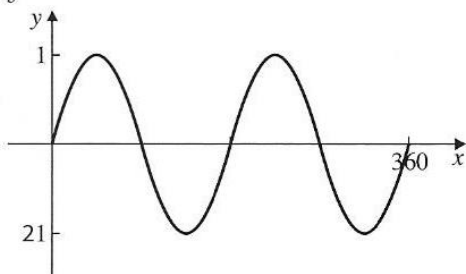
15 a



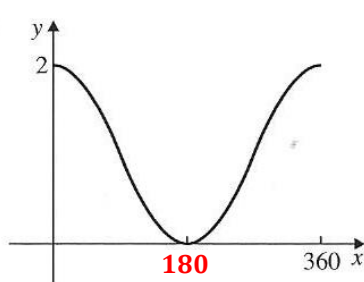
b $y = \cos(x - 90^\circ)$



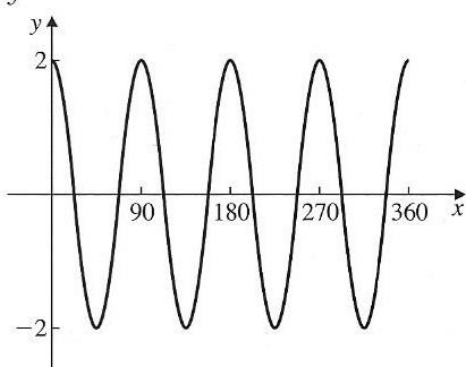
c $y = \sin 2x$



d $y = 1 + \cos x$



e $y = 2 \cos 4x$



- 16 a 90° b $60^\circ, 180^\circ, 300^\circ$
 c $30^\circ, 150^\circ, -160.5^\circ, -19.5^\circ$
 d $\pm 120^\circ, \pm 48.2^\circ$
 e $-30^\circ, -150^\circ$
 17 a $-165^\circ, -75^\circ, 15^\circ, 105^\circ$
 b $120^\circ, 180^\circ, 300^\circ$
 c $30^\circ, 90^\circ, 210^\circ, 270^\circ$
 18 a $100^\circ, 160^\circ, 280^\circ, 340^\circ$
 b $30^\circ, 150^\circ, 210^\circ, 330^\circ$
 c $48.6^\circ, 131.4^\circ, 210^\circ, 330^\circ$
 d $71.6^\circ, 251.6^\circ$
 e $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 360^\circ, 26.6^\circ, 206.6^\circ$

EXAMINATION EXERCISE 7 page 200

- 1 i 11.6 cm ii 49.2 cm² iii 6.49 cm
 2 i 36.3 cm² ii 9.82 cm iii 14.5 cm
 3 a i $\frac{5\sqrt{29}}{29}$ ii $\frac{2\sqrt{10}}{7}$
 b $-\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{8}$

4 10

5 $\cos \theta$

6 ii $x = 71.6^\circ, 117^\circ, 252^\circ, 297^\circ$

7 ii $\theta = 38.2^\circ, 142^\circ$

8 $\theta = 0^\circ, 60^\circ, 180^\circ, 300^\circ, 360^\circ$

9 a $\frac{7}{2}$

b ii $x = 60^\circ, 132^\circ, 228^\circ, 300^\circ$

10 $\theta = 48.6^\circ, 131^\circ, 270^\circ$

11 ii $x = 48.2^\circ, 120^\circ, 240^\circ, 312^\circ$

12 a $1, \pm\sqrt{3}$

b $\theta = 45^\circ, 60^\circ, 120^\circ, 225^\circ, 240^\circ, 300^\circ$

13 $x = 51^\circ, 129^\circ, 231^\circ, 309^\circ$

14 i $x = 9.22^\circ, 99.2^\circ$

ii $x = 0^\circ, 41.8^\circ, 138^\circ, 180^\circ$

15 $\theta = 9.4^\circ, 80.3^\circ$

16 $x = 93.2^\circ, 356.8^\circ$

17 i $x = -83.7^\circ, 96.3^\circ$

b $\theta = 72^\circ, 288^\circ$

18 a $x = 49^\circ, 229^\circ$

b translation 30 units in the negative x direction

19 i $\theta = 123.4^\circ, 176.6^\circ$

ii $x = 70.5^\circ, 289.5^\circ$

20 b $x = 0^\circ, 39.2^\circ, 90^\circ, 140.8^\circ, 180^\circ$

EXERCISE 8A page 206

- 1 a $\log_5 125 = 3$ b $\log_2 32 = 5$
 c $\log_{10} 10\,000 = 4$ d $\log_a 8 = 3$
 e $\log_7 49 = 2$ f $\log_x 10 = n$
 2 a 2 b 3 c 2
 d 5 e 0 f -1
 g -2 h $\frac{1}{2}$ i $-\frac{1}{2}$
 j 3 k $\frac{3}{2}$ l 2
 3 a $x = \log_{10} 7$ b $x = \log_5 3$ c $x = \log_8 2$
 4 a $\log 21$ b $\log 20$ c $\log 64$
 d $\log 72$ e $\log 121$ f $\log 2$
 g $\log 8$ h $\log 162$
 5 a $3 \log a + \log b$ b $\log b + 2 \log c$
 c $\frac{1}{2} \log a$ d $5 \log c$
 e $\log a + 2 \log b - 3 \log c$
 f $4 \log a + 3 \log b - \frac{1}{2} \log c$
 6 a 5 b 4 c -2
 d 0 e 2 f 3
 7 a 1.23 b 2.40 c 1.58
 8 a 4.09 b 5.22 c 2.05
 d 2.84 e 0.850 f 0.880
 g 1.25 h 4.51 i 1.11
 j -1.10 k **1.53**

EXERCISE 8B page 208

- 1 a 5 b 2 c $\frac{1}{2}$
 d 0 e $\frac{1}{2}$ f $\frac{1}{4}$
 g -3 h $-\frac{1}{2}$ i $1\frac{1}{2}$
 2 a $\log \left(\frac{x+4}{x} \right)$ b $\log \left(\frac{x+1}{x+2} \right)$
 c $\log_3 \left(\frac{(x+3)(x+5)}{(x+1)} \right)$ d $\log_7 (3x+2)(x-3)$
 e $\log_2 (x-1)(x+2)$

3 a $\log_3\left(\frac{x+4}{x}\right)$ b $\frac{1}{2}$
 4 a $\frac{1}{12}$ b $\frac{1}{6}$ c $\frac{10}{11}$ d 9
 e 8 f 3, 6 g 4
 5 a 36 b 16 c 6
 6 a 1 b 2.01 c 200 000
 d 33 e 5 764 804 f $1.495 (=5^{\frac{1}{4}})$
 g $2.47(=\sqrt[3]{15})$ h 100 i $\sqrt{5}$

7 1.89

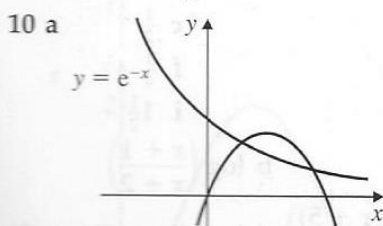
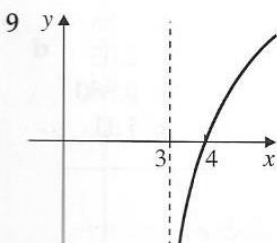
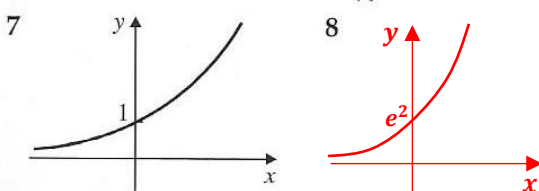
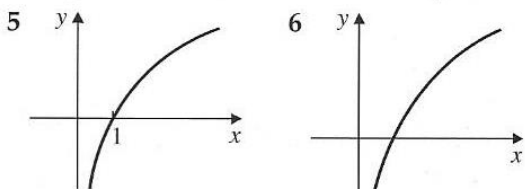
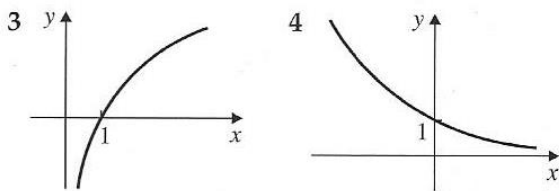
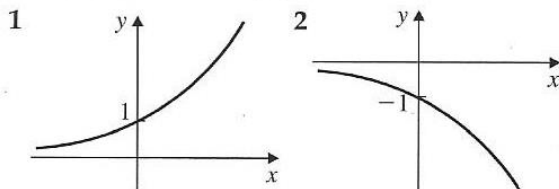
8 $k = \frac{\log 3}{\log 7}$

9 $k = \frac{\log 5}{\log 8}$

10 a $3 \log x + \log y = \log 3$ b $y = \frac{3}{x^3}$

11 a $3 \log x - \log y + \log 5 = 0$ b $y = 5x^3$

EXERCISE 8C page 212



b (1, 1)

c 2

11 a e^{2x} b e^{6x} c e^{3x} d 1
 e $\ln 2x$ f $\ln 3$ g $3 \ln x$ h 0
 i 1 j e^{x+2} k $\frac{1}{2}$ l x
 m a n 7 o e p 0

12 1.95

13 1.04

14 1.50

15 3.40

16 0.193

17 1.03

18 0.521

19 $\frac{1}{3}$

20 218

21 285

22 20

23 ± 3

24 1.43

25 a $\ln\left(\frac{x+2}{x}\right)$

b $\frac{2}{e^4 - 1}$

26 a $\ln\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ b 0

c $\ln 2$

d x

27 a 0.65 b -2.39 c 0, $\ln 2$ d $\ln 4$ e 4

28 $x = e^3, y = e^2$

29 $x = 10$

30 a 25°C

b 0.9 min

EXERCISE 8D page 215

1 a 1.73 b 4.25 c 3.86
 d 2.94 e 0.928 f -1.30
 g 1.95 h $\frac{1}{3}$ i $e^3 (=20.1)$
 j $\frac{e^5}{2} (=74.2)$ k $e^{-\frac{1}{2}} (=0.607)$ l $2e^4 (=109)$

2 26.8

3 7330

4 1390

5 a 1000

b 45.8

6 a -3.94

b 1.82

c 120

7 a -0.0693

b 5°C

8 a 1000 g

b 1660 years

9 a 2000

c 218

10 a 0.0563

b 8

11 a $\frac{1}{3} \ln\left(\frac{m}{a}\right)$

b $\ln\left(\frac{b}{10v}\right)$

c $\sqrt{\ln \frac{P}{150}}$

EXERCISE 8E page 220

1 $\log_{10} y = x + 2, y = 100 \times 10^x$

2 $y = 10,000 \times 100^x$

3 $y = 10,000 \times 3.16^x$

4 $y = \frac{1}{10,000} \times 4.64^x$

5 $y = 10^8 \times \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^x = \frac{10^8}{100^x}$

6 $P = 500 \times 2.3^t$

7 a $N = 350 \times 7.9^t$

b Dish is a finite size, bacteria cannot continue multiplying exponentially indefinitely.

8 a $M = 510 \times 2.0^{-t}$

b 90 g

9 a $T = 150 \times 2.2^{-x}$

b 150°C

10 $\log y = 3 \log x + 1, y = 10x^3$

11 $y = 10x^2$

12 $y = 10^5 \times x^{-\frac{5}{8}}$

13 $\log y = \frac{1}{8} \log x + 2$

b $a = 100, b = \frac{1}{8}$

14 a $y = 0.6x^{3.5}$

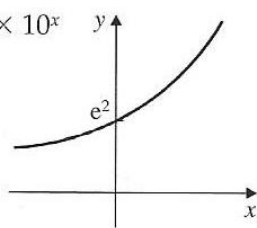
b i 6,000,000

ii 13.2

15 a $y = 0.04 \times x^{1.5}$

b i 3.6

ii 63



16 a $N = 5x^{0.7}$

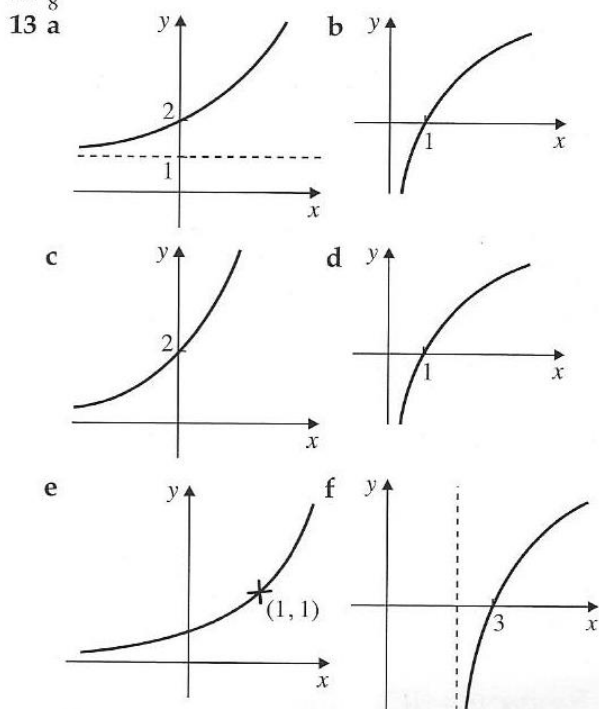
b No. There could be several reasons
e.g. change of season.

REVIEW EXERCISE 8F page 224

- 1 a $\log 10$ b $\log 5$ c $\log 9$
d $\log 300$ e $\log 81$ f $\log 6$
g $\log 32$ h $\log 2$ i $\log 3$
2 a 2 b 4 c 0
d -3 e 4 f -1
3 a $a = \log_{10} 4$ b $a = \log_6 11$ c $a = \log_7 3$
4 a $\log a + 2 \log b$ b $2 \log c + \log a$
c $\frac{1}{2} \log c$ d $2 \log a + \log b - \log c$
e $3 \log c - \log a$ f $\frac{1}{2} \log b - \log a$
5 a 1.76 b 1.89 c 1.92 d 3.32
6 a $\frac{5}{7}$ b $\frac{23}{20}$ c 1 d $\sqrt{7}$
7 a $\frac{x+2}{x}$ b $\frac{2}{7}$
8 a $\frac{b}{3}$ b $\frac{2}{3}b + 1$
9 a $3b$ b $4b + 1$ c $2b + 2$

11 b $x = \frac{1}{3}$ or 2

12 $\frac{1}{8}$



14 a $\frac{1}{3} \ln 7 (=0.65)$

c $(\ln 5) - 1$

15 a $e^2 - 1$ b $2e^3$

c $\frac{1}{3}e^{\frac{1}{2}}$ d e^3

16 $\sqrt{\frac{3e}{4}}$

17 0.0707

18 333.5°C

19 b $x = 0, 2$

20 a 300 b 22.0

21 a $\frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{3}{5} (= -0.2554)$ b 21.6

22 a $\frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{m}{A}$ b $\ln \left(\frac{a}{4s} \right)$

c $\sqrt{\ln \frac{v}{20}}$

23 a 22.3

b 69.3

24 i 50 m/s ii 4.58 s

25 a $y = 215 \times 22^x$ b $y = 100,000x^{\frac{2}{7}}$

c $y = 10^6 \times x^{-0.75}$ d $y = 10^7 \times 10^{-x}$

26 a $P = 5010 \times 1.05^t$

b 12,057 c 12 years

27 a $y = 3.5x^{2.5}$

b i 610,000 ii 61

EXAMINATION EXERCISE 8 page 227

1 i 0 ii 18 iii $\frac{1}{2}$

2 i $\log_3(ax^2)$ ii $x = \frac{3\sqrt{a}}{a}$

3 $\frac{7}{2} \log_a x$

4 a $2 + a$ b $5a - 4$ c 2.498

5 $\log_{10} x = \frac{\log_{10}(y-a)}{b}$

6 a $k = \frac{x^2}{5}$

b $y = 2^{3b+6}$

7 a $x = 8$

b $x = -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}$

8 $x = Na^{-\frac{3}{2}}$

9 b $x = 9, 25$

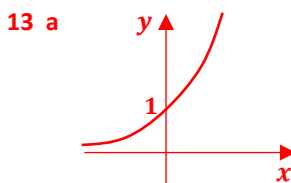
10 $x = 12$

11 a $x = 1.21$

b $x = 1, 1.21$

12 a $x = 2.32$

b $a = \left(\frac{k}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$



b 2.59

14 a $x = 3.97$

b $x = \frac{5}{8}$

15 a $w = 5.68$

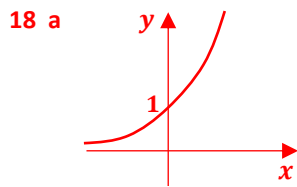
b $x = \frac{1}{3}, y = 9$

$x = 3, y = 1$

16 b $x = 1.23$

c $y = 9^{-x}$

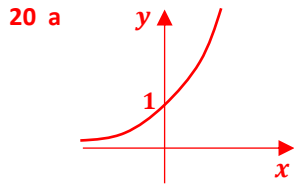
17 ii $x = 3, 3^x = 27$



b 0, 0.56

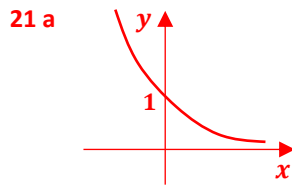
19 a $n = 17.1$

b $x = 32, y = 8$



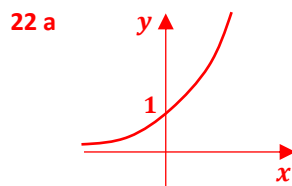
20 b translation 5 units in the negative y direction.

c ii $x = 2.32$



21 b $x = -0.322$

c $y = \frac{a}{b^2}$



22 b i $y = 4$ **ii** $x = 0.712$

23 $q = 3$

24 $x = 0.518$

25 $x = \frac{\log_{10} 486}{\log_{10} 144}$

26 a $\log_{10} P = \frac{1}{200}t + 5$

b $a = 100,000, b = 1.01$

c i initial population

ii the proportional increase of population each year.

d 300,000

e population cannot increase indefinitely, population is likely to fluctuate, no model is likely to remain accurate for 100 years.

27 $\log_{10} y = 3\log_{10} x + 2$

$y = 100x^3$

28 $y = 100x^3$

29 i $\log_{10} y = (\log_{10} q)x + \log_{10} P$

ii $p = 380, q = 0.63$

iii week 7. Model may not hold true outside of the given data.

- 30 i $m = b, c = \log_{10} a$
 ii $-0.15, 0, 0.23, 0.36, 0.56, 0.67, 0.78, 0.91, 1.08, 1.2$
 iii $h = 0.6 \times 10^{0.3t}$
 iv answer between 8.0 and 26.1
 v glacier will eventually melt completely.
- 31 i gradient $= k \log_{10} 2$
 intercept $= \log_{10} A$
 ii $k = 0.66, A = 100$
 iii 6,300,000
 iv limited space, growth cannot continue indefinitely.
- 32 i the rate of change of m is proportional to m . In this case it is $2m$.
 ii initial membership
 iii week 3
 iv when the graph reaches 60,000 the graph becomes constant.
- 33 i $-0.03e^{-0.03t}$
 ii As $e^{-0.03t} > 0$, so $-0.03e^{-0.03t} < 0$
 $\therefore$ negative gradient
 $\therefore$ decreasing function
 iii A 70 B **38.4**
 iv The data appears to be decreasing at a rate close to that predicted by the model.
- 34 a 200 b $t = 10 \ln 5$
- 35 a 20° b $\lambda = \frac{\ln 2}{40}$ c 93
- 36 ii $d = 65 \times 0.983^n$
 iii $n = 180$
 iv $k = 0.00745$
 $d = 42.1^\circ$

EXERCISE 9A page 236

- 1 a $2a + b$ b $2a + 2b$ c $-a - b$
 d $4a + 2b$ e $2a - 2b$ f $2a + b$
- 2 a $\overrightarrow{CO}$ b $\overrightarrow{TN}$ c $\overrightarrow{FT}$ d $\overrightarrow{KC}$
- 3 a $-a$ b $a + b$ c $2a - b$ d $-a + b$
- 4 a $a + b$ b $a - 2b$ c $-a + b$ d $-a - b$
- 5 a $-a - b$ b $3a - b$
 c $2a - b$ d $-2a + b$
- 6 a $a - 2b$ b $a - b$
 c $2a$ d $-2a + 3b$
- 7 a and d
- 8 a AD, BE, CF

EXERCISE 9B page 238

- 1 a a b $-a + b$
 c $2b$ d $-2a$
 e $-2a + 2b$ f $-a + b$
 g $a + b$ h b
 i $-b + 2a$ j $-2b + a$
- 2 a a b $-a + b$
 c $3b$ d $-2a$
 e $-2a + 3b$ f $-a + \frac{3}{2}b$
 g $a + \frac{3}{2}b$ h $\frac{3}{2}b$
 i $-b + 2a$ j $-3b + a$
- 3 $\frac{1}{2}s - \frac{1}{2}t$

- 4 $\frac{1}{3}a + \frac{2}{3}b$
 5 $a + c - b$
 6 $2m + 2n$
 7 a $b - a$ b $b - a$
 c $2b - 2a$ d $b - 2a$
 e $b - 2a$ f $2b - 3a$
 8 a $y - z$ b $\frac{1}{2}y - \frac{1}{2}z$
 c $\frac{1}{2}y + \frac{1}{2}z$ d $-x + \frac{1}{2}y + \frac{1}{2}z$
 e $-\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}y + \frac{1}{3}z$ f $\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}y + \frac{1}{3}z$

EXERCISE 9C page 241

- 1 a 5 b $5\sqrt{10}$ c $\sqrt{61}$ d $\sqrt{61}$
- 2 a $5, \frac{1}{5}(4i + 3j)$ b $13, \frac{1}{13}(-5i + 12j)$
 c $25, \frac{1}{25}(7i - 24j)$
- 3 a $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ d $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ e $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
- 4 a $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}(2i + 2j)$ b $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{10}(4i - 2j)$
 c $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{15}(3i + 6j)$ d $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{15}(6i - 3j)$
- 5 a = 5
 6 $12i + 16j$
 7 $20i - 48j$
 8 a = 3
 9 b = 4
 10 n = 1
- 11 a $-2i - 8j$ b $2i + 8j$
- 12 a $2i + 6j$ b $i + 3j$
- 13 $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$
- 14 $3i + j$
- 15 a $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ b $3\sqrt{2}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
- 16 a $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ -13 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$
 d 5 e $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
- 17 a $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ b $3\sqrt{17}$ c $(7, 6)$
 d $(31, 12)$ e 2:1

EXERCISE 9D page 245

- 1 a $(5i + j)N$ b 11.3°
- 2 $\sqrt{13}N$
- 3 a $3\sqrt{2}N, 2\sqrt{5}N$ b $\sqrt{26}N$
- 4 $a = 7, b = -2$
- 5 a $(0.5i + j)ms^{-2}$ b $(-i - 1.5j)ms^{-2}$
 c $\sqrt{5}ms^{-2}$
- 6 a $(-7i + 3.5j)N$ b $3.5N$
- 7 a $(8i + j)N$ b $(1.6i + 0.2j)ms^{-2}$
- 8 a $(9i - 2j)N$ b $6.15ms^{-2}$
- 9 $(3i - \frac{2}{3}j)ms^{-2}$
- 10 a $\sqrt{13}ms^{-1}$ b $\sqrt{17}ms^{-1}$
 c $5\sqrt{2}kmh^{-1}$ d $\sqrt{29}kmh^{-1}$

- 11 A by 0.334 ms^{-1}
 12 a 372 m b 20 km c 1460 m
 d 5.15 km e 6.18 km
 13 58.3 km
 14 12.5 s
 15 8 s
 16 21.0 km
 17 a $(i + 2j) \text{ ms}^{-2}$ b $\sqrt{5} \text{ ms}^{-2}$
 18 $(4i - 2j) \text{ ms}^{-2}$
 19 a $(4i - 5j) \text{ m}$ b $\sqrt{41} \text{ m}$
 c 87.3°
 20 a $\sqrt{13} \text{ m}, 2\sqrt{10} \text{ m}, \sqrt{41} \text{ m}$
 b 74.7° c 11 m^2
 21 10 m^2
 22 a $\sqrt{13} \text{ km}$ b 124°
 23 a $\vec{OA} = (4i + 3j) \text{ km}, \vec{OB} = (5i - 12j) \text{ km}$
 b i $(i - 15j) \text{ km}$ ii 15.0 km
 24 a $(9i - 6j) \text{ km}$ b $3\sqrt{13} \text{ km}$
 c 124°

REVIEW EXERCISE 9E page 247

- 1 a $-c$ b $c + d$ c $2c - d$ d $d - c$
 2 a $c - 2d$ b $c - d$ c $2c$ d $3d - 2c$
 3 a i $-2a + 2b$ ii $-2b + 2c$
 iii b iv $c - a$ v $c - a$
 b parallel and equal
 c parallelogram
 4 a i $-b + a$ ii $-\frac{1}{3}b + \frac{1}{3}a$
 iii $-\frac{1}{6}a + \frac{2}{3}b$ iv $-\frac{1}{2}a + 2b$
 b $\vec{CE} = 3\vec{CD}$
 5 a 13 b $\sqrt{2}$ c 3 d $\sqrt{2}$ e 5
 6 a $\sqrt{5}$ b 2
 7 a $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}(i + 2j)$ b $\frac{\sqrt{10}}{20}(6i - 2j)$
 8 a $i - 6j$ b $-i + 6j$
 9 a $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ b $3\sqrt{2}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
 10 12.5

- 11 a $a = 4, b = 7$
 12 $\lambda = 4$
 13 $\sqrt{89}, 032^\circ$
 14 a 5 ms^{-1} b 9 km
 15 a $13i + 9j$ b $2i + 15j$
 c $\sqrt{34}$ d 59°
 16 13.5 m^2
 17 a $15, 4\sqrt{2}$ b 8° c 6
 18 a i $\sqrt{58}$ ii 067° b 30 mins

EXAMINATION STYLE

EXERCISE 9 page 250

- 2 a $\frac{3}{10}a + \frac{9}{20}b$ b 3:7
 3 d
 4 a $\sqrt{53}$ b $-i + 22j$ c 73.3°
 5 $\sqrt{97}, 114^\circ$
 6 $3\sqrt{2}, 135^\circ$
 7 a $-i - 4j$ b $-5i + 6j$
 8 a $\frac{5\sqrt{146}}{146}$ b 33
 9 7
 10 B by 2.65 ms^{-1}
 12 a $30\sqrt{13} \text{ m}$
 b i 50 s ii 180 m

Note: In Question 11, vertices
 should be $(-5i + 2j) \dots$
 not $(-4i + 2j) \dots$

EXERCISE 10A page 253

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 1 $\Leftrightarrow$ | 2 $\Leftarrow$ | 3 $\Leftarrow$ | 4 $\Leftrightarrow$ |
| 5 $\Rightarrow$ | 6 $\Leftarrow$ | 7 $\Leftarrow$ | 8 $\Rightarrow$ |
| 9 $\Leftrightarrow$ | 10 $\Leftrightarrow$ | 11 $\Rightarrow$ | 12 $\Leftrightarrow$ |
| 14 S | 15 A | 16 S | 17 A |
| 18 S | 19 A | 20 N | 21 A |
| 22 S | 23 A | 24 S | 26 A |

Ex 10B solutions (Gussey, Rayner & Williams PM1)

- 1) Let odd $= 2n+1$ and even $= 2m$. $\leftarrow$ (Note: Not $2n+1$ and $2n$)

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Sum} &= 2n+1+2m \\ &= 2(n+m)+1.\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Sum is always odd //

- 2) Let 1st $= 2n$ and 2nd $= 2m$.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Difference} &= 2n-2m \\ &= 2(n-m)\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Difference is always even //

- 3) Let integers $= n, n+1, n+2$.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Sum} &= n+n+1+n+2 \\ &= 3n+3 = 3(n+1)\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Sum is always a multiple of 3 //

- 4) Let 1st $= 2n+1$ and 2nd $= 2m+1$.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Product} &= (2n+1)(2m+1) \\ &= 4nm+2n+2m+1 \\ &= 2(2nm+n+m)+1\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Product is always odd //

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow a^2+4a+9 &= (a+2)^2-4+9 \\ &= (a+2)^2+5.\end{aligned}$$

$$(a+2)^2 \geq 0 \text{ for all } a, \text{ so } (a+2)^2+5 > 0.$$

$\therefore a^2+4a+9 > 0$ for all a //

$$\begin{aligned}\text{6) } b^2-6b+13 &= (b-3)^2-9+13 \\ &= (b-3)^2+4\end{aligned}$$

$$(b-3)^2 \geq 0 \text{ for all } b, \text{ so } (b-3)^2+4 > 0$$

$\therefore b^2-6b+13 > 0$ for all b //

$$\begin{aligned}\text{7) } 4x^2+4x+1 &= 4\left[x^2+x\right]+1 \\ &= 4\left[\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{4}\right]+1 \\ &= 4\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \geq 0 \text{ for all } x$$

$\therefore 4x^2+4x+1 \geq 0$ for all x //

$$\text{b) } 4n^2+4n+1 = 4\left(n+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

So if $n = -\frac{1}{2}$, $4n^2+4n+1 = 0$ //

8)

$$x^2 - 6x + 10 + k^2 = 0$$

$$a=1, \quad b=-6, \quad c=10+k^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} D &= b^2 - 4ac = 36 - 4(1)(10+k^2) \\ &= 36 - 40 - 4k^2 \\ &= -4k^2 - 4 \end{aligned}$$

$k^2 \geq 0$ for all k , so $-4k^2 - 4 < 0$ for all k .

As $D < 0$ for all k , no real roots //

9)

$$x^2 + 10x + 28 + a^2 = 0$$

$$a=1, \quad b=10, \quad c=28+a^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} D &= b^2 - 4ac = 100 - 4(1)(28+a^2) \\ &= 100 - 112 - 4a^2 \\ &= -4a^2 - 12 \end{aligned}$$

$a^2 \geq 0$ for all a , so $-4a^2 - 12 < 0$ for all a

As $D < 0$ for all a , no real roots //

10) Prove that there is no real value of b for which the following equation has DISTINCT real roots:

$$x^2 + b^2 = 4(x-1)$$

$$x^2 - 4x + b^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$a=1, \quad b=-4, \quad c=b^2+4$$

$$\begin{aligned} D &= 16 - 4(1)(b^2+4) \\ &= 16 - 4b^2 - 16 = -4b^2 \end{aligned}$$

$b^2 \geq 0$ for all b , so $-4b^2 \leq 0$ for all b

As $D \leq 0$ for all b , equation cannot have distinct roots //

Note: If $b=0$,
equation has
a single real root.

11)

$$x^2 + (\lambda-6)x + \lambda^2 + 13 = 0$$

$$a=1, \quad b=\lambda-6, \quad c=\lambda^2+13$$

$$\begin{aligned} D &= (\lambda-6)^2 - 4(1)(\lambda^2+13) \\ &= \lambda^2 - 12\lambda + 36 - 4\lambda^2 - 52 \\ &= -3\lambda^2 - 12\lambda - 16 \end{aligned}$$

$$= -3[\lambda^2 + 4\lambda] - 16$$

$$= -3[(\lambda+2)^2 - 4] - 16 = -3(\lambda+2)^2 - 4$$

$(\lambda+2)^2 \geq 0$ for all λ , so $-3(\lambda+2)^2 - 4 < 0$ for all λ

As $D < 0$ for all λ , no real roots //

12a) Rearrange as " $x^2 - 2x + 1 \geq 0$ ".

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LHS} &= (x-1)^2 - 1 + 1 \\ &= (x-1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$(x-1)^2 \geq 0 \text{ for all } x$$

$$\therefore x^2 - 2x + 1 \geq 0 \text{ for all } x$$

$$\therefore x^2 + 1 \geq 2x \text{ for all } x //$$

b) If $x=1$, then $\left. \begin{aligned} \text{LHS} &= x^2 + 1 = 1^2 + 1 = 2 \\ \text{RHS} &= 2x = 2(1) = 2 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{LHS} \neq \text{RHS} //$

13

13) A triangle number is defined as a number of the form $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$, where $n \in \mathbb{Z}$.
Prove that the sum of any two CONSECUTIVE triangle numbers is a square number.

$$\text{Let 1st} = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \text{ and 2nd} = \frac{(n+1)(n+2)}{2}$$

$$\text{Sum} = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + \frac{(n+1)(n+2)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{n^2 + n + n^2 + 3n + 2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2n^2 + 4n + 2}{2} = n^2 + 2n + 1$$

$$= n^2 + 2n + 1 = (n+1)^2$$

$$= (n+1)(n+1) = (n+1)^2$$

$\therefore$ Sum is always a square number

Note:

Triangle numbers = 1, 3, 6, 10, 15, ...

$$1 + 3 = 4 = 2^2$$

$$3 + 6 = 9 = 3^2 \dots$$

but $3 + 15$ is not a square.

Sum must be CONSECUTIVE

14a) Let odd number = $2n+1$.

$$\text{Square} = (2n+1)^2 = 4n^2 + 4n + 1.$$

$$= 4n(n+1) + 1.$$

If n = even then $n+1$ = odd

If n = odd then $n+1$ = even

So $n(n+1)$ is either even $\times$ odd or odd $\times$ even $\therefore$ always even

So $4n(n+1)$ is always a multiple of 8

So square of odd number always 'multiple of 8, plus 1' //

14b) Let 1st odd = $2n+1$, 2nd odd = $2m+1$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Difference of squares} &= (2n+1)^2 - (2m+1)^2 \\&= 4n^2 + 4n + 1 - [4m^2 + 4m + 1] \\&= 4n^2 + 4n - 4m^2 - 4m \\&= 4[n^2 + n - m^2 - m] \\&= 4[n^2 - m^2 + n - m] \\&= 4[(n-m)(n+m) + (n-m)] \\&= 4(n-m)[n+m+1]\end{aligned}$$

If n & m both even, then $n-m$ = even

If n & m both odd, then $n-m$ = even

If $\begin{cases} n = \text{even} \& m = \text{odd} \\ \text{or } n = \text{odd} \& m = \text{even} \end{cases}$ then $n+m+1$ = even

In any case, $4(n-m)(n+m+1)$ will be a multiple of 8 //

$$\begin{aligned}15a) (5n+1)^2 - (5n-1)^2 &= 25n^2 + 10n + 1 - [25n^2 - 10n + 1] \\&= \cancel{25n^2} + 10n + 1 - \cancel{25n^2} + 10n - 1 \\&= 20n\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Expression always a multiple of 20 //

b) If $n \in \mathbb{R}$, then n can be any real number, e.g. 0.1.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{If } n = 0.1, (5n+1)^2 - (5n-1)^2 \\&= (1.5)^2 - (-0.5)^2 = 2 \quad (\text{not a multiple of } 20) //\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}16a) (an+1)^2 - (an-1)^2 &= a^2n^2 + 2an + 1 - [a^2n^2 - 2an + 1] \\&= \cancel{a^2n^2} + 2an + 1 - \cancel{a^2n^2} + 2an - 1 \\&= 4an = 4(an)\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Expression is a multiple of 4 //

$$\begin{aligned}b) (a+b)^2 - (a-b)^2 &= a^2 + 2ab + b^2 - [a^2 - 2ab + b^2] \\&= \cancel{a^2} + 2ab + \cancel{b^2} - \cancel{a^2} + 2ab - \cancel{b^2} \\&= 4ab = 4(ab)\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Expression is a multiple of 4 //

17) Let 1st square = n^2 and 2nd = $(n+1)^2$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Sum} &= n^2 + (n+1)^2 = n^2 + n^2 + 2n + 1 \\&= 2n^2 + 2n + 1\end{aligned}$$

$$= 2(n^2 + n) + 1$$

$\therefore$ Sum of consecutive squares is always odd //

18) Let squares = n^2 , $(n+1)^2$ and $(n+2)^2$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sum} &= n^2 + (n+1)^2 + (n+2)^2 \\ &= n^2 + n^2 + 2n + 1 + n^2 + 4n + 4 \\ &= 3n^2 + 6n + 5 \\ &= 3(n^2 + 2n + 1) + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Sum cannot be divided by 3 //

19) a) $\begin{matrix} 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\ \text{Sequence} &= & 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, \dots \\ 4n &= & 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, \dots \end{matrix}$

$$n^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 4n + 1 //$$

b) Let 1st = $4n + 1$, 2nd = $4m + 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Product} &= (4n+1)(4m+1) \\ &= 16nm + 4n + 4m + 1 \\ &= 4(4nm + n + m) + 1. \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Product also a term within the sequence //

20) a) $\begin{matrix} 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \\ \text{Sequence} &= & 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, \dots \\ 3n &= & 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, \dots \end{matrix}$

$$n^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 3n - 2 //$$

b) Let 1st = $3n - 2$, 2nd = $3m - 2$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Product} &= (3n-2)(3m-2) \\ &= 9nm - 6n - 6m + 4 \\ &= 9nm - 6n - 6m + 6 - 2 \\ &= 3(3nm - 2n - 2m + 2) - 2 \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Product also a term within the sequence //

21) a) Even between 30 & 40 inclusive = 30, 32, 34 ... 40.

Primes = 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, ...

$$\begin{aligned} \text{So } 30 &= 7+23, & 32 &= 3+29, & 34 &= 3+31, & 36 &= 5+31, \\ 38 &= 7+31, & 40 &= 3+37 // \end{aligned}$$

21b) 2 cannot be written as the sum of two primes //

c) $5 = 2 + 3$, where 5=odd and 2 & 3 are primes //

22a) Odds between 20 and 30 = 21, 23, 25, 27, 29.

$$21 = 7 + 7 + 7, \quad 23 = 3 + 7 + 13, \quad 25 = 5 + 7 + 13,$$

$$27 = 7 + 7 + 13, \quad 29 = 5 + 7 + 17 //$$

b) 3 cannot be written as the sum of three primes //

23)	a	b	c	$ab+bc+ca$	$a^2+b^2+c^2$	LHS $\leq$ RHS?
	1	1	1	$1 + 1 + 1 = 3$	$1^2 + 1^2 + 1^2 = 3$	✓
	1	1	2	$1 + 2 + 2 = 5$	$1^2 + 1^2 + 2^2 = 6$	✓
	1	1	3	$1 + 3 + 3 = 7$	$1^2 + 1^2 + 3^2 = 11$	✓
	1	2	2	$2 + 4 + 2 = 8$	$1^2 + 2^2 + 2^2 = 9$	✓
	1	2	3	$2 + 6 + 3 = 11$	$1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 = 14$	✓
	1	3	3	$3 + 9 + 3 = 15$	$1^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 = 19$	✓
	2	2	2	$4 + 4 + 4 = 12$	$2^2 + 2^2 + 2^2 = 12$	✓
	2	2	3	$4 + 6 + 6 = 16$	$2^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 = 17$	✓
	2	3	3	$6 + 9 + 6 = 21$	$2^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 = 22$	✓
	3	3	3	$9 + 9 + 9 = 27$	$3^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 = 27$	✓

Have considered all cases where $a \leq b \leq c$.

Other cases will give the same results

e.g. $a=3, b=2, c=1$ will give the same results as $a=1, b=2, c=3$

i.e. $\begin{cases} ab+bc+ca = 11 \\ \text{and } \end{cases}$

$$a^2+b^2+c^2 = 14.$$

Exam-Style Ex 10 (Gurney, Rayner & Williams PM1)

- 1 i) $\Leftarrow$ Note for Q1 i) Consider $n^2 + 1 = 4$
ii) $\Rightarrow$ this gives $n = \pm 3$
2 i) $\Leftrightarrow$ n is not an odd integer
ii) $\Leftarrow$
3 i) $\Leftarrow$
ii) $\Leftrightarrow$
4 i) A
ii) S
iii) S

5) If $x - 7 = 0$ then $x = 7$ } $\therefore$ statement is false //
If $x^2 = 49$ then $x = \pm 7$ }

6 i) $(n+3)^2 - n^2 = n^2 + 6n + 9 - n^2$
 $= 6n + 9 = 3(2n+3)$

$2n$ is always even, so $2n+3$ is always odd.

3 times an odd number is always odd.

$\therefore (n+3)^2 - n^2$ is never even //

ii) $(n+6)^2 - n^2 = n^2 + 12n + 36 - n^2$
 $= 2[6n + 18]$

$\therefore (n+6)^2 - n^2$ is ALWAYS even //

7) $(2n+5)^2 - (2n-5)^2$
 $= 4n^2 + 20n + 25 - [4n^2 - 20n + 25]$
 $= 4n^2 + 20n + 25 - 4n^2 + 20n - 25$
 $= 40n = 20[2n]$

$\therefore$ expression is a multiple of 20 //

8) $n^2 - 12n + 39$
 $= (n-6)^2 - 36 + 39 = (n-6)^2 + 3$
 $(n-6)^2 \geq 0$ for all n
 $\therefore$ Expression > 0 for all n //

9) $4n^2 - 12n + 11$
 $= 4[n^2 - 3n] + 11$
 $= 4[(n-1.5)^2 - 2.25] + 11$
 $= 4(n-1.5)^2 - 9 + 11 = 4(n-1.5)^2 + 2$

$(n-1.5)^2 \geq 0$ for all n
 $\therefore$ Expression > 0 for all n

10) $x^2 + (\lambda-3)x + \lambda^2 + 5 = 0$

THIS QUESTION IS FLAWED $\rightarrow$ DISCRIMINANT IS $D = -3(\lambda+1)^2 + 32$,
 may be positive or negative, e.g. if $\lambda = -1$, $D = 32$

11) a) [Show $2ab \leq a^2 + b^2$]

Rewrite RHS-LHS $= (a^2 + b^2) - 2ab$
 $= a^2 - 2ab + b^2$
 $= (a-b)^2$

Clearly $(a-b)^2 \geq 0$

$\therefore a^2 - 2ab + b^2 \geq 0$

$\therefore a^2 + b^2 \geq 2ab$

b) For example if $a=2$, $b=2$ & $c=1$

LHS $= 3abc = 3(2)(2)(1) = 12$
 RHS $= a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 4 + 4 + 1 = 9$ } $12 \neq 9$

$\therefore$ By counterexample, statement is wrong

12) $1 \rightarrow 4$ have 2

$36 \rightarrow 49$ have 37

$4 \rightarrow 9$ have 5

$49 \rightarrow 64$ have 53

$9 \rightarrow 16$ have 11

$64 \rightarrow 81$ have 67

$16 \rightarrow 25$ have 17

$81 \rightarrow 100$ have 83

$25 \rightarrow 36$ have 29

$\therefore$ Statement is true (for 10 square numbers)

13) $4^2 + 4^2 = 32$ (not a square)

$4^2 + 5^2 = 41$ (")

$4^2 + 6^2 = 52$ (")

$4^2 + 7^2 = 65$ (")

$5^2 + 5^2 = 50$ (")

$5^2 + 6^2 = 61$ (")

$5^2 + 7^2 = 74$ (")

$6^2 + 6^2 = 72$ (")

$6^2 + 7^2 = 85$ (")

$7^2 + 7^2 = 98$ (")

Therefore there is no
 Pythagorean Triple
 between $3^2 + 4^2$ and $6^2 + 8^2$