SAFETY DATA SHEET

E63XXW20381-4331

Section 1. Identification

: SHER-WOOD® KEMVAR® Primer Surfacer **Product name**

e63w30

Product code : E63XXW20381-4331

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

> 101 PROSPECT AVENUE N.W. CLEVELAND, OHIO 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company : (216) 566-2917

Product Information Telephone Number

: Not available.

Regulatory Information Telephone Number

: (216) 566-2902

Transportation Emergency

: (800) 424-9300

Telephone Number

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 2.1% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 15.3% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 12.

5%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/21/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 1/21

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation. May cause cancer.

Causes damage to organs.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage Disposal

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of

identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
n-Butyl Acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
Talc	≥10 - ≤25	14807-96-6
Titanium Dioxide	≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	≤10	78-93-3
Ethanol	≤10	64-17-5
Cellulose Nitrate	≤10	9004-70-0
Methanol	≤3	67-56-1
2-Propanol	≤3	67-63-0
1-Butanol	≤3	71-36-3
2-Methyl-1-propanol	≤2.8	78-83-1
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤3	108-65-6
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	≤3	68002-18-6

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 5/21/2019

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version :1

2/21

E63XXW20381-4331 SHER-WOOD® KEMVAR® Primer Surfacer e63w30

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients Xylene, mixed isomers 1330-20-7 Stoddard Solvent ≤0.3 8052-41-3 ≤0.3 Crystalline Silica, respirable powder 14808-60-7 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ≤0.3 95-63-6 Ethylbenzene ≤0.3 100-41-4 Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent ≤0.3 64742-88-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> watering redness

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/21/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 3/21 E63XXW20381-4331 SHER-WOOD® KEMVAR® Primer Surfacer

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

: No specific treatment. Specific treatments

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/21/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 4/21

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/21/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 5/21

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Talc	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Cellulose Nitrate Methanol	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 262 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 328 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 260 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 5/21/2019
 Date of previous issue
 : No previous validation
 Version
 : 1
 6/21

2-Propanol

1-Butanol

2-Methyl-1-propanol

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer Xylene, mixed isomers

Stoddard Solvent

Crystalline Silica, respirable powder

TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

Absorbed through skin.

CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m³

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.

AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2018).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours. CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2900 mg/m³ 8 hours.

OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:

Respirable

TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:

Respirable

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable

dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Date of issue/Date of revision: 5/21/2019Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 1

Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hours. Ethylbenzene ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m3 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Normal butyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Talc (none asbestiform)	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 0.1 f/cc 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction. TWA: 2 f/cc 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 5/21/2019 Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version : 1

8/21

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Titanium dioxide

Methyl ethyl ketone

Ethyl alcohol

Methyl alcohol

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).

TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m3 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

TWA: 10 mg/m3 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

15 min OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 300 mg/m3 15 minutes.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin.

8 hrs OEL: 262 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 328 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Version: 1

: 5/21/2019

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

Absorbed through skin.

TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 262 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 328 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

15 min OEL: 984 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 492 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 983 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 1230 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 60 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).

TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours.

C: 30 ppm

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

Absorbed through skin.

STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 152 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).

Isopropyl alcohol

Normal butyl alcohol

Isobutyl alcohol

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Respirable

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Respirable dust.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate

Respirable particulate

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Xylene

Quartz

Ethylbenzene

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 5/21/2019

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version :1

11/21

E63XXW20381-4331 SHER-WOOD® KEMVAR® Primer Surfacer e63w30

STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 543 mg/m3 15 minutes.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

7/2013).

STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
ethanol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
methanol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Propanol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Butanol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/21/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 12/21

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Various

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

PH : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point/boiling range : 64°C (147.2°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 5°C (41°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: 1.2%
(flammable) limits : Upper: 36.5%

Vapor pressure : 12.3 kPa (92 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Vapor density : 1.11 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 1.11

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

Molecular weight : Not applicable.

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion : 17.387 kJ/g

Date of issue/Date of revision: 5/21/2019Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 113/21E63XXW20381-4331 SHER-WOOD® KEMVAR® Primer SurfacerSHW-85-NA-GHS-US

E63XXW20381-4331 SHER-WOOD® KEMVAR® Primer Surfacer e63w30

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Cellulose Nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
2-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
2-Methyl-1-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Isobutylated Urea- Formaldehyde Polymer	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m³	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	_

Irritation/Corrosion

Date of issue/Date of revision: 5/21/2019Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 114/21E63XXW20381-4331 SHER-WOOD® KEMVAR® Primer SurfacerSHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	milligrams 24 hours 500	
	OKIII - WOUGIAIG IIII(AII(Rabbit		milligrams	
Talc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				Micrograms	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human		Intermittent 72 hours 300	
Titanium Dioxide	Skiii - Willa IIIItalit	Human	-	Micrograms	-
				Intermittent	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
	Ckin Madarata irritant	Dobbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.06666667	-
				minutes 100 milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	100	_
		1.000.0		microliters	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
	Clain Mild irritant	Dobbit		milligrams 400	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
Methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		milligrams 40 milligrams	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 20	_
				milligrams	
2-Propanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		milligrams 10 milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	100	_
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		milligrams 24 hours 2	
1-Batarioi	Lycs - ocvere initalit	Rabbit		milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
Isobutylated Urea-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		milligrams 24 hours 100	_
Formaldehyde Polymer	Lyou covore initialit	Rabbit		microliters	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat		milligrams 8 hours 60	_
	OKITI - WIIIG IITIGATI	Itat		microliters	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Ckin Madarata imitant	Dobbit		milligrams	
Stoddard Solvent	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit Human	-	100 Percent 100 parts per	-
3.3444.4 3017011t				million	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Ethylhonzono	Evon Sovere imitent	Dobbit		milligrams 500	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	_
	1				

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 5/21/2019

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version :1

15/21

milligrams

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Talc	-	3	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Ethanol	-	1	-
Cellulose Nitrate	-	2A	-
2-Propanol	-	3	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Crystalline Silica, respirable	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
powder			
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Methanol	Category 1	All	Not determined
TWO CHAINS	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2-Propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1-Butanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Stoddard Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 5/21/2019

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version :1

16/21

E63XXW20381-4331 SHER-WOOD® KEMVAR® Primer Surfacer e63w30

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

	irritation and
	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc	Category 1	Inhalation	lungs
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Ethanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Methanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
2-Propanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
1-Butanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Stoddard Solvent	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	Category 1	Inhalation	Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Stoddard Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

<u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

Date of issue/Date of revision: 5/21/2019Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 117/21E63XXW20381-4331 SHER-WOOD® KEMVAR® Primer SurfacerSHW-85-NA-GHS-US

e63w30

Potential immediate

effects

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Carcinogenicity

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2847 mg/kg
Dermal	8178 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	86.42 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
Cellulose Nitrate	Acute EC50 579000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
Methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Egg	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
2-Propanol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 5/21/2019

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version:1

18/21

E63XXW20381-4331 SHER-WOOD® KEMVAR® Primer Surfacer e63w30

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1030000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	_	-	Readily
2-Propanol	_	-	Readily
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily
2-Methyl-1-propanol	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	_	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Methanol	-	<10	low
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/21/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 19/21

Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.
128	128	128

Transportation was unable to calculate and is thus not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

20/21 Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/21/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1

Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category	Calculation method
1	

History

5/21/2019 **Date of printing** : 5/21/2019 Date of issue/Date of

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate Key to abbreviations

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

21/21 Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/21/2019 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1