SAFETY DATA SHEET

S66XXN20535-4331

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: SHER-WOOD® Glaze us 15
Product code	: S66XXN20535-4331
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 PROSPECT AVENUE N.W. CLEVELAND, OHIO 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (216) 566-2917
Product Information Telephone Number	: Not available.
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 65.4% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 67% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 69.7%
GHS label elements	

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Contains Formaldehyde - a potential cancer hazard. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Date of issue/Date of revision	:
S66XXN20535-4331 SHER-WOOD® Glaze	
us 15	

10/17/2019 Date of previous issue

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≥25 - ≤50	64742-47-8
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	≥25 - ≤50	64742-88-7
Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate	≤5	6846-50-0
1-Butanol	≤4.5	71-36-3
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	≤3	68002-18-6
2-Butoxyethanol	≤2.9	111-76-2
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤3	64742-89-8
Paraffinic Mineral Oil	≤3	8042-47-5
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤1.2	1330-20-7
2-Methyl-1-propanol	≤1.2	78-83-1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	<1	95-63-6
Carbon Black	≤1	1333-86-4
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<1	64742-95-6
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	108-67-8
Ethylbenzene	≤0.3	100-41-4
Formaldehyde (max.)	<0.1	50-00-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/17/2019	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	3/22
S66XXN20535-4331 SHER-WOOD® Glaze				SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	
us 15					

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>itoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

: 10/17/2019 Date of previous issue

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

Date of issue/Date of revision	:10/17/2019	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	5/22
S66XXN20535-4331 SHER-WOOD® Glaze				SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	3
us 15					

Section 6. Accidental release measures

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Contains a formaldehyde-based resin which, under certain conditions of use, may release formaldehyde. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	64742-88-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate 1-Butanol	6846-50-0 71-36-3	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	68002-18-6	None.
Date of issue/Date of revision: 10/17/2019Date of of the second se	of previous issue	: No previous validation Version : 1 6/22 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
t. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Paraffinic Mineral Oil	64742-89-8 8042-47-5	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Kylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
I,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
ight Aromatic Hydrocarbons ,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	64742-95-6 108-67-8	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
		TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Formaldehyde (max.)	50-00-0	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
		TWA: 0.75 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
		TWA: 0.016 ppm 10 hours.
		CEIL: 0.1 ppm 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 0.75 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Skin
		sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
		STEL: 0.3 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	64742-47-8	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.
Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) C9-C12	64742-88-7	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Normal butyl alcohol	71-36-3	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 60 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. C: 30 ppm CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin. STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 152 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
te of issue/Date of revision : 10/17/2019 Date of pre	vious issue	: No previous validation Version : 1 8 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	 TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Paraffinic Mineral Oil	8042-47-5	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: mist STEV: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: mist
Xylene	1330-20-7	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/17/2019 S66XXN20535-4331 SHER-WOOD® Glaze us 15	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation Version : 1 9/22 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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		TWAEV: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Carbon black	1333-86-4	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
		STEL: 7 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Paraffinic Mineral Oil	8042-47-5	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ate of issue/Date of revision : 10/17/2	2019 Date of previous issue	: No previous validation Version : 1 10/

Date of issue/Date of revision S66XXN20535-4331 SHER-WOOD® Glaze

2-methylpropan-1-ol		78-83-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
			TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
Formaldehyde (max.)		50-00-0	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Skin sensitizer. CEIL: 0.3 ppm
Appropriate engineering controls	oth rec vap	engineering controls to keep v mended or statutory limits. T	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any he engineering controls also need to keep gas, any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
Environmental exposure controls	the cas	omply with the requirements of	process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some gineering modifications to the process equipment ons to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu	<u>ures</u>		
Hygiene measures	eat Apj Wa	, smoking and using the lavat priate techniques should be u	broughly after handling chemical products, before sory and at the end of the working period. Ised to remove potentially contaminated clothing. e reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety n location.
Eye/face protection	ass gas the	sment indicates this is necess or dusts. If contact is possib sessment indicates a higher of	approved standard should be used when a risk sary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, le, the following protection should be worn, unless degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ s exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead
Skin protection			
Hand protection	woi nec dur not glo	at all times when handling che sary. Considering the parame use that the gloves are still re that the time to breakthrough	ves complying with an approved standard should be emical products if a risk assessment indicates this is eters specified by the glove manufacturer, check etaining their protective properties. It should be for any glove material may be different for different f mixtures, consisting of several substances, the t be accurately estimated.
Body protection	per har sta	med and the risks involved ar ng this product. When there i	he body should be selected based on the task being nd should be approved by a specialist before is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- reatest protection from static discharges, clothing poots and gloves.
Other skin protection	bas		ional skin protection measures should be selected and the risks involved and should be approved by a uct.
Respiratory protection	app res	priate standard or certification	for exposure, select a respirator that meets the . Respirators must be used according to a nsure proper fitting, training, and other important

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Various
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point/boiling range	: 105°C (221°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 89 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	: Lower: 0.9%
(flammable) limits	Upper: 11.2%
Vapor pressure	: 1.6 kPa (12 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 2.55 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.86
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 31.003 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

: 10/17/2019 Date of previous issue

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Isobutylated Urea-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
Formaldehyde Polymer			0.0	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	LCLo Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	>3.1 mg/l	1 hours
2	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
Paraffinic Mineral Oil	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-Methyl-1-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Carbon Black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Formaldehyde (max.)	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	250 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	5 Grams	-
···· , ···	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	504 hours 1 Percent Intermittent	-
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
Isobutylated Urea- Formaldehyde Polymer	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
, , , , , , , , , ,	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Version :1

13/22

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Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
			microliters	
Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-		-
			-	
Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-		-
	Dahkit			
Eyes - Severe Imtant	Rabbit	-		-
Even Sovere irritent	Dabbit			
Eyes - Severe initant	Rabbit	-		-
Skin Mild irritant	Human			
	Tuman	-		-
Skin - Severe irritant	Human	_		_
		_		_
	Rabbit		• • •	
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-		_
Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit RabbitEyes - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Mild irritantRabbitSkin - Moderate irritantRabbitEyes - Severe irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Mild irritantHumanEyes - Severe irritantRabbitEyes - Severe irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantHumanSkin - Mild irritantHumanSkin - Severe irritantHumanSkin - Mild irritantHumanSkin - Mild irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRabbit	Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit-Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Eyes - Mild irritantHuman-Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit-Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantHuman-Skin - Mild irritantHuman-Skin - Mild irritantHuman-Skin - Mild irritantHuman-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantHuman-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit Rabbit-100 Percent 24 hours 100 microlitersEyes - Mild irritantRabbit-24 hours 100 microlitersSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 500 milligramsSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 20 milligramsEyes - Severe irritantRabbit-500 milligramsSkin - Mild irritantRabbit-24 hours 15 milligramsEyes - Severe irritantRabbit-24 hours 15 milligramsEyes - Mild irritantHuman-6 minutes 1 parts per millionEyes - Severe irritantRabbit-24 hours 750 MicrogramsEyes - Severe irritantRabbit-750 MicrogramsSkin - Mild irritantHuman-72 hours 150 MicrogramsSkin - Severe irritantHuman-0.01 Percent S40 milligramsSkin - Mild irritantRabbit-24 hours 50 MicrogramsSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 50 MicrogramsSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 50 Milligrams

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Carbon Black	-	2B	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Formaldehyde (max.)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1-Butanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2-Butoxyethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Formaldehyde (max.)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined
1-Butanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
2-Butoxyethanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Formaldehyde (max.)	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Date of issue/Date of revision S66XXN20535-4331 SHER-WOOD® Glaze us 15

: 10/17/2019 Date of previous issue

Name	Result
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Paraffinic Mineral Oil	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effe	ects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/17/2019	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version	:1	16/22
S66XXN20535-4331 SHER-WOOD® Glaze us 15				SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

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Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	ffects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

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Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Oral	4643.56 mg/kg
Dermal	7025.25 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	139724.07 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	107.23 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1030000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 12520 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/17/2019 Date of previous issue	: No previous validation Version : 1	17,
66XXN20535-4331 SHER-WOOD®	Glaze	SHW-85-NA	-GHS-US

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	Chronic NOEC 400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/I Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Formaldehyde (max.)	Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus	72 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 0.788 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12.98 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
		dubia - Neonate	
	Acute EC50 5800 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1.41 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.005 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana -	96 hours
		Exponential growth phase	
	Chronic NOEC 953.9 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus	43 days
		tshawytscha - Egg	

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily
2-Butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
2-Methyl-1-propanol	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate	-	5340	high
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500	high
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	-	161	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon, Mineral Spirits 140-Flash)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	
Packing group	III	Ш	ш	111	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.
Additional information	_	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S- E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	consider container sizes. mode of transport (sea, ai suitably for that mode of the to shipment, and compliar of the person offering the dangerous goods must be	Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	: Not available.		
	Proper shipping name	: Not available.	
	Ship type	: Not available.	
	Pollution category	: Not available.	

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

International lists	 Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

: 10/17/2019 Date of previous issue

Section 16. Other information

Classification		Justification
CARCINOGENICITY - Cate TOXIC TO REPRODUCTIO TOXIC TO REPRODUCTIO SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA	ategory 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 egory 1A DN (Fertility) - Category 2 DN (Unborn child) - Category 2 N TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract N TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Justification On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method
		ficient n of Pollution From Ships, 1973

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

: 10/17/2019 Date of previous issue