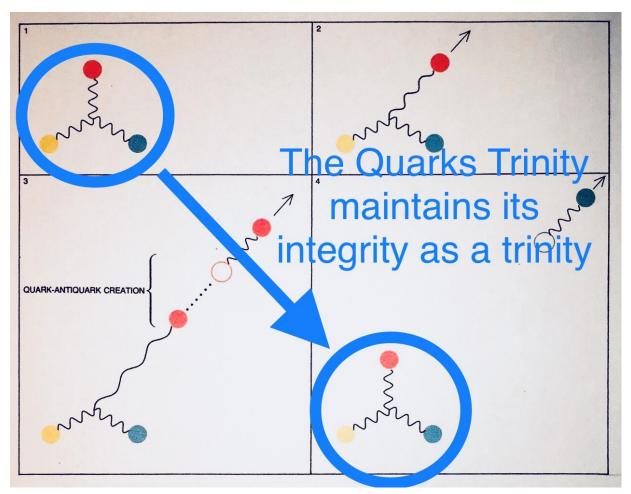


The Quark model of Baryons

Its interrelationship resembles that of the Holy Trinity: three entities with the same essence but of different characters (in this case "colors") that don't infringe on each other but don't leave each other either. They are bonded together with the mightiest force in the universe, yet they don't bump with each other.



If you try pulling a quark away, the energy required is so huge that it will generate a quark — antiquark pair. The new quark joins the remaining two quarks to restore the baryon to its original form: a trinity of quarks. Meanwhile, the antiquark adheres to the dislodged quark to form a new particle, a meson. This quark-antiquark coupling reminds us of God-world coupling in the form of the Incarnate Son. The meson is short-lived; the Holy Incarnation in this world was short-lived too.

In the end, no single quark can be observed separately, as it is impossible to have any member of the Holy Trinity existing separately; the other two will always be around.