



Magnify Home Inspection, Inc
.NE Naples, Florida 34120
(239) 785-0708

Summary Report

180 12th Avenue NE
Naples , Florida 34120



Inspector: Kip McKesson
Inspection Date: 9/6/2019

Date: 9/6/2019	Time: 9:30 AM	Report ID: 19090611CSM
Property: 180 12th Avenue NE Naples , Florida 34120	Customer:	Real Estate Professional: Na

Purpose and Scope:

The inspection is supplemental to the Property Disclosure. It is the responsibility of the Client to obtain any and all disclosure forms relative to this real estate transaction.

This document was prepared as a report of all visual defects noted at the time and date of the inspection. It is not necessarily an all-inclusive summary, as additional testing or inspection information/processes and analysis may be pending. It is subject to all terms and conditions specified in the Inspection Agreement.

It should be noted that a standard pre-purchase inspection is a visual assessment of the condition of the property at the time of inspection. The inspection and inspection report are offered as an opinion only, of items observed on the day of the inspection. Although every reasonable effort is made to discover and correctly interpret indications of previous or ongoing defects that may be present, it must be understood that no guarantee is expressed nor implied nor responsibility assumed by the inspector or inspection company, for the actual condition of the building or property being examined.

This firm endeavors to perform all inspections in substantial compliance with the inspection standards of practice of the National Association of Certified Home Inspectors (NACHI). The scope of the inspection is outlined in the Inspection Agreement, agreed to and signed by the Client. Our inspectors inspect the readily accessible and installed components and systems of a property as follows: This report contains observations of those systems and components that are, in the professional opinion of the inspector authoring this report, significantly deficient or are near the end of their expected service life. If the cause for the deficiency is not readily apparent, the suspected cause or reason why the system or component is at or near end of expected service life is reported, and recommendations for correction or monitoring may be made as appropriate. When systems or components designated for inspection in the NACHI Standards are present but are not inspected, the reason the item was not inspected may be reported as well.

This report summarizes the verbal briefing delivered at the conclusion of our inspection conducted at the above address.

RADON TESTING

The U.S. Surgeon General recommends radon testing in all homes. The inspector advises all clients that the subject property may be subject to contamination by radon, a cancer-causing, colorless, odorless, radioactive gas. Radon is listed by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as being the leading cause of lung cancer among non-smokers, the second leading cause of lung cancer in America, and claims about 20,000 lives annually, or about 58 radon-induced lung cancer deaths per day. For smokers, the risk of lung cancer is significant due to the synergistic effects of radon and smoking. Radon decay products may modify, damage or destroy cells or DNA in human lungs.

For more information, visit www.epa.gov/radon.

Magnify Home Inspection, Inc. offers radon gas testing as an ancillary inspection, and recommends radon testing on all homes.

If the client chooses not to have radon testing performed, then in doing so the client agrees to hold the inspector, its agents, and employees harmless and free from all liability and legal action relating to any presence of radon at the subject property, regardless of the legal theory upon which any such claim rests.

EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The client should understand that this is the assessment of an inspector, not a professional engineer, and that, despite all efforts, there is no way we can provide any guaranty that the foundation, structure, and structural elements of the unit, are sound. We suggest that if the client is at all uncomfortable with this condition or our assessment, a professional engineer be consulted to independently evaluate the condition, prior to making a final purchase decision.

This inspection is limited to the structure, exterior, landscape, roof, plumbing, electrical, heating, foundation, bathrooms, kitchen, bedrooms, hallway, and attic sections of the house as requested, where sections are clearly accessible, and where components are clearly visible. Inspection of these components is limited, and is also affected by the conditions apparent at the time of the inspection, and which may, in the sole opinion of the inspector, be hazardous to examine for reasons of personal safety.

This inspection will exclude insulation, hazardous materials, retaining walls, hidden defects, buried tanks of any type, areas not accessible or viewable, and all items as described in Section 4 of the Inspection Agreement. As all buildings contain some level of mold, inspecting for the presence of mold on surfaces, hidden locations, and in the air is not the responsibility of the inspector. Should the Client feel the need to perform testing and evaluation for the presence or absence of molds, Inspector recommends contacting a certified industrial hygienist or qualified laboratory testing service for these activities.

The following items are also excluded from the scope of the inspection, and deviations to the NACHI and ASTM standards are hereby noted:

Inspecting for the presence of wood destroying insects (WDI), testing for the presence of radon gas, building code violations of any type, document reviews, survey, ADA or accessibility reviews of any type whatsoever, cost estimates of any type, remaining useful life, estimated useful life, insulation, life/safety equipment and issues.

The NACHI Standards of Practice, are applicable to all residential properties. They are the bare minimum standard for a residential inspection, are not technically exhaustive and do not identify concealed conditions or latent defects. Inspectors are NOT required to determine the condition of any system or component that is not readily accessible; the remaining service life of any system or component; determination of correct sizing of any system or component; the strength, adequacy, effectiveness or efficiency of any system or component; causes of any condition or deficiency; methods materials or cost of corrections; future conditions including but not limited to failure of systems and components; the suitability of the property for any specialized use; compliance with regulatory codes, regulations, laws or ordinances; the market value of the property or its marketability; the advisability of the purchase of the property; the presence of potentially hazardous plants or animals including but not limited to wood destroying organisms or diseases harmful to humans; mold; mildew; the presence of any environmental hazards including, but not limited to toxins, carcinogens, noise, and contaminants in soil, water or air; the effectiveness of any system installed or methods utilized to control or remove suspected hazardous substances; the operating costs of any systems or components and the acoustical properties of any systems or components.

The inspector is NOT required to operate any system or component that is shut down or otherwise

inoperable; any system or component which does not respond to normal operating controls or any shut off valves.

The inspector is NOT required to offer or perform any act or service contrary to law; offer or perform engineering services or work in any trade or professional service.

We DO NOT offer or provide warranties or guarantees of any kind or for any purpose.

The inspector is NOT required to inspect, evaluate, or comment on any and all underground items including, but not limited to, septic or underground storage tanks or other underground indications of their presence, whether abandoned or active; systems or components that are not installed; decorative items; systems or components that are in areas not entered in accordance with the NACHI Standards of Practice; detached structures other than carports or garages; common elements or common areas in multi-unit housing, such as condominium properties or cooperative housing.

The inspector is NOT required to enter into or onto any area or surface, or perform any procedure or operation which will, in the sole opinion of the inspector, likely be dangerous to the inspector or others or damage the property, its systems or components; nor are they required to move suspended ceiling tiles, personal property, furniture, equipment, plants, soil, snow, ice or debris or dismantle any system or component, or venture into confined spaces.

The inspector is NOT required to enter crawlspaces or attics that are not readily accessible nor any area which will, in the sole opinion of the inspector, likely to be dangerous, inaccessible, or partially inaccessible to the inspector or other persons, or where entry could possibly cause damage to the property or its systems or components.

The inspector is not a licensed professional engineer or architect, and does not engage in the unlicensed practice of either discipline. Opinions contained herein are just that.

A WORD ABOUT CONTRACTORS AND 20-20 HINDSIGHT

A common source of dissatisfaction with inspectors sometimes comes as a result of off-the cuff comments made by contractors (made after-the-fact), which often differ from ours. Don't be surprised when someone says that something needed to be replaced when we said it needed to be repaired, replaced, upgraded, or monitored. Having something replaced may make more money for the contractor than just doing a repair. Contractors sometimes say, "I can't believe you had this building inspected and they did not find this problem." There may be several reasons for these apparent over sights:

Conditions during inspection—It is difficult for clients to remember the circumstances in the subject property at the time of the inspection. Clients seldom remember that there was storage everywhere, making things inaccessible, or that the air conditioning could not be turned on because it was less than 65° outside. Contractors do not know what the circumstances were when the inspection was performed.

The wisdom of hindsight—When a problem occurs, it is very easy to have 20/20 hindsight. Anybody can say that the roof is leaking when it is raining outside and the roof is leaking. In the midst of a hot, dry, or windy condition, it is virtually impossible to determine if the roof will leak the next time it rains. Predicting problems is not an exact science and is not part of the inspection process. We are only documenting the condition of the property at the time of the inspection.

A destructive or invasive examination—The inspection process is non-destructive, and is generally non-invasive. It is performed in this manner because, at the time we inspected the subject property, the Client did not own, rent, or lease it. A Client cannot authorize the disassembly or destruction of what does not belong to them. Now, if we spent half an hour under a sink, twisting valves and pulling on piping, or an hour disassembling a furnace, we may indeed find additional

problems. Of course, we could possibly CAUSE some problems in the process. Therein lies the quandary. We want to set your expectations as to what an inspection is, and what it not.

We are generalists—We are not acting as specialists in any specific trade. The heating and cooling contractor may indeed have more heating expertise than we do. This is because heating and cooling is all he's expected to know. Inspectors are expected to know heating and cooling, plumbing, electricity, foundations, carpentry, roofing, appliances, etc. That's why we're generalists. We're looking at the forest, not the individual trees.

COMMENT KEY OR DEFINITIONS

The following definitions of comment descriptions represent this inspection report. All comments by the inspector should be considered before purchasing this home. Any recommendations by the inspector to repair or replace suggests a second opinion or further inspection by a qualified contractor. All costs associated with further inspection fees and repair or replacement of item, component or unit should be considered before you purchase the property.

Inspected (IN) = The item, component or unit was visually observed, and, if no other comments were made, then it appeared to be functioning as intended, allowing for normal wear and tear.

Not Inspected (NI) = This item, component or unit was not inspected, and no representations of whether or not it was functioning as intended are made.

Not Present (NP) = This item, component or unit is not in this home or building.

Repair or Replace (RR) = The item, component or unit is not functioning as intended, or needs further inspection by a qualified contractor. Items, components or units that can be repaired to satisfactory condition may not need replacement.

Acceptance or use of this Inspection Report shall constitute acceptance of and agreement to all of the provisions of the Agreement for Inspection Services and its Terms and Conditions which are attached to and form a part of this Inspection Report.

Standards of Practice
NACHI National Association

In Attendance
Vacant

Type of Building
Single Family (1 Story)

Temperature
90-99

Weather
Clear

Ground Soil Surface Condition
Damp

Radon Test
No

Water Test
No

Mold Screen
No

General Summary



NE Naples , Florida 34120 Florida
License#HI12196
/internachi 19012007

Property Address:
180 12th Avenue NE
Naples , Florida 34120

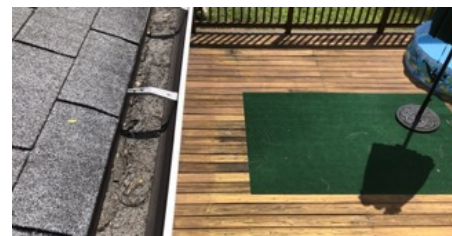
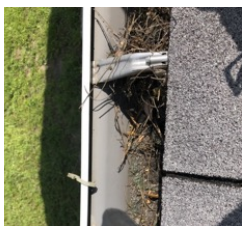
The following items or discoveries indicate that these systems or components do not function as intended or adversely affects the habitability of the dwelling; or warrants further investigation by a specialist, or requires subsequent observation. This summary shall not contain recommendations for routine upkeep of a system or component to keep it in proper functioning condition or recommendations to upgrade or enhance the function or efficiency of the home. This Summary is not the entire report. The complete report may include additional information of concern to the customer. It is recommended that the customer read the complete report.

1 • Roofing/Chimney

1.07 Roof Covering Condition

Repair or Replace

1.07.1 • Although the asphalt composition shingles covering the roof of this property had visible granule loss and areas in which hairline cracks were visible, they appeared to be adequately protecting the underlying property structure at the time of the inspection . Roof appears to be near expected lifetime.





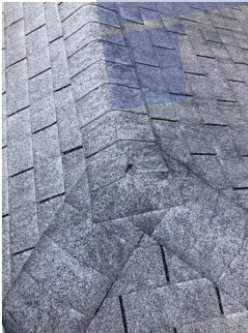
1.08 Flashings - Ridge

Repair or Replace

1.08.1 • All ridge shingles used to protect areas of the roof from moisture intrusion appeared to be properly installed and in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection.



1.08.2 • The ridge shingles used to protect areas of the roof from moisture intrusion was damaged in areas. A qualified roofing contractor should inspect and repair as necessary.



1.17 Mounting Penetrations

Repair or Replace



1.17.1 • Fastener and mounting penetrations for the satellite dish did not appear to be sealed correctly at the time of the inspection. Damage to shingle in front of mounting. A qualified contractor should inspect and repair as necessary.



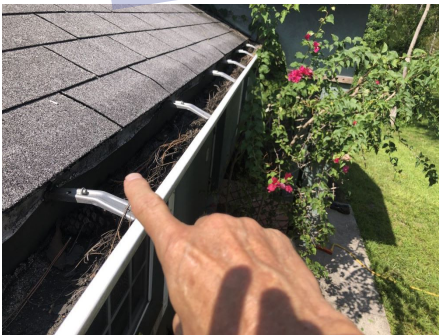
1.19 Roof Drainage Systems - Gutters

Repair or Replace

1.19.1 • The roof drainage system consisted of conventional gutters hung from the roof edges feeding downspouts, which route run-off away from the property foundation. The roof drainage system appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection. The gutters appear intact, but due to the lack of recent rain, determining if gutters leak at seams or spill water was not possible at the time of the inspection. Gutters are full of organic materials. Suggest cleaning by a qualified professional to prevent moisture intrusion



1.19.2 • Gutters full of debris. Recommend cleaning by qualified technician.



3 • Site Exterior

3.06 Outlets (exterior)

Repair or Replace



3.06.1 • No Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protection was provided for the exterior electrical outlets.

Although GFCI protection of exterior circuits may not have been required at the time in which this property was built, as general knowledge of safe building practices has improved with the passage of time, building standards have changed to reflect current understanding. The inspector recommends updating the existing exterior electrical circuits to include GFCI protection.

This can be achieved by

1. Replacing the current standard outlets with GFCI outlets.
2. Replacing the first circuit outlet located closest to the main electrical service panel with a GFCI outlet.
3. Replacing the breaker currently protecting the electrical circuit that contains these outlets with a GFCI breaker.

A qualified electrical contractor should inspect and repair as necessary.



3.14 Plumbing Water Faucets (hose bibs)

Repair or Replace



3.14.1 • The outside water faucet at the right side of the house drips at the knob when turned on. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary according to current standards.

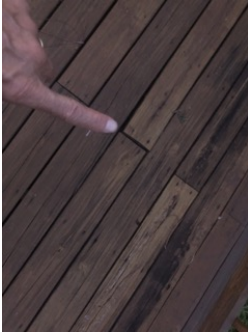


3.21 Decks and Balconies

Repair or Replace



3.21.1 • Rear deck containing several rotting or damaged floor boards. Recommend having qualified contractor repair or replace.



3.21.2 • Some floor joists were deteriorated at the deck rear. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards.

3.23 Roof Drainage System - Down Spouts & Extensions Repair or Replace



3.23.1 • Downspout(s) around the property are missing extensions. This condition may cause problems by introducing excessive amounts of moisture to the soil beneath the foundation. Excessive moisture in soil supporting the foundation can affect its ability to support the weight of the structure above and may cause foundation damage from soil movement. When moisture is introduced into the foundation it could also cause possible mold growth. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards.



4 • Garage

4.02 Occupant Door to Garage Repair or Replace



4.02.1 • Not self closing. Recommend installation of fire rates self closing door for safety concerns.



4.03 Garage Ceilings Inspected



4.03.1 • The door between the garage and the living space appeared to be fire resistive construction.


The door failed to close by itself. Modern safety requirements require that the door between the home interior and the garage be self-closing for safety reasons related to fire hazard and toxic fumes.

The door .

A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.




4.07 Garage Door Operator(s) Repair or Replace

-  4.07.1 • The garage door operator auto reverse sensors sensor more than 6 inches from floor. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary according to current standards.



4.08 Electrical Outlets

Repair or Replace

-  4.08.1 • No Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protection was provided for the garage electrical outlets.

Although GFCI protection of garage circuits may not have been required at the time in which this property was built, as general knowledge of safe building practices has improved with the passage of time, building standards have changed to reflect current understanding. The inspector recommends updating the existing garage electrical circuits to include GFCI protection.

This can be achieved by

1. Replacing the current standard outlets with GFCI outlets.
2. Replacing the first circuit outlet located closest to the main electrical service panel with a GFCI outlet.
3. Replacing the breaker currently protecting the electrical circuit that contains these outlets with a GFCI breaker.

A qualified electrical contractor should inspect and repair as necessary.



5 • Kitchen Components and Appliances

5.18 Refrigerator

Repair or Replace

- 5.18.1 • The Whirlpool refrigerator was operational at time of inspection but was not cooling to safety standards. Minimum temperature of 45 degrees was exceeded with setting at coolest level.



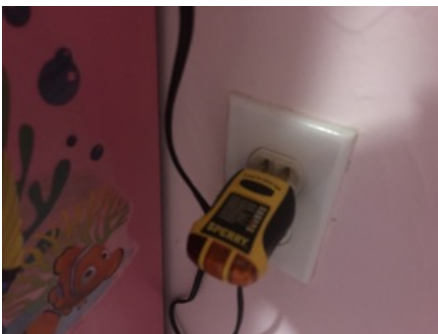
7 • Interior Rooms

7.06 Electrical Outlets Repair or Replace

7.06.1 • Electrical outlets in the property appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection. Notable exceptions will be listed in this report. A representative number of accessible outlets were inspected.



7.06.2 • Two electrical receptacles in Pink bedroom have a top plug that is not useable. Suggest contacting qualified technician to repair or replace.



7.10 Carbon Monoxide Detectors

Not Present

- 7.10.1 • No carbon monoxide detectors were provided in the property. The inspector recommends installation of carbon monoxide detectors in appropriate locations. Carbon monoxide is a poisonous gas that cannot be smelled or seen and can be deadly within minutes of exposure. Due to the increased use of fuel burning appliances, most incidents occur during the winter months. Approximately 83% of Colorado single-family properties use gas, wood, kerosene, coal or fuel as their main heat source, all of which emit carbon monoxide.

Florida Statute 553.885 states that any new home, or addition to a home, permitted on or after July 1, 2008, that has a fossil-fuel burning heater or appliance, a fireplace, or attached garage shall have a carbon monoxide alarm installed within 10 feet of each sleeping room.

8.1 • Bathroom and Components

8.1.02 Exhaust Fan

Repair or Replace

- 8.1.02.1 • The fan only exhaust fan in the master bathroom did not vent to outside. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.



8.1.07 Electrical Outlets

Repair or Replace



8.1.07.1 • No Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protection was provided for bathroom electrical outlets.

Although GFCI protection of bathroom circuits may not have been required at the time in which this property was built, as general knowledge of safe building practices has improved with the passage of time, building standards have changed to reflect current understanding. The inspector recommends updating the existing bathroom electrical circuits to include GFCI protection.

This can be achieved by

1. Replacing the current standard outlets with GFCI outlets.
2. Replacing the first circuit outlet located closest to the main electrical service panel with a GFCI outlet.
3. Replacing the breaker currently protecting the electrical circuit that contains these outlets with a GFCI breaker.

A qualified electrical contractor should inspect and repair as necessary.



8.2 • Bathroom and Components

8.2.07 Electrical Outlets Repair or Replace



8.2.07.1 • No Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protection was provided for bathroom electrical outlets.

Although GFCI protection of bathroom circuits may not have been required at the time in which this property was built, as general knowledge of safe building practices has improved with the passage of time, building standards have changed to reflect current understanding. The inspector recommends updating the existing bathroom electrical circuits to include GFCI protection.

This can be achieved by


1. Replacing the current standard outlets with GFCI outlets.
2. Replacing the first circuit outlet located closest to the main electrical service panel with a GFCI outlet.
3. Replacing the breaker currently protecting the electrical circuit that contains these outlets with a GFCI breaker.

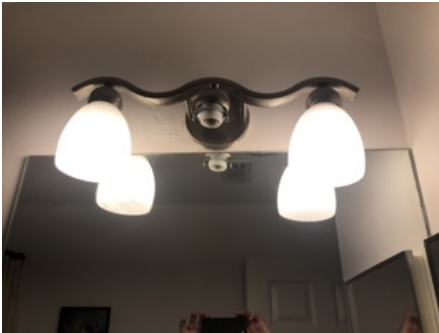
A qualified electrical contractor should inspect and repair as necessary.



8.2.08 Electrical Fixtures and Switches

Repair or Replace


-  8.2.08.1 • Light fixture(s) in the guest bathroom was missing. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.



12 • Cooling System

12.06 Cooling System Operation

Inspected


-  12.06.1 • An ambient air test was performed to determine if the difference in temperatures of the supply and return air was between 14 degrees and 22 degrees, which indicates that the unit was cooling as intended. The supply air temperature was 63 degrees, and the return air temperature was 79 degrees. Air temperature measured at supply and return registers had a difference that fell within the acceptable range of between 14 and 22 degrees F.



13 • Heating System

13.13 Heating System Operation

Repair or Replace

-  13.13.1 • When thermostat was cycled to heat the vents began to blow smoke. Smoke alarms activated. Suggest service by qualified have technician prior to further use.



Property inspectors are not required to report on the following: Life expectancy of any component or system; The causes of the need for a repair; The methods, materials, and costs of corrections; The suitability of the property for any specialized use; Compliance or non-compliance with codes, ordinances, statutes, regulatory requirements or restrictions; The market value of the property or its marketability; The advisability or inadvisability of purchase of the property; Any component or system that was not observed; The presence or absence of pests such as wood damaging organisms, rodents, or insects; or Cosmetic items, underground items, or items not permanently installed. Property inspectors are not required to: Offer warranties or guarantees of any kind; Calculate the strength, adequacy, or efficiency of any system or component; Enter any area or perform any procedure that may damage the property or its components or be dangerous to the home inspector or other persons; Operate any system or component that is shut down or otherwise inoperable; Operate any system or component that does not respond to normal operating controls; Disturb insulation, move personal items, panels, furniture, equipment, plant life, soil, snow, ice, or debris that obstructs access or visibility; Determine the presence or absence of any suspected adverse environmental condition or hazardous substance, including but not limited to mold, toxins, carcinogens, noise, contaminants in the building or in soil, water, and air; Determine the effectiveness of any system installed to control or remove suspected hazardous substances; Predict future condition, including but not limited to failure of components; Since this report is provided for the specific benefit of the customer(s), secondary readers of this information should hire a licensed inspector to perform an inspection to meet their specific needs and to obtain current information concerning this property.

