



TRENDS IN LICENSING MILESTONES & ACQUISITION CONTINGENT VALUE RIGHTS

Kristine Dorward in Pullan's Pieces #220 November 2025

kristine@pullanconsulting.com

- 2025 has been a mixed picture for biotech investor sentiment, as well as licensing and acquisition activity, yet favorable sector fundamentals underpin likelihood for upside and a strong finish to the year
- R&D partnerships and licensing activity stabilized in Q3 '25, bouncing back from a Q2 trough; Q4 '25 shows signs of continued licensing momentum and positive partnering sentiment
- M&A has picked up in H2 '25, as greater take-out activity indicates increased conviction in new technologies, with proportionately more capital flowing to biotech innovators
- Pharma has moved to adopt new modalities in 2025, securing assets and platforms with higher perceived technical and scientific risk

- Many of these licensees and acquirers are de-risking their bets and bridging perceived valuation gaps with increased milestones (intrinsic to co-development and licensing deals) and contingent value rights (CVRs) as part of acquisition deals

An October '25 report from Jeffries research outlines a distinct trend in CVR payments, with acquisition earn-outs comprising a greater proportion of overall total deal value for transactions executed in 2024 & 2025

In some contrast to M&A, milestones have routinely been an integral tool in licensing deal frameworks; these mechanisms have consistently been used for reducing and deferring licensee risk

Big Picture: Q3 '25 Licensing Deal Activity Stable, Milestone Values Edge Higher

- R&D partnership and licensing deal count (# of deals tracked) was essentially flat from Q2 '25 through Q3 '25 while total value showed upward momentum, posting an increase of ~ 15% Q3 '25 vs Q2 '25
- Milestone value as a percentage of total overall deal value edged higher in Q3 vs. Q2 '25, rising to ~ 94.5% of total biobucks secured
- Generally, fluctuations in milestone value as a percentage of total licensing deal value have been modest over the past ~ 4

years (2022 – 2025 YTD), as milestones remain in a corridor range of ~ 90% - 96% of total deal value (excluding royalties)

Milestones continue to be a preferred tool as pharma licensees aim to de-risk asset investments via event-driven, achievement-focused payments

Big Picture – M&A: More Acquisitions incorporate CVRs & these earn-outs have comprised a substantially greater share of total biobucks announced

- Biotech M&A picked up in Q3 and has continued into Q4 '25; notably, the use of contingent value rights (CVRs) has grown substantially in these transactions, allowing acquirers to maintain capital deployment discipline and defer financial risk
- Among M&A deals valued $\geq \$500M$, announced in Q1, Q2 & Q3 2025, **62%** comprised CVRs (Jefferies Equity Research, Oct 2025)
- By way of comparison, **~ 35%** of M&A deals in the 2019 – 2022 timeframe incorporated CVRs, and **~ 50%** of M&A deals in 2024 included earn-outs and CVRs

Biotech M&A – Percent (%) of Deals With or Without Contingent Value Rights - 10-Year View

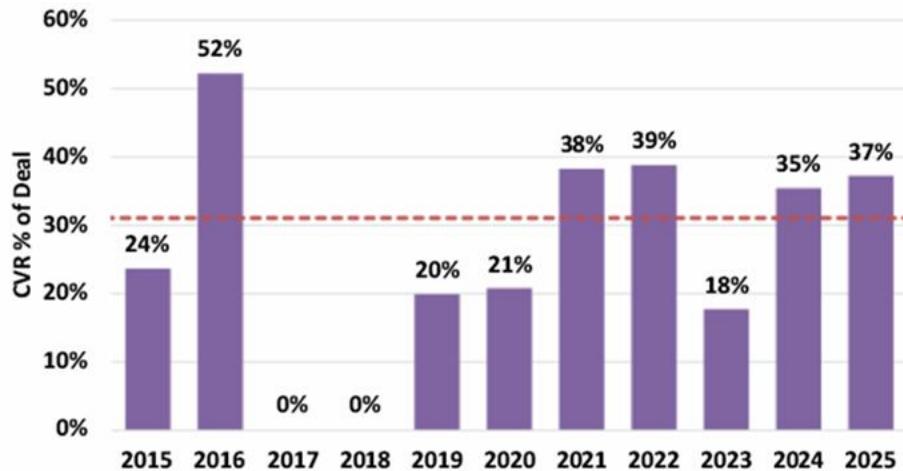


Assessing deal value composition, CVRs contributed **≥ 35%+** of overall total acquisition deal value in 2024 and 2025; CVRs reached **37%** of total deal value, on average, in 2025

A 10-year view illustrates a substantial range for CVR total value composition, from **5% - 41%** of total potential dollars earned by target company shareholders

Contingent Value Rights as a Percent of Deal Value Over Time

Jeffries Equity Research, October 2025



Licensing Deals in 2025 – Magnitude & Placement of Milestone-Earning Events Vary By Modality & Stage

- Licensing milestones may be valued at $\geq 10x$ upfront payments, but often represent far more biobuck deal value, rising above $50x$ upfront value for discovery and preclinical deals

Collaboration, Licensing and Acquisition Deals in 2025 (not exhaustive)

Licensor / Target	Licensee / Acquirer	Deal Type	Modality / Technology	Phase at Signing	Up-front (US\$M)	Earn-Out (US\$M)
Avidity Biosciences	Novartis	Acquisition	RNA oligonucleotide programs	Phase II/III	12,000	12,000
Adverum Bio	Eli Lilly	Acquisition	AAV gene therapy (Ixo-vec)	Phase III	100	250
Arbor Biotech	Chiesi	Collab. & Lic. Agmt.	Gene editing platform	Phase I/II	115	2,000
Shape Therapeutics	VectorY Therapeutics	Option-License	SHP-DB1 Capsid / Huntington's	Preclinical	358	841
Argo Therapeutics	Novartis	Collab. & Lic. Agmt.	siRNA for cardio targets BW-00112	Phase II	160	5,040
Rznomics	Eli Lilly	Collab. & Lic. Agmt.	RNA editing platform / Hearing Loss	Phase I/II	Not disclosed	Not disclosed
Regulus Tx	Novartis	Acquisition	miR-17 oligo (Farabursen)	Phase Ib	800	900
Sangamo	Eli Lilly	Collab. & Lic. Agmt.	AAV capsid (STAC-BBB)	Preclinical	18	1,382
Orna Tx	Vertex	Collab. & Lic. Agmt.	Circular RNA / LNP delivery	Preclinical	65	3,200
Biokin Pharma	BMS	Collab. & Lic. Agmt.	EGFR/HER3 bispecific ADC (BL-B01D1)	Phase III	800	7,600

- Per the table above, the Sangamo-Lilly preclinical, AAV capsid-focused pact includes potential milestones cumulatively worth $\sim 77x$ upfront payment

- In October, Chiesi executed an agreement with Arbor Biotech for its Phase 1/2 candidate for Primary Hyperoxaluria Type 1, along with multi-target, opt-in rights to Arbor's gene editing technology for liver diseases. This deal netted Arbor \$115M upfront and near-term, while potential milestones comprise ~ 94% of the total deal value
- The Biokin-BMS deal is notable because it represents one of the largest China out-licensing deals executed to date, and the \$250M milestone payment Biokin received from BMS last month (Phase III positive trial results released), is the highest milestone payment to be successfully paid out to a China biotech in a multi-national licensing deal

Licensing milestones span early development events through commercial sales thresholds; CVRs are commonly tied to regulatory approval, late phase trial benchmarks and commercial goals

- With M&A, most CVRs are attached to regulatory milestones, followed by clinical milestones and commercial milestones
- 57% of all CVRs are contingent on successful regulatory outcomes, specifically drug approvals
- 22% of CVRs are contingent on clinical achievements such as study initiation timing and patients enrolled

- 21% of CVRs center around commercial benchmarks such as tiered sales thresholds, first commercial sales, reimbursement listings

Recent Acquisition Cases – 2025

- Lilly's acquisition of Adverum Bio (see table above) provides the pharma juggernaut with a phase III, AAV gene therapy candidate, designed as a one-time treatment for wAMD
- Adverum's regulatory earn-out is worth a modest ~ 14% of the deal total, while commercial earn-outs are 57%; the upfront comprised 28.5% - a clear demonstration of Lilly's preference to defer financial risk by shifting risk-burden back to the innovator, even for late-stage assets which involve preparing for launch in a highly competitive market such as wAMD
- With respect to the Novartis-Regulus acquisition, the deal's CVR is fully contingent (100%) on FDA approval of Farabursen for ADPKD, and this milestone must be achieved by December 31st, 2034. The CVR potential is estimated at up to US\$900M

Implications – Take-Aways

- Licensees strive to pace assumed scientific, clinical and regulatory risk via large milestone ladders; back-end loaded licensing structures provide impressive headline values for

licensors, while enabling licensees to control near-term cash burn

- Capital-intensive modalities such as gene therapy, vector engineering, novel RNA technology and ADCs require significant investments; licensees/acquirers balance these investments via back-ended payments
- From 2022 through 2025, licensing milestones typically captured ~90% of total deal value (excluding royalties), particularly for ADC, gene editing and RNA platforms agreements
- Widely sought, first-in-class assets and novel platforms generate milestone-rich agreements, particularly when evidence is preclinical, or cutting-edge technology requires further validation
- CVRs have become an increasingly popular mechanism for bridging valuation gaps for acquisition targets, with a majority of agreements now featuring earn-outs that tally ~ 35% of total deal value

Finally, it should be noted, that of course, many of the back-end announced dollars are never paid, as deals are terminated or triggering events not achieved.