Introduction

Inert and stable beryllium windows is a good choice for X-ray applications. Be window protects the detector from contamination and damage as well as minimizes any interference with the X-ray signal being detected. Insoptics® produces beryllium windows with high level of customization.

Window Dimensions

Different physical dimensions are available please contact <u>sales@insoptics.com</u> to get more information.

Compatibility table of the window size Thickness vs Diameter

| Diameter/Thickness | 12.5 μm | 25 μm | 50 µm | 125 µm | 250 μm |
|--------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1-5 mm | ✓ | <u> </u> | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 5-10 mm | <u>~</u> | <u> </u> | <u>~</u> | <u>~</u> | <u> </u> |
| 10-25 mm | | <u> </u> | ✓ | <u>~</u> | ✓ |
| 25-50 mm | | | ✓ | <u>~</u> | ✓ |

Properties

High-quality beryllium with a low level of impurities and defects is essentially required for producing clear and accurate X-ray data.

| Parameter | Value |
|-----------|-----------|
| Material | Beryllium |
| wt% | 98.2% |

Customization

Coatings

Polymer-base coatings can be applied to Be windows of X-ray detectors to enhance their durability and performance.

Housing

The choice of material for detector housing depends on the specific requirements of the application. Vacuum-compatible materials or non-magnetic materials may be used for housing. The following materials are available:

- Stainless Steel
- Stainless Steel + Plating
- Nickel

Bonding

Vacuum tight bonding can be applied for to prevent the absorption and scattering of X-rays by air molecules. The vacuum also prevents contamination of the X-ray detector by air-borne particles, which can interfere with the accuracy and sensitivity of the measurements.

| Parameter | Value |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Max. Temperature (Vac.) | 165 °C |
| Max. Temperature (Atm.) | 165 °C |
| Differential Pressure | 1 bar |
| Max. Pressure (Front) | 2 bar |
| Max. Pressure (Back) | 1 bar |
| Helium Leak Rate | <1×10 ⁻¹⁰ mbar×L/s |