

Rule 1: To separate an independent clause (complete thought) from a dependent clause (incomplete thought); dependent can be removed without changing the sentence meaning

• Ex: Before Bruce jumped in his car, he made sure to grab his car keys.

Rule 2: To separate out a dependent clause within an independent clause (works the same way as parenthesis)

• Ex: Bruce, a father in his 40s, took his old Cadillac for a spin.

Rule 3: To separate two independent clauses with the use of FANBOYS (for, and, nor, but, or yet, so). A comma and FANBOY works the same way as a period.

• Ex. Bruce jumped into his old Cadillac, but he forgot that it was low on gas.

Commas Examples

Mitochondria, the organelles responsible for converting sugars into usable cellular energy, play a central role in metabolism by producing _____ that cells use to fuel chemical reactions.

- A. ATP
- B. ATP and
- C. ATP,
- D. ATP-

_____ monitored the nesting habits of thirty bald eagle pairs in the Pacific Northwest over a five-year period and discovered that when nearby forests were logged, the eagles built fewer nests.

- A. Wildlife biologist James Lowell:
- B. Wildlife biologist, James Lowell,
- C. Wildlife biologist James Lowell
- D. Wildlife biologist James Lowell,

Commas Examples

Marie Curie was a pioneering physicist and chemist who conducted groundbreaking research on radioactivity. She won the Nobel Prize in Physics in _____ she later won the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 1911 for her discovery of radium and polonium.

- A. 1903
- B. 1903 and
- C. 1903,
- D. 1903, and

Leonardo da Vinci's sketches of flying machines reveal his deep interest in human flight and the mechanics of birds' wings. The designs, according to _____ illustrate his combination of artistic skill and scientific observation.

- A. da Vinci
- B. da Vinci,
- C. da Vinci:
- D. da Vinci-



First Rule (Easy and Obvious):

Separate out 2 independent clauses. Work exactly the same way as a period except the next word stays lowercase. (Works interchangeably with comma + FANBOYS)

• Ex: Bruce jumped in his old Cadillac; however, he forgot that it was low on gas.

Second Rule (More Difficult/Less Common):

To separate items in a list, where each item has a comma inside it. Normally, commas separate items in a list, but in this case, that would create confusion.

Wrong: Bryce visited Cannon Beach, Oregon, Westport, Washington, and Juneau, Alaska

Correct: Bryce visited Cannon Beach, Oregon; Westport, Washington; and Juneau, Alaska

Easiest Way to Identify if it's the 2^{nd} Rule \longrightarrow ; and \longleftarrow (this isn't possible for the 1^{st} rule)

Semicolons Example 1

Economic theories often evolve over time, in which older models are refined or replaced by more accurate _____ the recent resurgence of interest in behavioral economics (driven by research on cognitive biases) shows that previously sidelined ideas can regain relevance in modern contexts.

- A. models, even so;
- B. models even so,
- C. models; even so,
- D. models, even so,



Japanese filmmaker Hayao Miyazaki's celebrated works include My Neighbor Totoro, a film about childhood wonder and imagination _____ a story exploring humanity's relationship with nature; and The Wind Rises, his historical drama about aviation.

- A) imagination, Princess Mononoke,
- B) imagination; Princess Mononoke,
- C) imagination: Princess Mononoke,
- D) imagination; Princess Mononoke



Colons: Provide extra information after a independent clause, works as the lead-in

- Replaces a transition word (because, including, such as, etc..) and cannot be used around FANBOYS
- Can work for explanations, elaborations, lists, etc.
 - Ex 1: Bruce had to bring three things before he left the house: his wallet, his keys, and his jacket.
 - Ex 2: Bruce only thought about one thing: his old Cadillac.
 - Ex 3: Bruce wanted to drive his old Cadillac: it brought back many good memories.



The research team focused on three main environmental factors that affect coral reef health in the _____ water temperature, ocean acidity, and nutrient levels.

Which choice completes the text so that it conforms to the conventions of Standard English?

- A) Caribbean:
- B) Caribbean;
- C) Caribbean,
- D) Caribbean—

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Colons Example 2

How do marine biologists study the diets of deep-sea creatures that are rarely observed in their natural habitats? Previously, researchers relied on examining stomach contents from captured specimens, but in 2023 a team led by Dr. Elena Moreno tried something _____ the DNA extracted from environmental water samples.

- A. innovative: analyzing
- B. innovative; analyzing
- C. innovative, analyzing:
- D. innovative. Analyzing



Double Dashes: Work exactly the same as double commas and parenthesis.

• Ex: Bruce - a father in his 40s - took his old Cadillac for a spin.

Single Dashes: Provide extra information after an independent clause

- Can work in 2 ways:
 - Create a dramatic pause/tone shift
 - Ex: Bruce was walking toward his old Cadillac he had not seen it in over 15 years!
 - Replace because (just like a colon)
 - Ex: Bruce wanted to drive his old Cadillac it brought back many good memories.



Dashes Example 1

At ten articles long, the bill of rights of _____ European country—is much more detailed than the ten amendments that make up the United States Bill of Rights.

- A) Germany—a
- B) Germany, a
- C) Germany a
- D) Germany: a



Dashes Example 2

After recovering from a serious childhood illness, Michael Phelps faced doubts about whether he could compete at an elite level. Overcoming those doubts, Phelps didn't just compete, he _____ the 2008 Beijing Olympics, he won eight gold medals, setting multiple world records and cementing his place in swimming history.

- A) swam-relentlessly-during
- B) swam-relentlessly during
- C) swam-relentlessly, during
- D) swam-relentlessly. During



Possession

Apostrophes: create possession

- determine if one word possesses another word
- determine if the word is singular or plural
 - a.singular (The student's cellphone)
 - b. plural (The students' cellphones
- some words are plural but don't end in with S (the children's playground)

Possessive Words: Whose, their, his, her, my, etc...

- The river, <u>whose</u> water runs through the mountains, contains many fish. vs.
- The river's water runs through the mountains and contains many fish.



Possession Example 1

Engineer Maria Alvarez developed an improved version of the collapsible tent by wrapping fabric tightly around a thin metal rod and, using string, securing the fabric along the _____ When the string and rod were removed, the resulting folds allowed the tent to collapse compactly for storage.

- A) rod's length.
- B) rods' length.
- C) rod's lengths.
- D) rods lengths'.



Possession Example 2

The chef carefully measured each of the recipe's ingredients before adding them to the mixing bowl, ensuring that the dish maintained the authentic flavor of the cuisine's traditional preparation _____.

- A) before its final garnish was added
- B) before it's final garnish was added
- C) before the recipe's final garnish was added
- D) before recipes' final garnish was added