# **The Trinity**

# One Watermelon, Three Pieces — Why "Parts" Misses the Mark

"We worship one God in Trinity, and Trinity in Unity; neither confounding the persons nor dividing the substance." — Athanasian Creed

If you've spent any time in theological discussions, you've probably heard someone stumble over how to describe the Trinity. Some analogies make the doctrine clearer; others, well, lead straight into heresy. One of the most common mistakes is referring to the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit as "parts" of God.

But here's the problem: God is not made of parts.

And this is where my analogy comes in: The Trinity is best understood as **one watermelon** in three pieces, not one watermelon with three parts.

Let's unpack why this distinction is crucial for understanding **who God is** and how He has revealed Himself in **Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.** 

# What's Wrong with Saying "Parts"?

At first glance, saying "God is one being in three parts" might seem harmless. After all, we often divide things into parts — pizzas, machines, even ideas. But when we apply this to God, we run into a major theological problem:

★ Saying "parts" implies that none of the three persons is fully God on their own.

If the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit are **each a "part" of God**, then that means **none of them is fully God.** Instead, they would need to be combined to "make up" the one true God. That's **not what Scripture teaches.** 

Let's test this idea against the Bible:

- The Father is fully God (John 6:27, Romans 1:7).
- The Son is fully God (John 1:1, Colossians 2:9).
- The Holy Spirit is fully God (Acts 5:3–4, 2 Corinthians 3:17).

None of them is **one-third of God.** Each person of the Trinity is **fully divine** — distinct in personhood, yet **one in essence.** 

#### The Problem of "Parts" and Partialism

Calling the Trinity "three parts" also leads straight into Partialism, a heresy that claims the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit together makeup God, rather than each being fully God.

This contradicts **God's divine simplicity**, the doctrine that says God is not **composed of separate components**. He is one indivisible being.

Exodus 3:14 — "I AM WHO I AM."

This means God **is not assembled** from different parts — He simply **is.** To say God is **three "parts"** suggests that He is somehow incomplete without all three persons. That's not just bad theology — it's a fundamental misunderstanding of God's nature.

# Why "Pieces" Is a Better Analogy

Instead of thinking of the Trinity as **three parts of one thing**, I suggest we think of it as **one thing in three pieces.** 

Consider a watermelon.

If you slice a watermelon into three distinct pieces, **each piece is still fully watermelon.** The nature of watermelon does not change when you separate it into pieces
— it remains **the same in essence.** 

Similarly:

- The Father is fully God.
- The Son is fully God.
- The Holy Spirit is fully God.

They are **not pieces of God in the sense of being fragments** but are **distinct persons who** fully share the divine essence.

This analogy is useful because:

- 🖈 It maintains the **unity of the Trinity** there is still only one God.
- ★ It respects the distinction of the three persons each retains their full divine essence.
- ★ It avoids **Modalism**, which falsely teaches that God is one person appearing in different modes at different times.

Unlike saying "parts," which divides God into **incomplete sections**, saying "pieces" acknowledges that each person of the Trinity is **fully divine** while still maintaining distinction.

## Historical and Theological Support

This is not just an issue of semantics — the greatest minds in church history have battled against bad descriptions of the Trinity.

## 1. The Athanasian Creed (5th Century)

This creed, one of the most authoritative on Trinitarian theology, makes two critical statements:

¹☐'We worship one God in Trinity, and Trinity in Unity."

21'Neither confounding the persons nor dividing the substance."

Saying "parts" divides the substance of God. Saying "pieces" allows for distinction without separation.

## 2. Thomas Aquinas and Divine Simplicity

Aquinas argued that **God cannot be divided into parts** because He is not **composed** — He is **a necessary**, **self-existent being**.

"The divine persons are distinguished from each other only by their relations of origin." — (Summa Theologica, I, Q. 39, A. 1)

This means:

- ✓ The Father is unbegotten,
- ✓ The Son is eternally begotten,
- ✓ The Spirit proceeds from the Father and the Son.

But all three persons are still **one essence.** No parts. No division.

**Practical Implications for How We Talk About the Trinity** 

So, why does this matter? Because **bad theology leads to bad worship.** 

If we get the Trinity wrong, we distort:

- Who God is.
- How salvation works.
- The role of each person in our faith.

Many well-meaning believers **accidentally slip into heresy** because they haven't thought deeply about how they describe God. But as followers of Christ, we must **worship God as He has revealed Himself.** 

# How to Talk About the Trinity Correctly

- O Don't say: "God is like a pie cut into three slices." (Partialism)
- O Don't say: "God is like water liquid, ice, and vapor." (Modalism)
- On't say: "God is one being in three parts." (Contradicts divine simplicity)
- Do say: "God is one being in three persons."
- **Do say:** "The Father, Son, and Spirit are distinct, yet fully share the divine essence."
- **Do say:** "The Trinity is like one watermelon in three pieces fully retaining its essence in each piece."

# Final Thought: The Trinity Is a Mystery, But Not a Contradiction

The Trinity is not easy to grasp, but we can describe it in ways that reflect biblical truth.

- God is one in essence.
- ✓ God is three in person.
- Each person is fully God.

By using **careful language**, we avoid common theological errors and worship God as He truly is — Father, Son, and Holy Spirit, one God forever.

"For from Him and through Him and to Him are all things. To Him be glory forever.

Amen." (Romans 11:36)

So next time someone asks you about the Trinity, tell them: "It's like a watermelon — one fruit, three distinct pieces, each fully retaining its essence."

Because God is not made of parts — He is the indivisible, eternal, triune Lord of all.

What analogies have helped you understand the Trinity? Let's discuss!

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