

Palsies Summary Table

Type of Palsy	Area Affected	Common Causes	Outcomes
Cerebral Palsy	Brain (movement centers)	Prenatal, birth, or early brain injury	Permanent movement issues
Bell's Palsy	Facial muscles	Viral inflammation of facial nerve	Often temporary
Erb's/Klumpke's Palsy	Arm nerves (Brachial plexus)	Birth trauma	Range: full recovery to permanent
Bulbar/Pseudobulbar Palsy	Speech & swallowing muscles	Neuro disorders, stroke	Progressive or static
Third Nerve Palsy	Eye muscles	Stroke, aneurysm	Variable
Saturday Night Palsy	Radial nerve (arm)	Compression, trauma	Recovery likely
Foot Drop	Lower leg/foot	Nerve injury, diabetes	Varies