

Registered Behavior Technician Exam Overview

The **Registered Behavior Technician (RBT) exam** is structured around six key domains, each representing essential competencies for behavior technicians. Here's a **comprehensive review** of each domain:

1. Measurement

- Understanding data collection methods (e.g., frequency, duration, latency, interval recording).
- Using graphs to analyze trends in behavior.
- Calculating percentages, rates, and mean duration of behaviors.
- Identifying reliable vs. unreliable data and ensuring fidelity in measurement.

2. Assessment

- Conducting preference assessments to determine effective reinforcers.
- Implementing functional behavior assessments (FBA) under supervision.
- Identifying antecedents and consequences that influence behavior.
- Recognizing skill deficits and behavioral excesses.

3. Skill Acquisition

- Teaching new skills using reinforcement, prompting, shaping, chaining, and fading.
- Implementing discrete trial training (DTT) and naturalistic teaching strategies.
- Understanding task analysis for breaking down complex skills.
- Using error correction procedures to support learning.

4. Behavior Reduction

- Implementing behavior intervention plans (BIPs) designed by a BCBA.
- Using extinction, differential reinforcement, and punishment procedures appropriately.
- Recognizing secondary effects of extinction and punishment.
- Ensuring interventions are ethically and effectively applied.

5. Documentation and Reporting

- Writing objective session notes and maintaining accurate records.
- Reporting data trends to supervisors.
- Following confidentiality guidelines and HIPAA regulations.
- Documenting incidents and progress in a professional manner.

6. Professional Conduct and Scope of Practice

- Adhering to the BACB Code of Ethics.
- Maintaining professional boundaries with clients and families.
- Understanding cultural humility and responsiveness in service delivery.
- Avoiding conflicts of interest, including gift-giving and receiving.